

## PHASE CONTROL THYRISTORS

### Stud Version

80A

### Features

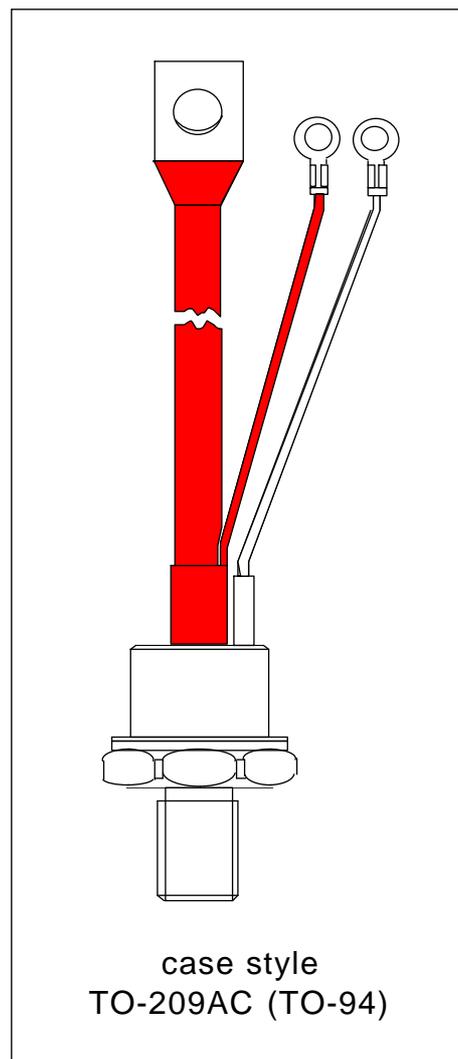
- All diffused design
- Glass-metal seal up to 1200V
- International standard case TO-209AC (TO-94)
- Threaded studs UNF 1/2 - 20UNF2A or ISO M12x1.75

### Typical Applications

- DC motor controls
- Controlled DC power supplies
- AC controllers

### Major Ratings and Characteristics

| Parameters        | 80RIA       | Unit                 |
|-------------------|-------------|----------------------|
| $I_{T(AV)}$       | 80          | A                    |
|                   | @ $T_C$     | 85 °C                |
| $I_{T(RMS)}$      | 125         | A                    |
| $I_{TSM}$         | @ 50Hz      | 1900 A               |
|                   | @ 60Hz      | 1990 A               |
| $I^2t$            | @ 50Hz      | 18 KA <sup>2</sup> s |
|                   | @ 60Hz      | 16 KA <sup>2</sup> s |
| $V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}$ | 400 to 1200 | V                    |
| $t_q$ typical     | 110         | μs                   |
| $T_J$             | - 40 to 125 | °C                   |



## 80RIA Series

### ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS

#### Voltage Ratings

| Type number | Voltage Code | $V_{DRM}/V_{RRM}$ , max. repetitive peak and off-state voltage<br>V | $V_{RSM}$ , maximum non-repetitive peak voltage<br>V | $I_{DRM}/I_{RRM}$ max.<br>@ $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$<br>mA |
|-------------|--------------|---|--|---|
| 80RIA       | 40           | 400   | 500  | 15  |
|             | 80           | 800   | 900  |   |
|             | 120          | 1200  | 1300   |   |

#### On-state Conduction

| Parameter  | 80RIA | Units              | Conditions   |
|--|-------|--------------------|--|
| $I_{T(AV)}$ Max. average on-state current @ Case temperature | 80    | A                  | 180° conduction, half sine wave  |
|  | 85    | °C                 |  |
| $I_{T(RMS)}$ Max. RMS on-state current                       | 125   | A                  | DC @ 75°C case temperature   |
| $I_{TSM}$ Max. peak, one-cycle non-repetitive surge current  | 1900  | A                  | t = 10ms No voltage reappplied   |
|  | 1990  |                    | t = 8.3ms  |
|  | 1600  |                    | t = 10ms 100% $V_{RRM}$  |
|  | 1675  |                    | t = 8.3ms reappplied   |
| $I^2t$ Maximum $I^2t$ for fusing                             | 18    | KA <sup>2</sup> s  | t = 10ms No voltage reappplied   |
|  | 16    |                    | t = 8.3ms  |
|  | 12.7  |                    | t = 10ms 100% $V_{RRM}$  |
|  | 11.7  |                    | t = 8.3ms reappplied   |
| $I^2\sqrt{t}$ Maximum $I^2\sqrt{t}$ for fusing               | 180.5 | KA <sup>2</sup> √s | t = 0.1 to 10ms, no voltage reappplied   |
| $V_{T(TO)1}$ Low level value of threshold voltage            | 0.99  | V                  | (16.7% x $\pi$ x $I_{T(AV)} < I < \pi$ x $I_{T(AV)}$ ), $T_J = T_J$ max.         |
| $V_{T(TO)2}$ High level value of threshold voltage           | 1.13  |                    | ( $I > \pi$ x $I_{T(AV)}$ ), $T_J = T_J$ max.                                    |
| $r_{t1}$ Low level value of on-state slope resistance        | 2.29  | mΩ                 | (16.7% x $\pi$ x $I_{T(AV)} < I < \pi$ x $I_{T(AV)}$ ), $T_J = T_J$ max.         |
| $r_{t2}$ High level value of on-state slope resistance       | 1.84  |                    | ( $I > \pi$ x $I_{T(AV)}$ ), $T_J = T_J$ max.                                    |
| $V_{TM}$ Max. on-state voltage                               | 1.60  | V                  | $I_{pk} = 250\text{A}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $t_p = 10\text{ms}$ sine pulse |
| $I_H$ Maximum holding current                                | 150   | mA                 | $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , anode supply 12V resistive load                       |
| $I_L$ Typical latching current                               | 400   |                    |  |

## Switching

| Parameter  | 80RIA | Units      | Conditions   |
|--|-------|------------|--|
| di/dt<br>Max. non-repetitive rate of rise of turned-on current | 300   | A/ $\mu$ s | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_d = \text{rated } V_{\text{DRM}}$ , $I_{\text{TM}} = 2 \times \text{di/dt snubber } 0.2\mu\text{F}, 15\Omega$ , Gate pulse: 20V, 65 $\Omega$ , $t_p = 6\mu\text{s}$ , $t_r = 0.5\mu\text{s}$<br>Per JEDEC Standard RS-397, 5.2.2.6. |
| $t_d$<br>Typical delay time                                    | 1     | $\mu$ s    | Gate pulse: 10V, 15 $\Omega$ source, $t_p = 6\mu\text{s}$ , $t_r = 0.1\mu\text{s}$ , $V_d = \text{rated } V_{\text{DRM}}$ , $I_{\text{TM}} = 50\text{A}$ , $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  |
| $t_q$<br>Typical turn-off time                                 | 110   |            | $I_{\text{TM}} = 50\text{A}$ , $T_J = T_J \text{ max}$ , $\text{di/dt} = -5\text{A}/\mu\text{s min.}$ , $V_R = 50\text{V}$ , $\text{dv/dt} = 20\text{V}/\mu\text{s}$ , Gate bias: 0V 25 $\Omega$ , $t_p = 500\mu\text{s}$  |

## Blocking

| Parameter   | 80RIA | Units      | Conditions  |
|---|-------|------------|---|
| dv/dt<br>Maximum critical rate of rise of off-state voltage                             | 500   | V/ $\mu$ s | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ exponential to 67% rated $V_{\text{DRM}}$     |
| $I_{\text{RRM}}$<br>$I_{\text{DRM}}$<br>Max. peak reverse and off-state leakage current | 15    | mA         | $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$ rated $V_{\text{DRM}}/V_{\text{RRM}}$ applied |

## Triggering

| Parameter   | 80RIA | Units | Conditions   |
|---|-------|-------|--|
| $P_{\text{GM}}$<br>Maximum peak gate power                  | 12    | W     | $T_J = T_J \text{ max}$ , $t_p \leq 5\text{ms}$  |
| $P_{\text{G(AV)}}$<br>Maximum average gate power            | 3     |       | $T_J = T_J \text{ max}$ , $f = 50\text{Hz}$ , $d\% = 50$   |
| $I_{\text{GM}}$<br>Max. peak positive gate current          | 3     | A     | $T_J = T_J \text{ max}$ , $t_p \leq 5\text{ms}$  |
| $+V_{\text{GM}}$<br>Maximum peak positive gate voltage      | 20    | V     | $T_J = T_J \text{ max}$ , $t_p \leq 5\text{ms}$  |
| $-V_{\text{GM}}$<br>Maximum peak negative gate voltage      | 10    |       |  |
| $I_{\text{GT}}$<br>Max. DC gate current required to trigger | 270   | mA    | Max. required gate trigger/ current/ voltage are the lowest value which will trigger all units 6V anode-to-cathode applied                       |
|   | 120   |       |  |
|   | 60    |       |  |
| $V_{\text{GT}}$<br>Max. DC gate voltage required to trigger | 3.5   | V     | Max. required gate trigger/ current/ voltage are the lowest value which will trigger all units 6V anode-to-cathode applied                       |
|   | 2.5   |       |  |
|   | 1.5   |       |  |
| $I_{\text{GD}}$<br>DC gate current not to trigger           | 6     | mA    | Max. gate current/ voltage not to trigger is the max. value which will not trigger any unit with rated $V_{\text{DRM}}$ anode-to-cathode applied |
| $V_{\text{GD}}$<br>DC gate voltage not to trigger           | 0.25  | V     |  |

# 80RIA Series

## Thermal and Mechanical Specification

| Parameter   | 80RIA           | Units          | Conditions                                 |
|---|-----------------|----------------|--|
| T <sub>J</sub> Max. operating temperature range             | -40 to 125      | °C             |  |
| T <sub>stg</sub> Max. storage temperature range             | -40 to 150      |                |  |
| R <sub>thJC</sub> Max. thermal resistance, junction to case | 0.30            | K/W            | DC operation                               |
| R <sub>thCS</sub> Max. thermal resistance, case to heatsink | 0.1             |                | Mounting surface, smooth, flat and greased |
| T Mounting torque, ± 10%                                    | 15.5 (137)      | Nm<br>(lbf-in) | Non lubricated threads                     |
|   | 14 (120)        |                | Lubricated threads                         |
| wt Approximate weight                                       | 130             | g              |  |
| Case style  | TO-209AC(TO-94) |                | See Outline Table                          |

### $\Delta R_{thJ-C}$ Conduction

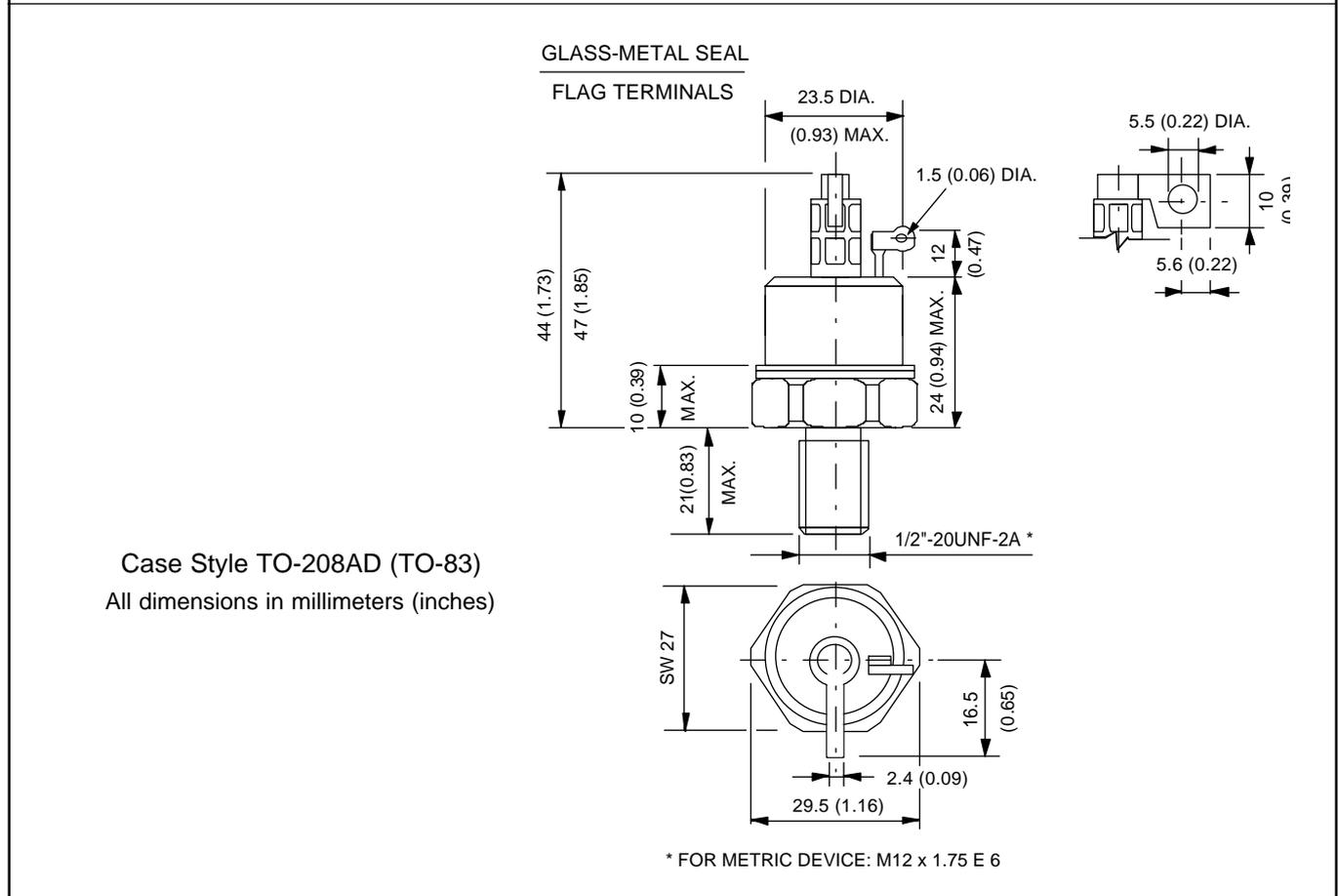
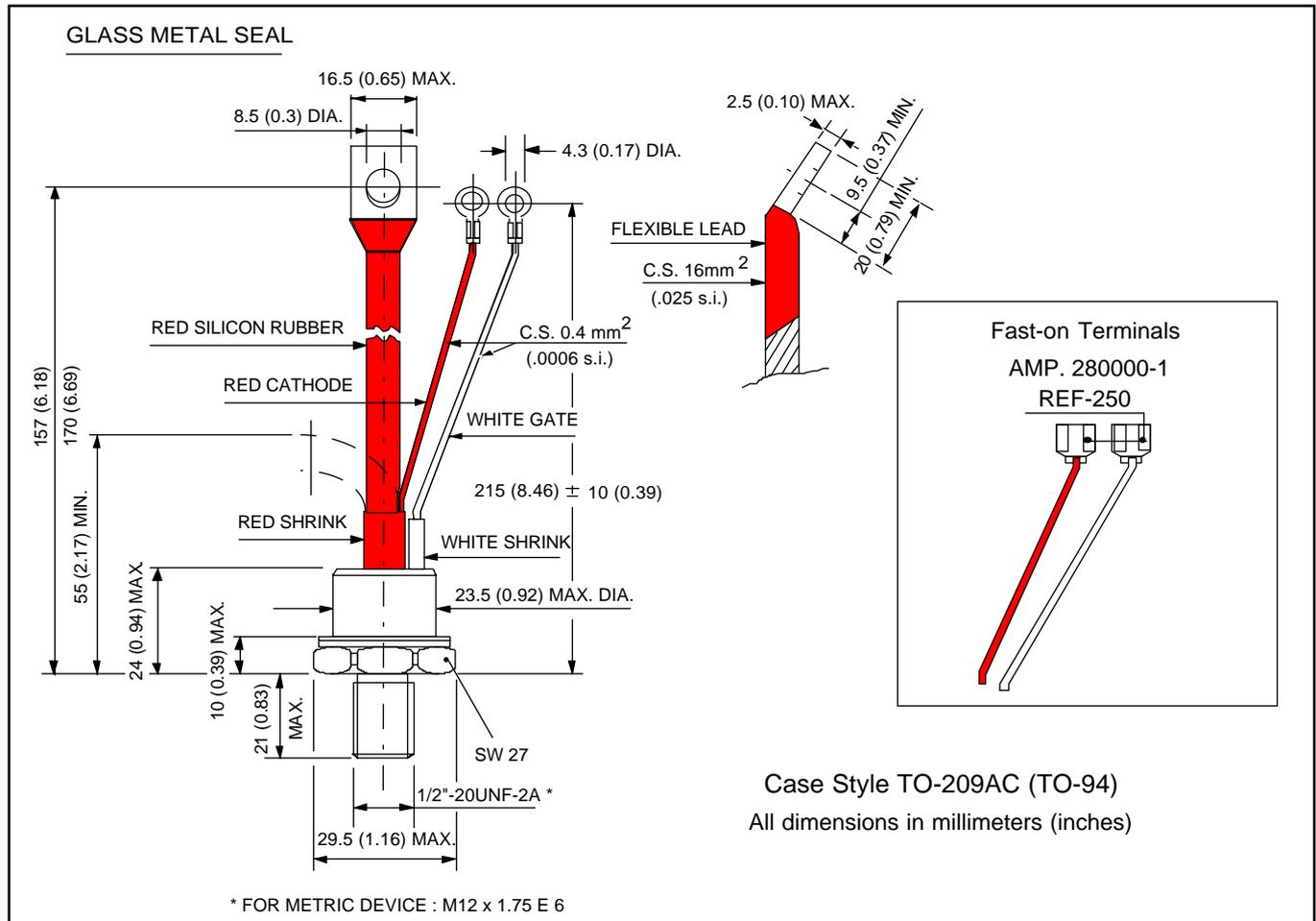
(The following table shows the increment of thermal resistance  $R_{thJ-C}$  when devices operate at different conduction angles than DC)

| Conduction angle | Sinusoidal conduction | Rectangular conduction | Units | Conditions                           |
|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 180°             | 0.042                 | 0.030                  | K/W   | T <sub>J</sub> = T <sub>J</sub> max. |
| 120°             | 0.050                 | 0.052                  |       |                                      |
| 90°              | 0.064                 | 0.070                  |       |                                      |
| 60°              | 0.095                 | 0.100                  |       |                                      |
| 30°              | 0.164                 | 0.165                  |       |                                      |

## Ordering Information Table

| Device Code   |  |
|---|--|
| <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: black; color: white; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center; margin: 0 auto;">8</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: black; color: white; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center; margin: 0 auto;">0</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: black; color: white; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center; margin: 0 auto;">RIA</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: black; color: white; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center; margin: 0 auto;">120</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; background-color: black; color: white; width: 30px; height: 30px; display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center; margin: 0 auto;">M</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: center; gap: 10px; margin-top: 5px;"> <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px;">1</span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px;">2</span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px;">3</span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px;">4</span> <span style="border: 1px solid black; border-radius: 50%; padding: 2px 5px;">5</span> </div> | <p><b>1</b> - I<sub>TAV</sub> x 10A</p> <p><b>2</b> - 0 = Eyelet terminals (Gate and Auxiliary Cathode Leads)<br/>1 = Fast - on terminals (Gate and Auxiliary Cathode Leads)<br/>2 = Flag terminals (For Cathode and Gate Terminals)</p> <p><b>3</b> - RIA = Essential part number</p> <p><b>4</b> - Voltage code: Code x 10 = V<sub>RRM</sub> (See Voltage Rating Table)</p> <p><b>5</b> - None = Stud base 1/2 "20UNF - 2A threads<br/>M = Stud base metric threads M12 x 1.75 E 6</p> |

Outline Table



# 80RIA Series

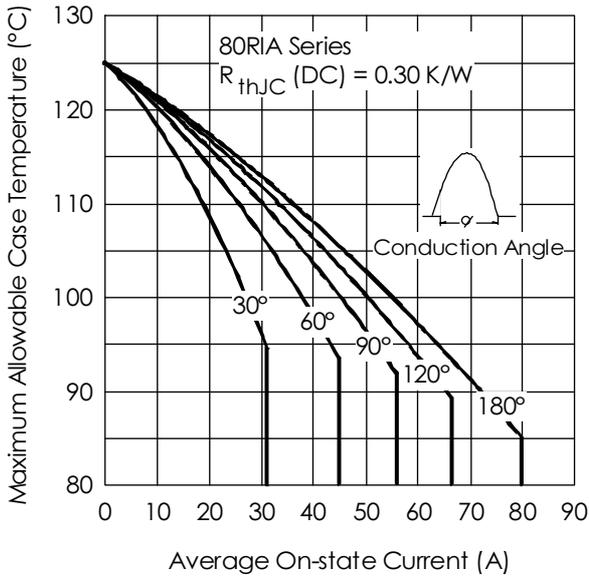


Fig. 1 - Current Ratings Characteristics

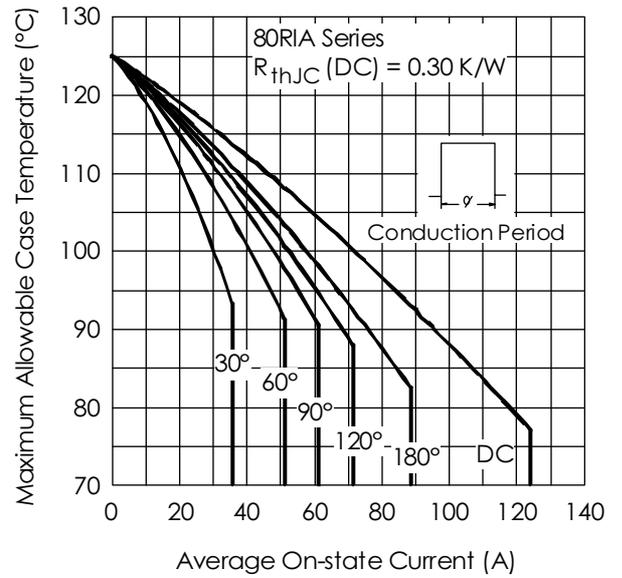


Fig. 2 - Current Ratings Characteristics

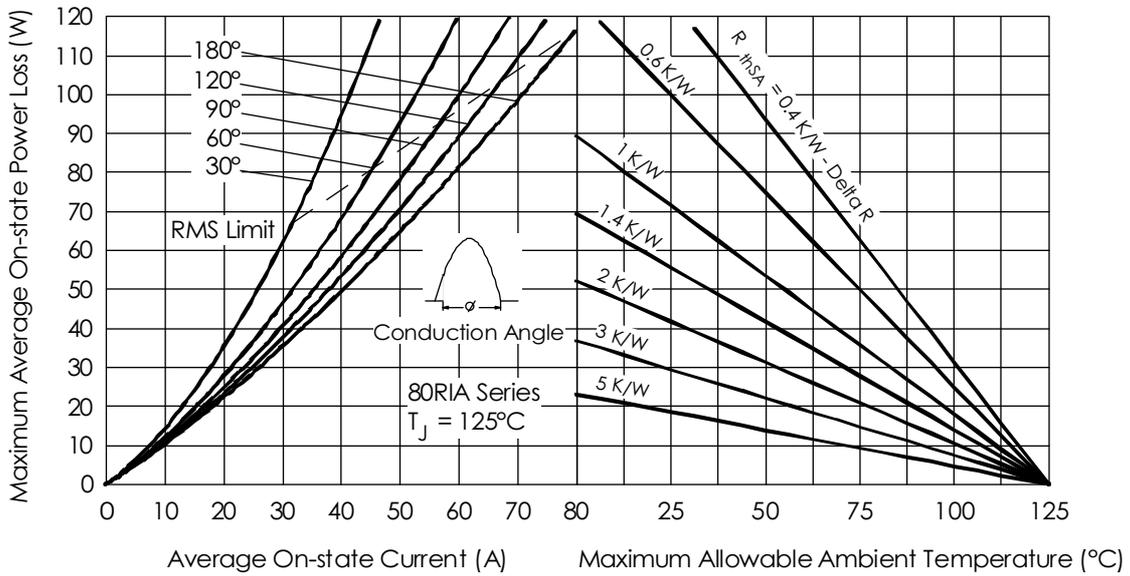


Fig. 3 - On-state Power Loss Characteristics

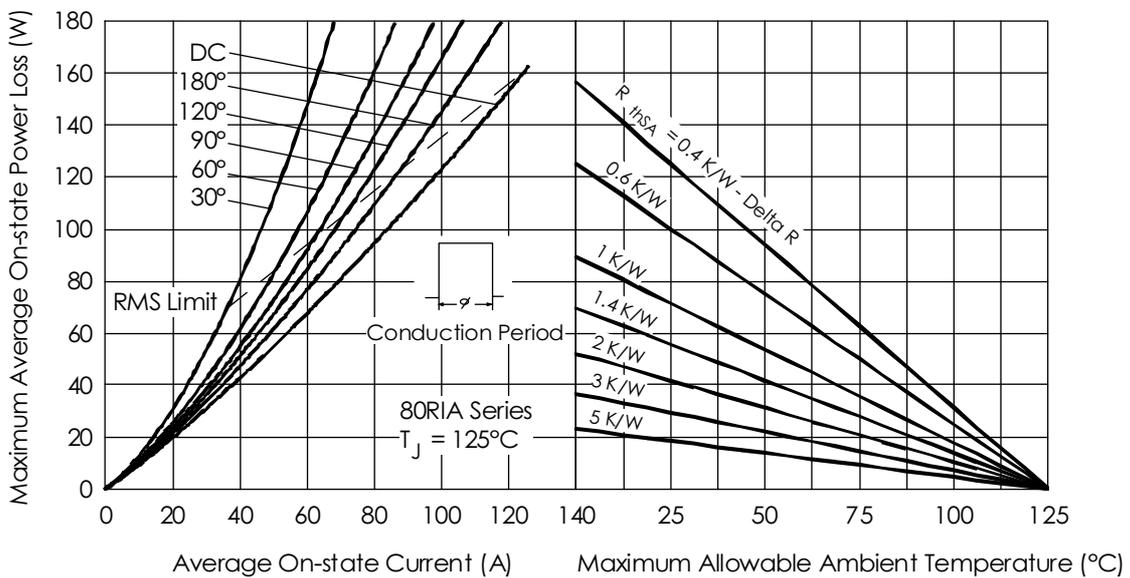


Fig. 4 - On-state Power Loss Characteristics

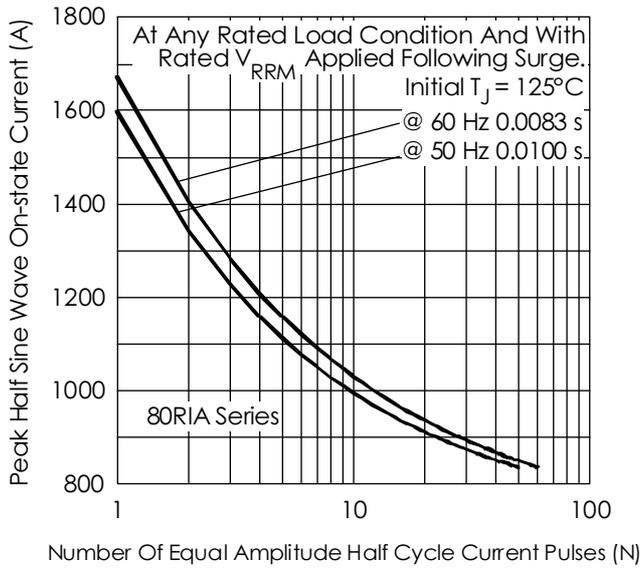


Fig. 5 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

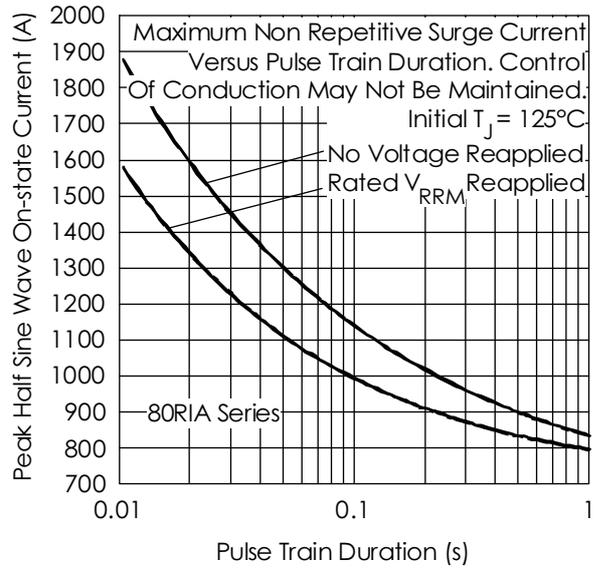


Fig. 6 - Maximum Non-Repetitive Surge Current

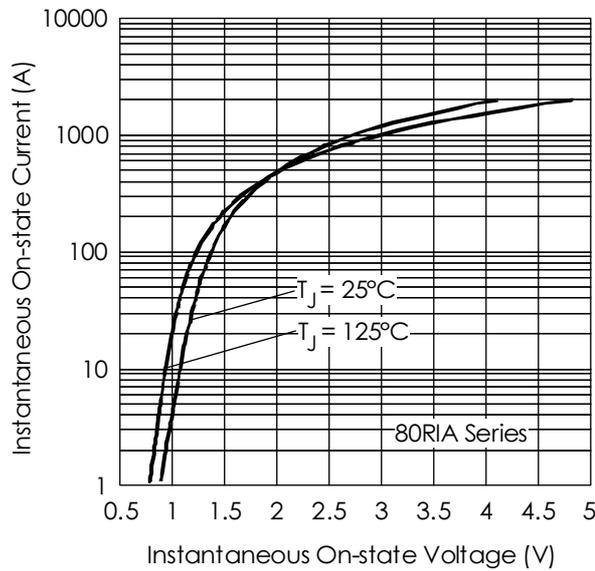


Fig. 7 - On-state Voltage Drop Characteristics

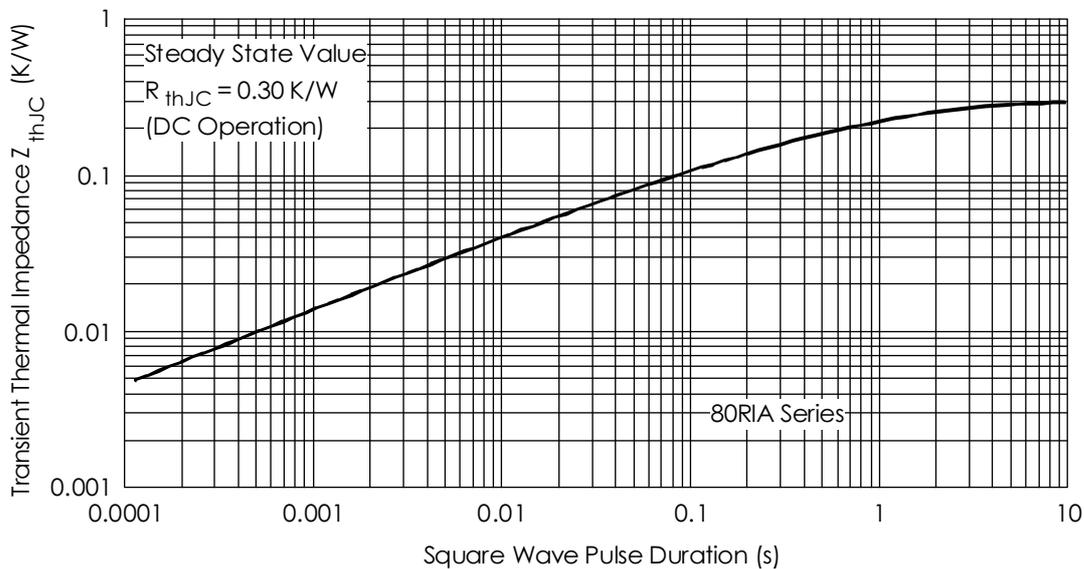


Fig. 8 - Thermal Impedance  $Z_{thJC}$  Characteristics

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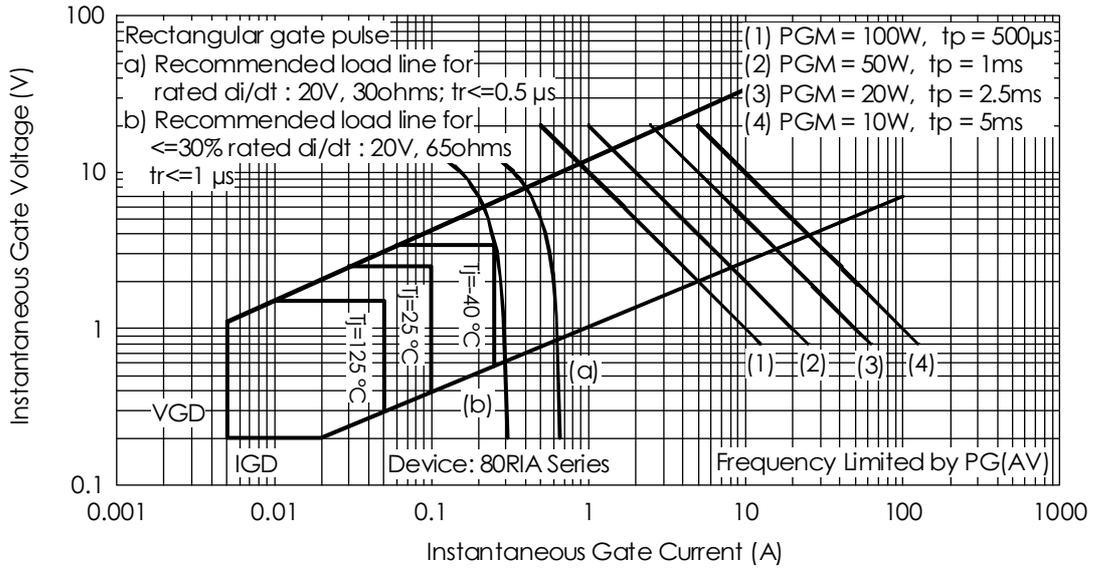


Fig. 9 - Gate Characteristics