

REPETITIVE AVALANCHE AND dv/dt RATED MOSFET[®] TRANSISTOR

IRHNA57064
IRHNA58064

 N - CHANNEL
MEGA RAD HARD

60Volt, 0.0056Ω, MEGA RAD HARD MOSFET

International Rectifier's RAD HARD technology MOSFETs demonstrate immunity to SEE failure. Additionally, under **identical** pre- and post-irradiation test conditions, International Rectifier's RAD HARD HEXFETs retain **identical** electrical specifications up to 1×10^5 Rads (Si) total dose. No compensation in gate drive circuitry is required. These devices are also capable of surviving transient ionization pulses as high as 1×10^{12} Rads (Si)/Sec, and return to normal operation within a few microseconds. Since the RAD HARD process utilizes International Rectifier's patented MOSFET technology, the user can expect the highest quality and reliability in the industry.

RAD HARD MOSFET transistors also feature all of the well-established advantages of MOSFETs, such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of theelectrical parameters. They are well-suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers and high-energy pulse circuits in space and weapons environments

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Pre-Irradiation

| | Parameter | IRHNA57064, IRHNA58064 | Units |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------|-------|
| Id @ VGS = 12V, TC = 25°C | Continuous Drain Current | 75* | A |
| Id @ VGS = 12V, TC = 100°C | Continuous Drain Current | 75* | |
| Idm | Pulsed Drain Current ① | 300 | |
| Pd @ TC = 25°C | Max. Power Dissipation | 300 | W |
| | Linear Derating Factor | 2.4 | W/°C |
| VGS | Gate-to-Source Voltage | ±20 | V |
| EAS | Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ② | 863 | mJ |
| IAR | Avalanche Current ① | 75 | A |
| EAR | Repetitive Avalanche Energy ① | 30 | mJ |
| dv/dt | Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③ | 4.4 | V/ns |
| TJ | Operating Junction | -55 to 150 | °C |
| TSTG | Storage Temperature Range | | |
| | Package Mounting Surface Temperature | 300 (for 5 sec.) | |
| | Weight | 3.3 (typical) | g |

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

| Parameter | | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Test Conditions |
|---------------------------|--|-----|-------|--------|---------------------------|--|
| BVDSS | Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage | 60 | — | — | V | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, I_D = 1.0\text{mA}$ |
| $\Delta BVDSS/\Delta T_J$ | Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage | — | 0.065 | — | $\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$ | Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1.0\text{mA}$ |
| RDS(on) | Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance | — | — | 0.0056 | Ω | $V_{GS} = 12\text{V}, I_D = 75\text{A}$ ④ |
| $V_{GS(\text{th})}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | 2.0 | — | 4.0 | V | $V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 1.0\text{mA}$ |
| g_{fs} | Forward Transconductance | 45 | — | — | S (mS) | $V_{DS} > 15\text{V}, I_{DS} = 75\text{A}$ ④ |
| IDSS | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | — | — | 10 | μA | $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ |
| | | — | — | 25 | | $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}$ $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| IGSS | Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward | — | — | 100 | nA | $V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$ |
| IGSS | Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse | — | — | -100 | | $V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$ |
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge | — | — | 140 | nC | $V_{GS} = 12\text{V}, I_D = 45\text{A}$ |
| Q_{gs} | Gate-to-Source Charge | — | — | 40 | | $V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.5$ |
| Q_{gd} | Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge | — | — | 40 | | |
| $t_{d(on)}$ | Turn-On Delay Time | — | — | 35 | ns | $V_{DD} = 30\text{V}, I_D = 45\text{A},$ $R_G = 2.35\Omega$ |
| t_r | Rise Time | — | — | 35 | | |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time | — | — | 60 | | |
| t_f | Fall Time | — | — | 35 | | |
| L-D | Internal Drain Inductance | — | 0.8 | — | nH | Measured from drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to center of die. |
| L-S | Internal Source Inductance | — | 2.8 | — | | Measured from source lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to source bonding pad. |
| Ciss | Input Capacitance | — | 6080 | — | pF | $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}, V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$ $f = 1.0\text{MHz}$ |
| Coss | Output Capacitance | — | 2310 | — | | |
| Crss | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | — | 90 | — | | |

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

| | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Test Conditions |
|----------|--|--|-----|-----|-------|---|
| I_S | Continuous Source Current (Body Diode) | — | — | 75* | A | Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction rectifier. |
| I_{SM} | Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ① | — | — | 300 | | |
| VSD | Diode Forward Voltage | — | — | 1.3 | V | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 45\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$ ④ |
| t_{rr} | Reverse Recovery Time | — | — | 200 | | |
| QRR | Reverse Recovery Charge | — | — | 538 | nC | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 45\text{A}, dI/dt \leq 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $VDD \leq 50\text{V}$ ④ |
| t_{on} | Forward Turn-On Time | Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$. | | | | |

Thermal Resistance

| | Parameter | Min | Typ | Max | Units | Test Conditions |
|----------|----------------------|-----|-----|------|---------------------------|---|
| RthJC | Junction-to-Case | — | — | 0.42 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ | |
| RthJ-PCB | Junction-to-PC board | — | 1.6 | — | | soldered to a 2" square copper-clad board |

* Current is limited by internal wire diameter

Radiation Characteristics

IRHNA57064, IRHNA58064 Devices

Radiation Performance of Rad Hard MOSFETs

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened MOSFETs are tested to verify their hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier comprises three radiation environments.

Every manufacturing lot is tested in a low dose rate (total dose) environment per MIL-STD-750, test method 1019 condition A. International Rectifier has imposed a standard gate condition of 12 volts per note 5 and a V_{DS} bias condition equal to 80% of the device rated voltage per note 6. Pre- and post- irradiation limits of the devices irradiated to 6×10^5 Rads (Si) are identical and are presented in Table 1, column 1, IRHNA57064. Post-irradiation limits of the devices irradiated to 1×10^6 Rads (Si) are presented in

Table 1, column 2, IRHNA58064. The values in Table 1 will be met for either of the two low dose rate test circuits that are used. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison.

High dose rate testing may be done on a special request basis using a dose rate up to 1×10^{12} Rads (Si)/ Sec (See Table 2).

International Rectifier radiation hardened HEXFETs have been characterized in heavy ion Single Event Effects (SEE) environments. Single Event Effects characterization is shown in Table 3.

Table 1. Low Dose Rate ⑤ ⑥

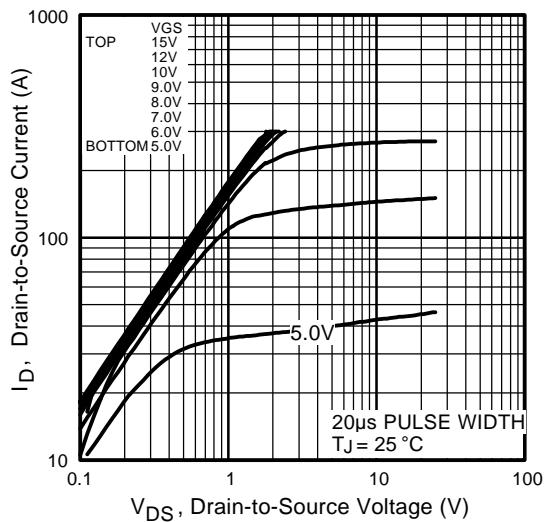
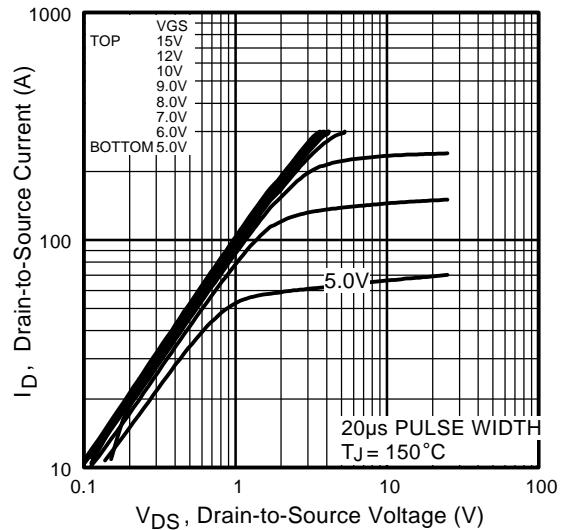
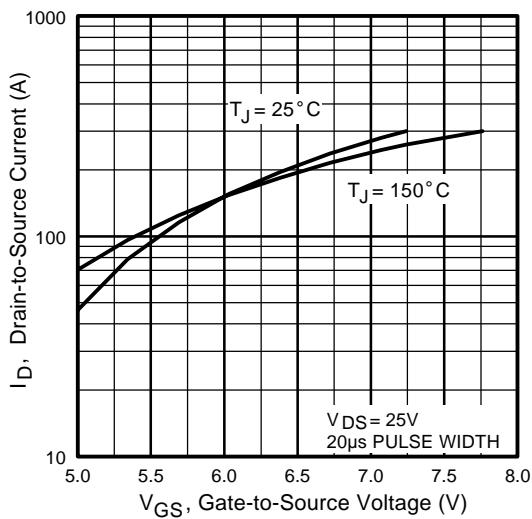
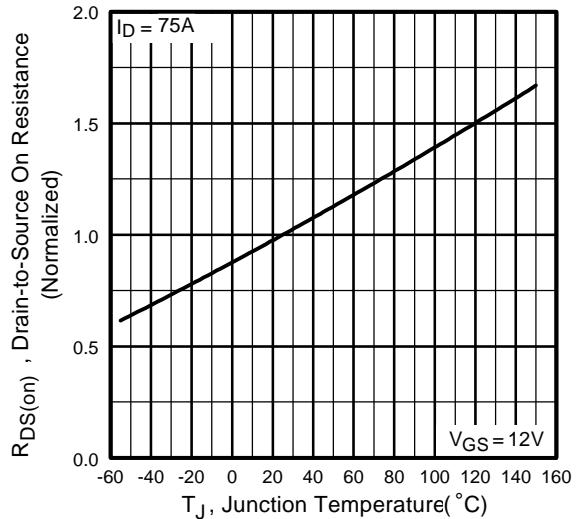
| | Parameter | upto600K(RadsSi) | | 1000K Rads (Si) | | Units | Test Conditions ⑧ |
|---------------------|---|------------------|-------|-----------------|--------|-------|--|
| | | Min | Max | Min | Max | | |
| BV _{DSS} | Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage | 60 | — | 60 | — | V | $V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1.0mA$ |
| V _{GS(th)} | Gate Threshold Voltage ④ | 2.0 | 4.0 | 1.25 | 4.5 | | $V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1.0mA$ |
| I _{GSS} | Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward | — | 100 | — | 100 | nA | $V_{GS} = 20V$ |
| I _{GSS} | Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse | — | -100 | — | -100 | | $V_{GS} = -20V$ |
| I _{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | — | 10 | — | 10 | μA | $V_{DS}=0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}, V_{GS} = 0V$ |
| R _{D(on)} | Static Drain-to-Source ④ On-State Resistance One | — | 0.006 | — | 0.0065 | Ω | $V_{GS} = 12V, I_D = 75A$ (Increased values are due to use of TO-3 Package) |
| V _{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage ④ | — | 1.3 | — | 1.3 | V | $T_C = 25^\circ C, I_S = 75A, V_{GS} = 0V$ |

Table 2. High Dose Rate ⑦

| | Parameter | 10^{11} Rads (Si)/sec | | | 10^{12} Rads (Si)/sec | | | Units | Test Conditions |
|------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|-----|-----|-------------------------|-----|-----|--------|--|
| | | Min | Typ | Max | Min | Typ | Max | | |
| V _{DSS} | Drain-to-Source Voltage | — | — | 48 | — | — | 48 | V | Applied drain-to-source voltage during gamma-dot |
| I _{PP} | | — | 140 | — | — | 140 | — | A | Peak radiation induced photo-current |
| di/dt | | — | 800 | — | — | 160 | — | A/μsec | Rate of rise of photo-current |
| L ₁ | | 0.1 | — | — | 0.8 | — | — | μH | Circuit inductance required to limit di/dt |

Table 3. Single Event Effects

| Ion | LET (Si) (MeV/mg/cm ²) | Fluence (ions/cm ²) | Range (μm) | V _{Ds} Bias (V) | V _{GS} Bias (V) |
|-----|---------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Cu | 28 | 3×10^5 | ~43 | 54 | -5 |

**Fig 1.** Typical Output Characteristics**Fig 2.** Typical Output Characteristics**Fig 3.** Typical Transfer Characteristics**Fig 4.** Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

Pre-Irradiation

IRHNA57064, IRHNA58064 Devices

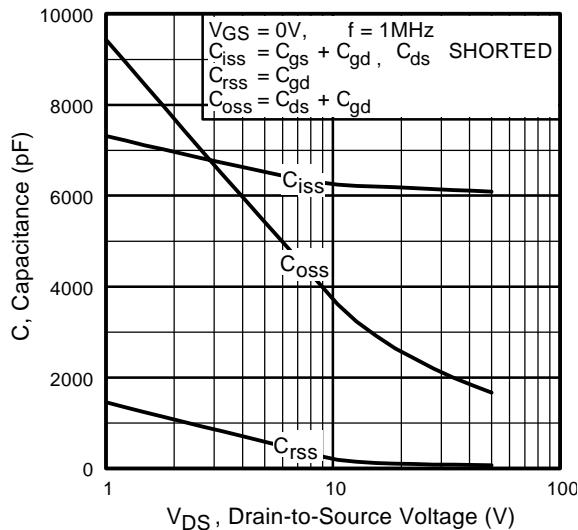


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

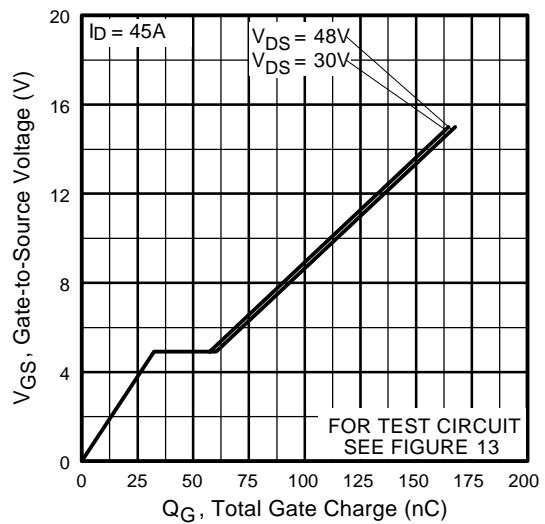


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs.
Gate-to-Source Voltage

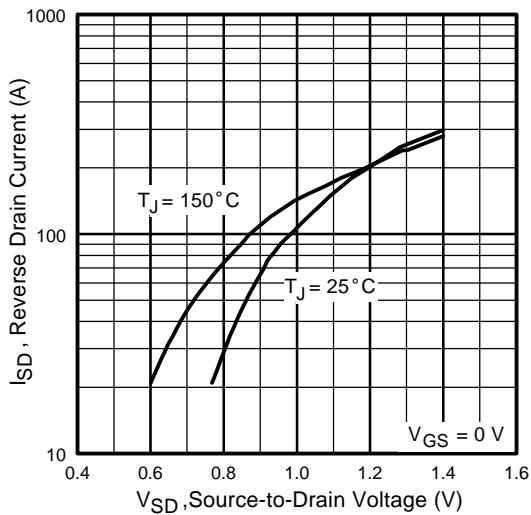


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode
Forward Voltage

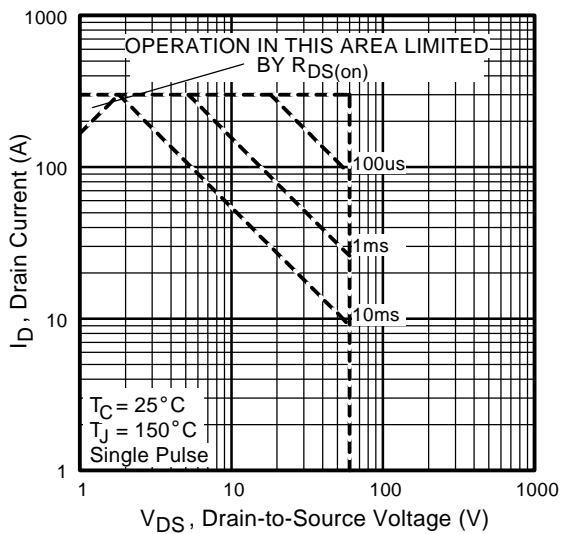


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

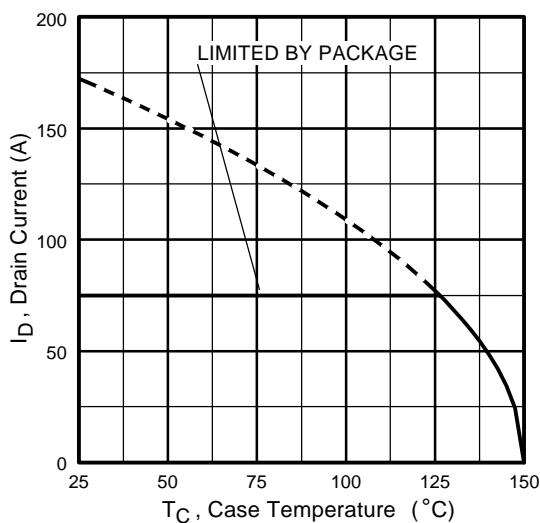


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

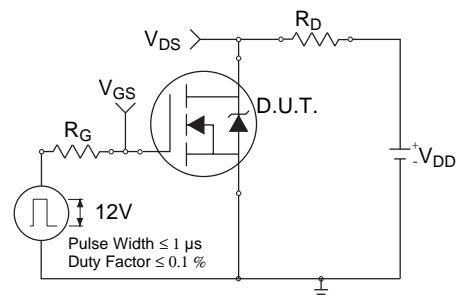


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

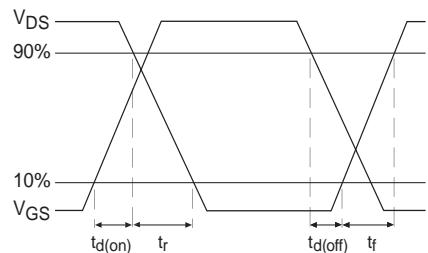


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

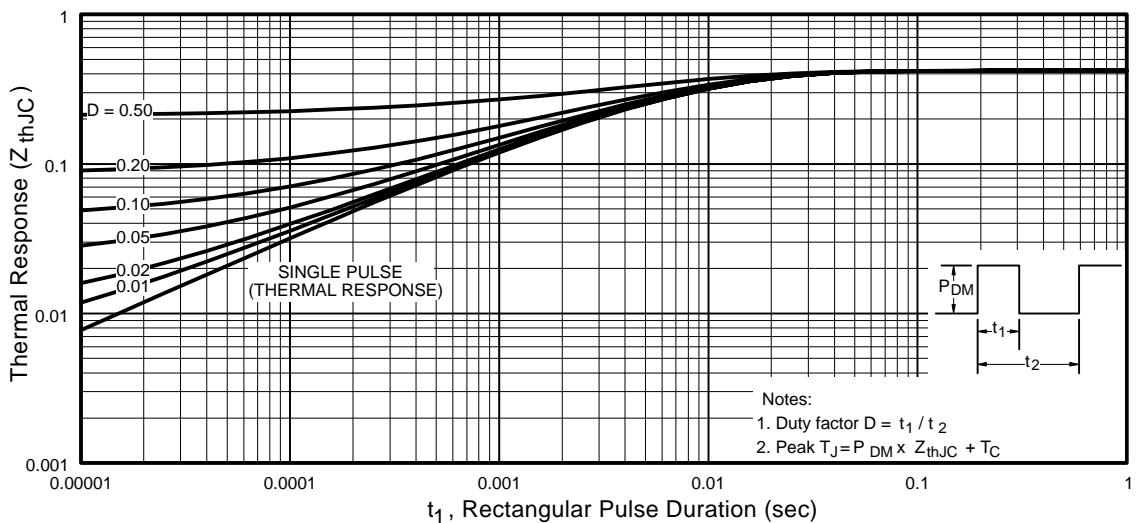


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

Pre-Irradiation

IRHNA57064, IRHNA58064 Devices

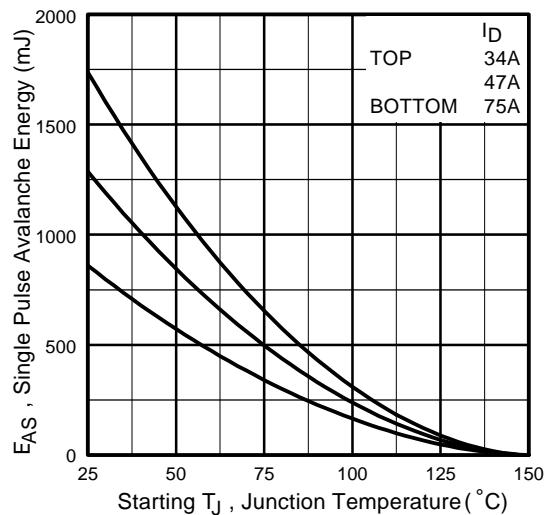
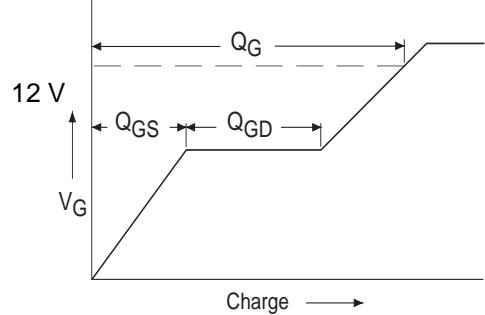
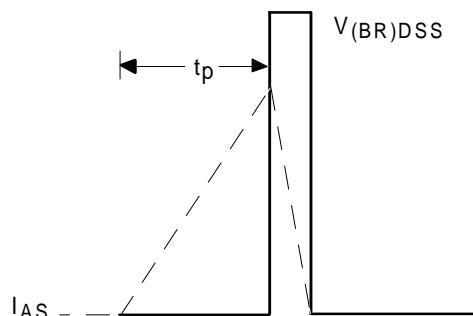
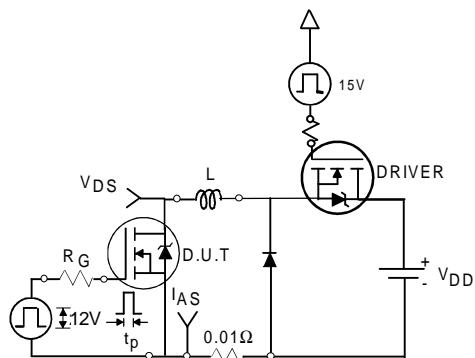
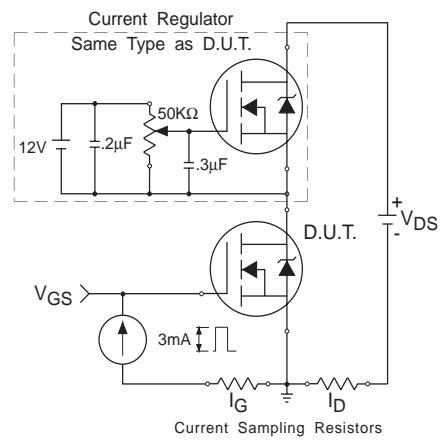
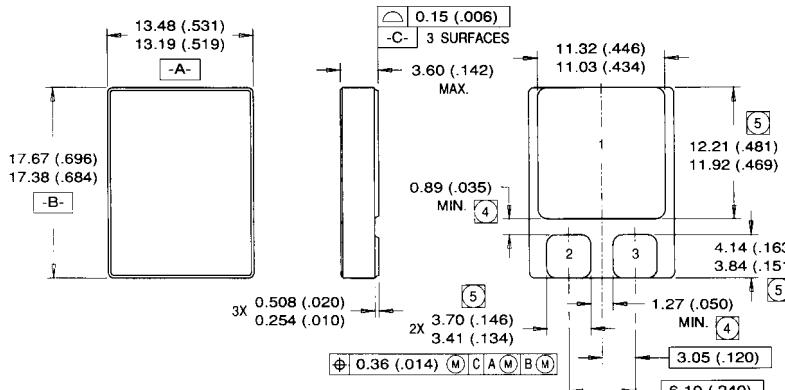


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current



- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
Refer to current HEXFET reliability report.
- ② @ $V_{DD} = 50V$, starting $T_J = 25^\circ C$,
 $EAS = [0.5 * L * (I_L^2)]$
Peak $I_L = 75A$, $V_{GS} = 12V$, $25 \leq R_G \leq 200\Omega$
- ③ $I_{SD} \leq 45A$, $dI/dt \leq 120A/\mu s$,
 $V_{DD} \leq BV_{DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ C$
Suggested $R_G = 2.35\Omega$
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu s$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{GS} Bias.**
12 volt V_{GS} applied and $V_{DS} = 0$ during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑥ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{DS} Bias.**
 $V_{DS} = 0.8$ rated BV_{DSS} (pre-irradiation) applied and $V_{GS} = 0$ during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑦ This test is performed using a flash x-ray source operated in the e-beam mode (energy ~2.5 MeV), 30 nsec pulse.
- ⑧ All Pre-Irradiation and Post-Irradiation test conditions are **identical** to facilitate direct comparison for circuit applications.

Case Outline and Dimensions — SMD-2



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).
4. DIMENSION INCLUDES METALLIZATION FLASH.
5. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE METALLIZATION FLASH.

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

- 1 = DRAIN
2 = GATE
3 = SOURCE

SMD-2

International
IR Rectifier

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