



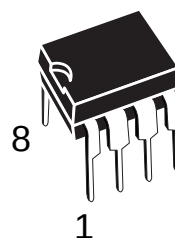
# M24C16, M24C08 M24C04, M24C02, M24C01

16Kbit, 8Kbit, 4Kbit, 2Kbit and 1Kbit Serial I<sup>2</sup>C Bus EEPROM

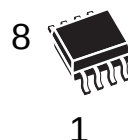
## FEATURES SUMMARY

- Two Wire I<sup>2</sup>C Serial Interface  
Supports 400 kHz Protocol
- Single Supply Voltage:
  - 4.5V to 5.5V for M24Cxx
  - 2.5V to 5.5V for M24Cxx-W
  - 2.2V to 5.5V for M24Cxx-L
  - 1.8V to 5.5V for M24Cxx-R
- Write Control Input
- BYTE and PAGE WRITE (up to 16 Bytes)
- RANDOM and SEQUENTIAL READ Modes
- Self-Timed Programming Cycle
- Automatic Address Incrementing
- Enhanced ESD/Latch-Up Behavior
- More than 1 Million Erase/Write Cycles
- More than 40 Year Data Retention

Figure 1. Packages



PDIP8 (BN)



SO8 (MN)  
150 mil width



TSSOP8 (DW)  
169 mil width

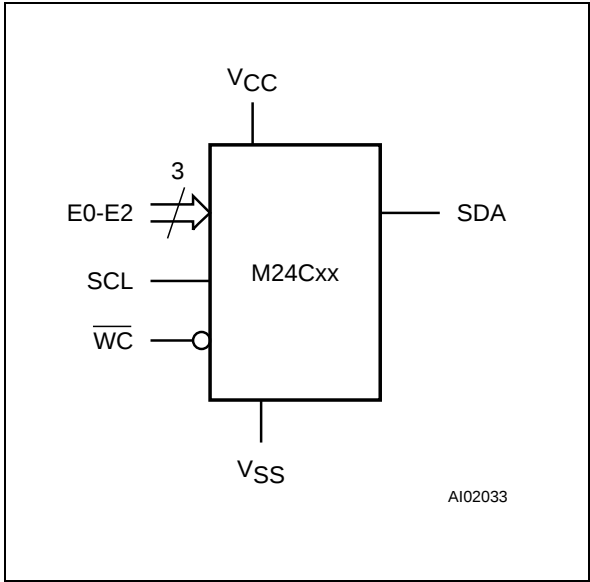


TSSOP8 (DS)  
3x3mm<sup>2</sup> body size (MSOP)

SUMMARY DESCRIPTION

These I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible electrically erasable programmable memory (EEPROM) devices are organized as 2048/1024/512/256/128 x 8 (M24C16, M24C08, M24C04, M24C02, M24C01).

Figure 2. Logic Diagram



These devices are compatible with the I<sup>2</sup>C memory protocol. This is a two wire serial interface that uses a bi-directional data bus and serial clock. The devices carry a built-in 4-bit Device Type Identifier code (1010) in accordance with the I<sup>2</sup>C bus definition.

The device behaves as a slave in the I<sup>2</sup>C protocol, with all memory operations synchronized by the serial clock. Read and Write operations are initiated by a Start condition, generated by the bus mas-

ter. The Start condition is followed by a Device Select Code and RW bit (as described in Table 2), terminated by an acknowledge bit.

When writing data to the memory, the device inserts an acknowledge bit during the 9<sup>th</sup> bit time, following the bus master's 8-bit transmission. When data is read by the bus master, the bus master acknowledges the receipt of the data byte in the same way. Data transfers are terminated by a Stop condition after an Ack for Write, and after a NoAck for Read.

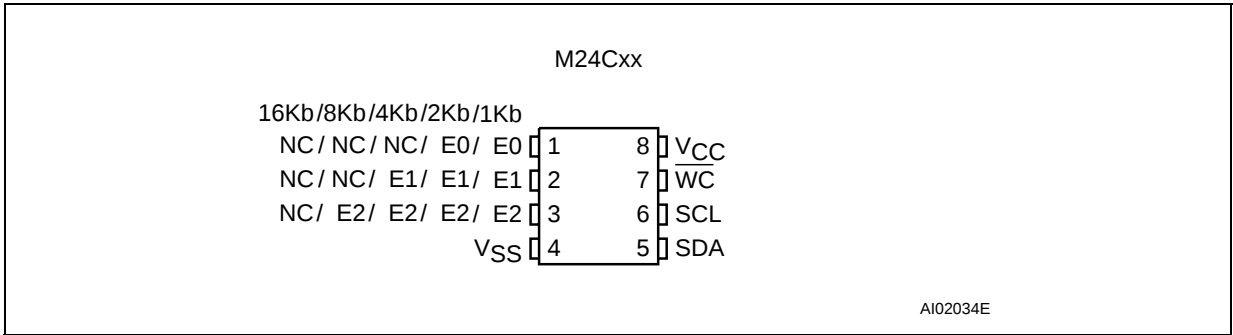
Table 1. Signal Names

|            |                |
|------------|----------------|
| E0, E1, E2 | Chip Enable    |
| SDA        | Serial Data    |
| SCL        | Serial Clock   |
| WC         | Write Control  |
| VCC        | Supply Voltage |
| VSS        | Ground         |

Power On Reset: VCC Lock-Out Write Protect

In order to prevent data corruption and inadvertent Write operations during Power-up, a Power On Reset (POR) circuit is included. The internal reset is held active until VCC has reached the POR threshold value, and all operations are disabled – the device will not respond to any command. In the same way, when VCC drops from the operating voltage, below the POR threshold value, all operations are disabled and the device will not respond to any command. A stable and valid VCC must be applied before applying any logic signal.

Figure 3. DIP, SO and TSSOP Connections



Note: 1. NC = Not Connected  
2. See page 20 (onwards) for package dimensions, and how to identify pin-1.

## SIGNAL DESCRIPTION

### Serial Clock (SCL)

This input signal is used to strobe all data in and out of the device. In applications where this signal is used by slave devices to synchronize the bus to a slower clock, the bus master must have an open drain output, and a pull-up resistor can be connected from Serial Clock (SCL) to  $V_{CC}$ . (Figure 4 indicates how the value of the pull-up resistor can be calculated). In most applications, though, this method of synchronization is not employed, and so the pull-up resistor is not necessary, provided that the bus master has a push-pull (rather than open drain) output.

### Serial Data (SDA)

This bi-directional signal is used to transfer data in or out of the device. It is an open drain output that may be wire-OR'ed with other open drain or open collector signals on the bus. A pull up resistor must be connected from Serial Data (SDA) to  $V_{CC}$ . (Figure 4 indicates how the value of the pull-up resistor can be calculated).

### Chip Enable (E0, E1, E2)

These input signals are used to set the value that is to be looked for on the three least significant bits (b3, b2, b1) of the 7-bit Device Select Code. These inputs must be tied to  $V_{CC}$  or  $V_{SS}$ , to establish the Device Select Code.

### Write Control ( $\overline{WC}$ )

This input signal is useful for protecting the entire contents of the memory from inadvertent write operations. Write operations are disabled to the entire memory array when Write Control ( $\overline{WC}$ ) is driven High. When unconnected, the signal is internally read as  $V_{IL}$ , and Write operations are allowed.

When Write Control ( $\overline{WC}$ ) is driven High, Device Select and Address bytes are acknowledged, Data bytes are not acknowledged.

**Figure 4. Maximum  $R_L$  Value versus Bus Capacitance ( $C_{BUS}$ ) for an  $I^2C$  Bus**

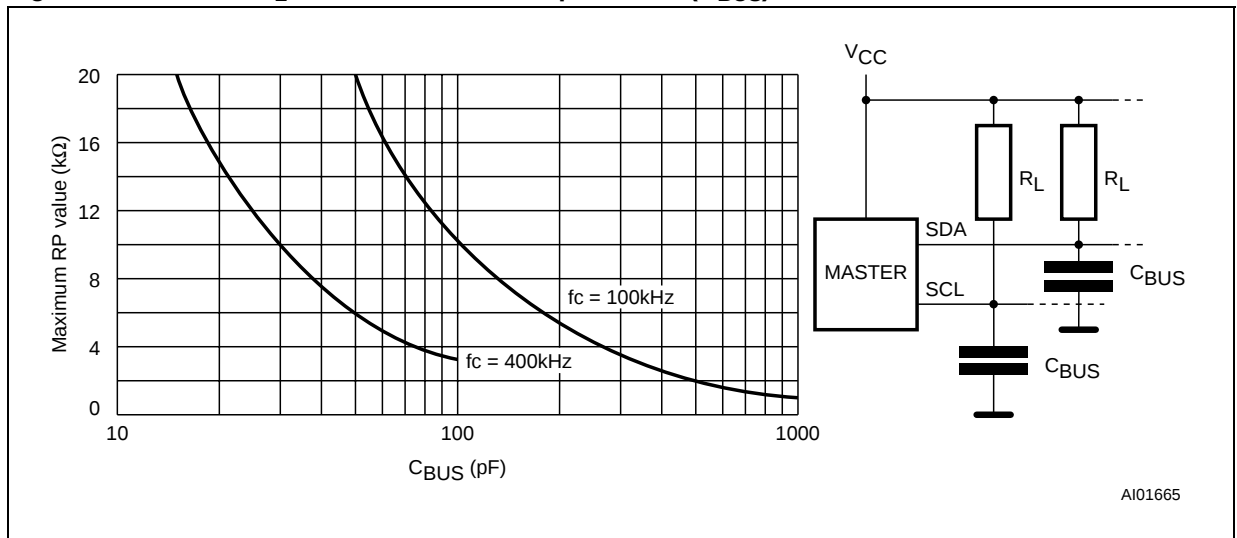


Figure 5. I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Protocol

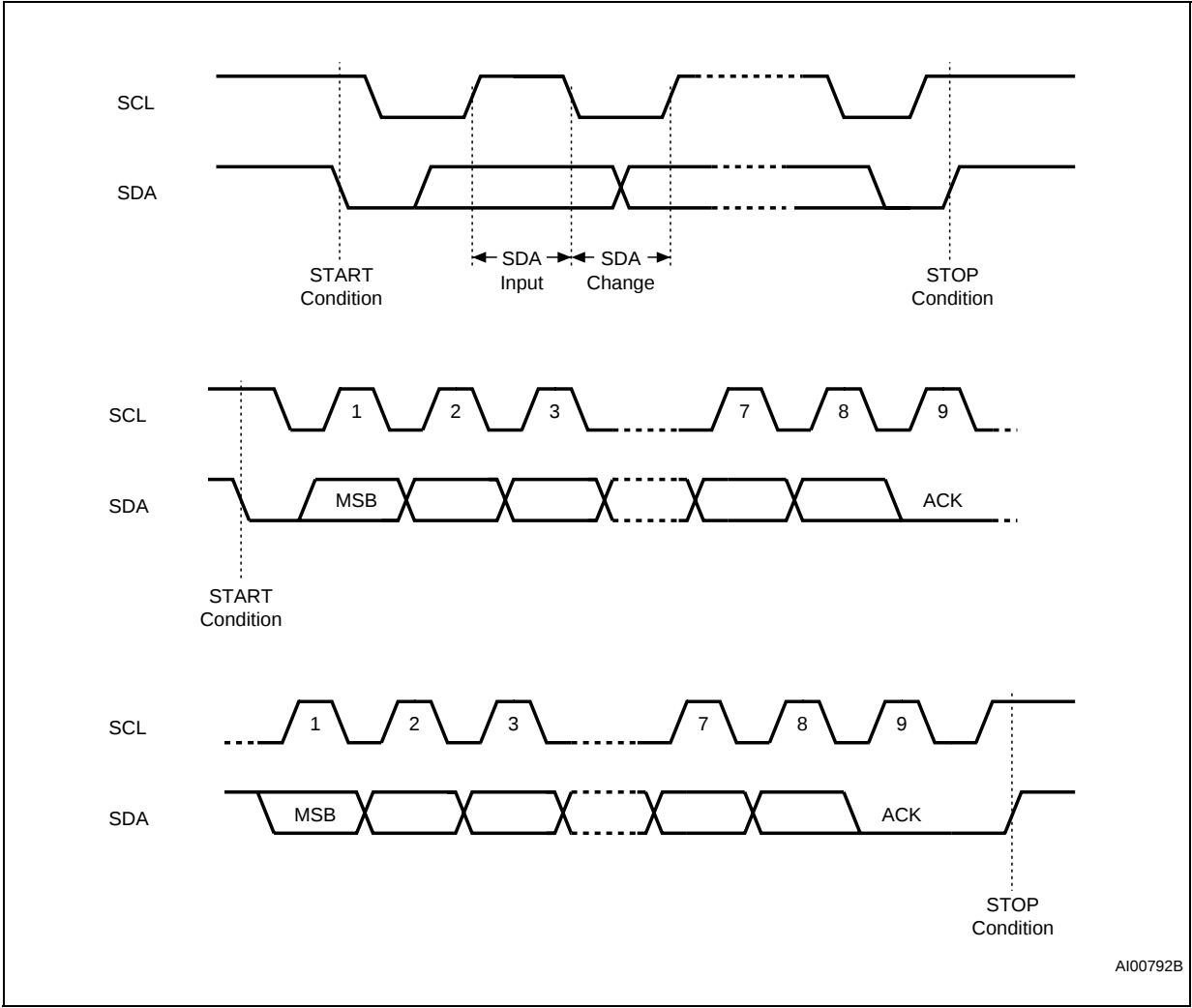


Table 2. Device Select Code

|                    | Device Type Identifier <sup>1</sup> |    |    |    | Chip Enable <sup>2,3</sup> |    |    | R $\overline{W}$ |
|--------------------|-------------------------------------|----|----|----|----------------------------|----|----|------------------|
|                    | b7                                  | b6 | b5 | b4 | b3                         | b2 | b1 | b0               |
| M24C01 Select Code | 1                                   | 0  | 1  | 0  | E2                         | E1 | E0 | R $\overline{W}$ |
| M24C02 Select Code | 1                                   | 0  | 1  | 0  | E2                         | E1 | E0 | R $\overline{W}$ |
| M24C04 Select Code | 1                                   | 0  | 1  | 0  | E2                         | E1 | A8 | R $\overline{W}$ |
| M24C08 Select Code | 1                                   | 0  | 1  | 0  | E2                         | A9 | A8 | R $\overline{W}$ |
| M24C16 Select Code | 1                                   | 0  | 1  | 0  | A10                        | A9 | A8 | R $\overline{W}$ |

Note: 1. The most significant bit, b7, is sent first.  
2. E0, E1 and E2 are compared against the respective external pins on the memory device.  
3. A10, A9 and A8 represent most significant bits of the address.

## DEVICE OPERATION

The device supports the I<sup>2</sup>C protocol. This is summarized in Figure 5. Any device that sends data on to the bus is defined to be a transmitter, and any device that reads the data to be a receiver. The device that controls the data transfer is known as the bus master, and the other as the slave device. A data transfer can only be initiated by the bus master, which will also provide the serial clock for synchronization. The M24Cxx device is always a slave in all communication.

### Start Condition

Start is identified by a falling edge of Serial Data (SDA) while Serial Clock (SCL) is stable in the High state. A Start condition must precede any data transfer command. The device continuously monitors (except during a Write cycle) Serial Data (SDA) and Serial Clock (SCL) for a Start condition, and will not respond unless one is given.

### Stop Condition

Stop is identified by a rising edge of Serial Data (SDA) while Serial Clock (SCL) is stable and driven High. A Stop condition terminates communication between the device and the bus master. A Read command that is followed by NoAck can be followed by a Stop condition to force the device into the Stand-by mode. A Stop condition at the end of a Write command triggers the internal EEPROM Write cycle.

### Acknowledge Bit (ACK)

The acknowledge bit is used to indicate a successful byte transfer. The bus transmitter, whether it be bus master or slave device, releases Serial Data (SDA) after sending eight bits of data. During the 9<sup>th</sup> clock pulse period, the receiver pulls Serial Data (SDA) Low to acknowledge the receipt of the eight data bits.

### Data Input

During data input, the device samples Serial Data (SDA) on the rising edge of Serial Clock (SCL). For correct device operation, Serial Data (SDA)

must be stable during the rising edge of Serial Clock (SCL), and the Serial Data (SDA) signal must change *only* when Serial Clock (SCL) is driven Low.

### Memory Addressing

To start communication between the bus master and the slave device, the bus master must initiate a Start condition. Following this, the bus master sends the Device Select Code, shown in Table 2 (on Serial Data (SDA), most significant bit first).

The Device Select Code consists of a 4-bit Device Type Identifier, and a 3-bit Chip Enable "Address" (E2, E1, E0). To address the memory array, the 4-bit Device Type Identifier is 1010b.

When the Device Select Code is received on Serial Data (SDA), the device only responds if the Chip Enable Address is the same as the value on the Chip Enable (E0, E1, E2) inputs.

The 8<sup>th</sup> bit is the Read/Write bit ( $\overline{RW}$ ). This bit is set to 1 for Read and 0 for Write operations.

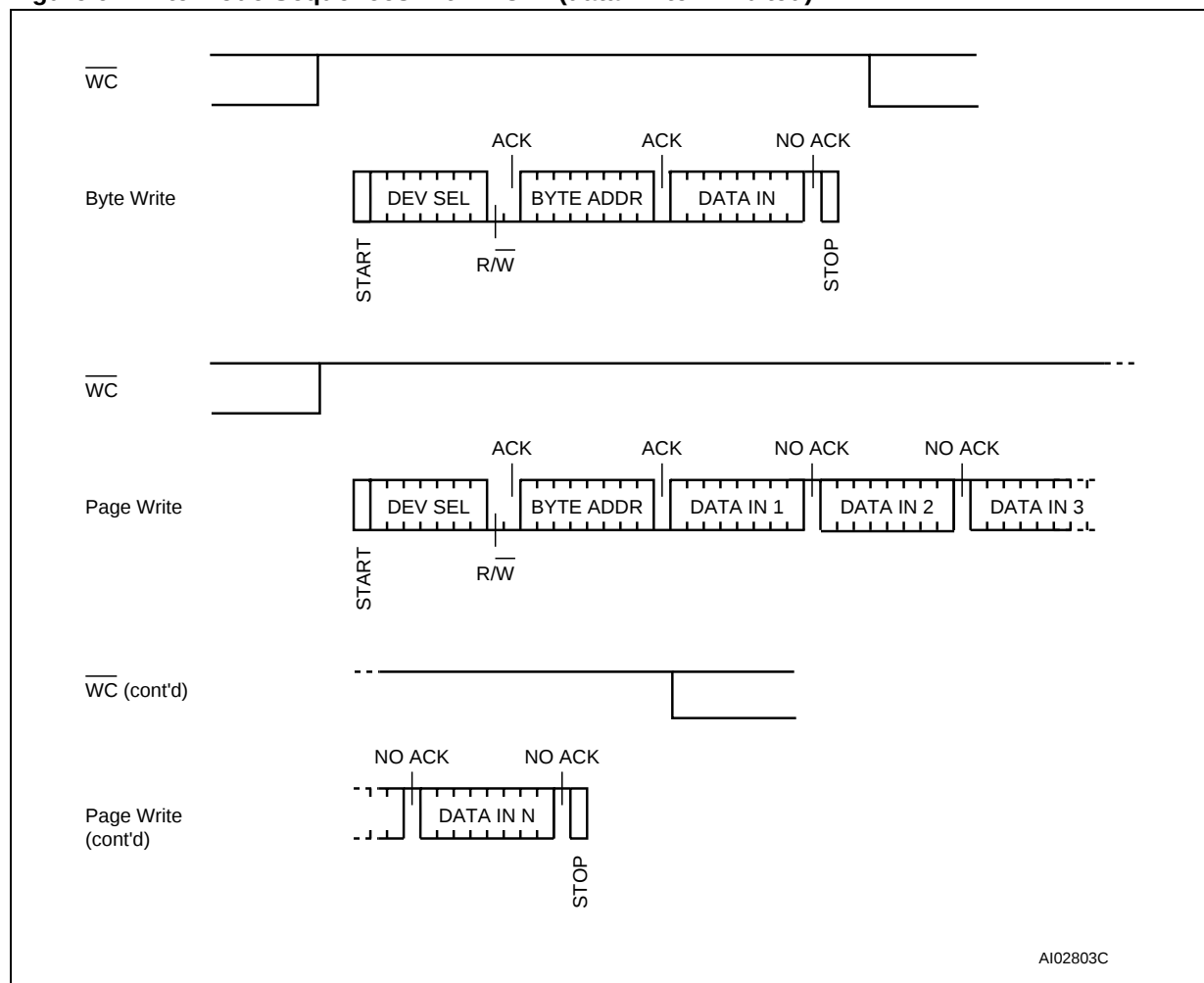
If a match occurs on the Device Select code, the corresponding device gives an acknowledgment on Serial Data (SDA) during the 9<sup>th</sup> bit time. If the device does not match the Device Select code, it deselects itself from the bus, and goes into Stand-by mode.

Devices with larger memory capacities (the M24C16, M24C08 and M24C04) need more address bits. E0 is not available for use on devices that need to use address line A8; E1 is not available for devices that need to use address line A9, and E2 is not available for devices that need to use address line A10 (see Figure 3 and Table 2 for details). Using the E0, E1 and E2 inputs pins, up to eight M24C02 (or M24C01), four M24C04, two M24C08 or one M24C16 device can be connected to one I<sup>2</sup>C bus. In each case, and in the hybrid cases, this gives a total memory capacity of 16 Kbits, 2 KBytes (except where M24C01 devices are used).

**Table 3. Operating Modes**

| Mode                 | $\overline{RW}$ bit | $\overline{WC}$ <sup>1</sup> | Bytes     | Initial Sequence                                    |
|----------------------|---------------------|------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| Current Address Read | 1                   | X                            | 1         | START, Device Select, $\overline{RW} = 1$           |
| Random Address Read  | 0                   | X                            | 1         | START, Device Select, $\overline{RW} = 0$ , Address |
|                      | 1                   | X                            |           | reSTART, Device Select, $\overline{RW} = 1$         |
| Sequential Read      | 1                   | X                            | $\geq 1$  | Similar to Current or Random Address Read           |
| Byte Write           | 0                   | V <sub>IL</sub>              | 1         | START, Device Select, $\overline{RW} = 0$           |
| Page Write           | 0                   | V <sub>IL</sub>              | $\leq 16$ | START, Device Select, $\overline{RW} = 0$           |

Note: 1. X = V<sub>IH</sub> OR V<sub>IL</sub>.

**Figure 6. Write Mode Sequences with  $\overline{WC}=1$  (data write inhibited)**

## Write Operations

Following a Start condition the bus master sends a Device Select Code with the R/W bit reset to 0. The device acknowledges this, as shown in Figure 7, and waits for an address byte. The device responds to the address byte with an acknowledge bit, and then waits for the data byte.

When the bus master generates a Stop condition immediately after the Ack bit (in the “10<sup>th</sup> bit” time slot), either at the end of a Byte Write or a Page Write, the internal memory Write cycle is triggered. A Stop condition at any other time slot does not trigger the internal Write cycle.

During the internal Write cycle, Serial Data (SDA) and Serial Clock (SCL) are ignored, and the device does not respond to any requests.

## Byte Write

After the Device Select code and the address byte, the bus master sends one data byte. If the addressed location is Write-protected, by Write Control ( $\overline{WC}$ ) being driven High (during the period from

the Start condition until the end of the address byte), the device replies to the data byte with NoAck, as shown in Figure 6, and the location is not modified. If, instead, the addressed location is not Write-protected, the device replies with Ack. The bus master terminates the transfer by generating a Stop condition, as shown in Figure 7.

## Page Write

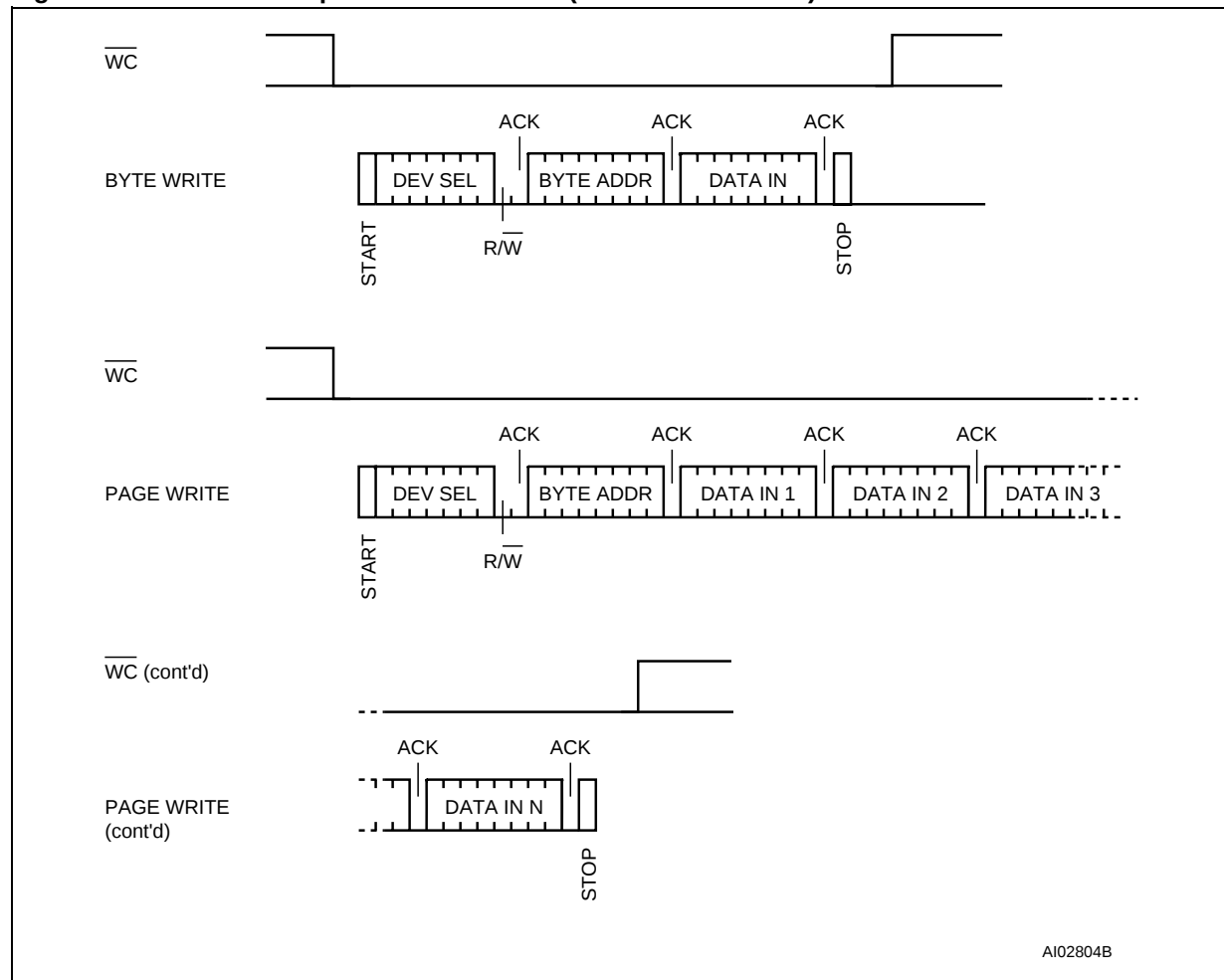
The Page Write mode allows up to 16 bytes to be written in a single Write cycle, provided that they are all located in the same page in the memory: that is, the most significant memory address bits are the same. If more bytes are sent than will fit up to the end of the page, a condition known as ‘roll-over’ occurs. This should be avoided, as data starts to become overwritten in an implementation dependent way.

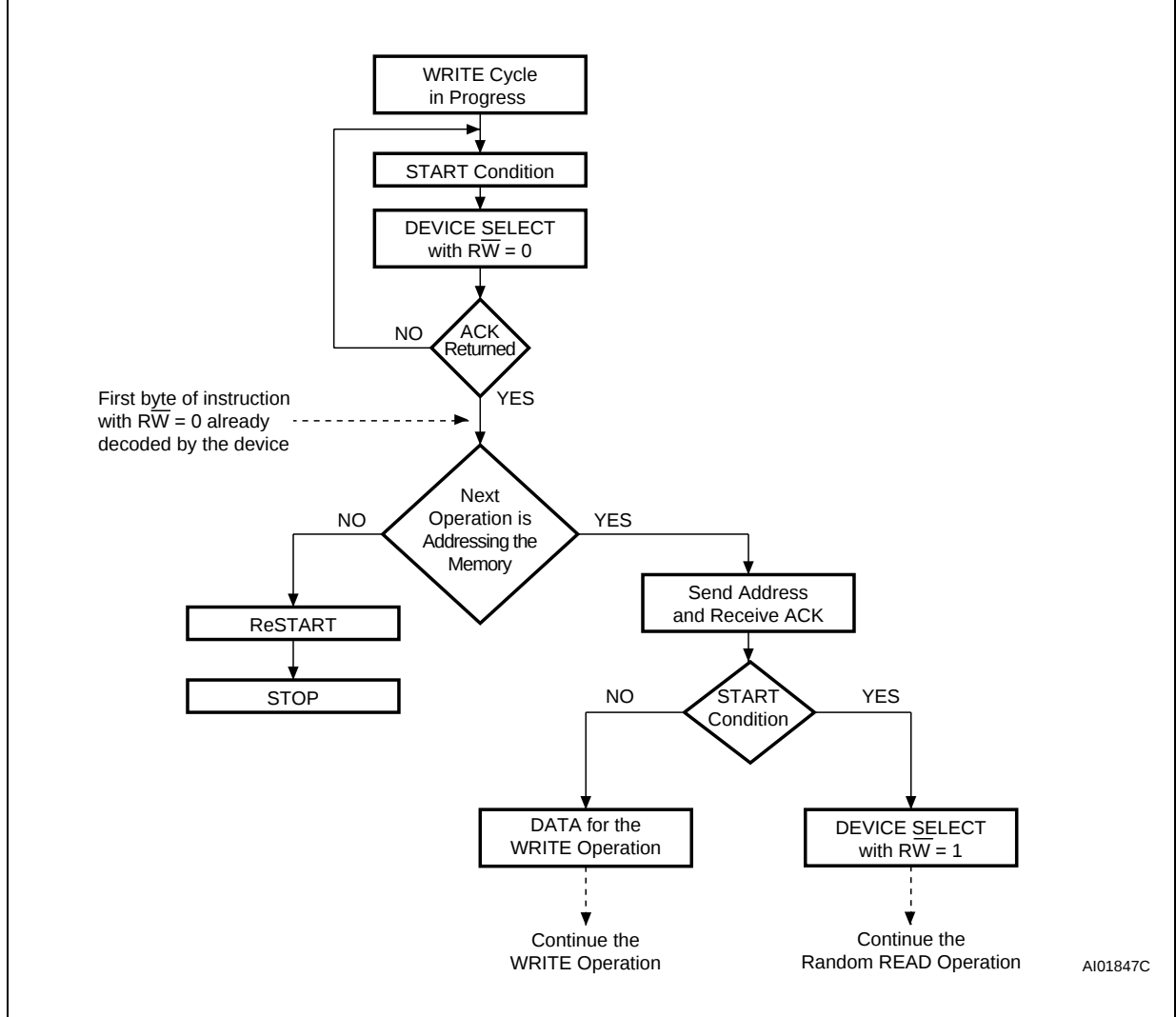
The bus master sends from 1 to 16 bytes of data, each of which is acknowledged by the device if Write Control ( $\overline{WC}$ ) is Low. If the addressed location is Write-protected, by Write Control ( $\overline{WC}$ ) being driven High (during the period from the Start

condition until the end of the address byte), the device replies to the data bytes with NoAck, as shown in Figure 6, and the locations are not modified. After each byte is transferred, the internal

byte address counter (the 4 least significant address bits only) is incremented. The transfer is terminated by the bus master generating a Stop condition.

**Figure 7. Write Mode Sequences with  $\overline{WC}=0$  (data write enabled)**





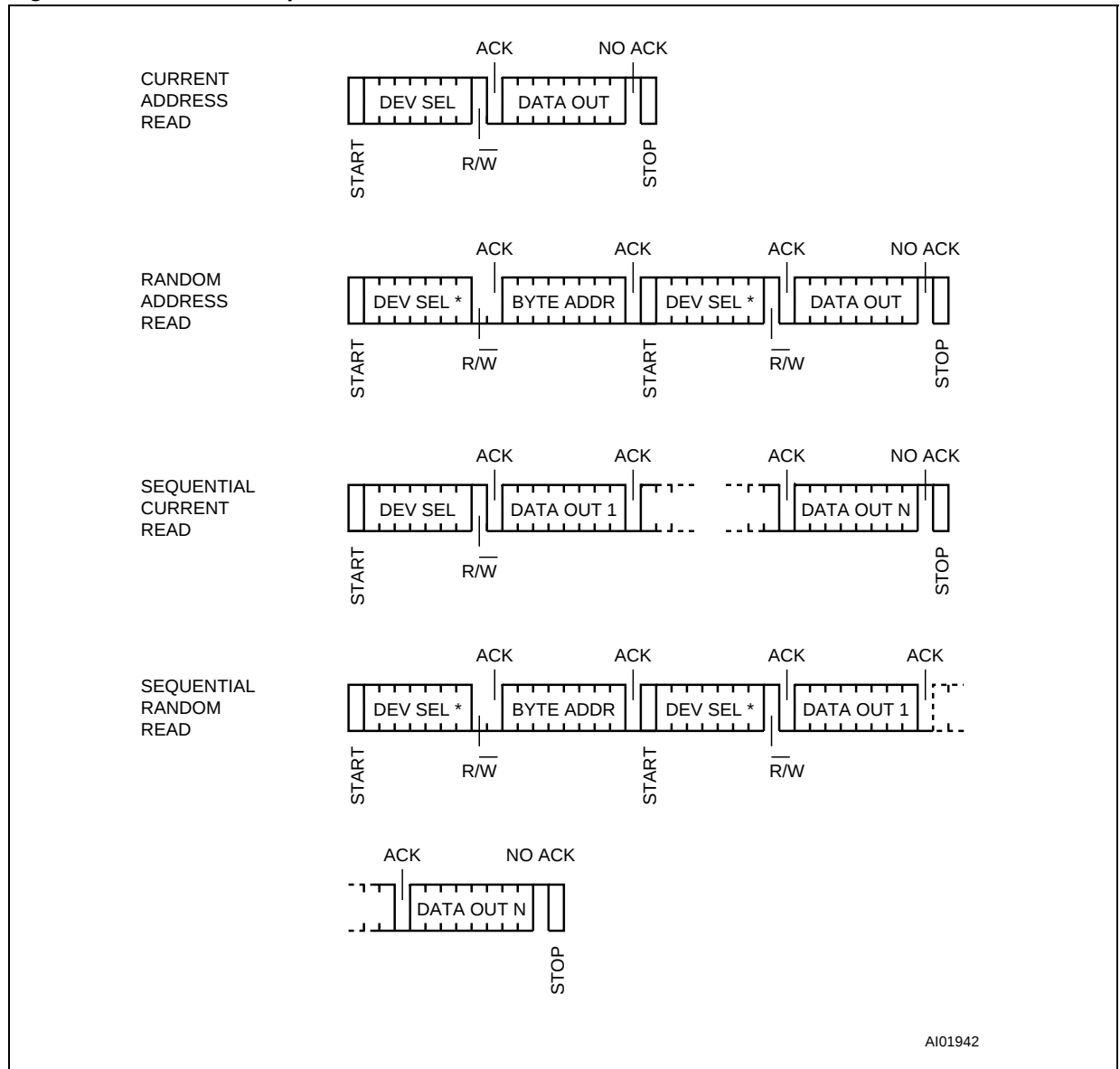
During the internal Write cycle, the device discon-

during the internal Write cycle, the device disconnects itself from the bus, and writes a copy of the data from its internal latches to the memory cells. The maximum Write time ( $t_w$ ) is shown in Tables 19 to 21, but the typical time is shorter. To make use of this, a polling sequence can be used by the bus master.

Initial condition: a Write cycle is in pro

- Step 1: the bus master issues a Start condition followed by a Device Select Code (the first byte of the new instruction).
- Step 2: if the device is busy with the internal Write cycle, no Ack will be returned and the bus master goes back to Step 1. If the device has terminated the internal Write cycle, it responds with an Ack, indicating that the device is ready to receive the second part of the instruction (the first byte of this instruction having been sent during Step 1).

Figure 9. Read Mode Sequences



Note: 1. The seven most significant bits of the Device Select Code of a Random Read (in the 1<sup>st</sup> and 3<sup>rd</sup> bytes) must be identical.

### Read Operations

Read operations are performed independently of the state of the Write Control ( $\overline{WC}$ ) signal.

#### Random Address Read

A dummy Write is performed to load the address into the address counter (as shown in Figure 9) but *without* sending a Stop condition. Then, the bus master sends another Start condition, and repeats the Device Select Code, with the RW bit set to 1. The device acknowledges this, and outputs the contents of the addressed byte. The bus master must *not* acknowledge the byte, and terminates the transfer with a Stop condition.

#### Current Address Read

The device has an internal address counter which is incremented each time a byte is read. For the Current Address Read operation, following a Start condition, the bus master only sends a Device Select Code with the RW bit set to 1. The device acknowledges this, and outputs the byte addressed by the internal address counter. The counter is then incremented. The bus master terminates the transfer with a Stop condition, as shown in Figure 9, *without* acknowledging the byte.

#### Sequential Read

This operation can be used after a Current Address Read or a Random Address Read. The bus

master *does* acknowledge the data byte output, and sends additional clock pulses so that the device continues to output the next byte in sequence. To terminate the stream of bytes, the bus master must *not* acknowledge the last byte, and *must* generate a Stop condition, as shown in Figure 9.

The output data comes from consecutive addresses, with the internal address counter automatically incremented after each byte output. After the last memory address, the address counter 'rolls-over', and the device continues to output data from memory address 00h.

#### **Acknowledge in Read Mode**

For all Read commands, the device waits, after each byte read, for an acknowledgment during the

9<sup>th</sup> bit time. If the bus master does not drive Serial Data (SDA) Low during this time, the device terminates the data transfer and switches to its Stand-by mode.

#### **INITIAL DELIVERY STATE**

The device is delivered with the memory array erased: all bits are set to 1 (each byte contains FFh).

**MAXIMUM RATING**

Stressing the device above the rating listed in the Absolute Maximum Ratings" table may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the Operating sections of this specification is not im-

plied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. Refer also to the STMicroelectronics SURE Program and other relevant quality documents.

**Table 4. Absolute Maximum Ratings**

| Symbol            | Parameter                                                                                                                          | Min.  | Max.              | Unit |
|-------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------------|------|
| T <sub>STG</sub>  | Storage Temperature                                                                                                                | −65   | 150               | °C   |
| T <sub>LEAD</sub> | Lead Temperature during Soldering<br>PDIP: 10 seconds<br>SO: 20 seconds (max) <sup>1</sup><br>TSSOP: 20 seconds (max) <sup>1</sup> |       | 260<br>235<br>235 | °C   |
| V <sub>IO</sub>   | Input or Output range                                                                                                              | −0.6  | 6.5               | V    |
| V <sub>CC</sub>   | Supply Voltage                                                                                                                     | −0.3  | 6.5               | V    |
| V <sub>ESD</sub>  | Electrostatic Discharge Voltage (Human Body model) <sup>2</sup>                                                                    | −4000 | 4000              | V    |

Note: 1. IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020A

2. JEDEC Std JESD22-A114A (C1=100 pF, R1=1500 Ω, R2=500 Ω)

**DC AND AC PARAMETERS**

This section summarizes the operating and measurement conditions, and the DC and AC characteristics of the device. The parameters in the DC and AC Characteristic tables that follow are derived from tests performed under the Measure-

ment Conditions summarized in the relevant tables. Designers should check that the operating conditions in their circuit match the measurement conditions when relying on the quoted parameters.

**Table 5. Operating Conditions (M24Cxx-xx6)**

| Symbol          | Parameter                     | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Supply Voltage                | 4.5  | 5.5  | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Ambient Operating Temperature | −40  | 85   | °C   |

**Table 6. Operating Conditions (M24Cxx-xx3)**

| Symbol          | Parameter                     | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Supply Voltage                | 4.5  | 5.5  | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Ambient Operating Temperature | −40  | 125  | °C   |

**Table 7. Operating Conditions (M24Cxx-Wxx6)**

| Symbol          | Parameter                     | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Supply Voltage                | 2.5  | 5.5  | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Ambient Operating Temperature | −40  | 85   | °C   |

**Table 8. Operating Conditions (M24Cxx-Wxx3)**

| Symbol          | Parameter                     | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Supply Voltage                | 2.5  | 5.5  | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Ambient Operating Temperature | −40  | 125  | °C   |

**Table 9. Operating Conditions (M24Cxx-Lxx6)**

| Symbol          | Parameter                     | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Supply Voltage                | 2.2  | 5.5  | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Ambient Operating Temperature | −40  | 85   | °C   |

**Table 10. Operating Conditions (M24Cxx-Rxx6)**

| Symbol          | Parameter                     | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|------|------|------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Supply Voltage                | 1.8  | 5.5  | V    |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Ambient Operating Temperature | −40  | 85   | °C   |

Table 11. AC Measurement Conditions

| Symbol | Parameter                                | Min.                       | Max. | Unit |
|--------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------|------|------|
| $C_L$  | Load Capacitance                         | 100                        |      | pF   |
|        | Input Rise and Fall Times                |                            | 50   | ns   |
|        | Input Levels                             | $0.2V_{CC}$ to $0.8V_{CC}$ |      | V    |
|        | Input and Output Timing Reference Levels | $0.3V_{CC}$ to $0.7V_{CC}$ |      | V    |

Figure 10. AC Measurement I/O Waveform

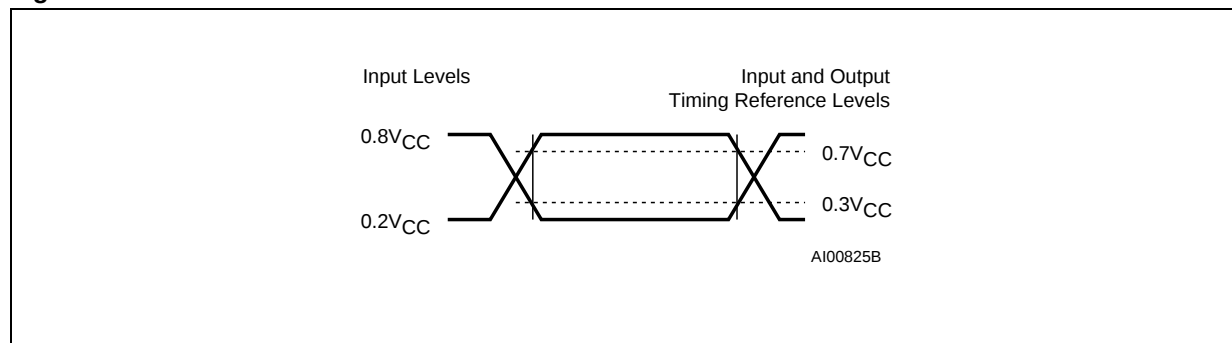


Table 12. Input Parameters

| Symbol    | Parameter <sup>1,2</sup>                          | Test Condition       | Min. | Max. | Unit       |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------|------|------------|
| $C_{IN}$  | Input Capacitance (SDA)                           |                      |      | 8    | pF         |
| $C_{IN}$  | Input Capacitance (other pins)                    |                      |      | 6    | pF         |
| $Z_{WCL}$ | $\overline{WC}$ Input Impedance                   | $V_{IN} < 0.5 V$     | 5    | 70   | k $\Omega$ |
| $Z_{WCH}$ | $\overline{WC}$ Input Impedance                   | $V_{IN} > 0.7V_{CC}$ | 500  |      | k $\Omega$ |
| $t_{NS}$  | Pulse width ignored (Input Filter on SCL and SDA) | Single glitch        |      | 100  | ns         |

Note: 1.  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ ,  $f = 400 kHz$

2. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

Table 13. DC Characteristics (M24Cxx-xx6)

| Symbol    | Parameter                                                   | Test Condition<br>(in addition to those in Table 5)   | Min.        | Max.        | Unit    |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| $I_{LI}$  | Input Leakage Current (SCL, SDA)                            | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$                  |             | $\pm 2$     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{LO}$  | Output Leakage Current                                      | $V_{OUT} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , SDA in Hi-Z   |             | $\pm 2$     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{CC}$  | Supply Current                                              | $V_{CC}=5V$ , $f_c=400kHz$ (rise/fall time < 30ns)    |             | 2           | mA      |
| $I_{CC1}$ | Stand-by Supply Current                                     | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , $V_{CC} = 5 V$ |             | 1           | $\mu A$ |
| $V_{IL}$  | Input Low Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA)                    |                                                       | -0.3        | $0.3V_{CC}$ | V       |
|           | Input Low Voltage ( $\overline{WC}$ )                       |                                                       | -0.3        | 0.5         | V       |
| $V_{IH}$  | Input High Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA, $\overline{WC}$ ) |                                                       | $0.7V_{CC}$ | $V_{CC}+1$  | V       |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output Low Voltage                                          | $I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5 V$              |             | 0.4         | V       |

Table 14. DC Characteristics (M24Cxx-xx3)

| Symbol    | Parameter                                                   | Test Condition<br>(in addition to those in Table 6)   | Min.        | Max.        | Unit    |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| $I_{LI}$  | Input Leakage Current (SCL, SDA)                            | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$                  |             | $\pm 2$     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{LO}$  | Output Leakage Current                                      | $V_{OUT} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , SDA in Hi-Z   |             | $\pm 2$     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{CC}$  | Supply Current                                              | $V_{CC}=5V$ , $f_c=400kHz$ (rise/fall time < 30ns)    |             | 3           | mA      |
| $I_{CC1}$ | Stand-by Supply Current                                     | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , $V_{CC} = 5 V$ |             | 5           | $\mu A$ |
| $V_{IL}$  | Input Low Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA)                    |                                                       | -0.3        | $0.3V_{CC}$ | V       |
|           | Input Low Voltage ( $\overline{WC}$ )                       |                                                       | -0.3        | 0.5         | V       |
| $V_{IH}$  | Input High Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA, $\overline{WC}$ ) |                                                       | $0.7V_{CC}$ | $V_{CC}+1$  | V       |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output Low Voltage                                          | $I_{OL} = 3 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 5 V$              |             | 0.4         | V       |

**Table 15. DC Characteristics (M24Cxx-Wxx6)**

| Symbol    | Parameter                                                   | Test Condition<br>(in addition to those in Table 7)      | Min.        | Max.        | Unit    |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| $I_{LI}$  | Input Leakage Current (SCL, SDA)                            | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$                     |             | $\pm 2$     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{LO}$  | Output Leakage Current                                      | $V_{OUT} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , SDA in Hi-Z      |             | $\pm 2$     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{CC}$  | Supply Current                                              | $V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $f_c = 400kHz$ (rise/fall time < 30ns) |             | 1           | mA      |
| $I_{CC1}$ | Stand-by Supply Current                                     | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$  |             | 0.5         | $\mu A$ |
| $V_{IL}$  | Input Low Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA)                    |                                                          | -0.3        | $0.3V_{CC}$ | V       |
|           | Input Low Voltage ( $\overline{WC}$ )                       |                                                          | -0.3        | 0.5         | V       |
| $V_{IH}$  | Input High Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA, $\overline{WC}$ ) |                                                          | $0.7V_{CC}$ | $V_{CC}+1$  | V       |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output Low Voltage                                          | $I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$             |             | 0.4         | V       |

**Table 16. DC Characteristics (M24Cxx-Wxx3)**

| Symbol    | Parameter                                                   | Test Condition<br>(in addition to those in Table 8)      | Min. <sup>1</sup> | Max. <sup>1</sup> | Unit    |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|---------|
| $I_{LI}$  | Input Leakage Current (SCL, SDA)                            | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$                     |                   | $\pm 2$           | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{LO}$  | Output Leakage Current                                      | $V_{OUT} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , SDA in Hi-Z      |                   | $\pm 2$           | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{CC}$  | Supply Current                                              | $V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $f_c = 400kHz$ (rise/fall time < 30ns) |                   | 3                 | mA      |
| $I_{CC1}$ | Stand-by Supply Current                                     | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$  |                   | 2                 | $\mu A$ |
| $V_{IL}$  | Input Low Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA)                    |                                                          | -0.3              | $0.3V_{CC}$       | V       |
|           | Input Low Voltage ( $\overline{WC}$ )                       |                                                          | -0.3              | 0.5               | V       |
| $V_{IH}$  | Input High Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA, $\overline{WC}$ ) |                                                          | $0.7V_{CC}$       | $V_{CC}+1$        | V       |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output Low Voltage                                          | $I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$             |                   | 0.4               | V       |

Note: 1. This is preliminary data.

Table 17. DC Characteristics (M24Cxx-Lxx6)

| Symbol    | Parameter                                                   | Test Condition<br>(in addition to those in Table 9)      | Min.        | Max.        | Unit    |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------|
| $I_{LI}$  | Input Leakage Current (SCL, SDA)                            | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$                     |             | $\pm 2$     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{LO}$  | Output Leakage Current                                      | $V_{OUT} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , SDA in Hi-Z      |             | $\pm 2$     | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{CC}$  | Supply Current                                              | $V_{CC} = 2.5V$ , $f_c = 400kHz$ (rise/fall time < 30ns) |             | 1           | mA      |
| $I_{CC1}$ | Stand-by Supply Current                                     | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , $V_{CC} = 2.5 V$  |             | 0.5         | $\mu A$ |
| $V_{IL}$  | Input Low Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA)                    |                                                          | -0.3        | $0.3V_{CC}$ | V       |
|           | Input Low Voltage ( $\overline{WC}$ )                       |                                                          | -0.3        | 0.5         | V       |
| $V_{IH}$  | Input High Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA, $\overline{WC}$ ) |                                                          | $0.7V_{CC}$ | $V_{CC}+1$  | V       |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output Low Voltage                                          | $I_{OL} = 2.1 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 2.2 V$             |             | 0.4         | V       |

Table 18. DC Characteristics (M24Cxx-Rxx6)

| Symbol    | Parameter                                                   | Test Condition<br>(in addition to those in Table 10)     | Min.        | Max.          | Unit    |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|---------|
| $I_{LI}$  | Input Leakage Current (SCL, SDA)                            | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$                     |             | $\pm 2$       | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{LO}$  | Output Leakage Current                                      | $V_{OUT} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , SDA in Hi-Z      |             | $\pm 2$       | $\mu A$ |
| $I_{CC}$  | Supply Current                                              | $V_{CC} = 1.8V$ , $f_c = 400kHz$ (rise/fall time < 30ns) |             | 0.8           | mA      |
| $I_{CC1}$ | Stand-by Supply Current                                     | $V_{IN} = V_{SS} \text{ or } V_{CC}$ , $V_{CC} = 1.8 V$  |             | 0.3           | $\mu A$ |
| $V_{IL}$  | Input Low Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA)                    | $2.5 V \leq V_{CC}$                                      | -0.3        | $0.3 V_{CC}$  | V       |
|           |                                                             | $1.8 V \leq V_{CC} < 2.5 V$                              | -0.3        | $0.25 V_{CC}$ | V       |
|           | Input Low Voltage ( $\overline{WC}$ )                       |                                                          | -0.3        | 0.5           | V       |
| $V_{IH}$  | Input High Voltage (E2, E1, E0, SCL, SDA, $\overline{WC}$ ) |                                                          | $0.7V_{CC}$ | $V_{CC}+1$    | V       |
| $V_{OL}$  | Output Low Voltage                                          | $I_{OL} = 0.7 \text{ mA}$ , $V_{CC} = 1.8 V$             |             | 0.2           | V       |

**Table 19. AC Characteristics (M24Cxx-xx6, M24Cxx-Wxx3)**

| Test conditions specified in Table 11 and Table 5 or 8 |              |                                                      |                   |                   |      |
|--------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| Symbol                                                 | Alt.         | Parameter                                            | Min. <sup>4</sup> | Max. <sup>4</sup> | Unit |
| $f_C$                                                  | $f_{SCL}$    | Clock Frequency                                      |                   | 400               | kHz  |
| $t_{CHCL}$                                             | $t_{HIGH}$   | Clock Pulse Width High                               | 600               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CLCH}$                                             | $t_{LOW}$    | Clock Pulse Width Low                                | 1300              |                   | ns   |
| $t_{DL1DL2}^2$                                         | $t_F$        | SDA Fall Time                                        | 20                | 300               | ns   |
| $t_{DXX}$                                              | $t_{SU:DAT}$ | Data In Set Up Time                                  | 100               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CLDX}$                                             | $t_{HD:DAT}$ | Data In Hold Time                                    | 0                 |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CLQX}$                                             | $t_{DH}$     | Data Out Hold Time                                   | 200               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CLQV}^3$                                           | $t_{AA}$     | Clock Low to Next Data Valid (Access Time)           | 200               | 900               | ns   |
| $t_{CHDX}^1$                                           | $t_{SU:STA}$ | Start Condition Set Up Time                          | 600               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{DLCL}$                                             | $t_{HD:STA}$ | Start Condition Hold Time                            | 600               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CHDH}$                                             | $t_{SU:STO}$ | Stop Condition Set Up Time                           | 600               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{DHDL}$                                             | $t_{BUF}$    | Time between Stop Condition and Next Start Condition | 1300              |                   | ns   |
| $t_W$                                                  | $t_{WR}$     | Write Time                                           |                   | 5                 | ms   |

Note: 1. For a reSTART condition, or following a Write cycle.

2. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

3. To avoid spurious START and STOP conditions, a minimum delay is placed between SCL=1 and the falling or rising edge of SDA.

4. This is preliminary data for M24Cxx-Wxx3.

**Table 20. AC Characteristics (M24Cxx-xx3, M24Cxx-Wxx6, M24Cxx-Lxx6)**

| Test conditions specified in Table 11 and Table 6 or 7 or 9 |              |                                                      |      |                      |      |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------|------|
| Symbol                                                      | Alt.         | Parameter                                            | Min. | Max.                 | Unit |
| $f_C$                                                       | $f_{SCL}$    | Clock Frequency                                      |      | 400                  | kHz  |
| $t_{CHCL}$                                                  | $t_{HIGH}$   | Clock Pulse Width High                               | 600  |                      | ns   |
| $t_{CLCH}$                                                  | $t_{LOW}$    | Clock Pulse Width Low                                | 1300 |                      | ns   |
| $t_{DL1DL2}^2$                                              | $t_F$        | SDA Fall Time                                        | 20   | 300                  | ns   |
| $t_{DXX}$                                                   | $t_{SU:DAT}$ | Data In Set Up Time                                  | 100  |                      | ns   |
| $t_{CLDX}$                                                  | $t_{HD:DAT}$ | Data In Hold Time                                    | 0    |                      | ns   |
| $t_{CLQX}$                                                  | $t_{DH}$     | Data Out Hold Time                                   | 200  |                      | ns   |
| $t_{CLQV}^3$                                                | $t_{AA}$     | Clock Low to Next Data Valid (Access Time)           | 200  | 900                  | ns   |
| $t_{CHDX}^1$                                                | $t_{SU:STA}$ | Start Condition Set Up Time                          | 600  |                      | ns   |
| $t_{DLCL}$                                                  | $t_{HD:STA}$ | Start Condition Hold Time                            | 600  |                      | ns   |
| $t_{CHDH}$                                                  | $t_{SU:STO}$ | Stop Condition Set Up Time                           | 600  |                      | ns   |
| $t_{DHDL}$                                                  | $t_{BUF}$    | Time between Stop Condition and Next Start Condition | 1300 |                      | ns   |
| $t_W$                                                       | $t_{WR}$     | Write Time                                           |      | 10 or <sup>4</sup> 5 | ms   |

Note: 1. For a reSTART condition, or following a Write cycle.

2. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

3. To avoid spurious START and STOP conditions, a minimum delay is placed between SCL=1 and the falling or rising edge of SDA.

4. 10ms write time is offered on the standard device. 5ms write time is offered on new products bearing the Process Identification letter "W" on the package, as described in Table 23.

Table 21. AC Characteristics (M24Cxx-Rxx6)

| Test conditions specified in Table 11 and Table 10 |              |                                                      |      |      |                   |                   |      |
|----------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| Symbol                                             | Alt.         | Parameter                                            | Min. | Max. | Min. <sup>4</sup> | Max. <sup>4</sup> | Unit |
| $f_C$                                              | $f_{SCL}$    | Clock Frequency                                      |      | 100  |                   | 400               | kHz  |
| $t_{CHCL}$                                         | $t_{HIGH}$   | Clock Pulse Width High                               | 4000 |      | 600               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CLCH}$                                         | $t_{LOW}$    | Clock Pulse Width Low                                | 4700 |      | 1300              |                   | ns   |
| $t_{DL1DL2}^2$                                     | $t_F$        | SDA Fall Time                                        | 20   | 300  | 20                | 300               | ns   |
| $t_{DXCX}$                                         | $t_{SU:DAT}$ | Data In Set Up Time                                  | 250  |      | 100               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CLDX}$                                         | $t_{HD:DAT}$ | Data In Hold Time                                    | 0    |      | 0                 |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CLQX}$                                         | $t_{DH}$     | Data Out Hold Time                                   | 200  |      | 200               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CLQV}^3$                                       | $t_{AA}$     | Clock Low to Next Data Valid (Access Time)           | 200  | 3500 | 200               | 900               | ns   |
| $t_{CHDX}^1$                                       | $t_{SU:STA}$ | Start Condition Set Up Time                          | 4700 |      | 600               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{DLCL}$                                         | $t_{HD:STA}$ | Start Condition Hold Time                            | 4000 |      | 600               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{CHDH}$                                         | $t_{SU:STO}$ | Stop Condition Set Up Time                           | 4000 |      | 600               |                   | ns   |
| $t_{DHDL}$                                         | $t_{BUF}$    | Time between Stop Condition and Next Start Condition | 4700 |      | 1300              |                   | ns   |
| $t_W$                                              | $t_{WR}$     | Write Time                                           |      | 10   |                   | 5                 | ms   |

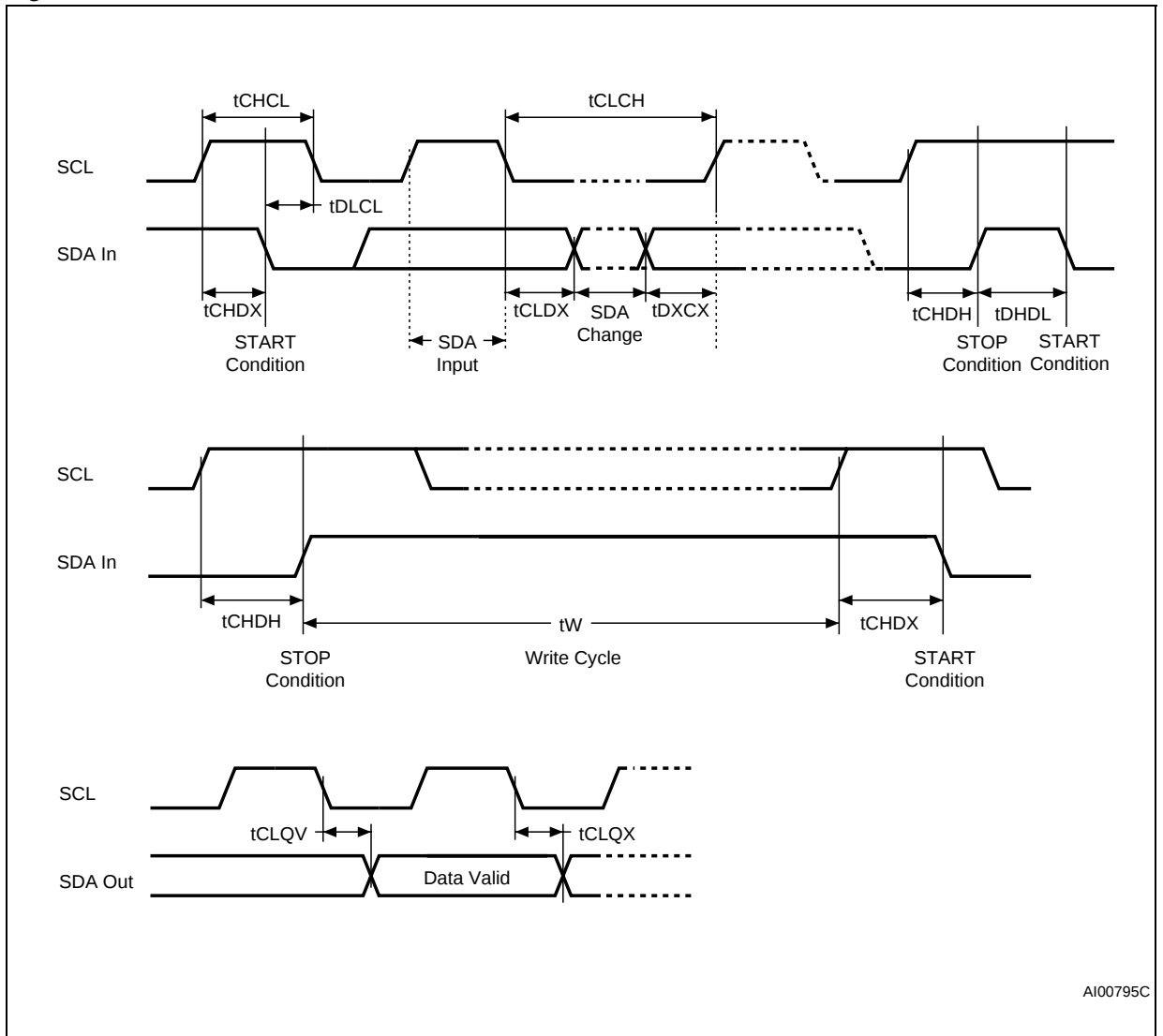
Note: 1. For a reSTART condition, or following a Write cycle.

2. Sampled only, not 100% tested.

3. To avoid spurious START and STOP conditions, a minimum delay is placed between SCL=1 and the falling or rising edge of SDA.

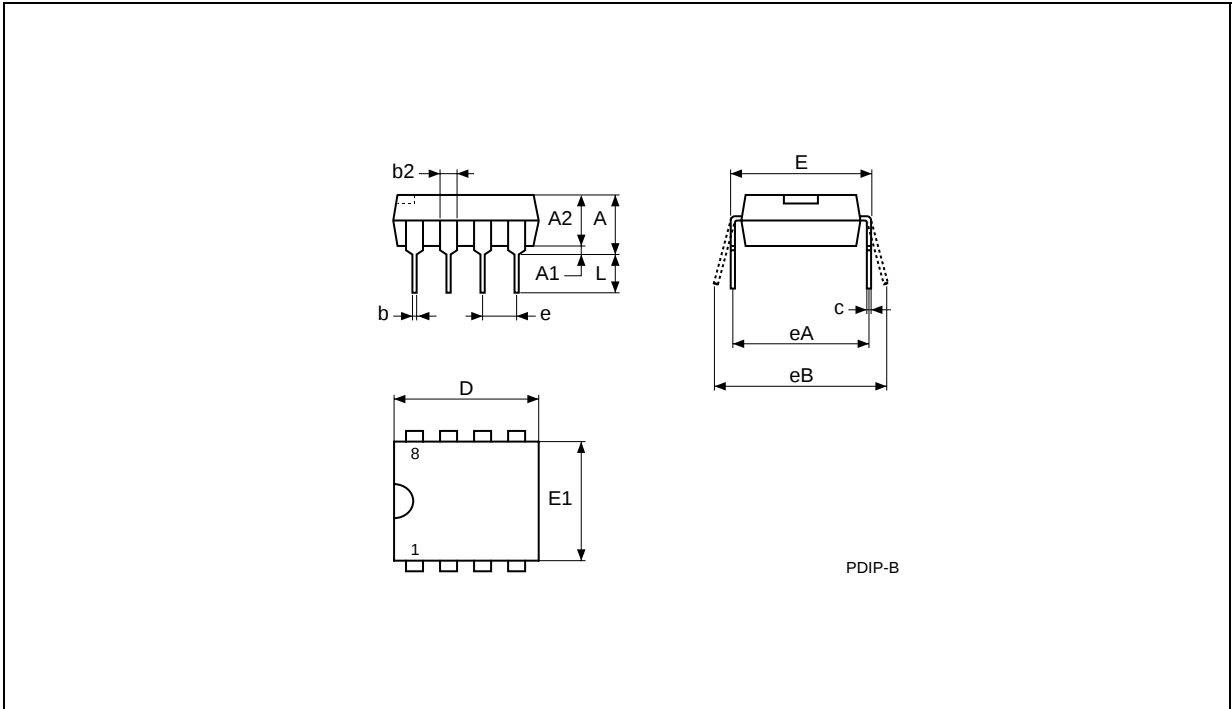
4. 100kHz clock frequency is offered on the standard device. 400kHz clock frequency is offered on new products bearing the Process Identification letter "W" on the package, as described in Table 23.

Figure 11. AC Waveforms



PACKAGE MECHANICAL

PDIP8 – 8 pin Plastic DIP, 0.25mm lead frame, Package Outline

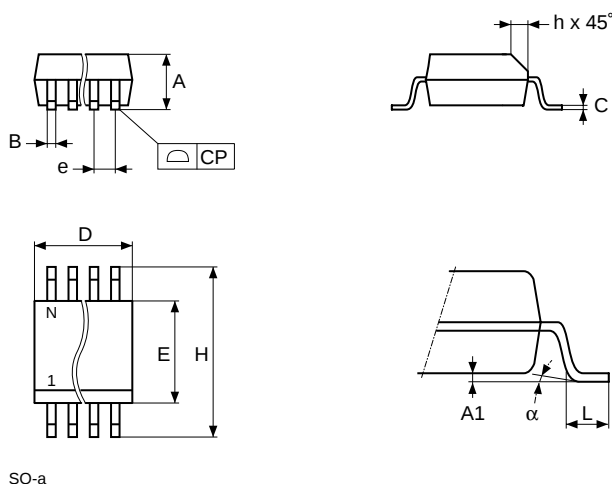


Notes: 1. Drawing is not to scale.

PDIP8 – 8 pin Plastic DIP, 0.25mm lead frame, Package Mechanical Data

| Symb. | mm   |      |       | inches |       |       |
|-------|------|------|-------|--------|-------|-------|
|       | Typ. | Min. | Max.  | Typ.   | Min.  | Max.  |
| A     |      |      | 5.33  |        |       | 0.210 |
| A1    |      | 0.38 |       |        | 0.015 |       |
| A2    | 3.30 | 2.92 | 4.95  | 0.130  | 0.115 | 0.195 |
| b     | 0.46 | 0.36 | 0.56  | 0.018  | 0.014 | 0.022 |
| b2    | 1.52 | 1.14 | 1.78  | 0.060  | 0.045 | 0.070 |
| c     | 0.25 | 0.20 | 0.36  | 0.010  | 0.008 | 0.014 |
| D     | 9.27 | 9.02 | 10.16 | 0.365  | 0.355 | 0.400 |
| E     | 7.87 | 7.62 | 8.26  | 0.310  | 0.300 | 0.325 |
| E1    | 6.35 | 6.10 | 7.11  | 0.250  | 0.240 | 0.280 |
| e     | 2.54 | –    | –     | 0.100  | –     | –     |
| eA    | 7.62 | –    | –     | 0.300  | –     | –     |
| eB    |      |      | 10.92 |        |       | 0.430 |
| L     | 3.30 | 2.92 | 3.81  | 0.130  | 0.115 | 0.150 |

## SO8 narrow – 8 lead Plastic Small Outline, 150 mils body width, Package Outline

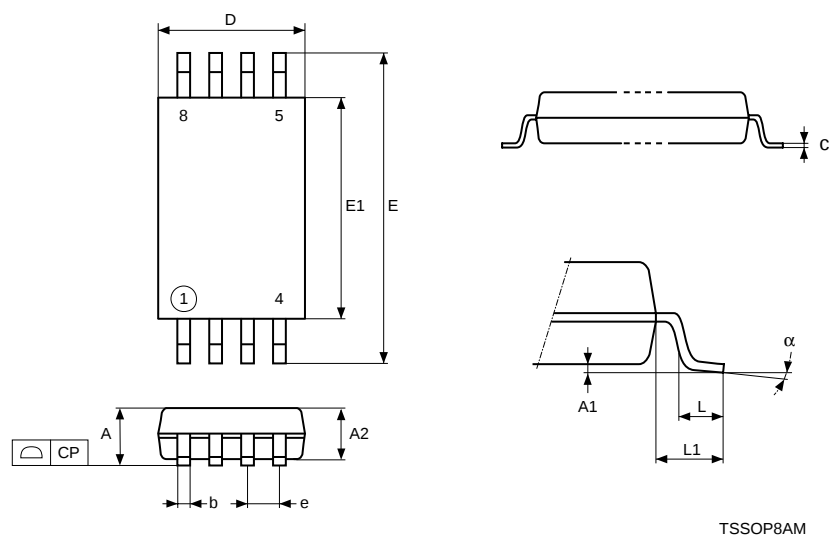


Note: Drawing is not to scale.

## SO8 narrow – 8 lead Plastic Small Outline, 150 mils body width, Package Mechanical Data

| Symb.    | mm   |      |      | inches |       |       |
|----------|------|------|------|--------|-------|-------|
|          | Typ. | Min. | Max. | Typ.   | Min.  | Max.  |
| A        |      | 1.35 | 1.75 |        | 0.053 | 0.069 |
| A1       |      | 0.10 | 0.25 |        | 0.004 | 0.010 |
| B        |      | 0.33 | 0.51 |        | 0.013 | 0.020 |
| C        |      | 0.19 | 0.25 |        | 0.007 | 0.010 |
| D        |      | 4.80 | 5.00 |        | 0.189 | 0.197 |
| E        |      | 3.80 | 4.00 |        | 0.150 | 0.157 |
| e        | 1.27 | —    | —    | 0.050  | —     | —     |
| H        |      | 5.80 | 6.20 |        | 0.228 | 0.244 |
| h        |      | 0.25 | 0.50 |        | 0.010 | 0.020 |
| L        |      | 0.40 | 0.90 |        | 0.016 | 0.035 |
| $\alpha$ |      | 0°   | 8°   |        | 0°    | 8°    |
| N        | 8    |      |      | 8      |       |       |
| CP       |      |      | 0.10 |        |       | 0.004 |

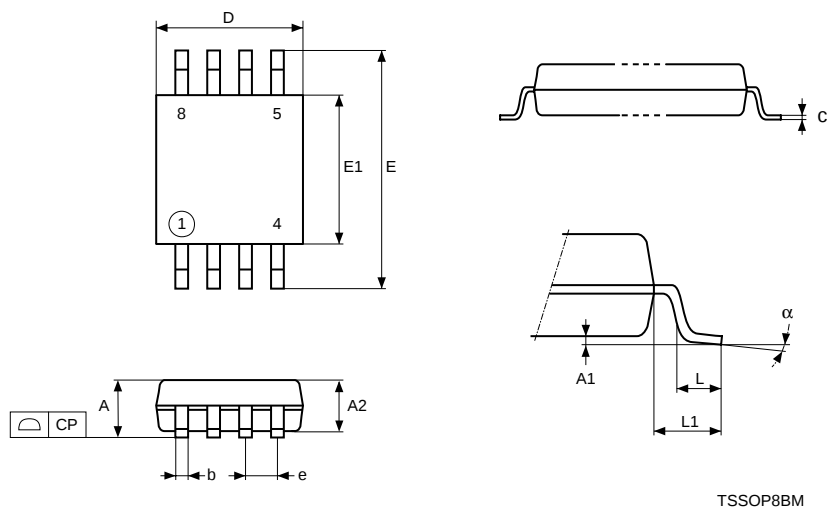
## TSSOP8 – 8 lead Thin Shrink Small Outline, Package Outline



Notes: 1. Drawing is not to scale.

## TSSOP8 – 8 lead Thin Shrink Small Outline, Package Mechanical Data

| Symbol   | mm    |       |       | inches |        |        |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
|          | Typ.  | Min.  | Max.  | Typ.   | Min.   | Max.   |
| A        |       |       | 1.200 |        |        | 0.0472 |
| A1       |       | 0.050 | 0.150 |        | 0.0020 | 0.0059 |
| A2       | 1.000 | 0.800 | 1.050 | 0.0394 | 0.0315 | 0.0413 |
| b        |       | 0.190 | 0.300 |        | 0.0075 | 0.0118 |
| c        |       | 0.090 | 0.200 |        | 0.0035 | 0.0079 |
| CP       |       |       | 0.100 |        |        | 0.0039 |
| D        | 3.000 | 2.900 | 3.100 | 0.1181 | 0.1142 | 0.1220 |
| e        | 0.650 | —     | —     | 0.0256 | —      | —      |
| E        | 6.400 | 6.200 | 6.600 | 0.2520 | 0.2441 | 0.2598 |
| E1       | 4.400 | 4.300 | 4.500 | 0.1732 | 0.1693 | 0.1772 |
| L        | 0.600 | 0.450 | 0.750 | 0.0236 | 0.0177 | 0.0295 |
| L1       | 1.000 |       |       | 0.0394 |        |        |
| $\alpha$ |       | 0°    | 8°    |        | 0°     | 8°     |

TSSOP8 3x3mm<sup>2</sup> – 8 lead Thin Shrink Small Outline, 3x3mm<sup>2</sup> body size, Package Outline

Notes: 1. Drawing is not to scale.

TSSOP8 3x3mm<sup>2</sup> – 8 lead Thin Shrink Small Outline, 3x3mm<sup>2</sup> body size, Package Mechanical Data

| Symbol | mm    |       |       | inches |        |        |
|--------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|
|        | Typ.  | Min.  | Max.  | Typ.   | Min.   | Max.   |
| A      |       |       | 1.100 |        |        | 0.0433 |
| A1     |       | 0.050 | 0.150 |        | 0.0020 | 0.0059 |
| A2     | 0.850 | 0.750 | 0.950 | 0.0335 | 0.0295 | 0.0374 |
| b      |       | 0.250 | 0.400 |        | 0.0098 | 0.0157 |
| c      |       | 0.130 | 0.230 |        | 0.0051 | 0.0091 |
| D      | 3.000 | 2.900 | 3.100 | 0.1181 | 0.1142 | 0.1220 |
| E      | 4.900 | 4.650 | 5.150 | 0.1929 | 0.1831 | 0.2028 |
| E1     | 3.000 | 2.900 | 3.100 | 0.1181 | 0.1142 | 0.1220 |
| e      | 0.650 | —     | —     | 0.0256 | —      | —      |
| CP     |       |       | 0.100 |        |        | 0.0039 |
| L      | 0.550 | 0.400 | 0.700 | 0.0217 | 0.0157 | 0.0276 |
| L1     | 0.950 |       |       | 0.0374 |        |        |
| α      |       | 0°    | 6°    |        | 0°     | 6°     |

## PART NUMBERING

Table 22. Ordering Information Scheme

|                                                         |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
|---------------------------------------------------------|--------|---|---|----|---|---|----|
| Example:                                                | M24C08 | – | W | DW | 6 | T | /W |
| <b>Device Type</b>                                      |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| M24 = I <sup>2</sup> C serial access EEPROM             |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| <b>Device Function</b>                                  |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| 16 = 16 Kbit (2048 x 8)                                 |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| 08 = 8 Kbit (1024 x 8)                                  |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| 04 = 4 Kbit (512 x 8)                                   |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| 02 = 2 Kbit (256 x 8)                                   |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| 01 = 1 Kbit (128 x 8)                                   |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| <b>Operating Voltage</b>                                |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| blank = V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 to 5.5V (400kHz)          |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| W <sup>1</sup> = V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 to 5.5V (400kHz) |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| L = V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 to 5.5V (400kHz)              |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| R = V <sub>CC</sub> = 1.8 to 5.5V (400kHz)              |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| <b>Package</b>                                          |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| BN = PDIP8                                              |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| MN = SO8 (150 mil width)                                |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| DW = TSSOP8 (169 mil width)                             |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| DS = TSSOP8 (3x3mm <sup>2</sup> body size, MSOP8)       |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| <b>Temperature Range</b>                                |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| 6 = –40 to 85 °C                                        |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| 3 = –40 to 125 °C                                       |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| <b>Option</b>                                           |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| T = Tape & Reel Packing                                 |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| <b>Process<sup>2</sup></b>                              |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| blank = F6SP20%                                         |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |
| /W = F6SP36%                                            |        |   |   |    |   |   |    |

Note: 1. 2.5 to 5.5V devices bearing the process letter “W” in the package marking (on the top side of the package, on the right side, see Table 23, below), guarantee a maximum write time of 5ms, instead of the standard 10ms. For more information about these devices, and their device identification, please ask your ST Sales Office for Process Change Notices PCN MPG/EE/0061 and 0062 (PCEE0061 and PCEE0062).

2. Used only for M24Cxx-xx3

For a list of available options (speed, package, etc.) or for further information on any aspect of this

device, please contact your nearest ST Sales Office.

Table 23. How to Identify Current and New Products by the Process Identification Letter

| Markings on Current Products <sup>1</sup> | Markings on New Products <sup>1</sup> |
|-------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| 24CxxW6<br>ST xxxxL                       | 24CxxW6<br>ST xxxxW                   |

Note: 1. This example comes from the S08 package. Other packages have similar information. For further information, please ask your ST Sales Office for Process Change Notices PCN MPG/EE/0061 and 0062 (PCEE0061 and PCEE0062).

## REVISION HISTORY

Table 24. Document Revision History

| Date        | Rev. | Description of Revision                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|-------------|------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 10-Dec-1999 | 2.4  | TSSOP8 Turned-Die package removed (p 2 and order information)<br>Lead temperature added for TSSOP8 in table 2                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 18-Apr-2000 | 2.5  | Labelling change to Fig-2D, correction of values for 'E' and main caption for Tab-13                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 05-May-2000 | 2.6  | Extra labelling to Fig-2D                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 23-Nov-2000 | 3.0  | SBGA package information removed to an annex document<br>-R range changed to being the -S range, and the new -R range added                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 19-Feb-2001 | 3.1  | SBGA package information put back in this document<br>Lead Soldering Temperature in the Absolute Maximum Ratings table amended<br>Write Cycle Polling Flow Chart using ACK illustration updated<br>References to PSDIP changed to PDIP and Package Mechanical data updated<br>Wording brought in to line with standard glossary |
| 20-Apr-2001 | 3.2  | Revision of DC and AC characteristics for the -S series                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 08-Oct-2001 | 3.3  | Ball numbers added to the SBGA connections and package mechanical illustrations                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 09-Nov-2001 | 3.4  | Specification of Test Condition for Leakage Currents in the DC Characteristics table improved                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 30-Jul-2002 | 3.5  | Document reformatted using new template. SBGA5 package removed<br>TSSOP8 (3x3mm <sup>2</sup> body size) package (MSOP8) added. -L voltage range added                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 04-Feb-2003 | 3.6  | Document title spelt out more fully. "W"-marked devices with tw=5ms added.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 05-May-2003 | 3.7  | -R voltage range upgraded to 400kHz working, and no longer preliminary data.<br>5V voltage range at temperature range 3 (-xx3) no longer preliminary data.<br>-S voltage range removed. -Wxx3 voltage+temp ranged added as preliminary data.                                                                                    |

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