

**IRFE130****REPETITIVE AVALANCHE AND dv/dt RATED
HEXFET® TRANSISTOR****JANTX2N6796U
JANTXV2N6796U****[REF:MIL-PRF-19500/557]****N-CHANNEL****100Volt, 0.18Ω, HEXFET**

The leadless chip carrier (LCC) package represents the logical next step in the continual evolution of surface mount technology. The LCC provides designers the extra flexibility they need to increase circuit board density. International Rectifier has engineered the LCC package to meet the specific needs of the power market by increasing the size of the bottom source pad, thereby enhancing the thermal and electrical performance. The lid of the package is grounded to the source to reduce RF interference.

HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well-established advantages of MOSFETs, such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and electrical parameter temperature stability. They are well-suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers and high-energy pulse circuits, and virtually any application where high reliability is required.

Product Summary

Part Number	BVDSS	RDS(on)	ID
IRFE130	100V	0.18Ω	8.0A

Features:

- Hermetically Sealed
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Small footprint
- Surface Mount
- Lightweight

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	IRFE130, JANTX-, JANTXV-, 2N6796U	Units
ID @ VGS = 10V, TC = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current	8.0
IDM	Continuous Drain Current	5.0
	Pulsed Drain Current ①	32
	Max. Power Dissipation	25
PD @ TC = 25°C	Linear Derating Factor	0.17
	Gate-to-Source Voltage	±20
EAS	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	134
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	8.3
TJ TSTG	Operating Junction Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150
	Surface Temperature	300 (for 5 seconds)
	Weight	0.42 (typical)
		g

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Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	100	—	—	V	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_D = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}/\Delta T_J}$	Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.11	—	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $\text{I}_D = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$\text{R}_{\text{DS(on)}}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.18	Ω	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_D = 5.0\text{ A}$ ④
		—	—	0.207		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_D = 8.0\text{ A}$
$\text{V}_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{V}_{\text{GS}}$, $\text{I}_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	3.0	—	—	S (mS)	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} > 15\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_{\text{DS}} = 5.0\text{ A}$ ④
I_{DSS}	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	25	μA	$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}$, $\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{ V}$
		—	—	250		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 0.8 \times \text{Max Rating}$ $\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{ V}$, $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	nA	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 20\text{ V}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = -20\text{ V}$
Q_{g}	Total Gate Charge	—	—	29	nC	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 10\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_D = 8.0\text{ A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	—	6.5		$\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = \text{Max Rating} \times 0.5$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ('Miller') Charge	—	—	17		
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	30	ns	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} = 50\text{ V}$, $\text{I}_D = 8.0\text{ A}$, $R_G = 7.5\Omega$
t_{r}	Rise Time	—	—	75		
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	40		
t_{f}	Fall Time	—	—	45		
L_{D}	Internal Drain Inductance	—	1.8	—	nH	Measured from drain pad to die.
L_{S}	Internal Source Inductance	—	4.3	—		Measured from center of source pad to the end of source bonding wire.
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	660	—	pF	$\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{ V}$, $\text{V}_{\text{DS}} = 25\text{ V}$ $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	260	—		
Crss	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	51	—		

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
I_{S}	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	8.0	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction rectifier.
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	32		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.5	V	$\text{T}_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $\text{I}_{\text{S}} = 8.0\text{ A}$, $\text{V}_{\text{GS}} = 0\text{ V}$ ④
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	300	ns	$\text{T}_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $\text{I}_{\text{F}} = 8.0\text{ A}$, $d\text{i}/dt \leq 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$
QRR	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	970	nC	$\text{V}_{\text{DD}} \leq 50\text{ V}$ ④
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $\text{L}_{\text{S}} + \text{L}_{\text{D}}$.				

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Units	Test Conditions
R_{thJC}	Junction-to-Case	—	—	5.0	K/W ⑤	Soldered to a copper clad PC board
R_{thJPCB}	Junction-to-PC Board	—	—	19		

Details of notes ① through ⑤ are on the last page

IRFE130, JANTX-, JANTXV-, 2N6796U Device

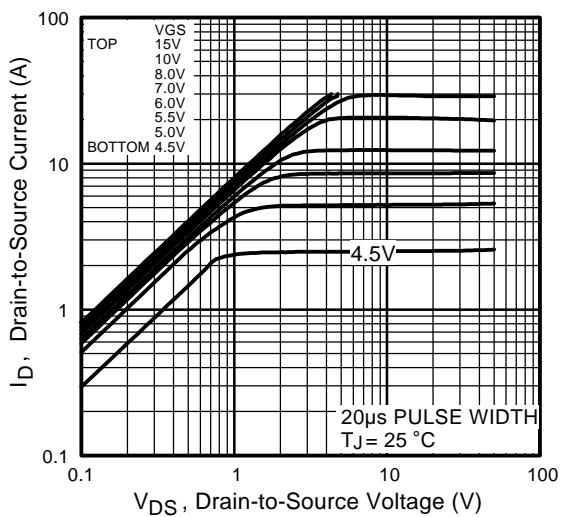


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

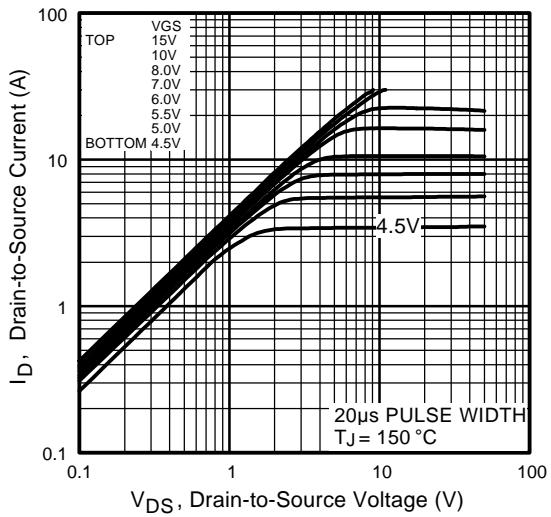


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

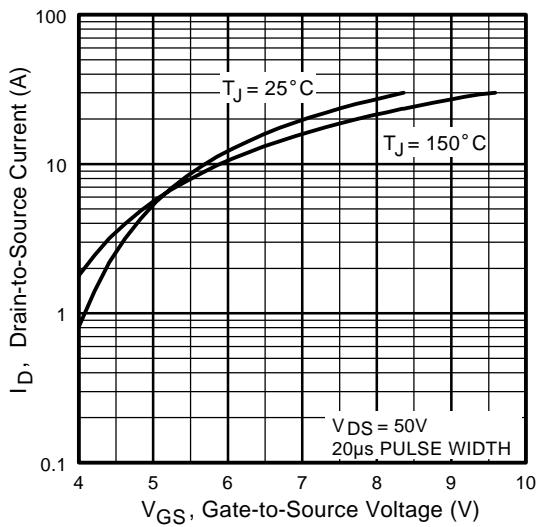


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

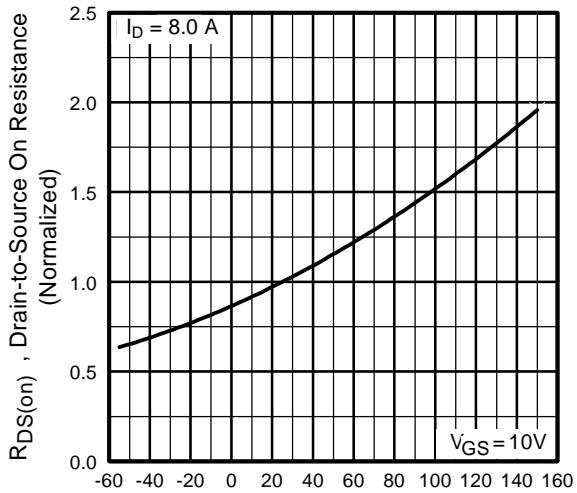


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

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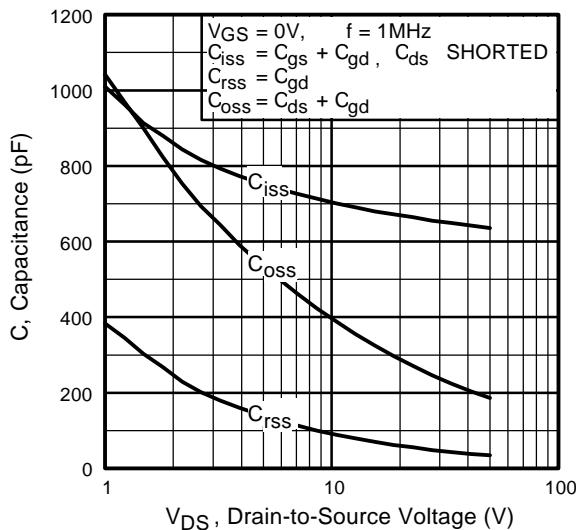


Fig 5. Typical Capacitance Vs.
Drain-to-Source Voltage

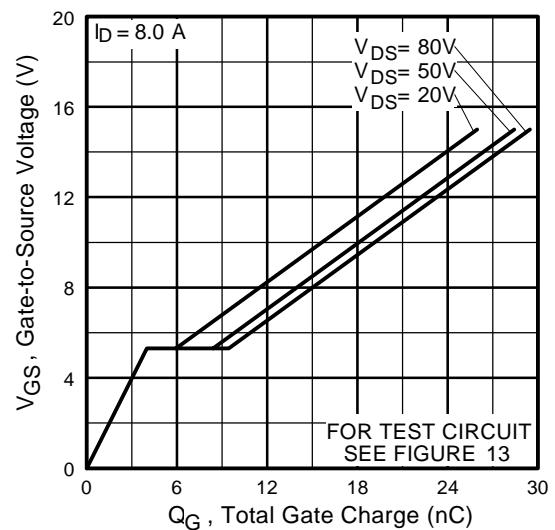


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge Vs.
Gate-to-Source Voltage

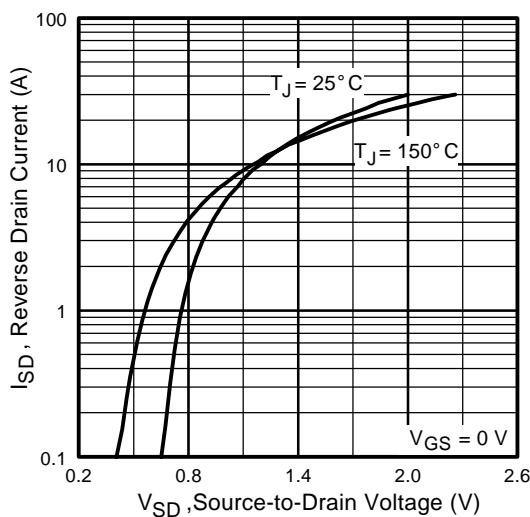


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode
Forward Voltage

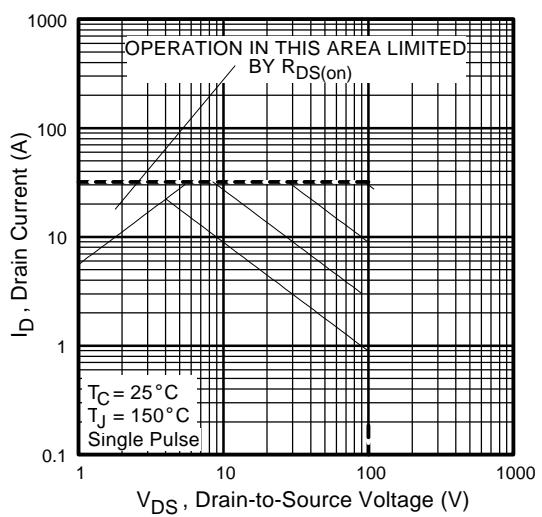


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

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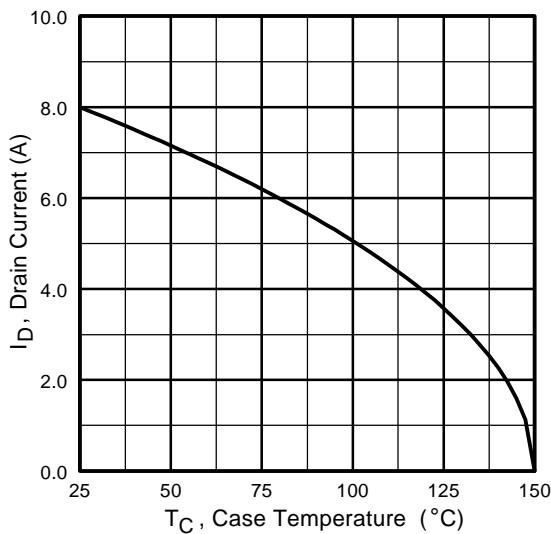


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current Vs.
Case Temperature

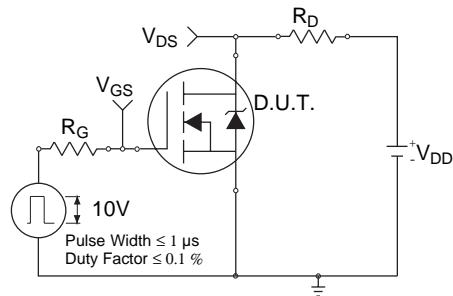


Fig 10a. Switching Time Test Circuit

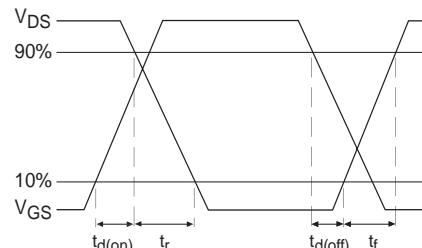


Fig 10b. Switching Time Waveforms

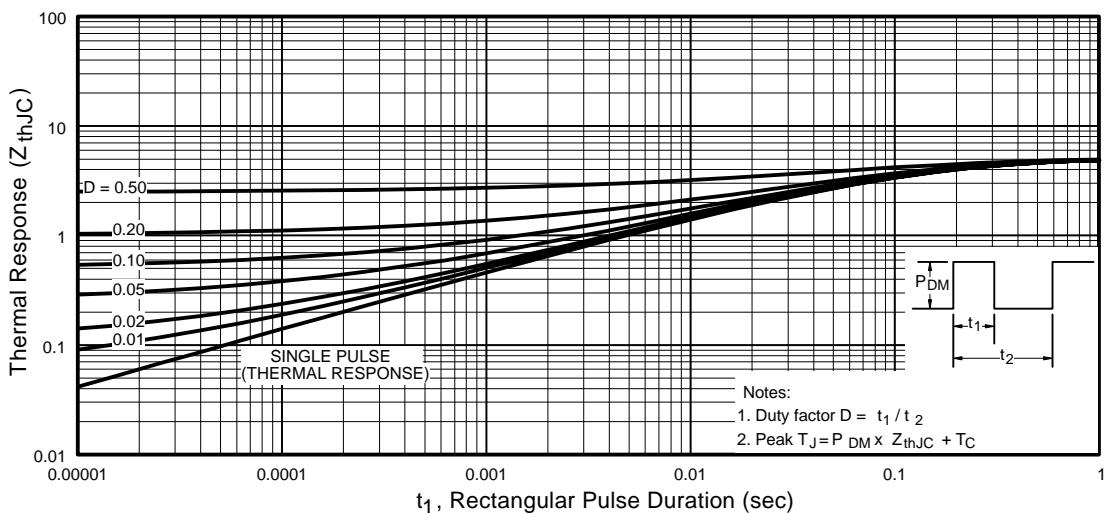


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

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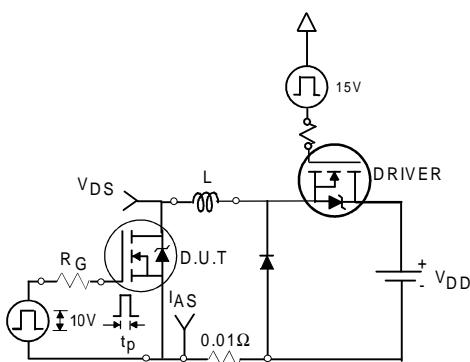


Fig 12a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

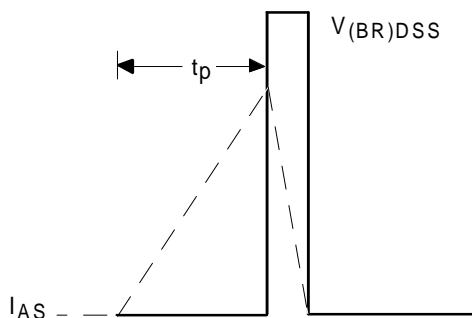


Fig 12b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

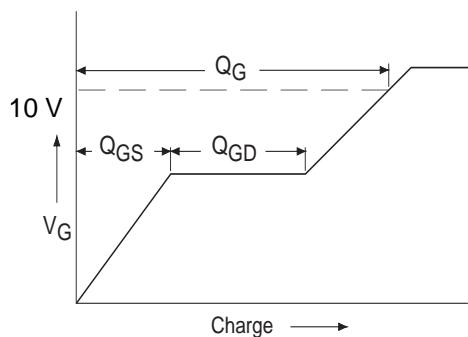


Fig 13a. Basic Gate Charge Waveform

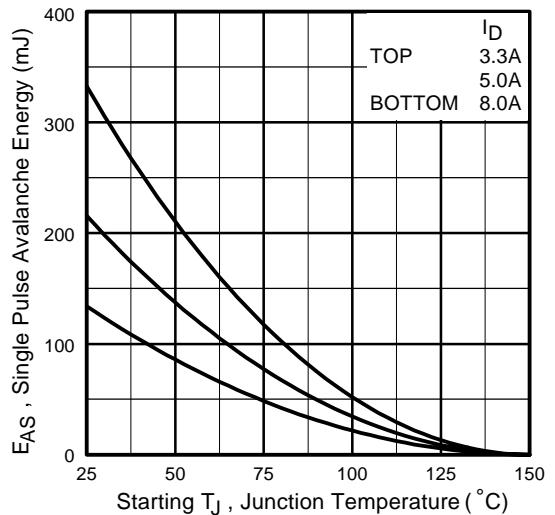


Fig 12c. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

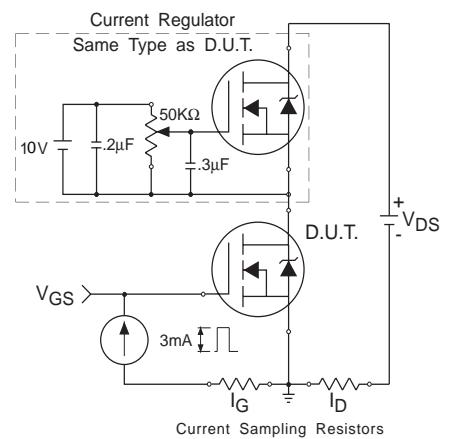


Fig 13b. Gate Charge Test Circuit

Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit

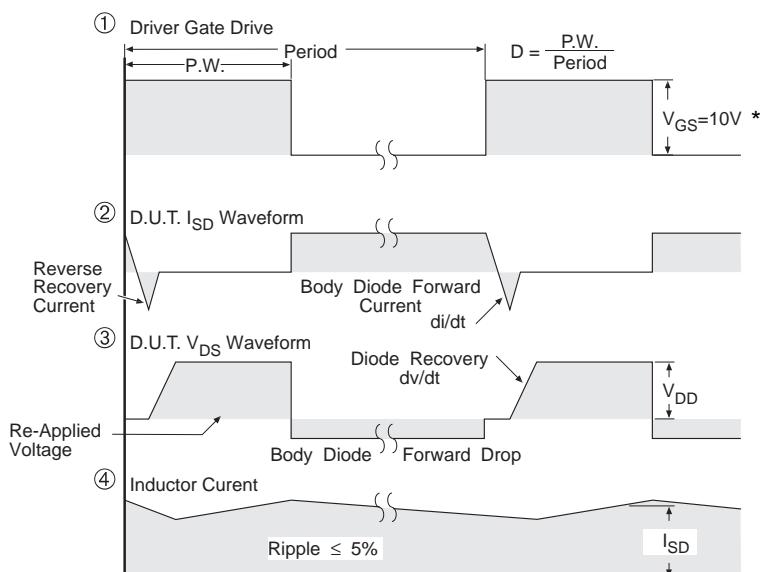
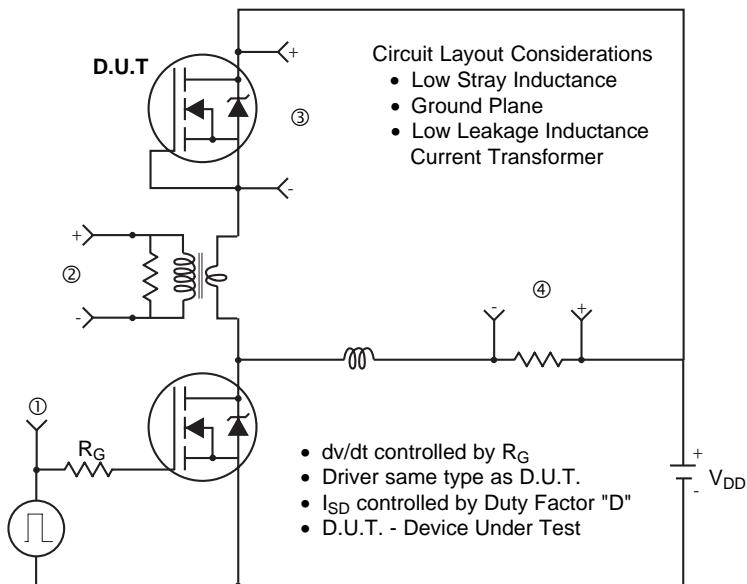


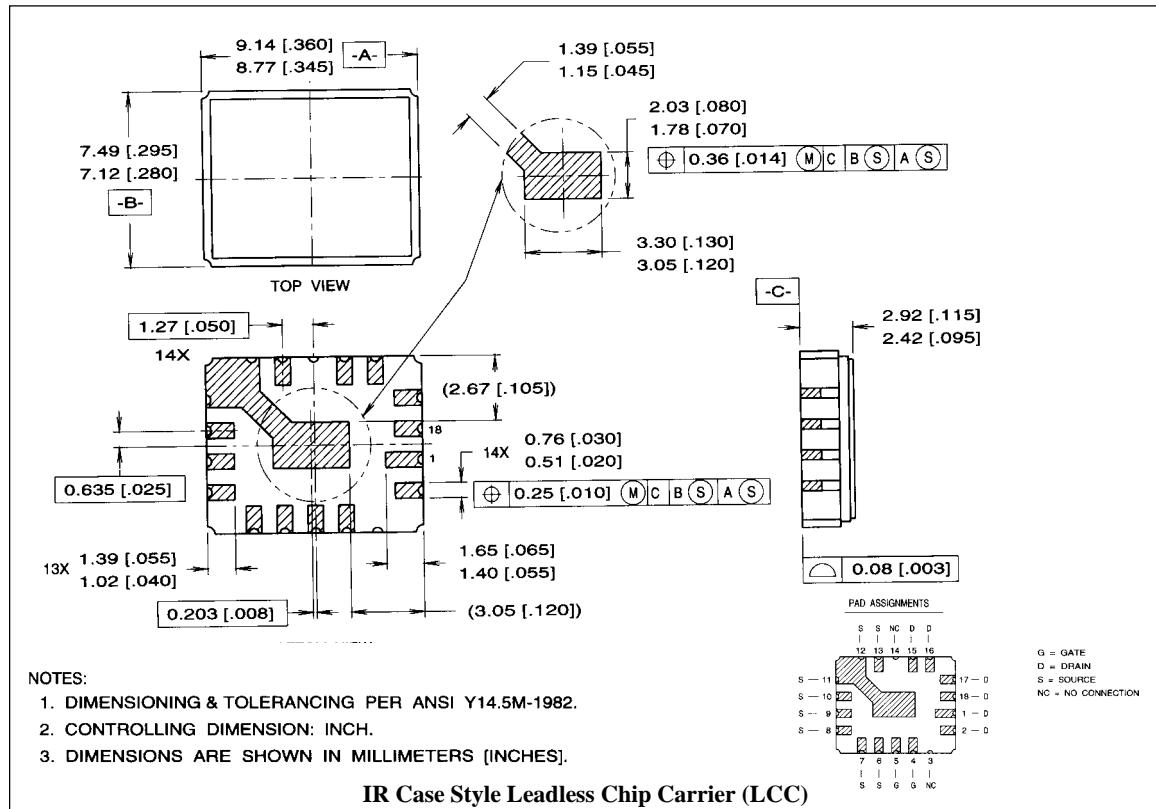
Fig 14. For N-Channel HEXFETS

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Notes:

- ① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature.
- ② @ $V_{DD} = 50$ V, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, EAS = $[0.5 * L * (I_L^2)]$
- ③ $I_{SD} \leq 8.0\text{A}$, $dI/dt \leq 480 \text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$, $V_{DD} \leq BV_{DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
- Refer to current HEXFET reliability report.
- Peak $I_L = 8.0\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 10$ V, $25 \leq R_G \leq 200\Omega$
- Suggested $R_G = 2.35\Omega$
- ④ Pulse width $\leq 300 \mu\text{s}$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$
- ⑤ K/W = $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

Case Outline and Dimensions — Leadless Chip Carrier (LCC) Package



International
IR Rectifier

WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, Tel: (310) 322 3331

EUROPEAN HEADQUARTERS: Hurst Green, Oxted, Surrey RH8 9BB, UK Tel: ++ 44 1883 732020

IR CANADA: 7321 Victoria Park Ave., Suite 201, Markham, Ontario L3R 2Z8, Tel: (905) 475 1897

IR GERMANY: Saalburgstrasse 157, 61350 Bad Homburg Tel: ++ 49 6172 96590

IR ITALY: Via Liguria 49, 10071 Borgaro, Torino Tel: ++ 39 11 451 0111

IR FAR EAST: K&H Bldg., 2F, 30-4 Nishi-Ikebukuro 3-Chome, Toshima-Ku, Tokyo Japan 171 Tel: 81 3 3983 0086

IR SOUTHEAST ASIA: 315 Outram Road, #10-02 Tan Boon Liat Building, Singapore 0316 Tel: 65 221 8371

<http://www.irf.com/> Data and specifications subject to change without notice.

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