

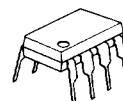


PRECISION VOLTAGE COMPARATOR

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM311 is a voltage comparator that has low input currents. It is also designed to operate covering a wider range of supply voltages from Standard $\pm 15V$ op amp supplies down to the single $5V$ supply used for IC logic. Its output is compatible with RTL, DTL and TTL as well as MOS circuits. Further more, it can drive lamps or relays, switching voltages up to $40V$ at currents as high as $50mA$. Offset balancing is provided, and the outputs can be OR wired.

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM311D

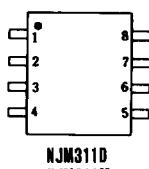


NJM311M

■ FEATURES

- Operating Voltage ($+5V \sim +36V$)
- Single Supply Operation
- Single Circuit
- With V_{IO} Trim Terminal
- Response Time (200ns typ.)
- Package Outline DIP8, DMP8
- Bipolar Technology

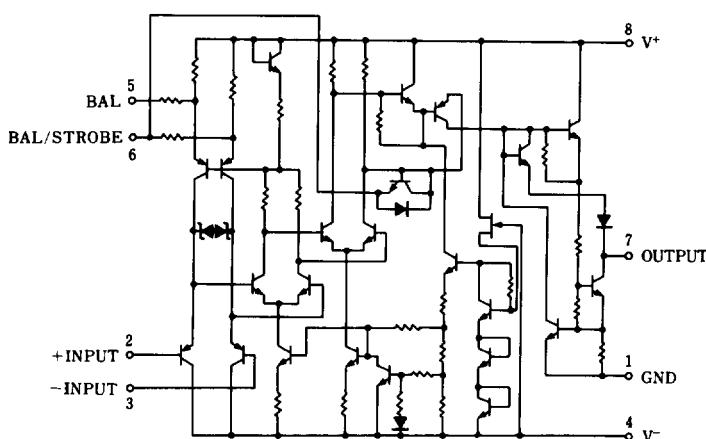
■ PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN FUNCTION

1. GND
2. +INPUT
3. -INPUT
4. V-
5. BAL
6. BAL/STROBE
7. OUTPUT
8. V+

■ EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT





■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT
Supply Voltage	V ⁺ /V ⁻	36(±18)	V
Output to Negative Supply Voltage	V ₇₋₄	40	V
Ground to Negative Supply Voltage	V ₁₋₄	30	V
Differential Input Voltage	V _{ID}	±30	V
Input Voltage	V _{IN}	±15 (note 1)	V
	P _D	(DIP8) 500 (DMP8) 300	mW mW
Operating Temperature Range	T _{opr}	-20 ~ +75	°C
Storage Temperature Range	T _{stg}	-40 ~ +125	°C

(note) For supply voltage less than ±15V, the absolute input voltage is equal to the supply voltage.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

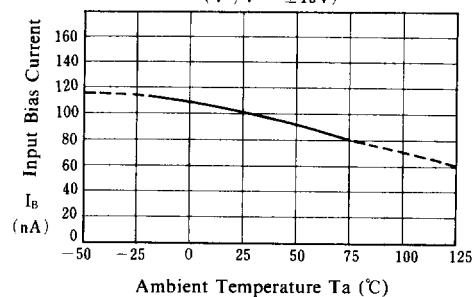
(V⁺/V⁻=±15V, Ta=25°C)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Input Offset Voltage	V _{IO}	R _S ≤50kΩ	—	2.0	7.5	mV
Input Offset Current	I _{IO}		—	6.0	50	nA
Input Bias Current	I _B		—	100	250	nA
Voltage Gain	A _V		—	106	—	dB
Response Time	t _R		—	200	—	ns
Saturation Voltage	V _{SAT}	V _{IN} ≤-10mV, I _O =50mA	—	0.75	1.5	V
Strobe ON Current	I _{STR}		—	3.0	—	mA
Output Leakage Current	I _{LEAK}	V _{IN} ≥10mV, V _O =35V	—	0.2	50	nA
Input Common Mode Voltage Range	V _{ICM}		—	±14	—	V
Positive Quiescent Current	I ⁺		—	5.1	7.5	mA
Negative Quiescent Current	I ⁻		—	4.1	5.0	mA

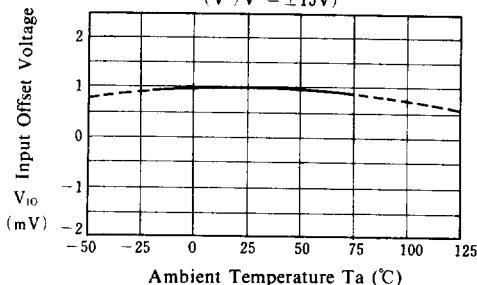


■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

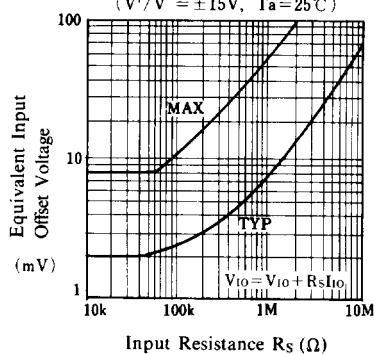
Input Bias Current vs. Temperature
($V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$)



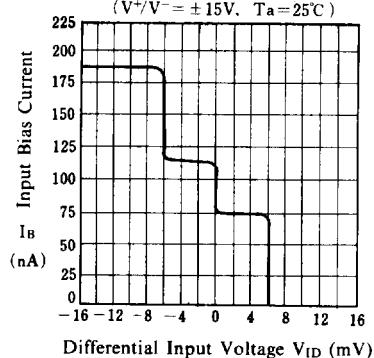
Input Offset Voltage vs. Temperature
($V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$)



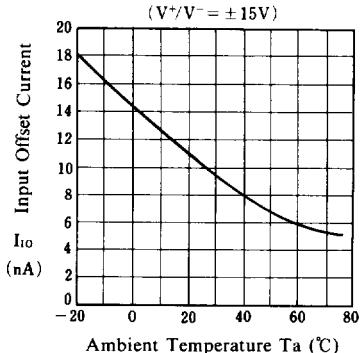
**Offset Voltage
vs. Input Resistance**
($V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$)



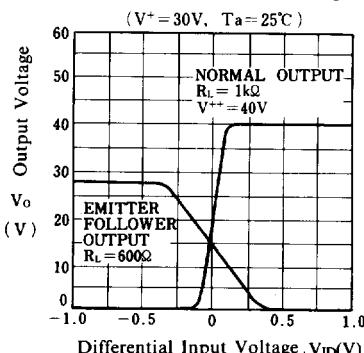
**Input Bias Current
vs. Differential Input Voltage**
($V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$)



**Input Offset Current
vs. Temperature**
($V^+/V^- = \pm 15V$)



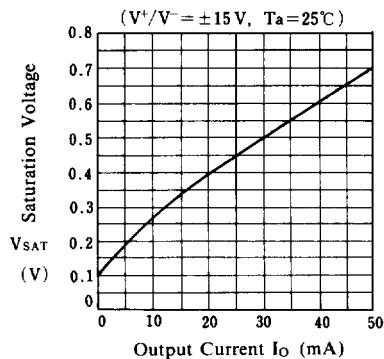
**Output Voltage
vs. Differential Input Voltage**
($V^+ = 30V$, $T_a = 25^{\circ}C$)



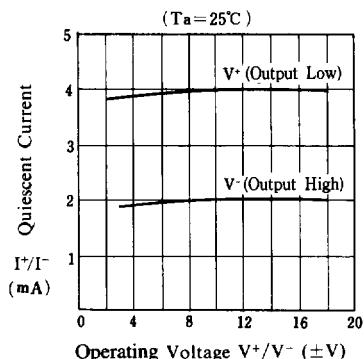


■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

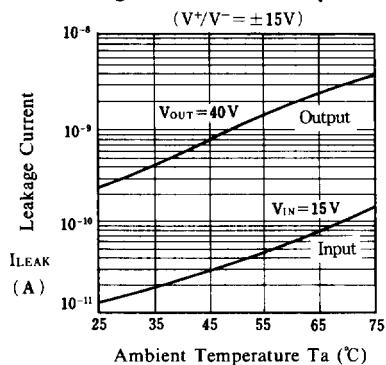
Saturation Voltage vs. Output Current



Quiescent Current vs. Operating Voltage



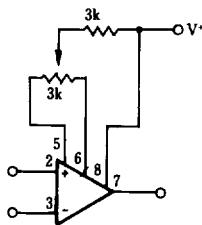
leakage Current vs. Temperature



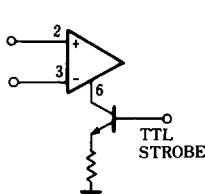


■ TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

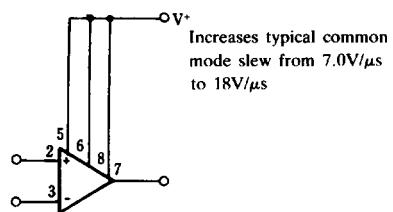
Offset Null Circuit



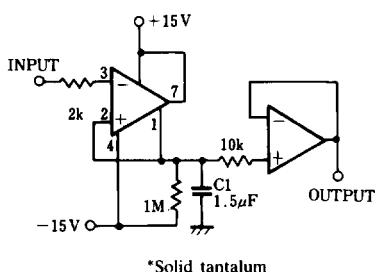
Strobing



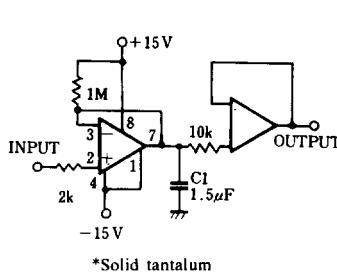
Increasing Input Stage Current



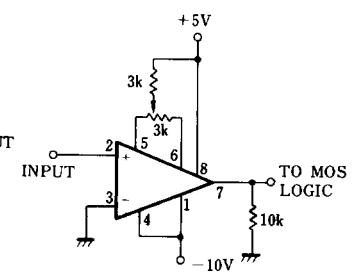
Positive Peak Detector



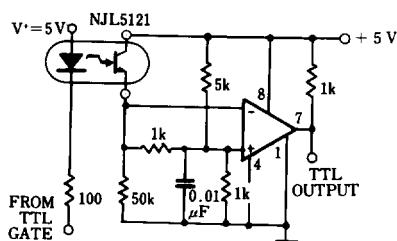
Negative Peak Detector



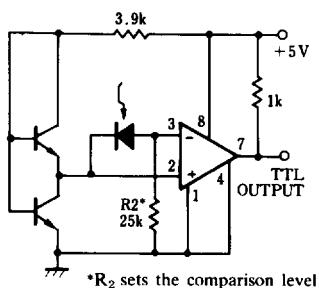
Zero Crossing Detector driving MOS Logic



Digital Transmission Isolator



Precision Photodiode Comparator



Relay Driver with Strobe

