

VID Voltage Programmer for Intel VRM 9.0

January 2000

FEATURES

- Fully Compliant with the Intel VRM 9.0 VID Specification
- Programs Regulator Output Voltage from 1.10V to 1.85V in 25mV Steps
- Programs an Entire Family of Linear Technology DC/DC Converters
- ±0.25% Accurate Voltage Divider
- Built-In 40k Pull-Up Resistors on Program Inputs
- Available in MSOP-10 Packaging

APPLICATIONS

- Intel Pentium[®] III Processor Power Supply
- Multiprocessor Workstations and Servers
- Multiphase Processor Power Supply
- AMD Athlon[™] Processor Power Supply

DESCRIPTION

The LTC®1706-82 is a precision, digitally programmed, resistive ladder which adjusts the output of any 0.8V referenced regulator. Depending on the state of the five VID inputs, an output voltage between 1.10V and 1.85V is programmed in 25mV increments.

The LTC1706-82 is designed specifically to program an entire family of Linear Technology DC/DC converters in full compliance with the Intel Desktop VID specification.

The LTC1706-82 programs the following Linear Technology DC/DC converter products: LTC1622, LTC1628, LTC1629, LTC1702, LTC1735, LTC1735-1, LTC1772 and LTC1929.

Consult factory for future compatible DC/DC converter products.

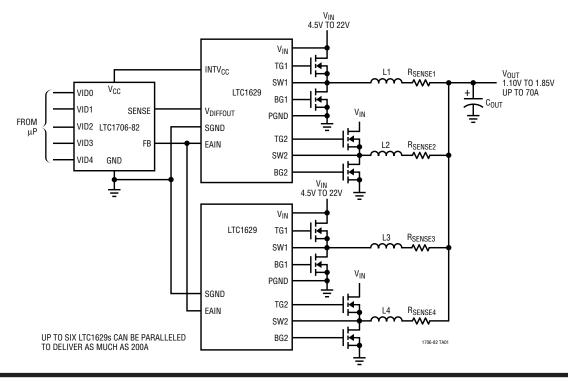
T, LTC and LT are registered trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation.

Pentium is a registered trademark of Intel Corporation.

AMD Athlon is a trademark of Advanced Micro Devices, Inc.

TYPICAL APPLICATION

VID Controlled High Current 4-Phase DC/DC Converter (Simplified Block Diagram)



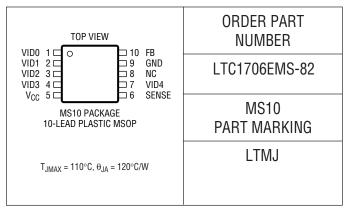


ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Note 1)

(Voltages Referred to GND Pin)
Input Supply Voltage (V _{CC})0.3V to 7V
VID Input Pins0.3V to 7V
SENSE Pin0.3V to 7V
FB Pin0.3V to 7V
Operating Temperature Range (Note 2)40°C to 85°C
Junction Temperature 110°C
Storage Temperature Range –65°C to 150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec)300°C

PACKAGE/ORDER INFORMATION



Consult factory for Industrial and Military grade parts.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ullet denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$. $2.7V \le V_{CC} \le 5.5V$, VID0 = VID1 = VID2 = VID3 = VID4 = NC unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
V _{CC}	Operating Supply Voltage Range			2.7		5.5	V
I _{VCC}	Supply Current	(Note 3)			0.1	5.0	μА
R _{FB-SENSE}	Resistance Between SENSE and FB		•	6	10	14	kΩ
V _{OUT} Error %	Output Voltage Accuracy	Programmed From 1.10V to 1.85V	•	-0.25		0.25	%
R _{PULLUP}	VID Input Pull-Up Resistance	V _{DIODE} = 0.6V, (Note 4)			40		kΩ
VID _T	VID Input Voltage Threshold	V_{IL} (2.7V < V_{CC} < 5.5V) V_{IH} (2.7V < V_{CC} < 5.5V)		1.6		0.4	V
I _{VID-LEAK}	VID Input Leakage Current	V _{CC} < VID < 7V, (Note 4)			0.01	±1.00	μА
V _{PULLUP}	VID Pull-Up Voltage	V _{CC} = 3.3V V _{CC} = 5V			2.8 4.5		V

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

Note 2: The LTC1706-82 is guaranteed to meet performance specifications from 0° C to 70° C. Specifications over the -40° C to 85° C operating temperature range are assured by design, characterization and correlation with statistical process controls.

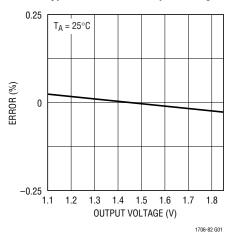
Note 3: With all five VID inputs floating, the V_{CC} supply current is simply the device leakage current. However, the V_{CC} supply current will rise and be approximately equal to the number of grounded VID input pins times $(V_{CC}-0.6V)/40k$. (See the Applications Information section for more detail.)

Note 4: Each built-in pull-up resistor attached to the VID inputs also has a series diode connected to V_{CC} to allow input voltages higher than the V_{CC} supply without damage or clamping. (See Operation section for further details.)

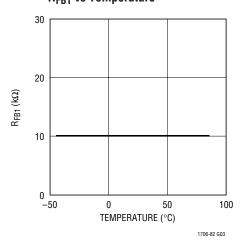


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

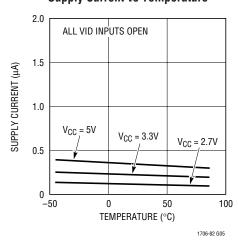
Typical Error % vs Output Voltage



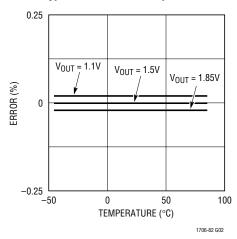
R_{FB1} vs Temperature



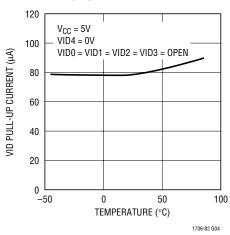
Supply Current vs Temperature



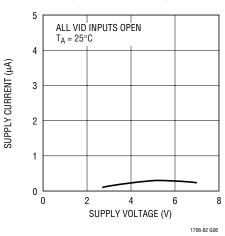
Typical Error % vs Temperature



I_{VID-PULLUP} vs Temperature



Supply Current vs Supply Voltage





PIN FUNCTIONS

VIDO (Pin 1): LSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VIDO adds 25mV to the output sense voltage.

VID1 (Pin 2): 4th MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VID1 adds 50mV to the output sense voltage.

VID2 (Pin 3): 3rd MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VID2 adds 100mV to the output sense voltage.

VID3 (Pin 4): 2nd MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VID3 adds 200mV to the output sense voltage.

V_{CC} (**Pin 5**): Power Supply Voltage. Range from 2.7V to 5.5V.

SENSE (Pin 6): Regulator Output Voltage. Connect directly to regulator output sense node or $V_{DIFFOUT}$ when used with the LTC1629 and LTC1929.

VID4 (Pin 7): MSB Programming Input. Low = GND, High = V_{CC} or Float. Grounding VID4 adds 400mV to the output sense voltage.

NC (PIN 8): No Connect.

GND (Pin 9): Ground. Connect to regulator signal ground.

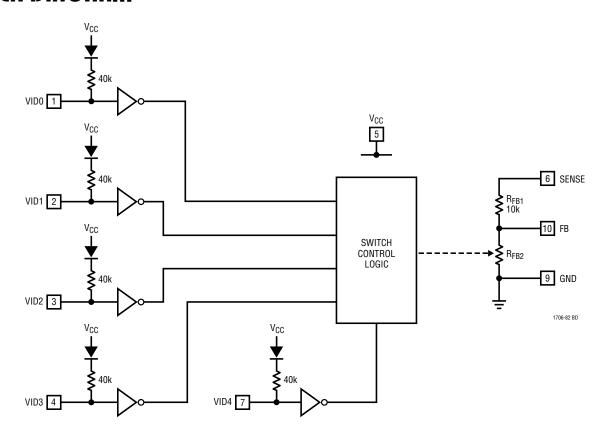
FB (Pin 10): Feedback Input. Connect to the 0.8V feedback pin of a compatible regulator or the EAIN pin of the LTC1629 and LTC1929.

PIN TABLE

			N	NOMINAL (V)			ABSOLUTE MAX (V)	
PIN	NAME	DESCRIPTION	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	
1	VID0	LSB Programmable Input	0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	
2	VID1	3rd MSB Programmable Input	0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	
3	VID2	2nd MSB Programmable Input	0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	
4	VID3	1st MSB Programmable Input	0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	
5	V _{CC}	Power Supply	2.7		5.5	-0.3	7	
6	SENSE	Regulator Output Voltage	1.075		1.85	-0.3	7	
7	VID4	MSB Programmable Input	MSB Programmable Input 0		V _{CC}	-0.3	7	
8	NC							
9	GND	Ground		0	-	-0.3	7	
10	FB	0.8V Feedback Input	0	0.8	1.5	-0.3	7	



BLOCK DIAGRAM



OPERATION

The LTC1706-82 is a precision resistive divider designed specifically for use with an entire family of Linear Technology Corporation DC/DC switching regulators with 0.8V internal reference and feedback voltages. The LTC1706-82 produces an output voltage ranging from 1.10V to 1.85V in 25mV steps by closing the loop between the output voltage sense and the feedback input of the regulator with the appropriate resistive divider network.

The "top" feedback resistor, R_{FB1} , connected between SENSE and FB, is typically 10k and is not modified by the state of the VID program inputs.

The "bottom" feedback resistor, R_{FB2} , however is modified by the five VID inputs and is precisely ratioed to R_{FB1} .

VID Programming

A list of programmed inputs and their corresponding output voltages is shown in Table 1. Programming is accomplished by applying the proper voltage (or float condition) on the five digital VID inputs. VID4 is the most significant bit (MSB) and VID0 is the least significant bit (LSB).

When the five VID inputs are low, or grounded, the regulator output voltage is set to 1.85V. Each increasing binary count is equivalent to a decrease of 25mV in the output voltage. Therefore, to obtain a 1.10V output, only VIDO is grounded while the other four VID inputs are tied high or floating.

When all five VID inputs are high or floating, such as when no CPU is present in a system, a regulated 1.075V output is generated at V_{SENSE} .



OPERATION

Each VID input pin is pulled up by a 40k resistor in series with a diode connected to V_{CC} . Therefore, it should be grounded (or driven low) to produce a digital low input. It can be either floated or connected to V_{CC} to get a digital high input. The series diode is included to prevent the input from being damaged or clamped when it is driven higher than V_{CC} .

Voltage Sensing and Feedback Pins

The FB pin is a high impedance node that requires minimum layout distance to reduce extra loading and unwanted stray pickup.

When used with the LTC1629, the LTC1706-82's FB, SENSE, V_{CC} and GND pins should be connected, respectively, with the EAIN, $V_{DIFFOUT}$, INTV_{CC}, and SGND pins of the LTC1629. The result of this application is a precisely controlled, multiphase, variable output voltage supply to any low voltage, high current system such as a powerful personal computer, workstation or network server. True remote sense capability of the LTC1629 is also retained in this case.

VID Input Characteristics

The VID inputs should be driven with a maximum V_{IL} of 0.4V and a minimum V_{IH} of 1.6V. However, the VID input range is not limited to values less than V_{CC} . Because of the internal diode between V_{CC} and the pull-up resistor, the inputs can go higher than V_{CC} without being clamped to V_{CC} or damaging the input.

This allows the LTC1706-82 to be fully logic compatible and operational over a higher input voltage range (less than the 7V absolute maximum rating).

When a VID input is grounded, there will be a higher quiescent current flow from Vcc because of a resistor from Vcc through a series diode to each one of the VID inputs. This increase in quiescent current is calculated from

$$I_Q = N(V_{CC} - V_{DIODE})/R_{PULLUP}$$

N is the number of grounded VID inputs. V_{DIODE} is typically 0.6V while R_{PULLUP} has a typical pullup resistance of 40k.

In other words, each VID input has a typical pull up current of (V_{CC} - 0.6)/40K, which is approximately 68 μA for a 3.3V system.

Table 1. VID Inputs and Corresponding Output Voltage

rable 1. VID inputs and corresponding output voltage							
CODE	VID4	VID3	VID2	VID1	VIDO	OUTPUT	
00000	GND	GND	GND	GND	GND	1.850	
00001	GND	GND	GND	GND	Float	1.825	
00010	GND	GND	GND	Float	GND	1.800	
00011	GND	GND	GND	Float	Float	1.775V	
00100	GND	GND	Float	GND	GND	1.750V	
00101	GND	GND	Float	GND	Float	1.725V	
00110	GND	GND	Float	Float	GND	1.700V	
00111	GND	GND	Float	Float	Float	1.675V	
01000	GND	Float	GND	GND	GND	1.650V	
01001	GND	Float	GND	GND	Float	1.625V	
01010	GND	Float	GND	Float	GND	1.600V	
01011	GND	Float	GND	Float	Float	1.575V	
01100	GND	Float	Float	GND	GND	1.550V	
01101	GND	Float	Float	GND	Float	1.525V	
01110	GND	Float	Float	Float	GND	1.500V	
01111	GND	Float	Float	Float	Float	1.475V	
10000	Float	GND	GND	GND	GND	1.450V	
10001	Float	GND	GND	GND	Float	1.425V	
10010	Float	GND	GND	Float	GND	1.400V	
10011	Float	GND	GND	Float	Float	1.375V	
10100	Float	GND	Float	GND	GND	1.350V	
10101	Float	GND	Float	GND	Float	1.325V	
10110	Float	GND	Float	Float	GND	1.300V	
10111	Float	GND	Float	Float	Float	1.275V	
11000	Float	Float	GND	GND	GND	1.250V	
11001	Float	Float	GND	GND	Float	1.250V	
11010	Float	Float	GND	Float	GND	1.200V	
11011	Float	Float	GND	Float	Float	1.175V	
11100	Float	Float	Float	GND	GND	1.150V	
11101	Float	Float	Float	GND	Float	1.125V	
11110	Float	Float	Float	Float	GND	1.100V	
11111	Float	Float	Float	Float	Float	NO_CPU (1.075V)	



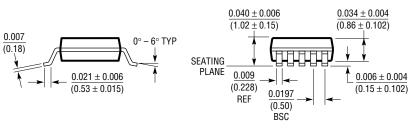
APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

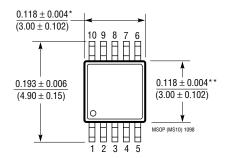
Besides the LTC1629, the LTC1706-82 also programs a whole family of LTC DC/DC converters that have an onboard 0.8V reference. The LTC1628, LTC1735, LTC1622, LTC1702, LTC1772 and LTC1929 are just a few of the high efficiency step-down switching regulators that will work equally well with the LTC1706-82.

PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

Dimensions in inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted.

MS10 Package 10-Lead Plastic MS0P (LTC DWG # 05-08-1661)



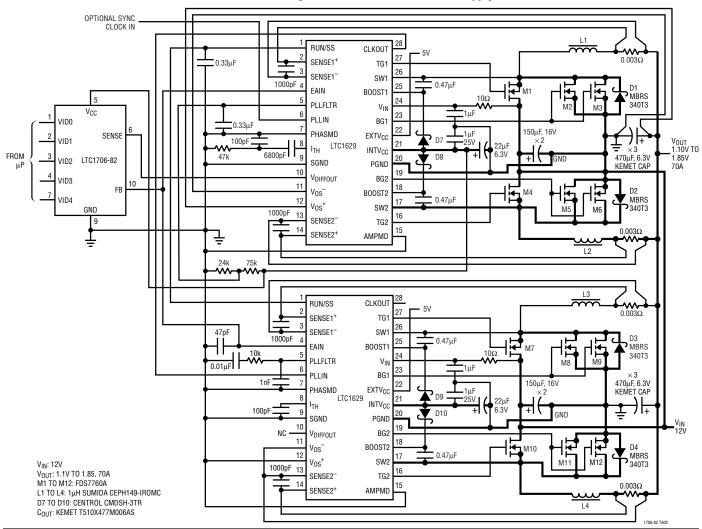


- * DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE
- ** DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS.
 INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.006" (0.152mm) PER SIDE



TYPICAL APPLICATION

VID Controlled High Current 70A 4-Phase Power Supply



RELATED PARTS

PART NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS			
LTC1622	Sychnronizable Low Voltage Step-Down Controller	8-Pin MSOP, $2V \le V_{IN} \le 10V$, 550kHz, Burst Mode [™] Operation			
LTC1628	Dual High Efficiency, 2-Phase Synchronous Step-Down Controller	Constant, Standby, 5V and 3.3V LDOs, $3.5V \le V_{IN} \le 36V$			
LTC1629	PolyPhase [™] High Efficiency Step-Down DC/DC Controller	Expandable Up to 12 Phases, Up to 120A, Remote Sense Diff Amp			
LTC1702/LTC1703	Dual High Efficiency, 2-Phase Synchronous Step-Down Controller	550kHz, 25MHz GBW, No R_{SENSE}^{TM} , $2.7V \le V_{IN} \le 7V$			
LTC1706-81	VID Voltage Programmer with Desktop Code	VRM 8.2-VRM 8.4, V _{OUT} Range: 1.3V to 3.5V			
LTC1709	2-Phase Synchronous Step-Down Controller with 5-Bit Desktop VID	$4V \le V_{IN} \le 36V$, PLL, 36-Pin SSOP, Current Mode Operation			
LTC1735	High Efficiency Synchronous Step-Down Controller	Burst Mode Operation, 16-Pin Narrow SSOP, Fault Protection, $3.5V \le V_{IN} \le 36V$			
LTC1736	High Efficiency Synchronous Buck Controller with 5-Bit Mobile VID	GN-24, Power Good, Output Fault Protection, $3.5V \le V_{IN} \le 36V$			
LTC1772	SOT-23 Low Voltage Step-Down Controller	6-Pin SOT-23, $2.5V \le V_{IN} \le 10V$, 550kHz, Burst Mode Operation			
LTC1929	2-Phase Synchronous Step-Down Controller	Current Mode Operation, I_{OUT} Up to 40A, $3.5V \le V_{IN} \le 36V$			

Burst Mode, PolyPhase and No $\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{SENSE}}$ are trademarks of Linear Technology Corporation.

