

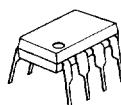


## SINGLE GENERAL PURPOSE OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER

### ■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM741 is a high performance Monolithic Operational Amplifier constructed using the New JRC Planar epitaxial process. It is intended for a wide range of analog applications. High common mode voltage range and absence of latch-up tendencies make the NJM741 ideal for use as a voltage follower. The high gain and wide range of operating voltage provides superior performance in integrator, summing amplifier, and general feedback applications.

### ■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM741D



NJM741M

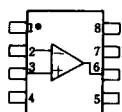


NJM741V

### ■ FEATURES

- Operating Voltage (+3V ~ +18V)
- Single Supply
- With V<sub>O</sub> Trim Terminal
- Package Outline DIP8, DMP8, (SSOP8)
- Bipolar Technology

### ■ PIN CONFIGURATION

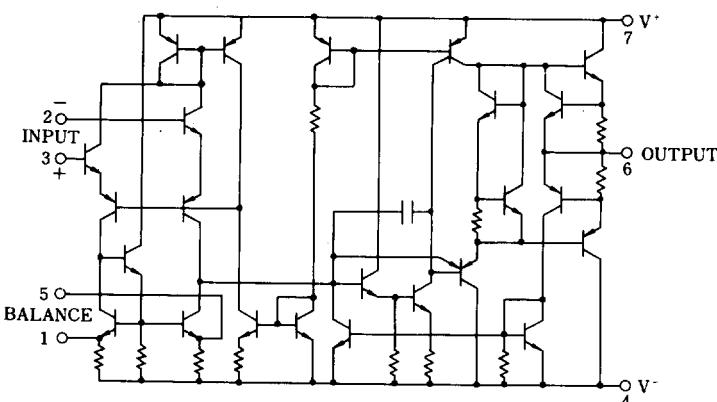

**NJM741D  
NJM741M  
NJM741V**

#### PIN FUNCTION

1. V<sub>OS</sub> Trim
2. - Input
3. + Input
4. V<sup>-</sup>
5. V<sub>OS</sub> Trim
6. Output
7. V<sup>+</sup>
8. NC

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### ■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT





## ■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V <sup>+</sup> /V <sup>-</sup>	±18	V
Input Voltage	V <sub>I</sub>	±15 (note)	V
Differential Input Voltage	V <sub>ID</sub>	±30	V
	P <sub>D</sub>	(DIP8) 500 (DMP8) 300 (SSOP8) 300	mW
Power Dissipation			mW
			mW
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>opr</sub>	-20~+75	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40~+125	°C

(note) For supply voltage less than ±15V, the absolute maximum input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

## ■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

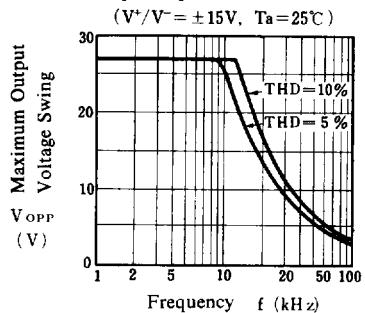
(Ta=25°C, V<sup>+</sup>/V<sup>-</sup>=±15V)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	V <sub>IO</sub>	R <sub>S</sub> ≤10kΩ	—	2.0	6.0	mV
Input Offset Current	I <sub>IO</sub>		—	5	200	nA
Input Bias Current	I <sub>IB</sub>		—	30	500	nA
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>		0.3	2.0	—	MΩ
Large-signal Voltage Gain	A <sub>V</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> ≥2kΩ, V <sub>O</sub> =±10V	86	110	—	dB
Maximum Output Voltage Swing I	V <sub>OM1</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> ≥10kΩ	±12	±14	—	V
Maximum Output Voltage Swing II	V <sub>OM2</sub>	R <sub>L</sub> ≥2kΩ	±10	±13	—	V
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V <sub>ICM</sub>		±12	±13	—	V
Voltage Rejection Ratio	CMR	R <sub>S</sub> ≤10kΩ	70	100	—	dB
Supply Voltage Rejection Ratio	SVR	R <sub>S</sub> ≤10kΩ	76.5	100	—	dB
Operating Current	I <sub>CC</sub>		—	1.7	2.8	mA
Slew Rate	SR	R <sub>L</sub> ≥2kΩ	—	0.5	—	V/μs
Transient Response (Unity Gain) (Rise Time)	t <sub>r</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =20mV, R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF	—	0.3	—	μs
Transient Response (Unity Gain) (Overshoot)	t <sub>o</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> =20mV, R <sub>L</sub> =2kΩ, C <sub>L</sub> =100pF	—	5.0	—	%

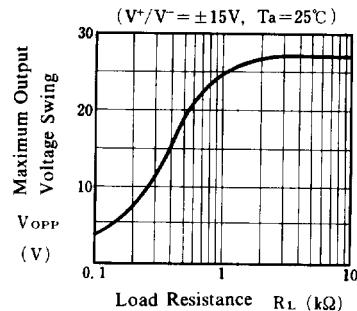


## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

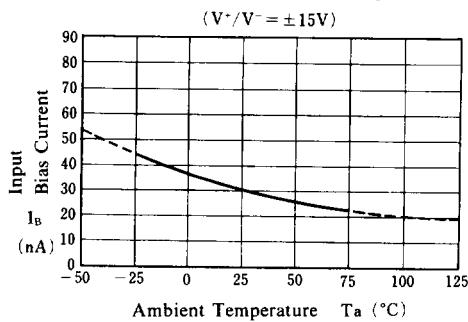
**Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Frequency**



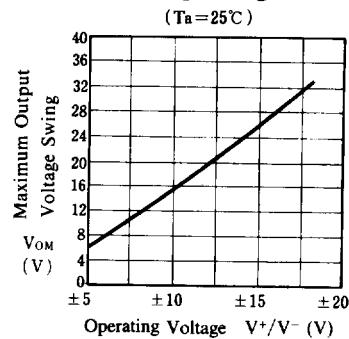
**Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Load Resistance**



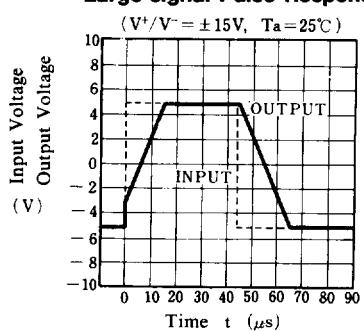
**Input Bias Current vs. Temperature**



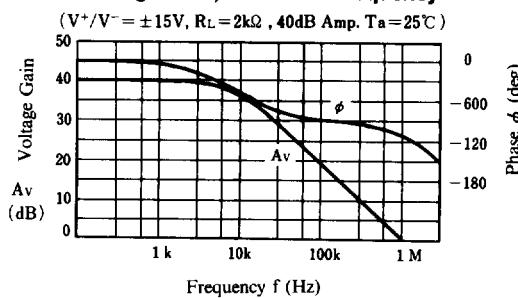
**Maximum Output Voltage Swing vs. Operating Voltage**



**Voltage-follower  
Large-signal Pulse Response**



**Voltage Gain, Phase vs. Frequency**

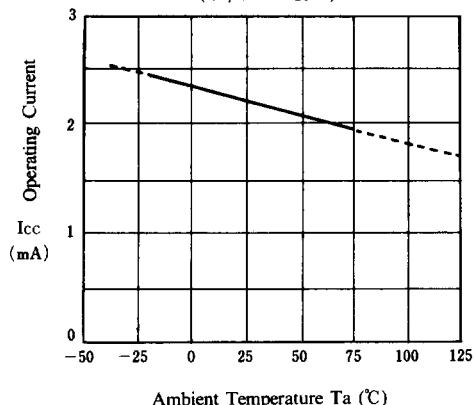




## ■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

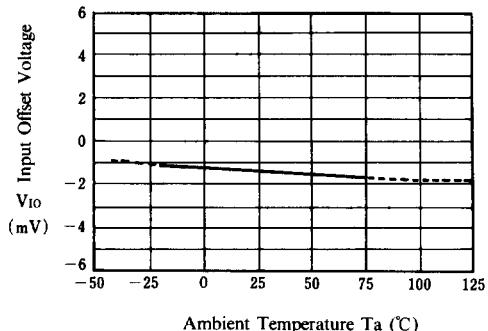
**Operating Current vs. Temperature**

( $V^+/V^- = \pm 15\text{ V}$ )



**Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature**

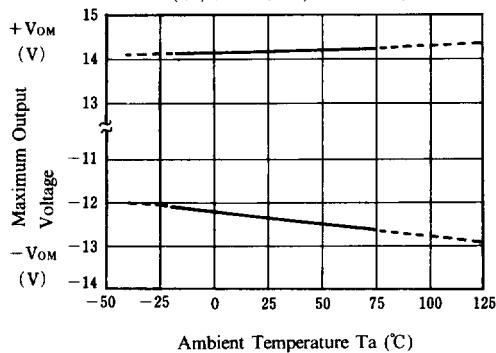
( $V^+/V^- = \pm 15\text{ V}$ )



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**Maximum Output Voltage vs. Temperature**

( $V^+/V^- = \pm 15\text{ V}$ ,  $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$ )



## ■ OFFSET ADJUSTMENT CIRCUIT

