PWM driver for CD and MD players BH6504K

The BH6504K is a 4-channel PWM driver designed for CD and MD player motors and actuator drives. The power MOF-SET output stage allows for applications with low power consumption. This IC also has a charge pump circuit and standard operational amplifier (needed for power MOSFET gate drives), and so supports a wide spectrum of applications.

Applications

Portable CD players, MD players

Features

- 1) Low power consumption.
- 2) A minimum of attached components.
- Excellent gain precision because of the voltage feedback circuit.
- 4) Internal mute function for channel 1.

- Allows for free-running and clock synchronization operation.
- 6) Internal standard operational amplifier.
- 7) Internal charge pump circuit for gate drive.
- 8) Switchable to doubled clock synchronization.

● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

| Parameter | Symbol | Limits | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------|
| H bridge power supply voltage | Battery | 7 | V |
| Control circuit power supply voltage | Pre.Vcc | 7 | V |
| Predriver power supply voltage | VG (pin18) | 7 | ٧ |
| Driver output current | lo | 500 | mA |
| Power dissipation | Pd | 500*1 | mW |
| Operating temperature | Topr | −30~+85 | Ç |
| Storage temperature | Tstg | −55∼+125 | ဗ |

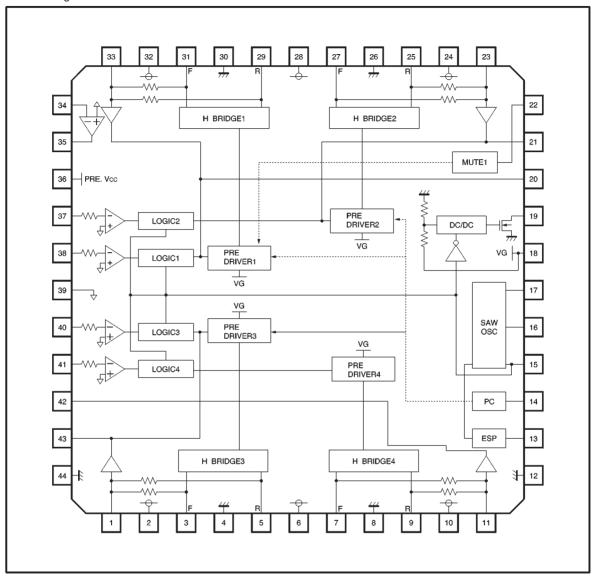
^{*1} Reduced by 5.0 mW for each increase in Ta of 1 $^{\circ}\!\!\mathrm{C}$ over 25 $^{\circ}\!\!\mathrm{C}$.

Recommended operating conditions

| Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|------------|-----------------|------|------|------|
| H bridge power supply voltage | Battery | 1.6 | 2.4 | 4.5 | ٧ |
| Control circuit power supply voltage | Pre.Vcc | 2.7 | 3.0 | 4.5 | ٧ |
| Predriver power supply voltage*2 | VG (pin18) | Battery +1.6 | 6.5 | 6.9 | ٧ |
| Ambient temperature | Ta | -10 | 25 | 70 | ဗ |

^{*2} When supplied from an external source without using the internal DC / DC convertor

Block diagram



Pin descriptions

| Pin No. | Pin name | Function | Pin No. | Pin name | Function |
|---------|----------|---------------------------------------|---------|----------|---|
| 1 | CO3 | Channel 3 voltage feedback filter | 23 | CO2 | Channel 2 voltage feedback filter |
| 2 | BATT3 | Power supply input | 24 | BATT2 | Power supply input |
| 3 | OUT 3F | Channel 3 positive output | 25 | OUT 2R | Channel 2 negative output |
| 4 | POWGND | Power supply ground | 26 | POWGND | Power supply ground |
| 5 | OUT 3R | Channel 3 negative output | 27 | OUT 2F | Channel 2 positive output |
| 6 | BATT34 | Power supply input | 28 | BATT12 | Power supply input |
| 7 | OUT 4F | Channel 4 positive output | 29 | OUT 1R | Channel 1 negative output |
| 8 | POWGND | Power supply ground | 30 | POWGND | Power supply ground |
| 9 | OUT 4R | Channel 4 negative output | 31 | OUT 1F | Channel 1 positive output |
| 10 | BATT4 | Power supply input | 32 | BATT1 | Power supply input |
| 11 | CO4 | Channel 4 voltage feedback filter | 33 | CO1 | Channel 1 voltage feedback filter |
| 12 | D.GND | Predrive circuit supply ground | 34 | OP- | Negative input of the operational amplifier |
| 13 | ESP | Double-speed detection circuit | 35 | OP OUT | Operational amplifier output |
| 14 | PC | All-driver output mute | 36 | Pre.Vcc | Control circuit supply input |
| 15 | СТ | Triangular wave output | 37 | ERR2 | Channel 2 control signal input |
| 16 | RT | Charge current setting | 38 | ERR1 | Channel 1 control signal input |
| 17 | CLK | External clock synchronization input | 39 | VC | Reference voltage input |
| 18 | VG | Predrive circuit supply input | 40 | ERR3 | Channel 3 control signal input |
| 19 | LG | Attached DC / DC converter connection | 41 | ERR4 | Channel 4 control signal input |
| 20 | CN1 | Channel 1 phase compensation filter | 42 | CN4 | Channel 4 phase compensation filter |
| 21 | CN2 | Channel 2 phase compensation filter | 43 | CN3 | Channel 3 phase compensation filter |
| 22 | CH1MUTE | Channel 1 mute | 44 | Pre.GND | Control circuit supply ground |

Note: positive and negative output of the driver is relative to the polarity of the input pins.

●Input / output circuits

| Pin name | Pin No. | Pin equivalent circuit |
|--|----------------------------|------------------------------|
| CO3 BATT3 OUT_3F POWGND OUT_3R BATT34 | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | 30k 30k 77 1 |
| OUT_4F POWGND OUT_4R BATT4 CO4 | 7 8 9 10 11 | 8 Pre. Vcc |
| D.GND | 12 | Predriver circuit ground pin |
| ESP | 13 | Pre. Vcc 30k 30k 30k |
| PC | 14 | 30k 30k 30k 30k |

| Pin name | Pin No. | Pin equivalent circuit |
|--------------------------|----------------------|------------------------------------|
| CT RT | 15 16 | Pre. Vcc Pre. Vcc 39k |
| CLK | 17 | Pre. Vcc 30k 30k 30k |
| VG | 18 | Predriver circuit power supply pin |
| LG | 19 | 19 |
| CN1 CN2 CN4 CN3 | 20 21 42 43 | 20 21 42 43 |
| MUTE1 | 22 | Pre. Vcc 47k 47k 47k 777 |

| Pin name | Pin No. | Pin equivalent circuit |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| CO2 BATT2 OUT_2R POWGND OUT_2F BATT12 | 23 24 25 26 27 28 | 24 28 30k Pre. Vcc 30k Pre. Vcc 23 23 |
| OUT_1R POWGND OUT_1F BATT1 CO1 | 29 30 31 32 33 | 28 32 30k Pre. Vcc 30k 30k 333 |
| OP | 34 | |
| | | Pre. Vcc |
| OP_OUT | 35 | Pre. Vcc |

| Pin name | Pin No. | Pin equivalent circuit |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------------------------|
| Pre.Vcc | 36 | Control circuit power supply pin |
| ERR2 | 37 | Pre. Vcc |
| ERR1 ERR3 ERR4 | 38 40 41 | Pre. Vcc 25k 40 41 |
| VC | 39 | Pre. Vcc ×4 5k √/// |
| Pre.GND | 44 | Control circuit ground pin |

Electrical characteristics

(unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25° C, Battery = 2.4V, Pre.Vcc = 3.0V, Vc = 1.5V, fclk = 176.4kHz, RL = 8Ω – 47μ H)

| | Parameter | Symbol | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Conditions |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------|------------|------|------|------|---|
| Standl | by current | İst | _ | _ | 3 | μΑ | Pre.V∞=OFF |
| Quies | cent current dissipation | lcc1 | _ | 4.5 | 9 | mA | Including DC / DC converter coil current |
| Opera | ting current | lcc2 | _ | 7 | 14 | mA | 4-channel drive Including DC / DC converter coil current |
| (PWM | driver | | | | | | |
| | Output-on resistance | Ron | _ | 1.3 | 2.0 | Ω | Sum of top and bottom on-resistance |
| CH1 | Input offset voltage | Voi | - 5 | 0 | 5 | mV | |
| СНЗ | Output offset voltage | Voo | -35 | 0 | 35 | mV | |
| CH4 | Voltage gain | Gvc1-4 | 8.0 | 10.0 | 12.0 | dB | |
| | Pos./neg. voltage gain differential | Gvc | -1.5 | 0 | 1.5 | dB | |
| | Output ON resistance | Ron | _ | 1.3 | 2.0 | Ω | Sum of top and bottom ON resistance |
| | Input offset voltage | Voi | - 5 | 0 | 5 | mV | |
| CH2 | Output offset voltage | Voo | -35 | 0 | 35 | mV | |
| | Voltage gain | Gvc1-4 | 18.0 | 20.0 | 22.0 | dB | |
| | Pos./neg. voltage gain differential | Gvc | -1.5 | 0 | 1.5 | dB | |
| ⟨DC / | DC convertor*1 | | | | | | |
| Outpu | t voltage | VG | 6.1 | 6.5 | 6.9 | ٧ | |
| 〈Trian | gular wave generator> | | | | | | 1 |
| Free-r | unning oscillation frequency 1 | fosc1 | _ | 140 | _ | kHz | |
| Synch | ronization signal input frequency 11 | fcLK11 | 75 | 88 | 100 | kHz | ESP= "H" RT=39kΩ, CT=220pF |
| Synch | ronization signal input frequency 12 | fcLK12 | 150 | 176 | 200 | kHz | ESP= "L" |
| Free-r | unning oscillation frequency 2 | fosc2 | _ | 60 | _ | kHz | |
| Synch | ronization signal input frequency 21 | fcLK21 | 38 | 44 | 50 | kHz | ESP= "H" RT=39kΩ, CT=470pF |
| Synch | ronization signal input frequency 22 | fcLK22 | 75 | 88 | 100 | kHz | ESP= "L" |
| Opera | ational amplifier> | | | | | | |
| Input b | pias current | BIAS | _ | _ | 300 | nA | |
| Input o | offset voltage | VOIOP | -5.5 | 0 | 5.5 | mV | |
| Outpu | t high level voltage | Vонор | 2.8 | | _ | ٧ | RL=OPEN |
| Outpu | t low level voltage | Volop | _ | _ | 0.2 | V | RL=OPEN |
| Outpu | t drive current (source) | Isou | 0.3 | 0.5 | _ | mA | 50 Ω at GND |
| Outpu | t drive current (sink) | Isin | 1 | 3 | _ | mA | 50 Ω at Vcc |
| Open | loop voltage gain | Gvo | _ | 70 | _ | dB | V _{IN} =-75dBV, f=1kHz |
| Slew r | ate | SR | _ | 0.5 | _ | V/μs | |
| ⟨Contr | ol pin threshold | - | I | | L | | 1 |
| | 1-ON level input voltage | VMTON | 2.2 | _ | _ | ٧ | |
| MUTE1-OFF level input voltage | | VMTOFF | _ | _ | 0.5 | V | |
| PC-ON level input voltage | | VPCON | 2.2 | _ | _ | V | |
| | FF level input voltage | VPCOFF | _ | _ | 0.5 | V | |
| | DN level input voltage | VESPON | 2.2 | _ | _ | V | |
| | OFF level input voltage | VESPOFF | | | 0.5 | V | |

ONot designed for radiation resistance.

 $\label{eq:pre-Vcc} \textit{Pre-Vcc} \ \textit{is raised to 6.5 V by attaching an inductance, Schottky barrier diode, and capacitor.}$

This voltage is the power supply (VG) for the predriver circuit.



^{* 1} DC / DC converter circuit:

Measurement circuit

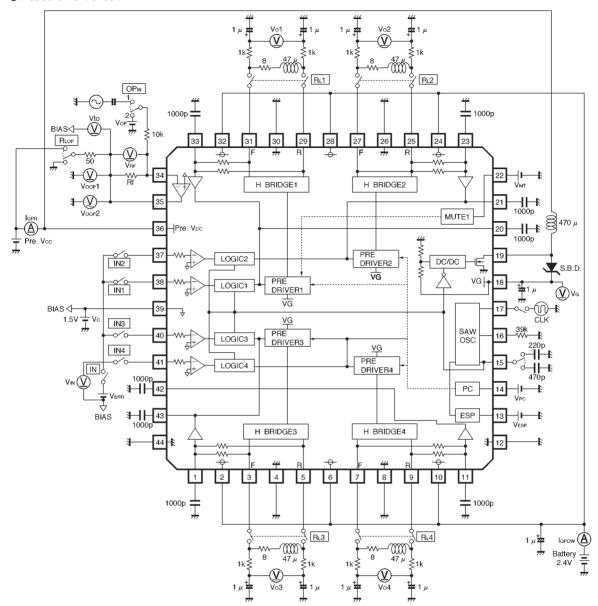


Fig. 1

Measurement circuit switch tables

| Parameter | VERR | IN | RL | Notes | Measurement point |
|-----------|-------|-----|-----|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| İst | OFF | OFF | OFF | Pre.Vcc=Vc=OPEN, Battery=2.4V | Iapow |
| lcc1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | | IQPR |
| Icc2 | ±0.5V | ON | OFF | Simultaneous 4-channel input | lapr |

⟨PWM driver⟩

| Parameter | VERR | IN | RL | Notes | Measurement point |
|-----------|--------------|-----|----|---|-------------------|
| Ron1~4 | ±1.5V | ON | ON | Ron= (Battery-Vo1~4) ×RL Vo1~4 | Vo1~4 |
| Voi | OFF | OFF | ON | | Vo1~4, VIN |
| Voo | 0V | ON | ON | | Vo1~4 |
| Gvc1~4 | ±0.1 ~0.2 | ON | ON | $G_V=20\log\left \frac{V_01\sim 4}{0.1}\right $ | Vin |
| Gvc | _ | _ | _ | Difference between Gvc+ and Gvc- | _ |

⟨DC/DC converter⟩

| Parameter | VERR | IN | RL | Notes | Measurement point |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|-------|-------------------|
| VG | OFF | OFF | OFF | | V _G |

⟨Triangular wave generator⟩

| Parameter | VERR | IN | RL | Notes | Measurement point |
|-----------|------|-----|-----|---|-------------------|
| fosc1 | OFF | OFF | OFF | No clock input, CT = 220 pF, verify triangular waveform | Pin 15 waveform |
| fcLK11 | OFF | OFF | OFF | Clock = 88 kHz, CT = 220 pF, verify clock synchronization of triangular wave | Pin 15 waveform |
| fCLK12 | OFF | OFF | OFF | Clock = 176 kHz, CT = 220 pF, verify clock synchronization of triangular wave | Pin 15 waveform |
| fosc2 | OFF | OFF | OFF | No clock input, CT = 470 pF, verify triangular waveform | Pin 15 waveform |
| fCLK21 | OFF | OFF | OFF | Clock = 44 kHz, CT = 470 pF, verify clock synchronization of triangular wave | Pin 15 waveform |
| fcLK22 | OFF | OFF | OFF | Clock = 88 kHz, CT = 470 pF, verify clock synchronization of triangular wave | Pin 15 waveform |

$\langle Control\ pin\ threshold \rangle$

| Parameter | VERR | IN | RL | Notes | Measurement point |
|-----------|-------|-----|-----|---|-------------------|
| Vмт | ±0.5V | ON | ON | Verify: No output from Vo1 at V _{MT} = 2.2 V | |
| VPC | ±0.5V | ON | ON | Verify: No output from Vo1 through Vo4 at VPc = 2.2 V | Vo1~4 |
| VESP | OFF | OFF | OFF | F Verify: VESP = 2.2 V, pin 15 waveform is double the clock frequency | |

(Operational amplifier)

| Parameter | VOP | OPIN | RLOP | Notes | Measurement point |
|-----------|-----|------|---------|---|-------------------|
| BIAS | OFF | 2 | OFF | Rf=1M Ω , IBIAS= $\left \frac{VRf}{1M\Omega} \right $ | VRF |
| VIOOP | OFF | 2 | OFF | Rf=0Ω | Vio |
| Vонор | 0V | 2 | OFF | Rf=30kΩ | Voop1 |
| VOLOP | 3V | 2 | OFF | Rf=30kΩ | Voop1 |
| Isou | OFF | 2 | GND | Rf=0 Ω , Isou= $\left \frac{V_{OOP}}{50\Omega}\right $ | Voop1 |
| Isin | OFF | 2 | Pre.Vcc | Rf=0 Ω , IsiN= $\frac{\text{Pre.Vcc-Voop}}{50\Omega}$ | V00P1 |
| Gvo | _ | 1 | OFF | Rf=OPEN, Gvo=20log $\left \frac{V_{OOP2}}{-75dBV} \right $ | VOOP2 |
| SR | _ | 1 | OFF | Rf = 30 k Ω , input pulse wave = 0.5 Vp-p | Pin 35 waveform |

Circuit operation

(1) PWM driver

This is an H bridge driver with four N-type FETs in the output stage. Output polarity and PWM duty vary in proportion to the input differential voltage between $V_{\rm C}$, and to the absolute value. The load is direct-PWM-driven by the square wave with this varying duty. This is a voltage feedback driver and so delivers a constant gain regardless of battery voltage variation.

(2) DC/DC convertor

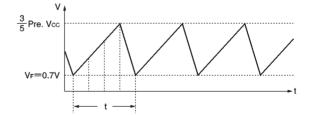
The DC/DC converter that generates the voltage needed to drive the FETs of the output-stage H bridge. Pre.Vcc is raised to 6.5V by attaching an inductance, Schottky barrier diode, and capacitor.

(3) Triangular wave generator

1) Free-running oscillation

The free-running oscillation frequency of the triangular waves can be set with an attached resistor (Rt, between pin 16 and the ground) and capacitor (Ct, between pin 15 and the ground). The triangular wave has an amplitude of $3/5 \times Pre.Vcc$ at the top and V_F (approximately 0.7V) at the bottom. The ratio between rise time and fall time is 3: 1. Free-running frequency (ft) is determined with the following equation:

$$ft = \frac{3}{4} \cdot \frac{1}{\text{Ct} \cdot \text{Rt} \left[1 - \frac{V_F}{\frac{3}{5} \text{ Pre.V}_{cc}} \right]}$$

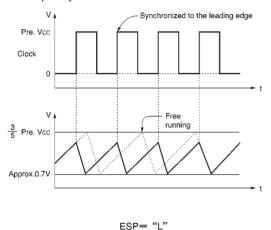


The triangular waveform during free-running oscillation

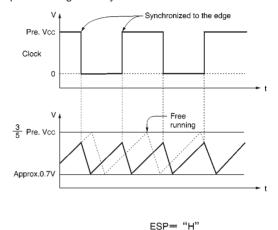
2) Clock synchronization

The triangular wave can be synchronized by inputting to the CLK pin (pin17) a pulse wave equal to 0—Pre.Vcc (Vp-p). The following precautions should be kept in mind:

• The amplitude of the triangular wave decreases as the clock frequency rises.



- The PWM driver is a voltage feedback driver, which should preclude any problems unless the setting is such that the triangular wave has an extremely small amplitude.
- As mentioned above, a capacitor and resistor are also required during clock synchronization.



Clock synchronous triangle waveform

3) Using the ESP pin

1. To operate the PWM driver at 176.4kHz

| Mode | Clock input frequency | ESP input voltage | Driver operating frequency |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Normal | 88.2kHz | 'H' | 176.4kHz |
| Double speed | 176.4kHz | 'L' | 176.4kHz |

2. To operate the PWM driver at 88.2kHz

| Mode | Clock input frequency | ESP input voltage | Driver operating frequency |
|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| Normal | 44.1kHz | 'H' | 88.2kHz |
| Double speed | 88.2kHz | 'L' | 88.2kHz |

Application example

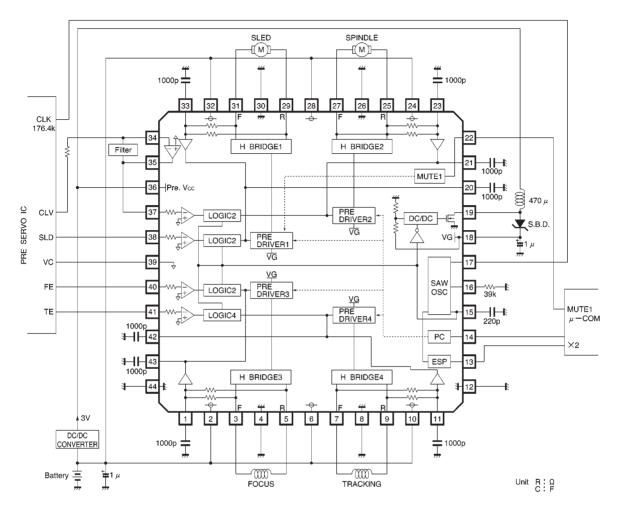


Fig. 2

Operation notes

Attach a bypass capacitor (roughly $1\mu F$) to the power supply, at the base of the IC.

Electrical characteristic curves

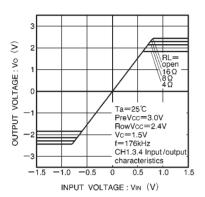


Fig. 3 Driver I / O characteristics (variable load)

Channels 1, 3, 4

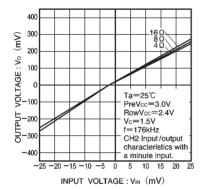


Fig. 6 Dead zone I / O characteristics Channel 2

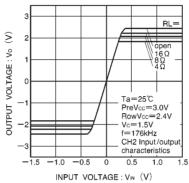


Fig. 4 Driver I / O characteristics (variable load)

Channel 2

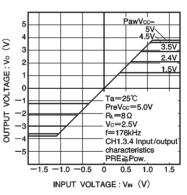


Fig. 7 Driver I / O characteristics (variable supply voltage)

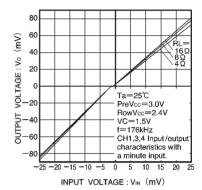


Fig. 5 Dead zone I / O characteristics

Channels 1, 3, 4

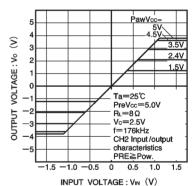


Fig. 8 Driver I / O characteristics (variable supply voltage)

●External dimensions (Units: mm)

