19-0889; Rev 1; 7/96

CMOS High Speed 8-Bit A/D Converter with Track/Hold Function

General Description

The ADC0820 is a high speed, microprocessor compatible, 8 bit analog-to-digital converter which uses a half-flash technique to achieve a conversion time of 1.4 μ s. The converter has a 0V to +5V analog input range and uses a single +5V supply.

A built-in track-and-hold function is included, eliminating the need for an external track-and-hold for input slew rates up to $100 \text{mV}/\mu s$.

The A/D easily interfaces with microprocessors by appearing as a memory location or I/O port without the need for external interfacing logic. Data outputs use latched, three-state buffer circuitry to allow direct connection to a microprocessor data bus or system I/O port. An over-flow output is also provided for cascading devices to achieve higher resolution.

Maxim's ADC0820 is pin-compatible with National Semiconductor's ADC0820 and provides improved specifications. It is packaged in 20-pin Small Outline, DIP and CERDIP packages.

_ Applications

Digital Signal Processing High Speed Data Acquisition Telecommunications High Speed Servo Loops Audio Systems

__ Functional Block Diagram



_____ Features

Ordering Information

- ♦ Fast Conversion Time: 1.4µs Max.
- Built-in Track-and-Hold Function
- No Missing Codes
- No User Adjustments Required
- Single +5V Supply
- No External Clock
- Easy Interface To Microprocessors

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	INL (LSB)	
ADC0820BCN	0° C to +70° C	20 Plastic DIP	±1/2	
ADC0820CCN	0° C to +70° C	20 Plastic DIP	±1	
ADC0820CC/D	0° C to +70° C	Dice*	±1	
ADC0820BCM	0° C to +70° C	20 SO	±1/2	
ADC0820CCM	0° C to +70° C	20 SO	± 1/2	
ADC0820BCJ	-40° C to +85° C	20 CERDIP	± 1/2	
ADC0820CCJ	-40° C to +85° C	20 CERDIP	±1	
ADC0820BJ	-55° C to +125° C	20 CERDIP**	± 1/2	
ADC0820CJ	-55° C to +125° C	20 CERDIP**	±1	

*Dice are specified at T_A = +25°C. **Contact factory

Fin Configuration



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CMOS High Speed 8-Bit A/D Converter with Track/Hold Function

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, VDD to GND .	0V, +10V
Voltage at any other pins	
(Pins 1-9, 11-19)	GND - 0.3V, V _{DD} +0.3V
Output current (Pin 19)	
Power Dissipation (Any Packa	ge) to +75°C 450mW
Derate Above +25°C by	6mW/°C

 Operating Temperature Ranges

 ADC0820BC_/CC_

 ADC0820BCJ/CCJ

 -40°C to +85°C

 ADC08020BJ/CJ

 -55°C to +125°C

 Storage Temperature Range

 -65°C to +160°C

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF}^+ = +5V, V_{REF}^- = GND, RD-MODE, T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIO	NS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNITS
ACCURACY			1. Sama				
Resolution				8			bits
Total Unadjusted Error (Note 1)		ADC0820B ADC0820C				±1/2 ±1	LSB
No Missing Codes Resolution				8			bits
REFERENCE INPUT							
Reference Resistance		$T_A = +25^{\circ}C$ $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX}		1.4 1.25	2.2	4.0 4.0	kΩ
VREF ⁺ Input Voltage Range				VREF"		V _{DD} + 0.1	v
VREF ⁻ Input Voltage Range				GND - 0.1		VREF+	v
ANALOG INPUT							
Analog Input Voltage Range	VINB			GND - 0.1		V _{DD} - 0.1	v
Analog Input Capacitance	C _{VIN}				45		pF
Analog Input Current	IVIN	V _{IN} = 0V to +5V	T _A = +25°C. T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}			±0.3 ±3	μA
Slew Rate, Tracking (Note 2)	SR				0.2	0.1	V/µs
LOGIC INPUTS							
Input HIGH Voltage	VINH	CS, WR, RD MODE		2.0 3.5			v
Input LOW Voltage	VINL	CS, WR, RD MODE				0.8 1.5	v
Input High Current		US, RD,	T _A = +25°C T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}			0.1 1	
	IINH	WR;	T _A = +25°C T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}			0.3 3	μΑ
			T _A = +25°C T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}		50	150 200	
Input Low Current	IINL	CS, RD, WR, MODE	T _A = 25°C T _{MIN} to T _{MAX}			-0.3 -1	μA
Input Capacitance (Note 3)	CIN	CS, RD, WR, MODE			5	8	pF
LOGIC OUTPUTS							_
Output HIGH Voltage	V _{OH}		ουτ = -360μA ουτ = -10μA	4.0 4.5			v
Output LOW Voltage	VOL	DB0-DB7, OFL, INT, R	A			0.4	v
Three-state Output Current			A = +25°C MIN to TMAX	-0.3 -3		+0.3 +3	μA
Output Capacitance (Note 3)	COUT	DB0-DB7, OFL, INT, R	DY		5	- 8	pF
Output Source Current	ISRC	DB0-DB7, OFL, INT; V	о = то		-25	-10	mA
Output Sink Current	ISINK	DB0-DB7, OFL, INT, R		1	40	15	mA

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2

CMOS High Speed A/D Converter with Track/Hold Function

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF}⁺ = +5V, V_{REF}⁻ = GND, RD-MODE, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	YMBOL CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX.	UNITS
POWER SUPPLY						
Supply Voltage	V _{DD}	±5% for Specified Performance		5		v
Supply Current	IDD	$\overline{CS} = \overline{WR} = \overline{RD} = 0 \qquad \begin{array}{c} T_A = +25^{\circ}C \\ T_{MIN} \text{ to } T_{MAX} \end{array}$		5	10 15	mA
Power Dissipation		CS=WR = RD=0		25		mW
Power Supply Sensitivity	PSS	V _{DD} = ±5%		±1/16	±1/4	LSB

ADC0820

TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{DD} = +5V, V_{REF}⁺ = +5V, V_{REF}⁻ = GND, T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise specified. See Note 2, 4.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	T _A = +25°C			ADC0820BCX ADC0820CCX		ADC0820BJ ADC0820CJ		UNITS
			MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	1
CS to RD, WR Setup Time	tcss		0			0		0		ns
CS to RD, WR Hold Time	^t сsн		0			0		0		ns
CS to RDY Delay	^t RDY	C _L = 50pF, R = 3kΩ		35	70		90		100	ns
Conversion Time (RD Mode)	t _{CRD}	(Note 7)		1.2	1.6		2.0		2.5	μs
Data Access Time (RD Mode) (See Figure 1)	tACCO	(Note 5)		t _{CRD} + 10	^t сяр + 35		t _{CRD} + 50		t _{CRD} + 70	ns
RD to INT Delay (RD Mode)	t _{INTH}	C _L = 50pF		60	125		175		225	ns
Data Hold Time	t _{DH}	(Note 6)		40	90		120		150	ns
Delay Time Between Conversions	te		500			600		600		ns
Write Pulse Width	twe		600		50,000	600	50,000	600	50,000	ns
Conversion Time (WR-RD Mode)	t _{own-rd}		1.4			1.56		1.62		μs
Delay between WR and RD Pulses	teo		600			700		700		ns
Data Access Time (WR-RD Mode) (See Figure 3)	t _{ACC1}	tad < tintl		110	220		280		350	ns
RD to INT Delay	t _{RI}			100	200		260		320	ns
WR to INT Delay	tintl.			600	1000		1400		1700	ns
Data Access Time (WR-RD Mode) (See Figure 2)	tACC2	: :t _{AD} > t _{INTL} , (Note 6)		٥Ů~~	100		130		150	nş
WR to INT Delay (Stand-Alone)	t _{iHWR}	C _L = 50pF		70	100		130		150	ns
Data Access Time After INT	tip			10	50		65		75	ns

Note 1: Total unadjusted error includes offset, full-scale and linearity errors. Note 2: Sample tested at +25°C by Quality Assurance to ensure compliance.

Note 3: Guaranteed by design. Note 4: All input control signals are specified with $t_R = t_F = 20$ ns (10% to 90% of +5V) and timed from a voltage level of 1.6V. Note 5: Defined as the time required for an output to cross 0.8V or 2.4 V.

Note 6: Defined as the time required for the data lines to change 0.5V.

Note 7: For faster conversions use WR-RD Mode.

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3

CMOS High Speed A/D Converter with Track/Hold Function

PIN

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DB7

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	VIN	Analog input; range = GND < V _{IN} < V _{DD} .
2	DB0	Three-state data output, bit 0 (LSB).
3	DB1	Three-state data output, bit 1.
4	DB2	Three-state data output, bit 2.
5	DB3	Three-state data output, bit 3.
6	WR/RDY	WRITE control input/READY status output. See Digital Interface section.
7	MODE	Mode selection input. This input is internally pulled low with a 50µA current source. RD Mode: MODE low/open. WR-RD Mode: MODE high.
8	RD	READ input. RD must be low to access data. See Digital Interface section.
9	INT	INTERRUPT output. INT going low indicates the completion of a conversion. See Digital Interface section.
10	GND	Ground.

Digital Interface

RD Mode (Pin 7 Low)

A conversion is started by taking RD low and keeping it low until output data appears (Figure 1). Pin 6 (WR/RDY) is configured as a status output (RDY) in this mode, and is used with microprocessors which can be forced into a WAIT state. The processor starts a conversion, waits, and then reads data with a single READ instruction. RDY, an open collector output, goes low after the falling edge of CS and <u>ages</u> high impedance at the end of the conversion. INT goes low at the end of the conversion and returns high on the rising edge of CS or RD.

WR-RD Mode (Pin 7 High)

In the WR-RD mode, pin 6 (\overline{WR}/RDY) is the WRITE input for the converter. With \overline{CS} low, a conversion starts on the falling edge of WR. There are several options for reading data:

Using the Internal Delay

The processor waits for INT to go low before reading data (Figure 2). INT typically goes low 600ns after the rising edge of WR, indicating that the conver-sion is complete. With CS low, DB0-DB7 are read by pulling RD low. INT is then reset on the rising edge of CS or RD.

Reading Before Delay

The conversion time is externally controlled with RD (Figure 3). The status of INT is ignored and RD is taken low as soon as 600ns after the rising edge of

NAME FUNCTION Lower limit of reference span. Sets the zero VREF code voltage. Range: GND to VREF Upper limit of reference span. Sets the Full V_{REF}¹ Scale input voltage. Range: VREFT to VDD. CS CHIP-SELECT input. CS must be low for the device to recognize WR or RD inputs DB4 Three-state data output, bit 4 DB5 Three-state data output, bit 5. DB6 Three-state data output, bit 6.

Three-state data output, bit 7 (MSB)

18	OFL	Overflow Output. If the analog input is greater than V_{REF}^+ , \overline{OFL} will be high at the end of the conversion. It can be used to cascade two or more devices to increase resolution.
19	N.C.	Test Pin. Do not connect.
20	VDD	Power supply voltage, +5V.

WR. This completes the conversion and enables DB0-DB7. INT goes low after the <u>falling edge</u> of RD and is reset on the rising edge of RD or CS.

Pipelined Operation

Pin Description

"Pipelined" operation is achieved by tying WR and RD together (Figure 4). With CS low, taking WR and RD low starts a new conversion and, at the same time, reads the result of the previous conversion.

Stand-Alone Operation

In stand-alone operation, \overline{CS} and \overline{RD} are <u>tied</u> low and a conversion is initiated by pulling WR low (Figure 5). Output data is valid approximately 600ns after the rising edge of WR.

Analog Considerations

Reference Input

The VREF(+) and VREF(-) inputs of the converter set the full-scale and zero input voltages. The voltage at VREF(-) defines the input level which produces an output code of all zeroes, and the voltage at VREF(+) defines the input which produces an output code of all ones (see Figure 6). Figure 7 shows some reference configurations.

Bypassing

A 47μ F electrolytic and 0.1μ F ceramic capacitor should be used to bypass the V_{DD} pin to GND. The lead length of these capacitors should be as short as possible. If the reference inputs (pins 11, 12) are driven by long lines, they also should be bypassed to GND with 0.1 µF capacitors at the reference input pins.





Figure 1. RD Mode Timing



Figure 2. WR-RD Mode Timing (t_{RD}> t_{INTL)}











WALID DATA

Figure 4. WR-RD Mode Pipe-Lined Timing, WR = RD









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ADC0820



with Track/Hold Function

CMOS High Speed A/D Converter

Figure 7a. Power Supply as Reference

Input Current

The ADC0820 analog input behaves somewhat differently from conventional A/D converters. The ADC0820 takes varying amounts of current from the input depending on the operating cycle of the A/D.

During the input sampling phase ($\overline{\text{WR}}$ = LOW in the (WR-RD Mode) input capacitors must be charged to the input voltage through the resistance of internal analog switches (about $2k\Omega$ to $5k\Omega$). In addition, about 12pF of stray capacitance (C_S) must be charged. An equivalent RC model of the input is shown in Figure 8. The 45pF input capacitance allows source resistances (R_S) of up to $1k\Omega$ to be used without increased settling time. For larger resistances, the width of the WR pulse must be increased from 600ns. In the RD mode, where the sample time is fixed, R_S greater than $1k\Omega$ may cause settling errors. In this case, use the WR-RD mode and greater than 600ns RD time, or use a buffer to drive the analog input.

Input Flitering

The ADC0820's sampled data comparators generate input transients at V_{IN} . This does not degrade performance since the A/D only "looks" at the input after these transients occur. It is not necessary to filter these transients with an external capacitor at the V_{IN} terminal.

Inherent Track-and-Hold

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The ADC0820 can measure a variety of high speed input signals without the help of an external sampleand-hold. The input is tracked from the time WR goes low (in the WR-RD mode) to approximately 100ns after it returns high. Input signals with slew rates typically up to 200 mV/ μ s can be converted without error.



Figure 7b. External Reference 2.5V Full Scale









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