

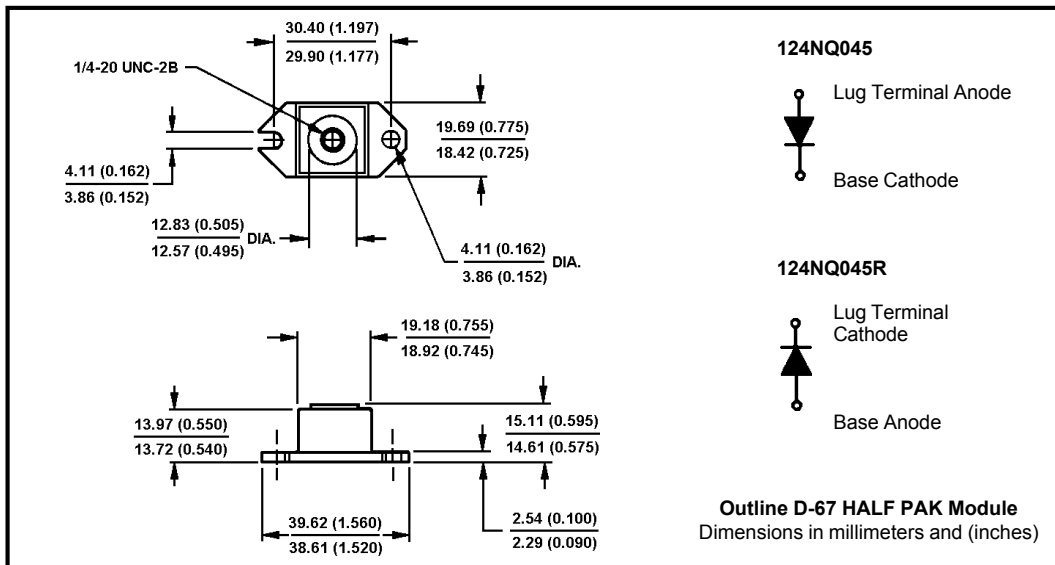
Major Ratings and Characteristics

| Characteristics | 124NQ...(R) | Units |
|--|-------------|------------------|
| $I_{F(AV)}$ Rectangular waveform | 120 | A |
| V_{RRM} range | 35 to 45 | V |
| I_{FSM} @tp = 5 μ s sine | 27,000 | A |
| V_F @120Apk, $T_J=100^\circ\text{C}$ | 0.52 | V |
| T_J range | -55 to 125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Description/Features

The 124NQ... (R) high current Schottky rectifier modules have been optimized for extremely low forward voltage drop, with higher leakage. The proprietary barrier technology allows for reliable operation up to 125° C junction temperature. Typical applications are in switching power supplies, converters, free-wheeling diodes, welding, and reverse battery protection.

- 125° C T_J operation
- Unique high power Half Pak module
- High purity, high temperature epoxy encapsulation for enhanced mechanical strength and moisture resistance
- Extremely low forward voltage drop
- High frequency operation
- Guard ring enhanced ruggedness and long term reliability



124NQ... Series

Bulletin PD-2.290 rev. B 03/01

International
IRF Rectifier

Voltage Ratings

| Part number | 124NQ035 | 124NQ040 | 124NQ045 |
|---|----------|----------|----------|
| V_R Max. DC Reverse Voltage (V) | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| V_{RWM} Max. Working Peak Reverse Voltage (V) | | | |

Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameters | 124NQ | Units | Conditions |
|---|--------|-------|--|
| $I_{F(AV)}$ Max. Average Forward Current * See Fig. 5 | 120 | A | 50% duty cycle @ $T_C = 76^\circ\text{C}$, rectangular wave form |
| I_{FSM} Max. Peak One Cycle Non-Repetitive Surge Current * See Fig. 7 | 27,000 | A | Following any rated load condition and with rated V_{RWM} applied |
| | 2400 | | |
| E_{AS} Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy | 135 | mJ | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{AS} = 20$ Amps, $L = 0.67$ mH |
| I_{AR} Repetitive Avalanche Current | 20 | A | Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 μsec Frequency limited by T_J max. $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical |

Electrical Specifications

| Parameters | 124NQ | Units | Conditions |
|---|--------|------------------|---|
| V_{FM} Max. Forward Voltage Drop (1) * See Fig. 1 | 0.54 | V | @ 120A $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | 0.71 | V | @ 240A |
| | 0.52 | V | @ 120A $T_J = 100^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | 0.71 | V | @ 240A |
| I_{RM} Max. Reverse Leakage Current (1) * See Fig. 2 | 10 | mA | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ |
| | 1200 | mA | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = \text{rated } V_R$ |
| C_T Max. Junction Capacitance | 5200 | pF | $V_R = 5V_{DC}$, (test signal range 100Khz to 1Mhz) 25°C |
| L_S Typical Series Inductance | 7.0 | nH | From top of terminal hole to mounting plane |
| dv/dt Max. Voltage Rate of Change (Rated V_R) | 10,000 | V/ μs | |

(1) Pulse Width < 300 μs , Duty Cycle < 2%

Thermal-Mechanical Specifications

| Parameters | 124NQ | Units | Conditions | |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|
| T_J Max. Junction Temperature Range | -55 to 125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | | |
| T_{stg} Max. Storage Temperature Range | -55 to 125 | $^\circ\text{C}$ | | |
| R_{thJC} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case | 0.40 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ | DC operation * See Fig. 4 | |
| R_{thCS} Typical Thermal Resistance, Case to Heatsink | 0.15 | $^\circ\text{C/W}$ | Mounting surface, smooth and greased | |
| wt Approximate Weight | 25.6 (0.9) | g (oz.) | | |
| T Mounting Torque | Min. | 40 (35) | Non-lubricated threads | |
| | Max. | 58 (50) | | |
| | Terminal Torque | Min. | | 58 (50) |
| | | Max. | | 86 (75) |
| Case Style | HALF PAK Module | | | |

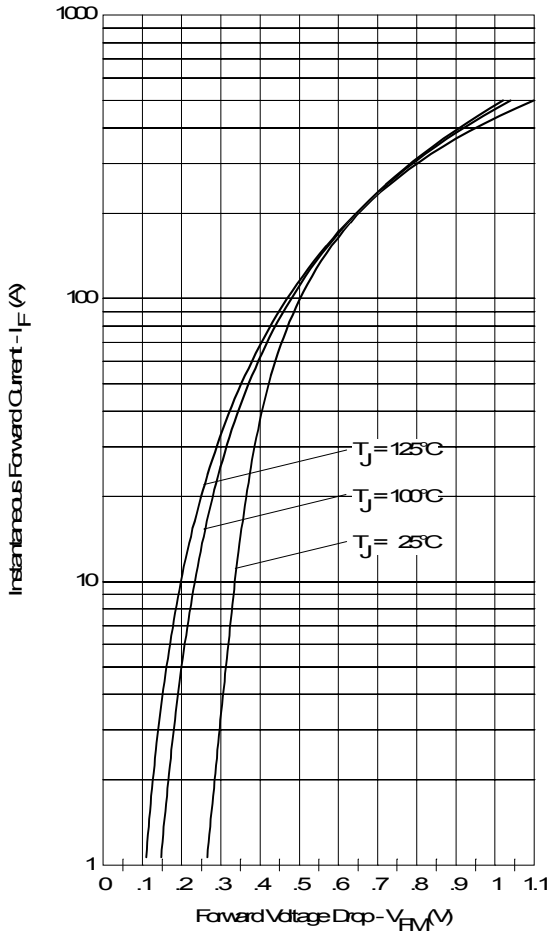


Fig. 1 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics

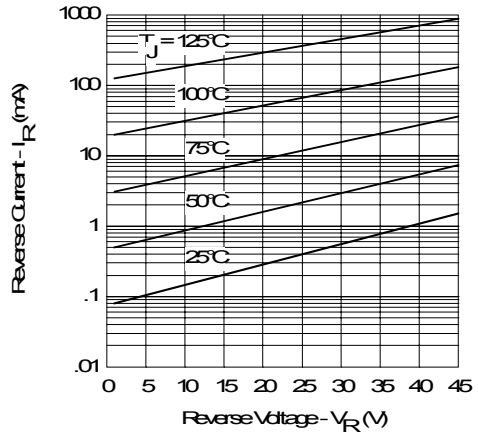


Fig. 2 - Typical Values of Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage

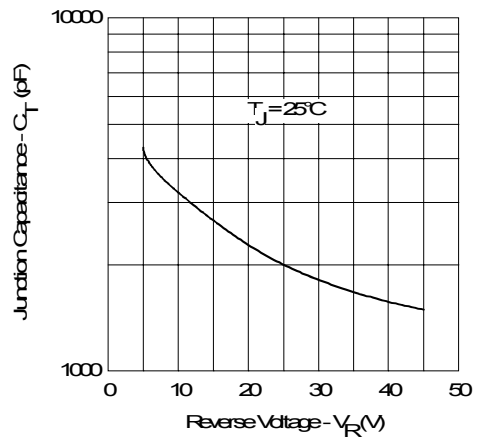


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage

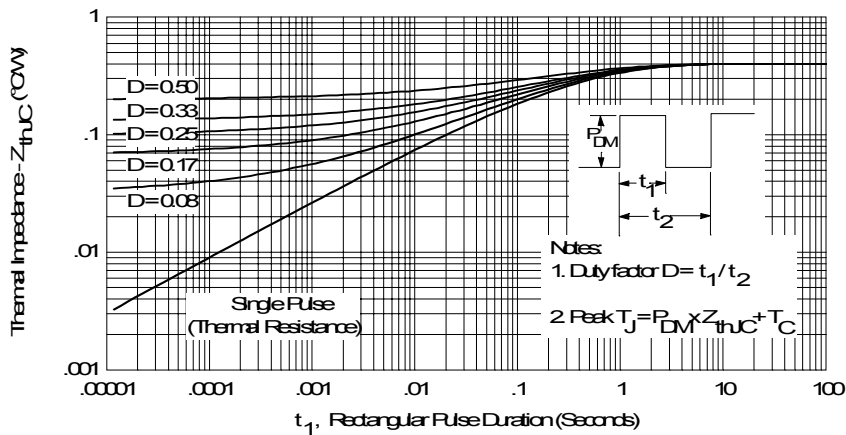


Fig. 4 - Maximum Thermal Impedance Z_{thJC} Characteristics

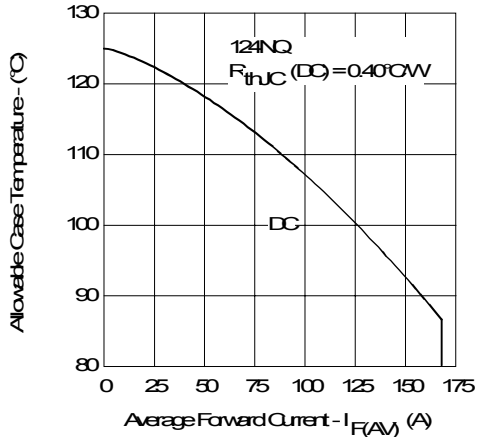


Fig. 5 - Maximum Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current

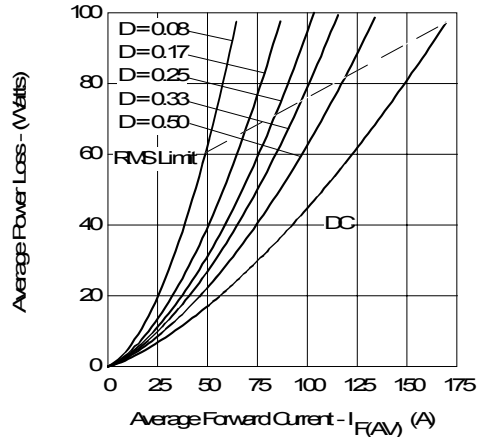


Fig. 6 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics

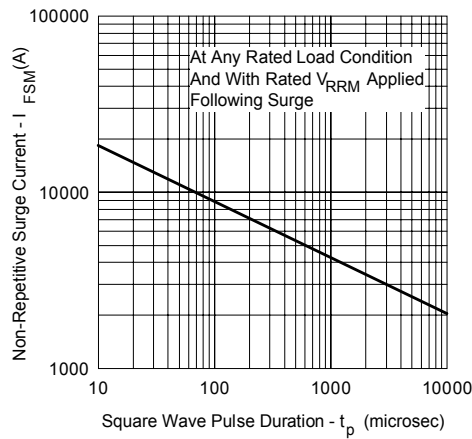


Fig. 7 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

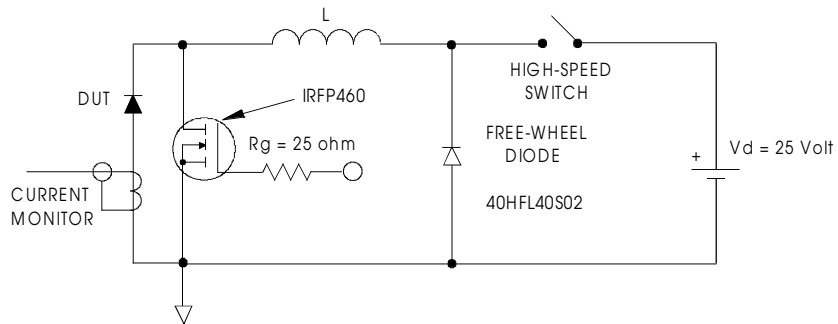


Fig. 8 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit