

### Description

Insulated Gate Bipolar Transistors (IGBTs) from International Rectifier have higher current densities than comparable bipolar transistors, while at the same time having simpler gate-drive requirements of the familiar power MOSFET. They provide substantial benefits to a host of higher-voltage, higher-current applications.

The performance of various IGBTs varies greatly with frequency. Note that IR now provides the designer with a speed benchmark ( $f_{ic/2}$ , or the "half-current frequency"), as well as an indication of the current handling capability of the device. Refer to Figure 14.

### Product Summary

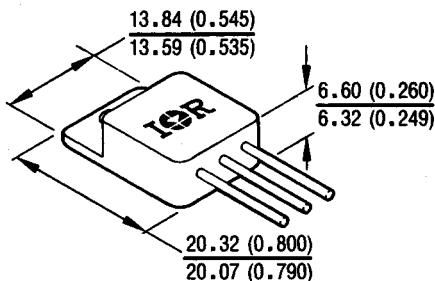
| Part Number | $V_{(BR)CES}$ | $V_{CE(on)}$ | $I_C$ | $E_{is}$ |
|-------------|---------------|--------------|-------|----------|
| IRGMC50F    | 600V          | 1.7V         | 35A*  | 10 mJ    |

### Features:

- Electronically Isolated and Hermetically Sealed
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Latch-proof
- Fast Speed operation 3 kHz ~ 8 kHz
- Switching-Loss Rating includes all "tail" losses
- Ceramic Eyelets

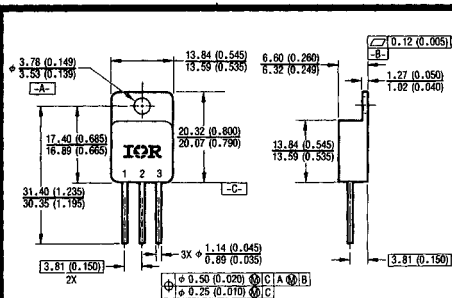
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### CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS



CAUTION

BERYLIA WARNING PER MIL-S-19500  
SEE PAGE G-97



#### NOTES:

- 1 DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M - 1982.
- 2 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).

#### LEGEND

- 1 COLLECTOR
- 2 EMITTER
- 3 GATE

\*\*For leadform configuration see page G-97, fig. 15

Conforms to JEDEC Outline TO-254AA\*\*  
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

|                                 | Parameter                                           | Max.                              | Units            |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| $I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | Continuous Collector Current                        | 35*                               | A                |
| $I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | Continuous Collector Current                        | 30                                |                  |
| $I_{CM}$                        | Pulsed Collector Current ①                          | 210                               |                  |
| $V_{CE}$                        | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage              | 600                               | V                |
| $V_{GE}$                        | Gate-to-Emitter Voltage                             | $\pm 20$                          |                  |
| $I_{LM}$                        | Clamped Inductive Load Current ②                    | 210                               | A                |
| $P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$  | Maximum Power Dissipation                           | 150                               | W                |
| $P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ | Maximum Power Dissipation                           | 60                                |                  |
| $T_J$<br>$T_{STG}$              | Operating Junction and<br>Storage Temperature Range | -55 to +150                       | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
|                                 | Lead Temperature, for 10 sec.                       | 300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case) |                  |
|                                 | Weight                                              | 9.3 (typical)                     | g                |

\* $I_C$  current limited by pin diameter

## Thermal Resistance

|           | Parameter                                 | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| $R_{JC}$  | Junction-to-Case                          | —    | —    | 0.83 | K/W ③ |
| $R_{JCS}$ | Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface       | —    | 0.21 | —    |       |
| $R_{JA}$  | Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount | —    | —    | 48   |       |

## Electrical Characteristic @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

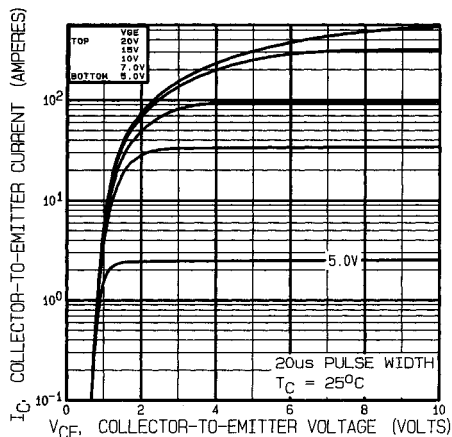
|                                 | Parameter                               | Min. | Typ. | Max.      | Units                      | Test Conditions                                                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------|------|-----------|----------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $V_{(BR)CES}$                   | Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage  | 600  | —    | —         | V                          | $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$                           |
| $V_{(BR)ECS}$                   | Emitter-to-Collector Breakdown Volt. ③  | 15   | —    | —         |                            | $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 1.0\text{A}$                             |
| $\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$ | Temp. Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage       | —    | 0.82 | —         | $\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$  | $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, I_C = 1.0\text{ mA}$                           |
| $V_{CE(on)}$                    | Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage | —    | —    | 1.7       | V                          | $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C = 30\text{A}$ See Fig. 4                  |
|                                 |                                         | —    | 2.0  | —         |                            | $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}, I_C = 35\text{A}$                             |
|                                 |                                         | —    | 1.7  | —         |                            | $V_{CE} = 15\text{V}, I_C = 30\text{A}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$    |
| $V_{GE(th)}$                    | Gate Threshold Voltage                  | 3.0  | —    | 5.5       |                            | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$                     |
| $\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$  | Temp. Coeff. of Threshold Voltage       | —    | -14  | —         | $\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$ | $V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\text{ }\mu\text{A}$                     |
| $g_{fe}$                        | Forward Transconductance ④              | 21   | —    | —         | S                          | $V_{CE} \geq 15\text{V}, I_C = 30\text{A}$                          |
| $I_{CES}$                       | Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current     | —    | —    | 50        | $\mu\text{A}$              | $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, V_{CE} = 480\text{V}, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$  |
|                                 |                                         | —    | —    | 2000      |                            | $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}, V_{CE} = 480\text{V}, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ |
| $I_{GES}$                       | Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current         | —    | —    | $\pm 100$ | nA                         | $V_{GE} = \pm 20\text{V}$                                           |

### Notes:

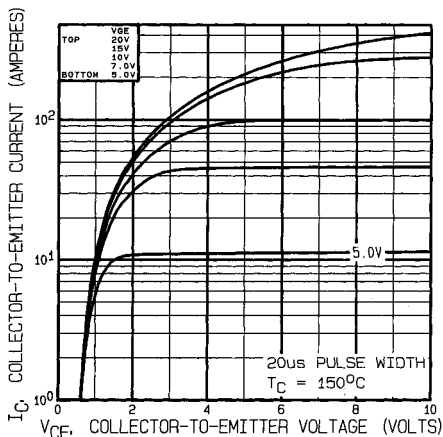
- ① Repetitive rating;  $V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$ , pulse width limited by max. junction temperature (See figure 12b).
- ②  $V_{CC} = 80\% (BV_{CES})$ ,  $V_{GE} = 20\text{V}$ ,  $L \geq 10\text{ }\mu\text{H}$ ,  $R_G = 10\Omega$ , (See figure 12a)
- ③ Pulse width  $\leq 80\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ ; duty factor  $\leq 0.1\%$ .
- ④ Pulse width  $\leq 5\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , single shot
- ⑤ K/W equivalent to  $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

## Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

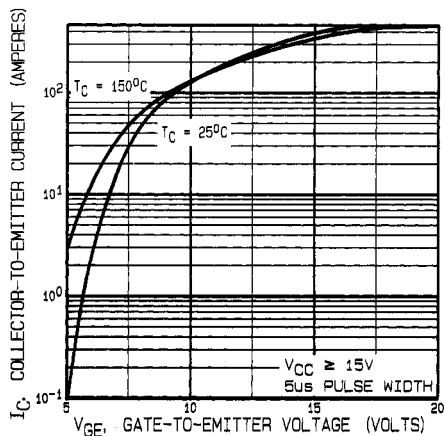
|              | Parameter                         | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Units | Test Conditions                             |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|---------------------------------------------|
| $Q_G$        | Total Gate Charge (turn-on)       | —    | 120  | 140  | nC    | $I_C = 30\text{A}$ , $V_{CC} = 300\text{V}$ |
| $Q_{GE}$     | Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)   | —    | 15   | 35   |       | See Figure 6.                               |
| $Q_{GC}$     | Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on) | —    | 35   | 70   |       | $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$                       |
| $t_{d(on)}$  | Turn-On Delay Time                | —    | —    | 48   | ns    | See test circuit, figure 13.                |
| $t_r$        | Rise Time                         | —    | —    | 100  |       | $I_C = 30\text{A}$ , $V_{CC} = 480\text{V}$ |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time               | —    | —    | 540  |       | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$                    |
| $t_f$        | Fall Time                         | —    | —    | 360  |       | $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$ , $R_G = 2.35\Omega$  |
| $E_{on}$     | Turn-On Switching Loss            | —    | 0.20 | —    | mJ    | Energy losses include "tail".               |
| $E_{off}$    | Turn-Off Switching Loss           | —    | 5.8  | —    |       | Also see figures 9, 10, & 11.               |
| $E_{is}$     | Total Switching Loss              | —    | 6.0  | 10   |       |                                             |
| $t_{d(on)}$  | Turn-On Delay Time                | —    | 25   | —    | ns    | $I_C = 30\text{A}$ , $V_{CC} = 480\text{V}$ |
| $t_r$        | Rise Time                         | —    | 49   | —    |       | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$                   |
| $t_{d(off)}$ | Turn-Off Delay Time               | —    | 440  | —    |       | $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$                       |
| $t_f$        | Fall Time                         | —    | 410  | —    |       | $R_G = 2.35\Omega$                          |
| $E_{is}$     | Total Switching Loss              | —    | 10   | —    | mJ    |                                             |
| $L_E$        | Internal Emitter Inductance       | —    | 8.7  | —    | nH    | Measured 5mm from package.                  |
| $C_{ies}$    | Input Capacitance                 | —    | 3000 | —    | pF    | $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$                        |
| $C_{oes}$    | Output Capacitance                | —    | 340  | —    |       | $V_{CC} = 30\text{V}$                       |
| $C_{res}$    | Reverse Transfer Capacitance      | —    | 40   | —    |       | $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$                        |
| $C_{CC}$     | Collector-to-Case Capacitance     | —    | 12   | —    |       | See fig 5.                                  |



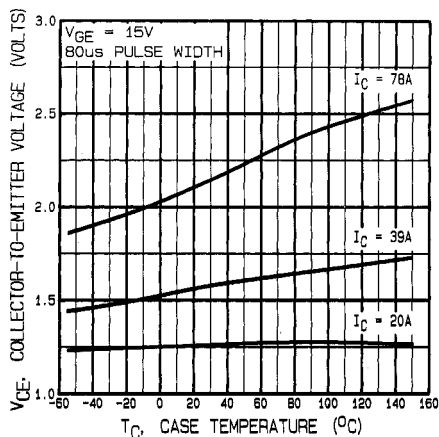
**Fig. 1 — Typical Output Characteristics,**  
 $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$



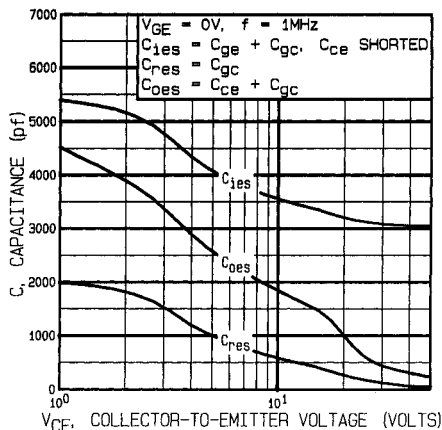
**Fig. 2 — Typical Output Characteristics,**  
 $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$



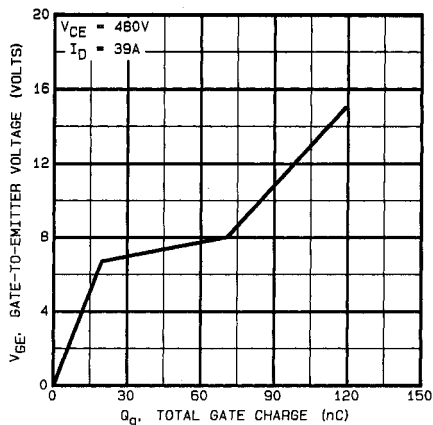
**Fig. 3 — Typical Transfer Characteristics**



**Fig. 4 — Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage vs. Case Temperature**



**Fig. 5 — Typical Capacitance vs. Collector-to-Emitter Voltage**



**Fig. 6 — Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Emitter Voltage**

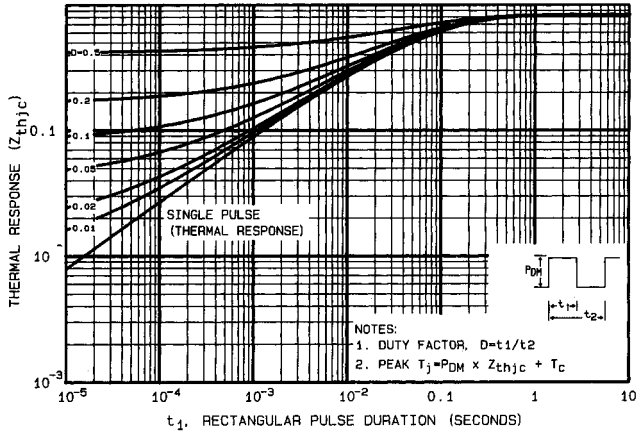


Fig. 7 — Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

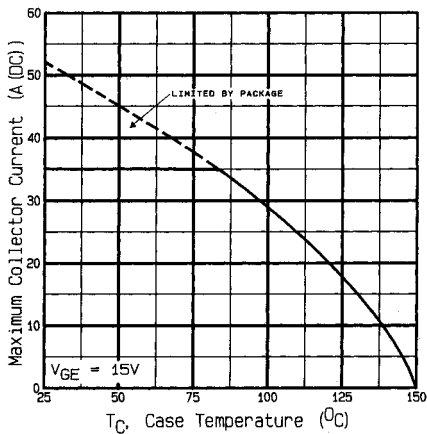


Fig. 8 — Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

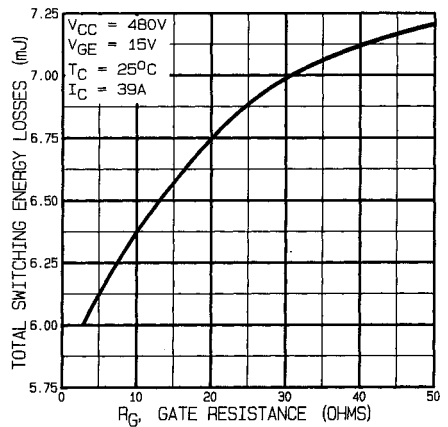
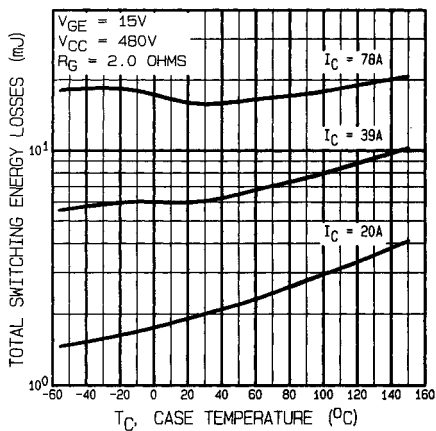
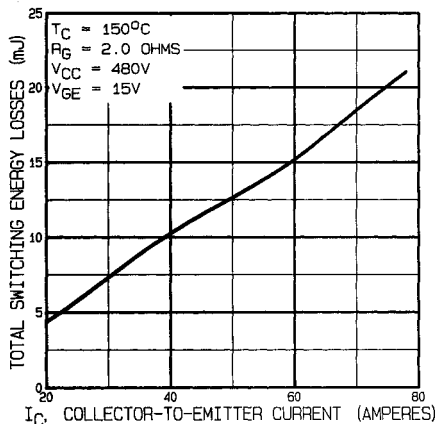


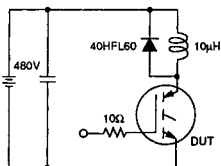
Fig. 9 — Typical Switching Losses vs. Gate Resistance



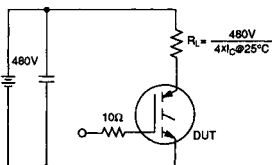
**Fig. 10 — Typical Switching Losses vs. Case Temperature**



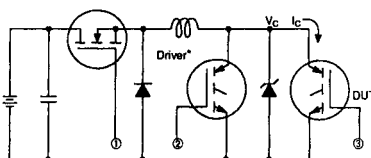
**Fig. 11 — Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-Emitter Current**



**Fig 12a. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit**

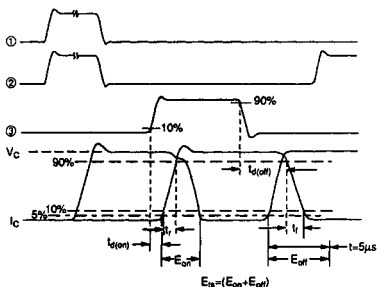


**Fig 12b. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit**



**Fig 13a. Switching Loss Test Circuit**

• Driver same type as DUT,  $V_C = 480V$



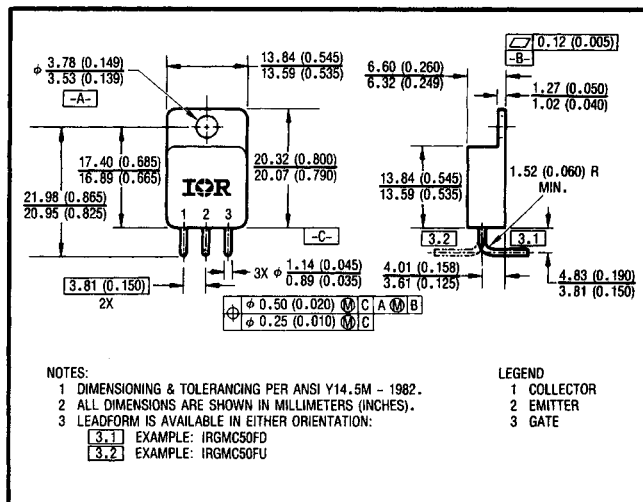
**Fig 13b. Switching Loss Waveforms**

**Other Conditions:**  
Duty cycle: 50%  
 $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$   
 $T_{\text{sink}} = 90^\circ\text{C}$   
Gate drive as specified

**Triangular wave**  
Clamp voltage: 80% of rated

**Square wave**  
Operating Voltage - 60% of rated voltage  
Switching parameters at 80% of rated  
HEXFRED diodes assumed

**Fig. 14 — Typical Load Current vs. Frequency**  
(For square wave,  $I = I_{\text{RMS}}$  of fundamental; for triangular wave,  $I = I_{\text{PK}}$ )



**Fig. 15 – Optional Leadforms for Outline TO-254**