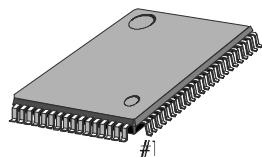


OVERVIEW

The KB9223 is a 1-chip BICMOS integrated circuit to perform the function of RF amp and servo signal processor for compact disc player applications. It consists of blocks for RF signal processing, focus, tracking, sled and spindle servo. Also this IC has adjustment free function and embedded opamp for audio post filter.

80-QFP-1420C

**FEATURES**

- RF amplifier & RF equalizer
- Focus error amplifier & servo control
- Tracking error amplifier & servo control
- Mirror & defect detector circuit
- Focus OK detector circuit
- APC(Auto Laser Power Control) circuit for constant laser power
- FE bias & focus servo offset adjustment free
- EF balance & tracking error gain adjustment free
- Embedded audio post filter
- The circuit for Interruption countermeasure
- Double speed play available
- Operating voltage range

KB9223 : 5V

KB9223-L : 3.4V

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Tempe. Range
KB9223	80-QFP-1420C	-20°C ~ +70°C
KB9223-L		

APPLICATIONS

- CD Player
- Video-CD

RELATED PRODUCT

- KS9286 Data Processor
- KS9284 Data Processor
- KA9258D/KA9259D Motor Driver



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BLOCK DIAGRAM

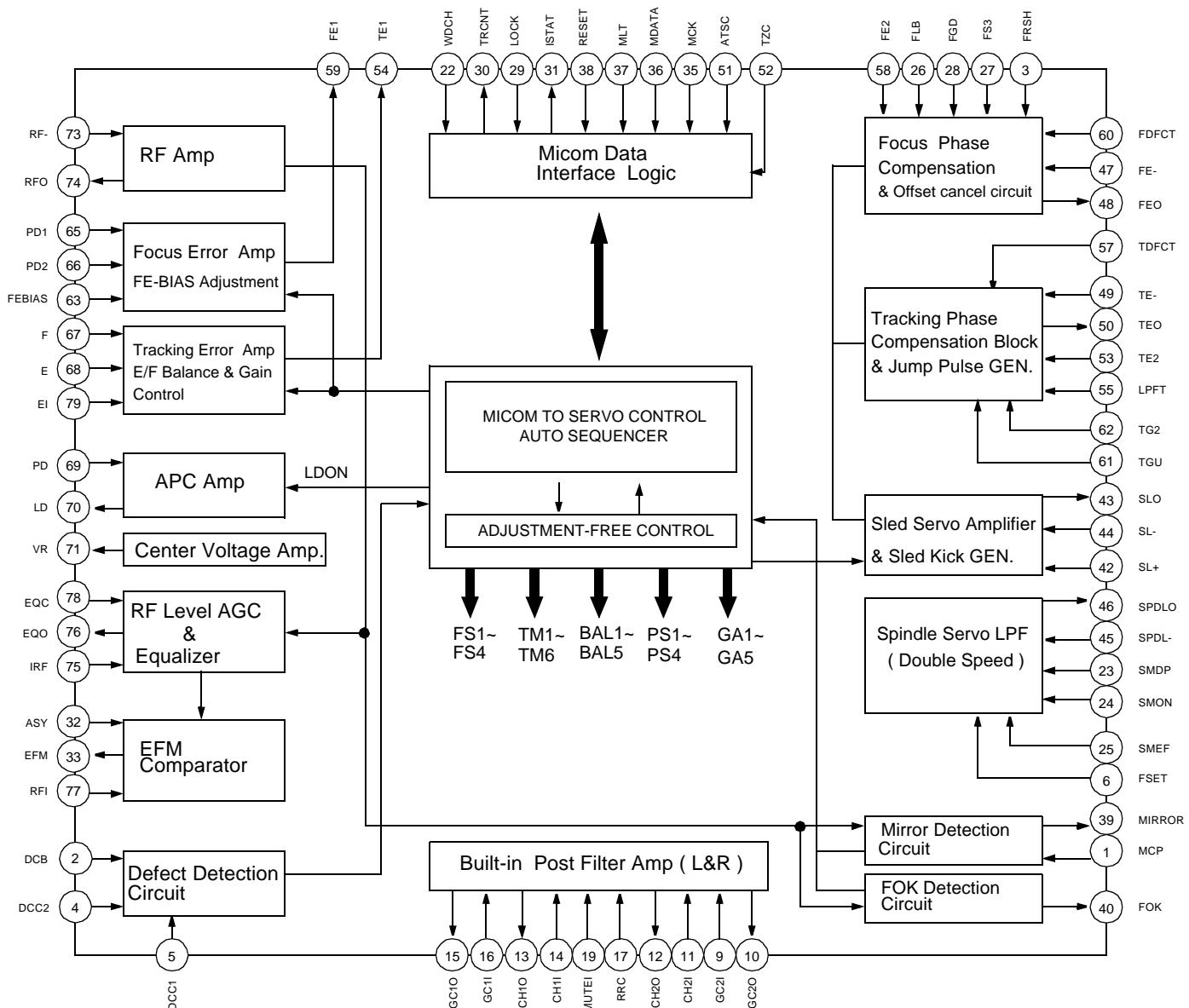


Figure 1. Block diagram

PIN CONFIGURATION

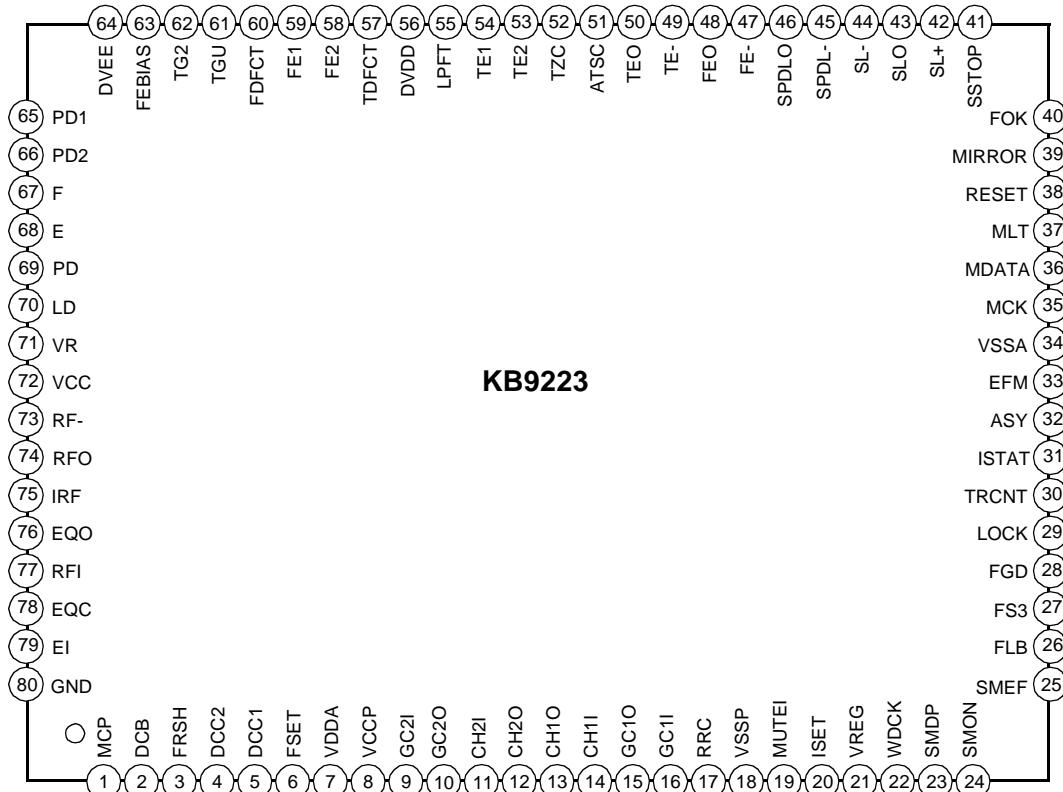


Figure 2. Pin configuration

PIN DESCRIPTION

Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
1	MCP	Capacitor connection pin for mirror hold
2	DCB	Capacitor connection pin for defect Bottom hold
3	FRSH	Capacitor connection pin for time constant to generate focus search waveform
4	DCC2	The input pin through capacitor of defect bottom hold output
5	DCC1	The output pin of defect bottom hold
6	FSET	The peak frequency setting pin for focus,tracking servo and cut off frequency of CLV LPF
7	VDDA	Analog VCC for servo part
8	VCCP	VCC for post filter
9	GC2I	Amplifier negative input pin for gain and low pass filtering of DAC output CH2
10	GC2O	Amplifier output pin for gain and low pass filtering of DAC output CH2
11	CH2I	The input pin for post filter channel2
12	CH2O	The output pin for post filter channel2
13	CH1O	The output pin for post filter channel1
14	CH1I	The input pin for post filter channel1
15	GC1O	Amplifier output pin for gain and low pass filtering of DAC output CH1
16	GC1I	Amplifier negative input pin for gain and low pass filtering of DAC output CH1
17	RRC	The pin for noise reduction of post filter bias
18	VSSP	VSS for post filter
19	MUTEI	The input pin for post filter muting control
20	ISET	The input pin for current setting of focus search,track jump and sled kick voltage
21	VREG	The output pin of regulator
22	WDCK	The clock input pin for auto sequence
23	SMDP	The input pin of CLV control output pin SMDP of DSP
24	SMON	The input pin for spindle servo ON through SMON of DSP
25	SMEF	The input pin of provide for an external LPF time constant
26	FLB	Capacitor connection pin to perform rising low bandwidth of focus loop



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Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
27	FS3	The pin for high frequency gain change of focus loop with internal FS3 switch
28	FGD	Reducing high frequency gain with capacitor between FS3 pin
29	LOCK	Sled runaway prevention pin
30	TRCNT	Track count output pin
31	ISTAT	Internal status output pin
32	ASY	The input pin for asymmetry control
33	EFM	EFM comparator output pin
34	VSSA	Analog VSS for servo part
35	MCK	Micom clock input pin
36	MDATA	Micom data input pin
37	MLT	Micom data latch input pin
38	RESET	Reset input pin
39	MIRROR	The mirror output for test
40	FOK	The output pin of focus OK comparator
61	TGU	The capacitor connection pin for high frequency tracking gain switch
62	TG2	The pin for high frequency gain change of tracking servo loop with internal TG2 switch
63	FEBIAS	Focus error bias voltage control pin
64	DVEE	The DVEE pin for logic circuit
65	PD1	The negative input pin of RF I/V amplifier1(A+C signal)
66	PD2	The negative input pin of RF I/V amplifier2(B+D signal)
67	F	The negative input pin of F I/V amplifier (F signal)
68	E	The negative input pin of E I/V amplifier(E signal)
69	PD	The input pin for APC
70	LD	The output pin for APC
71	VR	The output pin of (AVEE+AVCC)/2 voltage
72	VCC	VCC for RF part
73	RF-	RF summing amplifier inverting input pin
74	RFO	RF summing amplifier output pin



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Table 1. PIN DESCRIPTION (Continued)

Pin No.	Symbol	Description
75	IRF	The input pin for AGC
76	EQO	The output pin for AGC
77	RFI	The input pin for EFM comparision
78	EQC	The capacitor connection pin for AGC
79	EI	Feedback input pin of E I/V amplifier for EF Balance control
80	GND	GND for RF part

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Table 2. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Characteristic	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vmax	6	V
Power Dissipation	PD	200	mW
Operating Temperature	T _{OPR}	-20 ~ +70	°C
Storage temperature	T _{STG}	-55 ~ +150	°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics

(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Supply Current High	ICCHI	VCC=6V,No load	-	20	40	60	mA
Supply Current Typ	ICCTY	VCC=5V,No Load	-	12	30	48	mA
Supply Current Low	ICCLO	VCC=3.4V,No Load	-	10	25	40	mA
RF Amp Offset Voltage	Vrfo	input open	pin 74	-80	0	+80	mV
RF Amp Voltage Gain	Grf	SG3 f=10KHz,40mVp-p,sine	pin 74	25.1	28.1	31.1	dB
RF THD	Grfmd	SG3 f=1KHz,40mVp-p,sine	pin 74	-	-	5	%
RF Amp Max. Output Voltage	Vrfpp1	SG3 DC 2.7V	pin 74	3.8	-	-	V
RF Amp Min. Output Voltage	Vrfpp2	SG3 DC 2.3V	pin 74	-	-	1.2	V
Focus Error Amp Offset Voltage	Vfeo1	input open	pin 59	-450	-250	-50	mV
Focus Error Amp Auto Offset Voltage	Vfeo2	WDCH=88.2KHz Pulse ,\\$841	pin 59	-35	0	35	mV
Focus Error Amp PD1 Voltage Gain	Gfe1	SG3 f=10KHz,32mVp-p,sine	pin 59	27	30	33	dB
Focus Error Amp PD2 Voltage Gain	Gfe2	SG3 f=10KHz,32mVp-p,sine	pin 59	27	30	33	dB
Focus Error Amp Voltage Difference	GfeΔ	ΔGfe1-ΔGfe1	pin 59	-3	0	+3	dB
Focus Error Amp Max. Output Voltage	Gfepp1	SG3 DC 2.7V	pin 59	4.4	-	-	V
Focus Error Amp Min. Output Voltage	Gfepp2	SG3 DC2.3V	pin 59	-	-	0.6	V
AGC Max Gain	Gagc	SG4 f=500KHz,20mVp-p,sine	pin 76	16	19	22	dB
AGC EQ Gain	Geq	Gain Difference of Gagc at f=1.5MHz	pin 76	0	1	2	dB
AGC Gain2	Gagc2	SG4 f=500KHz,0.5Vp-p,sine	pin 76	3.5	6	9	dB
AGC Cmpress Ratio	Cagc	Gain Difference of Gagc2 at 0.1Vp-p	pin 76	0	2.5	5	dB
AGC Frequency	Fagc	Gain Difference SG4 f=1.5MHz,0.1Vp-p,sine and f=500KHz,0.1Vp-p,sine	pin 76	-1.5	0	2.5	dB



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Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Tracking Error Offset Voltage	Vteo	\$800,\$820,input open	pin 54	-50	0	+50	mV
Tracking Error Amp Voltage Gain F	Gtef	\$800,\$820 SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine	pin 54	2.1	5.1	8.1	dB
Tracking Error AmpVoltage Gain E	Gtee	SG3 0.3Vp-p,40KHz,sine	pin 54	-0.75	2.25	5.25	dB
Tracking Error Amp Voltage Gain Difference	GteΔ	Gtef-Gtee	pin 54	-0.25	2.75	5.75	dB
Tracking Error Amp Maximum Output Voltage H	Vtepp1	DG3 DC 4.5V	pin 54	3.5	-	-	V
Tracking Error Amp Minimum Output Voltage L	Vtepp2	SG3 DC 0.5V	pin 54	-	-	1.5	V
Tracking Error Amp Gain up F	Tguf	\$830 SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine	pin 54	8.0	11.0	14.0	dB
Tracking Error Amp Gain up E	Tgue	\$830 SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine	pin 54	5.3	8.3	11.3	dB
Tracking Gain Normal	Fgfn	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$820	pin 54	2.1	5.1	8.1	dB
Tracking F Gain 1	Fgf1	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$821	pin 54	0.1	3.1	6.1	dB
Tracking F Gain 2	Fgf2	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$822	pin 54	-1.7	1.3	4.3	dB
Tracking F Gain 3	Fgf3	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$824	pin 54	-5.0	-2.0	1.0	dB
Tracking F Gain 4	Fgf4	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$824	pin 54	-9.2	-6.2	-3.2	dB
Tracking E Balance Normal	Tben	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$800	pin 54	-0.27	2.27	5.27	dB
Tracking E Balance 1	Tbe1	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$801	pin 54	-0.51	2.51	5.51	dB
Tracking E Balance 2	Tbe2	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$802	pin 54	-0.74	2.74	5.74	dB
Tracking E Balance 3	Tbe3	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$804	pin 54	0.17	3.17	6.17	dB
Tracking E Balance 4	Tbe4	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$808	pin 54	1.03	4.03	7.03	dB
Tracking E Balance 5	Tbe5	SG3 0.3Vp-p,10KHz,sine,\$810	pin 54	2.63	5.63	8.63	dB
FGFN-FGF1	ΔFG1	-	-	0	1.5	3	dB
FGFN-FGF2	ΔFG2	-	-	0.5	2.0	3.5	dB
FGFN-FGF3	ΔFG3	-	-	2.0	3.25	4.5	dB
FGFN-FGF4	ΔFG4	-	-	3.0	4.25	5.5	dB
TBE5 - TBE4	ΔTB1	-	-	0.6	1.6	2.6	dB
TBE4 - TBE3	ΔTB2	-	-	-0.14	0.86	1.86	dB
TBE3 - TBE2	ΔTB3	-	-	-0.57	0.43	1.43	dB
TBE2 - TBE1	ΔTB4	-	-	-0.77	0.23	1.23	dB
APC PSUB Voltage 1	Vapc1	LDON,\$853,PN=open, SG4 GND+85mV	pin 70	-	-	1.2	V
APC PSUB Voltage 2	Vapc2	LDON,\$853,PN=open, SG4 GND+185mV	pin 70	3.8	-	-	V



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Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
APC NSUB Voltage 1	Vapc3	LDON,\$857,PN=2.5V, SG4 GND+95mV	pin 70	3.8	-	-	V
APC NSUB Voltage 2	Vapc4	LDON,\$857,PN=2.5V, SG4 GND+165mV	pin 70	-	-	1.2	V
APC LD Off Voltage 1	Vapc5	LDOFF,\$85C,PN=open,SG4 2.5V	pin 70	4.0	-	-	V
APC LD Off Voltage 2	Vapc6	LDOFF,\$858,PN=2.5V,SG4 2.5V	pin 70	-	-	1.0	V
APC Maximum Output Current H	Vapc7	LDON,\$854,PN=open, SG4 GND + 185mV	pin 70	2.5	-	-	V
APC Minimum Output Current L	Vapc8	LDON,\$854,SG4 GND + 85mV	pin 70	-	-	2.5	V
Mirror Maximum Output Voltage H	Vmirh	SG4 2.1V+0.8Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin 39	4.3	-	-	V
Mirror Minimum Output Voltage L	Vmirl	SG4 2.1V+0.8Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin 39	-	-	0.7	V
Mirror Minimum Operating Frequency	Fmirh	SG4 2.1V+0.8Vp-p,900Hz,sine	pin 39	-	550	900	Hz
Mirror Maximum Operating Frequency	Fmirb	SG4 2.1V+0.8Vp-p,30KHz,sine	pin 39	30	75	-	KHz
Mirror AM Frequency Characteristic	Fmir	SG4 2.1V+0.8Vp-p 600Hz,fc=500KHz 55% modulation	pin 39	-	400	600	Hz
Mirror Minimum Input Voltage	Vmir	SG4 2.1V+0.2Vp-p,10KHz,sine	pin 39	-	0.1	0.2	V
Mirror Maximum Input Voltage	Vmih	SG4 2.1V+1.8Vp-p,10KHz,sine	pin 39	1.8	-	-	V
FOK Threshold Voltage	Vfokt	SG4 2.25V~2.0V,DCsweep, 10mV step	pin 40	-420	-360	-300	mV
FOK Output Voltage H	Vfokh	SG4 DC 1.5V	pin 40	4.3	-	-	V
FOK Output Voltage L	Vfokl	SG4 DC 2.5V	pin 40	-	-	0.7	V
Defect Output Voltage H	Vdfcth	\$863,SG3 2.520V+0.04Vp-p, f=1Khz,sine	pin 41	4.3	-	-	V
Output Voltage L	Vdfcth	\$863,SG3 2.520V+0.04Vp-p, f=1Khz,sine	pin 41	-	-	0.7	V
Focus Loop Mute	Fmute	SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin 48	-100	0	100	mV
Tracking Loop Mute	Tmute	SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin 50	-100	0	120	mV
Interruption	Imute	SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin 50	-100	0	120	mV
Defect Bottom Voltage	Fdfct1	SG3 2.520 V+0.04Vp-p, 1KHz,sine	pin 41	-	670	1000	Hz
Defect Max Freq. Voltage	Fdfct2	SG3 2.520V+0.04Vp-p, 2KHz,sine	pin 41	2.0	4.7	-	KHz
Defect Minimum Input Voltage	Vdfct1	SG 3 2.510V+0.020Vp-p, 1Khz,sine	pin 41	-	0.3	0.5	V

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)
(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Defect Maximum Input Voltage	Vdfct2	SG32.535V+0.070Vp-p, 1KHz,sine	pin 41	1.8	-	-	V
EFM Duty Voltage 1	Defm1	SG4 2.5V+0.75Vp-p, 750KHz,sine	pin 32	-50	0	50	mV
EFM Duty Voltage 2	Defm2	SG42.75V+0.75Vp-p, 750KHz,sine	pin 32	0	50	100	mV
EFM Minimum input Voltage	Vefm1	SG4 2.5V+0.12Vp-p, 750KHz,sine	pin 33	-	-	0.12	V
EFM Maximum input Voltage	Vefm2	SG4 2.5V+1.8Vp-p,750KHz,sine	pin 33	1.8	-	-	V
EFM Maximum Operating Frequency	Fefm	SG4 2.5V+0.75Vp-p,4MHz	pin 33	4	-	-	MHz
FZC Threshold Voltage	Vfzc	DC 2.5V+38mV,100mV	pin 31	39	69	100	mV
ATSC Threshold Voltage 1	Vatsc1	\$10,SG2 DC 2.5V-6mV,-45mV	pin 31	-67	-32	-7	mV
ATSC Threshold Voltage 2	Vatsc2	SG2 DC 2.5V+6mV,+45mV	pin 33	7	32	67	mV
TZC Threshold Voltage	Vtzc	\$20,SG2 DC 2.5V-20mV,+20mV	pin 31	-30	0	30	mV
SSTOP Threshold Voltage	Vsstop	\$30,SG2 DC 2.5V-71mV,-30mV	pin 31	-100	-50	-30	mV
Tracking gain window voltage	VtGW	\$840+\$830 SG2 2.5V 2.9V 5mV DC	pin 30	200	250	300	mV
Tracking gain window range	VTGW2	\$848+\$830 SG2 2.5V 5mV DC sweep	pin 30	100	150	200	mV
Tracking balance window voltage	VTBW	\$844+\$810 SG2 2.555V ~ 2.475V 5mV DC sweep	pin 31	-25	15	55	mV
Tracking balance window range	VTBW2	\$844+\$810 SG2 2.555V ~ 2.470V 5mV DC sweep	pin 31	-25	15	55	mV
Vreg Threshold Voltage	Vreg	-	pin 21	3.2	3.4	3.6	V
Center Voltage	VCVO	2.5V Reference	pin 71	-100	0	100	mV
VREF Current Drive Voltage 1	VCVO1	2.5V Reference	pin 71	-100	0	100	mV
VREF Current Drive Voltage 2	VCVO2	2.5V Reference	pin 71	-100	0	100	mV
Post CH1 Freq. Characteristic	Fpos1	SG1 2.5V+1Vp-p,40KHz,sine	pin 13	-4.5	-3.0	-1.5	dB
Post CH2 Freq. Characteristic	Fpos2	SG1 2.5V+1Vp-p,40KHz,sine	pin 12	-4.5	-3.0	-1.5	dB
Post CH1 Mute	Mute1	Mute=5V SG1 2.5V+1Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin13	-	-	-35	dB
Post CH2 Mute	Mute2	Mute=5V SG1 2.5V+1Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin 12	-	-	-35	dB
Focus Loop DC Gain	Gf	\$08,SG2 DC 2.6V,2.4V average	pin 48	19.0	21.5	24.0	dB
Focus Off Offset	Vosf1	\$00	pin 48	-100	0	100	mV
Focus On Offset	Vofs2	\$08,DC 2.5V	pn 48	0	250	500	mV
Focus Auto Offset	Vaof	\$842,WDCK,after100ms	pin 48	-65	0	65	mV



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Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Focus Output Voltage H	Vfoh1	\$08,DC 3.0V	pin 48	4.40	-	-	V
Focus Output Voltage L	Vfol1	\$08,DC 2.0V	pin 48	-	-	0.60	V
Focus Output Drive Voltage H	Vfoh2	\$08,DC 3.0V	pin 48	3.68	-	-	V
Focus Output Drive Voltage L	Vfol2	\$08,DC 2.0V	pin 48	-	-	1.32	V
Focus Oscillation Voltage	Vosc	\$08,DC 2.5V	pin 48	0	100	200	mV
Focus Feed Through	Gff	Gain Difference at Servo on and off	pin 48	-	-	-35	dB
Focus AC Gain 1	Gfa1	\$08, SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p,1.2KHz,sine	pin 48	19.0	23.0	27.0	dB
Focus AC Phase 1	Pfa1	\$08, SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p,1.2KHz,sine	pin 48	40	65	90	deg
Focus AC Gain 2	Gfa2	\$08, SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p,2.7KHz,sine	pin 48	14.0	18.5	23.0	dB
Focus AC Phase 2	Pfa2	\$08, SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p,2.7KHz,sine	pin 48	40	65	90	deg
Focus Search Voltage1	Vfs1	\$30+\$02	pin 48	-0.64	-0.50	-0.36	V
Focus Search Voltage2	Vfs2	\$30+\$03	pin 48	0.36	0.50	0.64	V
Focus Loop Total Gain	Gftg	Focus PD gain + Focus loop DC gain	pin 48	49.5	51.5	53.5	dB
Tracking DC Gain	Gto	\$25 SG2 DC 2.3V,2.7V average gain	pin 50	13.5	15.5	17.5	dB
Tracking Off Offset	Vost1	\$20	pin 50	-100	0	100	mV
Tracking On Offset	Vost2	SG2 DC 2.5V,\$25	pin 50	-100	0	120	mV
Tracking Oscillation Voltage	Vosa1	\$25,SG2 DC2.5V	pin 50	0	100	200	mV
Tracking gain boost for ATSC	Gatsc	2.5V+0.1Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin 50	17.5	20.5	23.5	dB
Tracking gain boost on LOCK (L)	Glock	2.5V+0.1Vp-p,1KHz,sine	pin 50	17.5	20.5	23.5	dB
Tracking Output Voltage H	Vth1	\$25,SG2 DC 1.0V	pin 50	4.48	-	-	V
Tracking Output Voltage L	Vtl1	\$25SG2 ,DC 4.0V	pin 50	-	-	0.52	V
Tracking Output Drive Voltage H	Vth2	\$25,SG2 DC2.0V	pin 50	3.68	-	-	V
Tracking Output Drive Voltage L	Vtl2	\$25, SG2 DC3.0V	pin 50	-	-	1.32	V
Tracking Jump Voltage 1	Vtj1	\$2C	pin 50	-0.64	-0.5	-0.36	V
Tracking Jump Voltage 2	Vtj2	\$28	pin 50	0.36	0.5	0.64	V
Tracking Feed Through	Gtf	Gain Difference at Tracking servo on and off	pin 50	-	-	-39	dB
Tracking AC Gain 1	Gta1	\$10,\$25,SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p, 1.2KHz,sine	pin 50	9.0	12.5	16.0	dB



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Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Tracking AC Phase 1	Pta1	\$10,\$25,SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p, 1.2KHz,sine	pin 50	-140	-115	-90	deg
Tracking AC Gain 2	Gta2	\$10,\$25,SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p, 2.7KHz,sine	pin 50	17.5	21.5	25.5	dB
Tracking AC Phase 2	Pta2	\$10,\$25,SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p, 2.7KHz,sine	pin 50	-195	-150	-100	deg
Tracking Loop Gain	Gtrt	tracking Amp F gain+ servo DC gain	-	18.5	20.5	22.5	dB
Sled DC Gain	Gsl	SG2 DC 2.6V,2.4V	pin 43	20.5	22.5	24.5	dB
Sled Feed Through	Gslf	Gain Difference at sled servo on and off SG2 2.5V+0.1Vp-p,1.2KHz,sine	pin 43	-	-	-34	dB
Sled Output Voltage H	Vslh1	\$25,SG2 DC 2.9V	pin 43	4.48	-	-	V
Sled Output Voltage L	Vsll1	\$25,SG2 DC 2.1V	pin 43	-	-	0.52	V
Sled Output Drive Voltage H	Vslh2	\$25,SG2 DC 2.9V	pin 43	3.68	-	-	V
Sled Output Drive Voltage L	Vsll2	\$25,SG2 DC 2.1V	pin 43	-	-	1.32	V
Sled Forward Kick Voltage	Vsk1	\$22	pin 43	0.38	0.60	0.75	V
Sled Reverse Kick Voltage	Vsk2	\$23	pin 43	-0.75	-0.6	-0.38	V
Spindle Normal Speed Gain	Gsp	\$F0 SG1 DC 2.6V,2.4V, average gain	pin 46	14.0	16.5	19.0	dB
Spindle Double Speed Gain	Gsp2	\$F3 SG1 DC 2.6V,2.4V, average gain	pin 46	19.0	23.0	27.0	dB
Spindle Output Voltage H	Gsph1	\$F0, SG1 DC 3.5V	pin 46	4.48	-	-	V
Spindle Output Voltage L	Gspl1	\$F0, SG1 DC 1.5V	pin 46	-	-	0.52	V
Spindle Output Drive Voltage H	Gsph2	\$F0,SG1 DC 3.5V	pin 46	3.68	-	-	V
Spindle Output Drive Voltage L	Gspl2	\$F0,SG1 DC 1.5V	pin 46	-	-	1.32	V
Spindle AC Gain	Gspa	\$F0,SG1 2.5V+0.2Vp-p, 2KHz,sine	pin 46	-7.0	-3.5	0	dB
Spindle AC Phase	Pspa	\$F0,SG1 2.5V+0.2Vp-p, 2KHz,sine	pin 46	-120	-90	-60	deg



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Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
FOCUS output voltage H	Vfh1I	VDD, DVDD, VCC = +3.4V Low Voltage Test for Servo Part & RF part : the test method is the same as 5V test	pin 48	2.88	-	-	V
FOCUS output voltage L	Vfl1I		pin 48	-	-	0.68	V
FOCUS SEARCH voltage 1	Vfs1I		pin 48	-0.64	-0.50	-0.36	V
FOCUS SEARCH voltage 2	Vfs2I		pin 48	0.36	0.50	0.64	V
TRACKING on OFFSET	Vost21		pin 50	-100	0	+120	mV
TRACKING output voltage H	Vth1I		pin 50	2.88	-	-	V
TRACKING output voltage L	Vtl1I		pin 50	-	-	0.68	V
TRACKING jump voltage 1	Vtj1I		pin 50	-0.64	-0.50	-0.36	V
TRACKING jump voltage 2	Vtj2I		pin 50	0.36	0.50	0.64	V
SLED output voltage H	Vslh1I		pin 43	2.88	-	-	V
SLED output voltage L	Vsl1I		pin 43	-	-	0.68	V
SLED forward kick voltage	Vsk1I		pin 43	0.38	0.60	0.75	V
SLED reverse kick voltage	Vsk2I		pin 43	-0.75	-0.60	-0.38	V
SPINDLE output voltage H	Vsp1I		pin 46	2.88	-	-	V
SPINDLE output voltage L	Vspl1I		pin 46	-	-	0.68	V
RF amp OFFSET voltage	Vrfol		pin 74	-80	0	+80	mV
Tracking error offset	Vteol		pin 54	-50	0	+50	mV
RF amp output voltage H	Vrfpp1I		pin 74	2.8	-	-	V
RF amp output voltage L	Vrfpp2I		pin 74	-	-	0.6	V
FOCUS error output voltage H	Vfepp1I		pin 59	2.8	-	-	V
FOCUS error output voltage L	Vfepp2I		pin 59	-	-	0.6	V
Tracking error output voltage	Vtepp1I		pin 54	2.2	-	-	V
Tracking error output voltage	Vtepp2I		pin 54	-	-	1.2	V
APC output voltage 1L	Vapc1I		pin 70	-	-	1.2	V
APC output voltage 2L	Vapc2I		pin 70	2.5	-	-	V
APC output voltage 3L	Vapc3I		pin 70	2.5	-	-	V
APC output voltage 4L	Vapc4I		pin 70	-	-	1.2	V
APC output voltage 5L	Vapc5I		pin 70	-	-	1.1	V
APC output voltage 6L	Vapc6I		pin 70	2.7	-	-	V
FOK threshold voltage	Vfoktl		pin 40	-420	-360	-300	V
Post Filter Output Voltage max. 1	Vpom1	SG1 2.5V+3.2Vp-p,1KHz, within THD 1%	pin 13	1.1	1.3	-	Vrms

Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Post Filter Output Voltage max. 2	Vpom2	SG1 2.5V+3.2Vp-p,1KHz, within THD 1%	pin 12	1.1	1.3	-	Vrms
Total Harmonic Distortion 1	THD11	SG1 f=100Hz,0dBm	pin 13	-	0.01	0.05	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 1	THD12	SG1 f=1KHz,0dBm	pin 13	-	0.01	0.05	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 1	THD13	SG1 f=10KHz,0dBm	pin 13	-	0.05	0.1	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 1	THD14	SG1 f=16KHz,0dBm	pin 13	-	0.1	0.2	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 1	THD15	SG1 f=20KHz,0dBm	pin 13	-	0.1	0.2	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 2	THD21	SG1 f=100Hz,0dBm	Pin 12	-	0.01	0.05	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 2	THD22	SG1 f=1KHz,0dBm	Pin 12	-	0.01	0.05	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 2	THD23	SG1 f=10KHz,0dBm	Pin 12	-	0.05	0.1	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 2	THD24	SG1 f=16KHz,0dBm	Pin 12	-	0.1	0.2	%
Total Harmonic Distortion 2	THD25	SG1 f=20KHz,0dBm	Pin 12	-	0.1	0.2	%
Frequency Characteristics 1	fv11	SG1 f=100Hz,0dBm	pin 13	-0.1	0	0.1	dB
Frequency Characteristics 1	fv12	SG1 f=1KHz,0dBm	pin 13	-0.25	0	+0.25	dB
Frequency Characteristics 1	fv13	SG1 f=10KHz,0dBm	pin 13	-0.5	0	0.5	dB
Frequency Characteristics 1	fv14	SG1 f=16KHz,0dBm	pin 13	-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Frequency Characteristics 1	fv15	SG1 f=20KHz,0dBm	pin 13	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2	fv21	SG1 f=100Hz,0dBm	Pin 12	-0.1	0	0.1	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2	fv22	SG1 f=1KHz,0dBm	Pin 12	-0.25	0	+0.25	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2	fv23	SG1 f=10KHz,0dBm	Pin 12	-0.5	0	0.5	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2	fv24	SG1 f=16KHz,0dBm	Pin 12	-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2	fv25	SG1 f=20KHz,0dBm	Pin 12	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
Crosstalk 1	CT11	SG1 100Hz,0dBm,ratio on Ch2	pin 13	70	80	-	dB
Crosstalk 1	CT12	SG1 1KHz,0dBm,ratio on Ch2	pin 13	65	75	-	dB
Crosstalk 1	CT13	SG1 10KHz,0dBm,ratio on Ch2	pin 13	60	65	-	dB
Crosstalk 2	CT21	SG1 100Hz,0dBm,ratio on Ch1	pin 12	70	80	-	dB
Crosstalk 2	CT22	SG1 1KHz,0dBm,ratio on Ch1	pin 12	65	75	-	dB
Crosstalk 2	CT23	SG1 10KHz,0dBm,ratio on Ch1	pin 12	60	65	-	dB
Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Signal to Noise Ratio 1	S/N 1	DC 2.5V 0dbm, ratio on Noise	pin 13	73	80	-	dB
Signal to Noise Ratio 2	S/N 2	DC 2.5V 0dbm, ratio on Noise	pin 12	73	80	-	dB
Channel Balance	CB	Gain Difference Ch1 and Ch2	-	-0.1	0	+0.1	dB



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Table 3. Electrical Characteristics (Continued)
(Ta=25°C, VDD = DVDD = VCC = +5V, VSS = DVSS = GND = VSSP = 0V)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Conditions	Output	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Post filter output voltage mix.1L	Vpom1L	VDD, DVDD, VCC VCCP= +3.4V Low voltage test for post filter. The test method is the same as 5V test except for input signal : SG1 1.7V + 1.55Vp-p	pin 13	0.5	0.55	-	Vrms
Post filter output voltage mix. 2L	Vpom2L		pin 12	0.5	0.55	-	Vrms
Total harmonic distortion 1L	THD11L		pin 13	-	0.01	0.05	%
Total harmonic distortion 1L	THD12L		pin 13	-	0.01	0.05	%
Total harmonic distortion 1L	THD13L		pin 13	-	0.05	0.1	%
Total harmonic distortion 1L	THD14L		pin 13	-	0.1	0.2	%
Total harmonic distortion 1L	THD15L		pin 13	-	0.1	0.2	%
Total harmonic distortion 2L	THD21L		pin 12	-	0.01	0.05	%
Total harmonic distortion 2L	THD22L		pin 12	-	0.01	0.05	%
Total harmonic distortion 2L	THD23L		pin 12	-	0.05	0.1	%
Total harmonic distortion 2L	THD24L		pin 12	-	0.1	0.2	%
Total harmonic distortion 2L	THD25L		pin 12	-	0.1	0.2	%
Frequency Characteristics 1L	fv11L		pin 13	-0.1	0	0.1	dB
Frequency Characteristics 1L	fv12L		pin 13	-0.25	0	+0.25	dB
Frequency Characteristics 1L	fv13L		pin 13	-0.5	0	0.5	dB
Frequency Characteristics 1L	fv14L		pin 13	-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Frequency Characteristics 1L	fv15L		pin 13	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2L	fv21L		pin 12	-0.1	0	0.1	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2L	fv22L		pin 12	-0.25	0	+0.25	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2L	fv23L		pin 12	-0.5	0	0.5	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2L	fv24L		pin 12	-1.0	0	1.0	dB
Frequency Characteristics 2L	fv25L		pin 12	-1.5	0	1.5	dB
Cross talk 1L	CT11L		pin 13	67	80	-	dB
Cross talk 1L	CT12L		pin 13	62	75	-	dB
Cross talk 1L	CT13L		pin 13	57	65	-	dB
Cross talk 2L	CT21L		pin 12	67	80	-	dB
Cross talk 2L	CT22L		pin 12	62	75	-	dB
Cross talk 2L	CT23L		pin 12	57	65	-	dB
Signal to noise ratio 1L	S/N1L		pin 13	67	80	-	dB
Signal to noise ratio 2L	S/N2L		pin 12	67	80	-	dB
Channel balance L	CBL		-	-0.1	0	+0.1	dB

Note1) The notation \$ means hexa decimal of micom command

Note2) Low voltage test items only refer to KB9223-L



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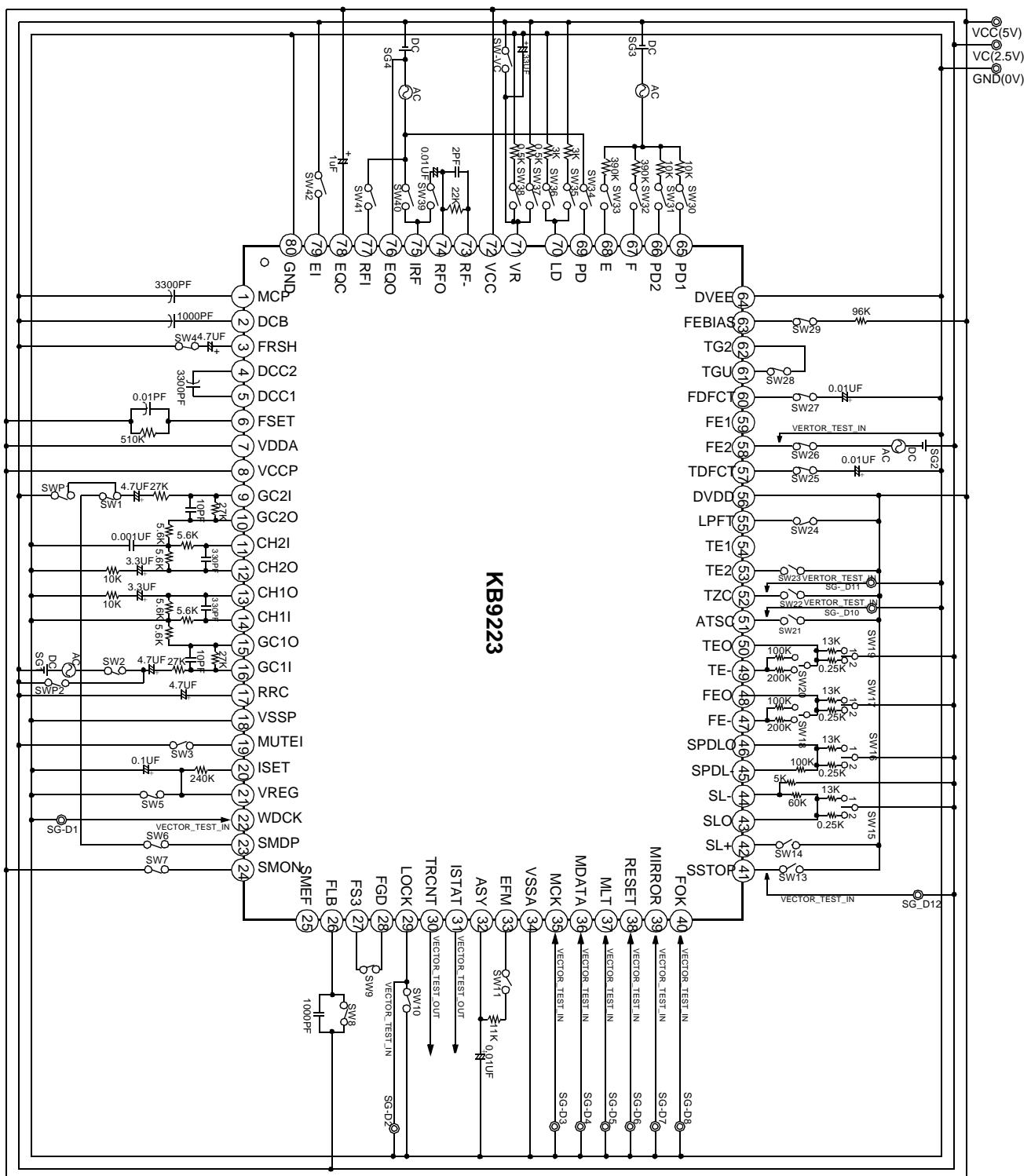
KB9223 / KB9223-L**RF AMP & SERVO SIGNAL PROCESSOR****TEST CIRCUIT**

Figure 3. Test Circuit



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FUNCTION DESCRIPTION

1.RF Amp Block

1.1 RF Amplifier

The optical currents inputted through pins PD1(A+C) and PD2(B+D) are converted into voltages through I-V amp, and they are added to RF summing amp. The voltage, converted from the photo diode (A+B+C+D) signal, is outputted through RFO(pin74) and the eye pattern can be checked at this pin.

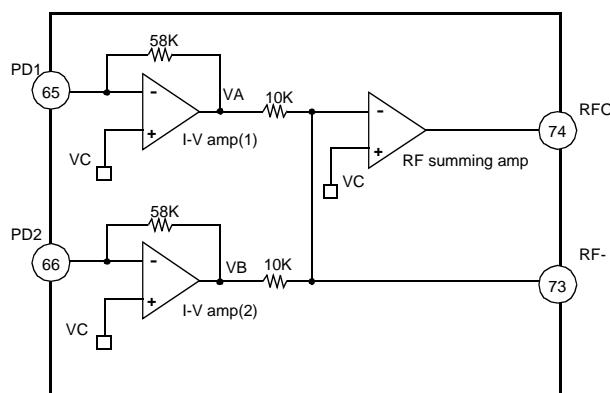


Figure 4. RF amp circuit

1.2 Focus Error Amp

The output of the focus error amp is the difference between I-V amp(1) output VA and RF I-V amp(2) output VB. The focus error bias voltage applied to the (+) of focus error amp can be changed by output voltage of D/A converter as shown in diagram, so that the offset of focus error amp can be adjusted automatically by controlling 5 bits counter switches. Focus error bias can be adjusted from the range of +100mV ~ -100mV by connecting the resistor on pin 63 (FEBIAS).

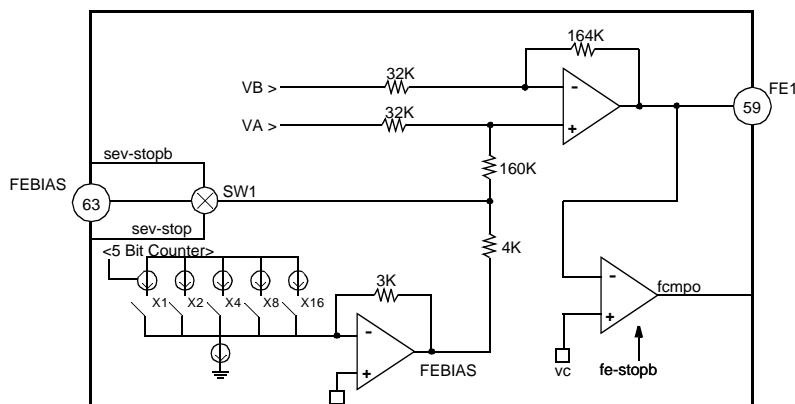


Figure 5. Focus error amp circuit

note1> VA and VB refer to output signal of PD1 and PD2 I/V amp.

note2> sev-stopb, sev-stop, fe-stopb and fcmopo are internal signals

1.3 Tracking Error Amp

The optical currents detected from the side photo diode (E and F) pf pick-up are inputted to the E and F pin and converted into voltage signals by E I-V and F I-V amp. The output of tracking error amp generates the difference between E I-V AMP and F I-V AMP voltage output.

The E-F balance can be adjusted by modifying the gain of E I-V AMP, and the tracking gain can be adjusted automatically by controlling the peak voltage at pin TE2 by micom program.

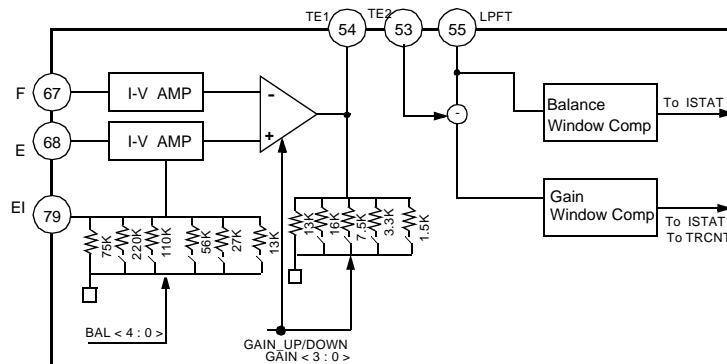


Figure 6. Tracking error amp circuit

1.4 Focus OK Circuit

The FOK is the output. The focus OK circuit generates a timing window to enable focus servo operation from focus search status. When the difference of the RFO (pin74)signal and DC coupled signal IRF(pin75) are above the predefined voltage the Focus OK circuit output (pin40) becomes active(High output). The predefined voltage is -0.39V

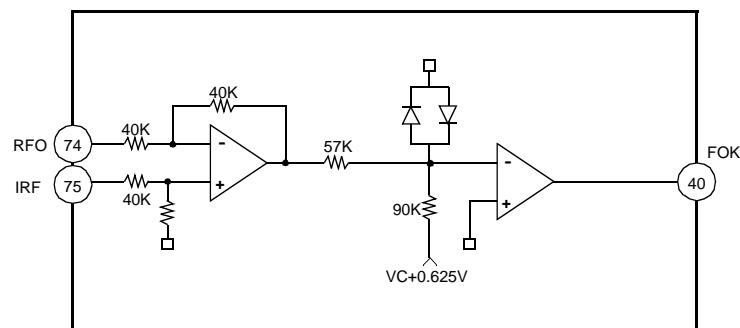


Figure 7. Focus OK circuit

1.5 Mirror Circuit

IRF signal is amplified by the mirror amp, and the peak and bottom component of amplified signal are detected by peak and bottom hold circuit. The peak hold circuit covers traverse signal of up to 100KHz component and bottom hold circuit capable of covering the envelope frequency of disc rotation. The time constant for the mirror hold must be sufficiently larger than that of the traverse signal.

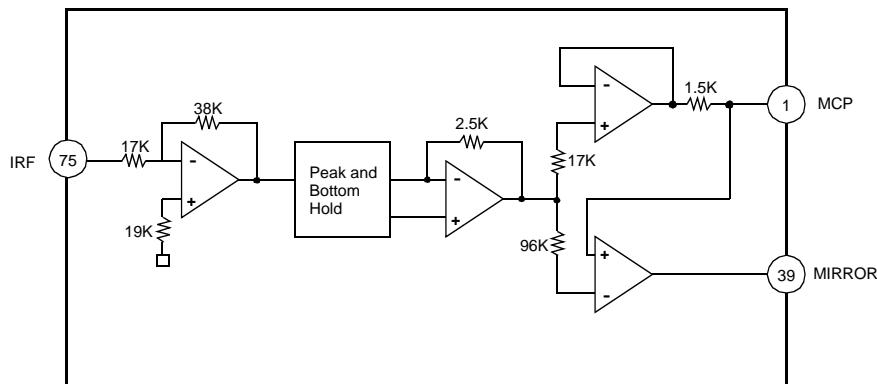


Figure 8. Mirror Circuit

1.6 EFM Comparator

The EFM comparator converts a RF signal into a binary signal.

Because the asymmetry generated due to variations in disc manufacturing can not be eliminated by the AC coupling alone, this circuit uses to control reference voltage of EFM comparator for eliminating asymmetry.

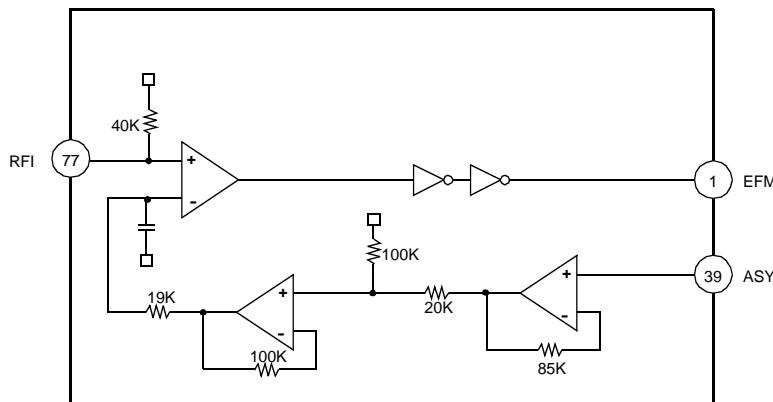


Figure 9. EFM Comparator & asymmetry circuit

1.7 Defect Circuit

The RFO signal bottom, after being inverted, is held with two time constants of long and short.

The short time-constant bottom hold is done for a disc mirror defect more than 0.1msec, the long time-constant bottom hold is done with the mirror level prior to the defect. By differentiating this with a capacitor coupling and shifting the level, both signals are compared to generate the mirror defect detection signal.

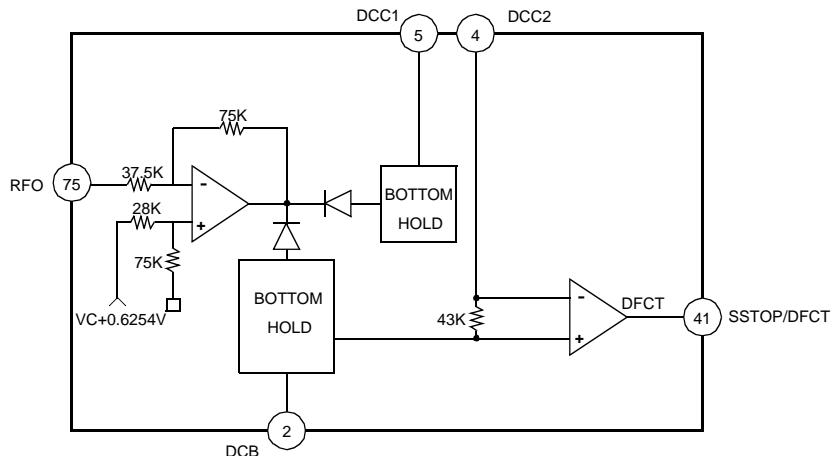


Figure 10. Defect Circuit

1.8 APC (Auto Power Control) Circuit

The laser diode has large negative temperature characteristic in its optical output when driven with a constant current on laser diode. Therefore, the output on processing monitor photo diode, must be a controlled current for getting regular output power, thus the APC (Auto Power Control) circuit is composed.

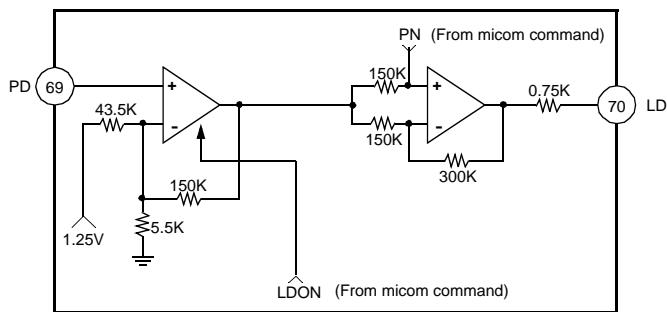


Figure 11. APC Circuit

1.9 AGC Stability Circuit

The AGC block is the function used to maintain the constant level of RF peak to peak voltage. After the operation of RF envelop detection and comparing with reference voltage, RFO level is kept stable in 1Vpp, and inputted to EFM Slice.

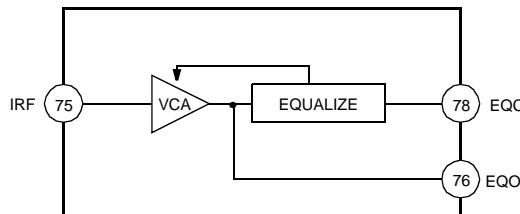


Figure 12. AGC block

1.10 Post Filter

The adjustment of audio output gain and the integration of possible de-emphasis output are executed by this circuit. This block has amps of 2 channel for gain and filter setting and mute pin for audio signal muting.

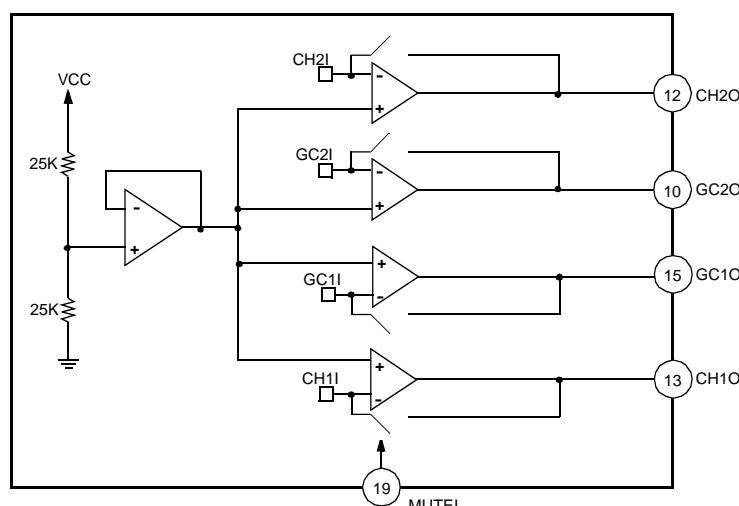
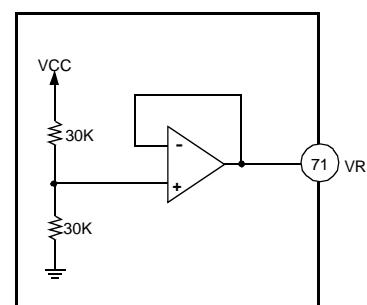


Figure 13. Post Filter circuit

1.11 Center Voltage Generation Circuit

The center voltage is generated by voltage divide using resistor .

Figure 14. Center Voltage Generation Circuit



2. Servo Block

2.1 Focus Servo Block

When defect is "H"(the defect signal is detected), the focus servo loop is muting in case of focus phase compensation. At this time, the focus error signal is outputted through the low pass filter formed by connecting a capacitor(0.1uF) and a built-in 470KΩ resistor to the FDFCT pin(pin 60). Accordingly, the focus error output is held at the error value just before defect error during defect occurring. The peak frequency of focus loop phase compensation is at about 1.2KHz when the resistor connected to FSET pin(pin 6) is 510KΩ, and it is inversely proportional to the resistor connected to the FSET pin. While the focus search is operating, the FS4 switch is on and then the focus error signal is isolated, accordingly the focus search signal is outputted by FEO pin(pin 48). When the FS2 switch is on(focus on), the focus servo loop is on and the focus error signal from FE2 pin(pin 58) is outputted through the focus servo loop.

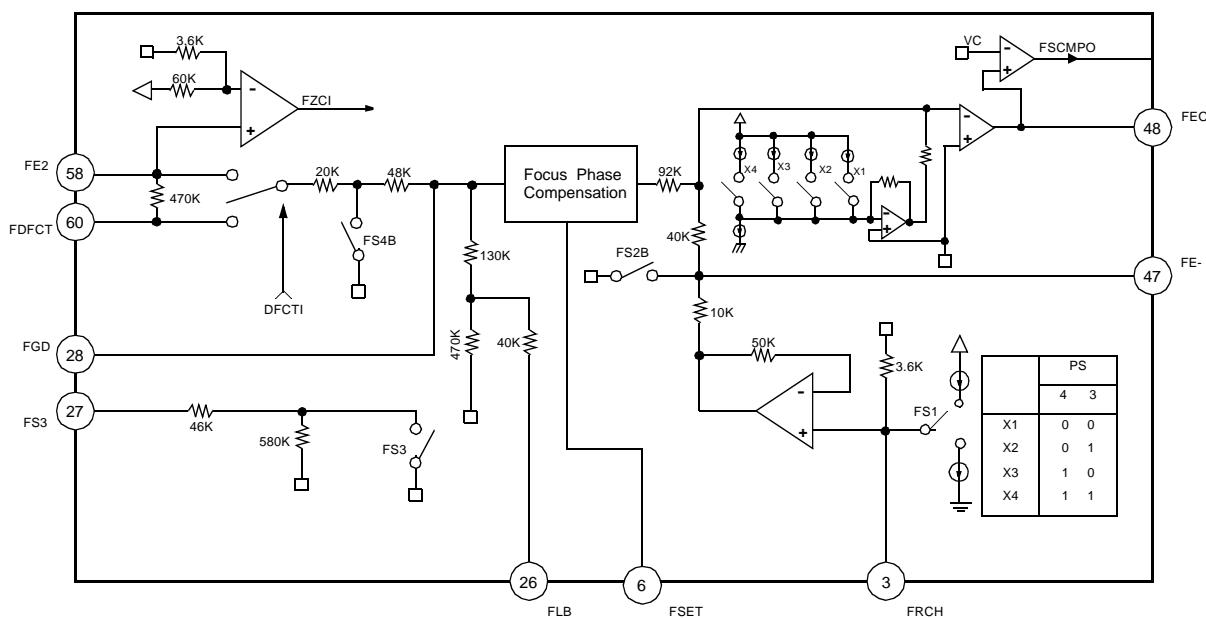


Figure 15. Focus servo block

2.2 Tracking Servo Block

During detection of defect, the tracking error signal is outputted through the tracking servo loop after passing the low pass filter formed by connecting a capacitor(0.1uF) and a built-in 470KΩ resistor to the TDFCT pin(pin57) in case of tracking phase compensation. The value of tracking gain up/down can be controlled by TG1 and TG2 pin. The peak frequency of tracking loop phase compensation, the dynamic range and offset of opamp can be adjusted by changing the value of resistor connected to FSET pin same as focus loop. In case of unstable status of actuator after jumping, the ON/OFF of tracking loop is controlled by TM7 switch of break circuit.

After 10-track jumping, servo circuit gets out of the liner range and actuator's tracking becomes occasionally unstable. Hence unnecessary jumping with many tracking error should be prevented.

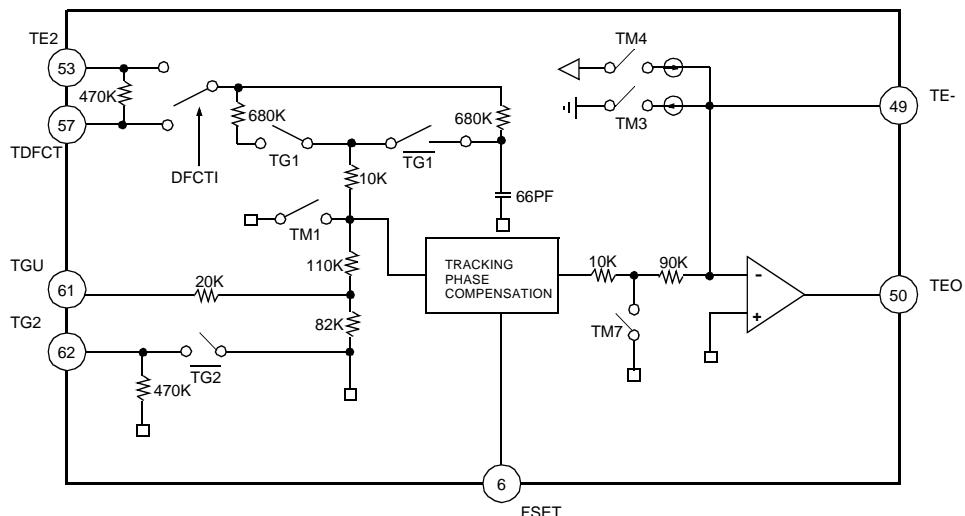


Figure 16. Tracking servo block

2.3 Sled Servo Block

The moving of pick-up is controlled by tracking servo output through a low pass filter. The sled kick voltage is outputted for track jump operation.

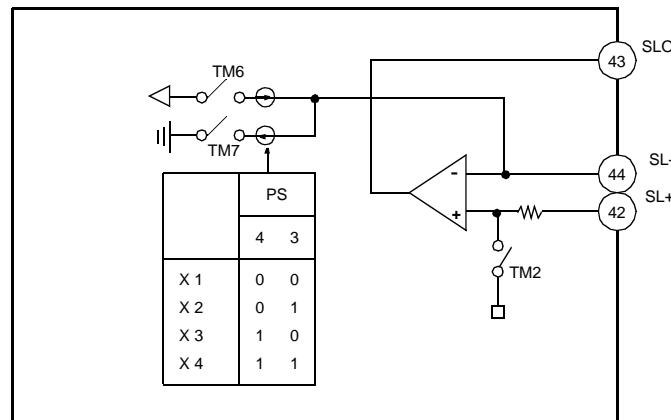


Figure 17. Sled servo block

2.4 Spindle Servo Block

The $20\text{K}\Omega$ resistor and $0.33\mu\text{F}$ capacitor form the 200Hz low pass filter, and the carrier component of spindle servo error signals is eliminated. In CLV-S mode, SMEF becomes "L" and pin 25 low pass filter fc lowers, strengthening the filter further. The characteristics of high frequency phase compensation in focus tracking servo and the characteristics of cut off frequency in CLV low pass filter are tested by FSET pin.

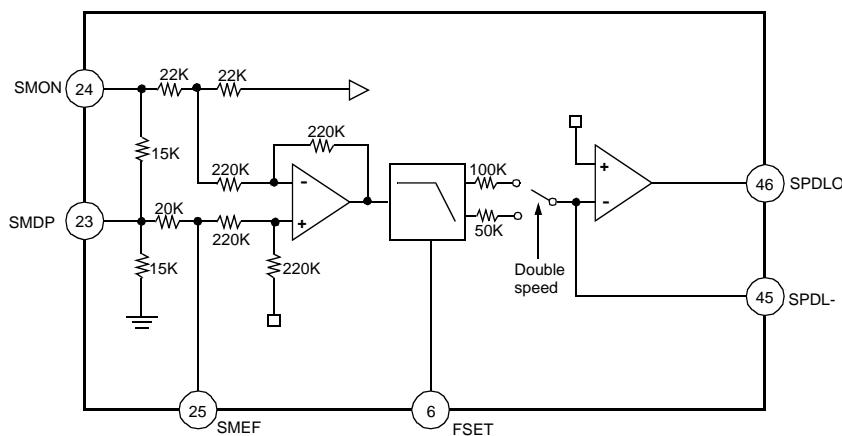


Figure 18. Spindle servo block

3.Digital Block

3.1 Description

Digital block is transferred serial data by micom and 8-bit serial data is converted to parallel data by serial to parallel register. This data is decoded by latch signal. The status output of focus servo, tracking servo, and sled servo system, etc is determined by each data. The auto-sequence function process 2~4 micom command by one auto-sequence command.

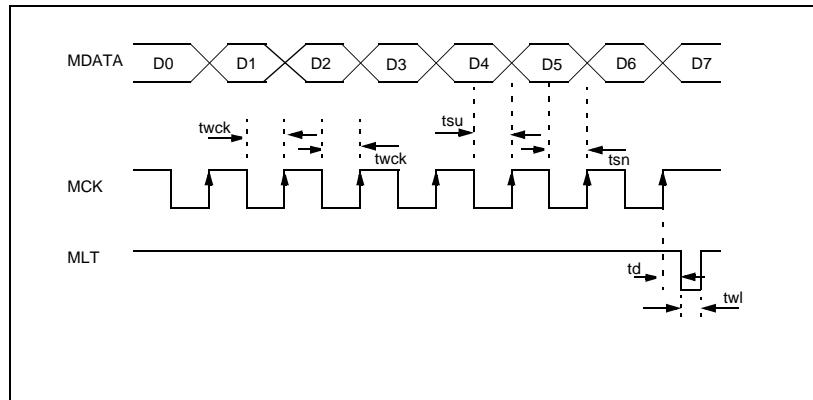


Figure 19. CPU serial interface timing chart

Table 4. CPU serial interface timing characteristics

Item	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Clock Frequency	fck	-	-	1	MHz
Clock Pulse Width	fwck	500	-	-	ns
Hold Time	tsu	500	-	-	ns
Setup Time	tn	500	-	-	ns
Delay Time	td	500	-	-	ns
Latch Pulse Width	twl	1000	-	-	ns

3.2 Micom Command Set

Table 5. Servo control command set

Item	Hexa	Address				Data				ISTA TOUT
		D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	
Focus Control	\$0X	0	0	0	0	FS4 Focus On	FS3 Gain Down	FS2 Search On	FS1 Search Up	FZC
Tracking Control	\$1X	0	0	0	1	Anti Shock	Brake On	TG2 Gain Set	TG1 Gain Set	A.S
Tracking Mode	\$2X	0	0	1	0	Tracking Mode		Sled Mode		TZC
Select	\$3X	0	0	1	1	PS4 Focus Search+2	PS3 Focus Search+2	PS2 Sled Kick+2	PS1 Sled Kick+1	STOP
Auto Sequence	\$4X	0	1	0	0	AS3	AS2	AS1	AS0	/ BUSY
R A M	Blind/ over- flow	\$5X	0	1	0	0.18ms	0.09ms	0.045ms	0.022ms	Hi-Z
S E T	Break									
Kick	\$6X	0	1	1	0	11.6ms	5.80ms	0.09ms	0.045ms	
2N jump	\$7X	0	1	1	1	64	32	16	8	
move (M)						128	64	32	16	
Auto Adj.	\$8XX	1	0	0	0	Offset,Balance,Gain,APC Control				-
Speed	\$FX	1	1	1	1	\$F0:Normal Speed, \$F3:Double Speed				-



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3.2.1 Focus Control(\$0X)

This command consists of 8 bits data and expressed by two hexa \$0X.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	ISTAT
0	0	0	0	FS4	FS3	FS2	FS1	FZC

FS4,FS3,FS2,FS1:internal switch for focus control

-Focus Search Operation(FS2,FS1)

\$02:FS2 switch become off and the value of servo output pin is as below.

(10uA-5uA)*50k*(feedback Resistor/50k)

\$03:If FS1 switch is 1, the current supply is cut off and the discharge is performed.

The waveform is as below and the time constant is determined by internal resistor 50K and external capacitor.

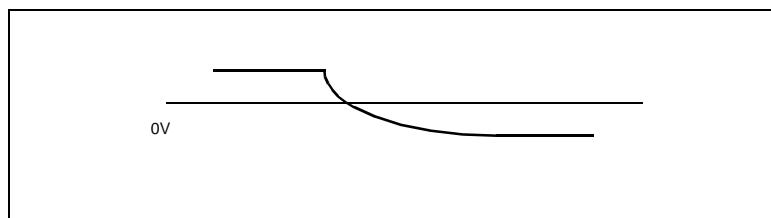


Figure 20. Waveform at pin 3 when FS1 is switched from 0 to 1

The waveform of servo output pin according to FS1 and FS2 switches is as below.

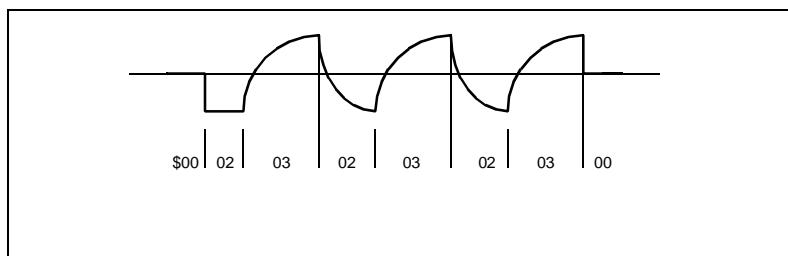


Figure 21. Focus search waveform at pin 48 by \$02 and \$03

FS4 is switch for on/off control of focus servo loop

\$00:Focus servo off

\$08:Focus servo on

3.2.2 Tracking Control(\$1X)

This command is used for tracking loop gain control, break circuit and anti-shock on/off control.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	ISTAT
0	0	0	1	Anti shock on/off	Break circuit on/off	TG2	TG1	Anti shock

TG2 and TG1 are internal switch for tracking gain set.

3.2.3 Tracking mode(\$2X)

This command is used for tracking and sled servo on/off and jump for searching track.

D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	ISTA T
0	0	1	0	Tracking control	Sled control			TZC

<Tracking control & Sled control>

D3	D2	Tracking mode	D1	D0	Sled mode
0	0	Tracking servo off	0	0	Sled servo off
0	1	servo on	0	1	servo on
1	0	Forward jump	1	0	Forward kick
1	1	Reverse jump	1	1	Reverse kick

3.2.4 Peak value set(\$3X)

This command is used for the peak value setting of focus search and sled kick .

D0,D1:Sled kick

D2,D3:Focus search peak value

3.2.5 Auto Sequencer command(\$4X)

This command is used for reducing control time and replacing several command by one auto- sequence command.

- Auto sequencer mode is performed from the first falling edge of WDCK clock after the falling of the latch pulse.
- Auto sequencer does not carry out tracking gain up,brake,anti-shock and focus gain down.
- Microm checks ISTAT pin(/BUSY) and sends to \$40 command to reset preceding auto sequencer status



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Table 6. Auto sequence command

	Hexa	AS3	AS2	AS1	AS0	Remark
Cancel	\$40	0	0	0	0	Reset
Auto focus	\$47	0	1	1	1	-
1 Track jump	\$48 \$49	1 1	0 0	0 0	0 1	Forward Reverse
10 Track jump	\$4A \$4B	1 1	0 0	1 1	0 1	Forward Reverse
2N track jump	\$4C \$4D	1 1	1 1	0 0	0 1	Forward Reverse
M track move	\$4E \$4F	1 1	1 1	1 1	0 1	Forward Reverse

3.2.6 RAM Set(\$5X~\$7X)

The value of RAM set is somewhat different to the actual count and the initial value is like below

Table 7. RAM set table

Item	Initial value	actual count value
Blind	\$55	Set value +4~5 WDCK clock
overflow, Brake		Set value +3 WDCK clock
Kick	\$67	Set value +5 WDCK clock
2N ,M Track jump	\$7E	Set value +3 WDCK clock

4.Auto Adjustment Command

This command is used for auto control of offset,balance,gain adjustment and reference voltage setting. .
This command is also in control of on/off and sub type of laser diode and test or set mode.

4.1 Tracking balance (\$800~\$81F)

Item	Hexa	Data(5bits)	initial value	ISTAT(pin31)	TRCNT(pin30)
Tracking balance	\$800~\$81F	D4~D0	\$81F	BAL	TRCNT



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4.2 Tracking gain (\$820~\$83F)

Item	Hexa	Data(5bits)	initial value	ISTAT(pin31)	TRCNT(pin30)
Tracking gain	\$820~\$83F	D4~D0	\$820	GAIN	TGL

4.3 Tracking balance & gain window level setting

Item	Hexa	D3	D2	D1	D0	initial value
window level setting	\$84X	gain	balance	0	0	\$840

- The tracking balance and gain window level is set by D2,D3 data and the value has two kinds of window levels set

4.3.1 Tracking balance window level

D2 data	0	1
Tracking balance window level	-10~+15mV	-20~+20mV

4.3.2 Tracking gain window level

D3 data	0	1
Tracking gain window level	250~400mV	150~300mV

4.4 Focus loop offset adjustment start command(\$841,\$842)

This command is used for adjusting focus error bias and removing focus servo offset.
This command is executed during laser diode off.

Hexa command	meaning
\$841	Focus error bias adjustment start command
\$842	Focus servo offset cancel adjustment start command

4.5 APC circuit operation and Interruption on/off setting condition(\$85X)

This command is used for setting of laser diode on/off ,sub type(P_sub or N_sub) of laser diode and interruption countermeasure circuit on/off.

Item	Hexa	D3	D2	D1	D0	initial value
APC & Interruption on/off condition	\$85X	LD on/off 0 : On 1 : Off	Sub-type 0:N_sub 1:P_sub	Interruption ON/OFF and time setting		\$858



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4.5.1 Time setting for Interruption countermeasure circuit on/off

D1	D0	Meaning
0	0	Countermeasure circuit on for all mirror signal
0	1	Countermeasure circuit on up to 20KHz mirror signal
1	0	Countermeasure circuit off
1	1	Countermeasure circuit on up to 10KHz mirror signal

4.6 Focus servo offset reset command and set mode command (86X)

This command is used for set and release before focus servo loop offset adjustment and mode change.

Item	Hexa	D3	D2	D1	D0
Set mode & focus servo offset reset command	\$86X	0:offset release 1:offset reset	option (Pin41 output) 0:Defect 1:SSTOP	1	1

(note1) The set mode command is sent by micom right after tracking gain is tuned.

(note2) The ISTAT pin is outputted the internal status of \$00 ~ \$7X command.

4.7 Direct command(DIRC) and focus bias reset command(\$87X)

This command is used for direct 1 track jump on/off setting and focus bias adjustment set and release

Item	Hexa	D3	D2	D1	D0
DIRC & focus bias reset	\$87X	0:DIRC On 1:DIRC Off	0:reset 1:reset release	X	X



5.The Example of Adjustment Free Algorithm

5.1 Focus Error Bias & Servo Offset Cancel Adjustment

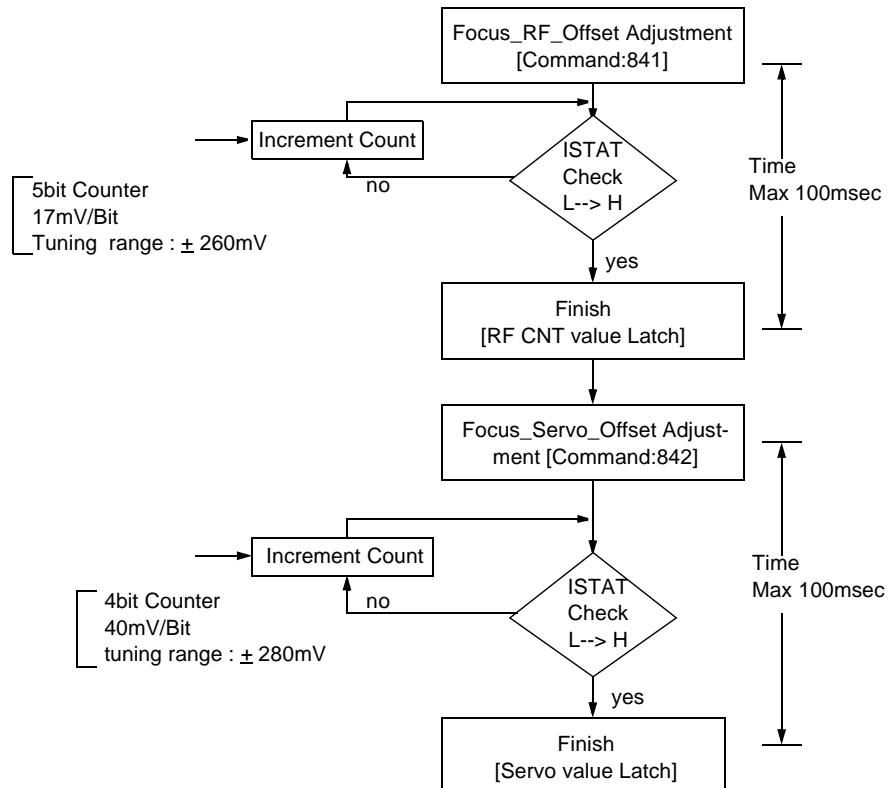


Figure 22. Focus error bias & servo offset cancel adjustment flow chart

5.2 Tracking Balance Adjustment

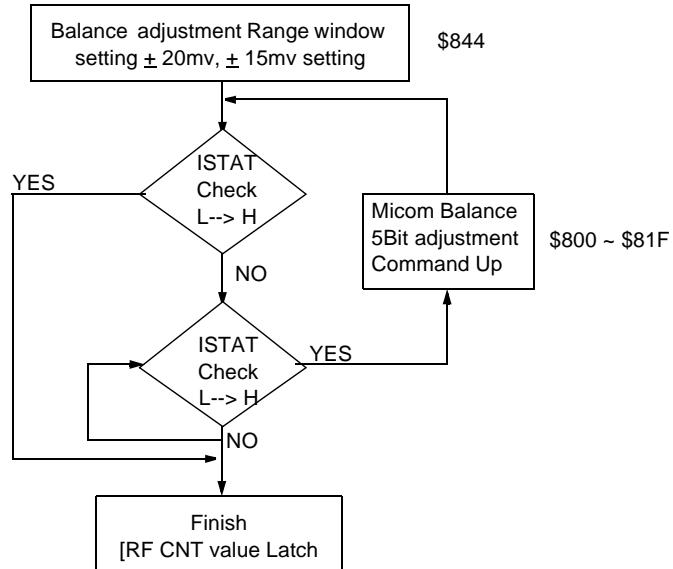


Figure 23. Tracking balance adjustment flow chart

5.3 Tracking Gain Adjustment

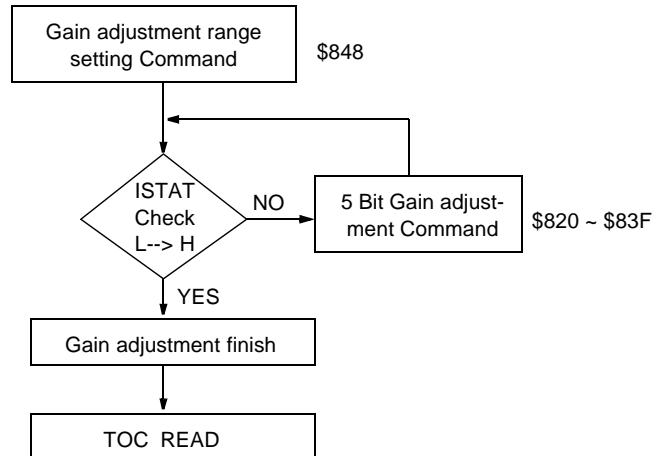


Figure 24. Tracking gain adjustment flow chart

APPLICATION CIRCUIT

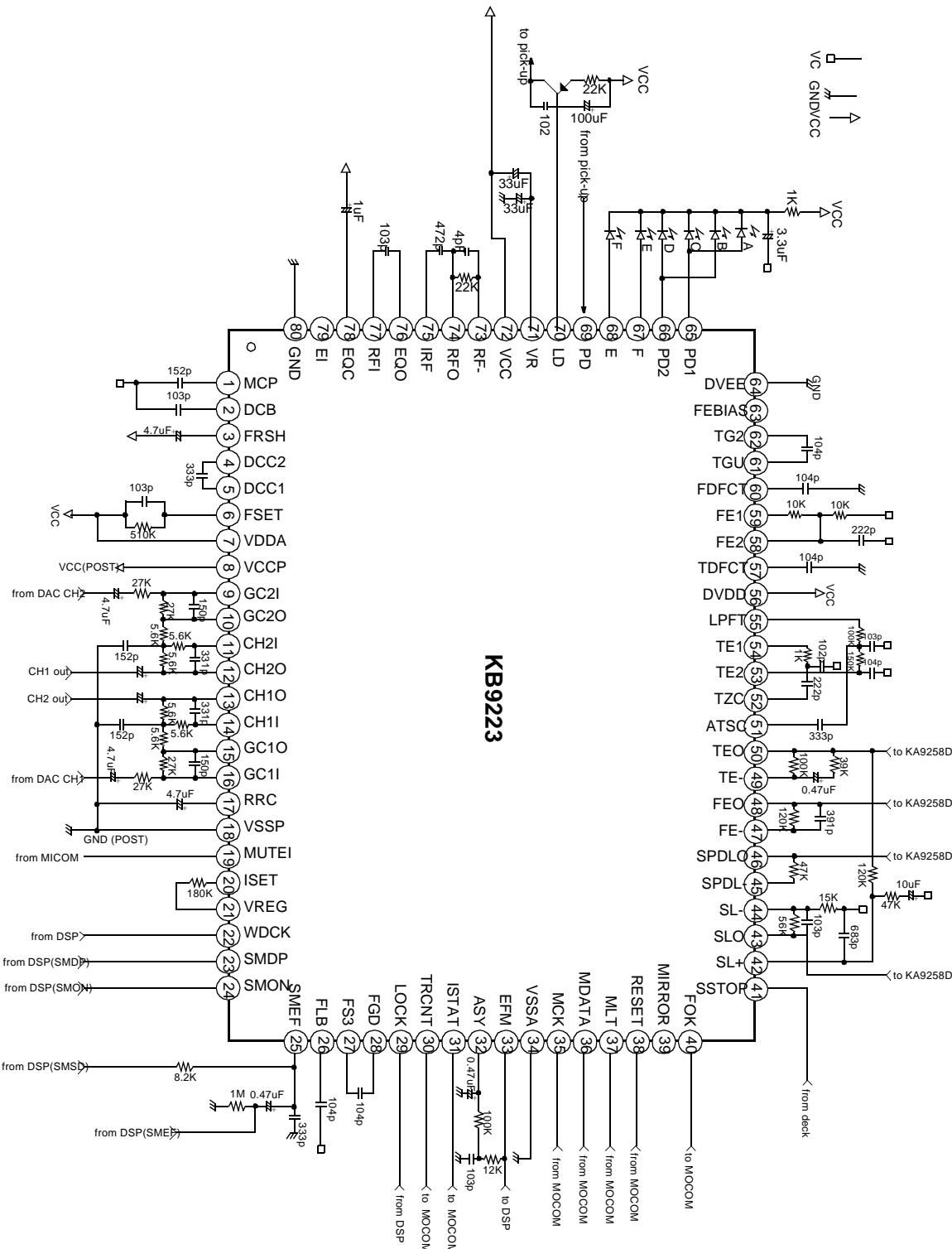


Figure 25. Application circuit