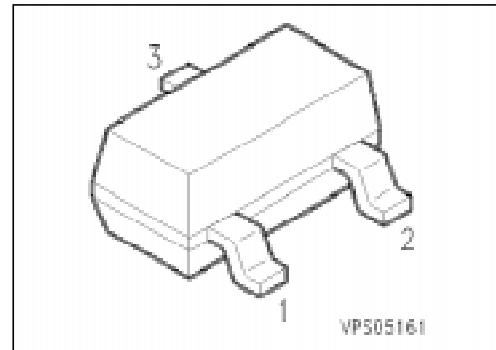


## Silicon Variable Capacitance Diode

BB 804

- For FM tuners
- Monolithic chip with common cathode for perfect tracking of both diodes
- Uniform "square law" characteristics
- Ideal Hifi tuning device when used in low-distortion, back-to-back configuration



Type	Ordering Code (tape and reel)	Pin Configuration	Marking	Package
BB 804	Q62702-B372	 EHA07004	SF (see Characteristics for marking of capacitance subgroups)	SOT-23

### Maximum Ratings per Diode

Parameter	Symbol	Values	Unit
Reverse voltage	$V_R$	18	V
Peak reverse voltage	$V_{RM}$	20	
Forward current, $T_A \leq 60^\circ\text{C}$	$I_F$	50	mA
Operating temperature	$T_{op}$	100	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature range	$T_{stg}$	- 65 ... + 150	

### Thermal Resistance

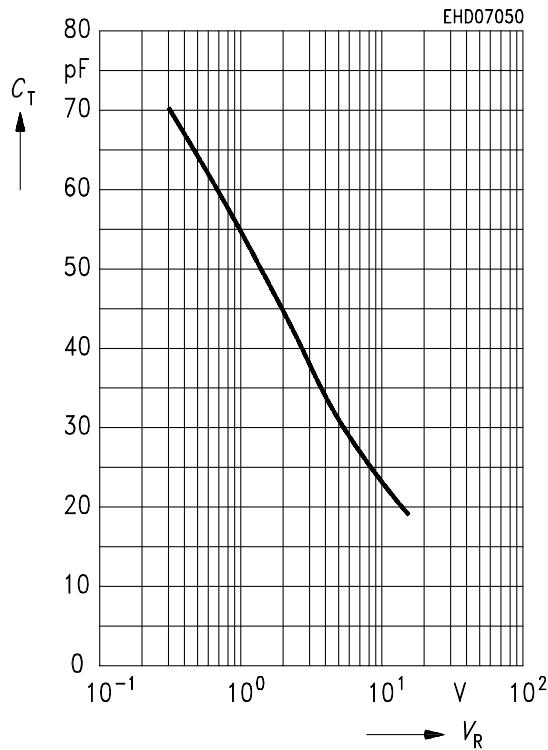
Junction - ambient	$R_{th JA}$	$\leq 600$	K/W
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**Electrical Characteristics per Diode**  
at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.

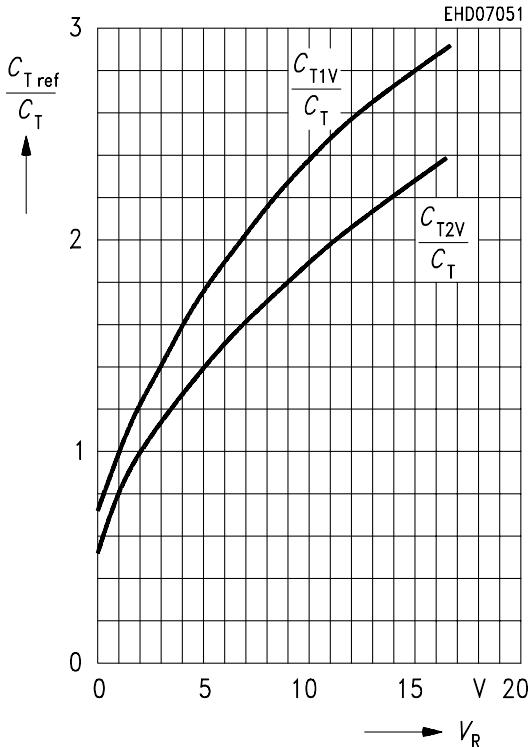
<b>Parameter</b>	<b>Symbol</b>	<b>Values</b>			<b>Unit</b>
		<b>min.</b>	<b>typ.</b>	<b>max.</b>	
Reverse current $V_R = 16 \text{ V}$ $V_R = 16 \text{ V}, T_A = 60^\circ\text{C}$	$I_R$	— —	— —	20 200	nA
Diode capacitance $V_R = 2 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$C_T$	42	—	47.5	pF
Capacitance ratio $V_R = 2 \text{ V}, 8 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$\frac{C_{T2}}{C_{T8}}$	1.65	1.71	—	—
Series resistance $V_R = 2 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	$r_s$	—	0.18	—	$\Omega$
Q factor $V_R = 2 \text{ V}, f = 100 \text{ MHz}$	$Q$	—	200	—	—
Temperature coefficient of diode capacitance $V_R = 2 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$	$TC_c$	—	330	—	ppm/K
Diode capacitance <sup>1)</sup> $V_R = 2 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$ Subgroups: 0 1 2 3 4	$C_T$	42 43 44 45 46	— — — — —	43.5 44.5 45.5 46.5 47.5	pF

<sup>1)</sup> The capacitance subgroup is marked by the subgroup number printed on the component and the package label. A packaging unit (e.g. 8-mm tape) contains diodes of one subgroup only. Delivery of different capacitance subgroups requires a special agreement.

**Diode capacitance  $C_T = f(V_R)$**   
per diode,  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$



**Capacitance ratio  $C_{T\text{ref}} / C_T = f(V_R)$**   
per diode;  $V_{\text{ref}} = 1 \text{ V}, 2 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ MHz}$



**Temperature coefficient  $TC_C = f(V_R)$**   
per diode,  $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$

