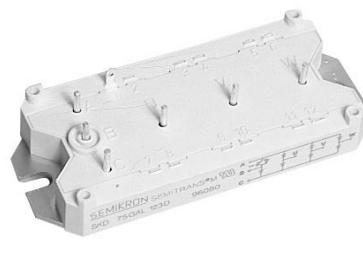
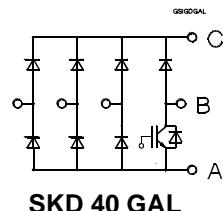


Absolute Maximum Ratings		Values			Units
Symbol	Conditions¹⁾				
V _{CES}		1200			V
V _{CGR}	R _{GE} = 20 kΩ	1200			V
I _c	T _{case} = 25/80 °C	40 / 25			A
I _{CM}	T _{case} = 25/80 °C; t _p = 1 ms	70 / 50			A
V _{GES}		± 20			V
P _{tot}	per IGBT/D1/D8, T _{case} =25°C	200 / 50 / 125			W
T _j , (T _{stg})		- 40 ... +150 (125)			°C
V _{isol}	AC, 1 min.	2 500			V
humidity climate	DIN 40 040	Class F			
	DIN IEC 68 T.1	40/125/56			
Diodes ⁹⁾		D1-6	D7	D8	
I _F	T _{case} = 80 °C	9)	15	30	A
I _{FM} = - I _{CM}	T _{case} = 80 °C; t _p = 1 ms	30	50	350	A
I _{FSM}	t _p = 10 ms; sin.; T _j = 150 °C	350	200	600	A ² s
I _t ²	t _p = 10 ms; T _j = 150 °C	600	200	600	A ² s

Characteristics					Units
Symbol	Conditions¹⁾	min.	typ.	max.	
V _{(BR)CES}	V _{GE} = 0, I _c = 0,8 mA	≥ V _{CES}	-	-	V
V _{GE(th)}	V _{GE} = V _{CE} , I _c = 1 mA	4,5	5,5	6,5	V
I _{CES}	V _{GE} = 0 { T _j = 25 °C } V _{CE} = V _{CES} { T _j = 125 °C }	-	0,1	1	mA
I _{GES}	V _{GE} = 20 V, V _{CE} = 0	-	3	-	mA
V _{CEsat}	I _c = 25 A { V _{GE} = 15 V; }	-	2,5(3,1)	3(3,7)	V
V _{CEsat}	I _c = 40 A { T _j = 25 (125) °C }	-	3,1(3,9)	-	V
g _f	V _{CE} = 20 V, I _c = 25 A		20	-	S
C _{CHC}	per IGBT	-	-	300	pF
C _{ies}	{ V _{GE} = 0 }	-	1600	2100	pF
C _{oes}	{ V _{CE} = 25 V }	-	250	300	pF
C _{res}	f = 1 MHz	-	110	150	pF
t _{d(on)}	{ V _{CC} = 600 V }	-	70	-	ns
t _r	V _{GE} = + 15 V / - 15 V ³⁾	-	55	-	ns
t _{d(off)}	I _c = 25 A, ind. load	-	400	-	ns
t _f	R _{Gon} = R _{Goff} = 40 Ω	-	40	-	ns
E _{on} ⁵⁾	T _j = 125 °C	-	3,8	-	mWs
E _{off} ⁵⁾		-	2,3	-	mWs
Inverse Diode D7 ⁸⁾					
V _F = V _{EC}	I _F = 15 A { V _{GE} = 0 V; }	-	2,0(1,8)	2,5	V
V _F = V _{EC}	I _F = 25 A { T _j = 25 (125) °C }	-	2,3(2,1)	-	V
V _{TO}	T _j = 125 °C	-	-	1,2	V
r _T	T _j = 125 °C	-	45	70	mΩ
I _{RRM}	I _F = 15 A; T _j = 25 (125) °C ²⁾	-	12(16)	-	A
Q _{rr}	I _F = 15 A; T _j = 25 (125) °C ²⁾	-	1(2,7)	-	μC
FWD D8 Diode ⁸⁾					
V _F = V _{EC}	I _F = 25 A { V _{GE} = 0 V; }	-	2,0(1,8)	2,5	V
V _F = V _{EC}	I _F = 40 A { T _j = 25 (125) °C }	-	2,3(2,1)	-	V
V _{TO}	T _j = 125 °C	-	1,1	1,2	V
r _T	T _j = 125 °C	-	25	44	mΩ
I _{RRM}	I _F = 25 A; T _j = 25 (125) °C ²⁾	-	19(25)	-	A
Q _{rr}	I _F = 25 A; T _j = 25 (125) °C ²⁾	-	1,5(4,5)	-	μC
Thermal Characteristics					
R _{thjc}	per IGBT / diode D1...6 ⁹⁾	-	-	0,6 / 2,5	°C/W
R _{thjc}	per diode D7 / D8	-	-	1,5 / 1,0	°C/W
R _{thch}	per module / diode; IGBT	-	-	0,05/0,4	°C/W

SEMITRANS® M IGBT Modules**SKD 40 GAL 123 D Input bridge B6U with brake chopper****7D-Pack = 7 Diodes Pack****SKD 40 GAL****Features**

- Round main terminals (2 mmØ)
- Easy drilling of PCB
- Input diodes glass passivated
- 1400 V PIV, good for 500 VAC
- High I_t² rating (inrush current)
- IGBT is latch-up free, homogeneous NPT silicon-structure
- High short circuit capability, self limiting to 6 * I_{nom}
- Fast & soft CAL diodes⁸⁾
- Isolated copper baseplate using DCB Direct Copper Bonding Technology
- Large clearance (9 mm) and creepage distances (13 mm).

Typical Applications:

Input rectifier bridge (B6U) with brake chopper for PWM inverter drives using SEMITRANS SKM 40GD123D

¹⁾ T_{case} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

²⁾ I_F = - I_c, V_R = 600 V, -di_F/dt = 500 A/μs, V_{GE} = 0 V

³⁾ Use V_{GEoff} = -5 ... -15 V

⁵⁾ See fig. 2 + 3; R_{Goff} = 40 Ω

⁸⁾ CAL = Controlled Axial Lifetime Technology.

⁹⁾ Data D1 - D6, case and mech. data → page B6 - 224

SKD 40 GAL 123 D

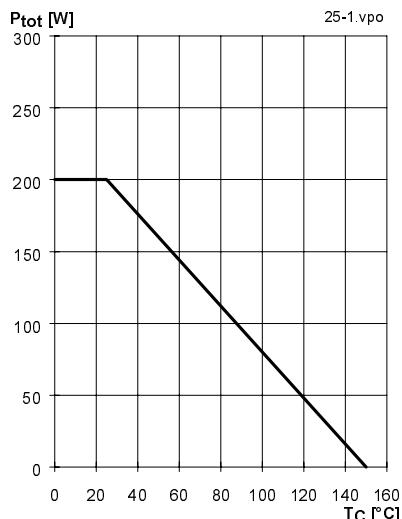


Fig. 1 Rated power dissipation $P_{\text{tot}} = f(T_c)$

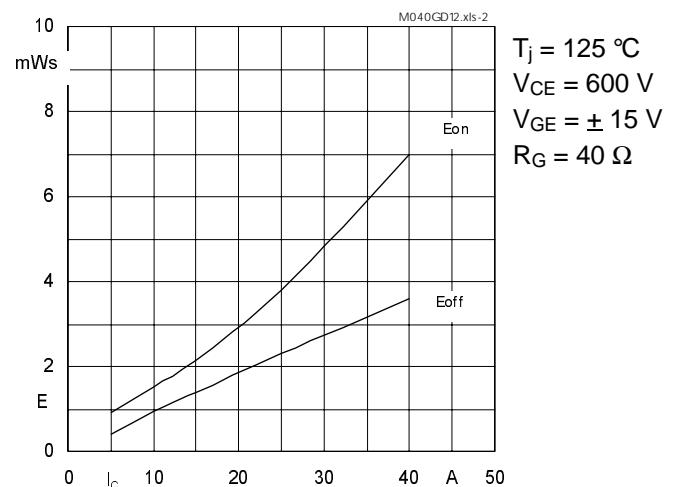


Fig. 2 Turn-on /-off energy = f (I_c)

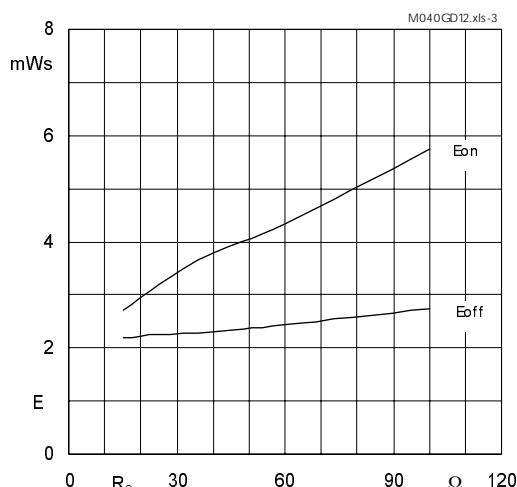


Fig. 3 Turn-on /-off energy = f (R_G)

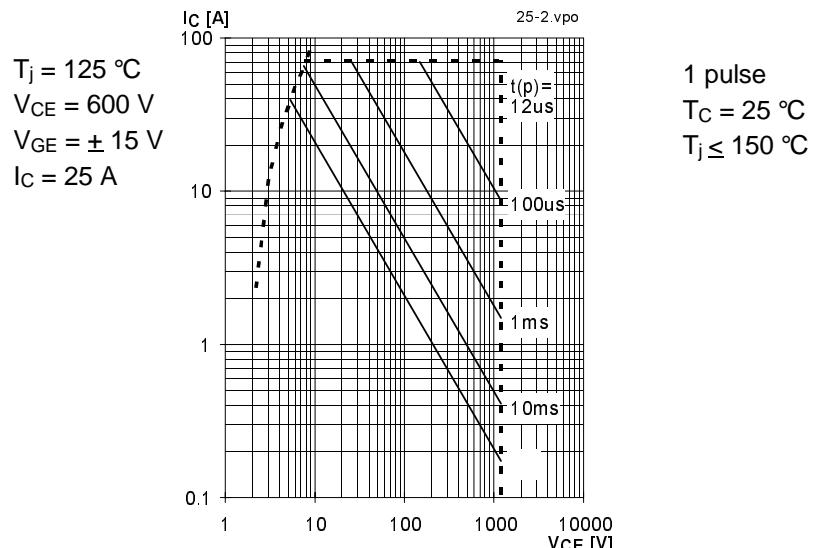


Fig. 4 Maximum safe operating area (SOA) $I_c = f(V_{CE})$

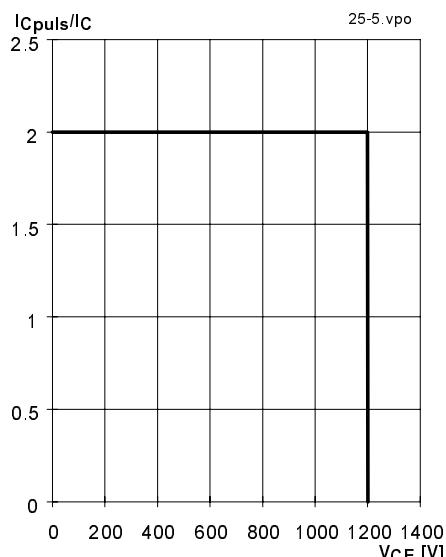


Fig. 5 Turn-off safe operating area (RBSOA)

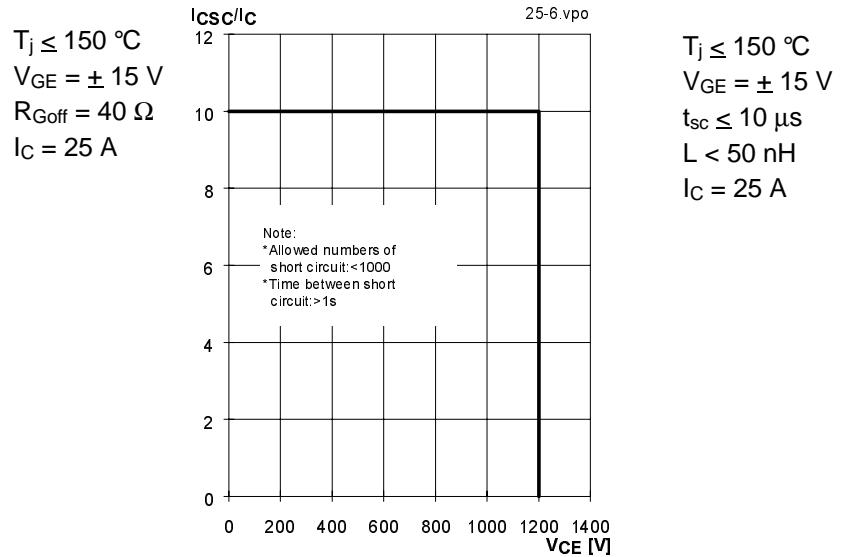


Fig. 6 Safe operating area at short circuit $I_c = f(V_{CE})$



Fig. 8 Rated current vs. temperature $I_c = f(T_c)$

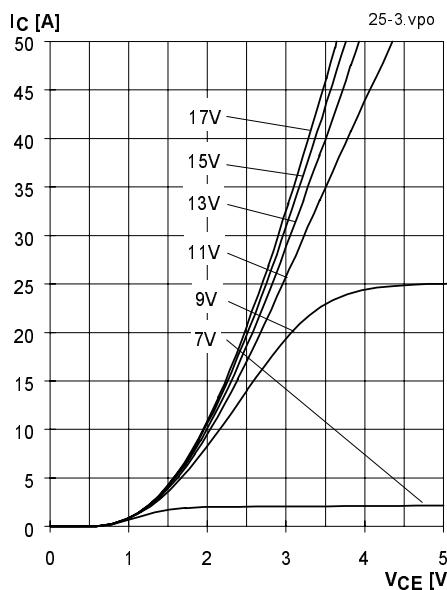


Fig. 9 Typ. output characteristic, $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}; 25 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

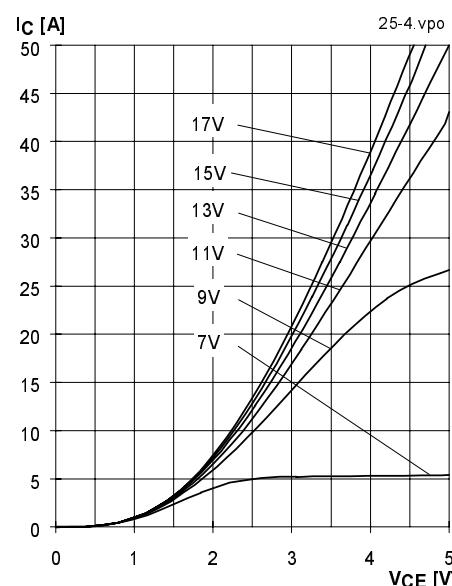


Fig. 10 Typ. output characteristic, $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}; 125 \text{ }^\circ\text{C}$

$$P_{cond(t)} = V_{CEsat(t)} \cdot I_C(t)$$

$$V_{CEsat(t)} = V_{CE(TO)(Tj)} + r_{CE(Tj)} \cdot I_C(t)$$

$$V_{CE(TO)(Tj)} \leq 1,5 + 0,002 (T_j - 25) [\text{V}]$$

$$\text{typ.: } r_{CE(Tj)} = 0,040 + 0,00016 (T_j - 25) [\Omega]$$

$$\text{max.: } r_{CE(Tj)} = 0,060 + 0,00020 (T_j - 25) [\Omega]$$

valid for $V_{GE} = + 15 \pm 2 \text{ [V]}$; $I_C \geq 0,3 I_{Cn}$

Fig. 11 Saturation characteristic (IGBT)
Calculation elements and equations

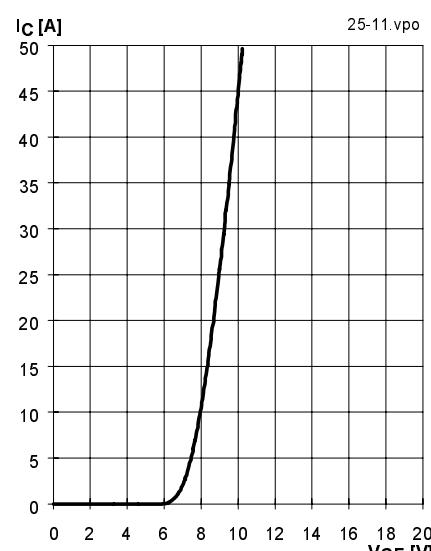


Fig. 12 Typ. transfer characteristic, $t_p = 80 \mu\text{s}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$

SKD 40 GAL 123 D

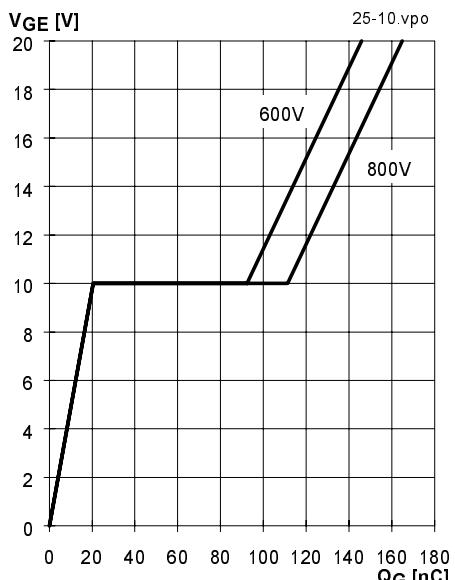


Fig. 13 Typ. gate charge characteristic

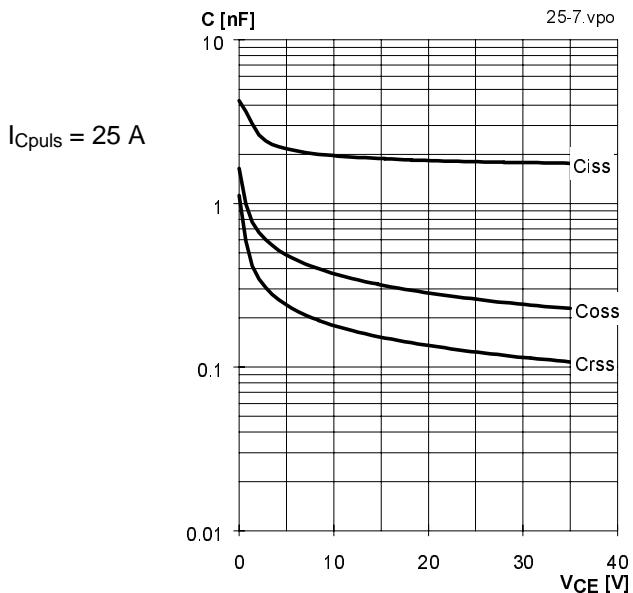


Fig. 14 Typ. capacitances vs. V_{CE}

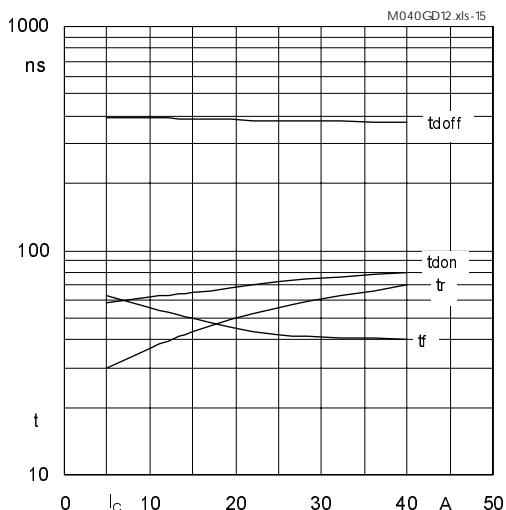


Fig. 15 Typ. switching times vs. I_C

$T_j = 125\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$
 $V_{CE} = 600\text{ V}$
 $V_{GE} = \pm 15\text{ V}$
 $R_{Gon} = 40\text{ }\Omega$
 $R_{Goff} = 40\text{ }\Omega$
induct. load

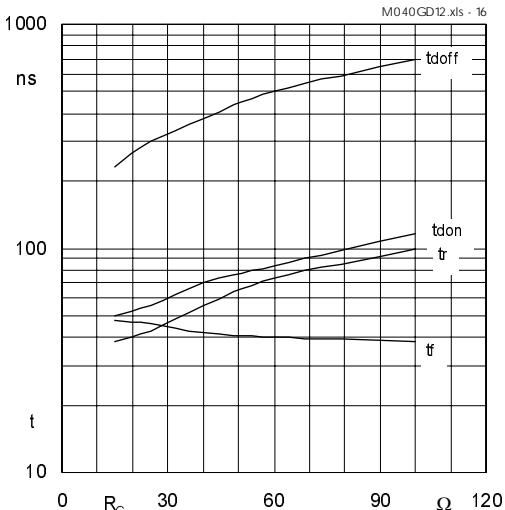


Fig. 16 Typ. switching times vs. gate resistor R_G

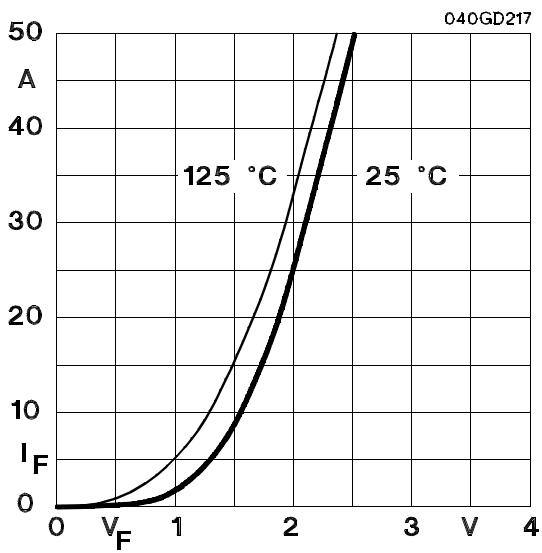


Fig. 17 Typ. CAL diode D8 forward characteristic

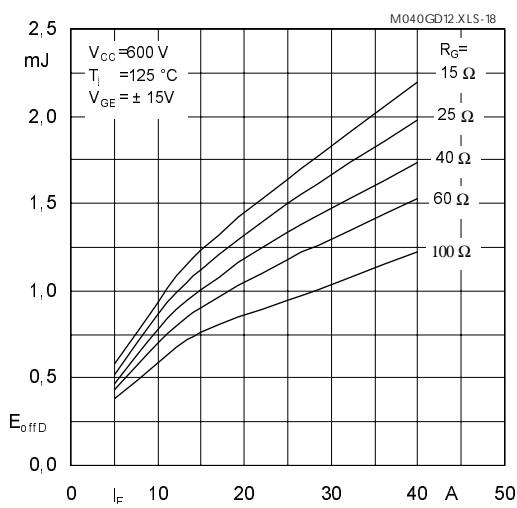


Fig. 18 Diode turn-off energy dissipation per pulse

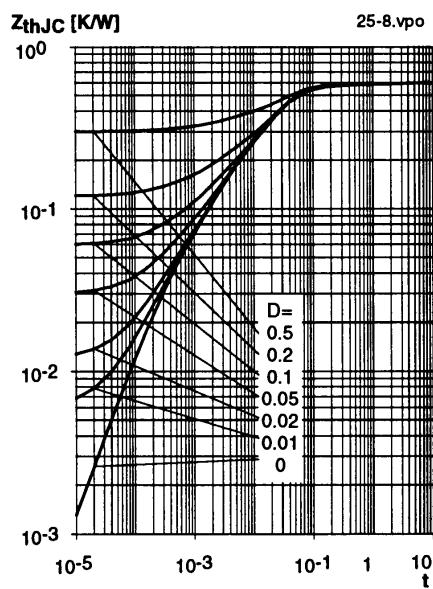


Fig. 19 Transient thermal impedance of IGBT
 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p); D = t_p / t_c = t_p \cdot f$

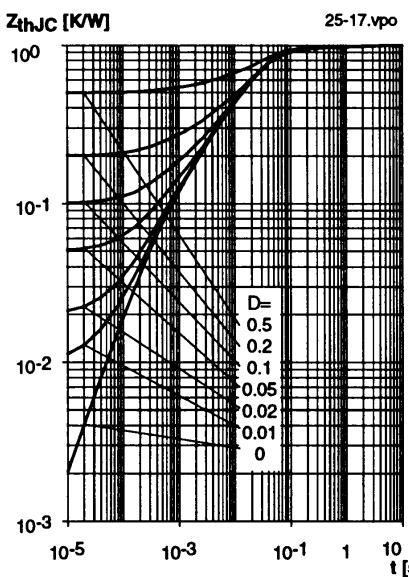


Fig. 20 Transient thermal impedance of
inverse CAL diodes D8 $Z_{thJC} = f(t_p); D = t_p / t_c = t_p \cdot f$

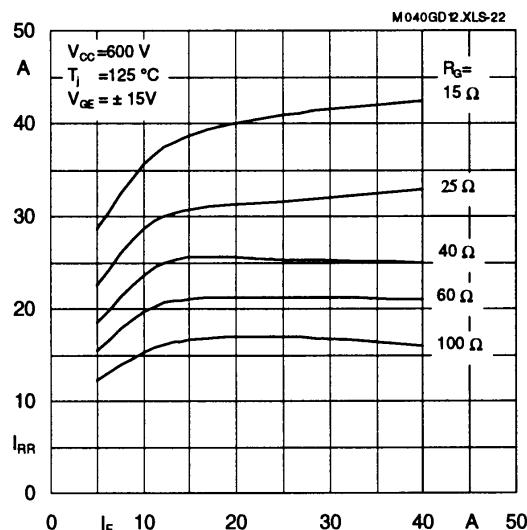


Fig. 22 Typ. CAL diode peak D8 reverse recovery current $I_{RR}=f(I_F;R_G)$

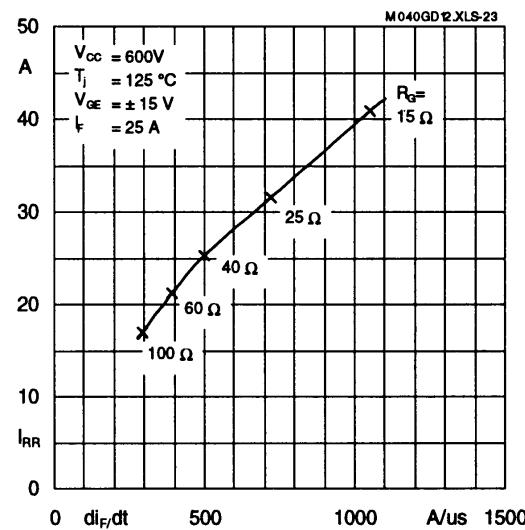


Fig. 23 Typ. CAL diode D8 peak reverse recovery current
 $I_{RR} = f(di/dt)$

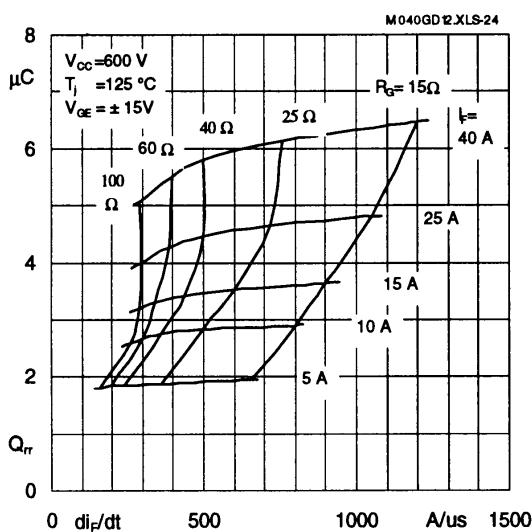


Fig. 24 Typ. CAL diode D8 recovered charge

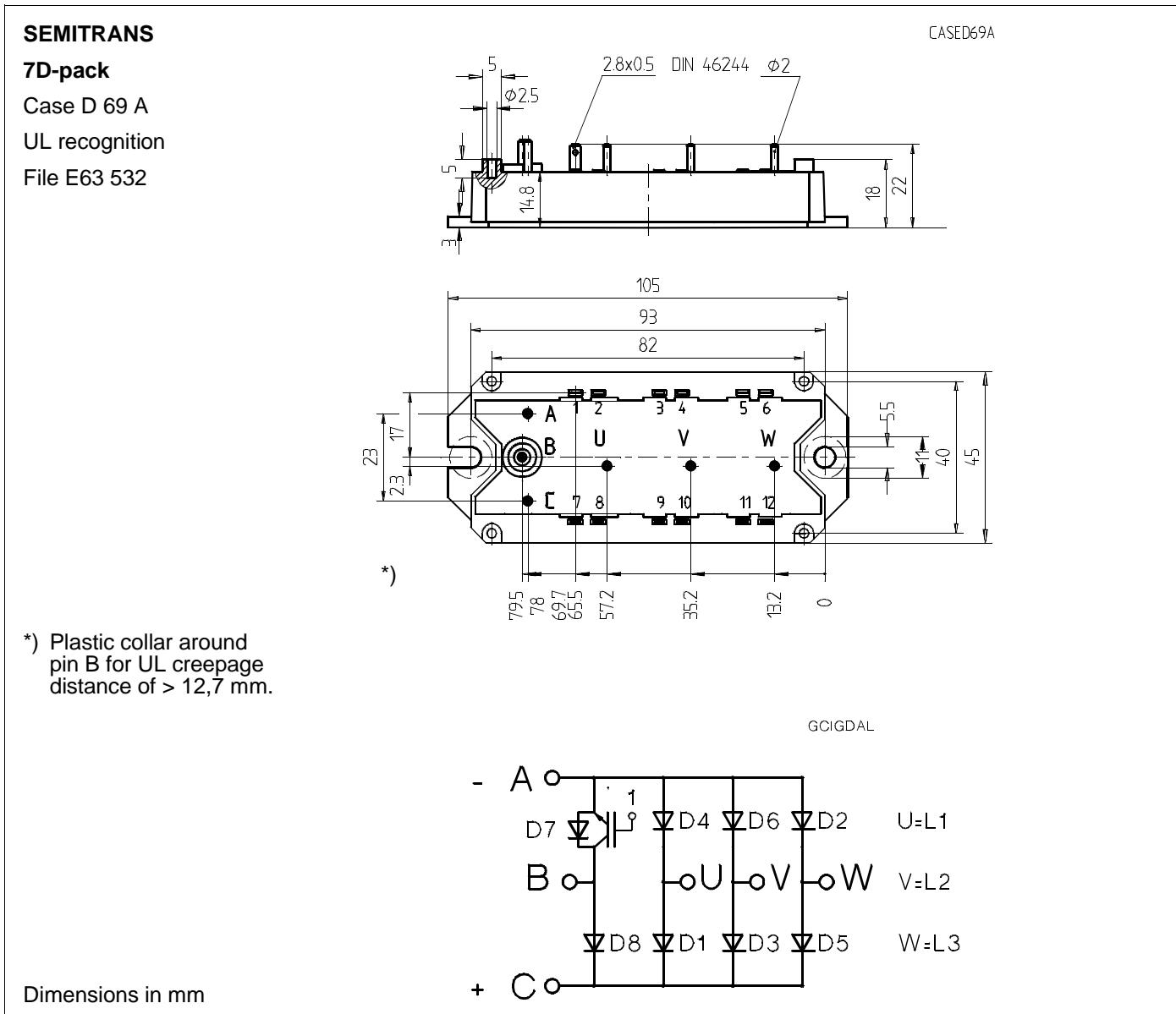


Fig. 21 Case outline and circuit diagram

Symbol	Conditions ¹⁾	Values			Units
		min.	typ.	max.	
Input	Bridge Rectifier D1...D6				
V_{RRM}		1400	—	—	V
I_b	$T_{case} = 80^\circ\text{C};$	—	—	70	A
V_F	$T_{vj} = 25^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 40 \text{ A}$	—	—	1,45	V
V_{TO}	$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	—	—	0,8	V
r_T	$T_{vj} = 150^\circ\text{C}$	—	—	15	$\text{m}\Omega$
I_{FAV}	$T_{case} = 80^\circ\text{C} (\text{D1...D6})$	—	—	25	A
R_{thjc}	D1...D6			2,5	K/W
Mechanical Data					
M1	to heatsink, SI Units to heatsink, US Units	(M5)	4 35 — —	— 44 $5 \times 9,81$ 175	Nm lb.in. m/s^2 g
a					
w					

This is an electrostatic discharge sensitive device (ESD). Please observe the international standard IEC 747-1, Chapter IX.

Two devices are supplied in one SEMIBOX A without mounting hardware. Larger Packing units (≥ 10) are used if suitable. SEMIBOX → C - 1.