

# KA556 Dual Timer

#### **Features**

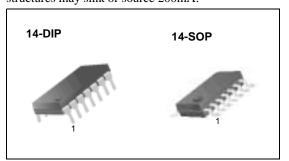
- Replaces Two KA555 Timers
- Operates in Both Astable And Monostable Modes
- High Output Current
- TTL Compatible
- Timing From Microsecond To Hours
- Adjustable Duty Cycle
- Temperature Stability Of 0.005% Per °C

#### **Applications**

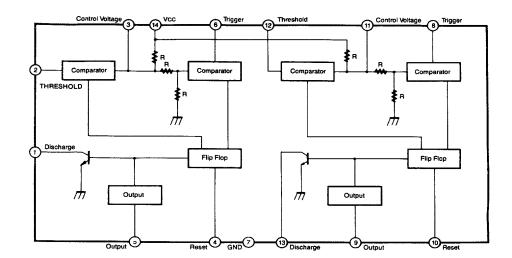
- · Precision Timing
- · Pulse Shaping
- Pulse Width Modulation
- Frequency Division
- · Traffic Light Control
- · Sequential Timing
- Pulse Generator
- Time Delay Generator
- Touch Tone Encoder
- · Tone Burst Generator

### **Description**

The KA556 series dual monolithic timing circuits are a highly stable controller capable of producing accurate time delays or oscillation. The KA556 is a dual KA555. Timing is provided an external resistor and capacitor for each timing function. The two timers operate independently of each other, sharing only V<sub>CC</sub> and ground. The circuits may be triggered and reset on falling waveforms. The output structures may sink or source 200mA.



### **Internal Block Diagram**



## Absolute Maximum Ratings ( $T_A = 25$ °C)

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	16	V
Lead Temperature (soldering 10sec)	TLEAD	300	°C
Power Dissipation	PD	600	mW
Operating Temperature Range KA556	T <sub>OPR</sub>	0 ~ + 70	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>STG</sub>	- 65 ~ + 150	°C

#### **Electrical Characteristics**

(TA =  $25^{\circ}$ C, VCC =  $5 \sim 15$ V, unless otherwise specified)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-	4.5	-	16	V
Supply Current *1(two timers) (low state)	Icc	VCC = 5V, R <sub>L</sub> = ∞ VCC = 15V, R <sub>L</sub> = ∞	-	5 16	12 30	mA mA
Timing Error *2(monostable) Initial Accuracy Drift with Temperature Drift with Supply Voltage	ACCUR Δt/ΔT Δt/ΔVCC	$\Delta T$ $C = 0.1 \mu F$		0.75 50 0.1	-	% ppm/°C %/V
Control Voltage	Vc	Vcc = 15V	9.0	10.0	11.0	V
		Vcc = 5V	2.6	3.33	4.0	V
Threshold Voltage	VTH	VCC = 15V	8.8	10.0	11.2	V
		VCC = 5V	2.4	3.33	4.2	V
Threshold Current*3	ITH	-	-	30	250	nA
Trigger Voltage	VTR	Vcc = 15V	4.5	5.0	5.6	V
		VCC = 5V	1.1	1.6	2.2	V
Trigger Current	ltr	VTR = 0V	-	0.01	2.0	μΑ
Reset Voltage*5	VRST	-	0.4	0.6	1.0	V
Reset Current	IRST	-	-	0.03	0.6	mA
Low Output Voltage	VoL	VCC = 15V ISINK = 10mA ISINK = 50mA ISINK = 100mA ISINK = 200mA VCC = 5V ISINK = 8mA ISINK = 5mA	-	0.1 0.4 2.0 2.5 0.25 0.15	0.25 0.75 3.2 0.35 0.25	V
High Output Voltage	Voн	VCC = 15V ISOURCE = 200mA ISOURCE = 100mA VCC = 5V	12.75	12.5 13.3	-	V
		ISOURCE = 100mA	2.75	3.3	-	٧
Rise Time of Output	tR	-	-	100	300	ns
Fall Time of Output	tF	-	-	100	300	ns
Discharge Leakage Current	ILKG	-	-	10	100	nA
Matching Characteristics*4 Initial Accuracy Drift with Temperature Drfit with Supply Voltage	ACCUR Δt/ΔT Δt/ΔVCC	-	-	1.0 10 0.2	2.0 0.5	% ppm/°C %/V
Timing Error (astable)*2 Initial Accuracy Drift with Temperature Drift with Supply Voltage	ACCUR Δt/ΔT Δt/ΔVcc	$V_{CC}$ = 15V RA,RB = 1KΩ to 100KΩ C = 0.1μF	-	2.25 150 0.3	-	% ppm/°C %/V

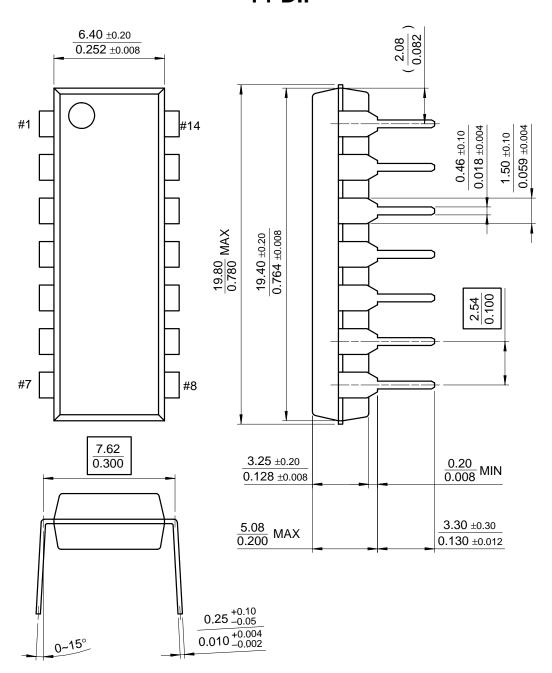
#### Notes:

- \*1. Supply current when output is high is typically 1.0mA less at VCC = 5V
- \*2. Tested at VCC = 5V and VCC = 15V
- \*3. This will determine the maximum value of RA + RB for 15V operation. The maximum total R =  $20M\Omega$ , and for 5V operation the maximum total R =  $6.6M\Omega$ .
- \*4. Matching characteristics refer to the difference between performance characteristics of each timer section in the monostable mode.
- \*5. As reset voltage lowers, timing is inhibited and then the output goes low.

### **Mechanical Dimensions**

### **Package**

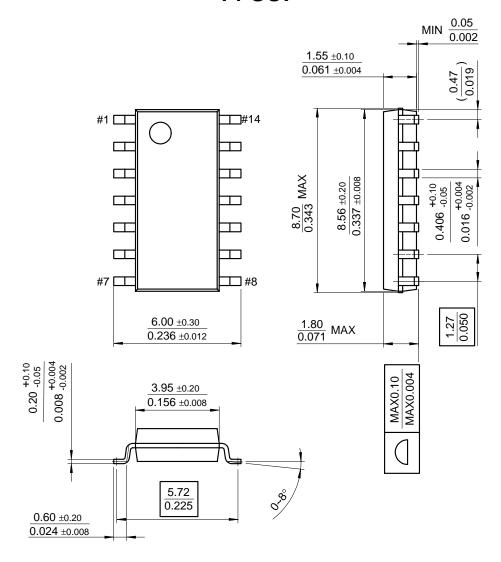
## **14-DIP**



### **Mechanical Dimensions** (Continued)

### **Package**

## 14-SOP



## **Ordering Information**

Product Number	Package	Operating Temperature		
KA556	14-DIP			
KA556D	14-SOP	0 ~ + 70°C		
KA556I	14-DIP	0~+70 C		
KA556ID	14-SOP			

#### **DISCLAIMER**

FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR RESERVES THE RIGHT TO MAKE CHANGES WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO ANY PRODUCTS HEREIN TO IMPROVE RELIABILITY, FUNCTION OR DESIGN. FAIRCHILD DOES NOT ASSUME ANY LIABILITY ARISING OUT OF THE APPLICATION OR USE OF ANY PRODUCT OR CIRCUIT DESCRIBED HEREIN; NEITHER DOES IT CONVEY ANY LICENSE UNDER ITS PATENT RIGHTS, NOR THE RIGHTS OF OTHERS.

#### LIFE SUPPORT POLICY

FAIRCHILD'S PRODUCTS ARE NOT AUTHORIZED FOR USE AS CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN LIFE SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS WITHOUT THE EXPRESS WRITTEN APPROVAL OF THE PRESIDENT OF FAIRCHILD SEMICONDUCTOR CORPORATION. As used herein:

- Life support devices or systems are devices or systems which, (a) are intended for surgical implant into the body, or (b) support or sustain life, and (c) whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling, can be reasonably expected to result in a significant injury of the user.
- A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

www.fairchildsemi.com