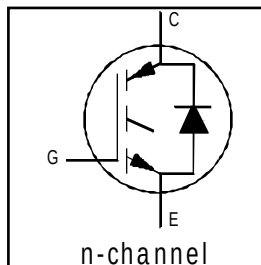


INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

UltraFast CoPack IGBT

Features

- UltraFast: Optimized for high operating frequencies up to 40 kHz in hard switching, >200 kHz in resonant mode
- New IGBT design provides tighter parameter distribution and higher efficiency than previous generations
- IGBT co-packaged with HEXFRED™ ultrafast, ultra-soft-recovery anti-parallel diodes for use in bridge configurations
- Industry standard TO-247AC package



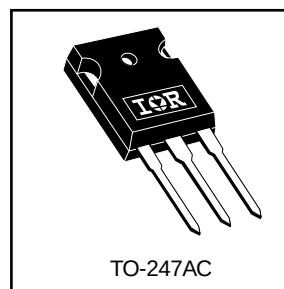
$$V_{CES} = 1200V$$

$$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 2.65V$$

$$@V_{GE} = 15V, I_C = 15A$$

Benefits

- Higher switching frequency capability than competitive IGBTs
- Highest efficiency available
- HEXFRED diodes optimized for performance with IGBT's. Minimized recovery characteristics require less/no snubbing



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	30	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	15	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current ①	120	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ②	120	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	8.0	
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	130	V
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	160	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	65	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case) 10 lbf•in (1.1N•m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	—	—	0.77	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	—	—	1.7	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount	—	—	40	
Wt	Weight	—	6 (0.21)	—	g (oz)

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage ^③	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.43	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA$
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	2.65	3.5	V	$I_C = 15A$ $V_{GE} = 15V$
		—	3.08	—		$I_C = 30A$ See Fig. 2, 5
		—	2.46	—		$I_C = 15A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0		$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-11	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance ^④	14	20	—	S	$V_{CE} = 100V, I_C = 15A$
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	—	250	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V$
		—	—	5000		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	2.6	3.5	V	$I_C = 8.0A$ See Fig. 13
		—	2.4	3.1		$I_C = 12A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	86	130	nC	$I_C = 21A$
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	13	20		$V_{CC} = 400V$ See Fig. 8
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	29	44		$V_{GE} = 15V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	37	—	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
t_r	Rise Time	—	59	—		$I_C = 15A, V_{CC} = 800V$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	180	270		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	100	150		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	1.50	—	mJ	See Fig. 9, 10, 18
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	0.81	—		
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	2.31	3.3		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	39	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$, See Fig. 11, 18
t_r	Rise Time	—	55	—		$I_C = 15A, V_{CC} = 800V$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	360	—		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 10\Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	250	—		Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
E_{ts}	Total Switching Loss	—	4.46	—	mJ	
L_E	Internal Emitter Inductance	—	13	—	nH	Measured 5mm from package
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	1800	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	120	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$ See Fig. 7
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	18	—		$f = 1.0MHz$
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Time	—	63	95	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 14
		—	106	160		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	4.5	8.0	A	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 15
		—	6.2	11		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
Q_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	—	140	380	nC	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 16
		—	335	880		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$di_{(rec)M}/dt$	Diode Peak Rate of Fall of Recovery During t_b	—	133	—	A/ μs	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ See Fig. 17
		—	85	—		$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$

$I_F = 8.0A$
 $V_R = 200V$
 $di/dt = 200A/\mu s$

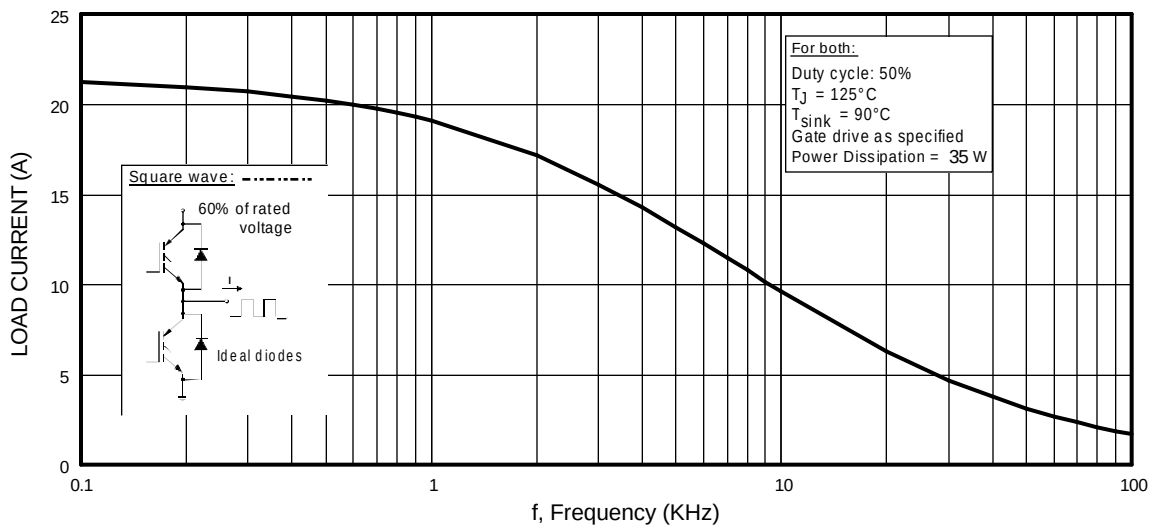


Fig. 1 - Typical Load Current vs. Frequency
(Load Current = I_{RMS} of fundamental)

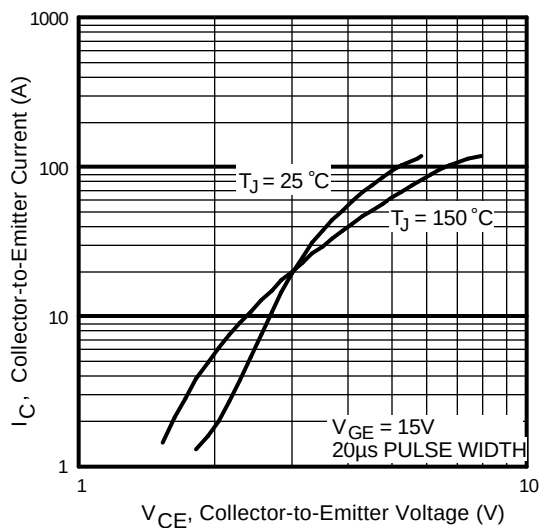


Fig. 2 - Typical Output Characteristics

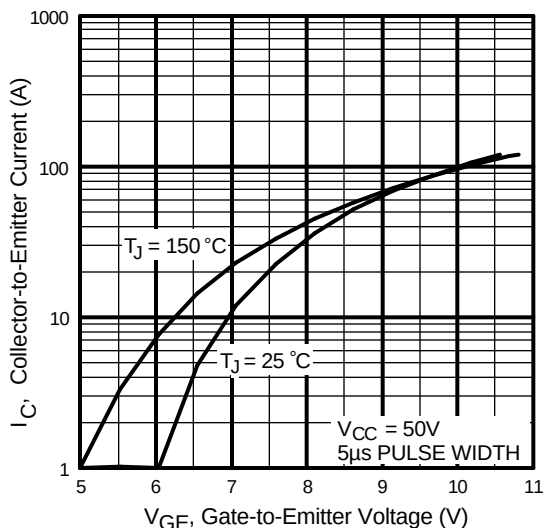


Fig. 3 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

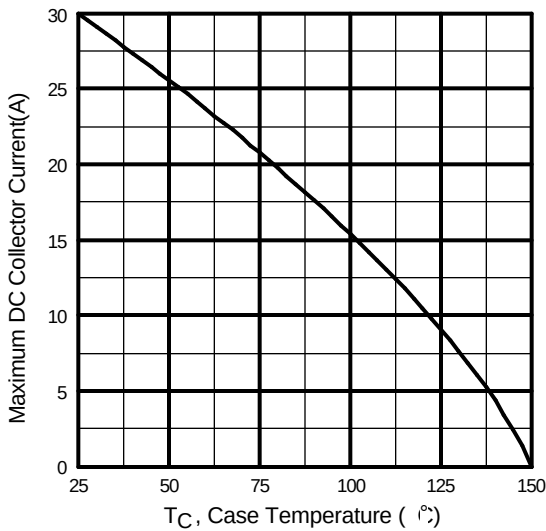


Fig. 4 - Maximum Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

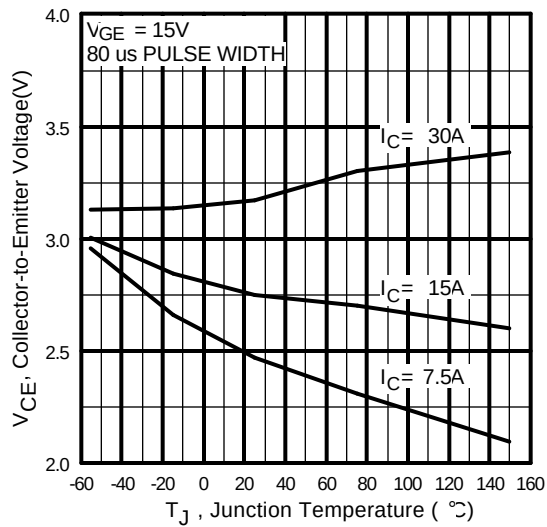


Fig. 5 - Typical Collector-to-Emitter Voltage vs. Junction Temperature

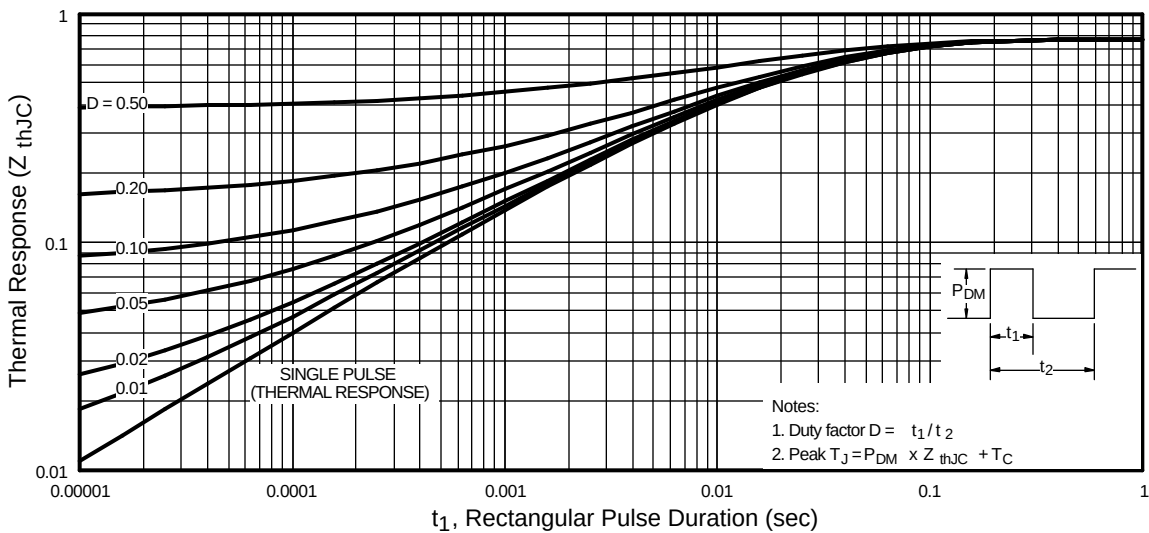
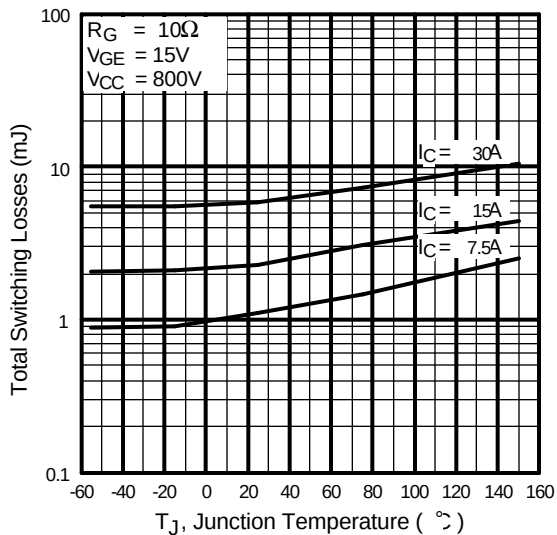
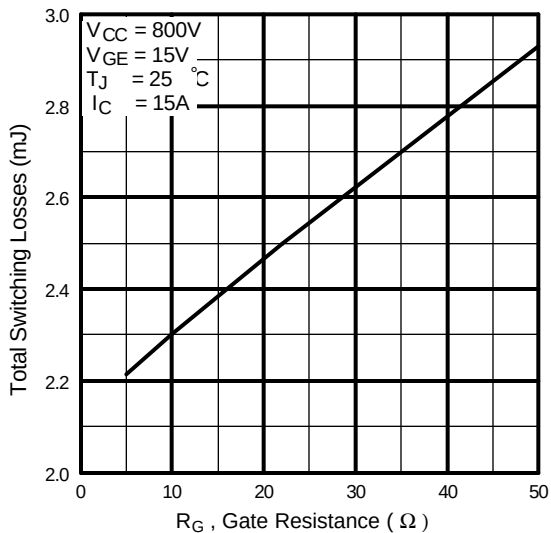
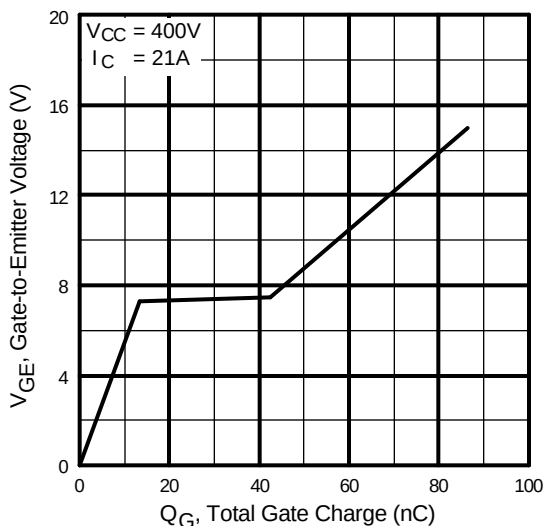
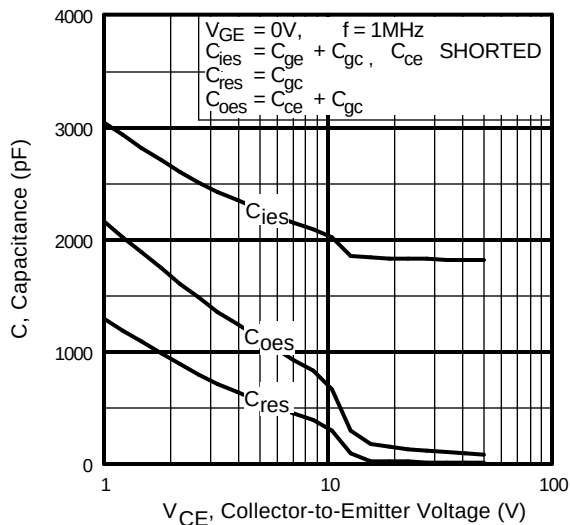


Fig. 6 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case



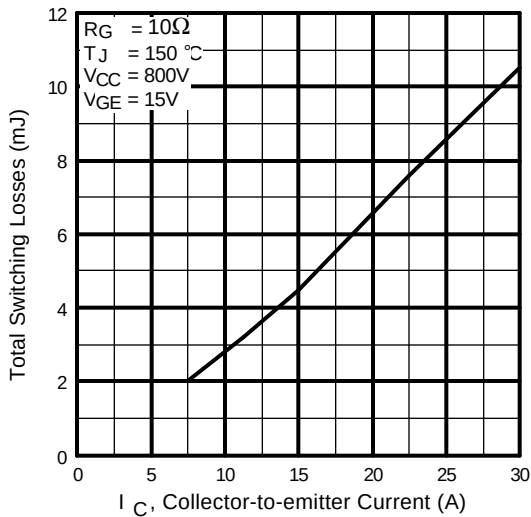


Fig. 11 - Typical Switching Losses vs. Collector-to-emitter Current

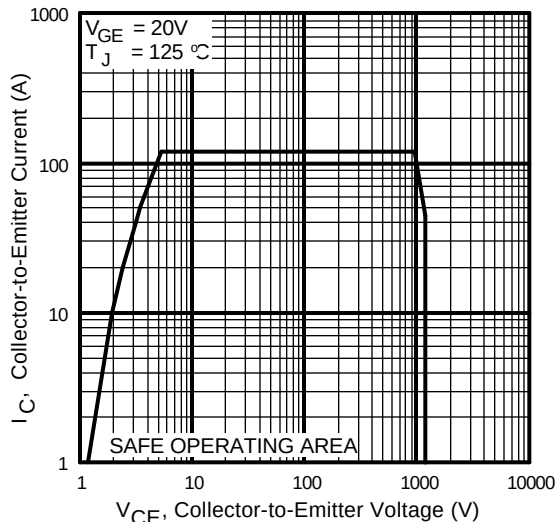


Fig. 12 - Turn-Off SOA

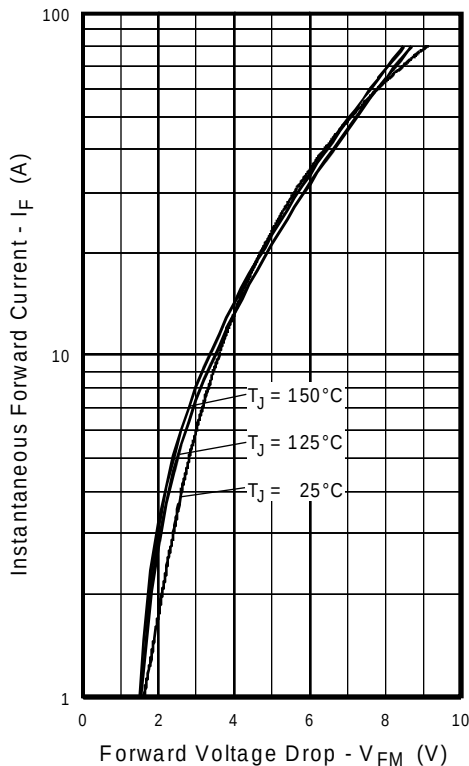
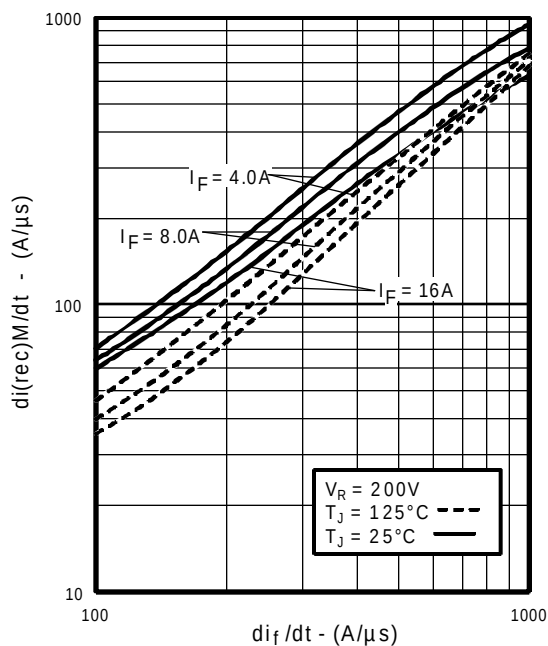
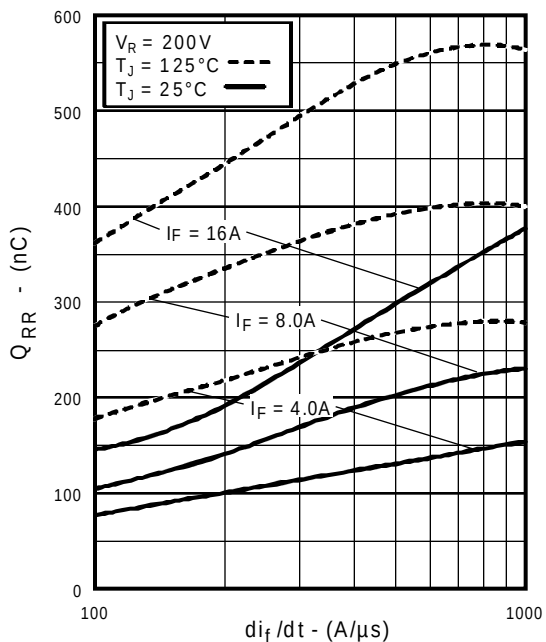
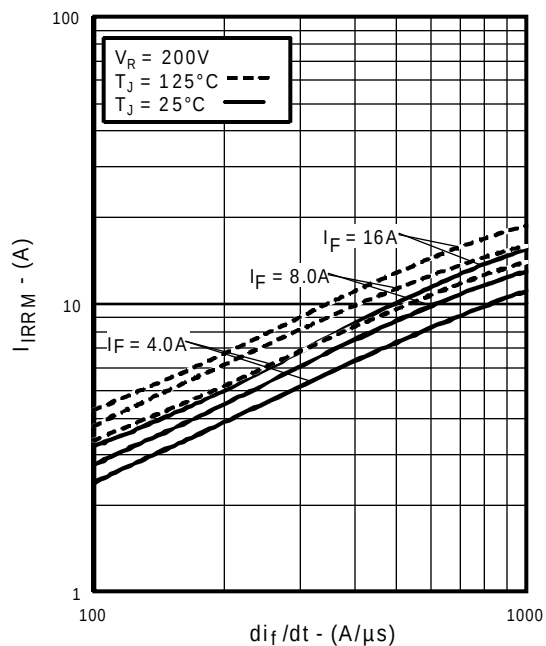
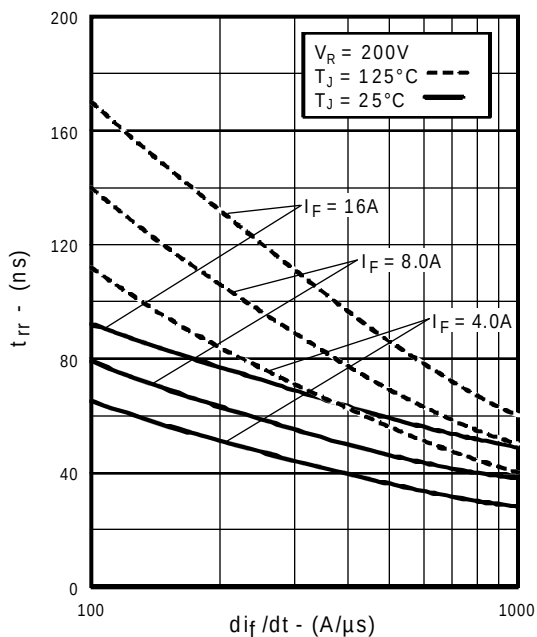


Fig. 13 - Maximum Forward Voltage Drop vs. Instantaneous Forward Current



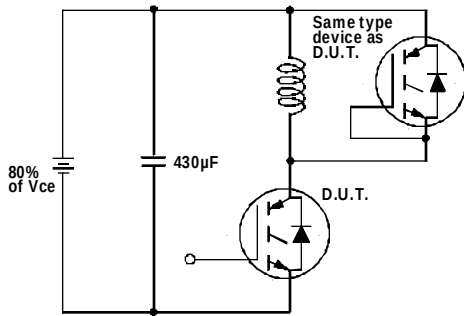


Fig. 18a - Test Circuit for Measurement of I_{LM} , E_{on} , $E_{off}(\text{diode})$, t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr} , $t_d(\text{on})$, t_r , $t_d(\text{off})$, t_f

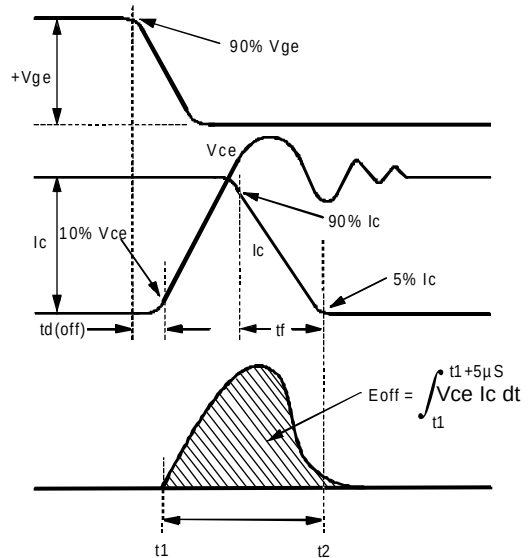


Fig. 18b - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{off} , $t_d(\text{off})$, t_f

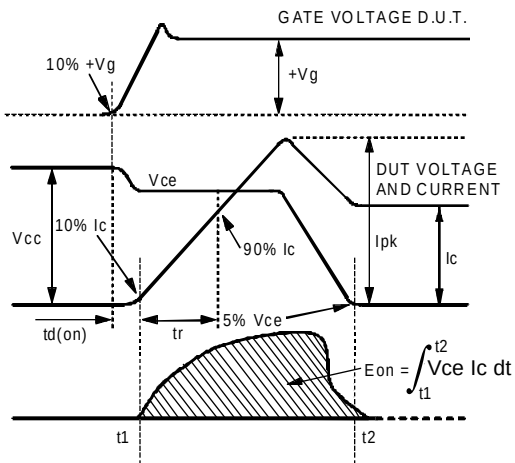


Fig. 18c - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{on} , $t_d(\text{on})$, t_r

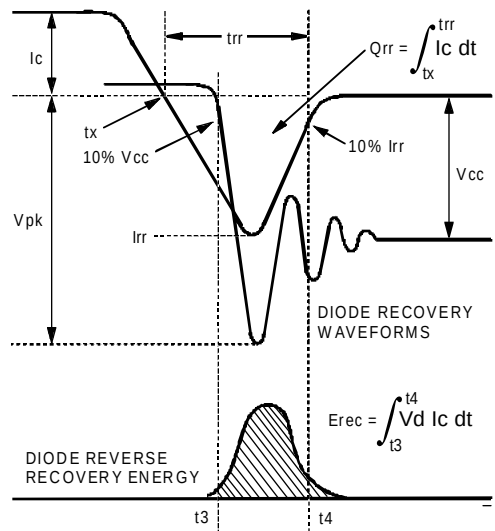


Fig. 18d - Test Waveforms for Circuit of Fig. 18a, Defining E_{rec} , t_{rr} , Q_{rr} , I_{rr}

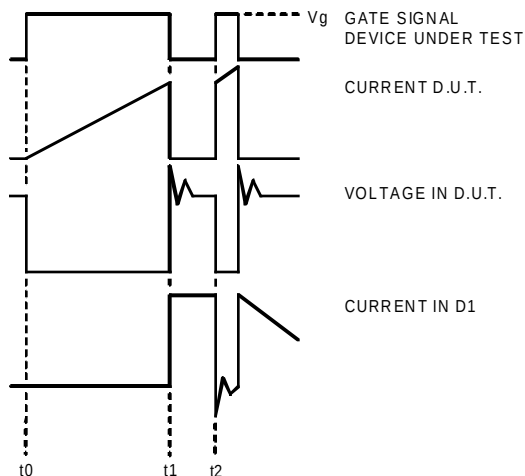


Figure 18e. Macro Waveforms for Figure 18a's Test Circuit

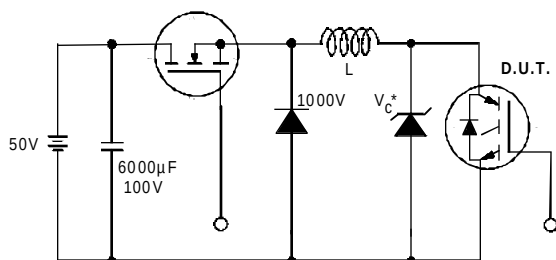


Figure 19. Clamped Inductive Load Test Circuit

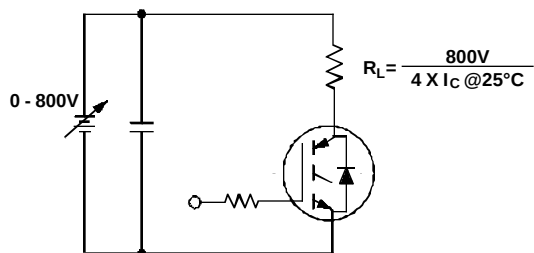


Figure 20. Pulsed Collector Current Test Circuit

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating: $V_{GE}=20V$; pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (figure 20)
- ② $V_{CC}=80\%(V_{CES})$, $V_{GE}=20V$, $L=10\mu H$, $R_G=5.0\Omega$ (figure 19)
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 80\mu s$; duty factor $\leq 0.1\%$.
- ④ Pulse width $5.0\mu s$, single shot.

Case Outline — TO-247AC

