

REPETITIVE AVALANCHE AND dv/dt RATED HEXFET® TRANSISTOR

IRFM260

N-CHANNEL

200Volt, 0.060Ω, HEXFET

HEXFET technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry design achieves very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance.

HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well-established advantages of MOSFETs, such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and electrical parameter temperature stability. They are well-suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers and high-energy pulse circuits, and virtually any application where high reliability is required.

HEXFET transistor's totally isolated package eliminates the need for additional isolating material between the device and the heatsink. This improves thermal efficiency and reduces drain capacitance.

Product Summary

Part Number	BV _{DSS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D
IRFM260	200V	0.060Ω	35A*

Features:

- Hermetically Sealed
- Electrically Isolated
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Ceramic Eyelet

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Pre-Radiation

	Parameter	IRFM260	Units
I _D @ V _{GS} = 10V, T _C = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	35*	A
I _D @ V _{GS} = 10V, T _C = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current	28	
I _{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	180	
P _D @ T _C = 25°C	Max. Power Dissipation	250	W
	Linear Derating Factor	2.0	W/K ⑤
V _{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20	V
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	700	mJ
I _{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	35	A
EAR	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ①	25	mJ
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	4.3	V/ns
T _J	Operating Junction	-55 to 150	°C
T _{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Lead Temperature	300(0.063 in.(1.6mm) from case for 10s)	
	Weight	9.3 (typical)	g

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	200	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $I_D = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$\Delta BV_{DSS}/\Delta T_j$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.24	—	$^\circ\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.060	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 28\text{ A}$ ④
		—	—	0.068		$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 35\text{ A}$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	22	—	—	S (r)	$V_{DS} > 15\text{ V}$, $I_{DS} = 28\text{ A}$ ④
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	25	μA	$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$
		—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{ V}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20\text{ V}$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	—	230	nC	$V_{GS} = 10\text{ V}$, $I_D = 35\text{ A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	40		$V_{DS} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.5$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	110		
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	29	ns	$V_{DD} = 100\text{ V}$, $I_D = 35\text{ A}$, $R_G = 2.35\Omega$
t_r	Rise Time	—	—	120		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	110		
t_f	Fall Time	—	—	92		
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	8.7	—	nH	Measured from drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to center of die.
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	8.7	—		Measured from source lead, 6mm (0.25 in) from package to source bonding pad.
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	5100	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{ V}$, $V_{DS} = 25\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1100	—		
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	280	—		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I _S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	35*	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction rectifier. 
I _{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	180		
V _{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.8	V	T _j = 25°C, I _S = 35A, V _{GS} = 0V ④
t _{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	420	ns	T _j = 25°C, I _F = 35A, di/dt ≤ 100A/μs V _{DD} ≤ 50V ④
Q _{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	4.9	μC	
t _{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L _S + L _D .				

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.50	K/W ⑤	
R_{thCS}	Case-to-Sink	—	0.21	—		Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased
R_{thJA}	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	48		Typical socket mount

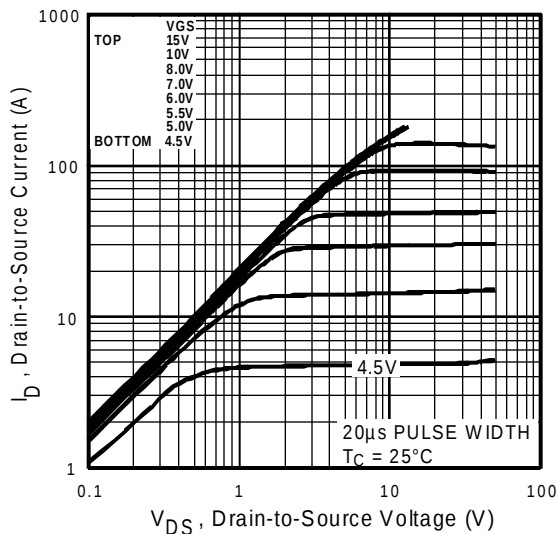


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics,
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

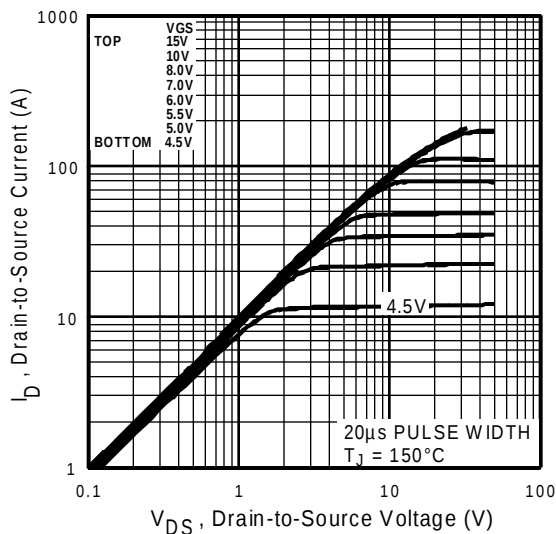


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics,
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

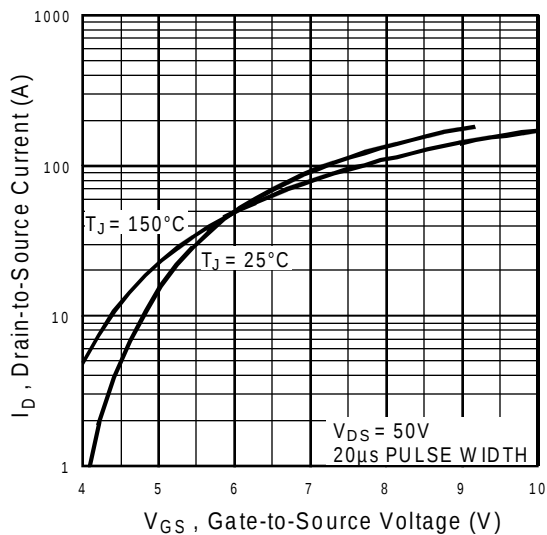


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

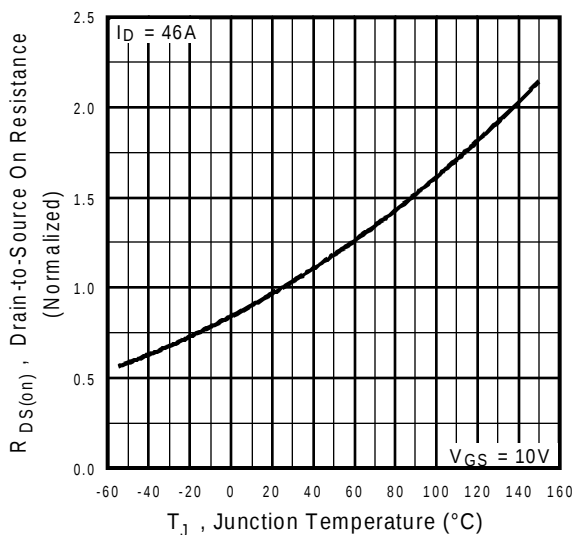


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance
Vs. Temperature

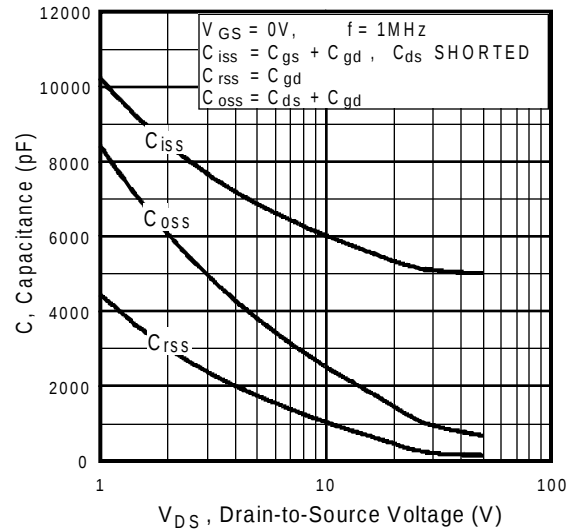


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

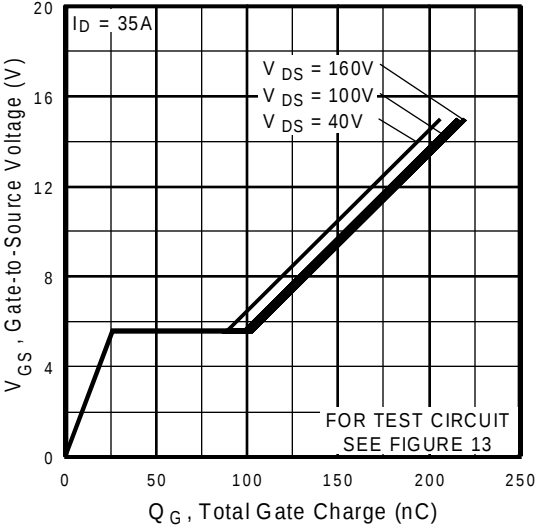


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

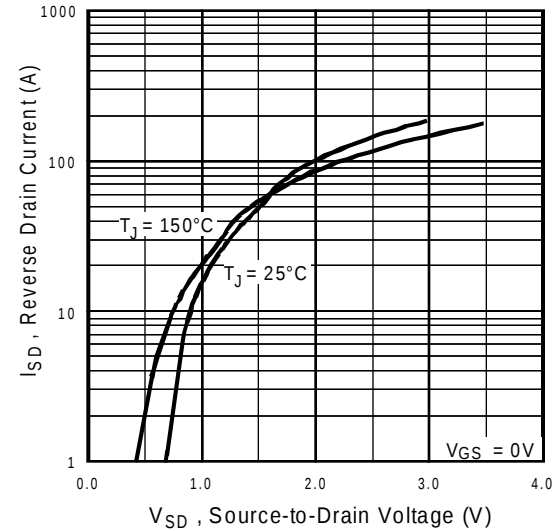


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

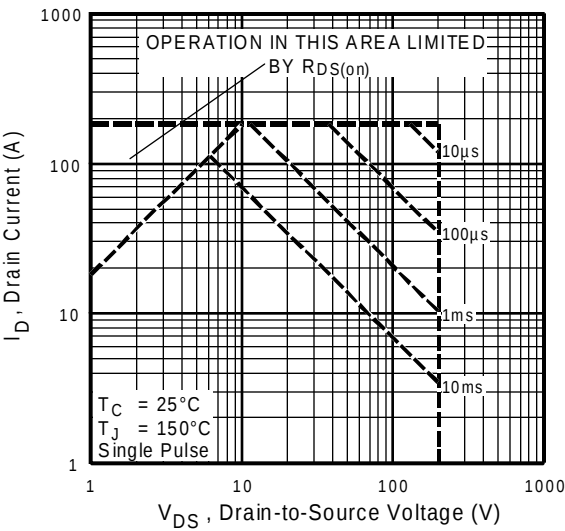


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

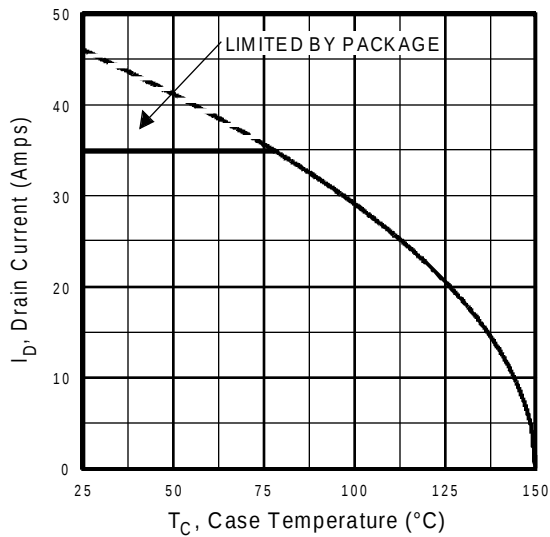


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

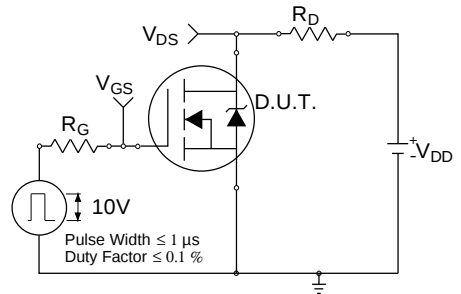


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

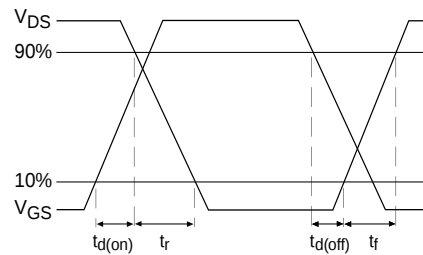


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

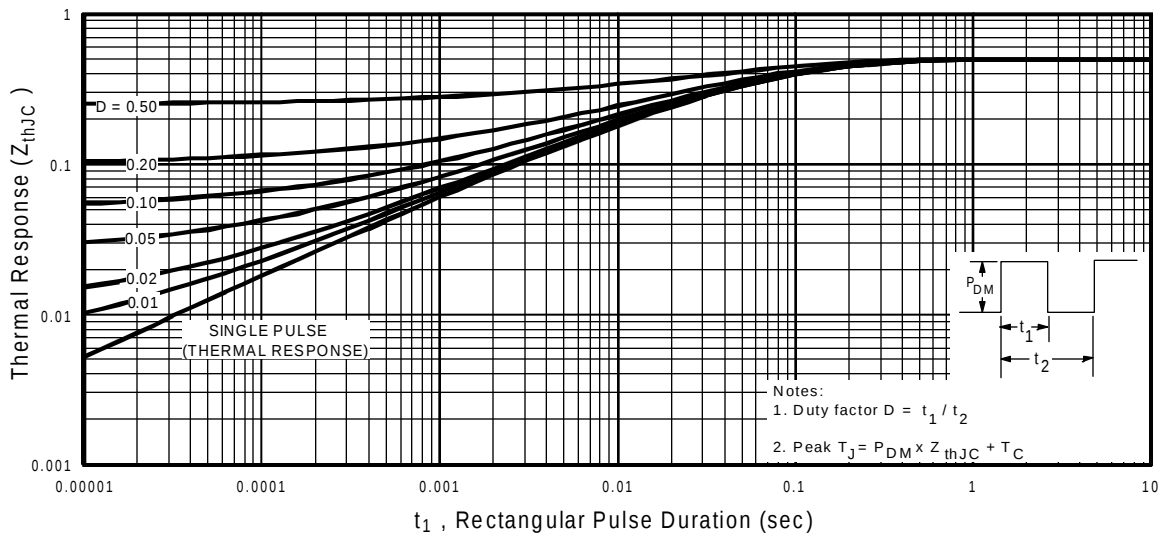


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

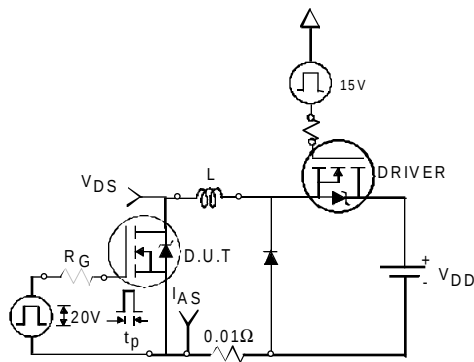


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

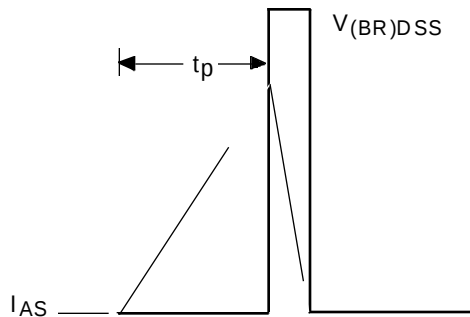


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

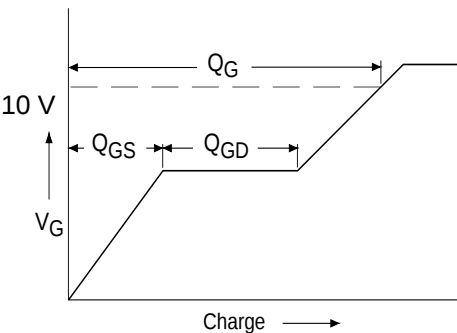


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

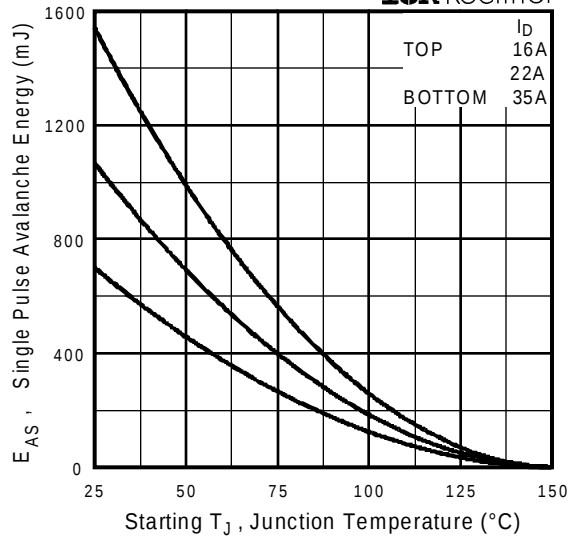


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

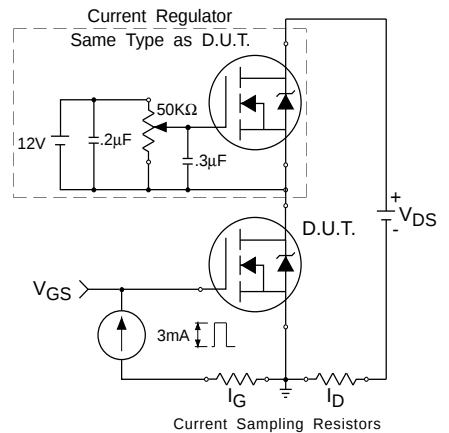
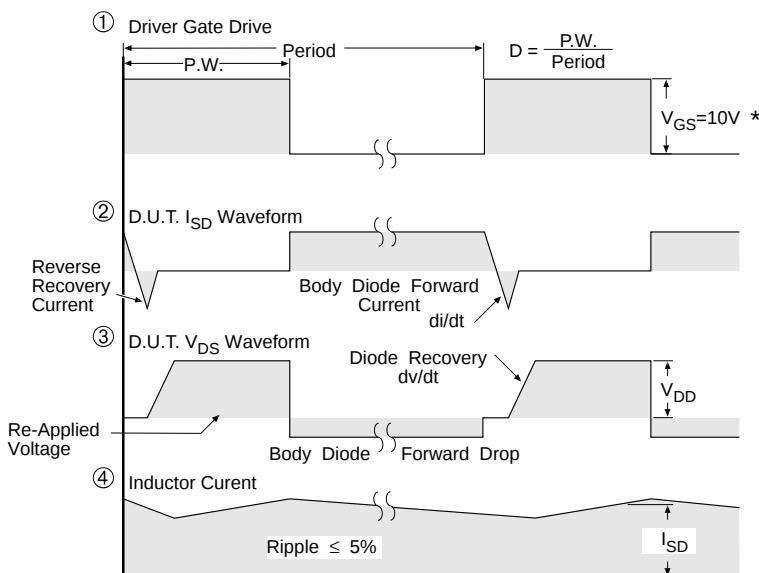
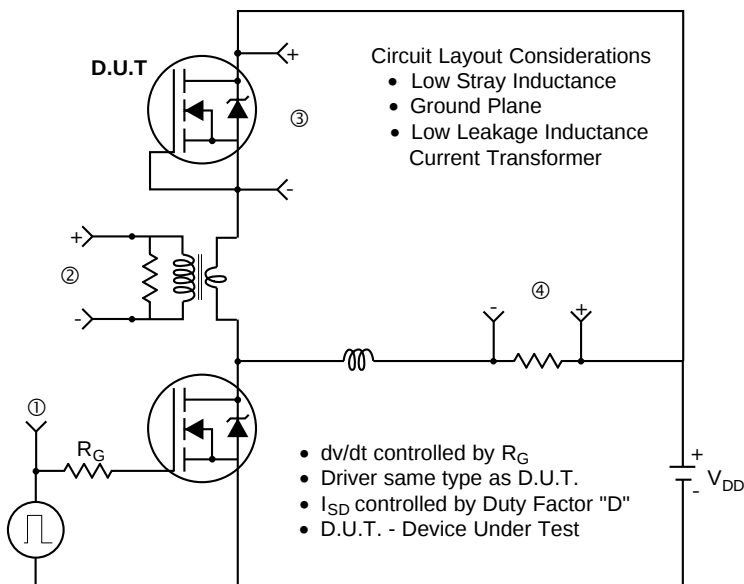


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

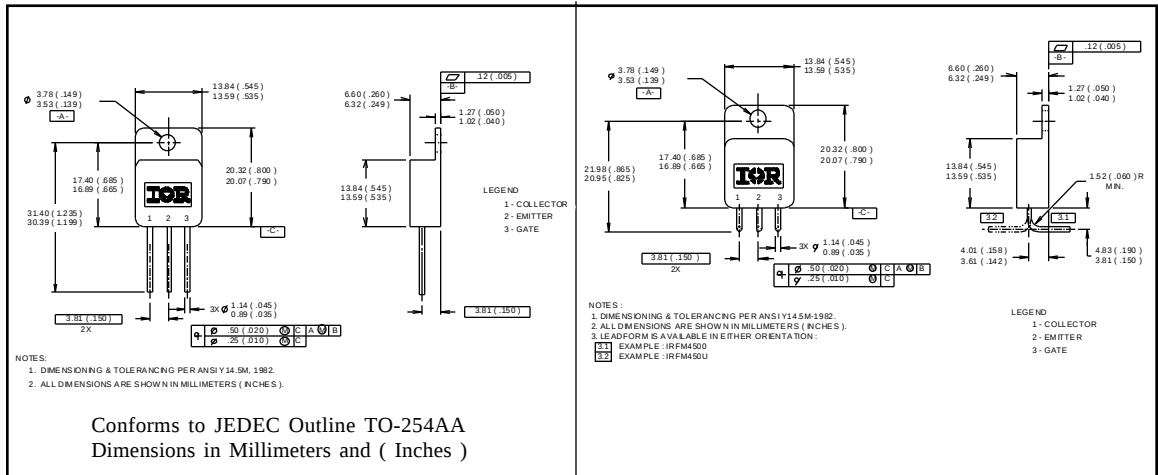
Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit



* $V_{GS} = 5V$ for Logic Level Devices

Fig 14. For N-Channel HEXFETS

Case Outline and Dimensions — TO-254AA

**CAUTION****BERYLLIA WARNING PER MIL-PRF-19500**

Packages containing beryllia shall not be ground, sand-blasted, machined, or have other operations performed on them which will produce beryllia or beryllium dust. Furthermore, beryllium oxide packages shall not be placed in acids that will produce fumes containing beryllium.

Notes:

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature. Refer to current HEXFET reliability report.
② @ $V_{DD} = 50 \text{ V}$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$,
 $EAS = [0.5 * L * (I_L^2)]$
Peak $I_L = 35\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10 \text{ V}$, $25 \leq R_G \leq 200\Omega$
③ $I_{SD} \leq 35\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 130 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$,
 $V_{DD} \leq B_{VDS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
Suggested $R_G = 2.35\Omega$
④ Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$
⑤ $K/W = ^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

* I_D current limited by pin diameter (Die Current = 46A)