

# ST Microelectronics GRENOBLE PLANT

# **Standard Linear ICs, DSG**

# SHORT QUALIFICATION REPORT

LINE : 185X

## PRODUCT NAME : TS1851/ TS1852/ TS1854

# LINE DESCRIPTION : LOW POWER RAIL TO RAIL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

#### WAFER CODE : C1851AAH / C1852AAH / C1854AAH

## PACKAGE : SOT23-5 / SO8 & 14 / TSSOP8 & 14 / DIP8 & 14

## Qualification plan REFERENCE : 7139741



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## Q185XS1

# **DEVICE DESCRIPTION**

Wafer Fab. Process	Asked	Answer
Device name	(Part number)	TS1851
Function	(type)	Single op-amp r/rail low power 1.8V
Die name	(Part number)	Р1851ААН
Die size	(mm * mm)	1.40*0.88
Shrink	(Level)	N/A
Transistor count	(Number)	181
Process	(Name)	HF2CMOS 2µm
Process qualification	(Date)	Q4/96
Wafer fab.	(Location)	Carrollton
Wafer characteristics	(Diameter)	6" radius value
Mask set reference	(Tickness) (Dopant type) (Epi type) (Name)	375μm Ρ Ν 1851Α
Masks	(Number)	18
Minimum effective dimension(Natur	re/Width) 2µm (2	Metal - Metal)
Composite defect density Layers(M1,M2,poly1,poly2,etc)	(Defects per cm2 (Nature/Width) M1: M2: Poly1: Poly2:	0.17 <u>Nature Thickness Width Pitch</u> AlSiCu 0.6µm 2µm 4.5µm AlSiCu 1.05µm 2µm 4.5µm Poly 0.4µm 2µm 4.5µm Poly 0.4µm 2µm 4.5µm
Frontside metallisation layers	(Nature / Tickness)	AlSiCu 06µm/ AlSiCu 1.05µm
Backside metallisation layers	(Nature / Tickness)	RAW SILICON / 50µm
Passivation layers	(Nature / Thickness) (Method)	PVAPOX 0.5μm+NITRIDE 0.6μm CVD
Process flow	(Reference)	HFMS580
Fault coverage level	(%)	100%

## Q185XS1

# **DEVICE DESCRIPTION**

Wafer Fab. Process	Asked	Answer	
Device name	(Part number)	TS1852	
Function	(type)	Dual op-amp r/rail low power 1.8V	
Die name	(Part number)	P1852AAH	
Die size	(mm * mm)	1.56*1.46	
Shrink	(Level)	N/A	
Transistor count	(Number)	362	
Process	(Name)	HF2CMOS 2µm	
Process qualification	(Date)	Q4/96	
Wafer fab.	(Location)	Carrollton	
Wafer characteristics	(Diameter)	6'' radius value	
Mask set reference	(Tickness) (Dopant type) (Epi type) (Name)	375μm Ρ Ν 1852Α	
Masks	(Number)	18	
Minimum effective dimension(Natur	re/Width) 2µm (	Metal - Metal)	
Composite defect density	(Defects per cm2	0.17	
Layers(M1,M2,poly1,poly2,etc)	(Nature/Width) M1: M2: Poly1: Poly2:	Nature ThicknessWidth PitchAlSiCu0.6μm2μm4.5μmAlSiCu1.05μm2μm4.5μmPoly0.4μm2μm4.5μmPoly0.4μm2μm4.5μm	
Frontside metallisation layers	(Nature / Tickness)	AlSiCu 06µm/ AlSiCu 1.05µm	
Backside metallisation layers	(Nature / Tickness)	RAW SILICON / 50µm	
Passivation layers	(Nature / Thickness) (Method)	PVAPOX 0.5μm+NITRIDE 0.6μm CVD	
Process flow	(Reference)	HFMS580	
Fault coverage level	(%)	100%	



# **DEVICE DESCRIPTION**

Wafer Fab. Process Device name	Asked (Part number)	Answer TS1854	
Function	(type)	Quad op-amp r/rail low power 1.8V	
Die name	(Part number)	Р1854ААН	
Die size	(mm * mm)	2.32*1.95	
Shrink	(Level)	N/A	
Transistor count	(Number)	724	
Process	(Name)	HF2CMOS 2µm	
Process qualification	(Date)	Q4/96	
Wafer fab.	(Location)	Carrollton	
Wafer characteristics	(Diameter)	6''	
	(Tickness) (Dopant type)	375µm P	
Mask set reference	(Name)	N 1854A	
Masks	(Number)	18	
Minimum effective dimension(Natur	re/Width) 2µm (	Metal - Metal)	
Composite defect density	(Defects per cm2	0.17	
Layers(M1,M2,poly1,poly2,etc)	(Nature/Width) M1: M2: Poly1: Poly2:	Nature Thickness Width PitchAlSiCu 0.6μm2μmAlSiCu 1.05μm2μmPoly0.4μm0.4μm2μm4.5μmPoly0.4μm	
Frontside metallisation layers	(Nature / Tickness)	AlSiCu 06µm/ AlSiCu 1.05µm	
Backside metallisation layers	(Nature / Tickness)	RAW SILICON / 50µm	
Passivation layers	(Nature / Thickness) (Method)	PVAPOX 0.5µm+NITRIDE 0.6µm CVD	
Process flow	(Reference)	HFMS580	
Fault coverage level	(%)	100%	



## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISATION PRESENTATION

Since the process technology and electrical specifications are identical forthese devices, this report covers the entire family. The characterisation was performed on the**TS1851**, **TS1852 & TS1854** devices.

#### ASSURANCE OF THE DEVICE PARAMETERS AT CORNER TEMPERATURES

#### <u>1st level</u>:

During the Design phase the critical parameters are simulated at temperature min and max.

#### 2nd level :

During the Evaluation phase 50 units are tested at temperature min andmax and the results are compared to the simulations and to the specification.

The CPK must be > 2 for 98% of the parameters and > 1.33 for the others.

#### 3rd level :

The limits of specification at temperature are calculated to include the temperature drift evaluated at the 2nd level compared to the specification at 25°C.

#### 4th level :

The test is made at 25°C with the limits of the specification at 25°C, so with a guard band compared to the limits at temperature.

The test results at 25°C and temperature with the CP/CPK calculation and the specification are available in the qualification report. This report is available for all new products and for redesigned products.



# **QUALIFICATION RESULTS**

#### a) Electrical results

- \* Yield analysis on 3 lots : conform to ST standard results
- \* Electrical parameters distribution on 50 pièces at  $T^{\circ}AMB = 25^{\circ}C$  results conform to datasheet specification

#### b) ESD measurement was performed

- \* ESD resistance is > 2 KV according to MILSTD883C
- \* ESD resistance is > 200V according to Machin Model
- \* ESD resistance is > 1.5 KV according to Charge Device Model

## c) Latch-up measurement was performed according to ST specification (n°0018695)

\* No latch-up was observed

#### d) Reliability tests were performed according to the qualification plan

Reliability test	Nb of rejects	Package
High temperature bias test (HTB)	0/78 x2	SO8 1851 &1852
$T^{\circ} AMB = 125^{\circ}C$ - Duration = 1000h	0/78	SO14 1854
	0/77	TSSOP8 0922
	0/77	TSSOP14 0924
	0/77	SOT23-5 0951
	0/77	DIP8 0462
Temperature & humidity bias (THB)	0/78 x2	SO8 1851 &1852
$T^{\circ}AMB = 85^{\circ}C$ humidity = 85%	0/78	SO14 1854
Duration = 1000h	0/77	SOT23-5 0951
	0/77	TSSOP8 0462
	0/77	TSSOP14 0464
	0/77	DIP8 0462
Temperature cycling (CT)	0/50	SO8 1851
$T^{\circ}AMB = -65/150^{\circ}C$ Nb cycles = 1000	0/50	SOT23-5 0951
	0/50	TSSOP8 0462
	0/50	TSSOP14 0464
	0/50	DIP8 0462
Presure pot test (PPT)	0/50	SO8 1851
$T^{\circ}AMB = 121^{\circ}C$	0/50	SOT23-5 0951
Pressure = 2atm - Duration = 240h	0/50	TSSOP8 0462
	0/50	TSSOP14 0464
	0/50	DIP8 0462

#### e) Conclusion

- \* Electrical and reliability results meet or exceed the requirements set in the ST qualification program. The devices TS1851, TS1852 and TS1854 are qualified for all packages (SOT23-5, S08, DIP8, TSSOP8, SO14, TSSOP14 and DIP14 ).
- **NB** : Detailed results are available upon request

"WARNING" : Tests results and information contained in this document are for information only. This document does not alter ST Microelectronic's standard warranty or product specification



#### **PRODUCT DESIGN QUALIFICATION FLOW**

"Quality is what the customer says it is." Tom Peters

Manufacturing and reliability must be considered at the design level in order to manufacture reliable products meeting customers' expectations.

New product development plans adopt the Quality Function Deployment (QFD) methodology as a basic tool to understand customers' requirements. This formally translates the customers' need into technical requirements as product specifications, process operations and manufacturing process controls, that represent the key points for the product finalization.

In SGS-THOMSON, a corporate procedure defines the product maturity, specifying three maturity levels with rules from one level to the next. They are: design, engineering and production. In addition there are various sub levels. This procedure governs the entire life cycle of a product from new product proposal to its obsolescence. It also determines when and how, engineering samples can be released at sub-maturity levels in a controlled manner by defining "for application study only" or "not yet fully qualified" on the customer documentation.

Each new product begins from the preparation of a target specification and a document called a New Product Request (**NPR**), which contains business and technical details. The purpose of this first control is to evaluate the potential of the product and determine if there is sufficient justification to allocate design resources.

Once the NPR is approved the designers can start work. Designers work to clearly defined design rules which incorporate robust design principles. When the design is complete and the first working samples are available they are evaluated to make sure that the design is acceptable for the next phase, Engineering.

The results of these tests are included in the next key document, the Design Approval Certificate (**DAC**). The approval of the DAC commits the company to a major investment so it is essential to ensure that the product is ready to proceed.

While a product is in design and characterization (maturity 10 & 20), samples may be given to customers with the documentation indicating "engineering samples for application study only and at the customers' risk" under the responsibility of the Division Manager.

New product is prepared for qualification through product characterization and reliability testing. A Product Qualification Certificate (**PQC**) which permits the new product to proceed to manufacturing must be approved by Group Management.



Product design qualification flow