



PD - 91393D

**REPETITIVE AVALANCHE AND dv/dt RATED
HEXFET® TRANSISTOR****IRHM7264SE****N-CHANNEL
SINGLE EVENT EFFECT (SEE) RAD HARD****250Volt, 0.11Ω, (SEE) RAD HARD HEXFET**

International Rectifier's (SEE) RAD HARD technology HEXFETs demonstrate immunity to SEE failure. Additionally, under **identical** pre- and post-radiation test conditions, International Rectifier's RAD HARD HEXFETs retain **identical** electrical specifications up to 1×10^5 Rads (Si) total dose. No compensation in gate drive circuitry is required. These devices are also capable of surviving transient ionization pulses as high as 1×10^2 Rads (Si)/Sec, and return to normal operation within a few microseconds. Since the SEE process utilizes International Rectifier's patented HEXFET technology, the user can expect the highest quality and reliability in the industry.

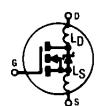
RAD HARD HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well-established advantages of MOSFETs, such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of the electrical parameters. They are well-suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers and high-energy pulse circuits in space and weapons environments.

Absolute Maximum Ratings**Pre-Irradiation**

	Parameter	IRHM7264SE	Units
$I_D @ V_{GS} = 12V, T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current	31	A
$I_D @ V_{GS} = 12V, T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current	19	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	124	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Max. Power Dissipation	250	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.0	W/ $^\circ C$
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	500	mJ
IAR	Avalanche Current ①	31	A
EAR	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	25	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	2.5	V/ns
T_J	Operating Junction	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$
TSTG	Storage Temperature Range		
	Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10 sec.)	
	Weight	9.3 (typical)	g

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	250	—	—	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 1.0\text{mA}$
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.32	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $\text{I}_D = 1.0\text{mA}$
$\text{R}_{\text{DS(on)}}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.110	Ω	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 19\text{A}$ ④
		—	—	0.123		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 31\text{A}$
$\text{V}_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.5	—	4.5	V	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{V}_{\text{GS}}, \text{I}_D = 1.0\text{mA}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	10	—	—	S (mS)	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} > 15\text{V}, \text{I}_{\text{DS}} = 19\text{A}$ ④
I_{DS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	50	μA	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	250		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}$ $\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{T}_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{V}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{V}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	210	nC	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 12\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 31\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	50		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.5$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	110	ns	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = 125\text{V}, \text{I}_D = 31\text{A}, \text{R}_G = 2.35\Omega$
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	30		
t_r	Rise Time	—	—	130		
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	100		
t_f	Fall Time	—	—	90		
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	8.7	—	nH	Measured from drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to center of die.
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	8.7	—		Measured from source lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to source bonding pad.
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	4000	—	pF	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}, \text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{V}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1300	—		$f = 1.0\text{MHz}$
Crss	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	480	—		

**Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics**

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	31	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction rectifier.
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ④	—	—	124		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.4	V	$\text{T}_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, \text{I}_S = 31\text{A}, \text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	700	ns	$\text{T}_j = 25^\circ\text{C}, \text{I}_F = 31\text{A}, d\text{I}/dt \leq 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ $\text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 50\text{V}$ ④
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	16	μC	
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $\text{L}_S + \text{L}_D$.				

**Thermal Resistance**

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.50	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	Typical socket mount
R_{thCS}	Case-to-Sink	—	0.21	—		
R_{thJA}	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	48		

Radiation Characteristics

IRHM7264SE Device

Radiation Performance of Rad Hard HEXFETs

International Rectifier Radiation Hardened HEXFETs are tested to verify their hardness capability. The hardness assurance program at International Rectifier comprises 3 radiation environments.

Every manufacturing lot is tested in a low dose rate (total dose) environment per MIL-STD-750, test method 1019 condition A. International Rectifier has imposed a standard gate voltage of 12 volts per note 5 and a V_{DS} bias condition equal to 80% of the device rated voltage per note 6. Post-irradiation limits of the devices irradiated to 1×10^5 Rads (Si) are presented in Table 1, column 1, IRHM7264SE. The values in Table 1 will be met for either of the two low

dose rate test circuits that are used. Both pre- and post-irradiation performance are tested and specified using the same drive circuitry and test conditions in order to provide a direct comparison. It should be noted that at a radiation level of 1×10^5 Rads (Si) the only parameter limit change is V_{GSTH} minimum.

High dose rate testing may be done on a special request basis using a dose rate up to 1×10^{12} Rads (Si)/Sec (See Table 2).

International Rectifier radiation hardened HEXFETs have been characterized in heavy ion Single Event Effects (SEE) environments. Single Event Effects characterization is shown in Table 3.

Table 1. Low Dose Rate ⑤ ⑥

Parameter		IRHM7264SE			Units	Test Conditions ⑧		
		100K Rads (Si)		Max				
		Min	Max					
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	250	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1.0mA$		
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage ④	2.0	4.5	—	V	$V_{GS} = V_{DS}, I_D = 1.0mA$		
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	100	—	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$		
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	-100	—	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$		
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	50	μA	—	$V_{DS}=0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}, V_{GS}=0V$		
$R_{DS(on)1}$	Static Drain-to-Source ④ On-State Resistance One	—	0.110	Ω	—	$V_{GS} = 12V, I_D = 19A$		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ④	—	1.4	V	—	$T_C = 25^\circ C, I_S = 31A, V_{GS} = 0V$		

Table 2. High Dose Rate ⑦

Parameter		10 ¹¹ Rads (Si)/sec			10 ¹² Rads (Si)/sec			Units	Test Conditions
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max		
V_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Voltage	—	—	200	—	—	200	V	Applied drain-to-source voltage during gamma-dot
I_{PP}	—	10	—	—	10	—	A	A	Peak radiation induced photo-current
di/dt	—	16	—	—	2.3	—	A/ μ sec	—	Rate of rise of photo-current
L_1	—	1.0	—	—	120	—	μH	—	Circuit inductance required to limit di/dt

Table 3. Single Event Effects

Ion	LET (Si) (MeV/mg/cm ²)	Fluence (ions/cm ²)	Range (μm)	V_{DS} Bias (V)	V_{GS} Bias (V)
Cu	28	3×10^5	~43	250	-5

IRHM7264SE Device

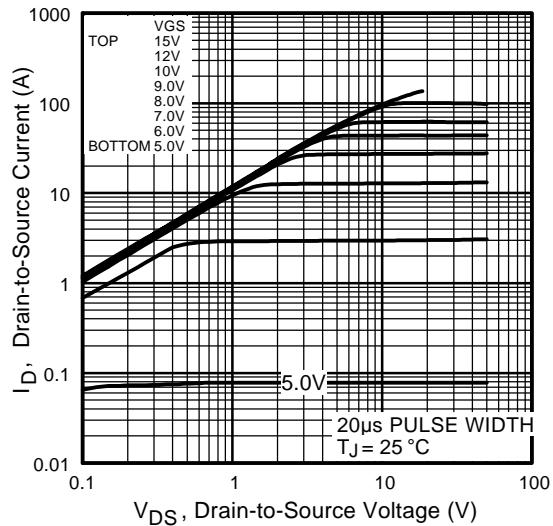


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

Pre-Irradiation

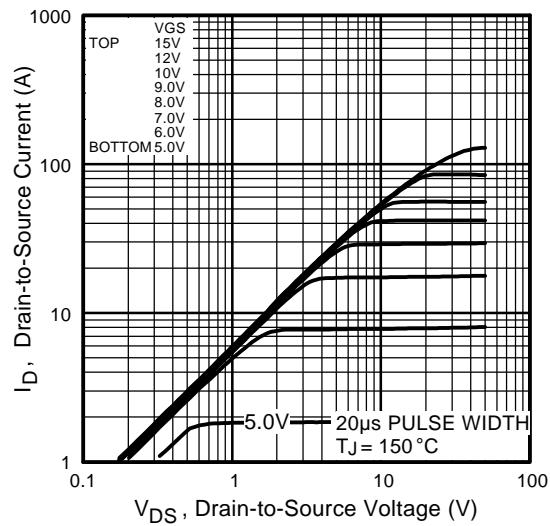


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

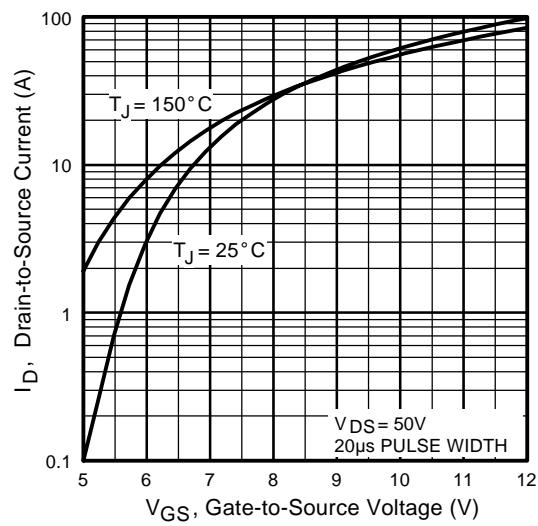


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

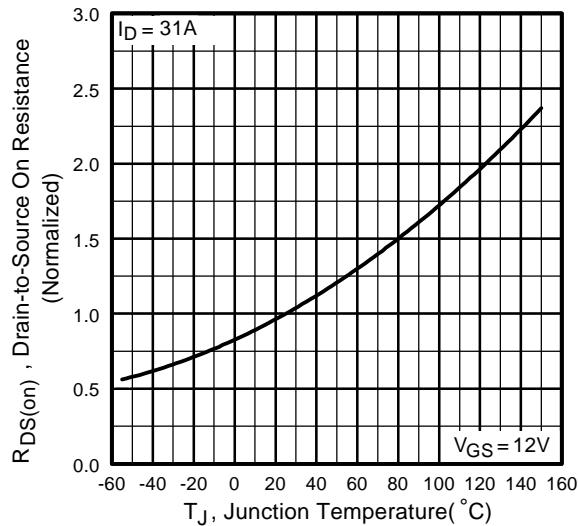


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

Pre-Irradiation

IRHM7264SE Device

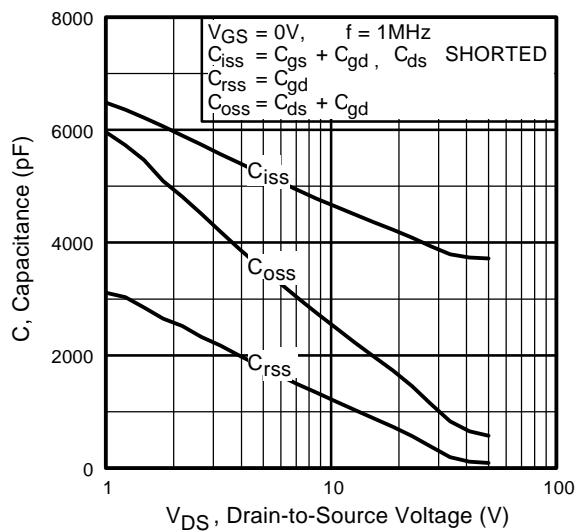


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

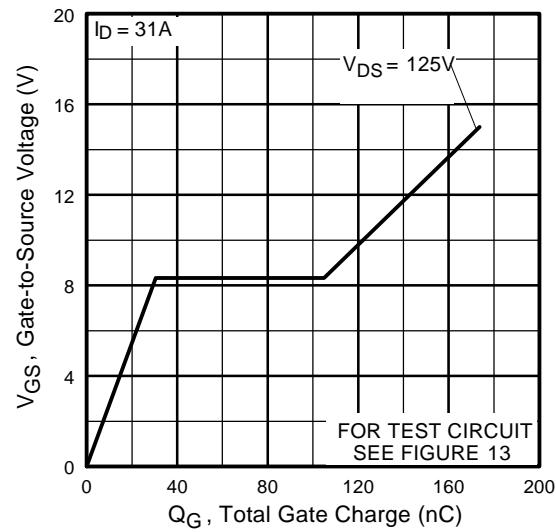


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs.
Gate-to-Source Voltage

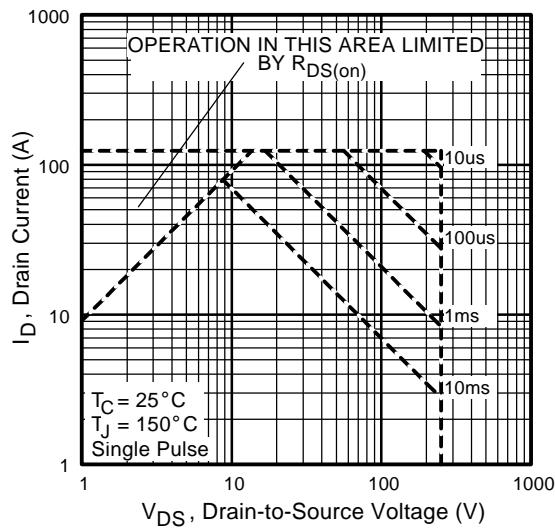


Fig 7. Maximum Safe Operating Area

IRHM7264SE Device

Pre-Irradiation

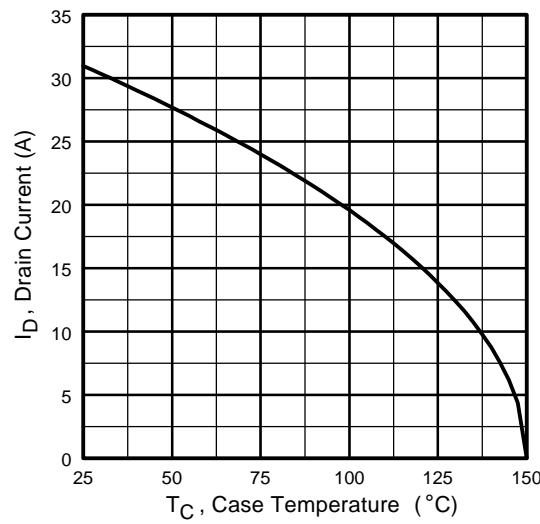


Fig 8. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

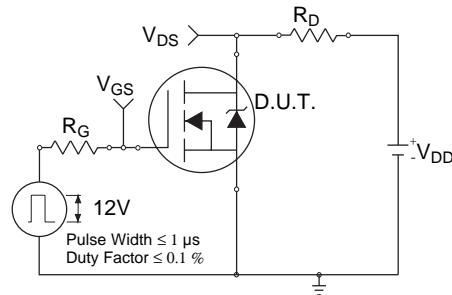


Fig 9a. Switching Time Test Circuit

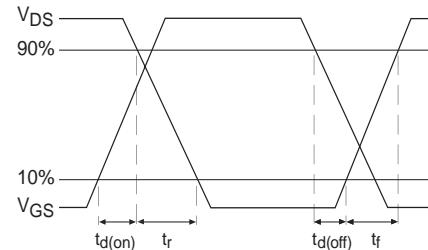


Fig 9b. Switching Time Waveforms

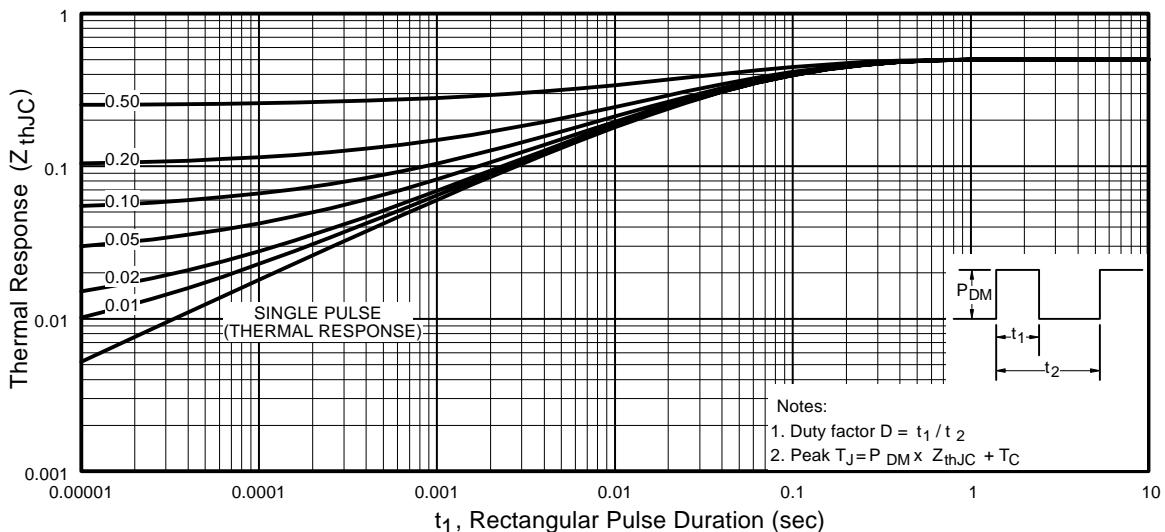


Fig 10. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

Pre-Irradiation

IRHM7264SE Device

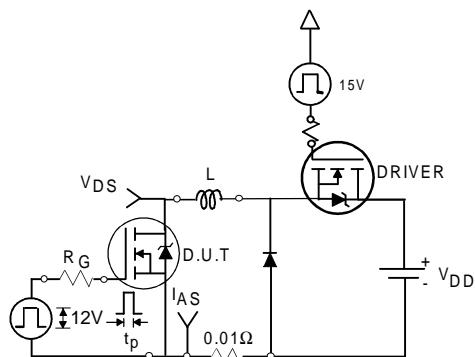


Fig 11a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

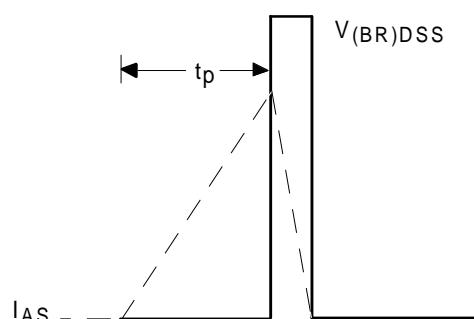


Fig 11b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

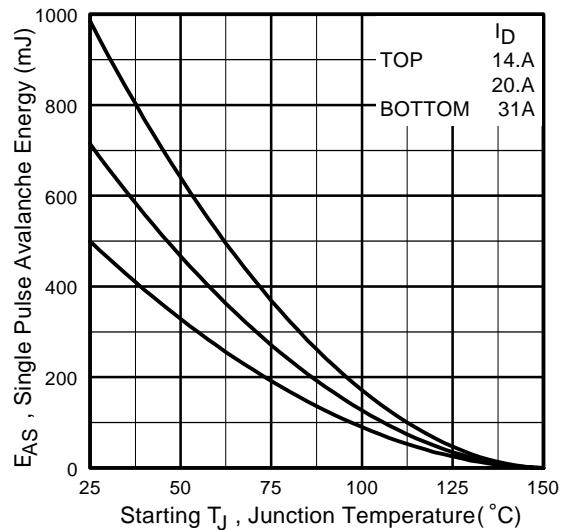


Fig 11c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

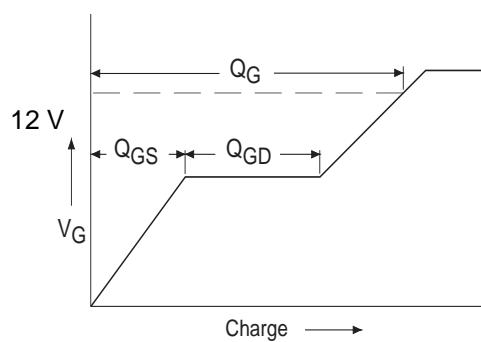


Fig 12a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

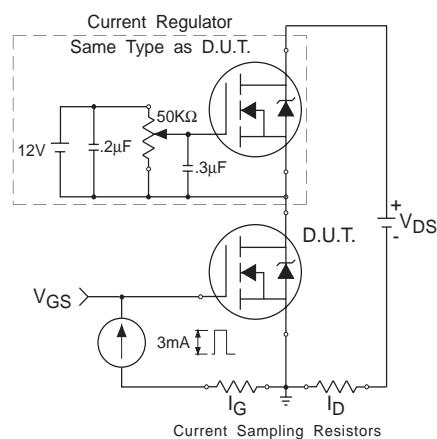


Fig 12b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

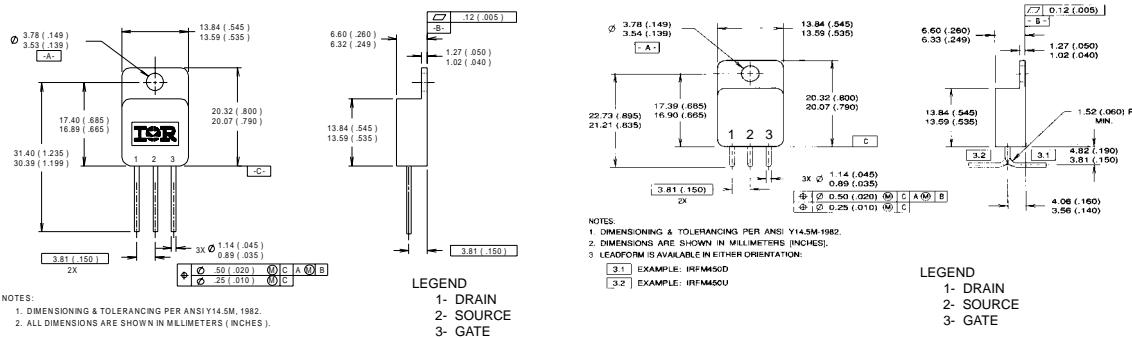
IRHM7264SE Device

Pre-Irradiation

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
Refer to current HEXFET reliability report.
- ② @ $V_{DD} = 50V$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ C$,
 $EAS = [0.5 * L * (I_L^2)]$
Peak $I_L = 31A$, $V_{GS} = 12V$, $25 \leq RG \leq 200\Omega$
- ③ $ISD \leq 31A$, $dI/dt \leq 300A/\mu s$,
 $V_{DD} \leq BV_{DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ C$
Suggested $RG = 2.35\Omega$
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu s$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

- ⑤ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{GS} Bias.**
12 volt V_{GS} applied and $V_{DS} = 0$ during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑥ **Total Dose Irradiation with V_{DS} Bias.**
 $V_{DS} = 0.8$ rated BV_{DSS} (pre-radiation) applied and $V_{GS} = 0$ during irradiation per MIL-STD-750, method 1019, condition A.
- ⑦ This test is performed using a flash x-ray source operated in the e-beam mode (energy ~ 2.5 MeV), 30 nsec pulse.
- ⑧ All Pre-Radiation and Post-Radiation test conditions are **identical** to facilitate direct comparison for circuit applications.

Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-254AA



Conforms to JEDEC Outline TO-254AA
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

CAUTION

BERYLIA WARNING PER MIL-PRF-19500

Package containing beryllia shall not be ground, sandblasted, machined, or have other operations performed on them which will produce beryllia or beryllium dust. Furthermore, beryllium oxide packages shall not be placed in acids that will produce fumes containing beryllium.

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IR Rectifier

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