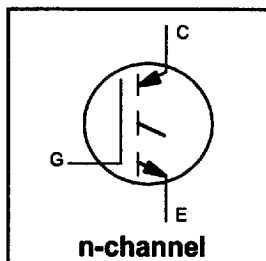


Features

- Switching-loss rating includes all "tail" losses
- Optimized for high operating frequency (over 5kHz)
- See Fig. 1 for Current vs. Frequency curve



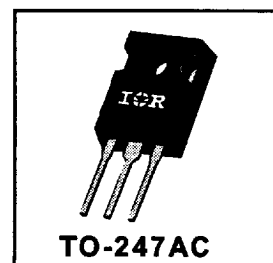
$$V_{CES} = 600V$$

$$V_{CE(sat)} \leq 3.0V$$

$$@V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 27A$$

Description

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors (IGBTs) from International Rectifier have higher usable current densities than comparable bipolar transistors, while at the same time having simpler gate-drive requirements of the familiar power MOSFET. They provide substantial benefits to a host of high-voltage, high-current applications.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	55	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	27	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current $\text{\textcircled{D}}$	220	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current $\text{\textcircled{D}}$	220	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
E_{ARV}	Reverse Voltage Avalanche Energy $\text{\textcircled{D}}$	20	mJ
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	200	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	78	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	10 lbf-in (1.1N-m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.64	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	—	40	
Wt	Weight	—	6 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$
$V_{(BR)ECS}$	Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Voltage ①	20	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temp. Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.60	—	$V/^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.0	3.0	V	$I_C = 27A$
		—	2.4	—		$I_C = 55A$
		—	1.9	—		$I_C = 27A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	5.5		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-13	—	$mV/^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ②	16	24	—	S	$V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 27A$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$
		—	—	5000		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	110	140	nC	$I_C = 27A$
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	17	21		$V_{CC} = 400V$
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	53	70		$V_{GE} = 15V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	23	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	28	—		$I_C = 27A, V_{CC} = 480V$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	100	200		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	45	140		Energy losses include "tail"
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	0.80	—	mJ	See Fig. 9, 10, 11, 14
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	0.6	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	1.4	2.4		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	24	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	27	—		$I_C = 27A, V_{CC} = 480V$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	180	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 5.0\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	130	—		Energy losses include "tail"
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	2.5	—	mJ	See Fig. 10, 14
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	2900	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	330	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	41	—		$f = 1.0MHz$

Notes:

① Repetitive rating; $V_{GE}=20V$, pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 13b)

② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.

③ Pulse width 5.0 μs , single shot.

④ $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE}=20V$, $L=10\mu H$, $R_G=5.0\Omega$, (See fig. 13a)

⑤ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.

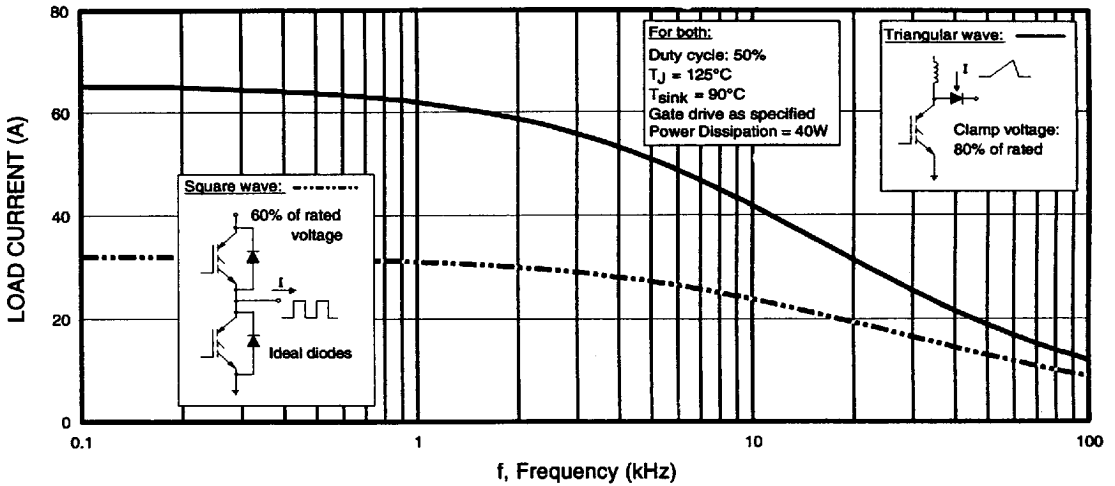


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(For square wave, $I = I_{\text{RMS}}$ of fundamental; for triangular wave, $I = I_{\text{PK}}$)

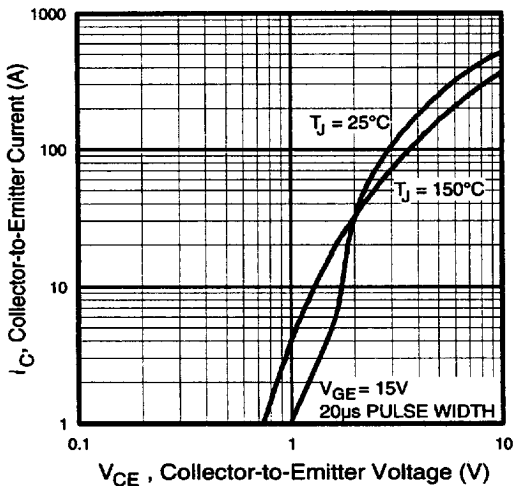


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

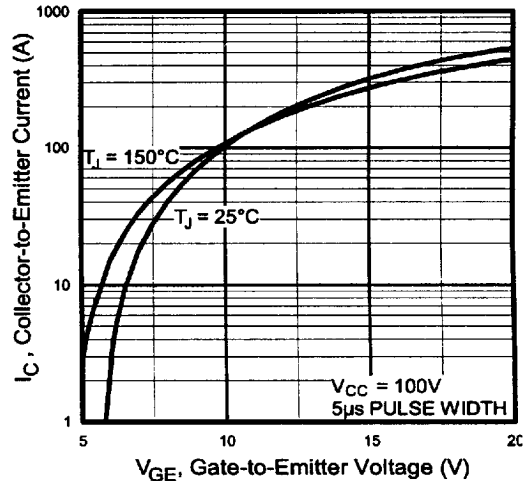


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

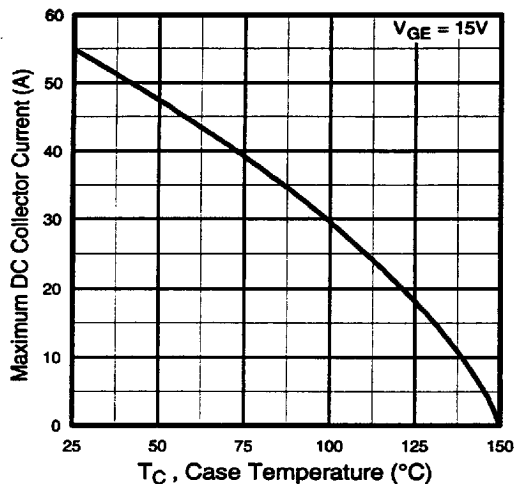


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

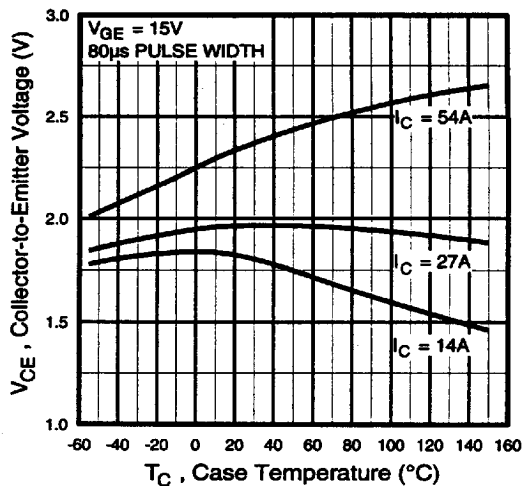


Fig. 5 - Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Case Temperature

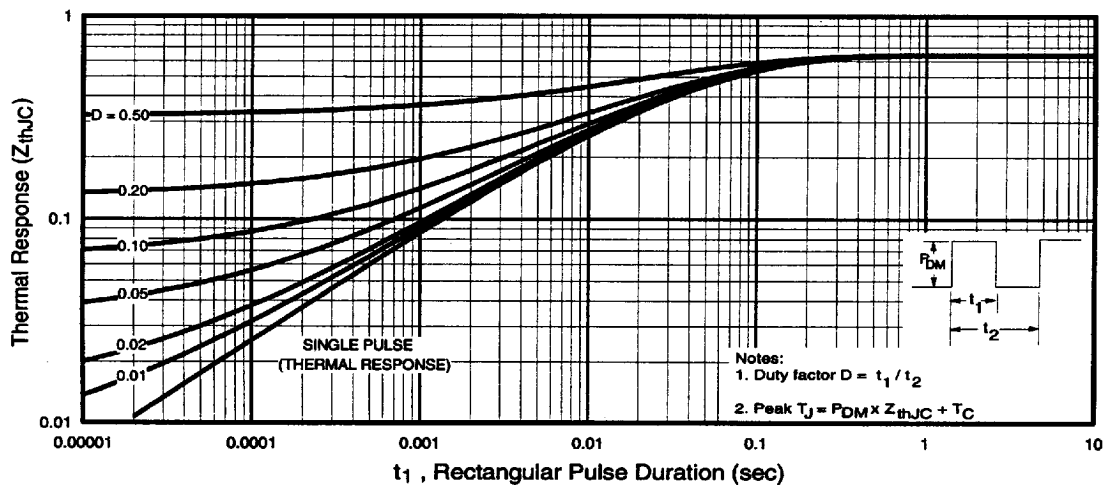


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

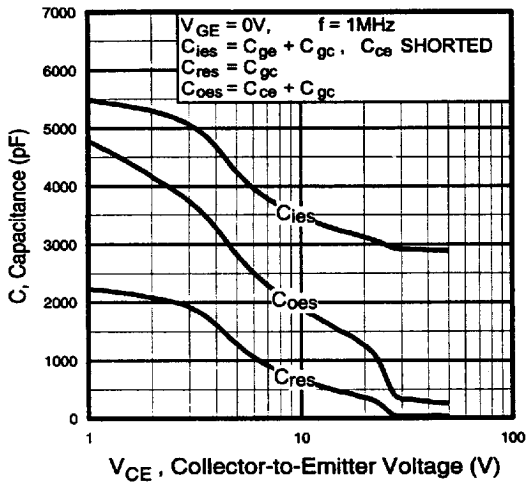


Fig. 7 - Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage

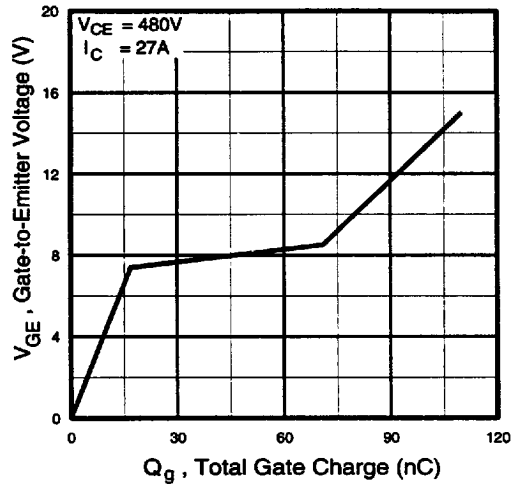


Fig. 8 - Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage

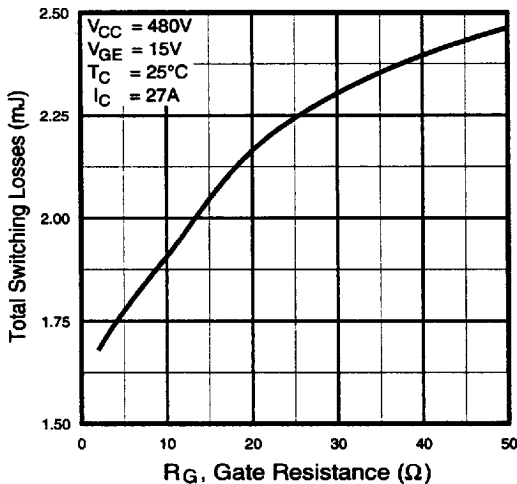


Fig. 9 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance

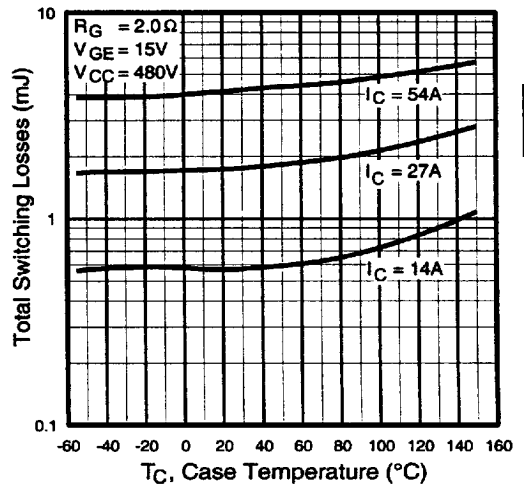


Fig. 10 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Case Temperature

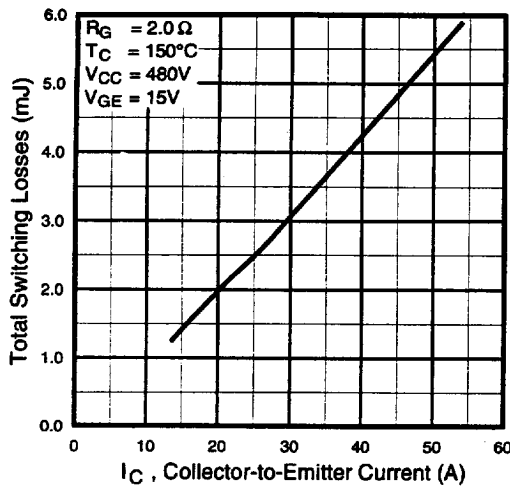


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current

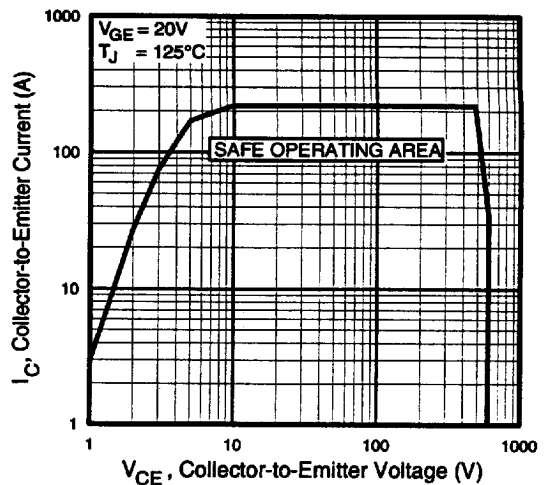


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

Refer to Section D for the following:

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Fig. 13a - Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

Fig. 13b - Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

Fig. 14a - Switching Loss Test Circuit

Fig. 14b - Switching Loss Waveform

Package Outline 3 - JEDEC Outline TO-247AC

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