MAX4685Exx Rev. A

RELIABILITY REPORT

FOR

MAX4685Exx

CHIP SCALE & PLASTIC ENCAPSULATED DEVICES

January 12, 2002

MAXIM INTEGRATED PRODUCTS

120 SAN GABRIEL DR.

SUNNYVALE, CA 94086

Written by

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Jim Pedicord Quality Assurance Reliability Lab Manager

Reviewed by

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Bryan J. Preeshl Quality Assurance Executive Director

Conclusion

The MAX4685 successfully meets the quality and reliability standards required of all Maxim products. In addition, Maxim's continuous reliability monitoring program ensures that all outgoing product will continue to meet Maxim's quality and reliability standards.

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I. Device Description

A. General

The MAX4685 low on-resistance (R_{ON}), low-voltage, dual single-pole/double-throw (SPDT) analog switche operates from a single +1.8V to +5.5V supply. The MAX4685 features a 0.8 max on-resistance for both NO and NC switches at a +2.7V supply.

The part features break-before-make switching action (2ns) with t_{ON} = 50ns and t_{OFF} = 40ns at +3V. The digital logic inputs are 1.8V logic-compatible with a +2.7V to +3.3V supply.

The MAX4685 is packaged in the chipscale package $(UCSP)^{M}$, significantly reducing the required PC board area. The chip occupies only a 2.13mm x 1.50mm area. The 4 x 3 array of solder bumps are spaced with a 0.5mm bump pitch.

B. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Item Rating V+, IN to GND -0.3V to +6V COM_, NO_, NC_ to GND (Note 1) -0.3V to (V+ + 0.3V) Continuous Current NO_, NC_, COM_ +/-150mA Peak Current NO_,NC_,COM_ (pulsed at 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle) +/-300mA Storage Temp. Range -65°C to +150°C +300°C Lead Temp. (10 sec.) Bump Temperature (Soldering) Infrared (15s) +220°C Vapor Phase (60s) +215°C **Power Dissipation** 12-Bump UCSP 909mW 10-Pin uMax 444mW Derates above +70°C 12-Bump UCSP 11.4mW/°C 10-Pin uMax 5.6mW/°C

II. Manufacturing Information

A. Description/Function:	0.8 Ohm Low-Voltage, Dual SPDT Analog Switches
B. Process:	TM50 (.5 micron Poly Gate)
C. Number of Device Transistors:	198
D. Fabrication Location:	Taiwan
E. Assembly Location:	Philippines, Malaysia, Arizona
F. Date of Initial Production:	January, 2001

III. Packaging Information

A. Package Type:	10-Lead uMax	12-Bump UCSB
B. Lead Frame:	Copper	N/A
C. Lead Finish:	Solder Plate	N/A
D. Die Attach:	Silver-filled Epoxy	N/A
E. Bondwire/Solder Bump:	Gold (1.3 mil dia.)	14 mil dia Solder Ball
F. Mold Material:	Epoxy with silica filler	N/A
G. Assembly Diagram:	# 05-1201-0202	#05-1201-0200
H. Flammability Rating:	Class UL94-V0	N/A
 Classification of Moisture Sensitivity per JEDEC standard JESD22-A112: 	Level 1	Level 1

IV. Die Information

A. Dimensions:	82 x 60 mils
B. Passivation:	Si_3N_4/SiO_2 (Silicon nitride/ Silicon dioxide)
C. Interconnect:	Al/Cu/Si/Ti
D. Backside Metallization:	None
E. Minimum Metal Width:	.5 microns (as drawn)
F. Minimum Metal Spacing:	.5 microns (as drawn)
G. Bondpad Dimensions:	5 mil. Sq.
H. Isolation Dielectric:	SiO ₂
I. Die Separation Method:	Wafer Saw

V. Quality Assurance Information

Α.	Quality Assurance Contacts: Jim Pedicord	(Reliability Lab Manager)
	Bryan Preeshl	(Executive Director of QA)
	Kenneth Huening	(Vice President)

- B. Outgoing Inspection Level: 0.1% for all electrical parameters guaranteed by the Datasheet.
 0.1% For all Visual Defects.
- C. Observed Outgoing Defect Rate: < 50 ppm
- D. Sampling Plan: Mil-Std-105D

VI. Reliability Evaluation

A. Accelerated Life Test

The results of the 135°C biased (static) life test are shown in **Table 1**. Using these results, the Failure Rate (λ) is calculated as follows:

 $\lambda = \underbrace{1}_{\text{MTTF}} = \underbrace{1.83}_{192 \text{ x } 4389 \text{ x } 79 \text{ x } 2}$ (Chi square value for MTTF upper limit) Temperature Acceleration factor assuming an activation energy of 0.8eV $\lambda = 13.57 \text{ x } 10^{-8} \qquad \lambda = 13.57 \text{ F.I.T.}$ (60% confidence level @ 25°C)

This low failure rate represents data collected from Maxim's reliability qualification and monitor programs. Maxim also performs weekly Burn-In on samples from production to assure reliability of its processes. The reliability required for lots which receive a burn-in qualification is 59 F.I.T. at a 60% confidence level, which equates to 3 failures in an 80 piece sample. Maxim performs failure analysis on rejects from lots exceeding this level. The Burn-In Schematic (#06-5629) shows the static circuit used for this test. Maxim also performs 1000 hour life test monitors quarterly for each process. This data is published in the Product Reliability Report (**RR-1M**).

B. Moisture Resistance Tests

Maxim evaluates pressure pot stress from every assembly process during qualification of each new design. Pressure Pot testing must pass a 20% LTPD for acceptance. Additionally, industry standard 85°C/85%RH or HAST tests are performed quarterly per device/package family.

C. E.S.D. and Latch-Up Testing

The AH71-1 die type has been found to have all pins able to withstand a transient pulse of \pm 200V, per Mil-Std-883 Method 3015 (reference attached ESD Test Circuit). Latch-Up testing has shown that this device withstands a current of \pm 250mA and/or \pm 20V.

Table 1Reliability Evaluation Test Results

MAX4685Exx

TEST ITEM	TEST CONDITION	FAILURE IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE SIZE	NUMBER OF FAILURES
Static Life Test	t (Note 1)			
	Ta = 135°C Biased Time = 192 hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	79	0
Moisture Testi	ng (Note 2)			
Pressure Pot	Ta = 121°C P = 15 psi. RH= 100% Time = 168hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	77	0
85/85	Ta = 85°C RH = 85% Biased Time = 1000hrs.	DC Parameters & functionality	77	0
Mechanical Str	ress (Note 2)			
Temperature Cycle	-65°C/150°C 1000 Cycles Method 1010	DC Parameters	77	0

Note 1: Life Test Data may represent plastic D.I.P. qualification lots.

Note 2: Generic process/package data.

Attachment #1

	Terminal A (Each pin individually connected to terminal A with the other floating)	Terminal B (The common combination of all like-named pins connected to terminal B)
1.	All pins except V _{PS1} <u>3/</u>	All V _{PS1} pins
2.	All input and output pins	All other input-output pins

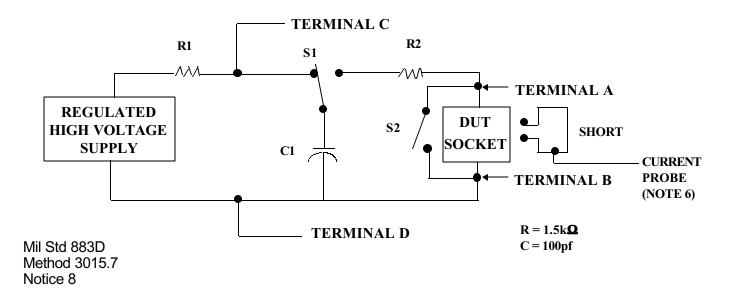
TABLE II. Pin combination to be tested. 1/2/

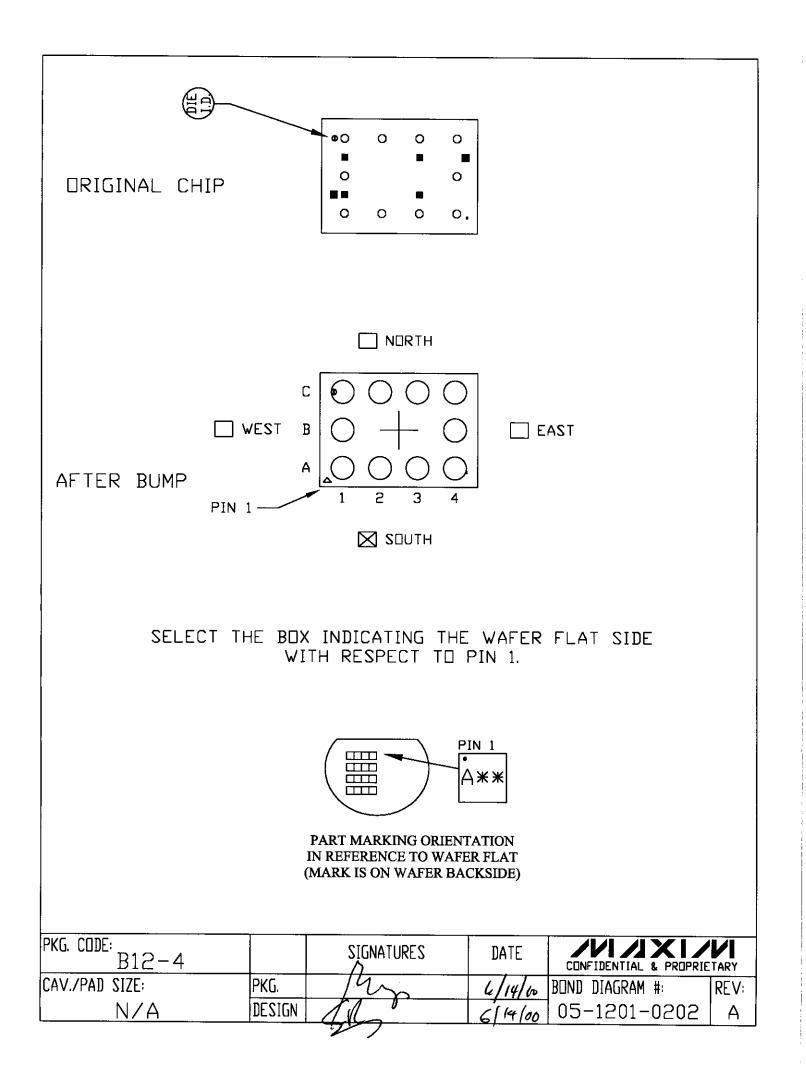
- 1/ Table II is restated in narrative form in 3.4 below.
- $\overline{2}$ / No connects are not to be tested.
- $\frac{2i}{3i}$ Repeat pin combination I for each named Power supply and for ground

(e.g., where V_{PS1} is V_{DD} , V_{CC} , V_{SS} , V_{BB} , GND, $+V_{S}$, $-V_{S}$, V_{REF} , etc).

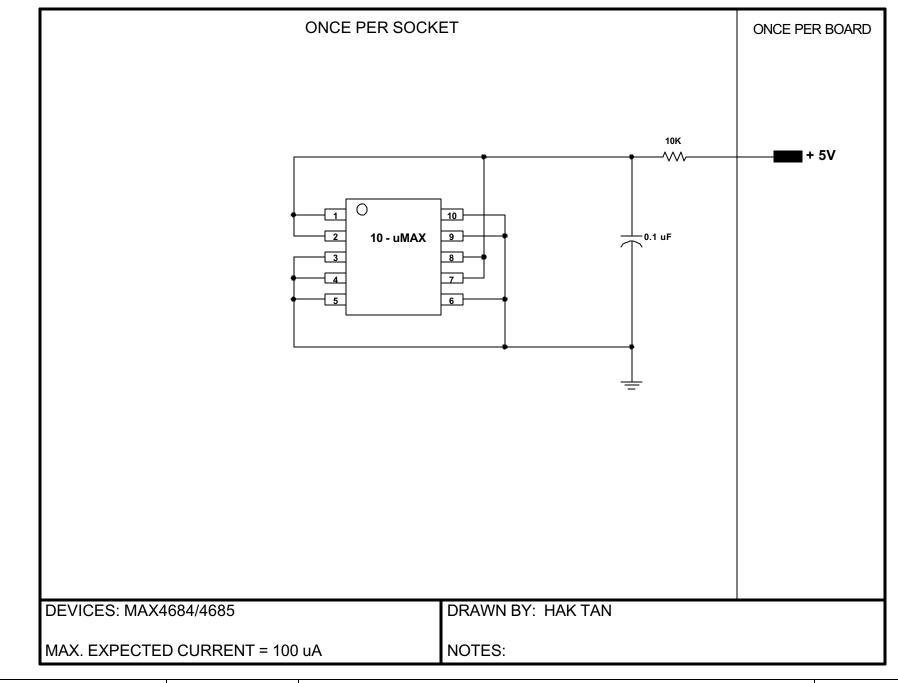
3.4 <u>Pin combinations to be tested.</u>

- a. Each pin individually connected to terminal A with respect to the device ground pin(s) connected to terminal B. All pins except the one being tested and the ground pin(s) shall be open.
- b. Each pin individually connected to terminal A with respect to each different set of a combination of all named power supply pins (e.g., V_{SS1}, or V_{SS2} or V_{SS3} or V_{CC1}, or V_{CC2}) connected to terminal B. All pins except the one being tested and the power supply pin or set of pins shall be open.
- c. Each input and each output individually connected to terminal A with respect to a combination of all the other input and output pins connected to terminal B. All pins except the input or output pin being tested and the combination of all the other input and output pins shall be open.





PKG. CODE: U10-2 CAV./PAD SIZE: 68x94	SIGNATURES DATE CONFIDENTIAL & PROPRIETARY PKG. 6/14/100 BOND DIAGRAM #: REV: DESIGN 6/15/100 05-1201-0200 A



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