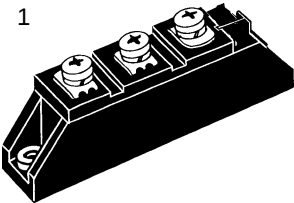
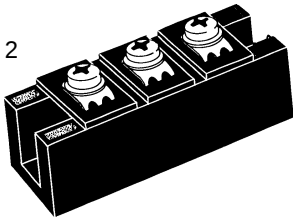
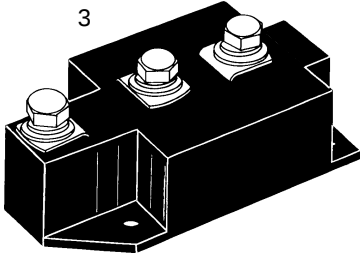
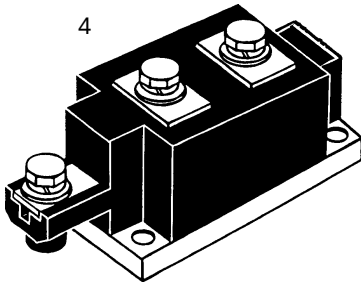
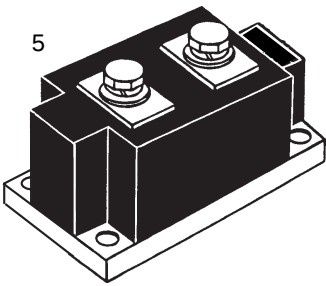


Contents

Package style		I_{FAVM} A	V_{RRM}/V_{DRM} (V)							Type	Page
			800	1200	1400	1600	1800	2000	2200		
			Diode Modules								
	1	113	●		●	●				MDA 72	D8 - 11
	1	36	●	●	●	●	●			MDD 26	D8 - 2
		64	●	●	●	●	●			MDD 44	D8 - 5
		95	●	●	●	●	●			MDD 56	D8 - 8
		113	●	●	●	●	●			MDD 72	D8 - 11
		120	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	MDD 95	D8 - 14
	2	165	●	●	●	●	●			MDD 142	D8 - 17
		190	●	●	●	●	●			MDD 172	D8 - 20
	3	270	●	●	●	●				MDD 220	D8 - 23
	3	290	●	●	●	●				MDD 250	D8 - 26
	4	270		●	●	●	●	●	●	MDD 255	D8 - 29
	3	305	●	●	●	●				MDD 310	D8 - 32
	4	310		●	●	●	●	●	●	MDD 312	D8 - 35
	5	560	●	●	●	●	●	●	●	MDO 500	D8 - 38
			●	●	●	●	●	●			
	4										
	5										

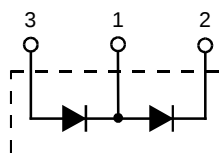
Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 60 \text{ A}$$

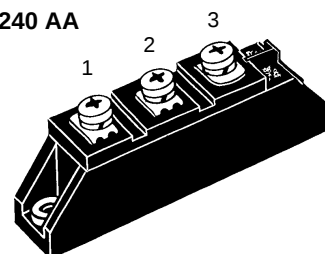
$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 36 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}1800 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
900	800	MDD 26-08N1 B
1300	1200	MDD 26-12N1 B
1500	1400	MDD 26-14N1 B
1700	1600	MDD 26-16N1 B
1900	1800	MDD 26-18N1 B



TO-240 AA



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	60 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	36 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 650 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 760 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 580 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 630 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 2100 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 2400 A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 1700 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 1900 A ² s
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5)	2.5-4/22-35 Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M5)	2.5-4/22-35 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	90 g

Features

- International standard package JEDEC TO-240 AA
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

Applications

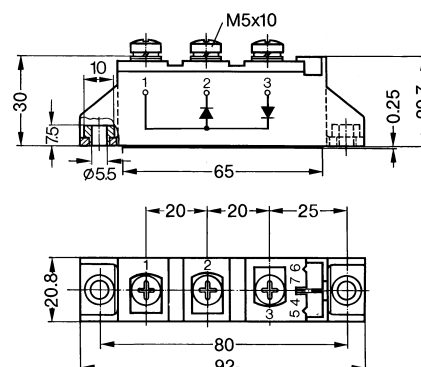
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_R	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	10 mA
V_F	$I_F = 80 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.38 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	6.1 mΩ
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 25 \text{ A}, -di/dt = 0.6 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	50 μC
I_{RM}		6 A
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	1.0 K/W
R_{thJK}	per module	0.5 K/W
	per diode; DC current	1.2 K/W
	per module	0.6 K/W
	other values see Fig. 6/7	
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

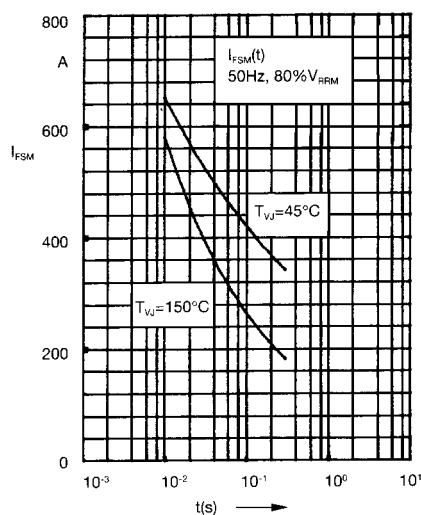


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

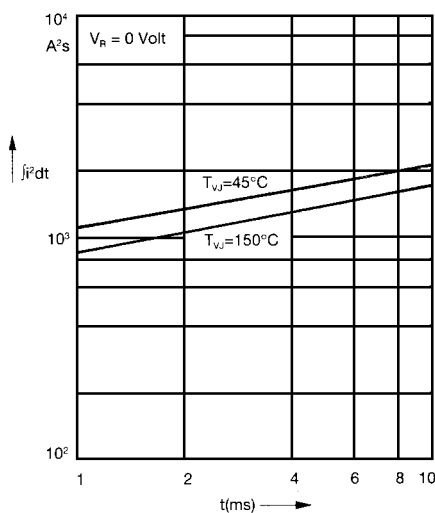


Fig. 2 $\int i^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

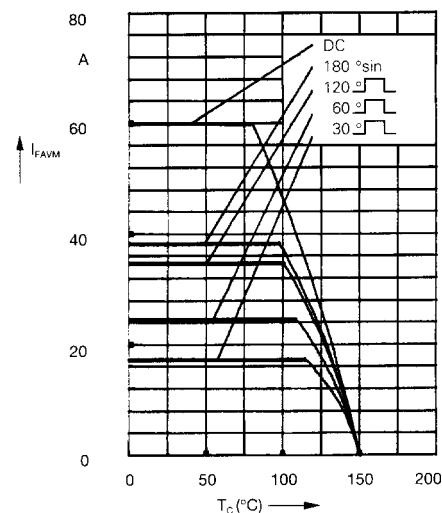


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current at case temperature

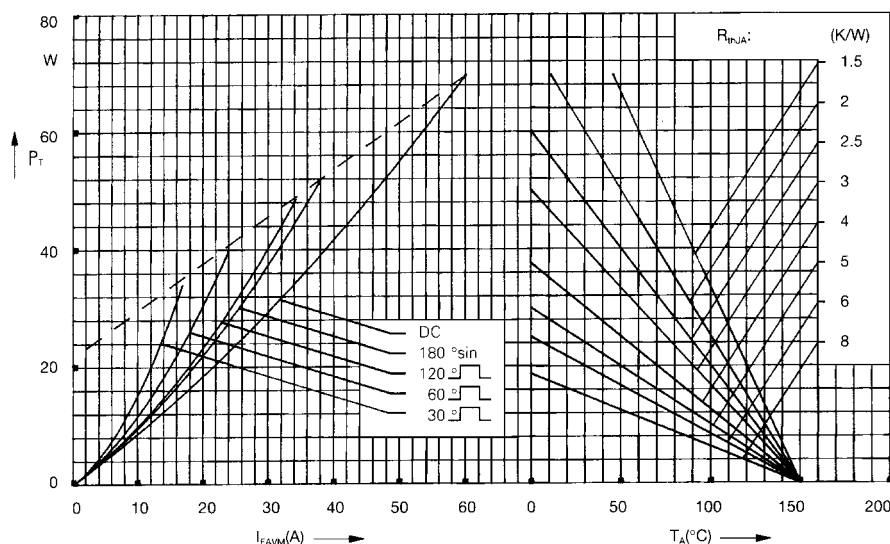


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)

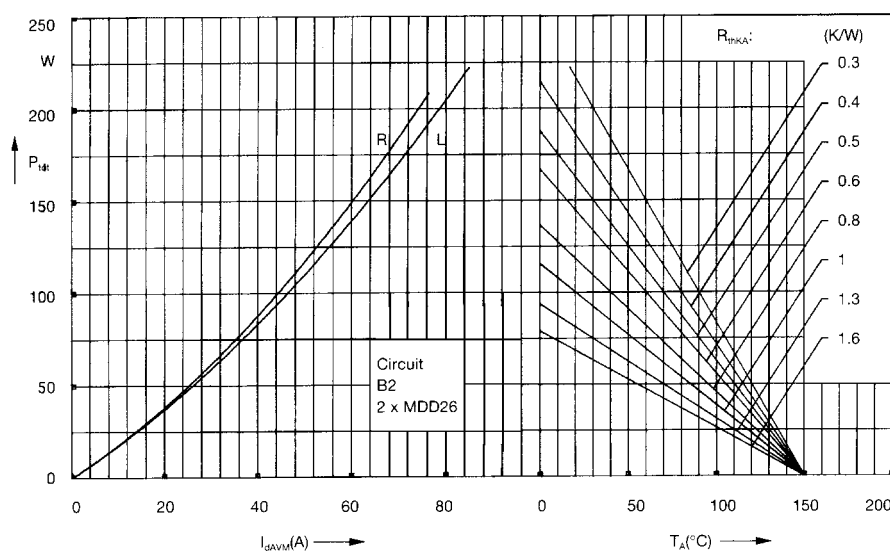


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

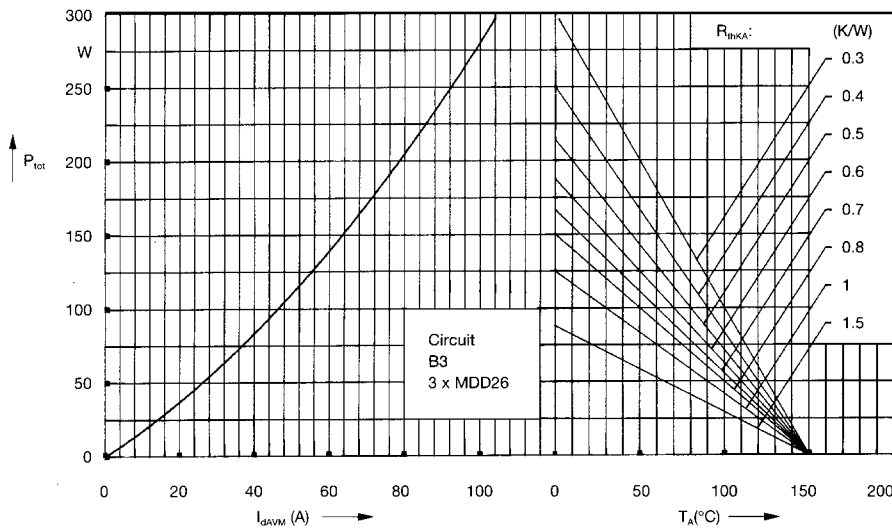


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge: Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature

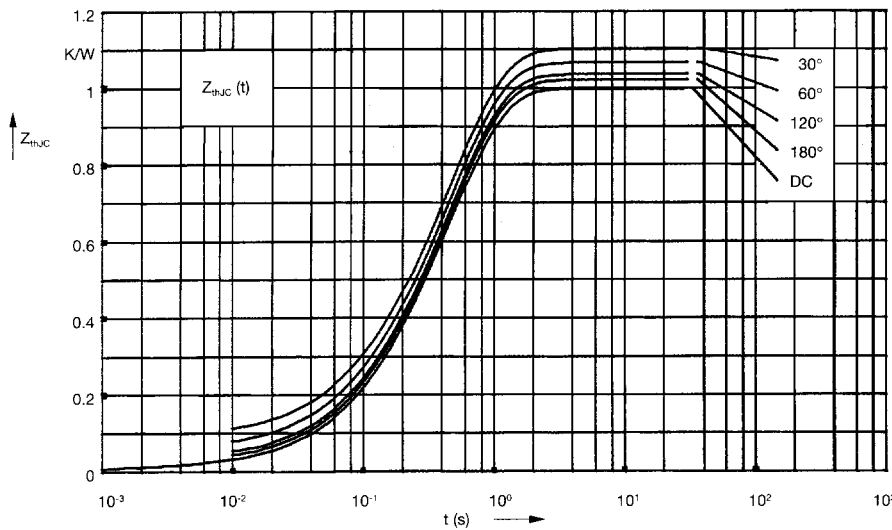


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	1.00
180°	1.02
120°	1.04
60°	1.07
30°	1.10

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.01	0.0012
2	0.03	0.095
3	0.96	0.455

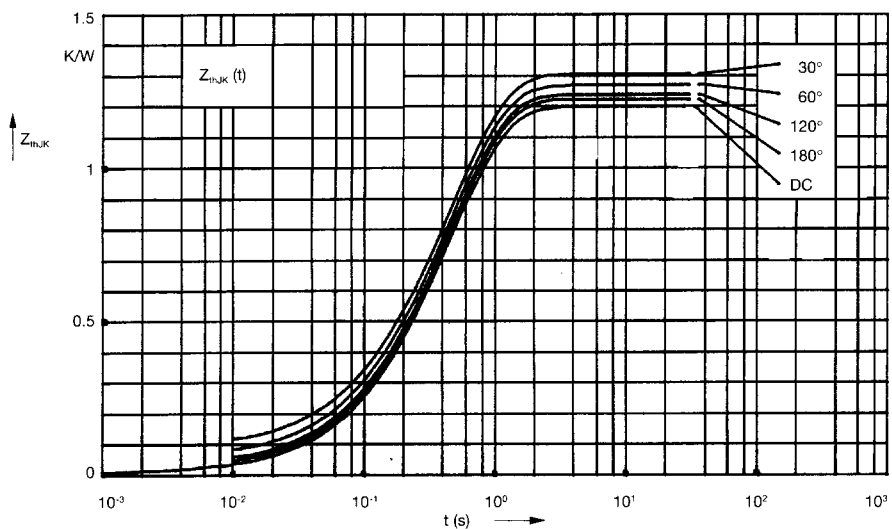


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	1.20
180°	1.22
120°	1.24
60°	1.27
30°	1.30

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.01	0.0012
2	0.03	0.095
3	0.96	0.455
4	0.2	0.495

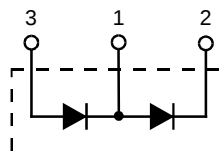
Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 100 \text{ A}$$

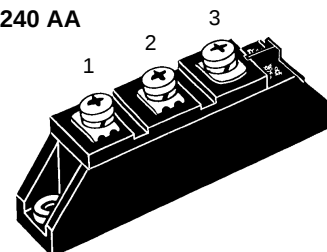
$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 64 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800-1800 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
900	800	MDD 44-08N1 B
1300	1200	MDD 44-12N1 B
1500	1400	MDD 44-14N1 B
1700	1600	MDD 44-16N1 B
1900	1800	MDD 44-18N1 B



TO-240 AA



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	100 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 92^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	64 A
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	59 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C};$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 1150 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 1300 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 1000 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 1200 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 6600 A ² s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 7000 A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 5000 A ² s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 5950 A ² s
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ 3000 V~ $t = 1 \text{ s}$ 3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5) Terminal connection torque (M5)	2.5-4/22-35 Nm/lb.in. 2.5-4/22-35 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	90 g

Features

- International standard package JEDEC TO-240 AA
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

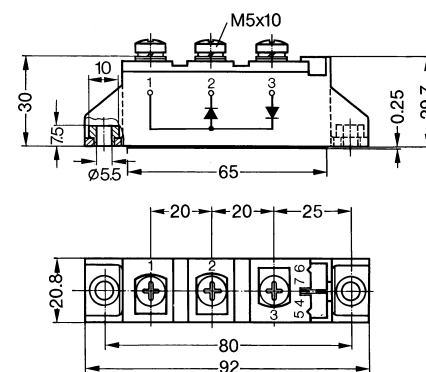
Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_R	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	10 mA
V_F	$I_F = 200 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.60 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	4.3 mΩ
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 50 \text{ A}, -di/dt = 0.64 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	90 μC
I_{RM}		11 A
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.59 K/W
	per module	0.295 K/W
R_{thJK}	per diode; DC current	0.79 K/W
	per module	0.395 K/W
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

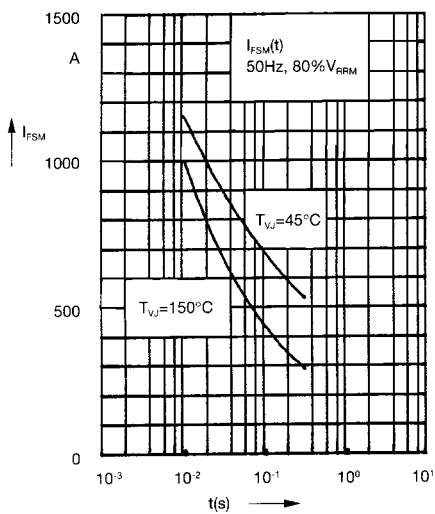


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

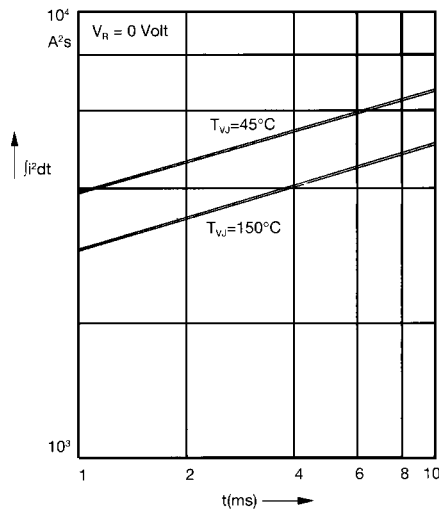


Fig. 2 $\int i^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

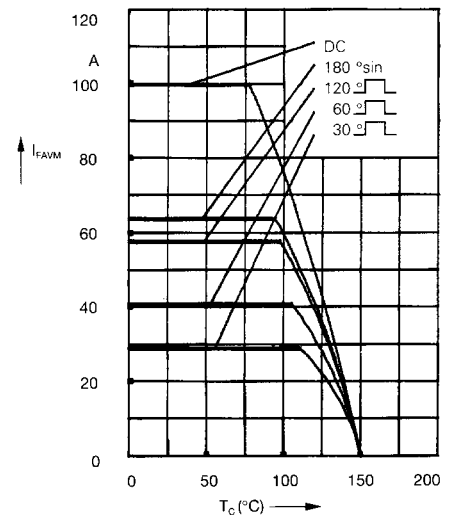


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current
 at case temperature

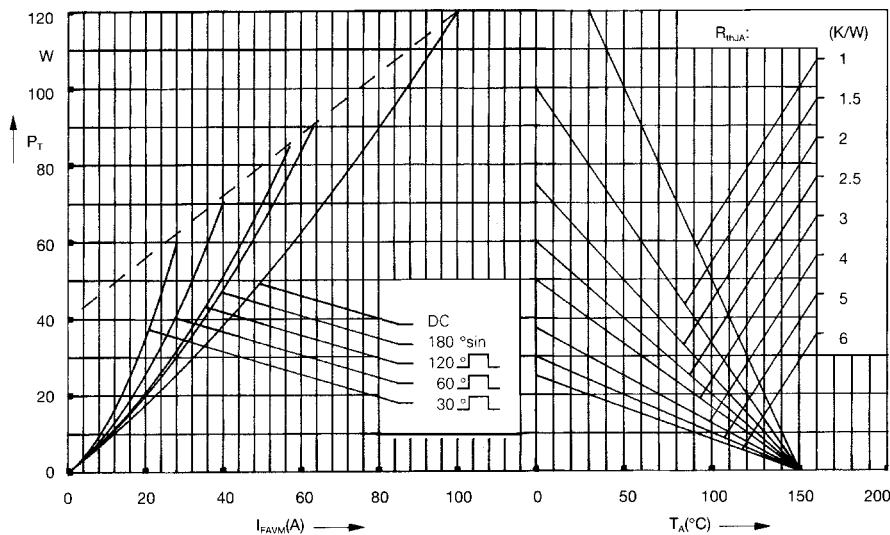


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus
 forward current and ambient
 temperature (per diode)

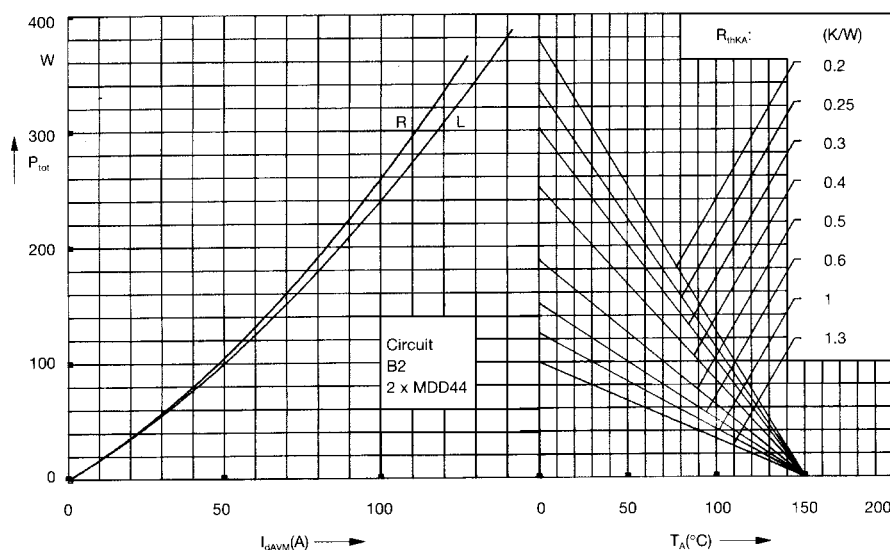


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
 Power dissipation versus direct
 output current and ambient
 temperature
 R = resistive load
 L = inductive load

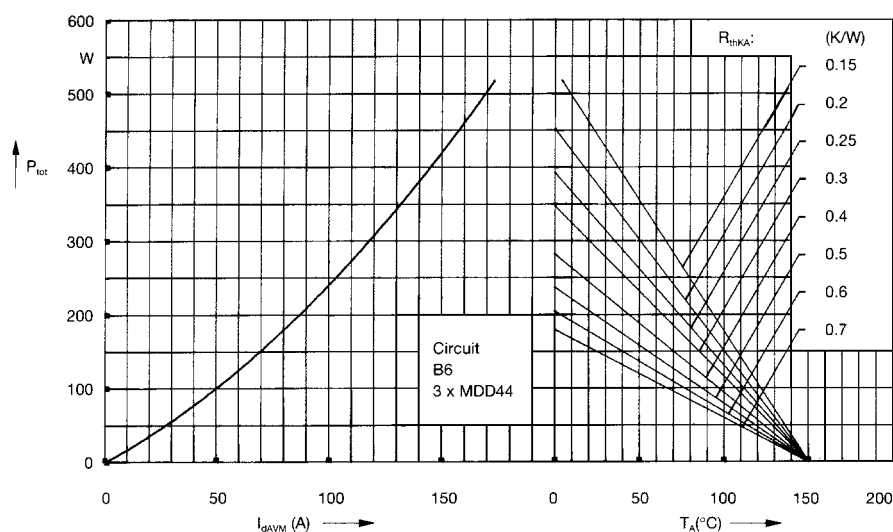


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

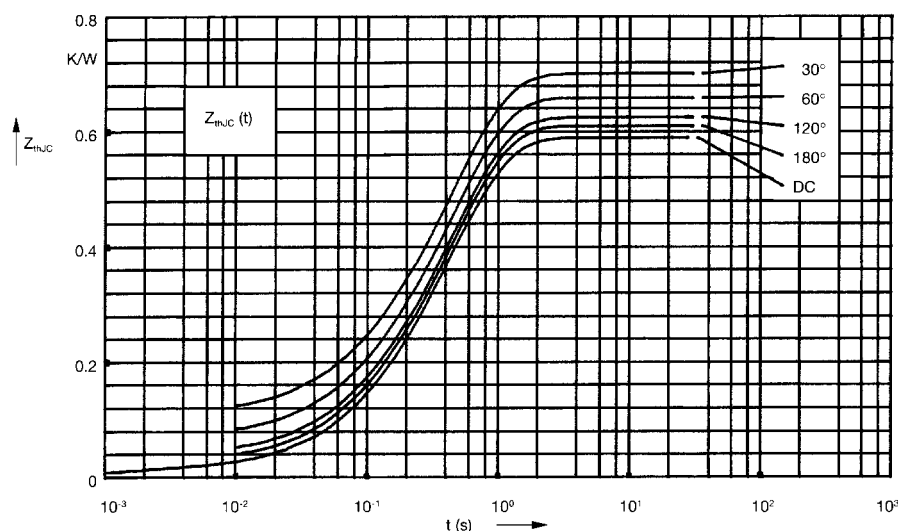


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.59
180°	0.61
120°	0.63
60°	0.66
30°	0.70

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.012	0.0012
2	0.045	0.095
3	0.533	0.455

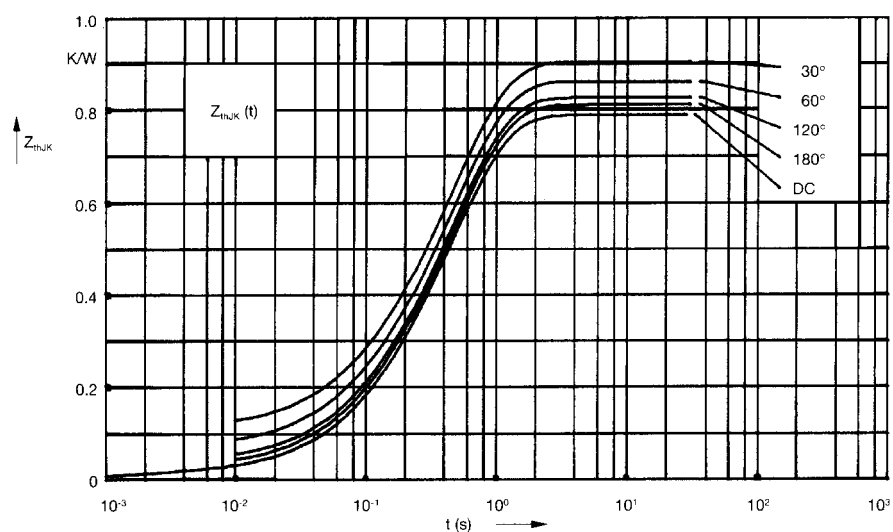


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.79
180°	0.81
120°	0.83
60°	0.86
30°	0.90

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.012	0.0012
2	0.045	0.095
3	0.533	0.455
4	0.2	0.495

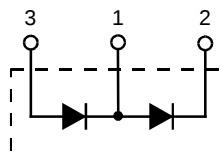
Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 150 \text{ A}$$

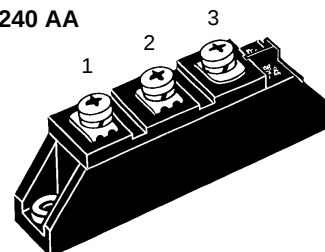
$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 95 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}1800 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
900	800	MDD 56-08N1 B
1300	1200	MDD 56-12N1 B
1500	1400	MDD 56-14N1 B
1700	1600	MDD 56-16N1 B
1900	1800	MDD 56-18N1 B



TO-240 AA



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	150 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 75^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	95 A
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	71 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C};$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 1400 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 1650 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 1200 A $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 1400 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 9800 A ² s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 11300 A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 7200 A ² s $t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 8100 A ² s
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ 3000 V~ $t = 1 \text{ s}$ 3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5) Terminal connection torque (M5)	2.5-4/22-35 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	90 g

Features

- International standard package JEDEC TO-240 AA
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

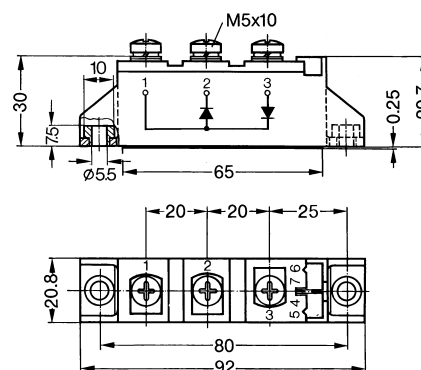
Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_R	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	10 mA
V_F	$I_F = 200 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.48 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	3 mΩ
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 50 \text{ A}, -di/dt = 3 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	100 μC
I_{RM}		24 A
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.51 K/W
R_{thJK}	per module	0.255 K/W
	per diode; DC current	0.71 K/W
	per module	0.355 K/W
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



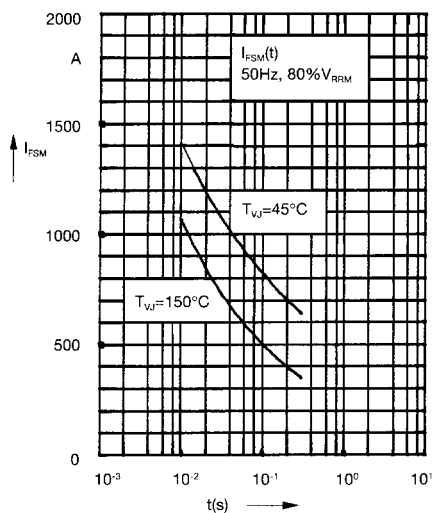


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

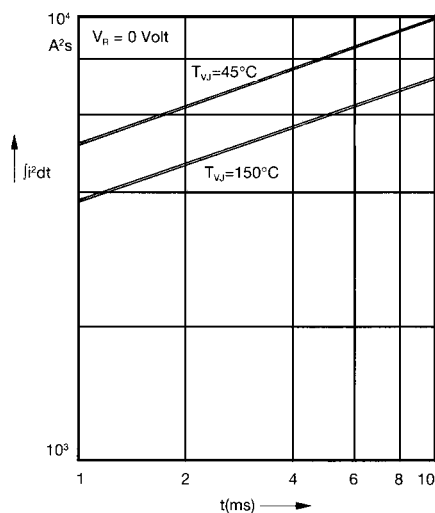


Fig. 2 $\int i^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

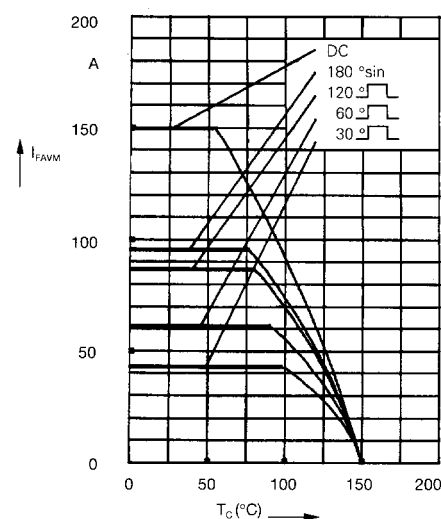


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current at case temperature

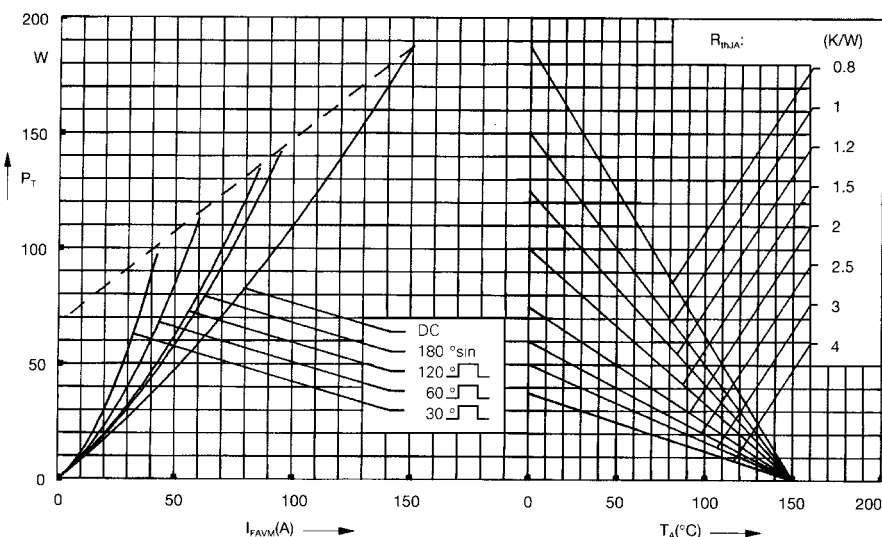


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)

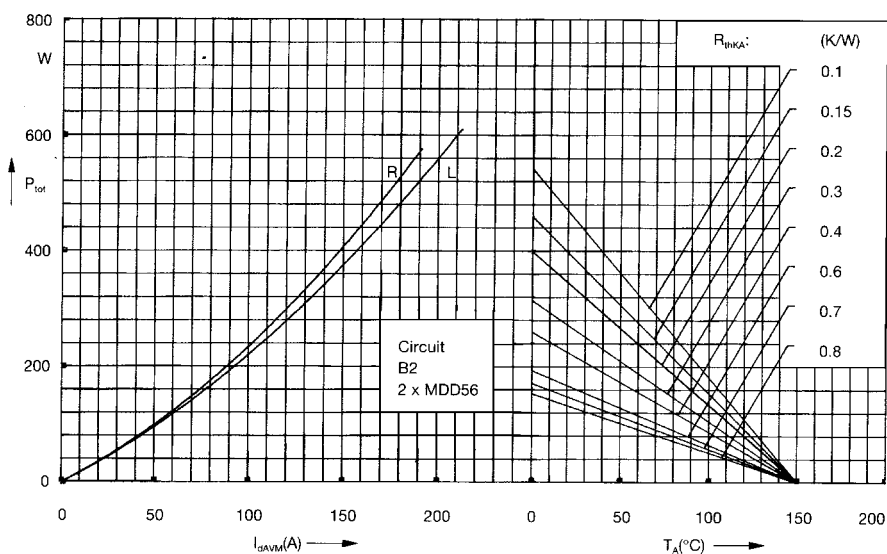


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

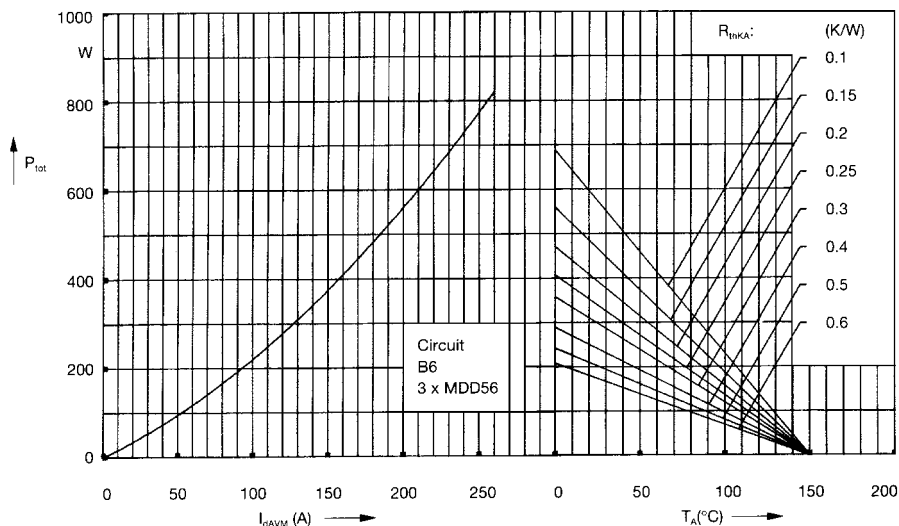


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

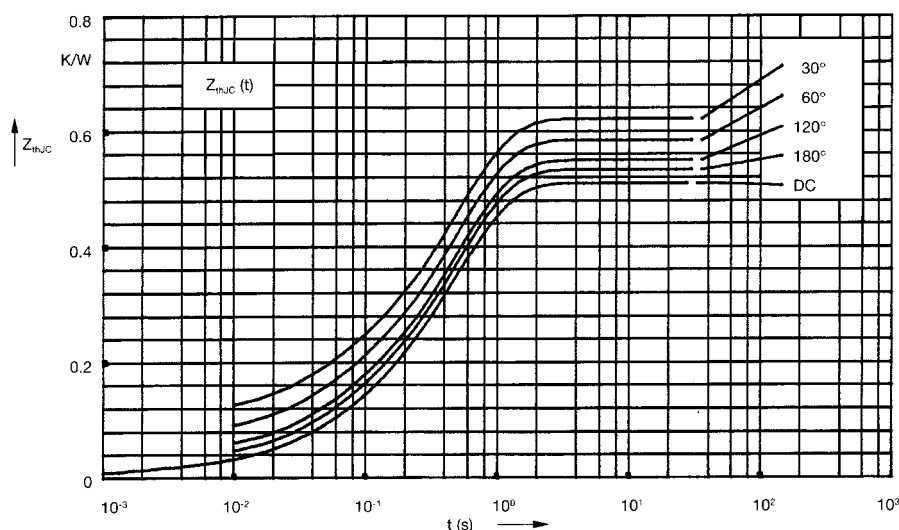


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.51
180°	0.53
120°	0.55
60°	0.58
30°	0.62

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.013	0.0015
2	0.055	0.045
3	0.442	0.485

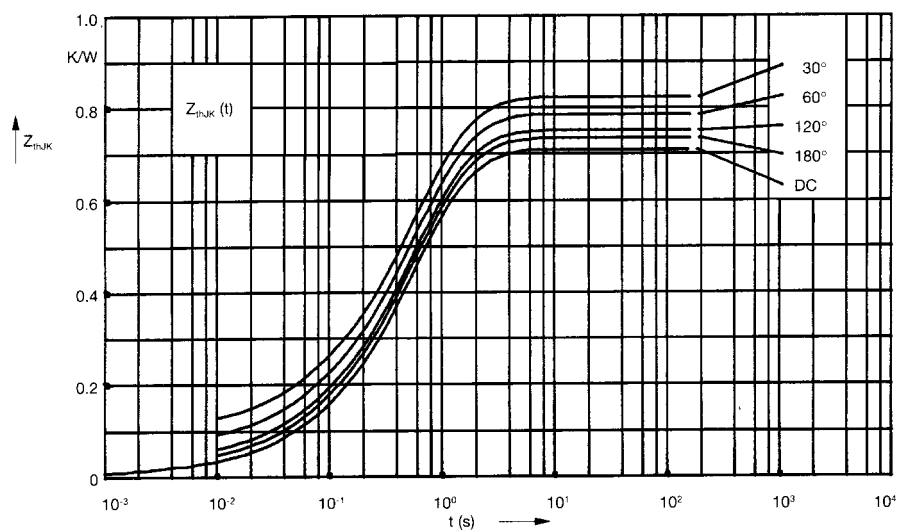


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.71
180°	0.73
120°	0.75
60°	0.78
30°	0.82

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.013	0.0015
2	0.055	0.045
3	0.442	0.485
4	0.2	1.25

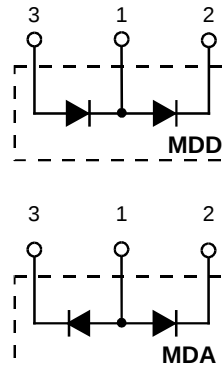
Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 180 \text{ A}$$

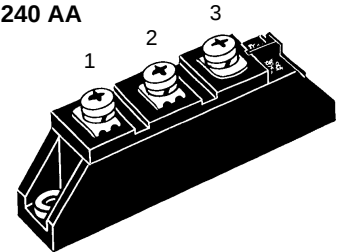
$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 113 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}1800 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type	
900	800	MDD 72-08N1 B	MDA 72-08N1 B
1300	1200	MDD 72-12N1 B	---
1500	1400	MDD 72-14N1 B	MDA 72-14N1 B
1700	1600	MDD 72-16N1 B	MDA 72-16N1 B
1900	1800	MDD 72-18N1 B	---



TO-240 AA



Symbol	Test Conditions		Maximum Ratings	
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$		180	A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 92^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$		113	A
	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$		99	A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C};$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	1700	A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	1950	A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	1540	A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	1800	A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	14 450	A ² s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	15 700	A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	11 850	A ² s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	13 400	A ² s
T_{VJ}			-40...+150	°C
T_{VJM}			150	°C
T_{stg}			-40...+125	°C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000	V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600	V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5)		2.5-4/22-35	Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M5)		2.5-4/22-35	Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws		90	g

Features

- International standard package JEDEC TO-240 AA
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

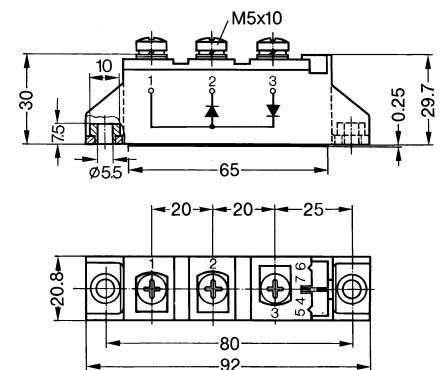
Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values		
I_R	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	15	mA	
V_F	$I_F = 300\text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$	1.6	V	
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8	V	
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	2.3	mΩ	
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^{\circ}\text{C}; I_F = 50\text{ A}, -di/dt = 3\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	170	μC	
I_{RM}		45	A	
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	other values see Fig. 6/7	0.35	K/W
	per module		0.175	K/W
R_{thJK}	per diode; DC current		0.55	K/W
	per module		0.275	K/W
d_S	Creepage distance on surface	12.7	mm	
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6	mm	
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50	m/s ²	

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
 IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

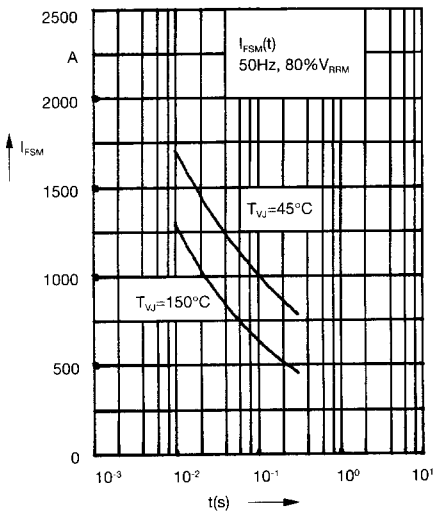


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

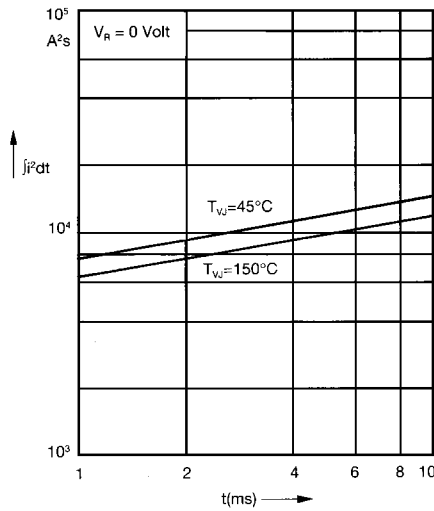


Fig. 2 $\int j^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

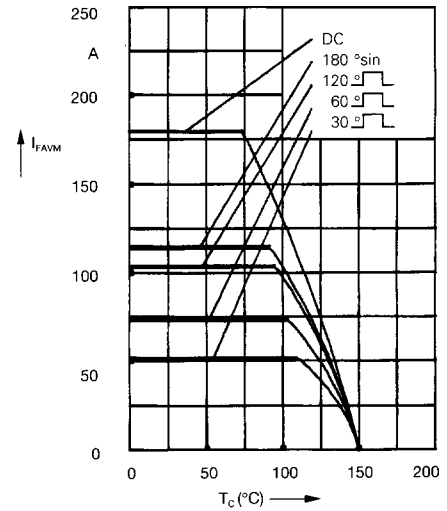


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current at case temperature

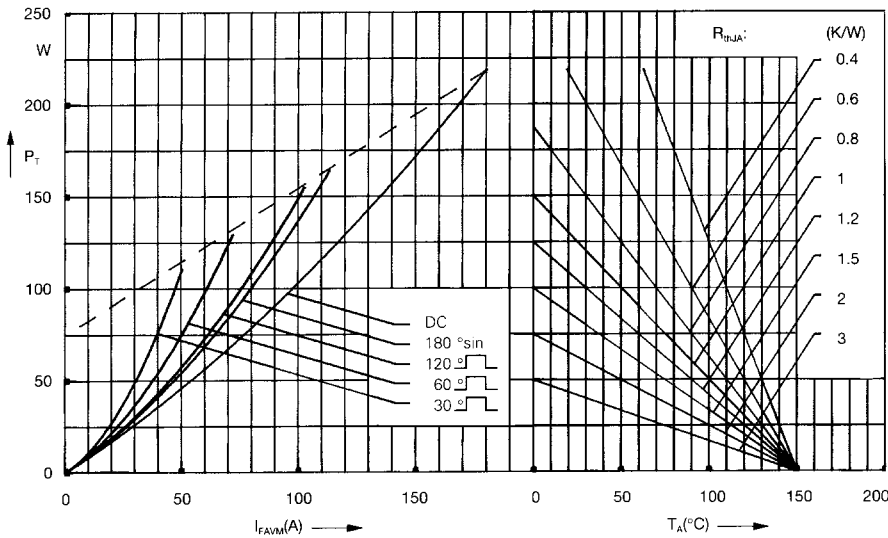


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)

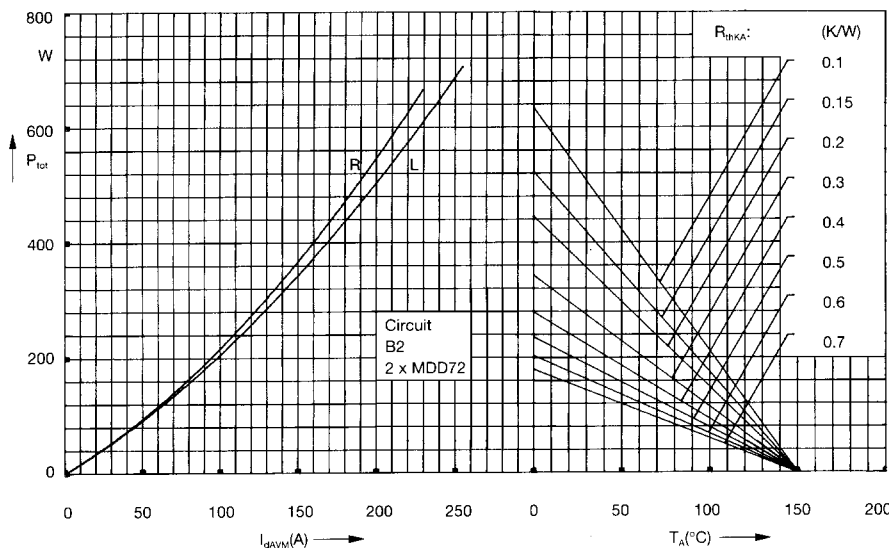


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

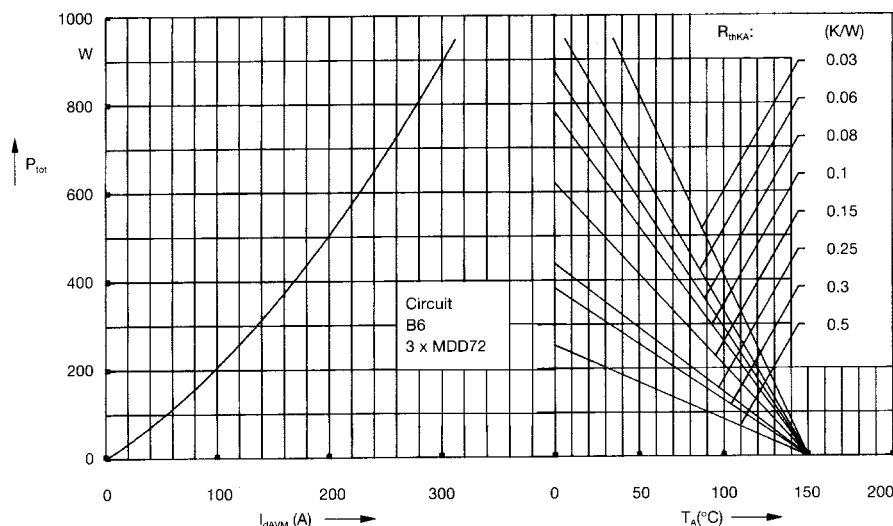


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

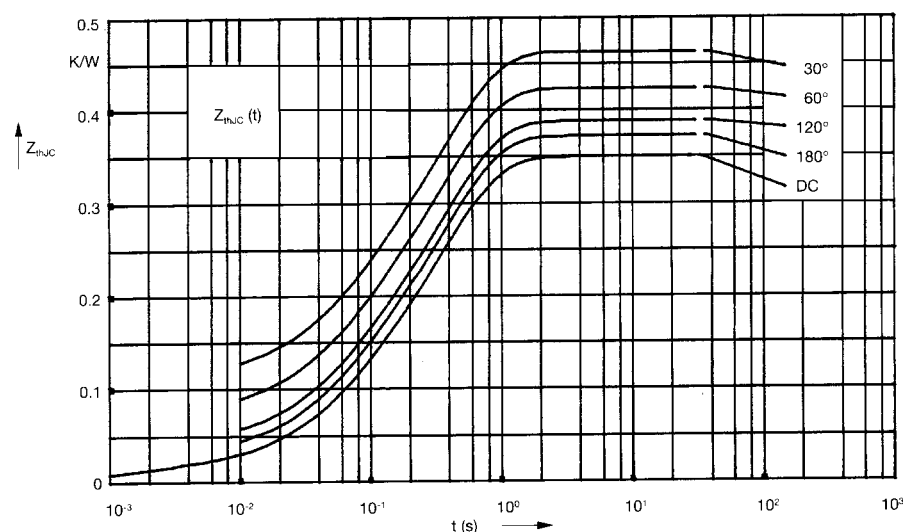


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.35
180°	0.37
120°	0.39
60°	0.43
30°	0.47

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.013	0.0014
2	0.072	0.062
3	0.265	0.375

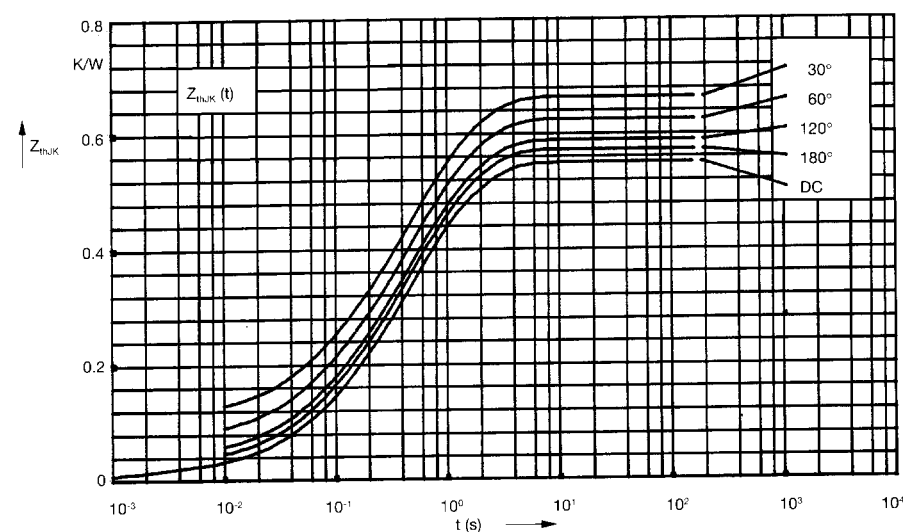


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.55
180°	0.57
120°	0.59
60°	0.63
30°	0.67

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.013	0.0014
2	0.072	0.062
3	0.265	0.375
4	0.2	1.32

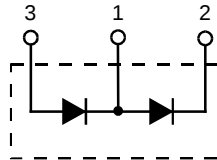
Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 180 \text{ A}$$

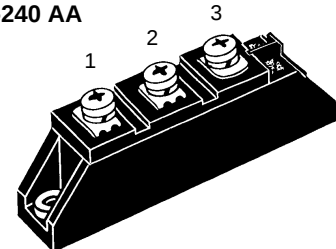
$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 120 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}2200 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
900	800	MDD 95-08N1 B
1300	1200	MDD 95-12N1 B
1500	1400	MDD 95-14N1 B
1700	1600	MDD 95-16N1 B
1900	1800	MDD 95-18N1 B
2100	2000	MDD 95-20N1 B
2300	2200	MDD 95-22N1 B



TO-240 AA



Symbol	Test Conditions		Maximum Ratings	
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$		180	A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 105^{\circ}\text{C}; 180^{\circ}$ sine		120	A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C};$	$t = 10\text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	2800	A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3\text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	3300	A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10\text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	2500	A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3\text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	2750	A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$	$t = 10\text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	39 200	A^2s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3\text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	45 000	A^2s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10\text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine	31 200	A^2s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3\text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine	31 300	A^2s
T_{VJ}			-40...+150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_{VJM}			150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
T_{stg}			-40...+125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1\text{ min}$	3000	V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1\text{ mA}$	$t = 1\text{ s}$	3600	V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5)		2.5-4/22-35	Nm/lb.in
	Terminal connection torque (M5)		2.5-4/22-35	Nm/lb.in
Weight	Typical including screws		90	g

Features

- International standard package JEDEC TO-240 AA
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

Applications

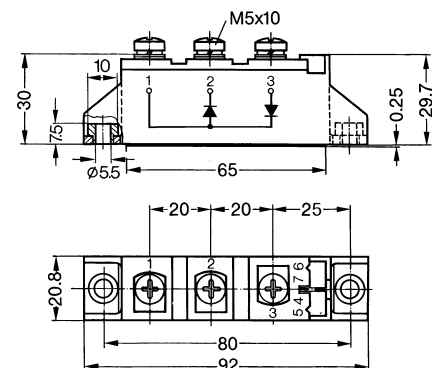
- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_R	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	15 mA
V_F	$I_F = 300 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.43 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.75 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	1.95 m Ω
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 50 \text{ A}, -di/dt = 6 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	170 μC
I_{RM}		45 A
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.26 K/W
R_{thJK}	per module	0.13 K/W
	per diode; DC current	0.46 K/W
	per module	0.23 K/W
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_a	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

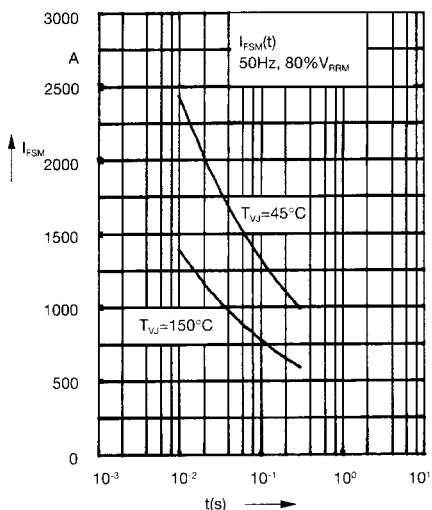


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

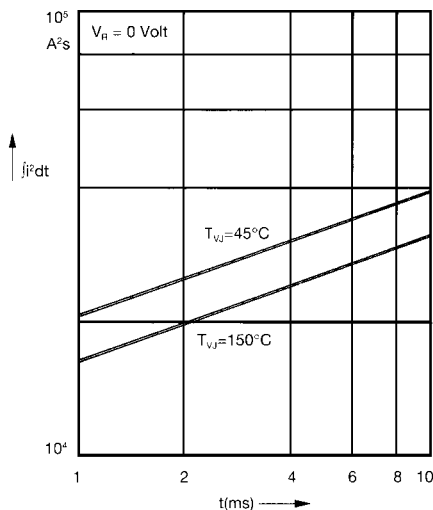


Fig. 2 $j^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

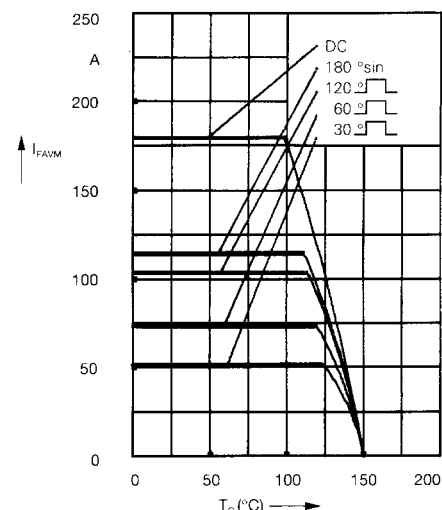


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current
at case temperature

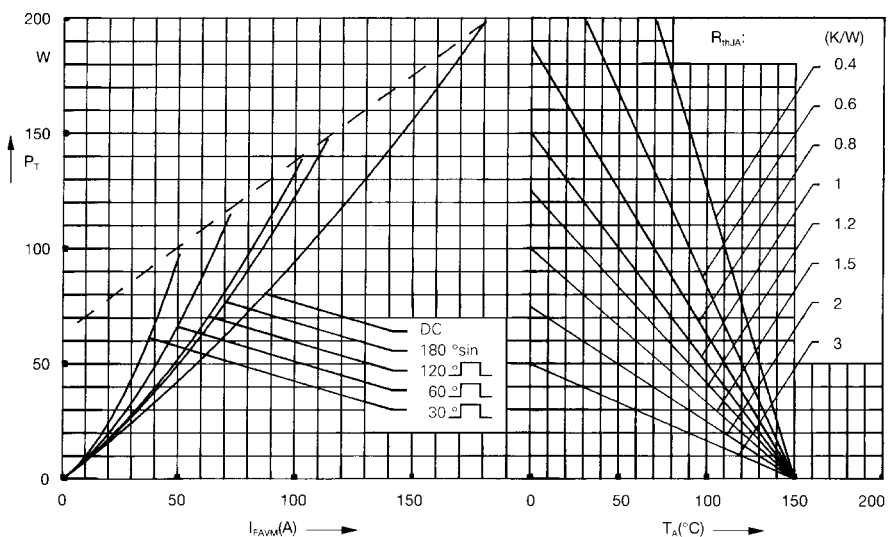


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus
forward current and ambient
temperature (per diode)

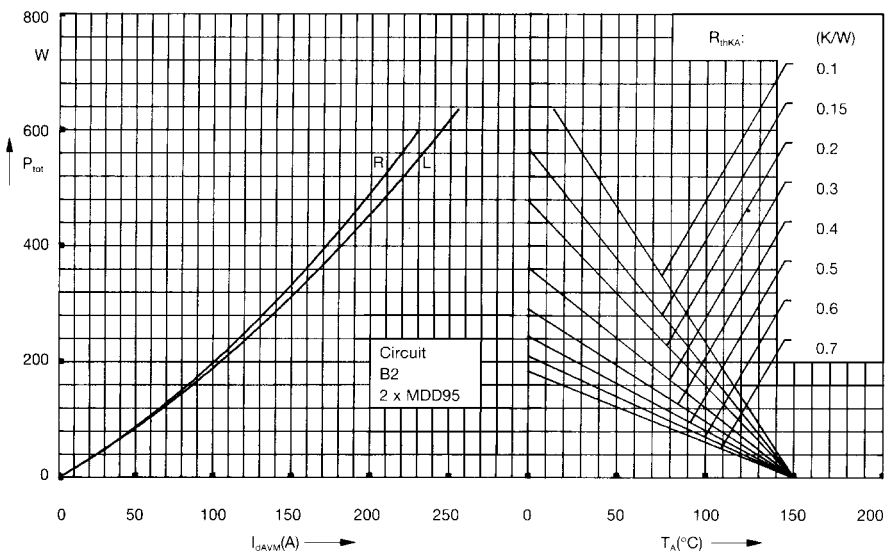


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

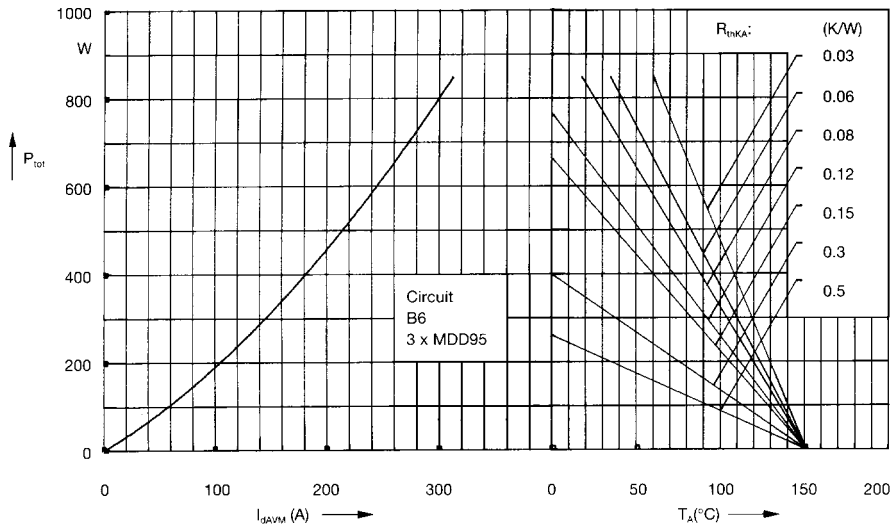


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

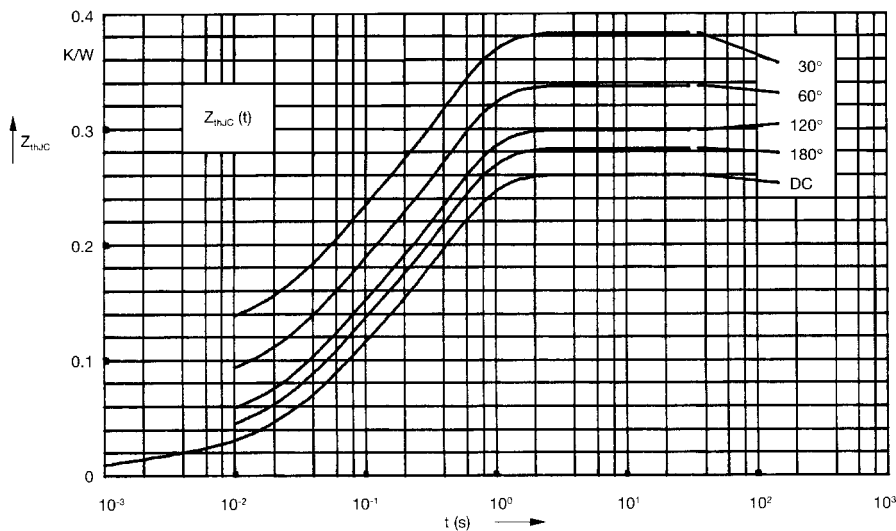


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.26
180°	0.28
120°	0.30
60°	0.34
30°	0.38

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.013	0.0012
2	0.072	0.047
3	0.175	0.394

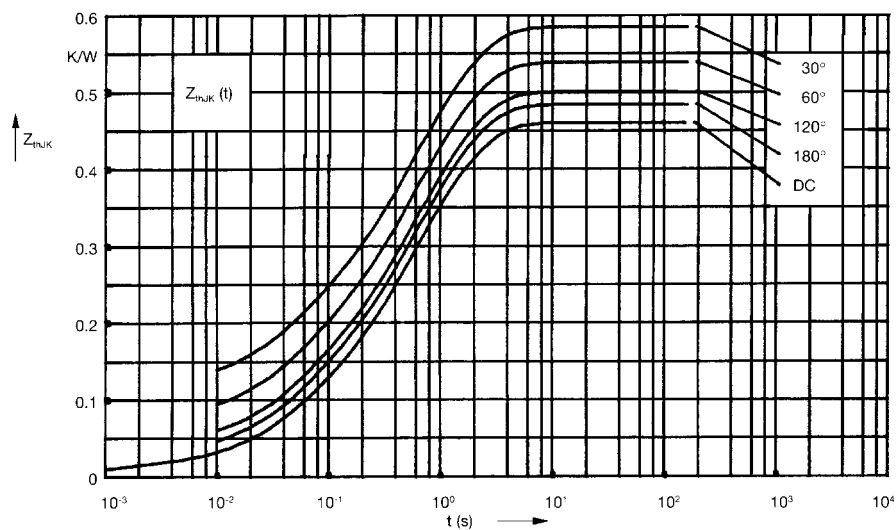


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.46
180°	0.48
120°	0.50
60°	0.54
30°	0.58

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.013	0.0012
2	0.072	0.047
3	0.175	0.394
4	0.2	1.32

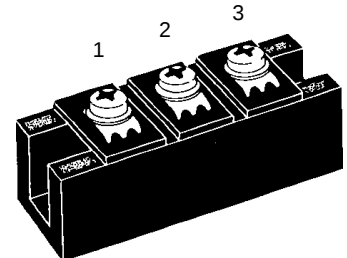
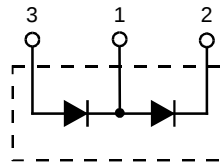
High Power Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 300 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 165 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}1800 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
900	800	MDD 142-08N1
1300	1200	MDD 142-12N1
1500	1400	MDD 142-14N1
1700	1600	MDD 142-16N1
1900	1800	MDD 142-18N1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	300 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	165 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 4700 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 5000 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 4100 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 4300 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 110 000 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 104 000 A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 84 000 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 77 000 A ² s
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA} \quad t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M6)	2.25-2.75/20-25 Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M6)	4.5-5.5/40-48 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	120 g

Features

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

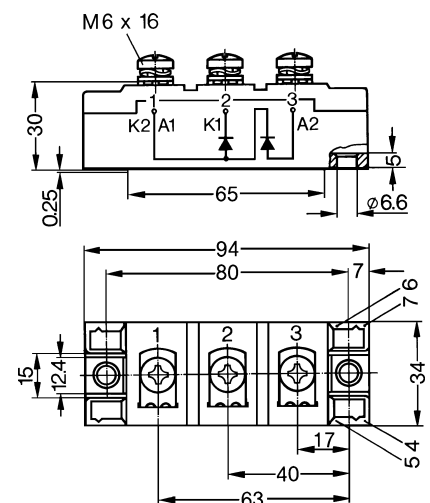
Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_R	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	20 mA
V_F	$I_F = 300 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.3 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	1.3 mΩ
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 300 \text{ A}, -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	550 μC
I_{RM}		235 A
R_{thJC} R_{thJK}	per diode; DC current	0.21 K/W
	per module	0.105 K/W
	per diode; DC current	0.31 K/W
	per module	0.155 K/W
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



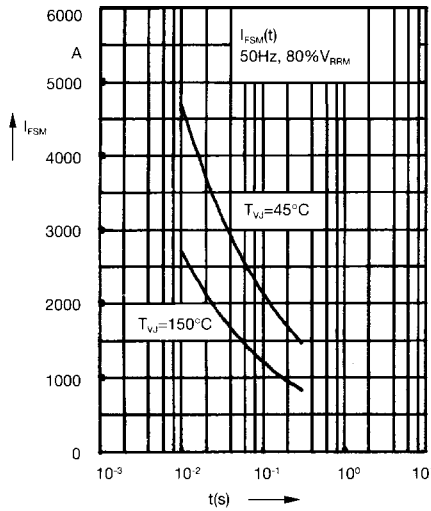


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

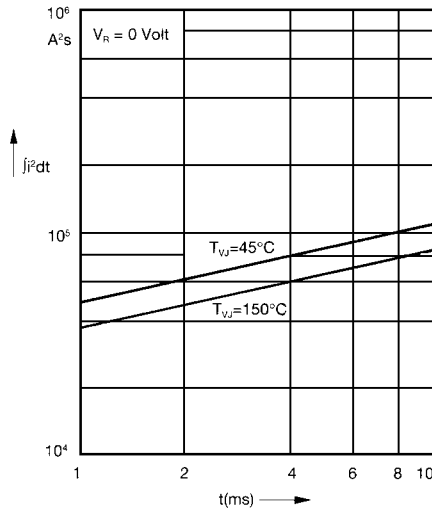


Fig. 2 $\int i^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

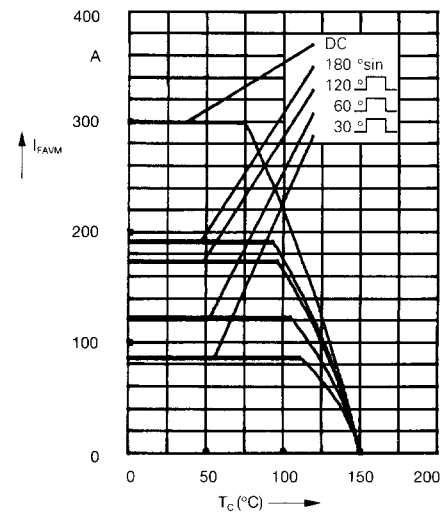


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current at case temperature

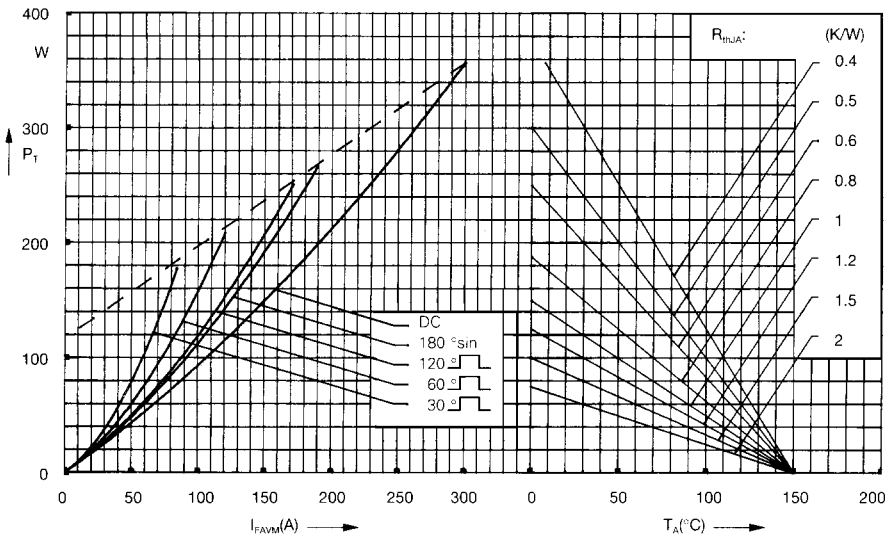


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)

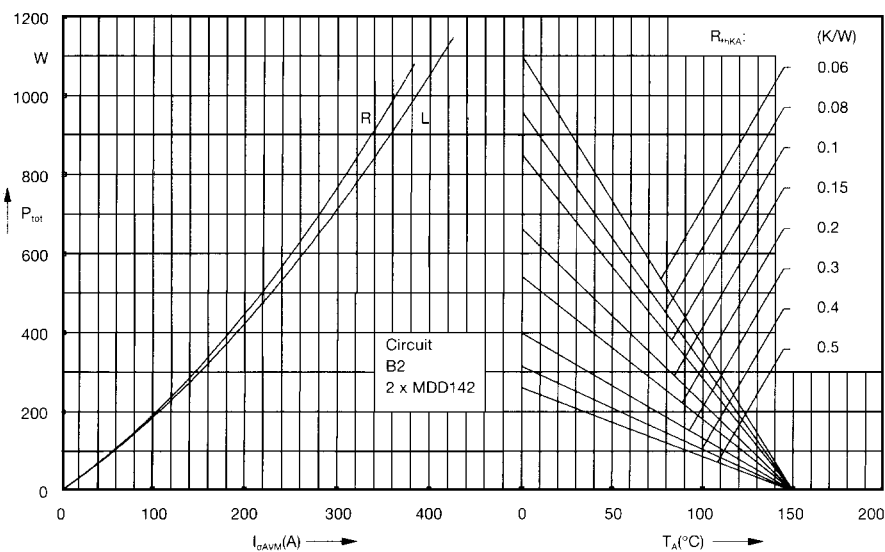


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

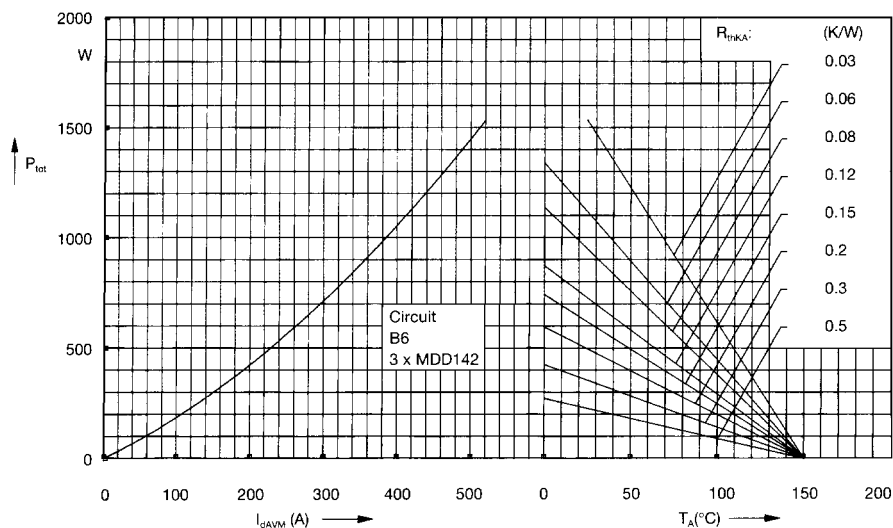


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

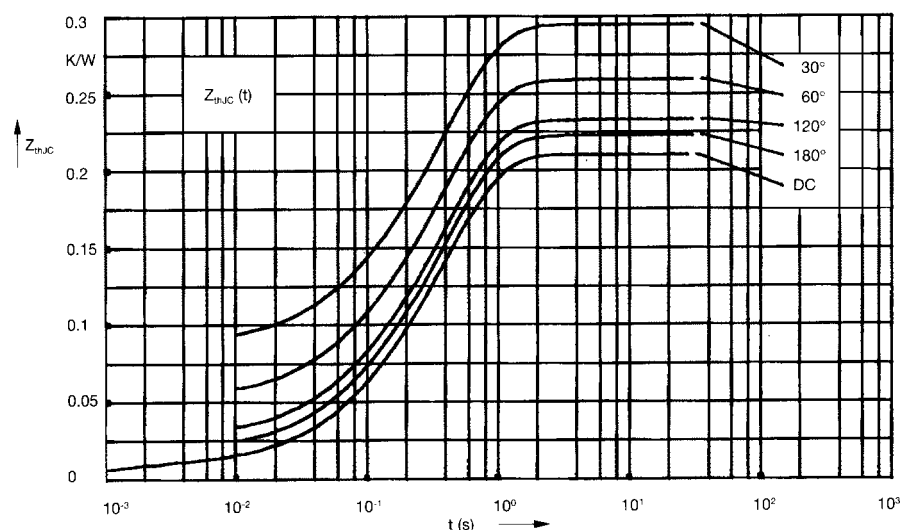


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

$R_{\theta JC}$ for various conduction angles d:

d	$R_{\theta JC}$ (K/W)
DC	0.210
180°	0.223
120°	0.233
60°	0.260
30°	0.295

Constants for $Z_{\theta JC}$ calculation:

i	$R_{\theta i}$ (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0087	0.001
2	0.0163	0.065
3	0.185	0.4

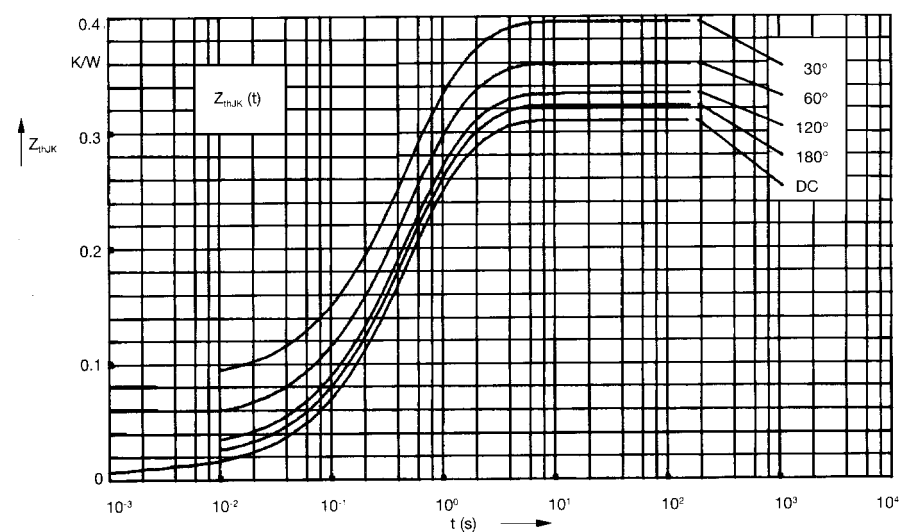


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

$R_{\theta JK}$ for various conduction angles d:

d	$R_{\theta JK}$ (K/W)
DC	0.31
180°	0.323
120°	0.333
60°	0.360
30°	0.395

Constants for $Z_{\theta JK}$ calculation:

i	$R_{\theta i}$ (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0087	0.001
2	0.0163	0.065
3	0.185	0.4
4	0.1	1.29

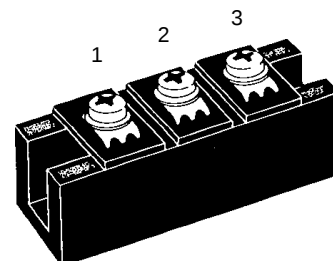
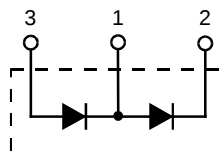
High Power Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 300 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 190 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}1800 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V V	V_{RRM} V V	Type
900	800	MDD 172-08N1
1300	1200	MDD 172-12N1
1500	1400	MDD 172-14N1
1700	1600	MDD 172-16N1
1900	1800	MDD 172-18N1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	300 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	190 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 6600 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 7290 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 5600 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 6200 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 218 000 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 221 000 A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 157 000 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 160 000 A ² s
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M6)	2.25-2.75/20-25 Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M6)	4.5-5.5/40-48 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	120 g

Features

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

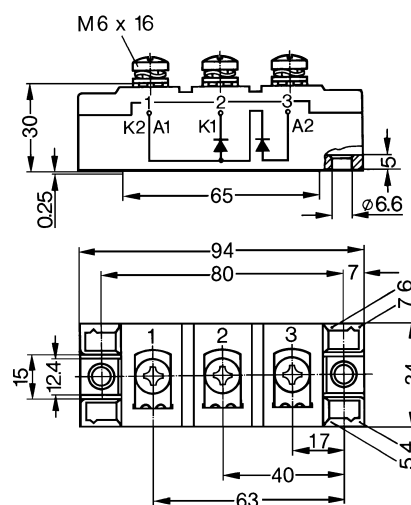
Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_R	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	20 mA
V_F	$I_F = 300 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.15 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	0.8 mΩ
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 300 \text{ A}, -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	550 μC
I_{RM}		235 A
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.21 K/W
R_{thJK}	per module	0.105 K/W
	per diode; DC current	0.31 K/W
	per module	0.155 K/W
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



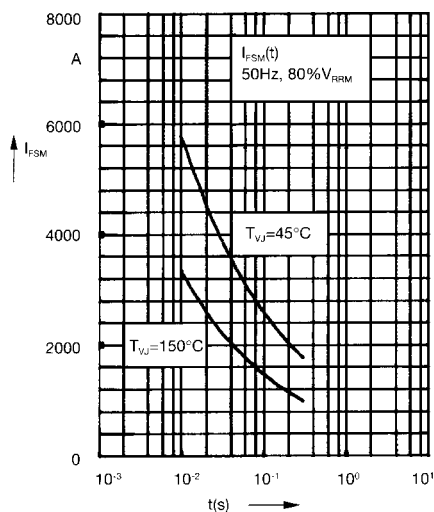


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

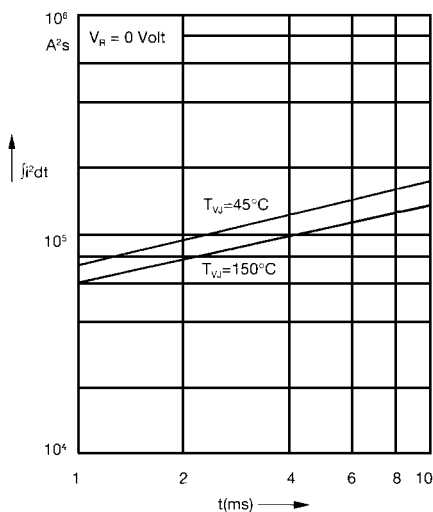


Fig. 2 j^2dt versus time (1-10 ms)

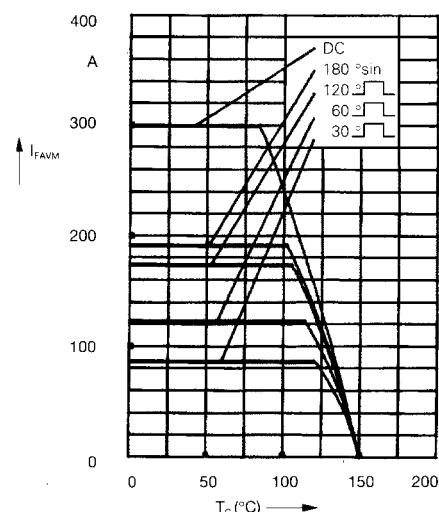


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current
 at case temperature

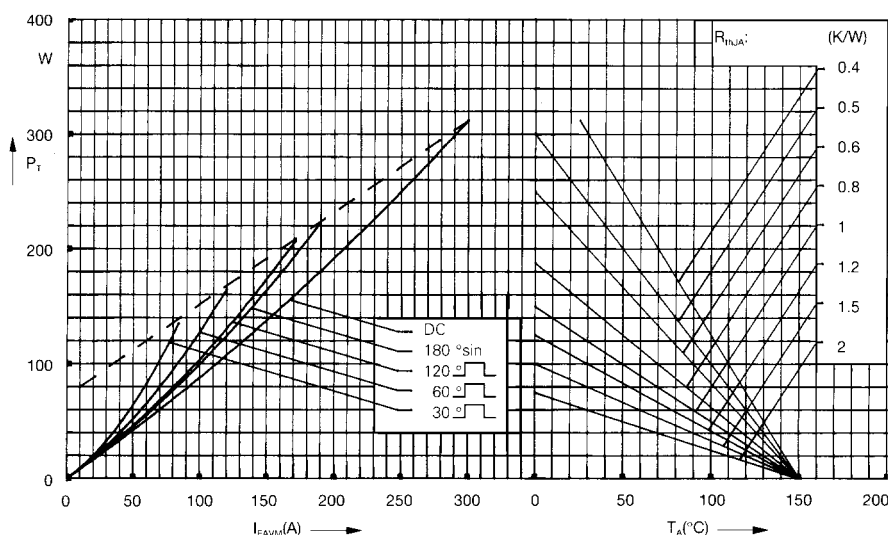


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus
 forward current and ambient
 temperature (per diode)

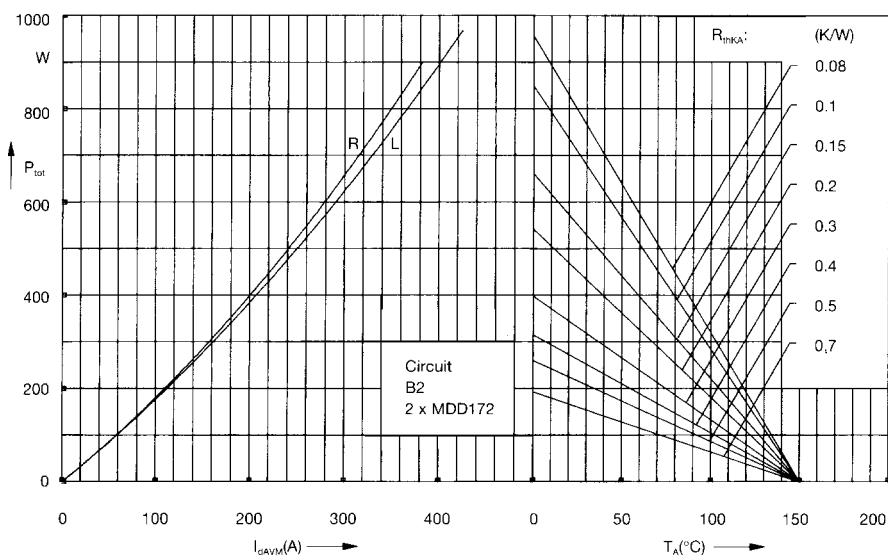


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
 Power dissipation versus direct
 output current and ambient
 temperature
 R = resistive load
 L = inductive load

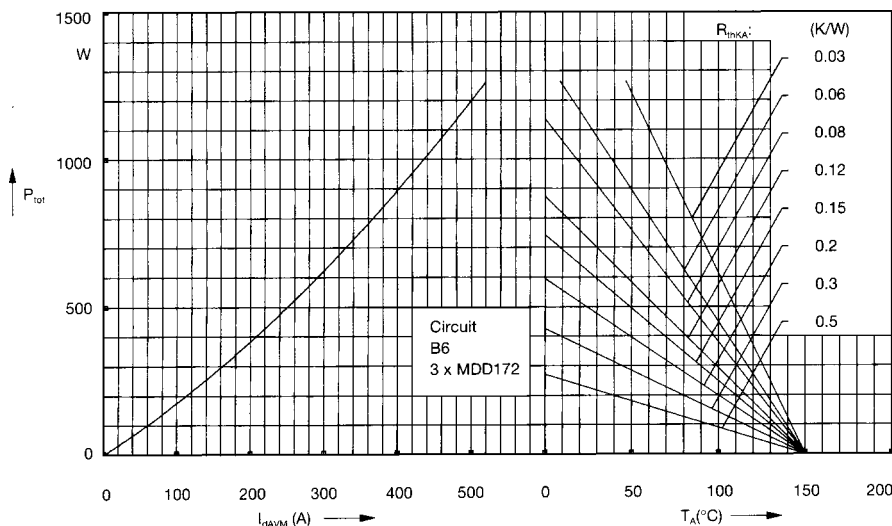


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

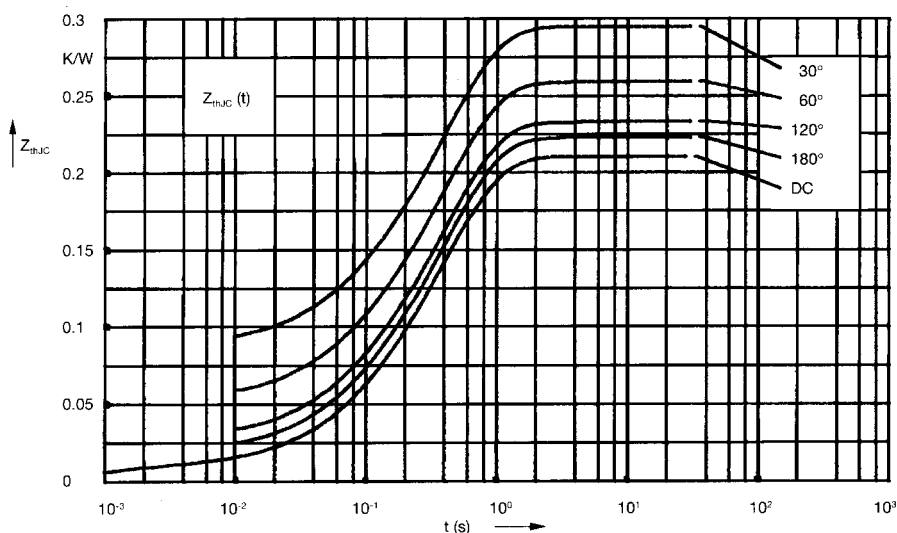


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.210
180°	0.223
120°	0.233
60°	0.260
30°	0.295

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0087	0.001
2	0.0163	0.065
3	0.185	0.4

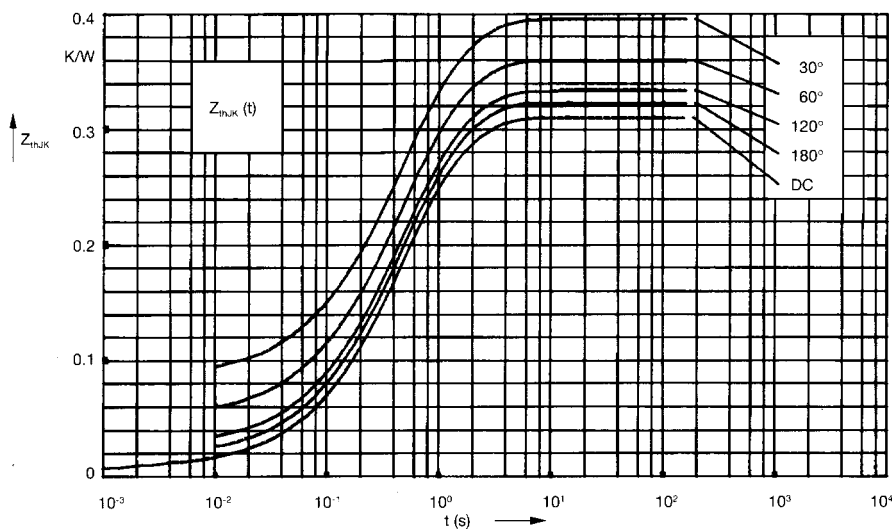


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.31
180°	0.323
120°	0.333
60°	0.360
30°	0.395

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0087	0.001
2	0.0163	0.065
3	0.185	0.4
4	0.1	1.29

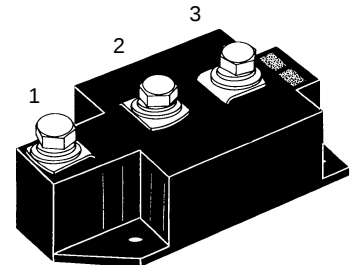
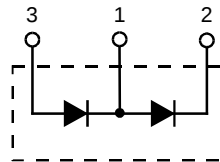
High Power Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 450 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 270 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}1600 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
900	800	MDD 220-08N1
1300	1200	MDD 220-12N1
1500	1400	MDD 220-14N1
1700	1600	MDD 220-16N1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	450 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	270 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	8500 A
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	9000 A
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	7500 A
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	8000 A
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	360 000 A ² s
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	340 000 A ² s
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	280 000 A ² s
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$	260 000 A ² s
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$	
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA} \quad t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5)	2.5-5/22-44 Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M8)	12-15/106-132 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	320 g

Features

- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

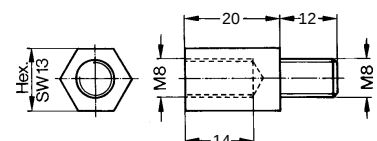
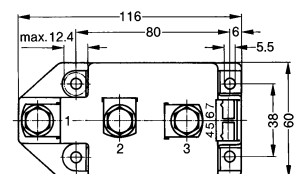
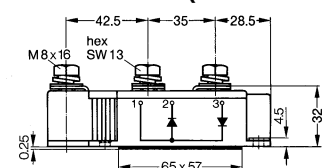
Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_{RRM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	40 mA
V_F	$I_F = 600 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.4 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.75 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	0.9 mΩ
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.129 K/W
	per module	0.065 K/W
R_{thJK}	per diode; DC current	0.169 K/W
	per module	0.0845 K/W
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 400 \text{ A}; -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	760 μC
I_{RM}		275 A
d_s	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_a	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Threaded spacer for higher Anode/Cathode construction: Type **ZY 250**, material brass

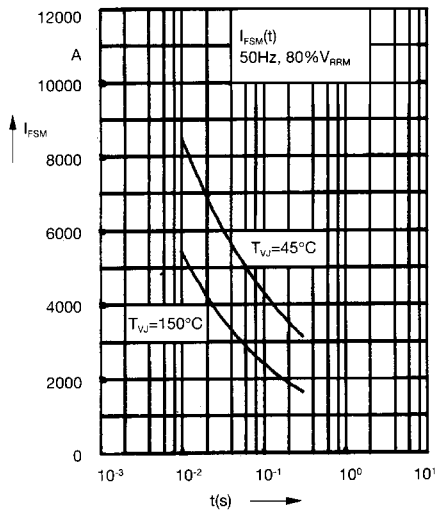


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

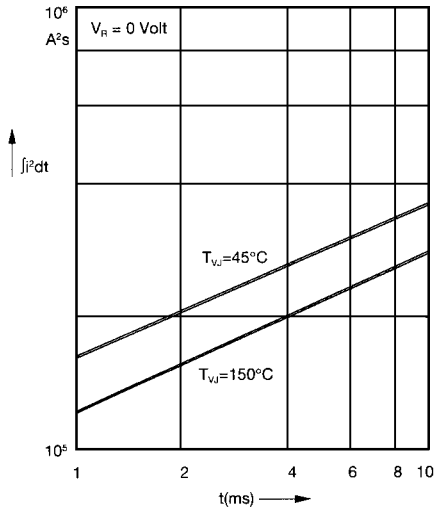


Fig. 2 j^2dt versus time (1-10 ms)

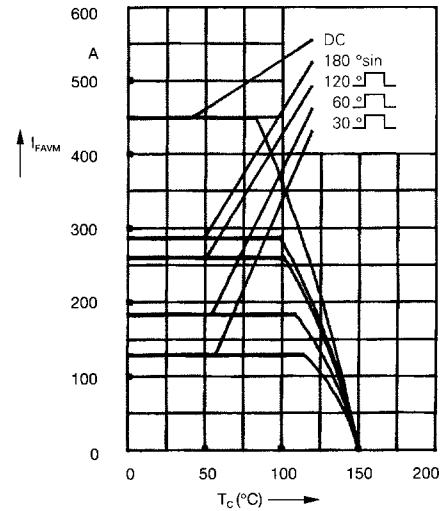


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current
 at case temperature

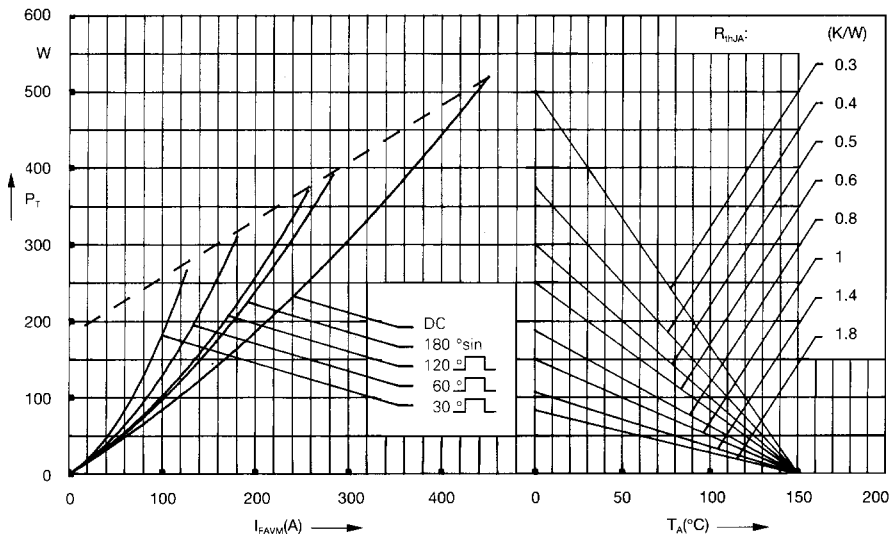


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus
 forward current and ambient
 temperature (per diode)

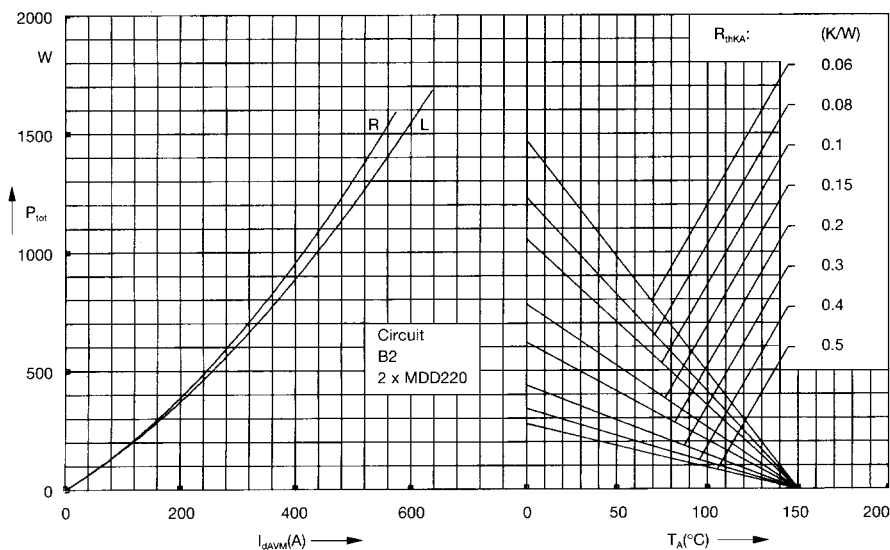


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
 Power dissipation versus direct
 output current and ambient
 temperature
 R = resistive load
 L = inductive load

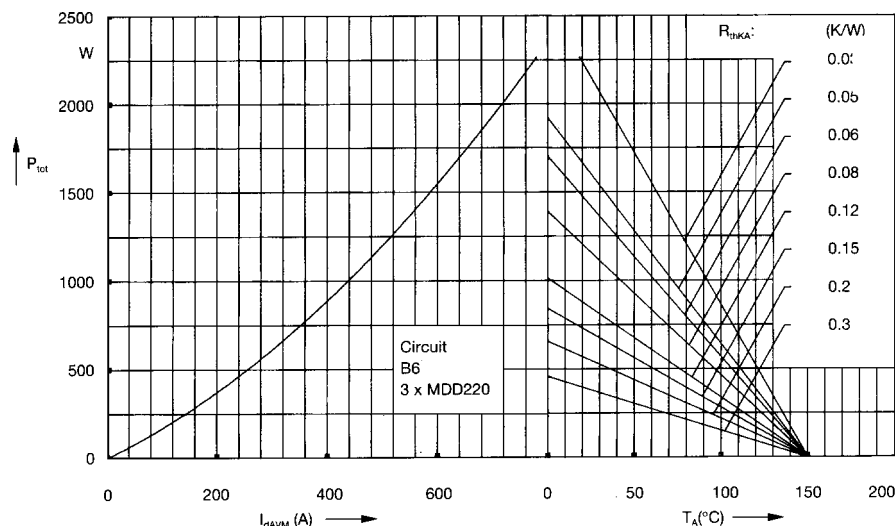


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

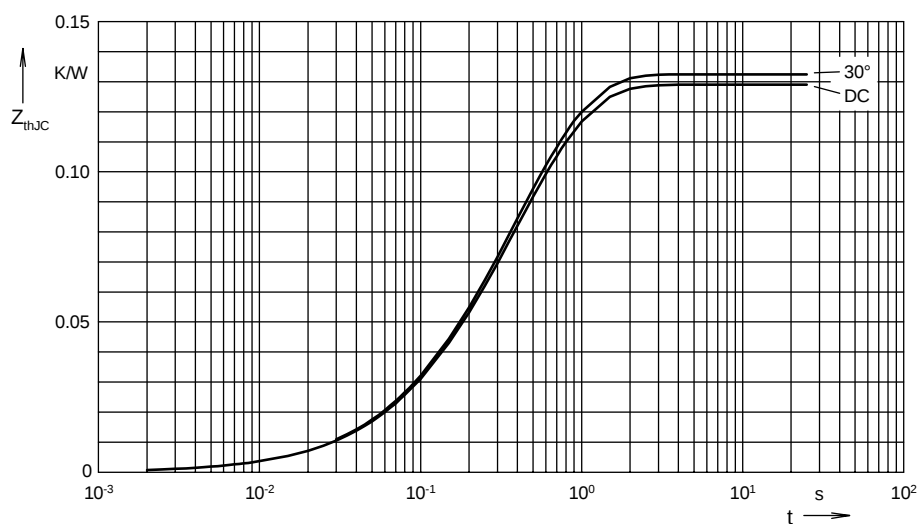


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d :

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.129
180°	0.131
120°	0.132
60°	0.132
30°	0.133

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0099
2	0.0165	0.168
3	0.1091	0.456

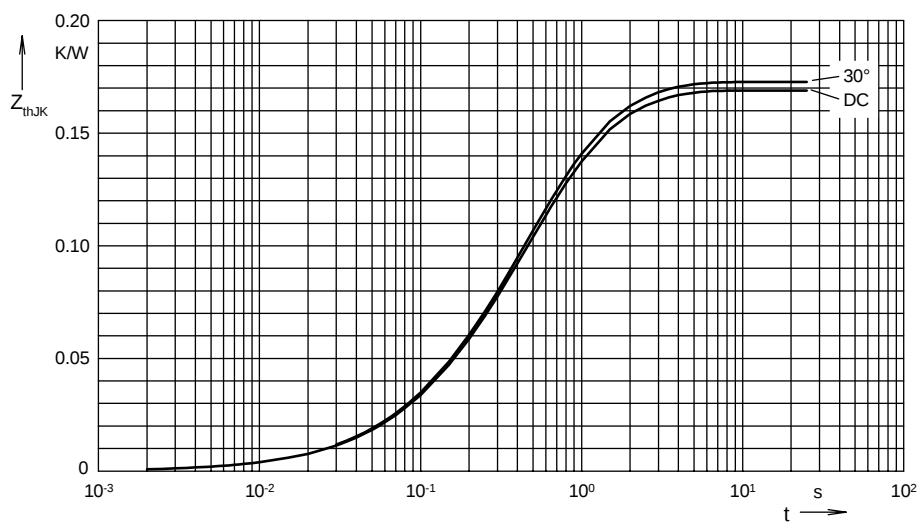


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d :

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.169
180°	0.171
120°	0.172
60°	0.172
30°	0.173

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0099
2	0.0165	0.168
3	0.1091	0.456
4	0.04	1.36

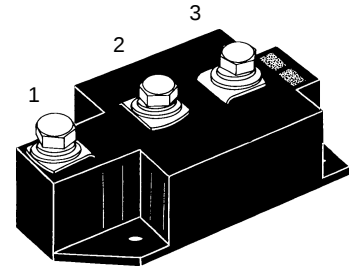
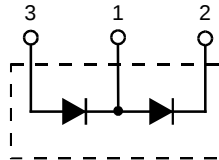
High Power Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 450 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 290 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}1600 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
900	800	MDD 250-08N1
1300	1200	MDD 250-12N1
1500	1400	MDD 250-14N1
1700	1600	MDD 250-16N1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	450 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$; 180° sine	290 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 11 000 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 11 700 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 9000 A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 9600 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$; $V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 605 000 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 560 000 A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms}$ (50 Hz), sine 405 000 A ² s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms}$ (60 Hz), sine 380 000 A ² s
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5)	2.5-5/22-44 Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M8)	12-15/106-132 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	320 g

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_{RRM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$; $V_R = V_{RRM}$	40 mA
V_F	$I_F = 600 \text{ A}$; $T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.3 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.75 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	0.75 mΩ
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.129 K/W
R_{thJK}	per module	0.065 K/W
	per diode; DC current	0.169 K/W
	per module	0.0845 K/W
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}$; $I_F = 400 \text{ A}$; $-di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	760 μC
I_{RM}		275 A
d_S	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Features

- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

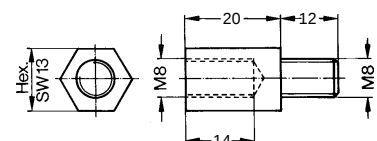
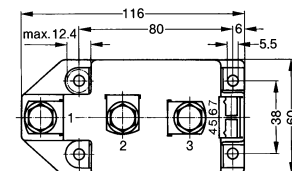
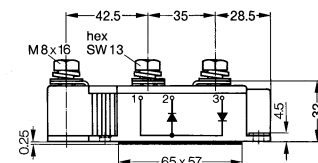
Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Threaded spacer for higher Anode/Cathode construction: Type ZY 250, material brass

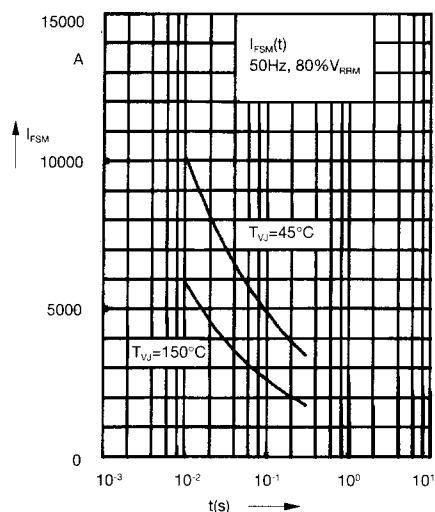


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t: duration

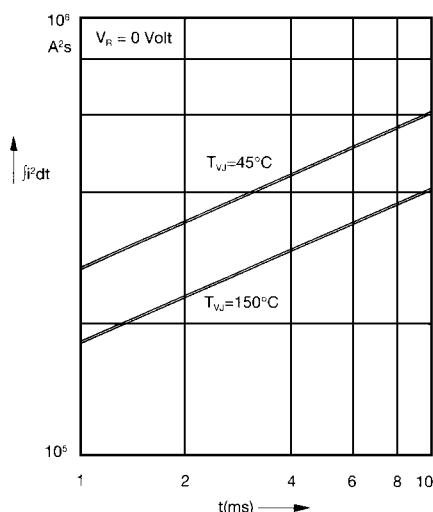


Fig. 2 j^2dt versus time (1-10 ms)

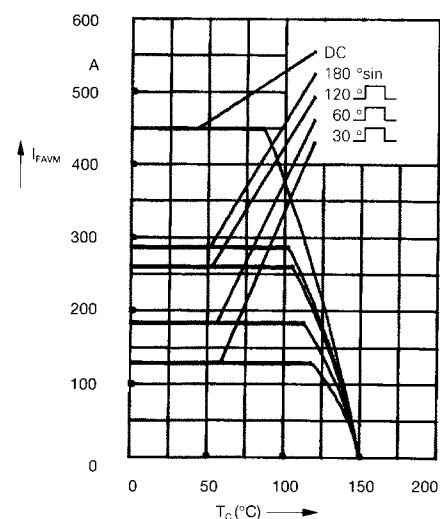


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current
 at case temperature

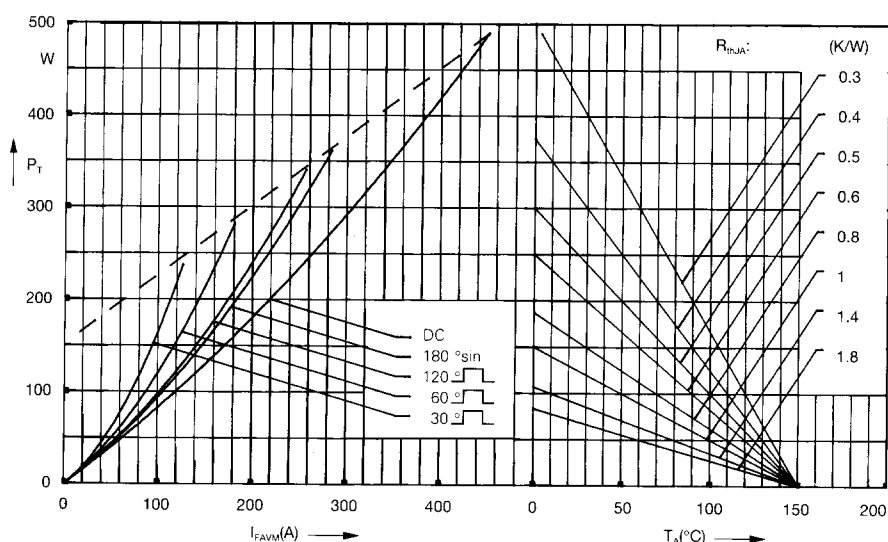


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus
 forward current and ambient
 temperature (per diode)

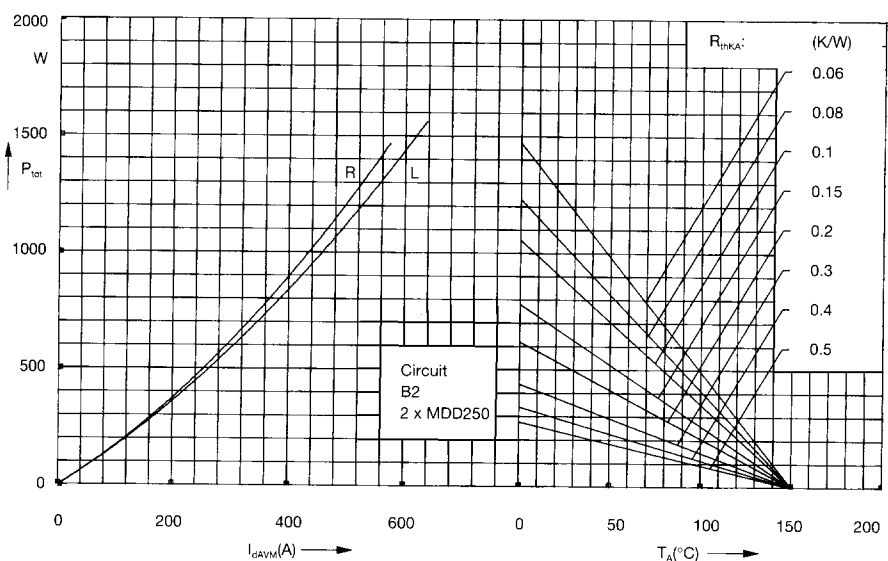


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
 Power dissipation versus direct
 output current and ambient
 temperature
 R = resistive load
 L = inductive load

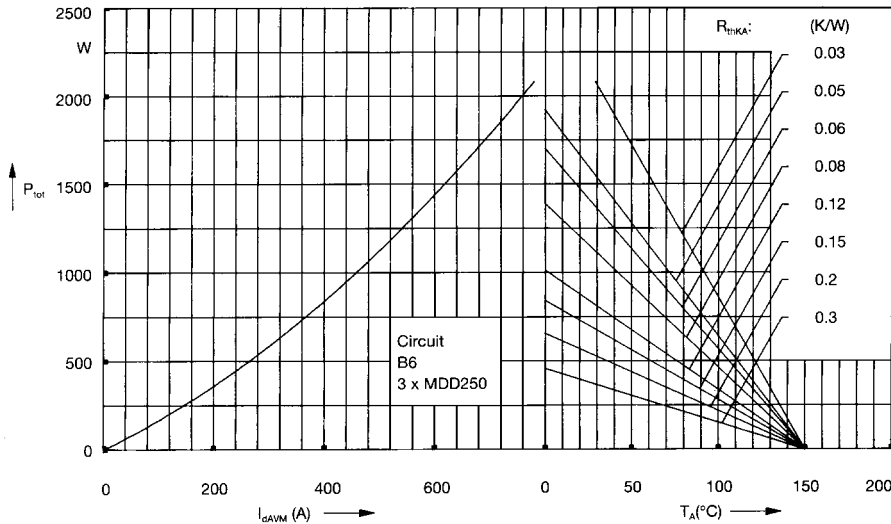


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

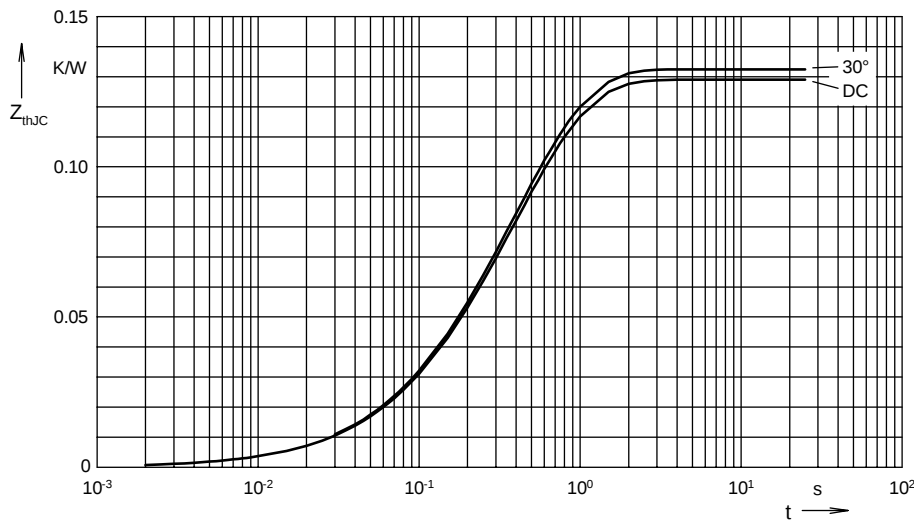


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d :

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.129
180°	0.131
120°	0.132
60°	0.132
30°	0.133

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0099
2	0.0165	0.168
3	0.1091	0.456

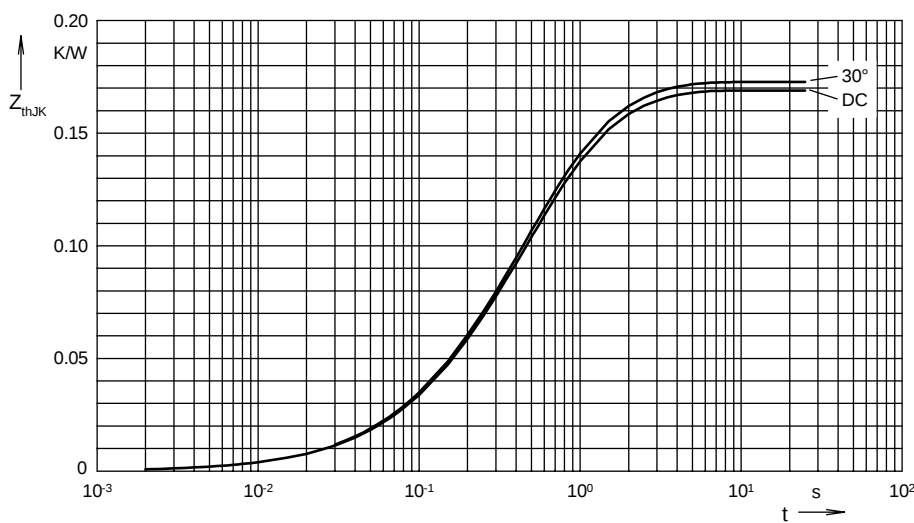


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d :

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.169
180°	0.171
120°	0.172
60°	0.172
30°	0.173

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0099
2	0.0165	0.168
3	0.1091	0.456
4	0.04	1.36

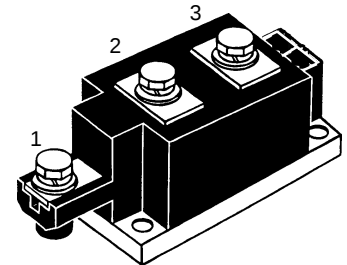
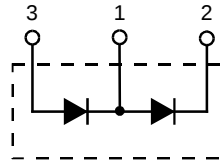
High Power Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 450 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 270 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 1200-2200 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V_{DSM} V	V_{RRM} V_{DRM} V	Type
1300	1200	MDD 255-12N1
1500	1400	MDD 255-14N1
1700	1600	MDD 255-16N1
1900	1800	MDD 255-18N1
2100	2000	MDD 255-20N1
2300	2200	MDD 255-22N1



Symbol	Test Conditions		Maximum Ratings	
I_{FRMS} I_{FAVM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$		450	A
	$T_C = 100^{\circ}\text{C}; 180^{\circ}$ sine		270	A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C};$	$t = 10\text{ ms (50 Hz)}$	9500	A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3\text{ ms (60 Hz)}$	10200	A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10\text{ ms (50 Hz)}$	8400	A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3\text{ ms (60 Hz)}$	9000	A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$	$t = 10\text{ ms (50 Hz)}$	451 000	A ² s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3\text{ ms (60 Hz)}$	437 000	A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10\text{ ms (50 Hz)}$	353 000	A ² s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3\text{ ms (60 Hz)}$	340 000	A ² s
T_{VJ}			-40...+150	°C
T_{VJM}			150	°C
T_{stg}			-40...+125	°C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1\text{ min}$	3000	V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1\text{ mA}$	$t = 1\text{ s}$	3600	V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M6)		4.5-7/40-62	Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M8)		11-13/97-115	Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws		750	g

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_{RRM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	30 mA
V_F	$I_F = 600 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.4 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	0.6 mΩ
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.140 K/W
	per module	0.07 K/W
R_{thJK}	per diode; DC current	0.18 K/W
	per module	0.09 K/W
Q_s	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 400 \text{ A}; -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	700 μC
I_{RM}		260 A
d_s	Creeping distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Creepage distance in air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Features

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al₂O₃-ceramic with copper base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered E 72873

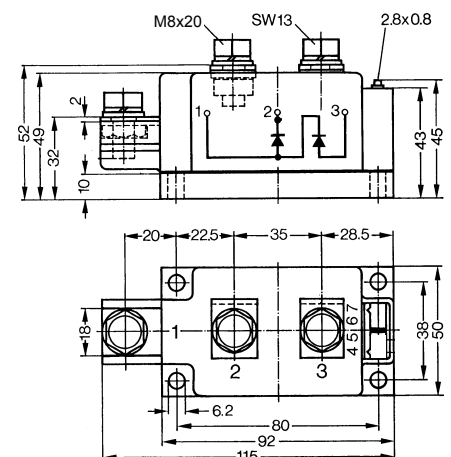
Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

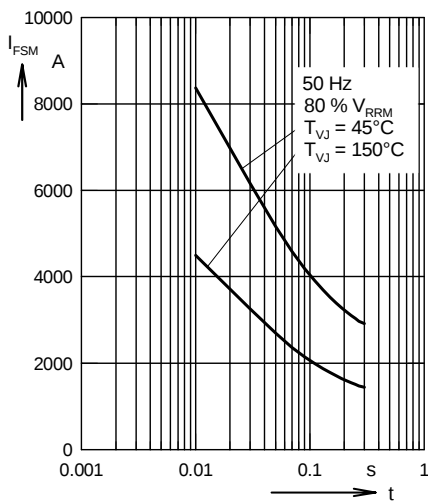


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

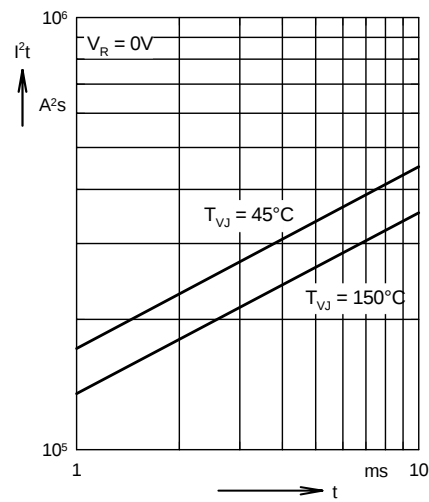


Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

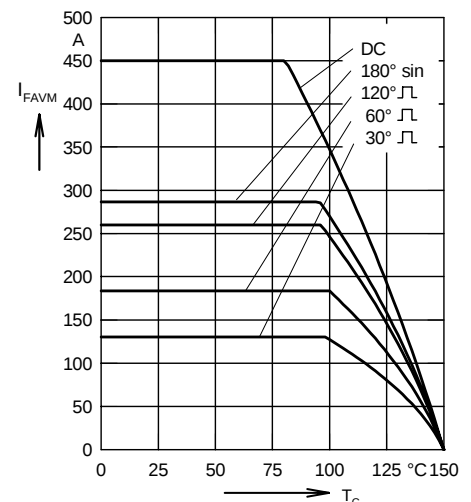


Fig. 3 Maximum forward current at case temperature

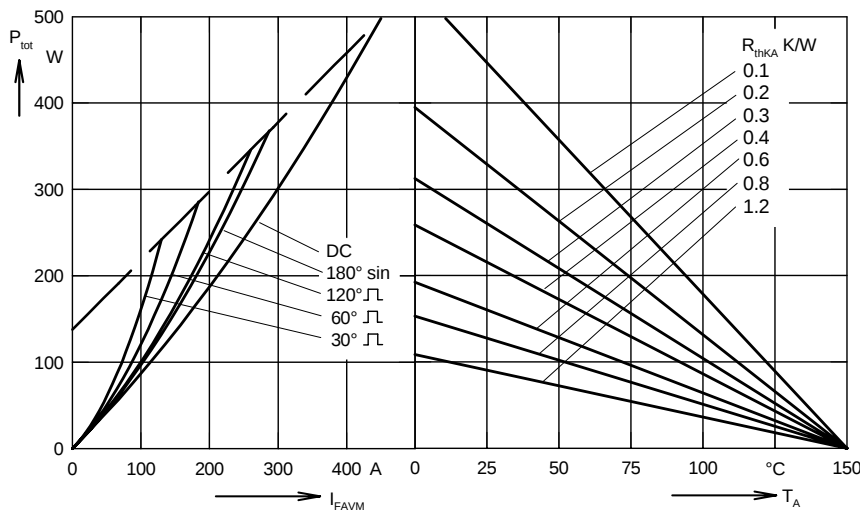


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)

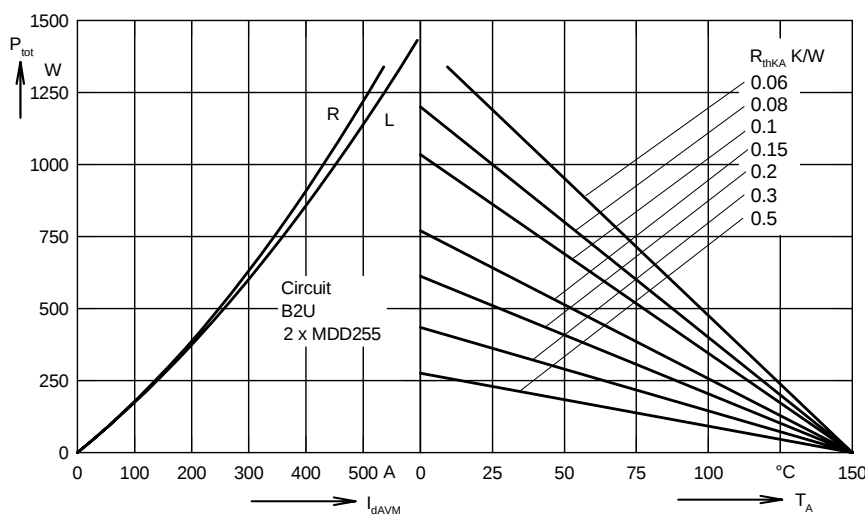


Fig. 5 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

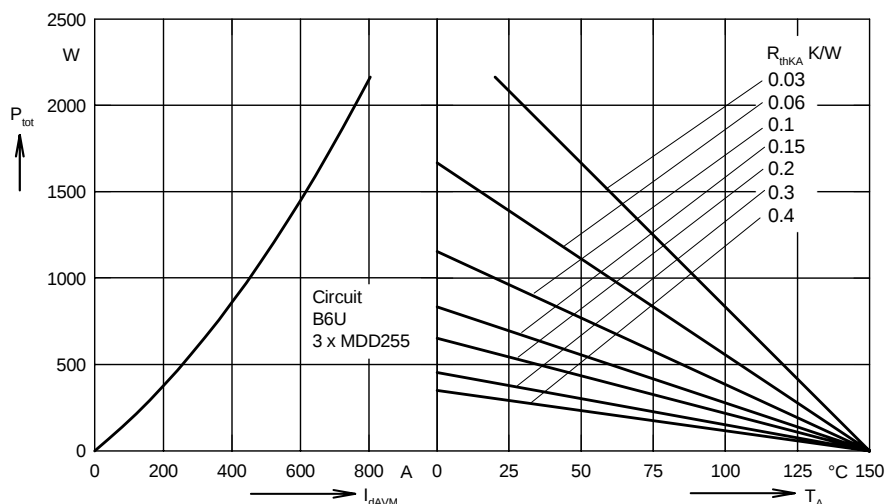


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

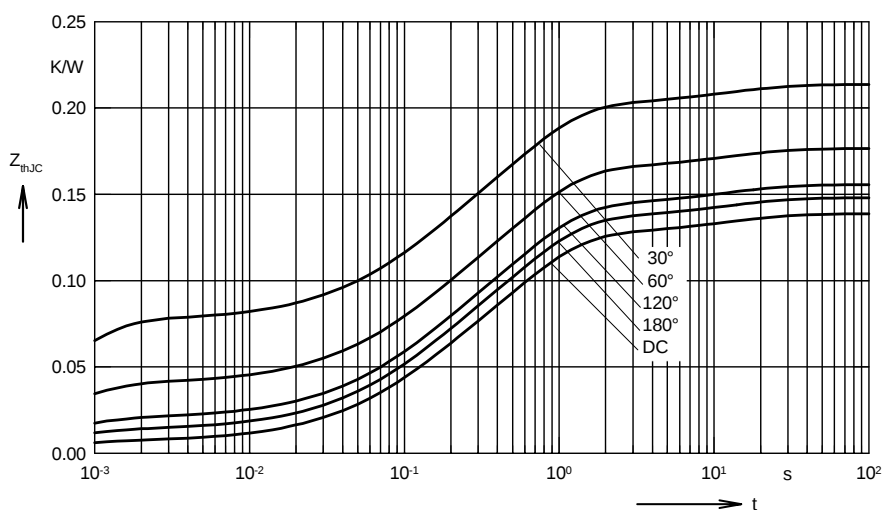


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.139
180°	0.148
120°	0.156
60°	0.176
30°	0.214

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0066	0.00054
2	0.0358	0.098
3	0.0831	0.54
4	0.0129	12

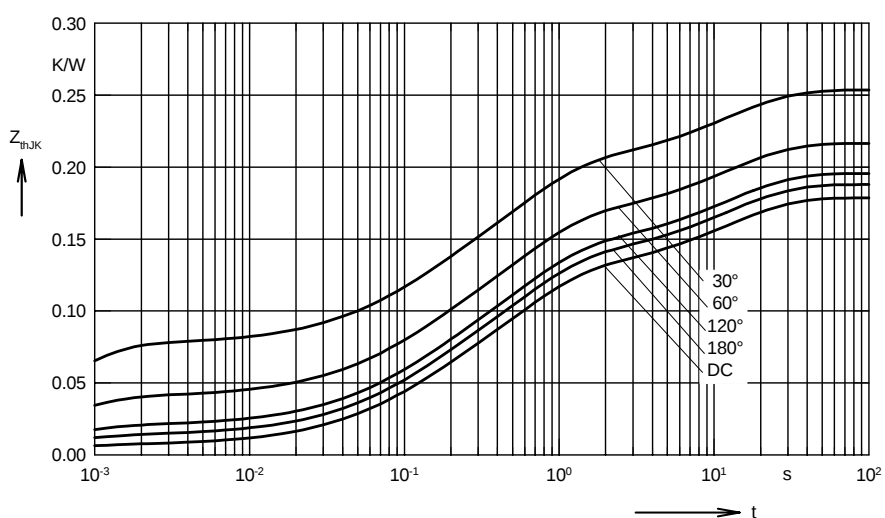


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.179
180°	0.188
120°	0.196
60°	0.216
30°	0.254

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0066	0.00054
2	0.0358	0.098
3	0.0831	0.54
4	0.0129	12
5	0.04	12

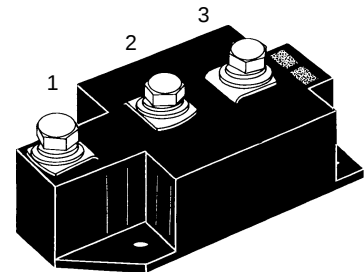
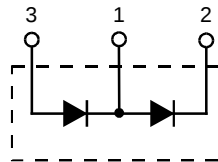
High Power Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 480 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 305 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 800\text{-}2200 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V	V_{RRM} V	Type
900	800	MDD 310-08N1
1300	1200	MDD 310-12N1
1500	1400	MDD 310-14N1
1700	1600	MDD 310-16N1
2100	2000	MDD 310-20N1
2300	2200	MDD 310-22N1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	480 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	305 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 11 500 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 12 200 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 9 600 A
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 10 200 A
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 662 000 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 620 000 A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz), sine}$ 460 000 A ² s
		$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz), sine}$ 430 000 A ² s
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS $t = 1 \text{ min}$	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$ $t = 1 \text{ s}$	3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M5)	2.5-5/22-44 Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M8)	12-15/106-132 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	320 g

Features

- Direct copper bonded Al_2O_3 -ceramic base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered, E 72873

Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

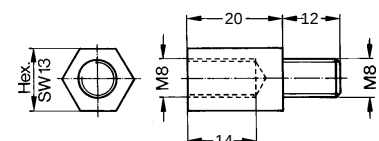
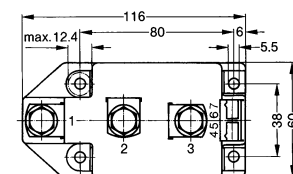
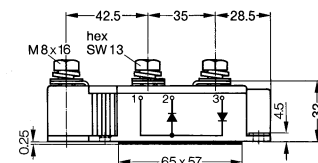
Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_{RRM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	40 mA
V_F	$I_F = 600 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.2 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.75 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	0.63 mΩ
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.129 K/W
R_{thJK}	per module	0.065 K/W
	per diode; DC current	0.169 K/W
	per module	0.0845 K/W
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 400 \text{ A}; -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	760 μC
I_{RM}		275 A
d_S	Creepage distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Strike distance through air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Threaded spacer for higher Anode/Cathode construction: Type ZY 250, material brass

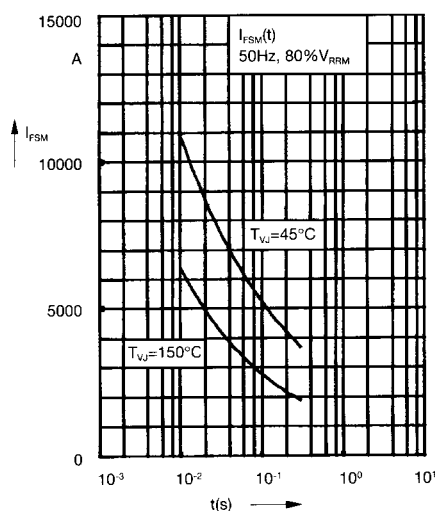


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

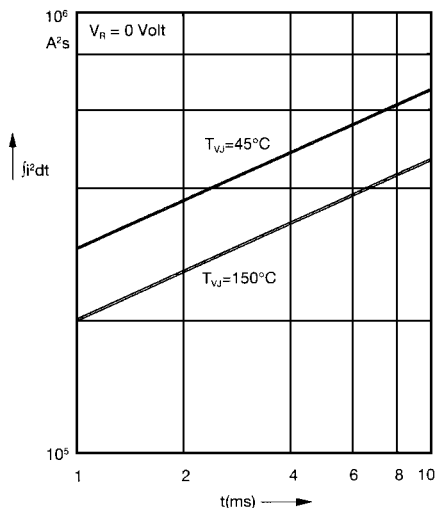


Fig. 2 $\int i^2 dt$ versus time (1-10 ms)

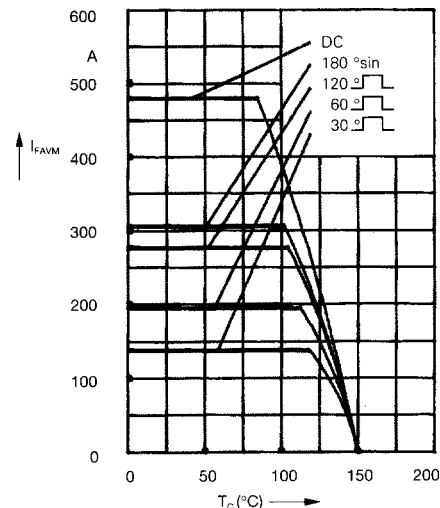


Fig. 2a Maximum forward current
at case temperature

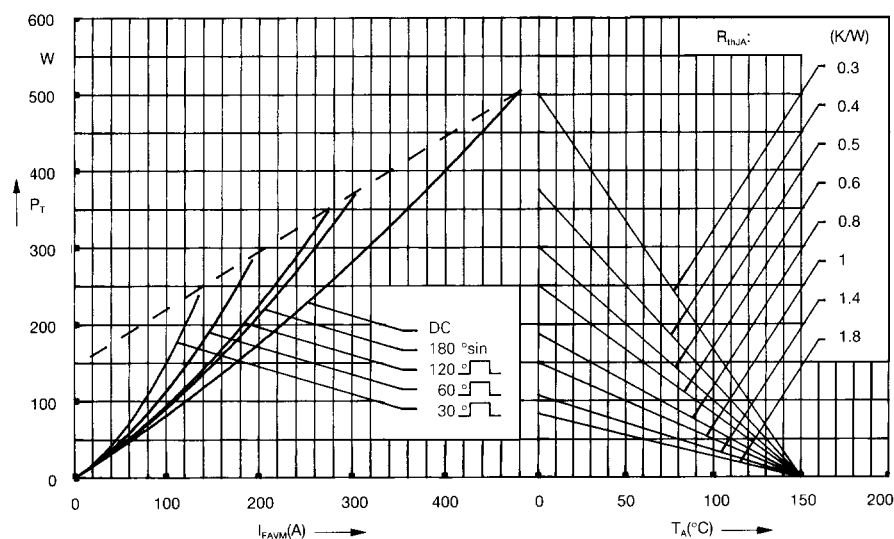


Fig. 3 Power dissipation versus
forward current and ambient
temperature (per diode)

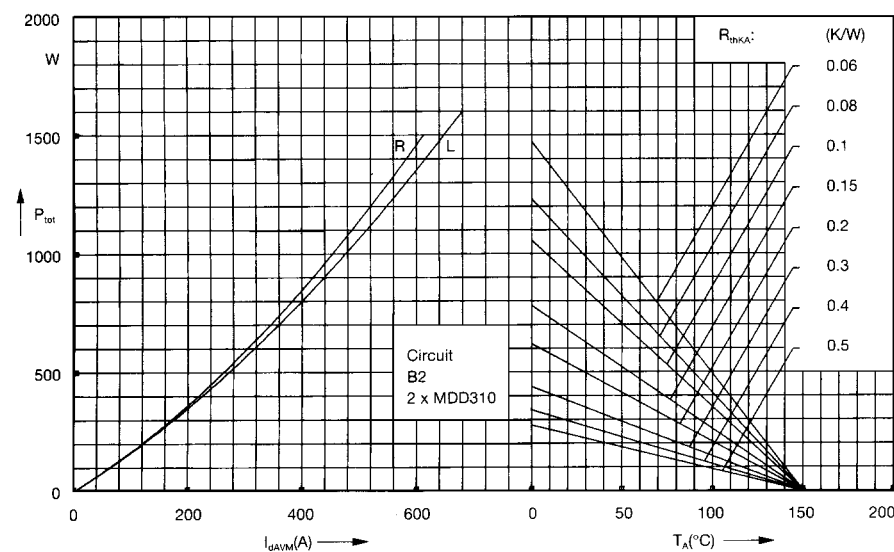


Fig. 4 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

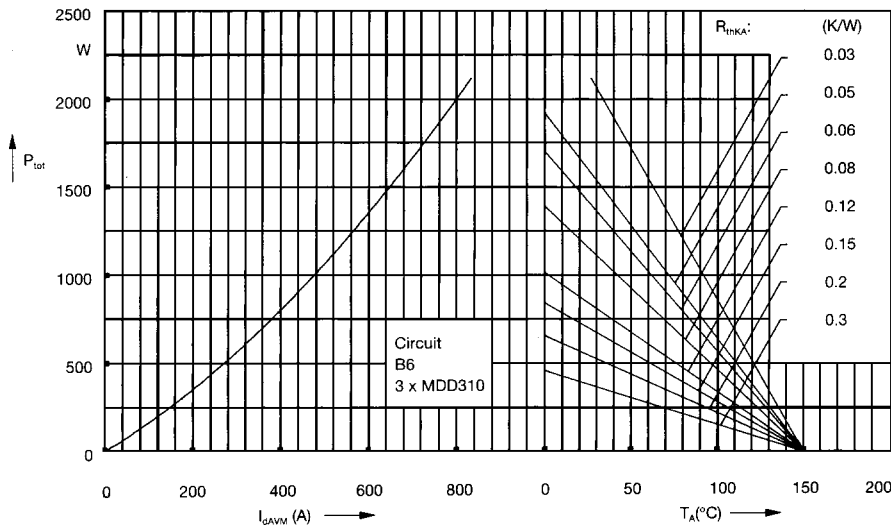


Fig. 5 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

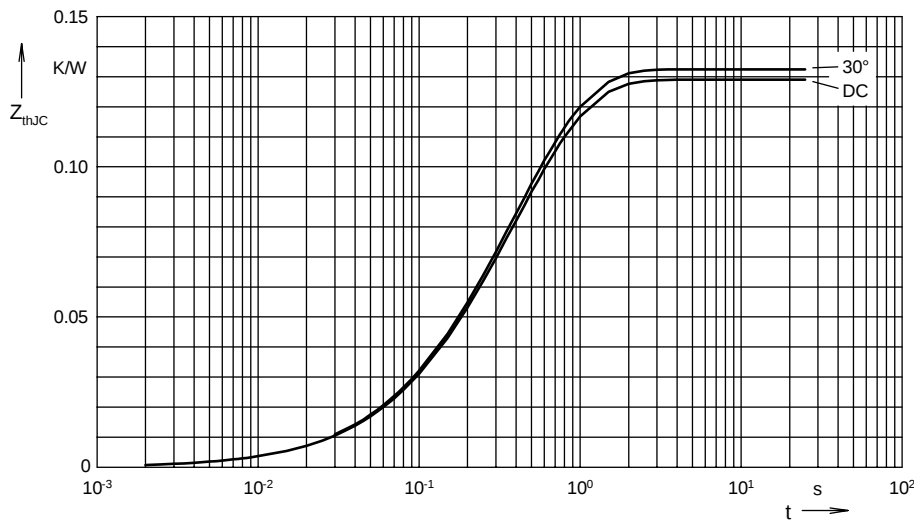


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

$R_{\theta JC}$ for various conduction angles d :

d	$R_{\theta JC}$ (K/W)
DC	0.129
180°	0.131
120°	0.132
60°	0.132
30°	0.133

Constants for $Z_{\theta JC}$ calculation:

i	$R_{\theta i}$ (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0099
2	0.0165	0.168
3	0.1091	0.456

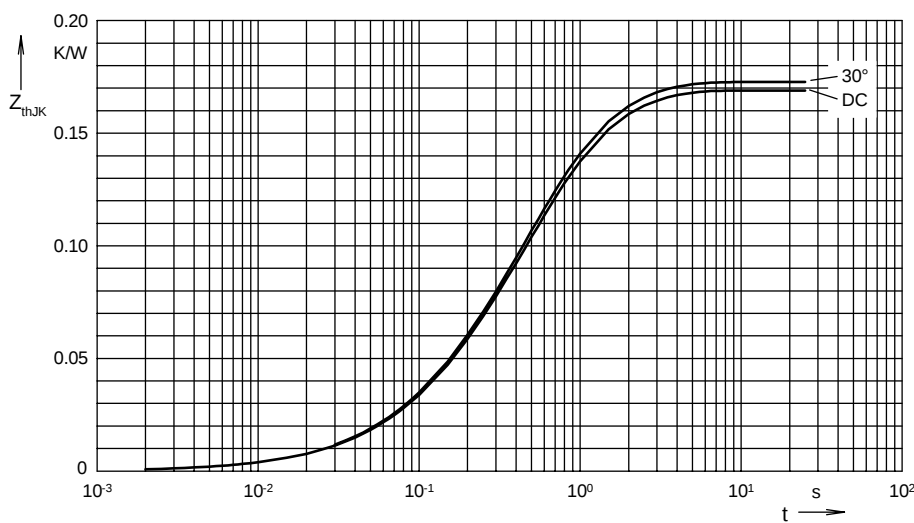


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

$R_{\theta JK}$ for various conduction angles d :

d	$R_{\theta JK}$ (K/W)
DC	0.169
180°	0.171
120°	0.172
60°	0.172
30°	0.173

Constants for $Z_{\theta JK}$ calculation:

i	$R_{\theta i}$ (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0099
2	0.0165	0.168
3	0.1091	0.456
4	0.04	1.36

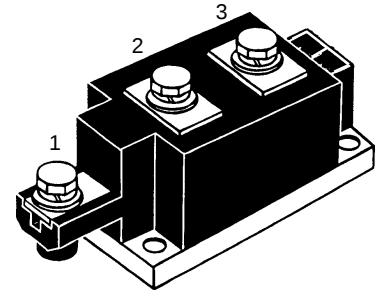
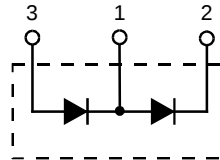
High Power Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 2 \times 520 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FAVM} = 2 \times 310 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 1200-2200 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V_{DSM} V	V_{RRM} V_{DRM} V	Type
1300	1200	MDD 312-12N1
1500	1400	MDD 312-14N1
1700	1600	MDD 312-16N1
1900	1800	MDD 312-18N1
2100	2000	MDD 312-20N1
2300	2200	MDD 312-22N1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	520 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	310 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	10500 A
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz)}$	11200 A
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz)}$	
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = 0$	9200 A
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz)}$	9800 A
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz)}$	
$\int i^2 dt$	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}; V_R = 0$	551000 A ² s
	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz)}$	527000 A ² s
	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz)}$	
T_{VJ}		-40...+150 °C
T_{VJM}		150 °C
T_{stg}		-40...+125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M6)	4.5-7/40-62 Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M8)	11-13/97-115 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	750 g
Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_{RRM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	30 mA
V_F	$I_F = 600 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.32 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only	0.8 V
r_T	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	0.6 mΩ
R_{thJC}	per diode; DC current	0.12 K/W
	per module	0.06 K/W
R_{thJK}	per diode; DC current	0.16 K/W
	per module	0.08 K/W
Q_S	$T_{VJ} = 125^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 400 \text{ A}; -di/dt = 50 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$	700 μC
I_{RM}		260 A
d_s	Creeping distance on surface	12.7 mm
d_A	Creepage distance in air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Features

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al₂O₃-ceramic with copper base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered E 72873

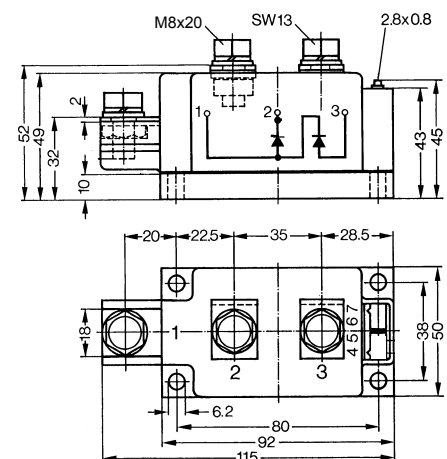
Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

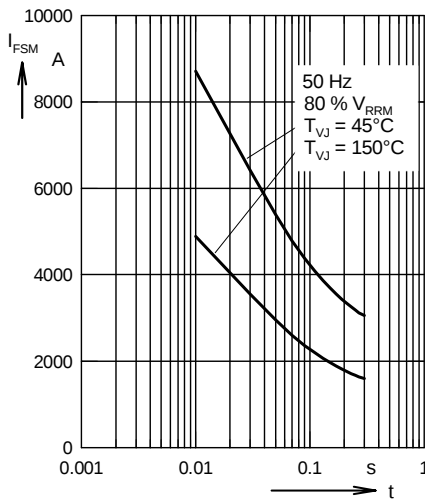


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

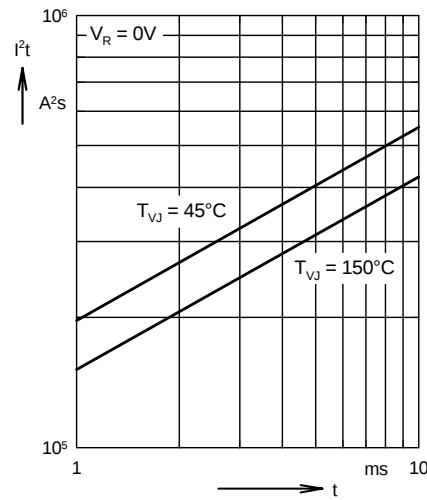


Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

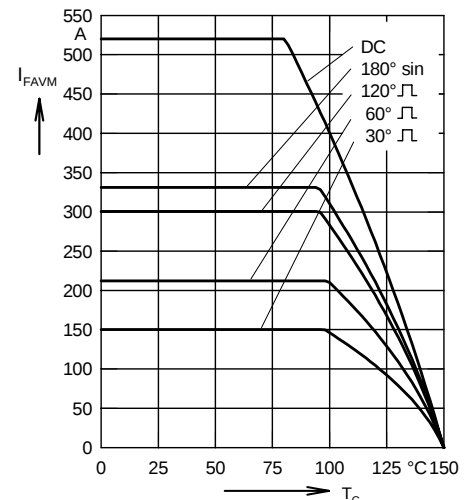


Fig. 3 Maximum forward current at case temperature

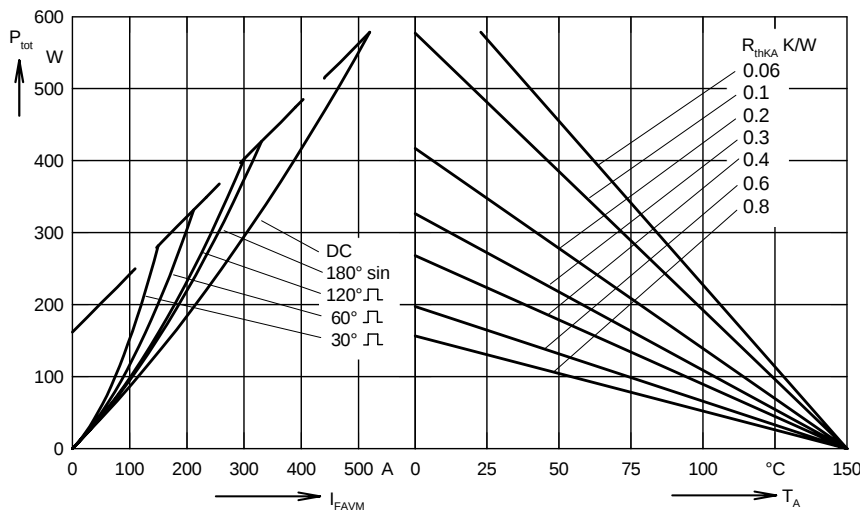


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature (per diode)

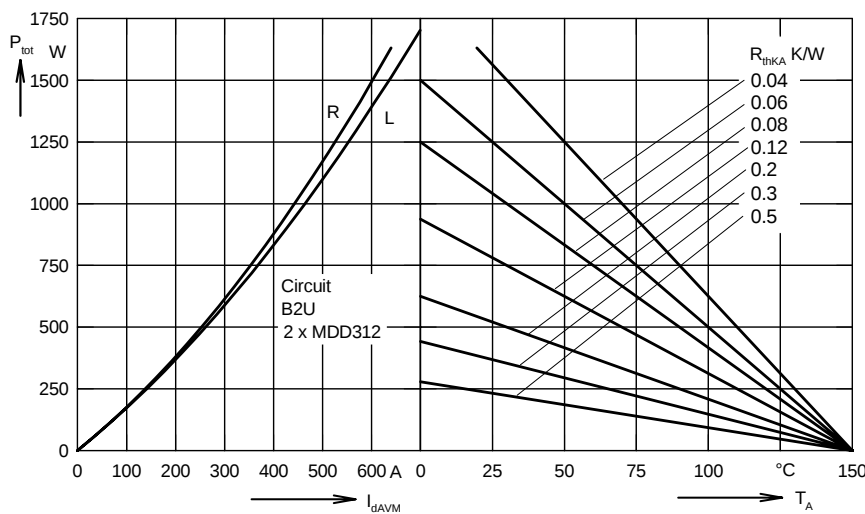


Fig. 5 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct output current and ambient temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

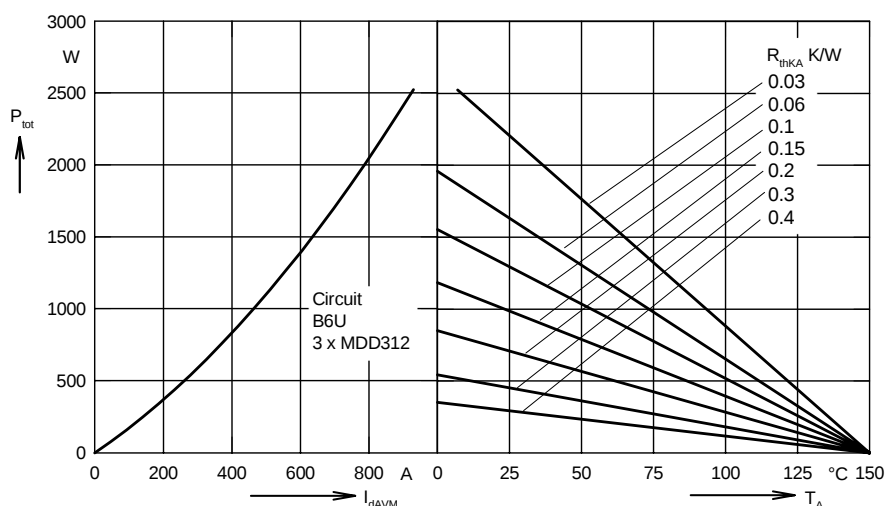


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

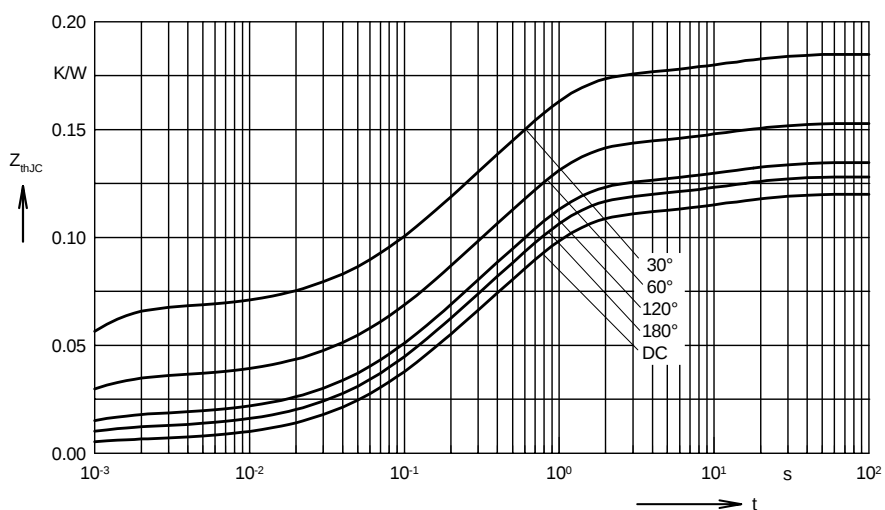


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case (per diode)

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.120
180°C	0.128
120°C	0.135
60°C	0.153
30°C	0.185

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0058	0.00054
2	0.031	0.098
3	0.072	0.54
4	0.0112	12

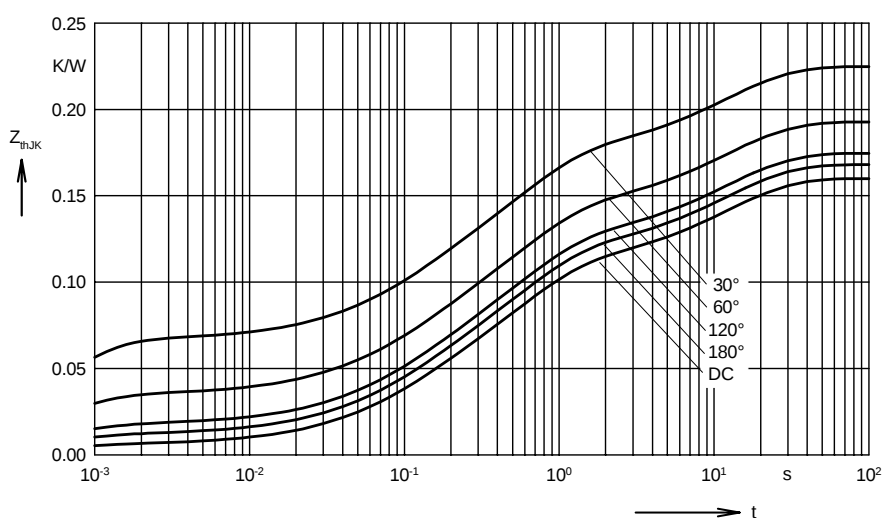


Fig. 9 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink (per diode)

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.160
180°C	0.168
120°C	0.175
60°C	0.193
30°C	0.225

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0058	0.00054
2	0.031	0.098
3	0.072	0.54
4	0.0112	12
5	0.04	12

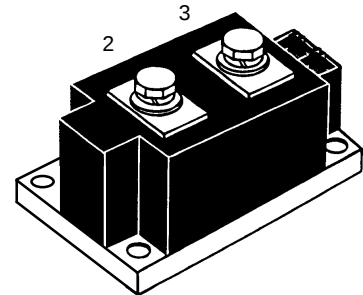
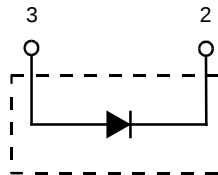
High Power Diode Modules

$$I_{FRMS} = 880 \text{ A}$$

$$I_{FAVM} = 560 \text{ A}$$

$$V_{RRM} = 1200-2200 \text{ V}$$

V_{RSM} V_{DSM} V	V_{RRM} V_{DRM} V	Type
1300	1200	MDO 500-12N1
1500	1400	MDO 500-14N1
1700	1600	MDO 500-16N1
1900	1800	MDO 500-18N1
2100	2000	MDO 500-20N1
2300	2200	MDO 500-22N1



Symbol	Test Conditions	Maximum Ratings
I_{FRMS}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	880 A
I_{FAVM}	$T_C = 85^\circ\text{C}; 180^\circ \text{ sine}$	560 A
I_{FSM}	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz)}$ 15000 A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz)}$ 16000 A
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz)}$ 13000 A
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz)}$ 14400 A
I^2t	$T_{VJ} = 45^\circ\text{C}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz)}$ 1125000 A ² s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz)}$ 1062000 A ² s
	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$	$t = 10 \text{ ms (50 Hz)}$ 845000 A ² s
	$V_R = 0$	$t = 8.3 \text{ ms (60 Hz)}$ 813000 A ² s
T_{VJ}		-40...140 °C
T_{VJM}		140 °C
T_{stg}		-40...125 °C
V_{ISOL}	50/60 Hz, RMS	$t = 1 \text{ min}$ 3000 V~
	$I_{ISOL} \leq 1 \text{ mA}$	$t = 1 \text{ s}$ 3600 V~
M_d	Mounting torque (M6)	4.5-7/40-62 Nm/lb.in.
	Terminal connection torque (M8)	11-13/97-115 Nm/lb.in.
Weight	Typical including screws	650 g

Symbol	Test Conditions	Characteristic Values
I_{RRM}	$T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}; V_R = V_{RRM}$	30 mA
V_F	$I_F = 1200 \text{ A}; T_{VJ} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	1.3 V
V_{T0}	For power-loss calculations only ($T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$)	0.8 V
r_T		0.38 mΩ
R_{thJC}	DC current	0.072 K/W
R_{thJK}	DC current	0.096 K/W
d_s	Creeping distance on surface	21.7 mm
d_A	Creepage distance in air	9.6 mm
a	Maximum allowable acceleration	50 m/s ²

Data according to IEC 60747 and refer to a single diode unless otherwise stated.
IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

Features

- International standard package
- Direct copper bonded Al₂O₃-ceramic with copper base plate
- Planar passivated chips
- Isolation voltage 3600 V~
- UL registered E 72873

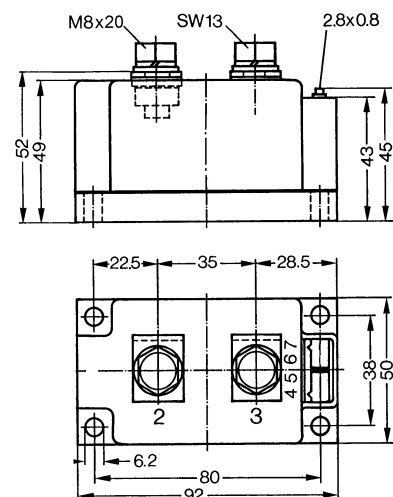
Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

Advantages

- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")



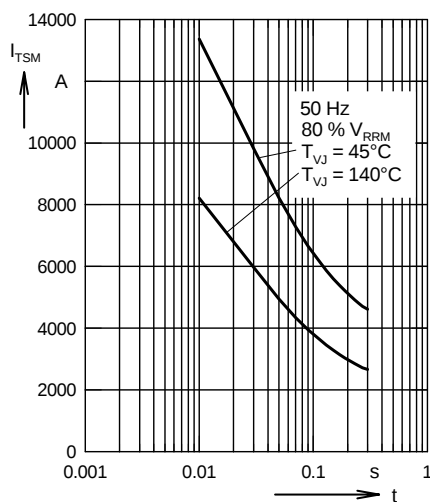


Fig. 1 Surge overload current
 I_{FSM} : Crest value, t : duration

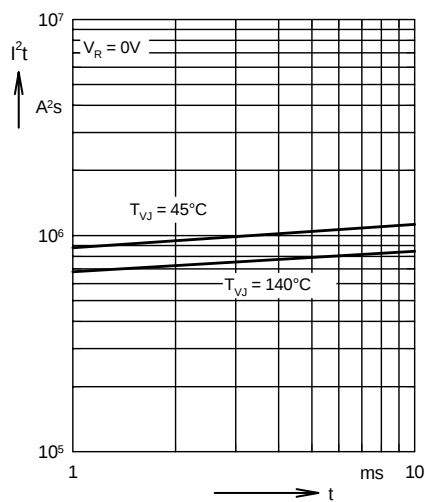


Fig. 2 I^2t versus time (1-10 ms)

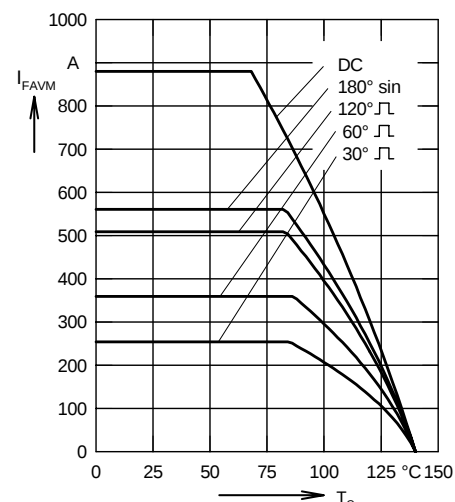


Fig. 3 Maximum forward current
at case temperature

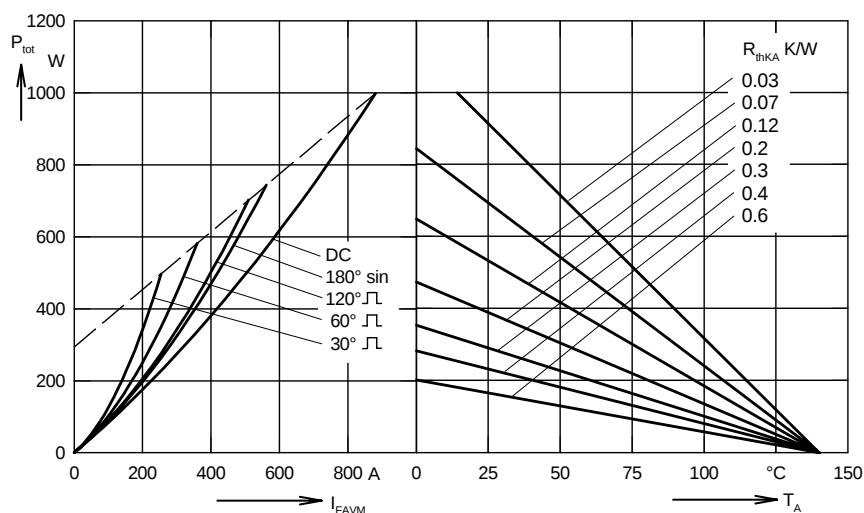


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus
forward current and ambient
temperature

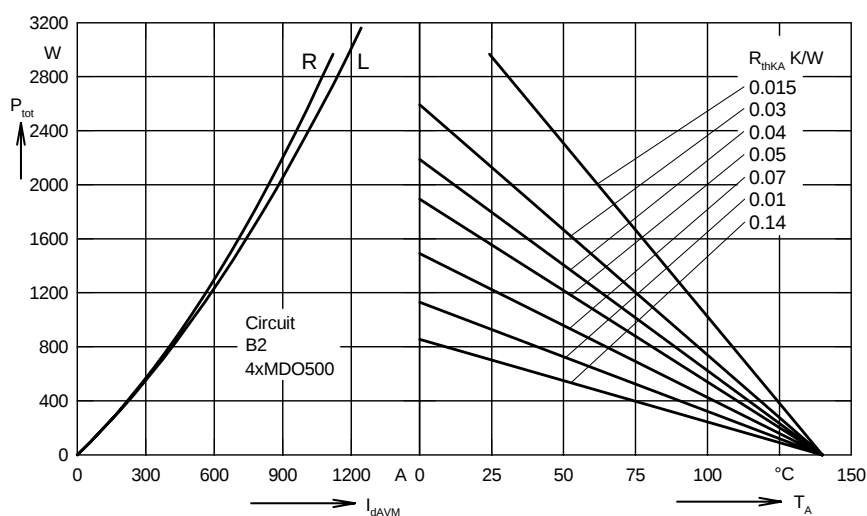


Fig. 5 Single phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature
R = resistive load
L = inductive load

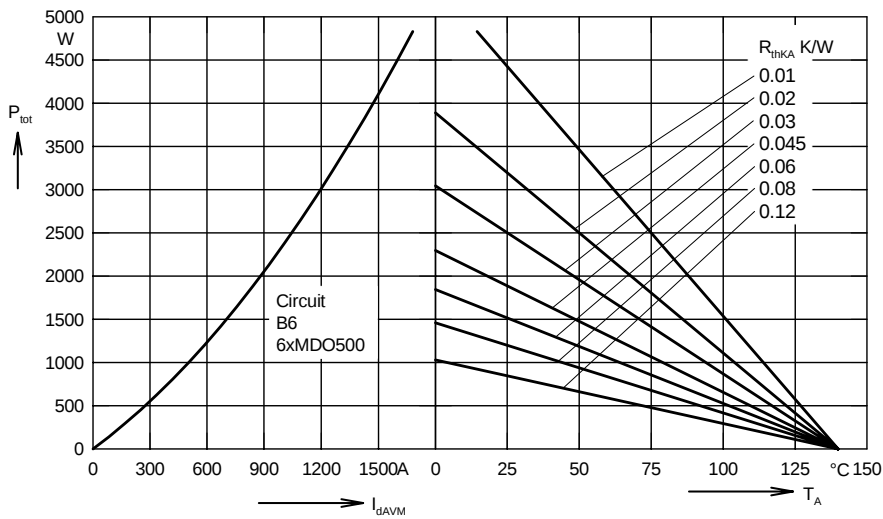


Fig. 6 Three phase rectifier bridge:
Power dissipation versus direct
output current and ambient
temperature

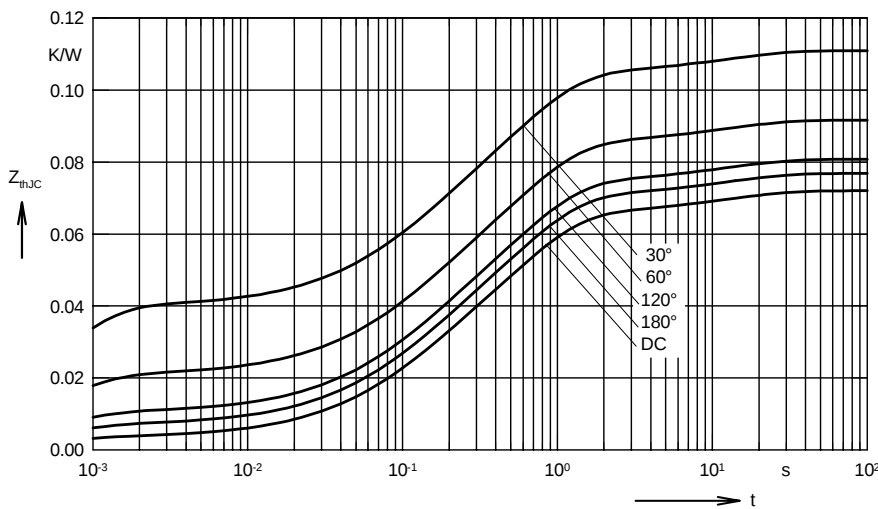


Fig. 7 Transient thermal impedance
junction to case

R_{thJC} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJC} (K/W)
DC	0.072
180°	0.0768
120°	0.081
60°	0.092
30°	0.111

Constants for Z_{thJC} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0054
2	0.0186	0.098
3	0.0432	0.54
4	0.0067	12

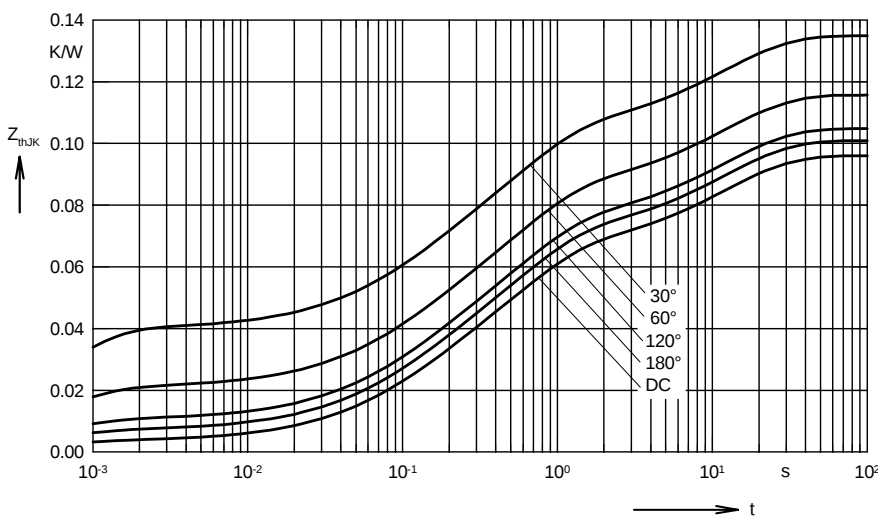


Fig. 8 Transient thermal impedance
junction to heatsink

R_{thJK} for various conduction angles d:

d	R_{thJK} (K/W)
DC	0.096
180°	0.1
120°	0.105
60°	0.116
30°	0.135

Constants for Z_{thJK} calculation:

i	R_{thi} (K/W)	t_i (s)
1	0.0035	0.0054
2	0.0186	0.098
3	0.0432	0.54
4	0.0067	12
5	0.024	12