

SERVO MOTOR CONTROLLER

■ GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The NJM2611 is an integrated circuit to be applied on servo motor of radio controlled operation. Wide range of operating voltage, and the NJM2611 has the feature of internal circuit of maintaining constant voltage which helps stabilizing from fluctuation caused by voltage source and the ambient temperature.

■ FEATURES

- Wide Operating Voltage
- Setting up the dead band by the internal constant
- Internal Output NPN Power Transistor
- Internal Constant Voltahe Circuit
- Package Outline

DIP16

Bipolar Technology

■ BLOCK DIAGRAM

■ PACKAGE OUTLINE



NJM 2611

16 15 14 13 12 11 10 9
Comparator Output Driver
Linear One Shot Directional Logic Schmitt Trigger Pulse Stretcher
NJM2611D



■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

 $(V^+=6V, Ta=25^{\circ}C)$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	RATINGS	UNIT	
Supply Voltage	V ⁺	10.0	. V	
Power Dissipation	P _D	700	mW	
Output Sink Current	Isink	600(note)	mA	
Operating Temperature Range	Topr	-20~+75	r	
Storage Temperature Range	Tstg	-40~+125	r	

(note) Due to the pulse driving, the peak current must be maintained within the range of the maximum ratings.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V⁺=6V, Ta=25℃)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Operating Voltage	V ⁺		2.5	_	7.5	v
Operating Current	Icc		_	7.5	10.0	mA
Minimum Input Pulse Voltage Range	V_{IN}	At the balanced output	1.85		_	v
Regulator Voltage	V_{reg}		2.0	2.15	2.3	v
Line Regulation	V_{lin}	$V^{+}=2.5\sim8.5V$	_	_	30	m V
Output Saturation Voltage	Vsat	Load 12Ω	_	_	0.5	v
Dead Band	TDB		-	4.0	-	μs

■ PIN DISCRIPTION

PIN NO.	PIN FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	INSIDE EQUIVAALEUT CIRCUIT
1	Vin	Input the positive pulse of more than 1.85V.	28 kΩ GND 1
2	RREF	Constant output voltoge of 1.25V (typical). Through the resistor which is connected to this pin, and setting up the constant current to make the saw tooth sweep at pin 14. Connect the capacitor of approximately 1000 pF with the resistor on parallel.	2.15 V 400 Ω 2 6.4 kΩ



PIN NO.	PIN FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	INSIDE EQUIVAALEUT CIRCUIT
3	Vreg	Connect the resistors along to the motor inter- locking potentiometer pulse stretcher. Connect the capacitor of more than $0.1\mu F$.	7.5kΩ 3 7.5kΩ 3 7.5kΩ
4	PS1	Connect the resistor between Vref. The pulse gain can be decided by this resistor and the capacitor connected to pin 5.	2.15 V 1.5 kΩ 1.4 kΩ 150Ω 4
5	PS2	Connect the capacitor between GND. The pulse gain can be decided by this condensor and the resistor connected to pin 4.	2.15 V 5 5 GND 1

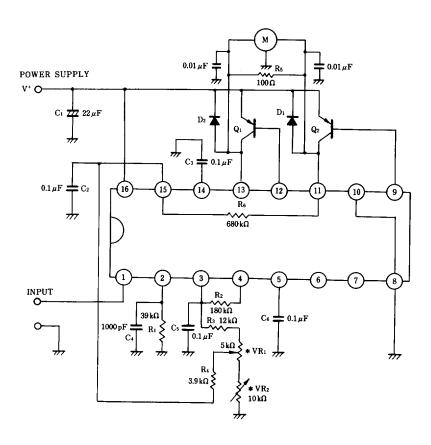
PIN NO.	PIN FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	INSIDE EQUIVAALEUT CIRCUIT
6	PSV	Nomally, this pin is used on the open state of operation. Especially, when it is reguired to make the adjustment of the dead band, connect the resistor between GND and then the dead band can be made it's expansion. (Refere to, dead band pin 6 voltage vs. pin 6 sink current characteristic)	2.15 V 1.9 kΩ 6 1.7 kΩ 3 kΩ GND 1
7	NC	No connect	
8	GND1	System GND.	
9	PNP1	Connect the external PNP transistor (Q ₂) base.	1.1 kΩ 9 13 130Ω SND 1 10
10	GND2	Power GND Large pulse current is running, therefore, connect the line by separating from the sytem GND.	



PIN NO.	PIN FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	INSIDE EQUIVAALEUT CIRCUIT
11	OUT1	Connect the collector of the external PNP transistor, the base of which is connected to pin 9. Connect the motor between pin 13.	130Ω 1.1 kΩ 1.1 kΩ 10
12	PNP2	Connect the external PNP transistor (Q ₁) base.	1.1 kΩ 12 (11) 130 Ω GND 1
13	OUT2	Connect the collector of the external PNP transistor, the base of which is connected to pin 12. Connect the motor between pin 11.	9 13 1.1 kΩ 9 13 GND 1

PIN NO.	PIN FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION	INSIDE EQUIVAALEUT CIRCUIT
14	СР	Connect the sawtooth wave generating capacitor. The motor's position shall be decided at the peak point of sawtooth wave, so that it is advisabled to select the higher precision capacitor as well as the resistor connected to pin 2.	7.4 kΩ \$ 360 Ω \$ GND 1
15	COMP	The center part of potentiometer of motor motion is to be connected. The capacitor of about 0.1μ F is to be connected between GND for preventing noise. The center location can be adjusted by putting the resistor in series with the potentiometer.	V ⁺ 7.4 kΩ 360 Ω 15
16	V+	Power Supply	

■ TYPICAL APPLICATION



Notes

- (1) VR1: Potentiometer coupled mechanically to the servo motor
- (2) VR₂: Adjusting the motor center location
- (3) Hunching prevention

 $0.01\,\mu\mathrm{F}$ Capacitor between pin 11 and GND

 $0.01\,\mu F$ Capacitor between pin 13 and GND

Diode between pin 11 and power supply

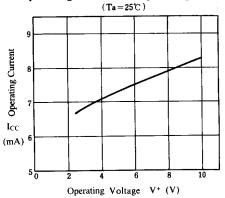
Diode between pin 13 and power supply

100Ω Resistor between pin 11 and pin 13 680kΩ Resistor between pin 11 and GND

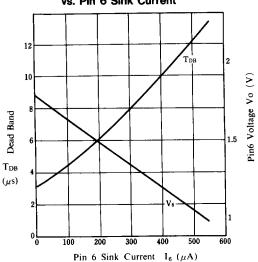
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■ TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

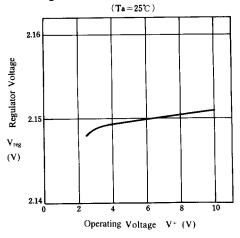
Operating Current vs. Operating Voltage



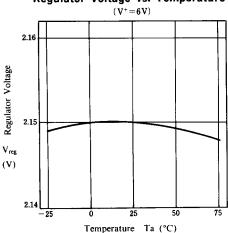
Dead Band Pin 6 Voltage vs. Pin 6 Sink Current



Regulator Voltage vs. Operating Voltage



Regulator Voltage vs. Temperature



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