



LC867248A/40A/32A/24A

8-Bit Single Chip Microcontroller

Preliminary

Overview

The LC867248A/40A/32A/24A microcontrollers are 8-bit single chip microcontrollers with the following on-chip functional blocks :

- CPU : Operable at a minimum bus cycle time of 0.5 μ s (microsecond)
- On-chip ROM maximum capacity : 48K bytes
- On-chip RAM capacity : 1152 bytes
- LCD controller/driver
- Two 16-bit timers (or four 8-bit timers)
- 8-channel $\times$ 8-bit AD converter
- Two 8-bit synchronous serial-interface circuits
- 13-source 10-vectored interrupt system

All of the above functions are fabricated on a single chip.

Features

- (1) Read Only Memory (ROM) : LC867248A 49152 $\times$ 8 bits
 : LC867240A 40960 $\times$ 8 bits
 : LC867232A 32768 $\times$ 8 bits
 : LC867224A 24576 $\times$ 8 bits

- (2) Random Access Memory (RAM) : 1152 $\times$ 8 bits

- (3) Bus Cycle Time/Instruction Cycle Time

Bus cycle time	cycle time	Clock divider	System clock oscillation	Oscillation Frequency	Voltage
0.5 μ s	1.0 μ s	1/1	Ceramic resonator oscillation	6MHz	4.5 - 6.0V
2 μ s	4.0 μ s	1/2	Ceramic resonator oscillation	3MHz	2.5 - 6.0V
7.5 μ s	15.0 μ s	1/2	RC resonator oscillation	800kHz	2.5 - 6.0V
183 μ s	366 μ s	1/2	Crystal oscillation	32.768kHz	2.5 - 6.0V

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(4) Ports

- Input / output ports : 70 terminals (normal ports P0, P1, P3, PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PF)
 - P0 Input/output port programmable in nibble units : 1 port (8 terminals)
(When the N-channel open drain output is selected, the data in a bit can be inputted.)
 - P1 Input/output port programmable in a bit : 1 port (8 terminals)
 - P3 Input/output port programmable in a bit : 1 port (6 terminals)
 - PA, PB, PC, PD, PE, PF (can be used for LCD)
Input/output port programmable in two bits : 6 ports (48 terminals)
- Input ports : 21 terminals (P7, P8, PL)
- LCD control port : 52 terminals
 - Segment output port : 48 terminals
 - Common output port : 4 terminals

(5) LCD controller / driver

- Selectable seven kinds of display mode (a combination of static 1/2, 1/3, 1/4 duty and 1/2, 1/3 bits)
- The segment and common output ports can be switched to a general input/output port.

(6) AD converter

- 8-channel × 8-bit AD converter

(7) Serial-interface

- One channel × 16-bit serial-interface circuits (8-bit transmission available by program)
- LSB first/MSB first function available
- Internal 8-bit baud-rate generator in common with two serial-interface circuits

(8) Timers

- Timer0
 - 16-bit timer / counter
 - 2-bit prescaler + 8-bit programmable prescaler
 - Mode 0 : Two 8-bit timers with programmable prescaler
 - Mode 1 : 8-bit timer with programmable prescaler + 8-bit counter
 - Mode 2 : 16-bit timer with programmable prescaler
 - Mode 3 : 16-bit counter
 - The resolution of Timer is tCYC. (tCYC : cycle time)
- Timer1
 - 16-bit timer / PWM
 - Mode 0 : Two 8-bit timers
 - Mode 1 : 8-bit timer + 8-bit PWM
 - Mode 2 : 16-bit timer
 - Mode 3 : Variable-bit PWM (9-16 bits)
 - In Mode 0 and Mode 1, the resolution of Timer and PWM is tCYC.
 - In Mode 2 and Mode 3, the resolution of Timer and PWM selectable ; tCYC or 1/2tCYC by program
- Base timer
 - Every 500ms overflow system for a clock application (using 32.768kHz crystal oscillation for Base timer clock)
 - Every 976μs, 3.9ms, 15.6ms, 62.5ms overflow system (using 32.768kHz crystal oscillation for Base timer clock)
 - The Base timer clock selectable ; 32.768kHz crystal oscillation, System clock, and programmable prescaler output of Timer 0

(9) Buzzer output

- The Buzzer sound frequency selectable ; 4KHz, 2KHz (using 32.768kHz crystal oscillation for Base timer clock)

(10) Remote control receiver circuit (Shares with the P73/INT3/T0IN terminal)

- Noise rejection
- Switch polarity function

(11) Watchdog timer

- The watchdog timer is taken on RC outside
- Watchdog timer operation selectable : interrupt system, system reset

(12) Interrupts system

- 13-source 10-vectored interrupts :
 1. External interrupt INT0 (include watchdog timer)
 2. External interrupt INT1
 3. External interrupt INT2, timer / counter T0L (Lower 8-bit)
 4. External interrupt INT3, base timer
 5. Timer / counter T0H (Upper 8-bit)
 6. Timer T1L, Timer T1H
 7. Serial interface SIO0
 8. Serial interface SIO1
 9. AD converter
 10. Port 0
- Built-in interrupt priority control register

Microcontroller allows 3 levels of interrupt; low level, high level, and highest level of multiplex interrupt. It can specify a low level or a high level interrupt priority from INT2/T0L through port 0 (i.e. the above interrupt number from three through ten). It can also specify a low level or the highest level interrupt priority to INT0 and INT1.

(13) Real-time service operation

The Real-time service (RTS) functions the 4-byte data-transfer between the special function registers at acknowledging the interrupt request.

The RTS starts within 1 instruction cycle-time and completes within 5 instruction cycle-times after occurring the interrupt request.

(14) Sub-routine stack levels

- 128 levels (Max.) : stack area included in RAM area

(15) Multiplication and division

- 16-bit $\times$ 8-bit (7 instruction cycle times)
- 16-bit $\div$ 8-bit (7 instruction cycle times)

(16) Three oscillation circuits

- On-chip RC oscillation circuit using for the system clock
- On-chip CF oscillation circuit using for the system clock
- On-chip crystal oscillation circuit using for the system clock and for time-base clock

(17) Standby function

- HALT mode function

The HALT mode is used to reduce the power dissipation. In this operation mode, the program execution is stopped. This operation mode can be released by the interrupt request signals or the system reset request signal.

- HOLD Mode function

The HOLD mode is used to freeze all the oscillations ;

RC (internal), CF and Crystal oscillations. This mode can be released by the following operations.

- Reset terminal (RES) set to low level.
- Input a assigned level to P70/INT0 or P71/INT1 terminal
- Input a Port0 interrupt condition

(18) Factory shipment

- QFP100E delivery form

(19) Development support tools

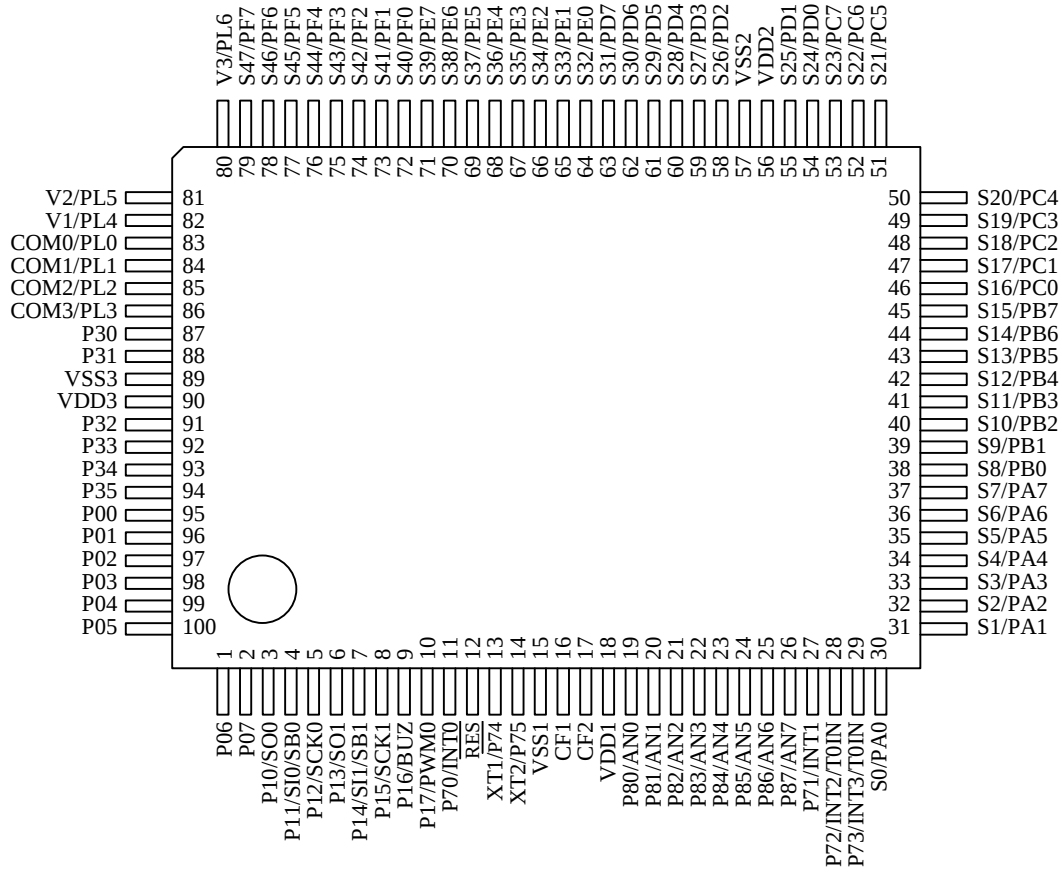
- Evaluation (EVA) chip : LC866093
- EPROM version : LC86E7248
- One time version : LC86P7248
- Emulator : EVA86000 + ECB867200 (Evaluation chip board) + POD866200 (Pod)

• Notes for use

Follow the under table

Frequency range of the system clock	Voltage range	Clock Divider	Note
15kHz to 30kHz	4.5V to 6.0V	1/1	Can not use 1/2 divider
30kHz to 6MHz		1/1, 1/2	
15kHz to 30kHz	2.5V to 6.0V	1/1	Can not use 1/2 divider
30kHz to 1.5MHz		1/1, 1/2	
1.5MHz to 3MHz		1/2	Can not use 1/1 divider
Internal RC oscillation	4.5V to 6.0V	1/1, 1/2	
	2.5V to 6.0V	1/2	Can not use 1/1 divider

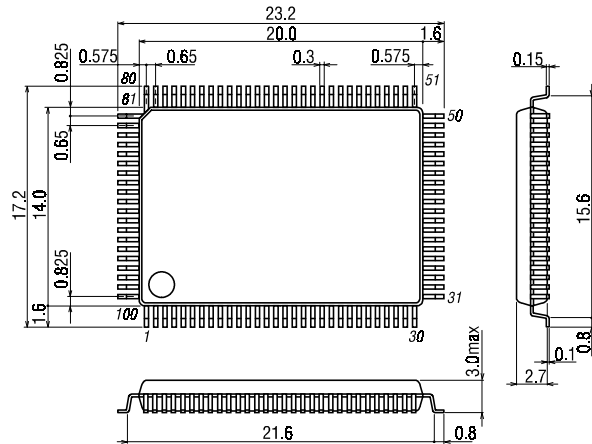
Pin Assignment



Package Dimension

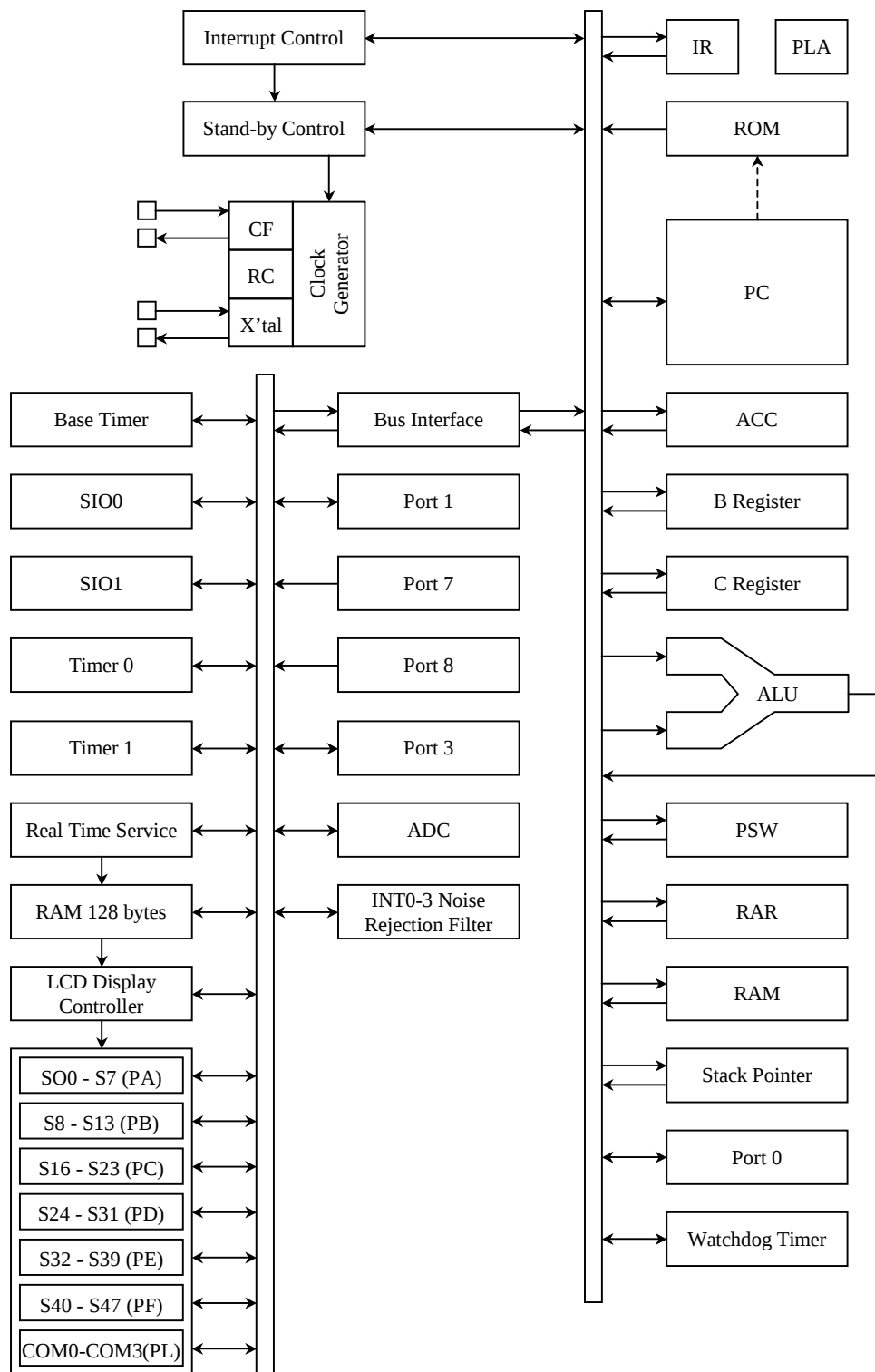
(unit : mm)

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SANYO : QIP-100E

System Block Diagram



Pin Description

Pin name	I/O	Function description	Option					
VSS1, 2, 3	-	Power pin (–)	-					
VDD1, 2, 3	-	Power pin (+)	-					
PORT0 P00 - P07	I/O	• 8-bit input/output port Input/output in nibble units • Input for port 0 interrupt • Input for HOLD release	• Pull-up resistor : Provided/Not provided (specified in nibble units) • Output form (P00 – P07) : CMOS/N-channel open drain (specified in a bit)					
PORT1 P10 - P17	I/O	• 8-bit input/output port Input/output can be specified in bit unit • Other pin functions P10 SIO0 data output P11 SIO0 data input/bus input/output P12 SIO0 clock input/output P13 SIO1 data output P14 SIO1 data input/bus input/output P15 SIO1 clock input/output P16 Buzzer output P17 Timer1 output (PWM output)	• Output form : CMOS/N-channel open drain (specified in a bit)					
PORT3 P30 - P35	I/O	• 6-bit input/output port • Input/output in nibble units	• Output form : CMOS/N-channel open drain (specified in a bit)					
PORT7 P70 P71 - P73	I/O I	• 6-bit input port • Other pin functions P70 : INT0 input/HOLD release input/ N-channel Tr. output for watchdog timer P71 : INT1 input/HOLD release input P72 : INT2 input/timer 0 event input P73 : INT3 input with noise filter/timer 0 event input • Interrupt received form, vector address	Pull-up resistor : Provided/Not provided (specified in a bit) (P70, P71, P72, P73) * $\overline{P74}$, P75 don’t have the pull-up resistor option.					
$\overline{P74}$ - P75	I		rising	falling	rising & falling	high level	low level	vector
		INT0	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	03H
		INT1	enable	enable	disable	enable	enable	0BH
		INT2	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	13H
		INT3	enable	enable	enable	disable	disable	1BH
		$\overline{P74}$: XT1 terminal for crystal oscillation P75 : XT2 terminal for crystal oscillation						
Port8 P80 – P87	I	• 8-bit input port • Other function AD input port (8 port pins)	-					

Pin name	I/O	Function description	Option
PORT A (S0/PA0 – S7/PA7)	I/O	- Segment output terminal for LCD display - Can be used as a general input/output port	-
PORT B (S8/PB0 – S15/PB7)	I/O	- Segment output terminal for LCD display - Can be used as a general input/output port	-
PORT C (S16/PC0 – S23/PC7)	I/O	- Segment output terminal for LCD display - Can be used as a general input/output port	-
PORT D (S24/PD0 – S31/PD7)	I/O	- Segment output terminal for LCD display - Can be used as a general input/output port	-
PORT E (S32/PE0 – S39/PE7)	I/O	- Segment output terminal for LCD display - Can be used as a general input/output port	-
PORT F (S40/PF0 – S47/PF7)	I/O	- Segment output terminal for LCD display - Can be used as a general input/output port	-
PORT L (COM0/PL0 – COM3/PL7)	I/O	- Common output terminal for LCD display - Can be used as a general input port	-
V1/PL4 – V3/PL6	I	- Bias power terminal for LCD drive - Can be used as a general input port	-
$\overline{\text{RES}}$	I	Reset pin	-
XT1/ $\overline{\text{P74}}$	I	- Input pin for 32.768kHz crystal oscillation - In case of non use, connect to VDD. - Other function - A general input port $\overline{\text{P74}}$	-
XT2/P75	O	- Output pin for 32.768kHz crystal oscillation - In case of non use, should be left unconnected - Other function - A general input port P75	-
CF1	I	Input pin for ceramic resonator oscillation	-
CF2	O	Output pin for ceramic resonator oscillation	-

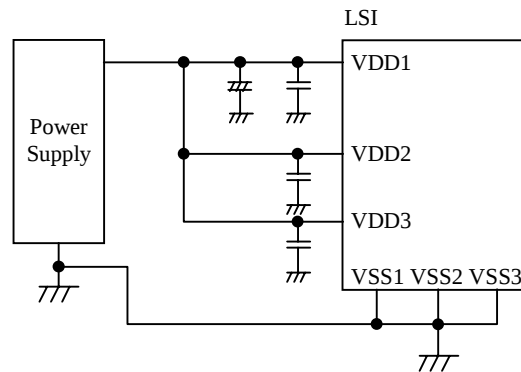
* All of port options can be specified in bit unit except the pull-up resistor of port 0.

* A state of pins at reset

Pin name	I/O mode	A state of pull-up resistor specified at pull-up option
Port 0	Input	Fixed pull-up resistor OFF
Port 1	Input	Programmable pull-up resistor OFF
Port 3	Input	Programmable pull-up resistor OFF
Ports 70, 71, 72, 73	Input	Fixed pull-up resistor OFF
XT1/ $\overline{\text{P74}}$, XT2/P75	Input	General input port as $\overline{\text{P74}}$, P75 (If using as the crystal oscillation, the specified register must be set.)

Pin name	I/O mode
Ports A, B, C, D, E, F	Output OFF

- [Notes]
- The VDD1, VDD2 and VDD3 terminals must be shorted electrically each other.
 - The VSS1, VSS2 and VSS3 terminals must be shorted electrically each other.
- * Connect like the following figure to reduce noise into a VDD terminals.



1. Absolute Maximum Ratings at Ta=25°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter		Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
						min.	typ.	max.	
Supply voltage		VDDMAX	VDD1, VDD2 VDD3	VDD1=VDD2= VDD3		-0.3		+7.0	V
LCD display voltage		VLCD	V1/PL4, V2/PL5 V3/PL6	VDD1=VDD2= VDD3		-0.3		VDD	
Input voltage		VI	•Ports 71, 72, 73 •Ports $\overline{74}$, 75 •Port 8, Port L • $\overline{\text{RES}}$			-0.3		VDD+0.3	
Input/output voltage		VIO	•Port 0, 1, 3 •Ports 70 •Ports A,B,C,D,E,F			-0.3		VDD+0.3	
High level output current	Peak output current	IOPH(1)	Ports 0, 1, 3	•CMOS output •At each pins		-4			mA
		IOPH(2)	Ports A,B,C,D,E,F			-4			
	Total output current	$\Sigma\text{IOAH}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 32, 33, 34, 35	Total all pins		-38			
		$\Sigma\text{IOAH}(2)$	Ports 30, 31	Total all pins		-4			
		$\Sigma\text{IOAH}(3)$	Ports S0 to S25	Total all pins		-25			
		$\Sigma\text{IOAH}(4)$	Ports S26 to S47	Total all pins		-25			
Low level output current	Peak output current	IOPL(1)	Ports 0, 1, 3	At each pins				20	
		IOPL(2)	Ports A,B,C,D,E,F	At each pins				20	
		IOPL(3)	Port 70	At each pins				15	
	Total output current	$\Sigma\text{IOAL}(1)$	Ports 0, 1, 32, 33, 34, 35	Total all pins				50	
		$\Sigma\text{IOAL}(2)$	Ports 30, 31	Total all pins				20	
		$\Sigma\text{IOAL}(3)$	Ports S0 to S25	Total all pins				39	
		$\Sigma\text{IOAL}(4)$	Ports S26 to S47	Total all pins				33	
		$\Sigma\text{IOAL}(5)$	Port 70	Total all pins				10	
Maximum power dissipation		Pdmax	QFP100E	Ta=-30 to+70°C				515	mW
Operating temperature range		Topr				-30		+70	°C
Storage temperature range		Tstg				-55		+125	

2. Recommended Operating range at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Operating supply voltage range	VDD(1)	VDD1=VDD2=VDD3	$0.98\mu\text{s} \leq t_{\text{CYC}} \leq 400\mu\text{s}$		4.5		6.0	V
	VDD(2)		$3.9\mu\text{s} \leq t_{\text{CYC}} \leq 400\mu\text{s}$		2.5		6.0	
Hold voltage	VHD	VDD1=VDD2=VDD3	RAMs and the registers hold voltage at HOLD mode.		2.0		6.0	
Input high voltage	VIH(1)	Port 0	Output disable	2.5-6.0	$0.4V_{\text{DD}} + 0.9$		VDD	
	VIH(2)	•Ports 1, 3 •Ports A,B,C,D,E,F •Ports 72, 73	Output disable	2.5-6.0	$0.75V_{\text{DD}}$		VDD	
	VIH(3)	•Port 70 Port input/interrupt •Port 71 •RES	Output N-channel Tr. OFF	2.5-6.0	$0.75V_{\text{DD}}$		VDD	
	VIH(4)	Port 70 Watchdog timer	Output N-channel Tr. OFF	2.5-6.0	$0.9V_{\text{DD}}$		VDD	
	VIH(5)	•Port 8 •Ports $\overline{74}$, 75	Using as port	2.5-6.0	$0.75V_{\text{DD}}$		VDD	
Input low voltage	VIL(1)	Port 0	Output disable	2.5-6.0	VSS		$0.2V_{\text{DD}}$	
	VIL(2)	•Ports 1, 3 •Ports A,B,C,D,E,F •Ports 72, 73	Output disable	2.5-6.0	VSS		$0.25V_{\text{DD}}$	
	VIL(3)	•Port 70 Port input/interrupt •Port 71 •RES	Output N-channel Tr. OFF	2.5-6.0	VSS		$0.25V_{\text{DD}}$	
	VIL(4)	Port 70 Watchdog timer	Output N-channel Tr. OFF	2.5-6.0	VSS		$0.8V_{\text{DD}} - 1.0$	
	VIL(5)	•Port 8 •Ports $\overline{74}$, 75	Using as port	2.5-6.0	VSS		$0.25V_{\text{DD}}$	
Operation cycle time	tCYC			4.5-6.0	0.98		400	μs
				2.5-6.0	3.9		400	
Oscillation frequency range (Note 1)	FmCF(1)	CF1, CF2	•6MHz (ceramic resonator oscillation) •Refer to figure 1	4.5-6.0		6		MHz
	FmCF(2)	CF1, CF2	•3MHz (ceramic resonator oscillation) •Refer to figure 1	2.5-6.0		3		
	FmRC		RC oscillation	2.5-6.0	0.3	0.8	3.0	
	FsXtal	XT1, XT2	•32.768kHz (crystal oscillation) •Refer to figure 2	2.5-6.0		32.768		kHz
Oscillation stabilizing time period (Note 1)	tmsCF(1)	CF1, CF2	•6MHz (ceramic resonator oscillation) •Refer to figure 3	4.5-6.0				ms
	tmsCF(2)	CF1, CF2	•3MHz (ceramic resonator oscillation) •Refer to figure 3	4.5-6.0				
				2.5-6.0				
	tssXtal	XT1, XT2	•32.768kHz (crystal oscillation) •Refer to figure 3	4.5-6.0				s
				2.5-6.0				

(Note 1) The oscillation constant is shown on table 1 and table 2.

3. Electrical Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Input high current	IIH(1)	•Port 1 •Port 0 without pull-up MOS Tr.	•Output disable •Pull-up MOS Tr. OFF. VIN=VDD (including the off-leak current of the output Tr.)	2.5-6.0			1	μ A
	IIH(2)	•Port 7 without pull-up MOS Tr. •Port 8	VIN=VDD	2.5-6.0			1	
	IIH(3)	Port 3	VIN=VDD	2.5-6.0			1	
	IIH(4)	Ports A,B,C,D,E,F,L	VIN=VDD	2.5-6.0			1	
	IIH(5)	RES	VIN=VDD	2.5-6.0			1	
	IIH(6)	Ports $\overline{74}$, 75	Using as port VIN=VDD	2.5-6.0			1	
Input low current	IIL(1)	•Port 1 •Port 0 without pull-up MOS Tr.	•Output disable •Pull-up MOS Tr. OFF. VIN=VSS (including the off-leak current of the output Tr.)	2.5-6.0	-1			V
	IIL(2)	•Port 7 without pull-up MOS Tr. •Port 8	VIN=VSS	2.5-6.0	-1			
	IIL(3)	Port 3	VIN=VSS	2.5-6.0	-1			
	IIL(4)	Ports A,B,C,D,E,F,L	VIN=VSS	2.5-6.0	-1			
	IIL(5)	RES	VIN=VSS	2.5-6.0	-1			
	IIL(6)	Ports $\overline{74}$, 75	Using as port VIN=VSS	2.5-6.0	-1			
Output high voltage	VOH(1)	Ports 0,1 of CMOS output	IOH=-1.0mA	4.5-6.0	VDD-1			V
	VOH(2)		IOH=-0.1mA	2.5-6.0	VDD-0.5			
	VOH(3)	•Port 3 of CMOS output	IOH=-1.0mA	4.5-6.0	VDD-1			
	VOH(4)	•Ports A,B,C,D,E,F of CMOS output	IOH=-0.1mA	2.5-6.0	VDD-0.5			
Output low voltage	VOL(1)	Ports 0, 1	IOL=10mA	4.5-6.0			1.5	V
	VOL(2)		IOL=1.6mA	4.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(3)		•IOL=1mA •The current of any unmeasurement pin is not over 1 mA.	2.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(4)	Port 70	IOL=1mA	4.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(5)		IOL=0.5mA	2.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(6)	Port 3	IOL=10mA	4.5-6.0			1.5	
	VOL(7)		IOL=1.6mA	4.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(8)	Port 9	•IOL=1mA •The current of any unmeasurement pin is not over 1 mA.	2.5-6.0			0.4	
	VOL(9)							
	VOL(10)	Ports A,B,C,D,E,F of CMOS output	IOL=8mA	4.5-6.0			1.5	
	VOL(11)		IOL=1.6mA	4.5-6.0			0.4	
			•IOL=1mA •The current of any unmeasurement pin is not over 1 mA.	2.5-6.0			0.4	

Continue.

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
LCD output regulation	VODLS	S0 to S47	•Deference voltage to ideal value •VLCD, 2/3VLCD, 1/3VLCD	4.5-6.0	0		±0.2	V
				2.5-6.0	0		±0.2	
	VODLC	COM0 to COM3	•Deference voltage to ideal value •VLCD, 2/3VLCD, 1/2VLCD, 1/3VLCD	4.5-6.0	0		±0.2	
				2.5-6.0	0		±0.2	
LCD ladder resistor	PLCD(1)		Resistance at a ladder resistor	4.5-6.0		60		kΩ
				2.5-6.0		60		
	PLCD(2)		•Resistance at a ladder resistor •1/2R mode	4.5-6.0		30		
				2.5-6.0		30		
Pull-up MOS Tr. resistor	Rpu	•Ports 0, 1, 3 •Ports A,B,C,D,E,F •Ports 70, 71, 72, 73	VOH=0.9VDD	4.5-6.0	15	40	70	
				2.5-4.5	25	70	150	
Hysteresis voltage	VHIS	•Ports 1 •Ports 70, 71, 72, 73 •RES	Output disable	2.5-6.0		0.1VDD		V
Pin capacitance	CP	All pins	•f=1MHz •Unmeasurement terminals for the input are set to VSS level. •Ta=25°C	2.5-6.0		10		pF

4. Serial Input/Output Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter		Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit	
						min.	typ.	max.		
Serial clock	Input clock	Cycle	tCKCY(1)	SCK0, SCK1	Refer to figure 5.	2.5-6.0	2			tCYC
		Low Level pulse width	tCKL(1)				1			
		High Level pulse width	tCKH(1)				1			
	Output clock	Cycle	tCKCY(2)	SCK0, SCK1	•Use pull-up resistor (1kΩ) when opendrain output. •Refer to figure 5.	2.5-6.0	2			
		Low Level pulse width	tCKL(2)					1/2 tCKCY		
		High Level pulse width	tCKH(2)					1/2 tCKCY		
Serial input	Data set up time	tICK	•SI0,SI1 •SB0,SB1	•Data set-up to SCK0, 1 •Data hold from SCK0, 1 •Refer to figure 5.	4.5-6.0	0.1			μs	
					2.5-6.0	0.4				
	Data hold time	tCKI			4.5-6.0	0.1				
					2.5-6.0	0.4				
Serial output	Output delay time (Serial clock is external clock)	tCKO(1)	•SO0, SO1 •SB0, SB1	•Use pull-up resistor (1kΩ) when open drain output. •Data hold from SCK0, 1 •Refer to figure 5.	4.5-6.0			7/12tCYC +0.2		
					2.5-6.0			7/12tCYC +1		
	Output delay time (Serial clock is internal clock)	tCKO(2)			4.5-6.0			1/3tCYC +0.2		
					2.5-6.0			1/3tCYC +1		

5. Pulse Input Conditions at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
High/low level pulse width	tPIH(1) tPIL(1)	•INT0, INT1 •INT2/T0IN	•Interrupt acceptable •Timer0-countable	2.5-6.0	1			tCYC
	tPIH(2) tPIL(2)	INT3/T0IN (The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/1.)	•Interrupt acceptable •Timer0-countable	2.5-6.0	2			
	tPIH(3) tPIL(3)	INT3/T0IN (The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/16.)	•Interrupt acceptable •Timer0-countable	2.5-6.0	32			
	tPIH(4) tPIL(4)	INT3/T0IN (The noise rejection clock is selected to 1/64.)	•Interrupt acceptable •Timer0-countable	2.5-6.0	128			
	tPIL(5)	RES	Reset acceptable	2.5-6.0	200			μs

6. AD converter Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to + 70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Resolution	NAD			4.5-6.0		8		bit
Absolute precision (Note 2)	ETAD			4.5-6.0			±1.5	LSB
Conversion time	tCAD		AD conversion time = 16 × tCYC (ADCR2=0) (Note 3)	4.5-6.0	15.68 (tCYC= 0.98μs)		65.28 (tCYC= 4.08μs)	μs
			AD conversion time = 32 × tCYC (ADCR2=1) (Note 3)		31.36 (tCYC= 0.98μs)		130.56 (tCYC= 4.08μs)	
Analog input voltage range	VAIN	AN0 - AN7		4.5-6.0	VSS		VDD	V
Analog port input current	I _{AINH}		V _{AIN} =VDD	4.5-6.0			1	μA
	I _{AINL}		V _{AIN} =VSS	4.5-6.0	-1			

(Note 2) Absolute precision excepts quantizing error (±1/2 LSB).

(Note 3) The conversion time means the time from executing the AD conversion instruction to setting the complete digital conversion value to the register.

7. Current Dissipation Characteristics at Ta=-30°C to +70°C, VSS=VSS1=VSS2=VSS3=0V

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	Ratings				unit
				VDD[V]	min.	typ.	max.	
Current dissipation during basic operation (Note 4)	IDDOP(1)	VDD1= VDD2= VDD3	•FmCF=6MHz Ceramic resonator oscillation •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : CF oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/1 divided	4.5-6.0		10	20	mA
	IDDOP(2)		•FmCF=3MHz Ceramic resonator oscillation •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : CF oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/2 divided	4.5-6.0		3	11	
	IDDOP(3)			2.5-4.5		1.5	6	
	IDDOP(4)		•FmCF=0Hz (when oscillation stops) •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : RC oscillation •1/2 divided	4.5-6.0		0.7	2.3	
	IDDOP(5)			2.5-4.5		0.4	1.6	
	IDDOP(6)			4.5-6.0		35	130	μA
	IDDOP(7)		•FmCF=0Hz (when oscillation stops) •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : crystal oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/2 divided	2.5-4.5		15	70	

Continue.

Parameter	Symbol	Pins	Conditions	VDD[V]	Ratings			unit
					min.	typ.	max.	
Current dissipation in HALT mode (Note 4)	IDDHALT(1)	VDD1=VDD2=VDD3	•HALT mode •FmCF=6MHz Ceramic resonator oscillation •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : CF oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/1 divided	4.5-6.0		5	11	mA
	IDDHALT(2)		•HALT mode •FmCF=3MHz Ceramic resonator oscillation •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : CF oscillation •Internal RC oscillation stops •1/2 divided	4.5-6.0		2.2	9	
	IDDHALT(3)			2.5-4.5		0.8	5	
	IDDHALT(4)		•HALT mode FmCF=0Hz (when oscillation stops) •FsXtal=32.768kHz crystal oscillation •System clock : RC oscillation •1/2 divided	4.5-6.0		400	1100	μA
	IDDHALT(5)			2.5-4.5		200	700	
	IDDHALT(6)			4.5-6.0		25	100	
	IDDHALT(7)		2.5-4.5		8	55		
	Current dissipation in HOLD mode (Note 4)	IDDHOLD(1)	VDD1=VDD2=VDD3	HOLD mode	4.5-6.0		0.05	30
		IDDHOLD(2)			2.5-4.5		0.02	20

(Note 4) The currents of the output transistors and the pull-up MOS transistors are ignored.

Table 1. Ceramic resonator oscillation recommended constant (main clock)

Oscillation type	Maker	Oscillator	C1	C2
6MHz ceramic resonator oscillation	Murata	CSA6.00MG	33pF	33pF
		CST6.00MGW	on chip	
3MHz ceramic resonator oscillation	Murata	CSA3.00MG	33pF	33pF
		CST3.00MGW	on chip	

* Both C1 and C2 must use K rank ($\pm 10\%$) and SL characteristics.

Table 2. Crystal oscillation guaranteed constant (sub clock)

Oscillation type	Maker	Oscillator	C3	C4	Rd
32.768kHz crystal oscillation	EPSON	C-002RX	15pF	15pF	680k Ω

* Both C3 and C4 must use J rank ($\pm 5\%$) and CH characteristics.

(It is about the application which is not in need of high precision. Use K rank ($\pm 10\%$) and SL characteristics.)

- (Notes)
- Since the circuit pattern affects the oscillation frequency, place the oscillation-related parts as close to the oscillation pins as possible with the shortest possible pattern length.
 - If you use other oscillators herein, we provide no guarantee for the characteristics.

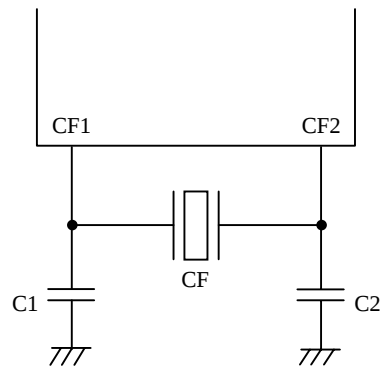


Figure 1 Ceramic oscillation circuit

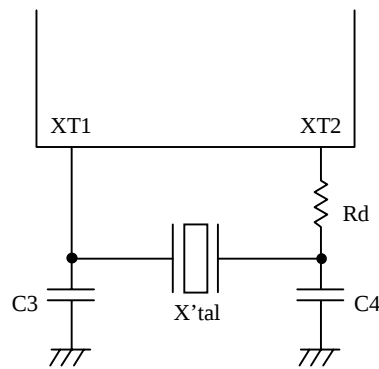
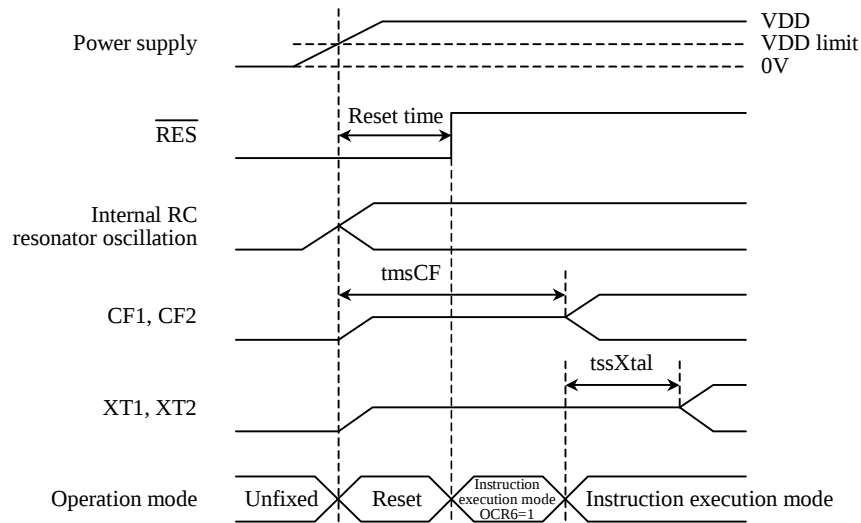
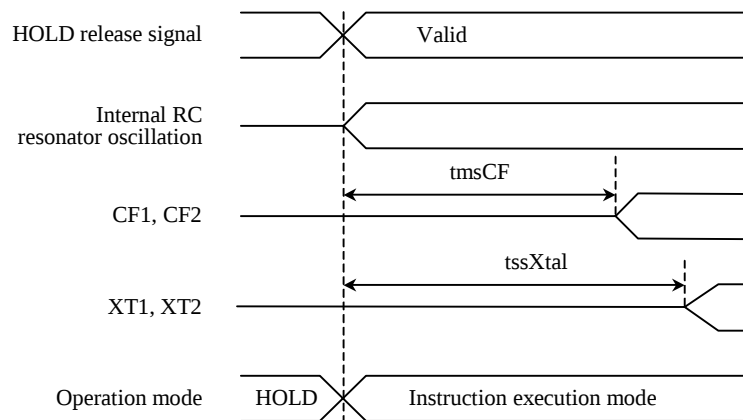


Figure 2 Crystal oscillation circuit

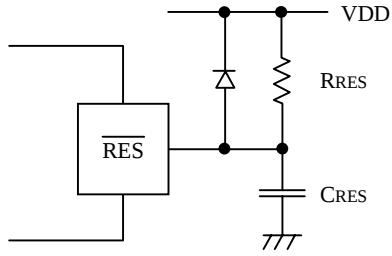


Reset time and oscillation stable time



HOLD release signal and oscillation stable time

Figure 3 Oscillation stable time



(Note) Fix the value of CRES, RRES that is sure to reset until 200 μ s, after Power supply has been over inferior limit of supply voltage.

Figure 4 Reset circuit

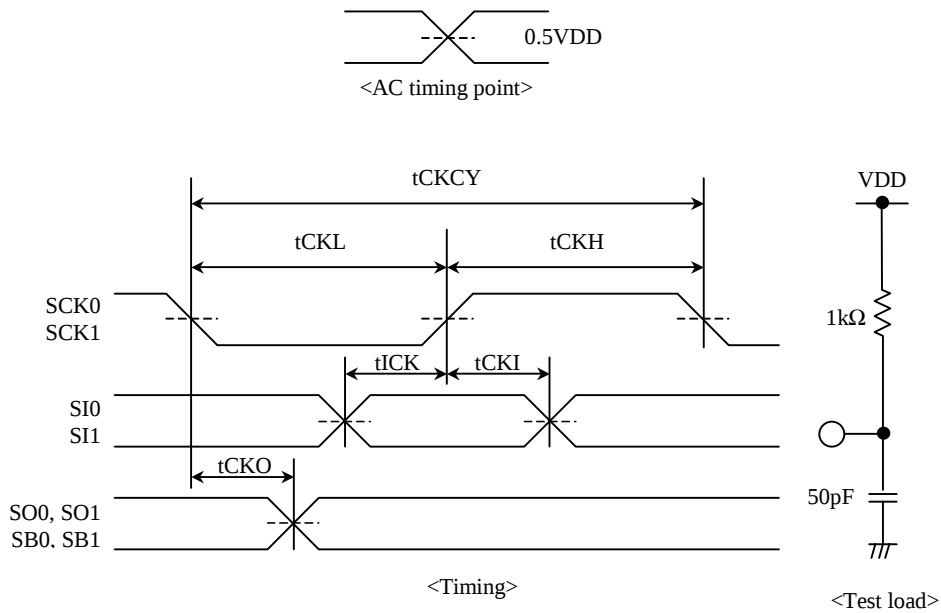


Figure 5 Serial input / output test condition

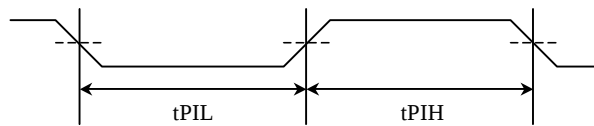


Figure 6 Pulse input timing condition

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