

# 2.5V SINGLE DATA RATE 1:10 CLOCK BUFFER

# IDT5T907 ADVANCED INFORMATION

## **FEATURES:**

- Guaranteed Low Skew < 25ps (typ)</li>
- Very low duty cycle distortion < 300ps (max)</li>
- High speed propagation delay < 2.5ns. (max)
- Up to 250MHz operation
- · Very low CMOS power levels
- 1.5V VDDQ for HSTL interface
- · Hot insertable and over-voltage tolerant inputs
- · 3-level inputs for selectable interface
- Selectable HSTL, eHSTL, 1.8V / 2.5V LVTTL, or LVEPECL input interface
- Selectable differential or single-ended inputs and ten single-ended outputs
- 2.5V VDD
- Available in TSSOP package

## **APPLICATIONS:**

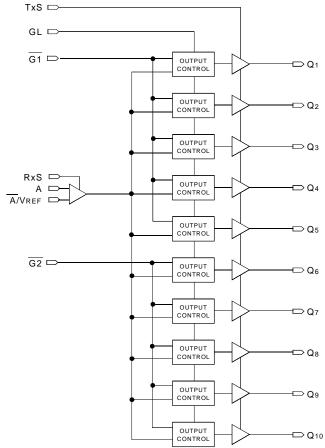
· Clock and signal distribution

### **DESCRIPTION:**

The IDT5T907 2.5V single data rate (SDR) clock buffer is a user-selectable single-ended or differential input to ten single-ended outputs buffer built on advanced metal CMOS technology. The SDR clock buffer fanout from a single or differential input to ten single-ended outputs reduces the loading on the preceding driver and provides an efficient clock distribution network. The IDT5T907 can act as a translator from a differential HSTL, eHSTL, 1.8V/2.5V LVTTL, LVEPECL, or single-ended 1.8V/2.5V LVTTL input to HSTL, eHSTL, 1.8V/2.5V LVTTL outputs. Selectable interface is controlled by 3-level input signals that may be hard-wired to appropriate high-mid-low levels.

The IDT5T907 has two output banks that can be asynchronously enabled/disabled. Multiple power and grounds reduce noise.

# **FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM**

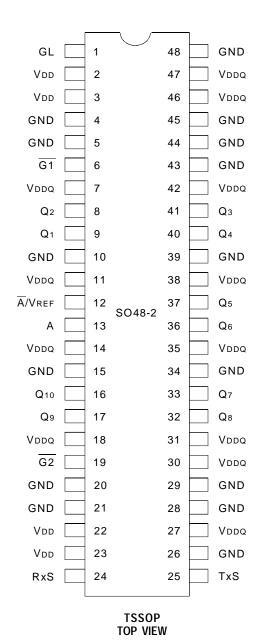


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INDUSTRIAL TEMPERATURE RANGE

**DECEMBER 2001** 

## **PIN CONFIGURATION**



# **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**(1)

Symbol	Description	Max	Unit
VDD	Power Supply Voltage	-0.5 to +3.6	V
VDDQ	Output Power Supply <sup>(2)</sup>	-0.5 to +3.6	V
Vı	Input Voltage	-0.5 to +3.6	V
Vo	Output Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.5 to VDDQ +0.5	٧
VREF	Reference Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	-0.5 to +3.6	V
Tstg	Storage Temperature	-65 to +165	°C
TJ	Junction Temperature	150	°C

### NOTES:

- Stresses greater than those listed under ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS may cause
  permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation
  of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational
  sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating
  conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.
- VDDQ and VDD operate independently. No power sequencing requirements need to be met.
- 3. Not to exceed 3.6V.

# **CAPACITANCE**(1) (TA = +25°C, F = 1.0MHz)

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CIN	Input Capacitance		6	1	pF

### NOTE:

1. This parameter is measured at characterization but not tested.

# **RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE**

Symbol	Description	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
TA	Ambient Operating Temperature	<b>–40</b>	+25	+85	°C
VDD	Internal Power Supply Voltage	2.3	2.5	2.7	V
	HSTL Output Power Supply Voltage	1.4	1.5	1.6	V
VDDQ	Extended HSTL and 1.8V LVTTL Output Power Supply Voltage	1.65	1.8	1.95	V
	2.5V LVTTL Output Power Supply Voltage		Vdd		V
VT	Termination Voltage		VDDQ/2		V

## **PIN DESCRIPTION**

Symbol	I/O	Туре	Description			
Α	I	Adjustable <sup>(1)</sup>	Clock input. A is the "true" side of the differential clock input. If operating in single-ended mode, A is the clock input.			
Ā/VREF	I	Adjustable <sup>(1)</sup>	Complementary clock input. $\overline{A}$ /VREF is the "complementary" side of A if the input is in differential mode. If operating in single-ended mode, $\overline{A}$ /VREF is connected to GND. For single-ended operation in differential mode, $\overline{A}$ /VREF should be set to the desired toggle voltage for A:			
			2.5VLVTTL VREF = 1250mV			
			1.8V LVTTL, eHSTL VREF = 900mV			
			HSTL VREF = 750mV			
			LVEPECL VREF = 1082mV			
G1	I	LVTTL	Gate for outputs Q <sub>1</sub> through Q <sub>5</sub> . When $\overline{G1}$ is LOW, these outputs are enabled. When $\overline{G1}$ is HIGH, these outputs are asynchronously disabled to the level designated by $GL^{(4)}$ .			
G2	I	LVTTL	Gate for outputs $Q_6$ through $Q_{10}$ . When $\overline{G2}$ is LOW, these outputs are enabled. When $\overline{G2}$ is HIGH, these outputs are asynchronously disabled to the level designated by $G_{10}$ .			
GL	ı	LVTTL	Specifies output disable level. If HIGH, the outputs disable HIGH. If LOW, the outputs disable LOW.			
Qn	0	Adjustable <sup>(2)</sup>	Clock outputs			
RxS	I	3 Level <sup>(3)</sup>	Selects single-ended 2.5V LVTTL (HIGH), 1.8V LVTTL (MID) clock input or differential (LOW) clock input			
TxS	I	3 Level <sup>(3)</sup>	Sets the drive strength of the output drivers to be 2.5V LVTTL (HIGH), 1.8V LVTTL (MID) or HSTL (LOW) compatible. Used in conjunction with VDDQ to set the interface levels.			
VDD		PWR	Power supply for the device core and inputs			
VDDQ		PWR	Power supply for the device outputs. When utilizing 2.5V LVTTL outputs, VDDQ should be connected to VDD.			
GND		PWR	Power supply return for all power			

### NOTES:

1. Inputs are capable of translating the following interface standards. User can select between:

Single-ended 2.5V LVTTL levels

Single-ended 1.8V LVTTL levels

or

Differential 2.5V/1.8V LVTTL levels

Differential HSTL and eHSTL levels

Differential LVEPECL levels

- 2. Outputs are user selectable to drive 2.5V, 1.8V LVTTL, eHSTL, or HSTL interface levels when used with the appropriate VDDQ voltage.
- $3.\ 3\ level\ inputs\ are\ static\ inputs\ and\ must\ be\ tied\ to\ V_{DD}\ or\ GND\ or\ left\ floating.$  These inputs are not hot-insertable or over-voltage\ tolerant.
- 4. Because the gate controls are asynchronous, runt pulses are possible. It is the user's responsibility to either time the gate control signals to minimize the possibility of runt pulses or be able to tolerate them in down stream circuitry.

# INPUT/OUTPUT SELECTION(1)

INPUT/OUTPUT SELECTION.					
Input	Output				
2.5V LVTTL SE	2.5VLVTTL				
1.8V LVTTL SE					
2.5V LVTTL DSE					
1.8V LVTTL DSE					
LVEPECL DSE					
eHSTL DSE					
HSTL DSE					
2.5V LVTTL DIF					
1.8V LVTTL DIF					
LVEPECL DIF					
eHSTL DIF					
HSTL DIF					
2.5V LVTTL SE	1.8VLVTTL				
1.8V LVTTL SE					
2.5V LVTTL DSE					
1.8V LVTTL DSE					
LVEPECL DSE					
eHSTL DSE					
HSTL DSE					
2.5V LVTTL DIF					
1.8V LVTTL DIF					
LVEPECL DIF					
eHSTL DIF					
HSTL DIF					

Input	Output
2.5V LVTTL SE	eHSTL
1.8V LVTTL SE	
2.5V LVTTL DSE	
1.8V LVTTL DSE	
LVEPECL DSE	
eHSTL DSE	
HSTL DSE	
2.5V LVTTL DIF	
1.8V LVTTL DIF	
LVEPECL DIF	
eHSTL DIF	
HSTL DIF	
2.5V LVTTL SE	HSTL
1.8V LVTTL SE	
2.5V LVTTL DSE	
1.8V LVTTL DSE	
LVEPECL DSE	
eHSTL DSE	
HSTL DSE	
2.5V LVTTL DIF	
1.8V LVTTL DIF	
LVEPECL DIF	
eHSTL DIF	
HSTL DIF	

### NOTE:

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Max	Unit
Vihh	Input HIGH Voltage Level(1)	3-Level Inputs Only		VDD - 0.6	_	V
Vimm	Input MID Voltage Level(1)	3-Level Inputs Only		V <sub>DD</sub> /2 - 0.3	V <sub>DD</sub> /2 + 0.3	V
VILL	Input LOW Voltage Level(1)	3-Level Inputs Only		ı	0.6	V
		Vin = Vdd	HIGH Level	_	200	
<b>l</b> 3	3-Level Input DC Current (RxS, TxS)	VIN = VDD/2	MID Level	-50	+50	μΑ
		Vin = GND	LOW Level	-200	_	

<sup>1.</sup> The INPUT/OUTPUT SELECTION Table describes the total possible combinations of input and output interfaces. Single-Ended (SE) inputs in a single-ended mode require the A/VREF pin to be connected to GND. Differential Single-Ended (DSE) is for single-ended operation in differential mode, requiring a VREF. Differential (DIF) inputs are used only in differential mode.

<sup>1.</sup> These inputs are normally wired to VDD, GND, or left floating.

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR HSTL(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions		Min.	Typ. <sup>(7)</sup>	Max	Unit
Input Chara	cteristics	•		•		•	
Іін	Input HIGH Current	VDD = 2.7V	VI = VDDQ/GND	_	_	±5	μΑ
IIL	Input LOW Current	VDD = 2.7V	VI = GND/VDDQ	_	_	±5	
Vık	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.3V, IIN =	-18mA	_	- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		+3.6	V
VDIF	DC Differential Voltage <sup>(2,8)</sup>			0.2		_	V
Vсм	DC Common Mode Input Voltage <sup>(3,8)</sup>			680	750	900	mV
ViH	DC Input HIGH(4,5,8)			VREF + 100		_	mV
VIL	DC Input LOW <sup>(4,6,8)</sup>			_		VREF - 100	mV
Vref	Single-Ended Reference Voltage <sup>(4,8)</sup>			_	750	_	mV
Output Cha	racteristics	•		•			
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	Іон = -8mA		VDDQ - 0.4		_	V
		Іон = -100μА		VDDQ - 0.1		_	V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	IoL = 8mA		_		0.4	V
		IoL = 100μA		_		0.1	V

### NOTES:

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. Voir specifies the minimum input differential voltage (VTR VcP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VcP is the "complement" input level. Differential mode only. The DC differential voltage must be maintained to guarantee retaining the existing HIGH or LOW input. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 3. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + Vcp) /2. Differential mode only.
- 4. For single-ended operation, in differential mode, A/VREF is tied to the DC voltage VREF.
- 5. Voltage required to maintain a logic HIGH, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 6. Voltage required to maintain a logic LOW, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 7. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, VDDQ = 1.5V, +25°C ambient.
- 8. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.

# POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS FOR HSTL OUTPUTS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Тур.	Max	Unit
IDDQ	Quiescent Vdd Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(2)	_	_	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
Iddaa	Quiescent VDDQ Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(2)	_	_	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
<b>I</b> DDD	Dynamic Vdd Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	_	_	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
IDDDQ	Dynamic VDDQ Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	_	_	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
Ітот	Total Power Vdd Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	mA
		VDDQ = 1.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 250MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	]
Ιτοτο	Total Power Vdda Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.5V, Freference clock = 100MHz, Cl = 15pF	_	_	mA
		VDDQ = 1.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 250MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	Ī

- 1. These power consumption characteristics are for all the valid input interfaces and cover the worst case input and output interface combinations.
- 2. If the differential input interface is used, the true input is held LOW and the complementary input is held HIGH.

## DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR HSTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
<b>V</b> DIF	Input Signal Swing <sup>(1)</sup>	1	V
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point <sup>(2)</sup>	750	mV
<b>V</b> THI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level <sup>(3)</sup>	Crossing Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate <sup>(4)</sup>	1	V/ns

### NOTES:

- 1. The 1V peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the VDIF (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A 750mV crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 1V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR eHSTL(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	onditions	Min.	Typ. <sup>(7)</sup>	Max	Unit
Input Chara	cteristics						
Іін	Input HIGH Current	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V	$V_{I} = V_{DDQ}/GND$	_	_	±5	μА
lıL	Input LOW Current	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V	$V_{I} = GND/V_{DDQ}$	_	_	±5	
Vık	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.3V, IIN =	-18mA	_	- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		+3.6	V
VDIF	DC Differential Voltage <sup>(2,8)</sup>			0.2		_	V
Vсм	DC Common Mode Input Voltage <sup>(3,8)</sup>			800	900	1000	mV
VIH	DC Input HIGH(4,5,8)			VREF + 100		_	mV
VIL	DC Input LOW <sup>(4,6,8)</sup>			_		VREF - 100	mV
Vref	Single-Ended Reference Voltage <sup>(4,8)</sup>			_	900	_	mV
Output Cha	acteristics						
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	Іон = -8mA		VDDQ - 0.4		_	V
		Іон = -100μА		VDDQ - 0.1		_	V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	IoL = 8mA		_		0.4	V
		Ιοι = 100μΑ		_		0.1	V

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. VDIF specifies the minimum input differential voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. Differential mode only. The DC differential voltage must be maintained to guarantee retaining the existing HIGH or LOW input. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 3. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + VcP) /2. Differential mode only.
- 4. For single-ended operation, in a differential mode,  $\overline{\text{A}}\text{VREF}$  is tied to the DC voltage VREF.
- 5. Voltage required to maintain a logic HIGH, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 6. Voltage required to maintain a logic LOW, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 7. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, VDDQ = 1.8V,  $+25^{\circ}C$  ambient.
- 8. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.

# POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS FOR eHSTL OUTPUTS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Тур.	Max	Unit
IDDQ	Quiescent Vdd Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(2)	_	_	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
IDDQQ	Quiescent VDDQ Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(2)	_	_	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
IDDD	Dynamic Vdd Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	_	_	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
IDDDQ	Dynamic VDDQ Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	_	_	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
Ітот	Total Power Vdd Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	mA
		VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 250MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	
Ιτοτο	Total Power VDDQ Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	mA
		VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 250MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	

### NOTES:

- 1. These power consumption characteristics are for all the valid input interfaces and cover the worst case input and output interface combinations.
- 2. If the differential input interface is used, the true input is held LOW and the complementary input is held HIGH.

## DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR eHSTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
Vdif	Input Signal Swing <sup>(1)</sup>	1	V
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point <sup>(2)</sup>	900	mV
<b>V</b> THI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level <sup>(3)</sup>	Crossing Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate <sup>(4)</sup>	1	V/ns

### NOTES:

- 1. The 1V peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the VDIF (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A 900mV crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 1V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR LVEPECL<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	onditions	Min.	Тур.(2)	Max	Unit
Input Chara	cteristics						
Іін	Input HIGH Current	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V	$V_I = V_{DDQ}/GND$	_	_	±5	μΑ
lıL	Input LOW Current	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V	VI = GND/VDDQ	_	_	±5	
Vık	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.3V, IIN =	-18mA	_	- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3	_	3.6	V
Vсм	DC Common Mode Input Voltage <sup>(3,5)</sup>			915	1082	1248	mV
VREF	Single-Ended Reference Voltage(4,5)			_	1082	_	mV
ViH	DC Input HIGH			1275	_	1620	mV
VIL	DC Input LOW			555	_	875	mV

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, +25°C ambient.
- 3. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + VcP) /2. Differential mode only.
- 4. For single-ended operation while in differential mode,  $\overline{\text{A}}/\text{V}_{\text{REF}}$  is tied to the DC voltage VREF.
- 5. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.

# DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR LVEPECL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
<b>V</b> DIF	Input Signal Swing <sup>(1)</sup>	732	mV
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point <sup>(2)</sup>	1082	mV
<b>V</b> THI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level <sup>(3)</sup>	Crossing Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate <sup>(4)</sup>	1	V/ns

#### NOTES:

- 1. The 732mV peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the V<sub>DIF</sub> (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A 1082mV crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 1V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR 2.5V LVTTL<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	onditions	Min.	Typ. <sup>(8)</sup>	Max	Unit
nput Chara	cteristics	•					
Іін	Input HIGH Current	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V	VI = VDDQ/GND		_	±5	μΑ
lıL	Input LOW Current	V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.7V	VI = GND/VDDQ		_	±5	
Vıĸ	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.3V, IIN =	-18mA	_	- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		+3.6	V
ingle-Ende	ed Inputs <sup>(2)</sup>						
ViH	DC Input HIGH			1.7		_	V
VIL	DC Input LOW			_		0.7	V
ifferential	Inputs						
VDIF	DC Differential Voltage <sup>(3,9)</sup>			0.2		_	V
VcM	DC Common Mode Input Voltage <sup>(4,9)</sup>			1150	1250	1350	mV
VIH	DC Input HIGH(5,6,9)			VREF + 100		_	mV
VIL	DC Input LOW <sup>(5,7,9)</sup>					VREF - 100	mV
VREF	Single-Ended Reference Voltage <sup>(5,9)</sup>				1250		mV
output Chai	racteristics	_					
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	Iон = -12mA		VDDQ - 0.4		_	V
		Іон = -100μА		VDDQ - 0.1		_	V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	IoL = 12mA				0.4	V
		IoL = 100μA		T - I		0.1	V

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. For 2.5V LVTTL single-ended operation, the RxS pin is tied HIGH and AVREF is tied to GND.
- 3. VDIF specifies the minimum input differential voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. Differential mode only. The DC differential voltage must be maintained to guarantee retaining the existing HIGH or LOW input. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 4. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + VcP) /2. Differential mode only.
- 5. For single-ended operation, in differential mode,  $\overline{A}/VREF$  is tied to the DC voltage VREF.
- 6. Voltage required to maintain a logic HIGH, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 7. Voltage required to maintain a logic LOW, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 8. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, VDDQ = VDD, +25°C ambient.
- 9. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.

# POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS FOR 2.5V LVTTL OUTPUTS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Тур.	Max	Unit
IDDQ	Quiescent Vdd Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
IDDQQ	Quiescent VDDQ Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW <sup>(2)</sup>	_	_	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
IDDD	Dynamic Vdd Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = OpF	_	_	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
IDDDQ	Dynamic VDDQ Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = OpF	_	_	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
Ітот	Total Power Vdd Supply Current	VDDQ = 2.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	mA
		VDDQ = 2.5V, Freference clock = 200MHz, Cl = 15pF	_	_	
Ітото	Total Power VDDQ Supply Current	VDDQ = 2.5V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	mA
		VDDQ = 2.5V, Freference clock = 200MHz, Cl = 15pF	_	_	

### NOTES:

- 1. These power consumption characteristics are for all the valid input interfaces and cover the worst case input and output interface combinations.
- 2. If the differential input interface is used, the true input is held LOW and the complementary input is held HIGH.

## **DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR 2.5V LVTTL**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
VDIF	Input Signal Swing <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point <sup>(2)</sup>	V <sub>DD</sub> /2	V
Vтні	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level <sup>(3)</sup>	Crossing Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate <sup>(4)</sup>	2.5	V/ns

## NOTES:

- 1. A nominal 2.5V peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the VDIF (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A nominal 1.25V crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 2.5V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

## SINGLE-ENDED INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR 2.5V LVTTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
ViH	Input HIGH Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub>	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	0	V
<b>V</b> THI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level <sup>(1)</sup>	V <sub>DD</sub> /2	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate <sup>(2)</sup>	2	V/ns

- 1. A nominal 1.25V timing measurement reference level is specified to allow constant, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment.
- 2. The input signal edge rate of 2V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 10% to 90% range of the input waveform.

# DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE FOR 1.8V LVTTL<sup>(1)</sup>

Symbol	Parameter	Test Co	nditions	Min.	Typ. <sup>(8)</sup>	Max	Unit
Input Chara	cteristics						
Іін	Input HIGH Current	VDD = 2.7V	Vi = Vddq/GND	_	_	±5	μΑ
lıL	Input LOW Current	VDD = 2.7V	$V_I = GND/V_{DDQ}$	_	_	±5	
Vık	Clamp Diode Voltage	VDD = 2.3V, IIN =	-18mA	_	- 0.7	- 1.2	V
Vin	DC Input Voltage			- 0.3		VDDQ + 0.3	V
Single-End	ed Inputs <sup>(2)</sup>	•		•			
ViH	DC Input HIGH			1.073(10)		_	V
VIL	DC Input LOW			_		0.683(11)	٧
Differential	Inputs						
Vdif	DC Differential Voltage <sup>(3,9)</sup>			0.2		_	V
<b>V</b> cM	DC Common Mode Input Voltage <sup>(4,9)</sup>			825	900	975	mV
ViH	DC Input HIGH <sup>(5,6,9)</sup>			VREF + 100		_	mV
VIL	DC Input LOW <sup>(5,7,9)</sup>			_		VREF - 100	mV
VREF	Single-Ended Reference Voltage <sup>(5,9)</sup>			_	900	-	mV
Output Cha	racteristics						
Vон	Output HIGH Voltage	Iон = -6mA		VDDQ - 0.4			V
		Іон = -100μΑ		VDDQ - 0.1			V
Vol	Output LOW Voltage	IoL = 6mA		_		0.4	V
		IoL = 100μA	_			0.1	V

- 1. See RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE table.
- 2. For 1.8V LVTTL single-ended operation, the RxS pin is allowed to float or tied to VDD/2 and \$\overline{A}\$/VREF is tied to GND.
- 3. Voir specifies the minimum input differential voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. Differential mode only. The DC differential voltage must be maintained to guarantee retaining the existing HIGH or LOW input. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 4. Vcm specifies the maximum allowable range of (VTR + Vcp) /2. Differential mode only.
- 5. For single-ended operation in differential mode,  $\overline{A}/V_{REF}$  is tied to the DC voltage V<sub>REF</sub>. The input is guaranteed to toggle within ±200mV of V<sub>REF</sub> when V<sub>REF</sub> is constrained within +600mV and V<sub>DDI</sub>-600mV, where V<sub>DDI</sub> is the nominal 1.8V power supply of the device driving the A input. To guarantee switching in voltage range specified in the JEDEC 1.8V LVTTL interface specification, V<sub>REF</sub> must be maintained at 900mV with appropriate tolerances.
- 6. Voltage required to maintain a logic HIGH, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 7. Voltage required to maintain a logic LOW, single-ended operation in differential mode.
- 8. Typical values are at VDD = 2.5V, VDDQ = 1.8V, +25°C ambient.
- 9. The reference clock input is capable of HSTL, eHSTL, LVEPECL, 1.8V or 2.5V LVTTL operation independent of the device output. The correct input interface table should be referenced.
- 10. This value is the worst case minimum V<sub>IH</sub> over the specification range of the 1.8V power supply. The 1.8V LVTTL specification is V<sub>IH</sub> = 0.65 V<sub>DD</sub> where V<sub>DD</sub> is 1.8V ± 0.15V. However, the LVTTL translator is supplied by a 2.5V nominal supply on this part. To ensure compliance with the specification, the translator was designed to accept the calculated worst case value (V<sub>IH</sub> = 0.65 [1.8 0.15V]) rather than reference against a nominal 1.8V supply.
- 11. This value is the worst case maximum V<sub>IL</sub> over the specification range of the 1.8V power supply. The 1.8V LVTTL specification is V<sub>IL</sub> = 0.35 V<sub>DD</sub> where V<sub>DD</sub> is 1.8V ± 0.15V. However, the LVTTL translator is supplied by a 2.5V nominal supply on this part. To ensure compliance with the specification, the translator was designed to accept the calculated worst case value (V<sub>IL</sub> = 0.35 [1.8 + 0.15V]) rather than reference against a nominal 1.8V supply.

# POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS FOR 1.8V LVTTL OUTPUTS(1)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Тур.	Max	Unit
IDDQ	Quiescent Vdd Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(2)	_	_	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
Iddaa	Quiescent VDDQ Power Supply Current	VDDQ = Max., Reference Clock = LOW(2)	_	_	mA
		Outputs enabled, All outputs unloaded			
Iddd	Dynamic Vdd Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	_	_	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
IDDDQ	Dynamic VDDQ Power Supply	VDD = Max., VDDQ = Max., CL = 0pF	_	_	μA/MHz
	Current per Output				
Ітот	Total Power Vdd Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	mA
		VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 200MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	
Ітото	Total Power VDDQ Supply Current	VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 100MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	mA
		VDDQ = 1.8V, FREFERENCE CLOCK = 200MHz, CL = 15pF	_	_	1

### NOTES:

- 1. These power consumption characteristics are for all the valid input interfaces and cover the worst case input and output interface combinations.
- 2. If the differential input interface is used, the true input is held LOW and the complementary input is held HIGH.

# **DIFFERENTIAL INPUT AC TEST CONDITIONS FOR 1.8V LVTTL**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
<b>V</b> DIF	Input Signal Swing <sup>(1)</sup>	Vddi	V
Vx	Differential Input Signal Crossing Point <sup>(2)</sup>	VDDI/2	mV
Vтні	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level <sup>(3)</sup>	Crossing Point	V
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate <sup>(4)</sup>	1.8	V/ns

### NOTES:

- 1. Vobi is the nominal 1.8V supply (1.8V ± 0.15V) of the part or source driving the input. A nominal 1.8V peak-to-peak input pulse level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the VDIF (AC) specification under actual use conditions.
- 2. A nominal 900mV crossing point level is specified to allow consistent, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment. Compliant devices must meet the Vx specification under actual use conditions.
- 3. In all cases, input waveform timing is marked at the differential cross-point of the input signals.
- 4. The input signal edge rate of 1.8V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 20% to 80% range of the input waveform.

## SINGLE-ENDED INPUT ACTEST CONDITIONS FOR 1.8V LVTTL

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
ViH	Input HIGH Voltage <sup>(1)</sup>	Vddi	V
VIL	Input LOW Voltage	0	V
<b>V</b> THI	Input Timing Measurement Reference Level <sup>(2)</sup>	VDDI/2	mV
tr, tr	Input Signal Edge Rate <sup>(3)</sup>	2	V/ns

- 1. V<sub>DDI</sub> is the nominal 1.8V supply (1.8V  $\pm$  0.15V) of the part or source driving the input.
- 2. A nominal 900mV timing measurement reference level is specified to allow constant, repeatable results in an automatic test equipment (ATE) environment.
- 3. The input signal edge rate of 2V/ns or greater is to be maintained in the 10% to 90% range of the input waveform.

## AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS OVER OPERATING RANGE

Symbol	Parameter			Тур.	Max	Unit
Skew Parameters		<u> </u>		•		
tsk(o)	Same Device Output Pin-to-Pin Skew <sup>(1)</sup>	Single-Ended and Differential Modes	_	25	_	ps
		Single-Ended in Differential Mode (DSE)	_	25	_	
tsk(p)	Pulse Skew <sup>(2)</sup>	Single-Ended and Differential Modes	_	_	300	ps
		Single-Ended in Differential Mode (DSE)	_	300	_	
tsk(pp)	Part-to-Part Skew <sup>(3)</sup>	Single-Ended and Differential Modes	_	_	300	ps
		Single-Ended in Differential Mode (DSE)	_	300	_	
Propagation Delay	y _					
tрцн	Propagation Delay A to Qn		_	_	2.5	ns
<b>t</b> PHL						
fo	Frequency Range (HSTL/eHSTL outputs	)	_	_	250	MHz
	Frequency Range (2.5V/1.8V LVTTL outputs)		_	_	200	]
Output Gate Enab	le/Disable Delay			•		•
tpge	Output Gate Enable to Qn		_	_	3.5	ns
<b>t</b> PGD	Output Gate Enable to Qn Driven to GL Designated Level		_	_	3	ns

### NOTES:

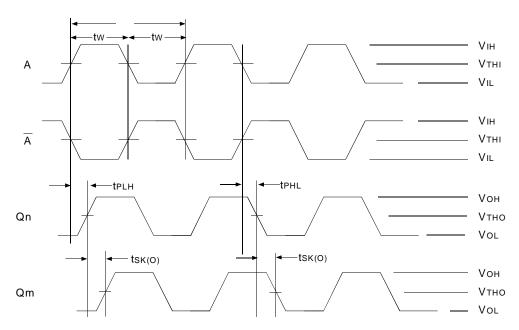
- 1. Skew measured between all outputs under identical input and output interfaces, transitions, and load conditions on any one device.
- 2. Skew measured is difference between propagation times tplh and tphL of any output under identical input and output interfaces, transitions, and load conditions on any one device.
- 3. Skew measured is the magnitude of the difference in propagation times between any outputs of two devices, given identical transitions and load conditions at identical VDD/VDDQ levels and temperature.

# **AC DIFFERENTIAL INPUT SPECIFICATIONS(1)**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max	Unit			
t w	Reference Clock Pulse Width HIGH or LOW (HSTL/eHSTL outputs)(2)	1.73	_	_	ns			
	Reference Clock Pulse Width HIGH or LOW (2.5V / 1.8V LVTTL outputs)(2)	2.17	_	_				
HSTL/eHSTL/1.8V LVTTL/2.5V LVTTL								
<b>V</b> DIF	AC Differential Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	400	1	_	mV			
ViH	AC Input HIGH <sup>(4,5)</sup>	Vx + 200	ı		mV			
VIL	AC Input LOW <sup>(4,6)</sup>		ı	Vx - 200	mV			
LVEPECL								
<b>V</b> DIF	AC Differential Voltage <sup>(3)</sup>	400	1	_	mV			
ViH	AC Input HIGH <sup>(4)</sup>	1275		_	mV			
VIL	AC Input LOW <sup>(4)</sup>	_	_	875	mV			

- 1. For differential input mode, RxS is tied to GND.
- 2. Both differential input signals should not be driven to the same level simultaneously. The input will not change state until the inputs have crossed and the voltage range defined by Voir has been met or exceeded.
- 3. Differential mode only. VDIF specifies the minimum input voltage (VTR VCP) required for switching where VTR is the "true" input level and VCP is the "complement" input level. The AC differential voltage must be achieved to guarantee switching to a new state.
- 4. For single-ended operation,  $\overline{A}VREF$  is tied to DC voltage (VREF). Refer to each input interface's DC specification for the correct VREF range.
- 5. Voltage required to switch to a logic HIGH, single-ended operation only.
- 6. Voltage required to switch to a logic LOW, single-ended operation only.

# **AC TIMING WAVEFORMS**



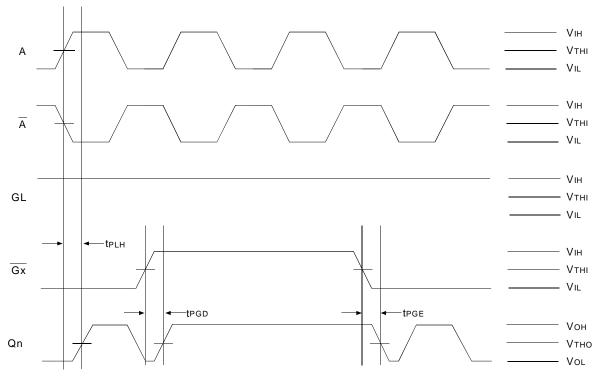
Propagation and Skew Waveforms

### NOTES:

- 1. tehl and telh signals are measured from the input passing through VTHI or input pair crossing to Qn passing through VTHO.
- 2. Pulse Skew is calculated using the following expression:

$$tsk(P) = |tphl - tplh|$$

where tphl and tplh are measured on the controlled edges of any one output from rising and falling edges of a single pulse. Please note that the tphl and tplh shown are not valid measurements for this calculation because they are not taken from the same pulse.

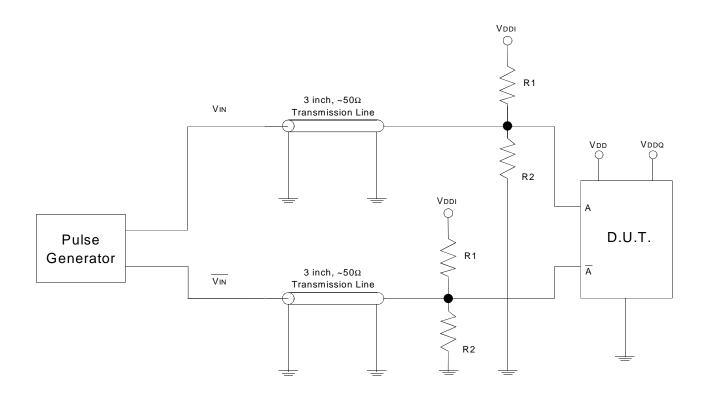


Gate Disable/Enable Showing Runt Pulse Generation

### NOTE:

As shown, it is possible to generate runt pulses on gate disable and enable of the outputs. It is the user's responsibility to time their  $\overline{Gx}$  signals to avoid this problem.

# **TEST CIRCUITS AND CONDITIONS**

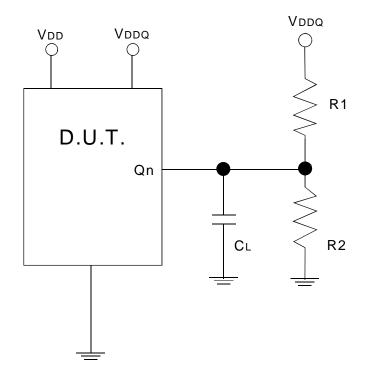


Test Circuit for Differential Input<sup>(1)</sup>

# **DIFFERENTIAL INPUT TEST CONDITIONS**

Symbol	$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$	Unit
R1	100	Ω
R2	100	Ω
Vddi	Vсм*2	V
Vтні	HSTL: Crossing of A and $\overline{A}$ eHSTL: Crossing of A and $\overline{A}$ LVEPECL: Crossing of A and $\overline{A}$	٧
	1.8V LVTTL: Vdd/2 2.5V LVTTL: Vdd/2	

<sup>1.</sup> This input configuration is used for all input interfaces. For single-ended testing, the  $\overline{V_{\text{IN}}}$  input is tied to GND. For testing single-ended in differential input mode, the  $\overline{V_{\text{IN}}}$  is left floating.

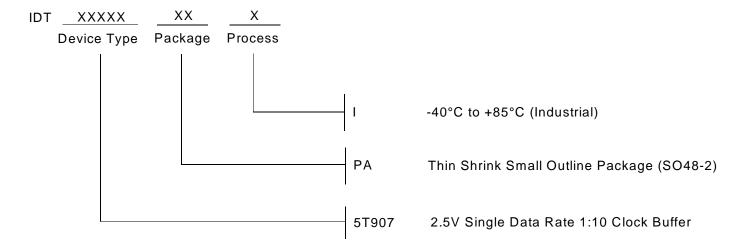


Test Circuit for SDR Outputs

# **SDR OUTPUT TEST CONDITIONS**

Symbol	$V_{DD} = 2.5V \pm 0.2V$	Unit
	VDDQ = Interface Specified	
CL	15	pF
R1	100	Ω
R2	100	Ω
Vтно	VDDQ / 2	V

# **ORDERING INFORMATION**





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