

# LM78L00 Series 3-Terminal Positive Voltage Regulators

#### **General Description**

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The LM78L00 series of 3-terminal positive voltage regulators employ internal current-limiting and thermal shutdown, making them essentially indestructible. If adequate heat sinking is provided, they can deliver up to 100 mA output current. They are intended as fixed voltage regulators in a wide range of applications including local (on-card) regulation for elimination of noise and distribution problems associated with single-point regulation. In addition, they can be used with power pass elements to make high current voltage regulators. The LM78L00, used as a Zener diode/resistor combination replacement, offers an effective output impedance improvement of typically two orders of magnitude, along with lower quiescent current and lower noise.

#### **Features**

- Output current up to 100 mA
- No external components
- Internal thermal overload protection
- Internal short circuit current-limiting
- Available in JEDEC TO-92
- Output Voltages of 5.0V, 6.2V, 8.2V, 9.0V, 12V, 15V
- Output voltages of 5.07, 0.27, 0.27, 0.07, 127,
   Output voltage tolerances of ±5% over the temperature range



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LM78L00 Series 3-Terminal Positive Voltage Regulators

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## **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications. Storage Temperature Range  $-65^{\circ}$ C to  $+150^{\circ}$ C

Operation Junction Temperature Range Commercial (LM78L00AC) 0°C to + 125°C Lead Temperature TO-92 Package/SO-8 (Soldering, 10 sec.) Power Dissipation Input Voltage 5.0V to 15V ESD Susceptibility

265°C Internally Limited

35V to be determined

## LM78L05AC

## **Electrical Characteristics**

 $0^{\circ}C \leq$  T\_A  $\leq$  + 125°C, V\_I = 10V, I\_O = 40 mA, C\_I = 0.33  $\mu\text{F},$  C\_O = 0.1  $\mu\text{F},$  unless otherwise specified (Note 1)

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$		4.8	5.0	5.2	V
V <sub>R LINE</sub>	V <sub>R LINE</sub> Line Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$7.0V \leq V_{l} \leq 20V$		55	150	mV
				$8.0V \leq V_{l} \leq 20V$		45	100	
V <sub>R LOAD</sub>	V <sub>R LOAD</sub> Load Regulation		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$	$1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 100 \text{V}$		11	60	mV
				$1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA}$		5.0	30	
Vo	Output Voltage (Note 2)		$7.0V \leq V_{I} \leq 20V$	$1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 40 \text{ mA}$	4.75		5.25	v
			$7.0V \le V_I \le V_{Max}$	$1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 70 \text{ mA}$	4.75		5.25	
IQ	Quiescent Current					2.0	5.5	mA
ΔlQ	Quiescent Current	With Line	$8.0V \le V_I \le 20V$				1.5	mA
	Change	Change With Load		$1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA}$			0.1	
NO	Noise		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C, 10 Hz ≤	$\leq { m f} \leq 100 ~{ m kHz}$		40		μV
$\Delta V_{I} / \Delta V_{O}$	Ripple Rejection		f = 120 Hz, 8.0V $\leq$	$V_{\rm I} \leq 18V, T_{\rm J} = 25^{\circ}C$	41	49		dB
V <sub>DO</sub>	Dropout Voltage		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			1.7		V
I <sub>pk</sub> /I <sub>OS</sub>	Peak Output/Output Short Circuit Current		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			140		mA
$\Delta V_O / \Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage		I <sub>O</sub> = 5.0 mA			-0.65		mV/°C

Note 1: The maximum steady state usable output current and input voltage are very dependent on the heat sinking and/or lead length of the package. The data above represent pulse test conditions with junction temperatures as indicated at the initiation of tests.

Note 2: Power Dissipation  $\leq\,$  0.75W.

$0^{\circ}C \leq I_{A}$	$\leq$ +125°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 12	v, 10 – 40 m	, -1	•	•		,	
Symbol	Paramet	er	Co	nditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$		5.95	6.2	6.45	V
V <sub>R LINE</sub>	Line Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$8.5V \leq V_{l} \leq 20V$		65	175	mV
				$9.0V \leq V_{I} \leq 20V$		55	125	
V <sub>R LOAD</sub>	Load Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 100 \text{ mA}$	13 80	mV		
				$1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_O \leq 40 \text{ mA}$		6.0	40	
Vo	Output Voltage		$8.5V \leq V_{\text{I}} \leq 20V$	$1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA}$	5.90	L	6.5	5 V
	(Note 2)		$8.5V \leq V_I \leq V_{Max}$	$1.0~\text{mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 70~\text{mA}$	5.90		6.5	
lq	Quiescent Current					2.0	5.5	mA
Δl <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent Current	With Line	$8.0V \leq V_{I} \leq 20V$			1.5		- mA
Change With Load		$1.0~\text{mA} \le I_{O} \le 40~\text{r}$	nA		L	0.1		
N <sub>O</sub>	Noise		$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 10 Hz \le$	$\leq {\sf f} \leq {\sf 100 \ kHz}$		50		μ٧
$\Delta V_{I} / \Delta V_{O}$	Ripple Rejection		f = 120 Hz, 10V $\leq$	$V_{I} \leq$ 20V, $T_{J} =$ 25°C	40	46		dB
V <sub>DO</sub>	Dropout Voltage		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			1.7		v
<sub>pk</sub> /I <sub>OS</sub>	Peak Output/Outpu Short Circuit Curren		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			140		mA
	Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage		I <sub>O</sub> = 5.0 mA					
Electr	Coefficient of Outpu L82AC ical Characte	eristics				-0.75		mV/'
LM78 Electr 0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub>	Coefficient of Output           L82AC           fical Characte           ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	Α, C <sub>I</sub> = 0.33 μF, C <sub>O</sub>	= 0.1 μF, unless otherwis		ied (Note		
LM78 Electr 0°C < T <sub>A</sub> Symbol	Coefficient of Outpu L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	IA, C <sub>I</sub> = 0.33 μF, C <sub>O</sub>	= 0.1 $\mu$ F, unless otherwis	Min	ied (Note	Max	Uni
LM78 Electr $0^{\circ}C \leq T_A$ Symbol $V_O$	Coefficient of Outpu L82AC ≤ + 125°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}, C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	onditions		ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2	<b>Max</b> 8.53	
LM78 Electr $0^{\circ}C \leq T_A$ Symbol $V_O$	Coefficient of Outpu L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	IA, C <sub>I</sub> = 0.33 μF, C <sub>O</sub>	$11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$	Min	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80	<b>Max</b> 8.53 175	Unit
LM78 Electr 0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> Symbol V <sub>O</sub> V <sub>R LINE</sub>	Coefficient of Output L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}, C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \leq V_{I} \leq 23V \\ \hline 12V \leq V_{I} \leq 23V \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70	Max 8.53 175 125	Unit
LM78 Electr 0°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> Symbol V <sub>O</sub> V <sub>R LINE</sub>	Coefficient of Outpu L82AC ≤ + 125°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}, C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA} \le I_O \le 100 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15	Max 8.53 175 125 80	Unit V mV
LM78 Electr $0^{\circ}C \le T_A$ Symbol $V_O$ $V_R$ LINE $V_R$ LOAD	Coefficient of Output L82AC Coefficial Characte ≤ + 125°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}, C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA} \le I_O \le 100 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40	Unit V mV
LM78 Electr $0^{\circ}C \le T_A$ Symbol $V_O$ $V_R$ LINE $V_R$ LOAD	Coefficient of Output L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 100 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40           8.5	Unit V mV
LM78 Electr $0^{\circ}C \le T_A$ Symbol $V_O$ $V_R$ LINE $V_R$ LOAD	Coefficient of Output L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2)	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}, C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA} \le I_O \le 100 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15 8.0	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40           8.5           8.6	Unit V mV mA
$LM78 $ $Electr$ $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{A}$ Symbol $V_{O}$ $V_{R \ LINE}$ $V_{R \ LOAD}$ $V_{O}$ $V_{O}$	Coefficient of Output	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}, C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $11V \le V_{I} \le V_{Max}$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 100 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40           8.5           8.6           5.5	Unit V mV mA
$LM78 $ $Electr$ $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{A}$ Symbol $V_{O}$ $V_{R \ LINE}$ $V_{R \ LOAD}$ $V_{O}$ $V_{O}$	Coefficient of Output L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2)	v, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $11V \le V_{I} \le V_{Max}$ $12V \le V_{I} \le 23V$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 100 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 70 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15 8.0	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40           8.5           5.5           1.5	Unii V mV mA
LM78 Electr $0^{\circ}C \leq T_A$ Symbol $V_O$ $V_R LINE$ $V_R LOAD$ $V_O$ Q $\Delta I_Q$	Coefficient of Output L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2) Quiescent Current Change	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $11V \le V_{I} \le V_{Max}$ $12V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 40$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 100 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 70 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15 8.0 2.1	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40           8.5           8.6           5.5	V V MA V MA MA
LM78  Electr 0°C $\leq$ T <sub>A</sub> Symbol V <sub>0</sub> V <sub>R</sub> LINE V <sub>R</sub> LOAD V <sub>0</sub> LQ $\Delta$ LQ N <sub>0</sub>	Coefficient of Output L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2) Quiescent Current Quiescent Current Change Noise	v, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $12V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 40$ $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $10 \text{ Hz}$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA } \le I_O \le 100 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA } \le I_O \le 40 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA } \le I_O \le 70 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline mA \\ \le f \le 100 \mbox{ kHz} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87 7.8 7.8 7.8	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15 8.0 2.1 60	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40           8.5           5.5           1.5	Unit V M∿ MA MA V V
LM78  Electr O'C $\leq T_A$ Symbol VO VR LINE VR LOAD VO VO Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q Q	Coefficient of Output	v, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $12V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 40$ $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $10 \text{ Hz}$ $f = 120 \text{ Hz}$ , $12V \le 23V$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 100 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 40 \text{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 70 \text{ mA} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15 8.0 2.1 60 45	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40           8.5           5.5           1.5	Unit V س^ سA س A س
LM78  Electr 0°C $\leq$ T <sub>A</sub> Symbol V <sub>0</sub> V <sub>R</sub> LINE V <sub>R</sub> LOAD V <sub>0</sub> Q $\Delta$ I <sub>Q</sub> N <sub>0</sub>	Coefficient of Output L82AC ical Characte ≤ +125°C, V <sub>1</sub> = 14 Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2) Quiescent Current Quiescent Current Change Noise	t Voltage eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m er With Line With Load it	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $11V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $12V \le V_{I} \le 23V$ $1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 40$ $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $10 \text{ Hz}$	$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c } \hline 11V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 12V \le V_I \le 23V \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA } \le I_O \le 100 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA } \le I_O \le 40 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline 1.0 \mbox{ mA } \le I_O \le 70 \mbox{ mA} \\ \hline mA \\ \le f \le 100 \mbox{ kHz} \\ \hline \end{tabular}$	Min 7.87 7.8 7.8 7.8	ied (Note <b>Typ</b> 8.2 80 70 15 8.0 2.1 60	Max           8.53           175           125           80           40           8.5           5.5           1.5	Unit V m\ سA mA mA

Note 2: Power Dissipation  $\leq$  0.75W.

$0^{\circ}C \leq 1^{\circ}$	$A_{\rm A} \leq +125^{\circ}{\rm C}, V_{\rm I} = 15$	50, 10 = 40 m	. , .			. (	., T	r
Symbol	Parame	ter		nditions	Min	Тур	Max	Units
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$		8.64	9.0	9.36	V
V <sub>R LINE</sub>	Line Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$11.5V \le V_I \le 24V$		90	200	mV
				$13V \le V_I \le 24V$		100	150	
V <sub>R LOAD</sub>	Load Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_0 \le 100 \text{ mA}$		20	90	mV
	Output Maltana			$1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 40 \text{ mA}$		10	45	
Vo	Output Voltage (Note 2)		$11.5V \le V_I \le 24V$	$1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_0 \le 40 \text{ mA}$	8.55		9.45	v
	, ,		$11.5V \le V_I \le V_{Max}$	$1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_O \le 70 \text{ mA}$	8.55		9.45	
	Quiescent Current		$11.5V \le V_{I} \le 24V$			2.1	5.5	mA
ΔlQ	Quiescent Current Change	Quiescent Current With Line					1.5	mA
		With Load	$1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_0 \le 40 \text{ m}$				0.1	
NO	Noise		$T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C, 10 \text{ Hz} \le$			70		μV
$\Delta V_{I} / \Delta V_{O}$	Ripple Rejection			$V_{I} \leq 25V, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	38	44		dB
V <sub>DO</sub>	Dropout Voltage		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			1.7		V
I <sub>pk</sub> /I <sub>OS</sub>	Peak Output/Outpu Short Circuit Curren		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			140		mA
AN/ /AT	T Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage		$I_{O} = 5.0 \text{ mA}$					
Elect	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte	t Voltage				-0.9		mV/°C
LM78 Electi 0°C ≤ T <sub>P</sub>	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $A \le +125^{\circ}C, V_{I} = 15^{\circ}C$	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, C <sub>1</sub> = 0.33 μF, C <sub>O</sub> =	= 0.1 $\mu$ F, unless otherwise		ed (Note		
LM78 Electi 0°C ≤ T <sub>/</sub> Symbol	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Character $a_1 \le +125^{\circ}C, V_1 = 19$ Paramet	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	Α, C <sub>1</sub> = 0.33 μF, C <sub>O</sub> =	= 0.1 μF, unless otherwise	Min	ed (Note Typ	Max	Units
LM78 Electi 0°C < T/ Symbol V <sub>O</sub>	Coefficient of Output	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} = Cor$	nditions		d (Note <b>Typ</b> 12	<b>Max</b> 12.5	
LM78 Electi 0°C ≤ T <sub>P</sub>	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Character $a_1 \le +125^{\circ}C, V_1 = 19$ Paramet	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	Α, C <sub>1</sub> = 0.33 μF, C <sub>O</sub> =	nditions $14.5V \le V_I \le 27V$	Min	ed (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120	Max 12.5 250	Units
LM78 Electi $0^{\circ}C \leq T_{/}$ Symbol $V_{O}$ $V_{R LINE}$	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $a_1 \le +125^{\circ}C, V_1 = 15$ Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_1 = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_0 = $ <b>Cor</b> $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V$ $16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V$	Min	d (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120 100	Max 12.5 250 200	Units V
LM78 Electi $0^{\circ}C \le T_{/}$ Symbol $V_{O}$ $V_{R LINE}$	Coefficient of Output	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} = Cor$	$\label{eq:14.5V} \begin{split} & 14.5V \le V_{I} \le 27V \\ & 16V \le V_{I} \le 27V \\ & 1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 100 \text{ mA} \end{split}$	Min	d (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120 100 20	Max 12.5 250 200 100	Units V
LM78 Electi $0^{\circ}C \le T_{\ell}$ Symbol $V_{O}$ $V_{R LINE}$ $V_{R LOAD}$	Coefficient of Output	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} =$ <b>Cor</b> $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\label{eq:relations} \begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \end{array}$	Min 11.5	d (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120 100	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50	Units V mV
LM78 Electi $0^{\circ}C \le T_{\ell}$ Symbol $V_{O}$ $V_{R LINE}$ $V_{R LOAD}$	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $a_1 \le +125^{\circ}C, V_1 = 15$ Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} =$ Cor $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $14.5\text{V} \le \text{V}_{I} \le 27\text{V}$	$\label{eq:relations} \begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \end{array}$	Min 11.5 11.4	d (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120 100 20	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50           12.6	Units V mV
LM78 Electi $0^{\circ}C \leq T/$ Symbol $V_{O}$ $V_{R LINE}$ $V_{R LOAD}$ $V_{O}$	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $A \le +125^{\circ}$ C, $V_{I} = 15$ Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2)	eristics NV, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} =$ <b>Cor</b> $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\label{eq:relations} \begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \end{array}$	Min 11.5	d (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120 100 20 10	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50           12.6           12.6	Units V mV mV
LM78 Electi 0°C $\leq$ T/ Symbol V <sub>O</sub> V <sub>R</sub> LINE V <sub>R</sub> LOAD V <sub>O</sub>	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $A \le +125^{\circ}$ C, $V_I = 19$ Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2) Quiescent Current	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m er	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} = 0.000 \ \text{Cor}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $14.5V \le V_{I} \le 27V$ $14.5V \le V_{I} \le V_{Max}$	$\label{eq:relations} \begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \end{array}$	Min 11.5 11.4	d (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120 100 20	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50           12.6           5.5	Units V mV mV
LM78 Electi 0°C $\leq$ T/ Symbol V <sub>O</sub> V <sub>R</sub> LINE V <sub>R</sub> LOAD V <sub>O</sub>	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $A \le +125^{\circ}$ C, $V_{I} = 15$ Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2)	eristics N, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m er	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} =$ <b>Cor</b> $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $14.5V \le V_{I} \le 27V$ $14.5V \le V_{I} \le 27V$ $16V \le V_{I} \le 27V$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 70 \text{ mA} \\ \end{array}$	Min 11.5 11.4	d (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120 100 20 10	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50           12.6           12.6           5.5           1.5	Units V mV mV
LM78 Electi 0°C $\leq$ T/ Symbol Vo VR LINE VR LOAD Vo IQ $\Delta IQ$	Coefficient of Output	eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m er	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} =$ Cor $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 14.5V $\leq V_{I} \leq 27V$ 14.5V $\leq V_{I} \leq 27V$ 16V $\leq V_{I} \leq 27V$ 1.0 mA $\leq I_{O} \leq 40 \ mz$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 70 \text{ mA} \\ \end{array}$	Min 11.5 11.4	ed (Note <b>Typ</b> 12 120 100 20 10 2.1	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50           12.6           5.5	Units V mV mV V mA mA
LM78 Electi 0°C $\leq$ T/ Symbol Vo VR LINE VR LOAD Vo IQ $\Delta$ IQ No	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $A \le +125^{\circ}$ C, $V_I = 15^{\circ}$ Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2) Quiescent Current Change Noise	eristics N, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m er	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} =$ <b>Cor</b> $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $14.5\text{V} \le \text{V}_{I} \le 27\text{V}$ $14.5\text{V} \le \text{V}_{I} \le 27\text{V}$ $14.5\text{V} \le 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ $16\text{V} \le 10^{\circ}\text{C} \le 40 \text{ m/}$ $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $10 \text{ Hz} \le 10^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 70 \text{ mA} \\ \end{array}$	Min 11.5 11.4 11.4 11.4	ed (Note Typ 12 120 100 20 10 20 10 80	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50           12.6           12.6           5.5           1.5	Units V mV mV V mA mA mA
LM78 Electi 0°C $\leq$ T/ Symbol Vo VR LINE VR LOAD Vo IQ AIQ No $\Delta V_1/\Delta V_0$	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $A \le +125^{\circ}C, V_I = 19$ Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2) Quiescent Current Quiescent Current Change Noise Ripple Rejection	eristics N, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m er	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu F$ , $C_{O} = 0.33 \ \mu $	$\begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 70 \text{ mA} \\ \end{array}$	Min 11.5 11.4	ed (Note Typ 12 120 100 20 10 20 10 20 10 80 42	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50           12.6           12.6           5.5           1.5	Units V mV mV V mA mA
LM78 Electi 0°C < T/ Symbol V <sub>O</sub>	Coefficient of Output L12AC rical Characte $A \le +125^{\circ}$ C, $V_I = 15^{\circ}$ Paramet Output Voltage Line Regulation Load Regulation Output Voltage (Note 2) Quiescent Current Change Noise	t Voltage eristics V, I <sub>O</sub> = 40 m er With Line With Load t	A, $C_{I} = 0.33 \ \mu\text{F}$ , $C_{O} =$ <b>Cor</b> $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $T_{J} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ $14.5\text{V} \le \text{V}_{I} \le 27\text{V}$ $14.5\text{V} \le \text{V}_{I} \le 27\text{V}$ $14.5\text{V} \le 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ $16\text{V} \le 10^{\circ}\text{C} \le 40 \text{ m/}$ $T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , $10 \text{ Hz} \le 10^{\circ}\text{C}$	$\begin{array}{c} 14.5V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 16V \leq V_{I} \leq 27V \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 40 \text{ mA} \\ 1.0 \text{ mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 70 \text{ mA} \\ \end{array}$	Min 11.5 11.4 11.4 11.4	ed (Note Typ 12 120 100 20 10 20 10 80	Max           12.5           250           200           100           50           12.6           12.6           5.5           1.5	mV mV V mA mA μV dB

Note 2: Power Dissipation  $\leq$  0.75W.

Electr	L15AC rical Characte $A \le +125^{\circ}C, V_{I} = 23$		nA, C <sub>I</sub> = 0.33 $\mu$ F, C <sub>O</sub>	= 0.1 $\mu$ F, unless otherwis	se specifi	ed (Note	1)	
Symbol	Paramete	er	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
Vo	Output Voltage		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$		14.4	15	15.6	V
V <sub>R LINE</sub>	Line Regulation		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	$17.5V \le V_I \le 30V$		130	300	mV
				$20V \leq V_{I} \leq 30V$		110	250	
V <sub>R LOAD</sub>	Load Regulation		T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C	$1.0~\text{mA} \leq I_{O} \leq 100~\text{mA}$		25	150	mV
				$1.0~\text{mA} \le I_{O} \le 40~\text{mA}$		12	75	
Vo	Output Voltage (Note 2)		$17.5V \leq V_{l} \leq 30V$	1.0 mA $\leq$ I <sub>O</sub> $\leq$ 40 mA	14.25		15.75	v
			$17.5V \leq V_{I} \leq V_{Max}$	1.0 mA $\leq$ I <sub>O</sub> $\leq$ 70 mA	14.25		15.75	
l <sub>Q</sub>	Quiescent Current					2.2	5.5	mA
ΔlQ	Quiescent Current With Line Change With Load		$20V \le V_I \le 30V$				1.5	mA
			$1.0 \text{ mA} \le I_{O} \le 40 \text{ mA}$				0.1	
NO	Noise		T_A = 25°C, 10 Hz $\leq$	$f \le 100 \text{ kHz}$		90		μV
$\Delta V_{I} / \Delta V_{O}$	Ripple Rejection	Ripple Rejection f = 120 Hz, 18.5V $\leq$ V <sub>I</sub> $\leq$ 28.5V, T <sub>J</sub> = 25		$V_{I} \leq 28.5 V, T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$	34	39		dB
V <sub>DO</sub>	Dropout Voltage		$T_{J} = 25^{\circ}C$			1.7		V
I <sub>pk</sub> /I <sub>OS</sub>	Peak Output/Output Short Circuit Current		$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$			140		mA
$\Delta V_O / \Delta T$	Average Temperature Coefficient of Output Voltage		$I_{O} = 5.0 \text{ mA}$			-1.3		mV/°0

Note 1: The maximum steady state usable output current and input voltage are very dependent on the heat sinking and/or lead length of the package. The data above represent pulse test conditions with junction temperatures as indicated at the initiation of tests.

Note 2: Power Dissipation  $\leq$  0.75W.







#### **Design Considerations**

The LM78L series regulators have thermal overload protection from excessive power, internal short-circuit protection which limits each circuit's maximum current, and output transistor safe-area protection for reducing the output current as the voltage across each pass transistor is increased.

Although the internal power dissipation is limited, the junction temperature must be kept below the maximum specified temperature ( $125^{\circ}$ C) in order to meet data sheet specifications. To calculate the maximum junction temperature or heat sink required, the following thermal resistance values should be used:

Package	Тур <sup>θ</sup> јс	Max <sup>θ</sup> JC	Тур <sup>θ</sup> ЈА	Max <sup>θ</sup> JA
TO-92			160	160

#### **Thermal Considerations**

The TO-92 molded package is capable of unusually high power dissipation due to the lead frame design. However, its thermal capabilities are generally overlooked because of a lack of understanding of the thermal paths from the semiconductor junction to ambient temperature. While thermal resistance is normally specified for the device mounted 1 cm above an infinite heat sink, very little has been mentioned of the options available to improve on the conservatively rated thermal capability.

An explanation of the thermal paths of the TO-92 will allow the designer to determine the thermal stress he is applying in any given application.

#### The TO-92 Package

The TO-92 package thermal paths are complex. In addition to the path through the molding compound to ambient temperature, there is another path through the leads, in parallel with the case path, to ambient temperature, as shown in *Figure 1*.

The total thermal resistance in this model is then:

$$\theta_{\rm JA} = \frac{\left(\theta_{\rm JC} + \theta_{\rm CA}\right)\left(\theta_{\rm JL} + \theta_{\rm LA}\right)}{\theta_{\rm JC} + \theta_{\rm CA} + \theta_{\rm JL} + \theta_{\rm LA}} \tag{1}$$

Where:

- $\theta_{JC}$  = thermal resistance of the case between the regulator die and a point on the case directly above the die location.
- $\theta_{CA} =$  thermal resistance between the case and air at ambient temperature.
- $\theta_{JL}$  = thermal resistance from regulator die through the input lead to a point  $1/_{16}$  inch below the regulator case.
- $\theta_{LA}$  = total thermal resistance of the input/output ground leads to ambient temperature.
- $\theta_{JA}$  = junction to ambient thermal resistance.



#### Methods of Heat Sinking

With two external thermal resistances in each leg of a parallel network available to the circuit designer as variables, he can choose the method of heat sinking most applicable to his particular situation. To demonstrate, consider the effect of placing a small 72 °C/W flag type heat sink, such as the Staver F1-7D-2, on the LM78L00 molded case. The heat sink effectively replaces the  $\theta_{CA}$  (*Figure 2*) and the new thermal resistance,  $\theta'_{JA}$ , equals 145 °C/W (assuming, 0.125 inch lead length).

The net change of 15 °C/W increases the allowable power dissipation to 0.86W with a minimal inserted cost. A still further decrease in  $\theta_{JA}$  could be achieved by using a heat sink rated at 46 °C/W, such as the Staver FS-7A. Also, if the case sinking does not provide an adequate reduction in total  $\theta_{JA}$ , the other external thermal resistance,  $\theta_{LA}$ , may be reduced by shortening the lead length from package base to mounting medium. However, one point must be kept in mind. The lead thermal path includes a thermal resistance,  $\theta_{SA}$ , from the leads at the mounting point to ambient, that is, the mounting medium.  $\theta_{LA}$  is then equal to  $\theta_{LS} + \theta_{SA}$ . The new model is shown in *Figure 2*.

In the case of a socket,  $\theta_{SA}$  could be as high as 270 °C/W, thus causing a net increase in  $\theta_{JA}$  and a consequent decrease in the maximum dissipation capability. Shortening the lead length may return the net  $\theta_{JA}$  to the original value, but lead sinking would not be accomplished.

In those cases where the regulator is inserted into a copper clad printed circuit board, it is advantageous to have a maximum area of copper at the entry points of the leads. While it would be desirable to rigorously define the effect of PC board copper, the real world variables are too great to allow anything more than a few general observations.



The best analogy for PC board copper is to compare it with parallel resistors. Beyond some point, additional resistors are not significantly effective; beyond some point, additional copper area is not effective.



FIGURE 2. TO-92 Thermal Equivalent Circuit (Lead at other than Ambient Temperature)





. . . . . . . . .



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(2)

Where it is necessary to operate a LM78L00 regulator with a large input/output differential voltage, the addition of series resistor R1 will extend the output current range of the device by sharing the total power dissipation between R1 and the regulator.

$$R1 = \frac{V_{IMin} - V_O - 2.0V}{I_{IMax} + I_O}$$

where:

I<sub>Q</sub> is the regulator quiescent current.

Regulator power dissipation at maximum input voltage and maximum load current is now

$$P_{D \text{ Max}} = (V_1 - V_0) I_{L \text{ Max}} + V_1 I_Q \tag{3} \label{eq:p_data}$$
 where:

$$V_1 = V_{IMax} - (I_{LMax} + I_Q) R1$$

The presence of R1 will affect load regulation according to the equation:

+ line regulation (mV per V)  $\times$  (RI)  $\times$  ( $\Delta I_L$ ).

As an example, consider a 15V regulator with a supply voltage of 30  $\pm5.0V$ , required to supply a maximum load current of 30 mA. IQ is 4.3 mA, and minimum load current is to be 10 mA.

$$\mathsf{R1} = \frac{25 - 15 - 2}{30 + 4.3} = \frac{8}{34.3} \approx 240\Omega \tag{5}$$

 $V_1 = 35 - (30 + 4.3) \ 0.24 = 35 - 8.2 = 26.8V$ 

 $P_D$ 

 = 470 mW, which permit operation up to 70°C in most applications.

Line regulation of this circuit is typically 110 mV for an input range of 25V-35V at a constant load current; i.e. 11 mV/V. Load regulation = constant V<sub>1</sub> load regulation (6)

gulation = constant V<sub>1</sub> load regulation (6)  
(typically 10 mV, 10 mA-30 mA 
$$I_{L}$$
)  
+ (11 mV/V) × 0.24 × 20 mA

$$(typically 53 mV) = 63 mV$$
 for a load current change of

20 mA at a constant V<sub>I</sub> of 30V.

#### **Typical Applications**



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Note 1: To specify an output voltage, substitute voltage value for "00". Note 2: Bypass capacitors are recommended for optimum stability and transient response and should be located as close as possible to the regulator.





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