# **Complementary Power Darlingtons**

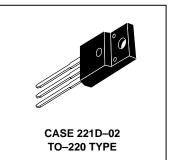
## For Isolated Package Applications

Designed for general-purpose amplifiers and switching applications, where the mounting surface of the device is required to be electrically isolated from the heatsink or chassis.

- Electrically Similar to the Popular TIP122 and TIP127
- 100 VCEO(sus)
- 5 A Rated Collector Current
- · No Isolating Washers Required
- Reduced System Cost
- High DC Current Gain 2000 (Min) @ IC = 3 Adc
- UL Recognized, File #E69369, to 3500 V<sub>RMS</sub> Isolation

# MJF122 PNP MJF127

COMPLEMENTARY
SILICON
POWER DARLINGTONS
5 AMPERES
100 VOLTS
30 WATTS



#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating		Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector–Emitter Voltage		VCEO	100	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage		V <sub>CB</sub>	100	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage		V <sub>EB</sub>	5	Vdc
RMS Isolation Voltage (1) (for 1 sec, R.H. < 30%, T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C)	Test No. 1 Per Fig. 14 Test No. 2 Per Fig. 15 Test No. 3 Per Fig. 16	<sup>V</sup> ISOL	4500 3500 1500	V <sub>RMS</sub>
Collector Current — Continuous Peak		IC	5 8	Adc
Base Current		ΙΒ	0.12	Adc
Total Power Dissipation* @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C		PD	30 0.24	Watts W/°C
Total Power Dissipation @ T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C Derate above 25°C		PD	2 0.016	Watts W/°C
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range		TJ, T <sub>stg</sub>	-65 to +150	IC

#### THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient	$R_{ heta JA}$	62.5	°C/W
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case*	$R_{ heta JC}$	4.1	°C/W
Lead Temperature for Soldering Purpose	TL	260	°C

<sup>\*</sup> Measurement made with thermocouple contacting the bottom insulated mounting surface (in a location beneath the die), the device mounted on a heatsink with thermal grease and a mounting torque of ≥ 6 in. lbs.



<sup>(1)</sup> Proper strike and creepage distance must be provided.

## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** ( $T_C = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Collector–Emitter Sustaining Voltage (1) $(I_C = 100 \text{ mAdc}, I_B = 0)$		VCEO(sus)	100	_	Vdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>CE</sub> = 50 Vdc, I <sub>B</sub> = 0)		ICEO	_	10	μAdc
Collector Cutoff Current (V <sub>CB</sub> = 100 Vdc, I <sub>E</sub> = 0)		СВО	_	10	μAdc
Emitter Cutoff Current (V <sub>BE</sub> = 5 Vdc, I <sub>C</sub> = 0)		I <sub>EBO</sub>	_	2	mAdc
ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)					
DC Current Gain ( $I_C = 0.5 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 3 \text{ Vdc}$ ) ( $I_C = 3 \text{ Adc}$ , $V_{CE} = 3 \text{ Vdc}$ )		hFE	1000 2000	_ _	_
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 3 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 12 mAdc) (I <sub>C</sub> = 5 Adc, I <sub>B</sub> = 20 mAdc)		V <sub>CE(sat)</sub>	_ _	2 3.5	Vdc
Base–Emitter On Voltage (I <sub>C</sub> = 3 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 3 Vdc)		V <sub>BE(on)</sub>	_	2.5	Vdc
DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Small–Signal Current Gain (I <sub>C</sub> = 3 Adc, V <sub>CE</sub> = 4 Vdc, f = 1 MHz)		h <sub>fe</sub>	4	_	_
Output Capacitance MJF127 ( $V_{CB} = 10 \text{ Vdc}, I_E = 0, f = 0.1 \text{ MHz}$ ) MJF122		C <sub>ob</sub>		300 200	pF

<sup>(1)</sup> Pulse Test: Pulse Width  $\leq 300~\mu s$ , Duty Cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

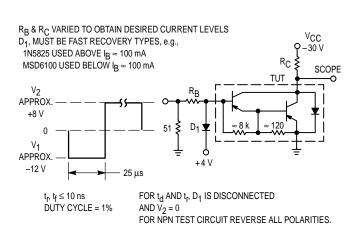


Figure 1. Switching Times Test Circuit

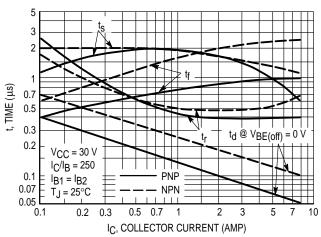


Figure 2. Typical Switching Times

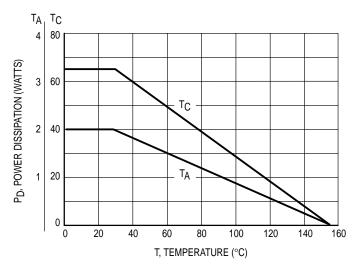


Figure 3. Maximum Power Derating

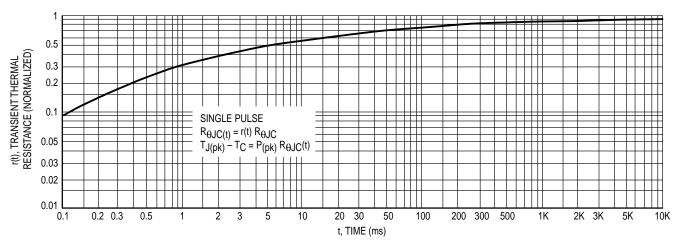


Figure 4. Thermal Response

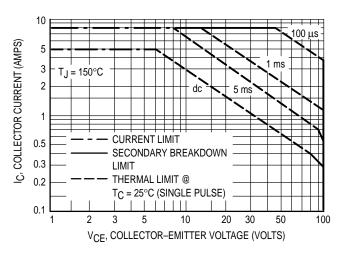


Figure 5. Maximum Forward Bias Safe Operating Area

There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: average junction temperature and second breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate  $I_C - V_{CE}$  limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; i.e., the transistor must not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate.

The data of Figure 5 is based on  $T_{J(pk)} = 150^{\circ}C$ ;  $T_{C}$  is variable depending on conditions. Secondary breakdown pulse limits are valid for duty cycles to 10% provided  $T_{J(pk)} < 150^{\circ}C$ .  $T_{J(pk)}$  may be calculated from the data in Figure 4. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by secondary breakdown.

#### **MJF122 MJF127**

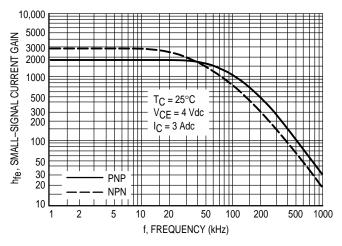


Figure 6. Typical Small-Signal Current Gain

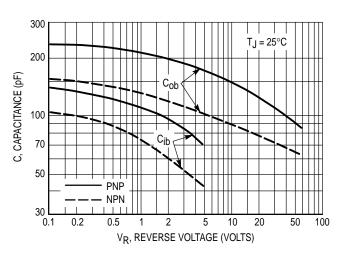
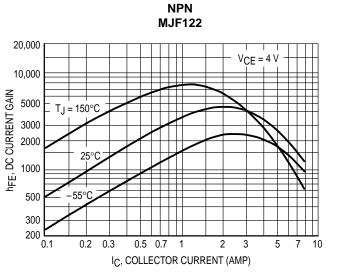


Figure 7. Typical Capacitance

**PNP** 



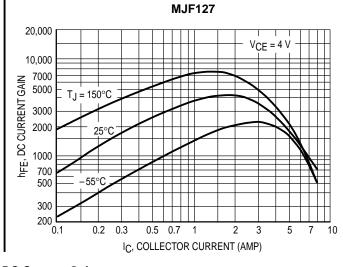
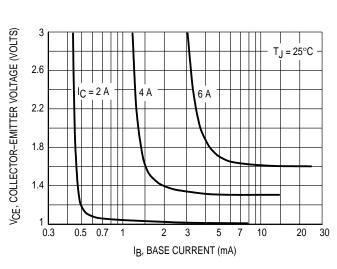


Figure 8. Typical DC Current Gain



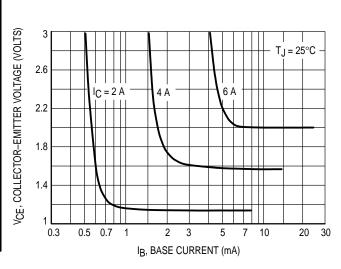


Figure 9. Typical Collector Saturation Region

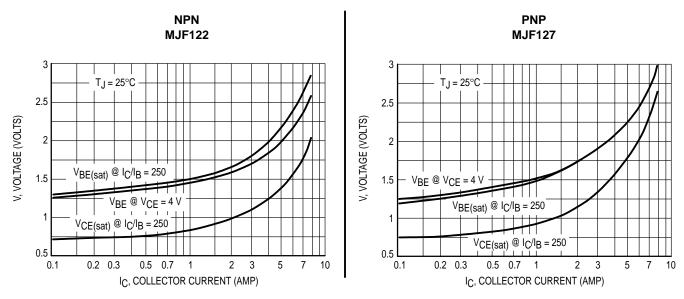
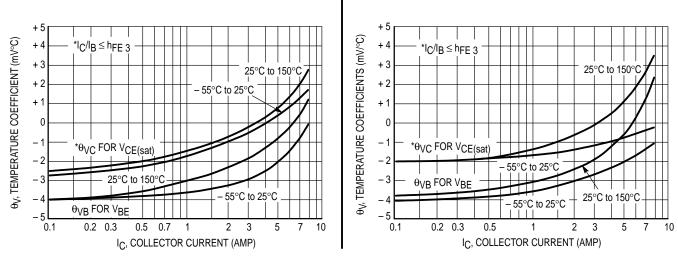


Figure 10. Typical "On" Voltages



**Figure 11. Typical Temperature Coefficients** 

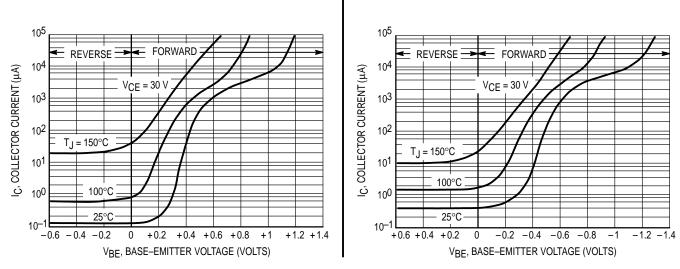


Figure 12. Typical Collector Cut-Off Region

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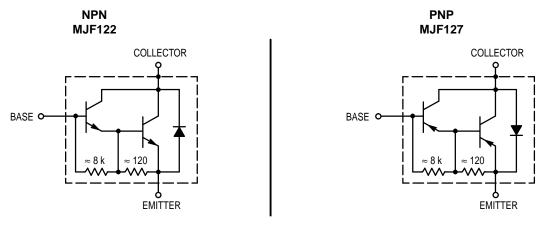
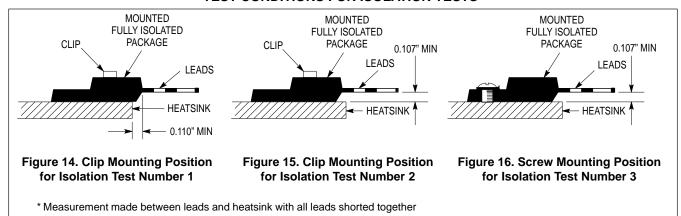


Figure 13. Darlington Schematic

#### **TEST CONDITIONS FOR ISOLATION TESTS\***



#### **MOUNTING INFORMATION**

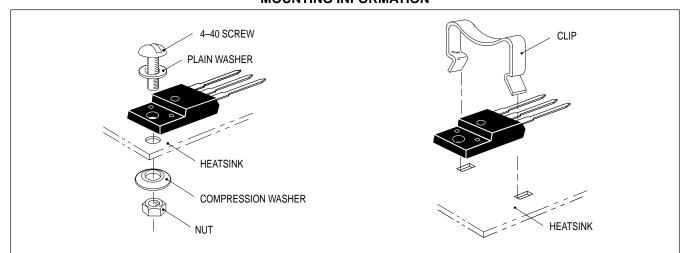


Figure 17. Typical Mounting Techniques\*

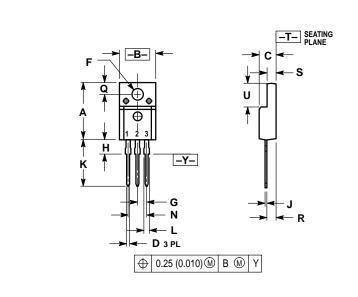
Laboratory tests on a limited number of samples indicate, when using the screw and compression washer mounting technique, a screw torque of 6 to 8 in  $\cdot$  lbs is sufficient to provide maximum power dissipation capability. The compression washer helps to maintain a constant pressure on the package over time and during large temperature excursions.

Destructive laboratory tests show that using a hex head 4-40 screw, without washers, and applying a torque in excess of 20 in  $\cdot$  lbs will cause the plastic to crack around the mounting hole, resulting in a loss of isolation capability.

Additional tests on slotted 4-40 screws indicate that the screw slot fails between 15 to 20 in  $\cdot$  lbs without adversely affecting the package. However, in order to positively ensure the package integrity of the fully isolated device, Motorola does not recommend exceeding 10 in  $\cdot$  lbs of mounting torque under any mounting conditions.

<sup>\*\*</sup> For more information about mounting power semiconductors see Application Note AN1040.

## **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**



- NOTES:
  1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
  2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	0.621	0.629	15.78	15.97
В	0.394	0.402	10.01	10.21
C	0.181	0.189	4.60	4.80
ם	0.026	0.034	0.67	0.86
F	0.121	0.129	3.08	3.27
G	0.100	0.100 BSC		BSC
Η	0.123	0.129	3.13	3.27
7	0.018	0.025	0.46	0.64
K	0.500	0.562	12.70	14.27
L	0.045	0.060	1.14	1.52
N	0.200 BSC		5.08 BSC	
Q	0.126	0.134	3.21	3.40
R	0.107	0.111	2.72	2.81
S	0.096	0.104	2.44	2.64
U	0.259	0.267	6.58	6.78

- STYLE 2:
  PIN 1. BASE
  2. COLLECTOR
  3. EMITTER

CASE 221D-02 **TO-220 TYPE ISSUE D** 

#### **MJF122 MJF127**

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