

General Description

The MAX4691-MAX4694 are low-voltage CMOS analog ICs configured as an 8-channel multiplexer (MAX4691), two 4-channel multiplexers (MAX4692), three singlepole/double-throw (SPDT) switches (MAX4693), and four SPDT switches (MAX4694).

The MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693 operate from either a single +2V to +11V power supply or dual ±2V to ±5.5V power supplies. When operating from ±5V supplies they offer 25Ω on-resistance (RON), 3.5Ω (max) Ron flatness, and 3Ω (max) matching between channels. The MAX4694 operates from a single +2V to +11V supply. Each switch has Rail-to-Rail® signal handling and a low 1nA leakage current.

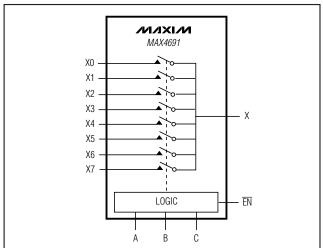
All digital inputs are 1.8V logic-compatible when operating from a +3V supply and TTL compatible when operating from a +5V supply.

The MAX4691-MAX4694 are available in a 16-pin. 4mm × 4mm QFN package. In the future, the MAX4691-MAX4694 will be offered in the chip-scale package (UCSP™), significantly reducing the required PC board area.

Applications

Audio and Video Signal Routing Cellular Phones Battery-Operated Equipment Communications Circuits Modems

Functional Diagrams



Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet. Functional Diagrams continued at end of data sheet.

Rail-to-Rail is a registered trademark of Nippon Motorola, Ltd. UCSP is a trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

Features

- ♦ 16 bump, 0.5mm-Pitch UCSP (Package pending) full qualification-expected completion date 9/30/01- see UCSP Reliability section for more details).
- **♦ 1.8V Logic Compatibility**
- **♦** Guaranteed On-Resistance 70 Ω (max) with +2.7V Supply 35 Ω (max) with +5V Supply 25 Ω (max) with ±4.5V Dual Supplies
- **♦** Guaranteed Match Between Channels 5Ω (max) with +2.7V Supply 3 Ω (max) with ±4.5V Dual Supplies
- ♦ Guaranteed Flatness Over Signal Range 3.5 Ω (max) with ±4.5V Dual Supplies
- **♦** Low Leakage Currents Over Temperature 20nA (max) at +85°C
- ♦ Fast 90ns Transition Time
- ♦ Guaranteed Break-Before-Make
- ♦ Single-Supply Operation from +2V to +11V
- ♦ Dual-Supply Operation from ±2V to ±5.5V (MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693)
- ♦ V+ to V- Signal Handling
- ♦ Low Crosstalk: -90dB (100kHz)
- ♦ High Off-Isolation: -88dB (100kHz)

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE
MAX4691EBE-T	-40°C to +85°C	16-Bump UCSP*
MAX4691EGE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QFN
MAX4692EBE-T	-40°C to +85°C	16-Bump UCSP*
MAX4692EGE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QFN
MAX4693EBE-T	-40°C to +85°C	16-Bump UCSP*
MAX4693EGE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QFN
MAX4694EBE-T	-40°C to +85°C	16-Bump UCSP*
MAX4694EGE	-40°C to +85°C	16 QFN

*Requires special solder temperature profile described in the Absolute Maximum Ratings section.

*UCSP reliability is integrally linked to the user's assembly methods, circuit board, and environment. See the UCSP Reliability Notice in the UCSP Reliability section for information.

NIXIN

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V+ to GND0.3V to +12V V+ to V- (MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693)0.3V to +12V Voltage into any Terminal (Note 1) (V 0.3V) to (V+ + 0.3V)
Continuous Current into any Terminal
Peak Current W_, X_, Y_, Z_ (pulsed at 1ms,
10% duty cycle)±40mA
ESD per Method 3015.7>2kV
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)
16-Bump UCSP (derate 8.3mW/°C above +70°C) 659mW
16-Pin QFN (derate 18.5mW/°C above +70°C) 1481mW

40°C to +85°C
65°C to +150°C
+220°C
+215°C
+300°C

- **Note 1:** Voltages exceeding V+ or V- on any signal terminal are clamped by internal diodes. Limit forward-diode current to maximum current rating.
- Note 2: This device is constructed using a unique set of packaging techniques that impose a limit on the thermal profile the device can be exposed to during board level solder attach and rework. This limit permits only the use of the solder profiles recommended in the industry standard specification, JEDEC 020A, paragraph 7.6, Table 3 for IR/VPR and convection reflow. Preheating is required. Hand or wave soldering is not allowed.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply

 $(V+ = +2.7V \text{ to } +3.6V, V- = 0, V_{IH} = +1.4V, V_{IL} = +0.4V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$.) (Notes 3, 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH				I			I.
Analog Signal Range	V _W , V _X , V _Y , V _Z , V _W _, V _X _, V _Y _, V _Z _		-40°C to +85°C	0		V+	V
On Projetones (Note 6)	Davi	$V + = 2.7V$; I_W , I_X , I_Y , $I_Z = 1mA$	+25°C		45	70	Ω
On-Resistance (Note 6)	Ron	$V_{W_{-}}, V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}} = 1.5V$	-40°C to +85°C			80	52
On-Resistance Match	ARON I	V+ = 2.7V; l _W , l _X , l _Y , l _Z = 1mA	+25°C		2	5	
Between Channels (Notes 6, 7)		V _{W_} , V _{X_} , V _{Y_} , V _{Z_} = 1.5V	-40°C to +85°C			6	Ω
W , X , Y , Z Off-Leakage	har br	V+ = 3.6V; Vw, Vx, Vy, Vz = 3V,	+25°C	-1		1	
Current (Note 9)			-40°C to +85°C	-10		10	nA
W, X, Y, Z Off-Leakage	IW(OFF), IX(OFF),	V+ = 3.6V; V _W , V _X , V _Y , V _Z = 3V, 0.6V; V _W , V _X , V _Y , V _Z = 0.6V,	+25°C	-2		2	nA
Current (Note 9)	I _Y (OFF), I _Z (OFF)	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-40°C to +85°C	-20		20	IIA
W, X, Y, Z On-Leakage Current (Note 9)	I _{W(ON)} , I _{X(ON)} ,	V + = 0.0V, VVV, VX, VY, VZ = 0.0V,	+25°C	-2		2	
	l _{Y(ON)} , l _{Z(ON)}	3V; V _W _, V _X _, V _Y _, V _Z _ = 0.6V, 3V, or floating	-40°C to +85°C	-20		20	nA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +3V Supply (continued)

 $(V+=+2.7V \text{ to } +3.6V, V-=0, V_{IH}=+1.4V, V_{IL}=+0.4V, T_A=-40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$.) (Notes 3, 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	COND	ITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Input Off-Capacitance	CW_(OFF), CX_(OFF), CY_(OFF), CZ_(OFF)	f = 1MHz, Figur	e 7	+25°C		9		pF
	C _{X(OFF)} ,	6 48411	MAX4691			68		
Output Off-Capacitance	C _{Y(OFF)} ,	f = 1MHz, Figure 7	MAX4692	+25°C		36		рF
	C _Z (OFF)	rigure 7	MAX4693			20		
	C _{W(ON)} ,		MAX4691			78		
On-Capacitance	C _{X(ON)} ,	f = 1MHz,	MAX4692	+25°C		46		pF
	C _{Y(ON)} , C _{Z(ON)}	Figure 7	MAX4693			30]
DYNAMIC								
Enable Turn-On Time		Vw_, Vx_, Vy_, \	/z = 1.5V:	+25°C		180	300	
(MAX4691/MAX4692/ MAX4693)	ton	$R_L = 300\Omega, C_L =$		-40°C to +85°C			350	ns
Enable Turn-Off Time		Vw_, Vx_, Vy_, \	/> = 1.5\/·	+25°C		70	100	
(MAX4691/MAX4692/ MAX4693)	toff	$R_L = 300\Omega, C_L =$		-40°C to +85°C			120	ns
Address Transition Time	+	$V_{W_{-}}, V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}} = 0, 1.5V;$		+25°C		200	350	200
Address Transition Time	ttrans	$R_L = 300\Omega, C_L = 39$	= 35pF, Figure 3	-40°C to +85°C			400	ns
Break-Before-Make	t _{BBM}	V _W _, V _X _, V _Y _, \		+25°C	2	90		ns
Dieak-Deloie-Make	rBBINI	$R_L = 300\Omega$, $C_L = 1000$	= 35pF, Figure 4	-40°C to +85°C	2			113
Charge Injection	Q	V _{GEN} = 0; R _{GEN} Figure 5	$= 0; C_L = 1nF,$	+25°C		0.1		рС
Off-Isolation (Note 10)	Viso	f = 0.1MHz, R _L = Figure 6	= 50Ω , $C_L = 5pF$,	+25°C		-70		dB
Crosstalk (Note 11)	V _{CT}	f = 0.1MHz, R _L = Figure 6	= 50Ω , $C_L = 5pF$,	+25°C		-75		dB
DIGITAL I/O								
Input Logic High	VIH		-	_	1.4			V
Input Logic Low	V _{IL}						0.4	V
Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}	V _A , V _B , V _C , V _{EN}	ī = 0 or V+		-1		+1	μΑ
SUPPLY	1	T		T				1
Positive Supply Current	l+	$V+ = 3.6V, V_A, V_A$	V_B , V_C , $V_{\overline{EN}} = 0$	+25°C			0.1	μA
1 John Vo Guppiy Guiront	or V+	or V+	/+	-40°C to +85°C			1	μΑ

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply

 $(V+=+4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V-=0, V_{IH}=+2V, V_{IL}=+0.8V, T_{A}=-40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_{A}=+25^{\circ}\text{C}$.) (Notes 3, 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH	•						•
Analog Signal Range	V _W , V _X , V _Y , V _Z , V _W , V _X , V _Y , V _Z _		-40°C to +85°C	0		V+	V
On Pagistanae (Note 6)	Pou	$V+ = 4.5V$; I_W , I_X , I_Y , $I_Z = 1mA$;	+25°C		25	35	Ω
On-Resistance (Note 6)	Ron	$V_{W_{-}}, V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}} = 3.5V$	-40°C to +85°C			40	22
On-Resistance Match Between Channels	ΔR _{ON}	V+ = 4.5V; I _W , I _X , I _Y , I _Z = 1mA;	+25°C		2	4	Ω
(Notes 6, 7)	ΔΠΟΙΝ	$V_{W_{-}}, V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}} = 3.5V$	-40°C to +85°C			5	22
On-Resistance Flatness	RELATION)	V+ = 4.5V; lw, lx, ly, lz = 1mA; Vw_, Vx_, Vy_, Vz_ = 1V, 2.25V,	+25°C		2	6	- Ω
(Note 8)	RFLAT(ON)	3.5V	-40°C to +85°C			8	52
W_, X_ , Y_, Z_ Off-Leakage	I _{W_} , I _{X_} , I _{Y_} , I _{Z_}	V+ = 5.5V; V _W , V _X , V _Y , V _Z = 4.5V, 1V_; V _W , V _X , V _Y , V _Z = 1V, 4.5V	+25°C	-1		1	nA
Current (Note 9)			-40°C to +85°C	-10		10	TIA
W, X, Y, Z Off-Leakage	I _{W(OFF)} , I _{X (OFF)} ,	IV (OFF) V+ = 3.3V, VVV, VX, VY,	+25°C	-2		2	Λ
Current (Note 9)	LYOPE) VZ - 4.5V,	$V_Z = 4.5V, 1V_{-}, V_{W_{-}}, V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}} = 1V, 4.5V$	-40°C to +85°C	-20		20	nA
	lw(ON),	$V+ = 5.5V; V_W, V_X, V_Y, V_Z = 1V,$	+25°C	-2		2	
W, X, Y, Z On-Leakage Current (Note 9)	IX(ON), IY(ON), IZ(ON)	4.5V_; V _{W_} , V _{X_} , V _{Y_} , V _{Z_} = 1V, 4.5V, or floating	-40°C to +85°C	-20		20	nA
DYNAMIC	•						•
Enable Turn-On Time	4	V _{W_} , V _{X_} , V _{Y_} , V _{Z_} = 3V; R _L =	+25°C		90	130	
(MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693)	ton	300Ω , C _L = 35pF, Figure 2	-40°C to +85°C			150	ns
Enable Turn-Off Time	toff	V _{W_} , V _{X_} , V _{Y_} , V _{Z_} = 3V; R _L =	+25°C		45	60	ns
(MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693)	UFF	300Ω , C _L = 35pF, Figure 2	-40°C to +85°C			70	110
Address Trees 'A' T'		$V_{W_{-}}, V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}} = 0, 3V;$	+25°C		100	140	1
Address Transition Time	ttrans	$R_L = 300\Omega$, $C_L = 35pF$, Figure 3	-40°C to +85°C			160	ns
Break-Before-Make	tbbm	V _W _, V _X _, V _Y _, V _Z _ = 3V; R _L =	+25°C	2	35		ns
	rabivi	300Ω , C _L = 35pF, Figure 4	-40°C to +85°C	2			1.0
Charge Injection	Q	$V_{GEN} = 0$; $R_{GEN} = 0$; $C_L = 1nF$, Figure 5	+25°C		0.2		рС

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Single +5V Supply (continued)

 $(V+=+4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V-=0, V_{IH}=+2V, V_{IL}=+0.8V, T_A=-40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values are at $T_A=+25^{\circ}C$.) (Notes 3, 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Off-Isolation (Note 10)	V _{ISO}	$f = 0.1MHz$, $R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, Figure 6	+25°C		-80		dB
Crosstalk (Note 11)	V _{CT}	$f = 0.1MHz$, $R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, Figure 6	+25°C		-87		dB
DIGITAL I/O							
Input Logic High	VIH			2			V
Input Logic Low	V _{IL}					0.8	V
Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}	V_A , V_B , V_C , $V_{\overline{EN}} = 0$ or V_+		-1		+1	μΑ
SUPPLY							
Positivo Supply Current	V+ = 5.5V; VA, or V+	$V + = 5.5V; V_A, V_B, V_C, V_{\overline{EN}} = 0$	+25°C			0.1	μA
Positive Supply Current		or V+	-40°C to +85°C			1	μΑ

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual ±5V Supplies (MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693 only)

 $(V+ = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V- = -4.5V \text{ to } -5.5V, V_{IH} = +2V, V_{IL} = +0.8V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ (Notes 3, 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
ANALOG SWITCH							
Analog Signal Range	V _X , V _Y , V _Z , V _X _, V _Y _, V _Z _		-40°C to +85°C	V-		V+	V
On-Resistance (Note 6)	Ron	$V+ = 4.5V$; I_X , I_Y , $I_Z = 10mA$;	+25°C		18	25	Ω
On-nesistance (Note o)	HON	$V- = -4.5V$; V_{X} , V_{Y} , $V_{Z} = 3.5V$	-40°C to +85°C			30	52
On-Resistance Match Between Channels	APou	V+ = 4.5V; V- = -4.5V; IX, IY, IZ =	+25°C		2	3	Ω
(Notes 6, 7)	ΔR_{ON} 10mA; Vx_, Vy_, Vz_ = 3.5V	-40°C to +85°C			4	22	
On-Resistance Flatness	D		+25°C		2.5	3.5	
(Note 8)	RFLAT(ON)		-40°C to +85°C			4	Ω
X_ , Y_, Z_ Off-Leakage	lχ_,	$ Y_{-}, _{7}$ = $+4.5V$; $V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{7}$ = $\pm4.5V$	+25°C	-1		1	nA
Current (Note 9)	Ιγ_, Ι <u>Ζ</u> _		-40°C to +85°C	-10		10	IIA
X, Y, Z Off-Leakage Current (Note 9)	IX (OFF),	V+ = 5.5V; V- = -5.5V; Vx, Vy,	+25°C	-2		2	
	ly(OFF), lz(OFF)	$V_Z = +4.5V$; V_{X} , V_{Y} , $V_{Z} = \pm4.5V$	-40°C to +85°C	-20	_	20	nA

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—Dual ±5V Supplies (continued) (MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693 only)

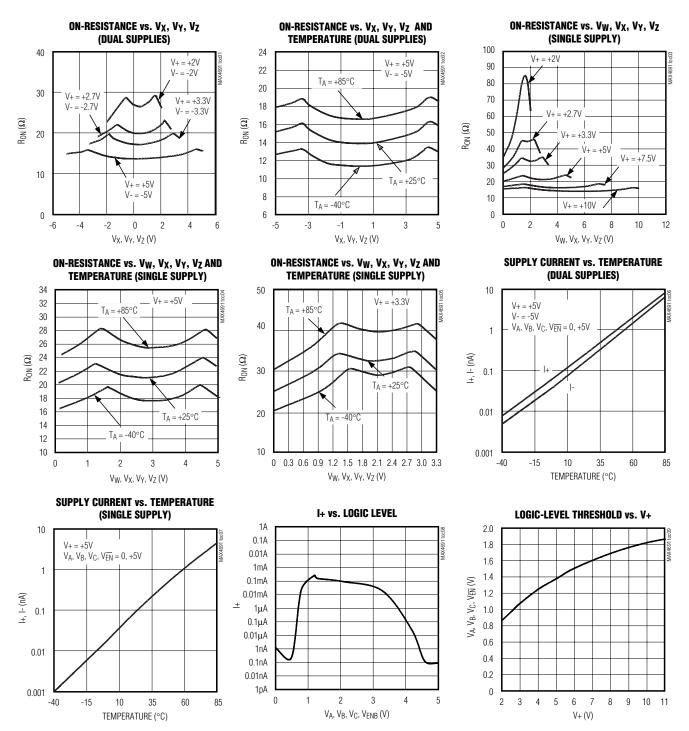
 $(V+ = +4.5V \text{ to } +5.5V, V- = -4.5V \text{ to } -5.5V, V_{IH} = +2V, V_{IL} = +0.8V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$ (Notes 3, 4, 5)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	TA	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
X, Y, Z On-Leakage Current	I _{X(ON)} ,	V+ = 5.5V; V- = -5.5V; $V_X, V_Y, V_Z = \pm 4.5V;$	+25°C	-2		2	
(Note 9)	ly(ON), lz(ON)	V_{X} , V_{Y} , $V_{Z} = \pm 4.5V$, or floating	-40°C to +85°C	-20		20	nA
DYNAMIC							
		$V_{X_{-}}, V_{Y_{-}}, V_{Z_{-}} = 3V; R_{L} = 300\Omega,$	+25°C		55	80	
Enable Turn-On Time	ton	C _L = 35pF, Figure 2	-40°C to +85°C			90	ns
Enable Turn-Off Time	torr	V _X _, V _Y _, V _Z _ = 3V; R _L = 300Ω,	+25°C		35	50	ns
Enable fulfi-Oil filfile	toff	C _L = 35pF, Figure 2	-40°C to +85°C			60	115
		V _{X_} , V _{Y_} , V _{Z_} = 0, 3V;	+25°C		60	90	
Address Transition Time	ttrans	$R_L = 300\Omega$, $C_L = 35pF$, Figure 3	-40°C to +85°C			100	ns
Break-Before-Make	tввм	$V_{X}, V_{Y}, V_{Z} = 3V; R_L = 300\Omega,$ $C_L = 35pF, Figure 4$	+25°C	2	20		ns
Dieak-Deloie-Wake			-40°C to +85°C	2			115
Charge Injection	Q	V _{GEN} = 0; R _{GEN} = 0; C _L = 1nF, Figure 5	+25°C		1.8		рС
Off-Isolation (Note 10)	V _{ISO}	$f = 0.1MHz$, $R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, Figure 6	+25°C		-82		dB
Crosstalk (Note 11)	VCT	$f = 0.1MHz$, $R_L = 50\Omega$, $C_L = 5pF$, Figure 7	+25°C		-84		dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	$f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$, V_X , V_Y , $V_Z = 5Vp-p$; $R_L = 600\Omega$,	+25°C		0.02		%
DIGITAL I/O							•
Input Logic High	V _{IH}			2			V
Input Logic Low	V _{IL}					0.8	V
Input Leakage Current	I _{IN}	V_A , V_B , V_C , $V_{\overline{EN}} = 0$ or V_+		-1		+1	μΑ
SUPPLY			,				
Positive Supply Current	1+	V+ = 5.5V; V- = 5.5V;	+25°C			0.1	μA
1 doi:110 duppry duriont		V_A , V_B , V_C , $V_{\overline{EN}} = 0$ or V_+	-40°C to +85°C			1	μι

- **Note 3:** The algebraic convention, where the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum, is used in this data sheet.
- **Note 4:** UCSP parts are 100% tested at $T_A = +25$ °C. Limits across the full temperature range are guaranteed by correlation.
- **Note 5:** QFN parts are 100% tested at $T_A = +85^{\circ}C$. Limits across the full temperature range are guaranteed by correlation.
- Note 6: UCSP RON and RON match are guaranteed by design.
- **Note 7:** $\Delta R_{ON} = R_{ON(MAX)} R_{ON(MIN)}$.
- **Note 8:** Flatness is defined as the difference between the maximum and minimum value of on-resistance as measured over the specified analog signal ranges.
- Note 9: Leakage parameters are guaranteed by design.
- Note 10: Off-isolation = $20\log_{10} (Vw,x,y,z/Vw_{x,y,z})$, Vw,x,y,z = output, $Vw_{x,y,z}$ = input to off switch.
- Note 11: Between any two switches.

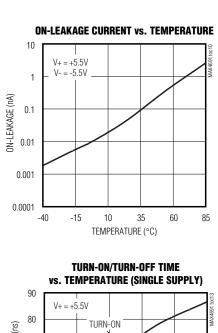
Typical Operating Characteristics

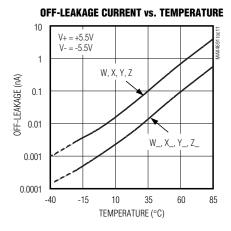
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

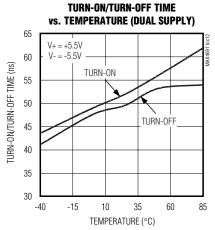


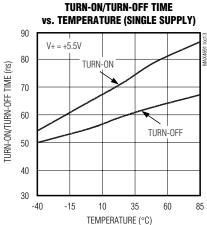
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

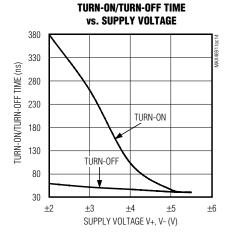
 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

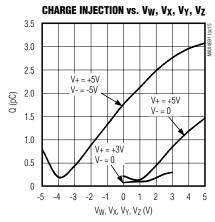


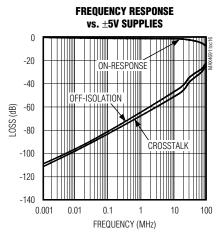


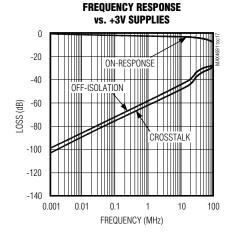


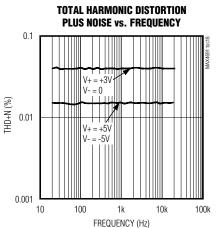












Pin Description

MAX4691

PI	PIN		FUNCTION			
UCSP	QFN	NAME	FUNCTION			
A4, B4, C4, D4, A1, B1, C1, D1	16, 1, 3, 4, 12, 11, 9, 8	X0-X7	Analog Switch Inputs 0–7			
A2	13	Χ	Analog Switch Common			
D3, D2, A3	5, 7, 15	A, B, C	Digital Address Inputs			
B2	14	V-	Negative Analog Supply Voltage Input. Connect to GND for single-supply operation.			
В3	2	GND	Ground. Connect to digital ground. (Analog signals have no ground reference; they are limited to V+ and V)			
C2	10	ĒN	Digital Enable Input. Normally connect to GND. Can be driven to logic high to set all switches off.			
СЗ	6	V+	Positive Analog and Digital Supply Voltage Input			

MAX4692

PII	N	NAME	FUNCTION
UCSP	QFN	INAIVIE	FUNCTION
A1, B1, C1, D1	12, 11, 9, 8	X0-X3	Analog Switch "X" Inputs 0-3
A4, B4, C4, D4	16, 1, 3, 4	Y0-Y3	Analog Switch "Y" Inputs 0-3
A2	13	Χ	Analog Switch "X" Common
А3	15	Υ	Analog Switch "Y" Common
D3, D2	5, 7	A, B	Digital Address Inputs for both "X" and "Y" Analog Switches
B2	14	V-	Negative Analog Supply Voltage Input. Connect to GND for single-supply operation.
В3	2	GND	Ground. Connect to digital ground. (Analog signals have no ground reference; they are limited to V+ and V)
C2	10	Digital Enable Input. Normally connect to GND. Can be driven to logic high to set all switches off.	
C3	6	V+	Positive Analog and Digital Supply Voltage Input

Pin Description (continued)

MAX4693

PI	PIN		PIN		FUNCTION
UCSP	QFN	NAME	FUNCTION		
A1	12	X0	Analog Switch "X" Normally Closed Input		
B1	11	X1	Analog Switch "X" Normally Open Input		
A4	16	Y0	Analog Switch "Y" Normally Closed Input		
B4	1	Y1	Analog Switch "Y" Normally Open Input		
D1	8	Z0	Analog Switch "Z" Normally Closed Input		
C1	9	Z1	Analog Switch "Z" Normally Open Input		
A2	13	Χ	Analog Switch "X" Common		
А3	15	Υ	Analog Switch "Y" Common		
D2	7	Z	Analog Switch "Z" Common		
C4	3	А	Analog Switch "X" Digital Control Input		
D4	4	В	Analog Switch "Y" Digital Control Input		
D3	5	С	Analog Switch "Z" Digital Control Input		
B2	14	V-	Negative Analog Supply Voltage Input. Connect to GND for single-supply operation.		
В3	2	GND	Ground. Connect to digital ground. (Analog signals have no ground reference; they are limited to V+ and V)		
C2	10	ĒN	Digital Enable Input. Normally connect to GND. Can be driven to logic high to set all switches off.		
C3	6	V+	Positive Analog and Digital Supply Voltage Input		

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Pin Description (continued)

MAX4694

PIN				
USCP	QFN	NAME	FUNCTION	
D4	4	WO	Analog Switch "W" Normally Closed Input	
C4	3	W1	Analog Switch "W" Normally Open Input	
A1	12	X0	Analog Switch "X" Normally Closed Input	
B1	11	X1	Analog Switch "X" Normally Open Input	
A4	16	Y0	Analog Switch "Y" Normally Closed Input	
В4	1	Y1	Analog Switch "Y" Normally Open Input	
D1	8	Z0	Analog Switch "Z" Normally Closed Input	
C1	9	Z1	Analog Switch "Z" Normally Open Input	
D3	5	W	Analog Switch "W" Common	
A2	13	Х	Analog Switch "X" Common	
АЗ	15	Υ	Analog Switch "Y" Common	
D2	7	Z	Analog Switch "Z" Common	
B2	14	GND	Ground	
В3	2	А	Analog Switch "W" and "Y" Digital Control Input	
C2	10	В	Analog Switch "X" and "Z" Digital Control Input	
C3	6	V+	Positive Analog and Digital Supply Voltage Input	

Table 1. Truth Table/Switch Programming

=1	ADI	ADDRESS BITS		ON SWITCHES				
EN ¹	C ²	В	Α	MAX4691	MAX4692	MAX4693	MAX4694	
1	Х	Χ	X	All switches open	All switches open	All switches open	_	
0	0	0	0	X-X0	X-X0, Y-Y0	X-X0, Y-Y0, Z-Z0	W-W0, X-X0, Y-Y0, Z-Z0	
0	0	0	1	X-X1	X-X1, Y-Y1	X-X1, Y-Y0, Z-Z0	W-W1, X-X0, Y-Y1, Z-Z0	
0	0	1	0	X-X2	X-X2, Y-Y2	X-X0, Y-Y1, Z-Z0	W-W0, X-X1, Y-Y0, Z-Z1	
0	0	1	1	X-X3	X-X3, Y-Y3	X-X1, Y-Y1, Z-Z0	W-W1, X-X1, Y-Y1, Z-Z1	
0	1	0	0	X-X4	X-X0, Y-Y0	X-X0, Y-Y0, Z-Z1	W-W0, X-X0, Y-Y0, Z-Z0	
0	1	0	1	X-X5	X-X1, Y-Y1	X-X1, Y-Y0, Z-Z1	W-W1, X-X0, Y-Y1, Z-Z0	
0	1	1	0	X-X6	X-X2, Y-Y2	X-X0, Y-Y1, Z-Z1	W-W0, X-X1, Y-Y0, Z-Z1	
0	1	1	1	X-X7	X-X3, Y-Y3	X-X1, Y-Y1, Z-Z1	W-W1, X-X1, Y-Y1, Z-Z1	

X = Don't care

Detailed Description

The MAX4691–MAX4694 are low-voltage CMOS analog ICs configured as an 8-channel multiplexer (MAX4691), two 4-channel multiplexers (MAX4692), three SPDT switches (MAX4693), and four SPDT switches (MAX4694). All switches are bidirectional.

The MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693 operate from either a single +2V to +11V power supply or dual ±2V to ±5.5V power supplies. When operating from ±5V supplies they offer 25 Ω on-resistance (Ron), 3.5 Ω max Ron flatness, and 3 Ω max matching between channels. The MAX4694 operates from a single +2V to +11V supply. Each switch has rail-to-rail signal handling, fast switching times of ton = 80ns, toff = 50ns, and a low 1nA leakage current.

All digital inputs are 1.8V logic-compatible when operating from a +3V supply and TTL-compatible when operating from a +5V supply.

Digital Inputs

The MAX4691 and MAX4692 include address pins that allow control of the multiplexers. For the MAX4691, pins

A, B, C determine which switch is closed. The two 4-1 muxes in the MAX4692 are controlled by the same address pins (A and B). (Table 1)

The MAX4693 and MAX4694 offer SPDT switches in triple and quadruple packages. In the MAX4693, each switch has a unique control input. The MAX4694 has two digital control inputs: A (for switches "W" and "Y") and B (for switches "X" and "Z"). (Table 1)

Applications Information Power-Supply Considerations

Overview

The MAX4691–MAX4694 construction is typical of most CMOS analog switches. V+ and V-* are used to drive the internal CMOS switches and set the limits of the analog voltage on any switch. Reverse ESD-protection diodes are internally connected between each analog signal pin and both V+ and V-. If any analog signal exceeds V+ or V-, one of these diodes will conduct.

*V- is found only on the MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693.

^{1.} EN is not present on the MAX4694.

^{2.} C is not present on the MAX4692 and MAX4694.

During normal operation, these (and other) reversebiased ESD diodes leak, forming the only current drawn from V+ or V-.

Virtually all the analog leakage current comes from the ESD diodes. Although the ESD diodes on a given signal pin are identical, and therefore fairly well balanced, they are reverse biased differently. Each is biased by either V+ or V- and the analog signal. This means their leakages will vary as the signal varies. The difference in the two diode leakages to the V+ and V- pins constitutes the analog signal path leakage current. All analog leakage current flows between each pin and one of the supply terminals, not to the other switch terminal. This is why both sides of a given switch can show leakage currents of either the same or opposite polarity.

V+ and GND power the internal logic and logic-level translators, and set both the input and output logic limits. The logic-level translators convert the logic levels into switched V+ and V- signals to drive the gates of the analog signals. This drive signal is the only connection between the logic supplies (and signals) and the analog supplies. V+ and V- have ESD-protection diodes on GND.

Bipolar Supplies

The MAX4691/MAX4692/MAX4693 operate with bipolar supplies between ±2V and ±5.5V. The V+ and V- supplies need not be symmetrical, but their difference cannot exceed the absolute maximum rating of +12V.

Single Supply

These devices operate from a single supply between +2V and +11V when V- is connected to GND. All of the bipolar precautions must be observed. At room temperature, they operate with a single supply at near or below +2V, although as supply voltage decreases, switch on-resistance and switching times become very high.

Always bypass supplies with a 0.1µF capacitor.

Overvoltage Protection

Proper power-supply sequencing is recommended for all CMOS devices. Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings, because stresses beyond the listed ratings can cause permanent damage to the devices. Always sequence V+ on first, then V-, followed by the logic inputs and by W, X, Y, Z. If power-supply sequencing is not possible, add two small signal diodes (D1, D2) in series with the supply pins for overvoltage protection (Figure 1).

Adding diodes reduces the analog signal range to one diode drop below V+ and one diode drop above V-, but does not affect the devices' low switch resistance and low leakage characteristics. Device operation is

unchanged, and the difference between V+ and V-should not exceed 12V. These protection diodes are not recommended when using a single supply if signal levels must extend to ground.

UCSP Reliability

The chip-scale package (UCSP) represents a unique package that greatly reduces board space compared to other packages. UCSP reliability is integrally linked to the user's assembly methods, circuit board material, and usage environment. The user should closely review these areas when considering a UCSP. Performance through Operating Life Test and Moisture Resistance is equal to conventional package technology as it is primarily determined by the wafer-fabrication process. However, this form factor may not perform equally to a packaged product through traditional mechanical reliability tests.

Mechanical stress performance is a greater consideration for a UCSP. UCSP solder joint contact integrity must be considered since the package is attached through direct solder contact to the user's PC board. Testing done to characterize the UCSP reliability performance shows that it is capable of performing reliably through environmental stresses. Results of environmental stress tests and additional usage data and recommendations are detailed in the UCSP application note, which can be found on Maxim's website, at www.maxim-ic.com.

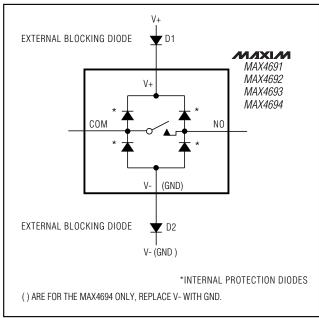


Figure 1. Overvoltage Protection

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams

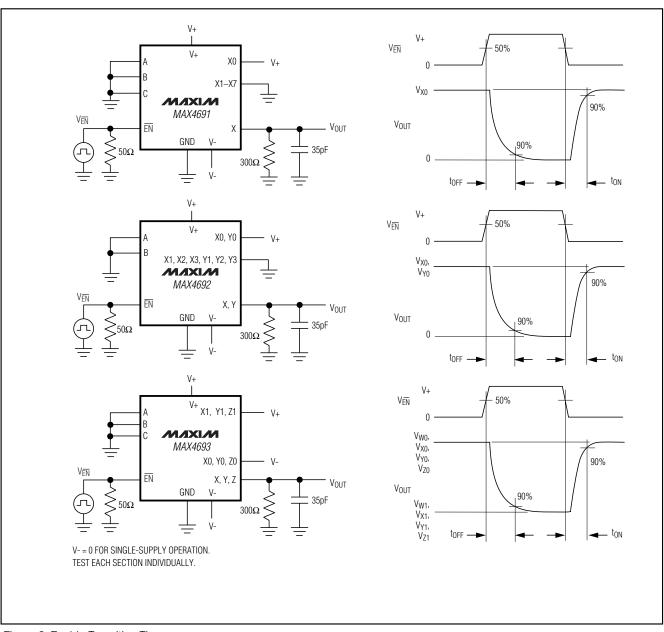


Figure 2. Enable Transition Time

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

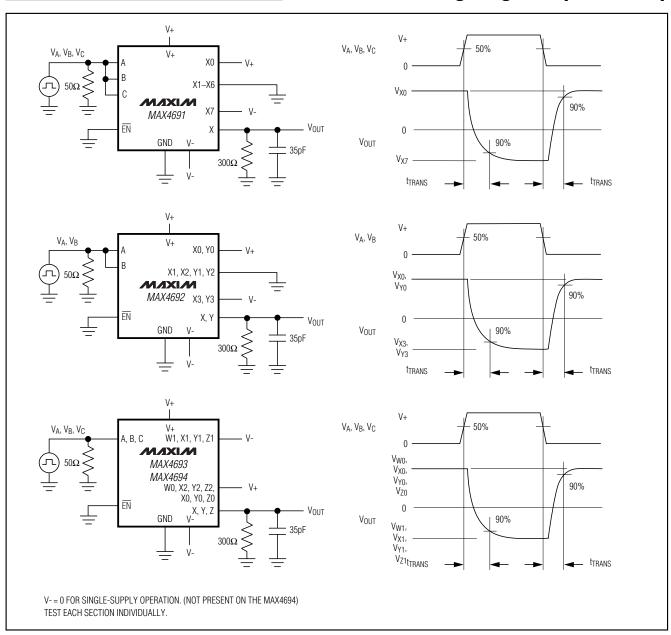


Figure 3. Address Transition Time

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

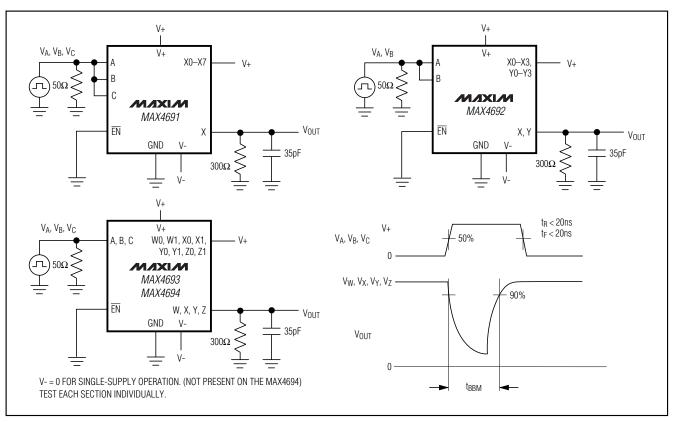


Figure 4. Break-Before-Make Interval

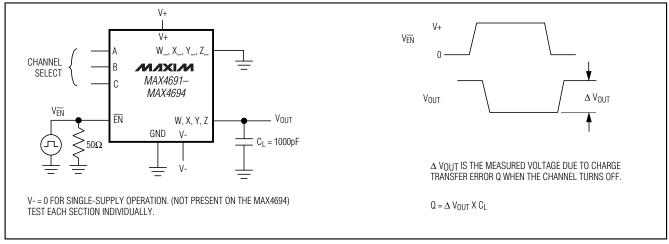


Figure 5. Charge Injection

Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

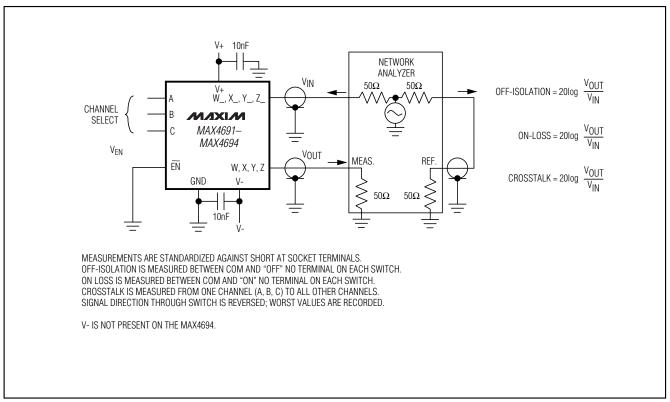


Figure 6. Off-Isolation, On-Loss, and Crosstalk

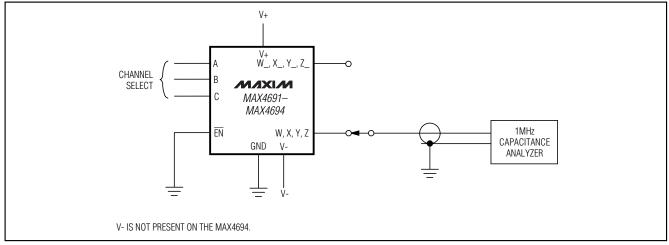
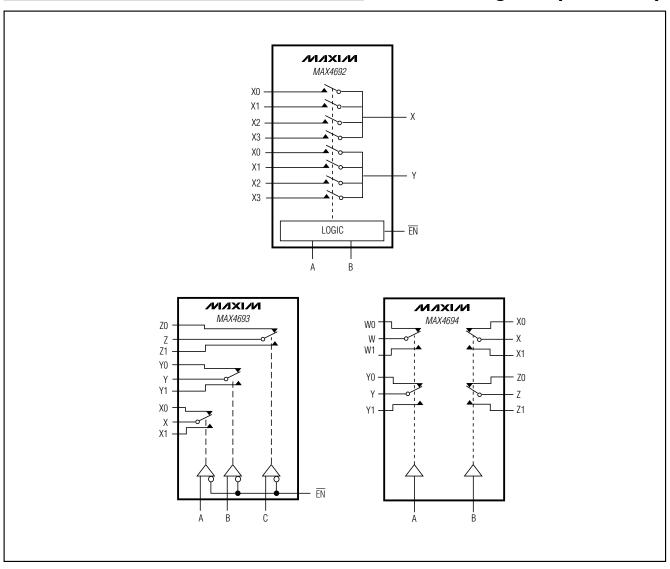


Figure 7. Capacitance

Functional Diagrams (continued)

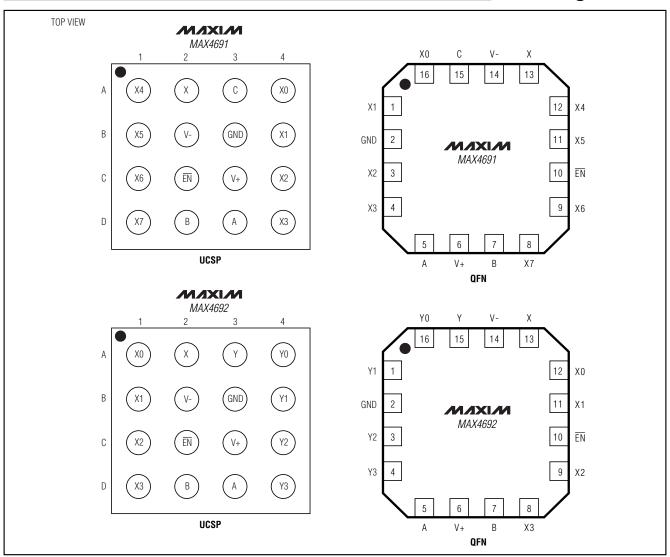


_Chip Information

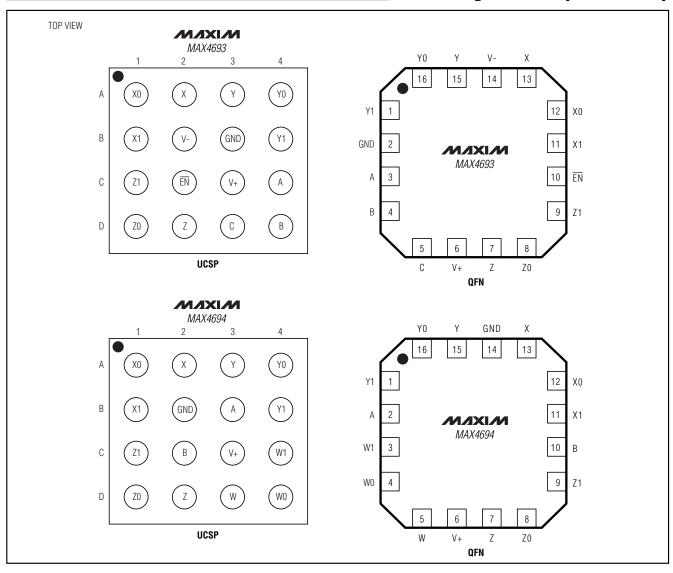
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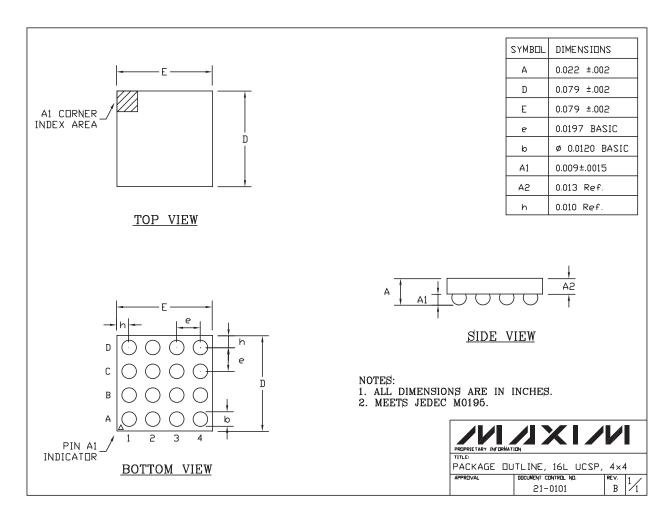
Pin Configurations



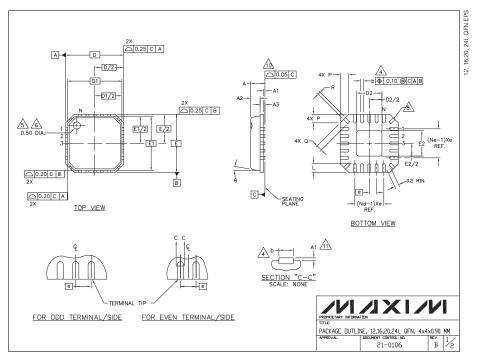
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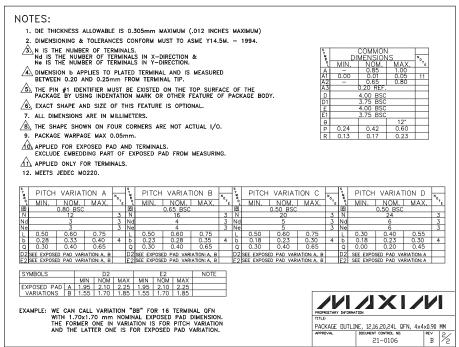


Package Information



Package Information (continued)





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