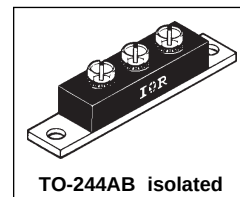


203CMQ... SERIES

SCHOTTKY RECTIFIER

200 Amp



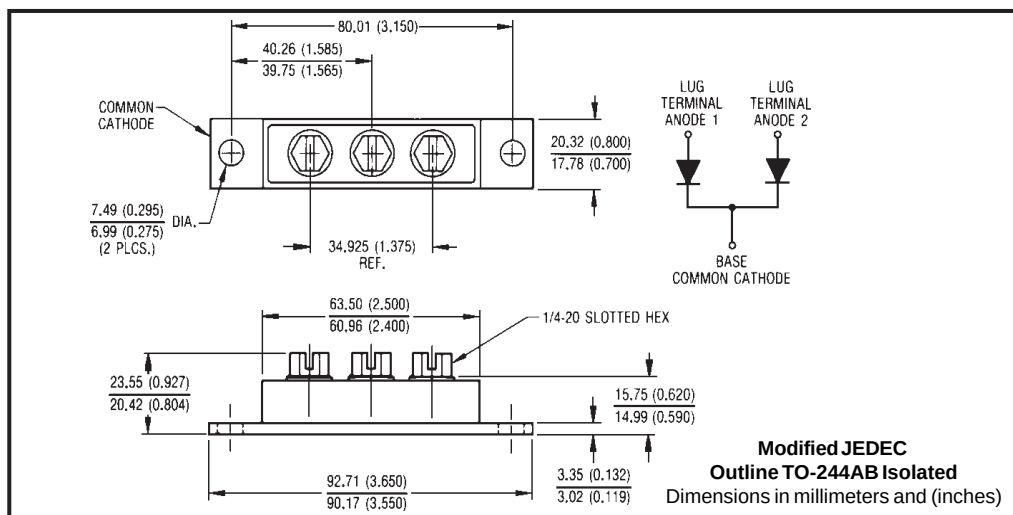
Major Ratings and Characteristics

Characteristics	203CMQ...	Units
$I_{F(AV)}$ Rectangular waveform	200	A
V_{RRM} range	80 to 100	V
I_{FSM} @ $t_p = 5 \mu s$ sine	16,000	A
V_F @ 100Apk, $T_J = 125^\circ C$ (per leg)	0.70	V
T_J range	-55 to 175	$^\circ C$

Description/Features

The 203CMQ center tap Schottky rectifier module series has been optimized for low reverse leakage at high temperature. The proprietary barrier technology allows for reliable operation up to $175^\circ C$ junction temperature. Typical applications are in high current switching power supplies, plating power supplies, UPS systems, converters, free-wheeling diodes, welding, and reverse battery protection.

- $175^\circ C$ T_J operation
- Center tap module
- High purity, high temperature epoxy encapsulation for enhanced mechanical strength and moisture resistance
- Low forward voltage drop
- High frequency operation
- Guard ring for enhanced ruggedness and long term reliability



203CMQ... Series

Preliminary Data Sheet PD-20565 06/98

International
IR Rectifier

Voltage Ratings

Part number	203CMQ080	203CMQ100
V_R Max. DC Reverse Voltage (V)	80	100
V_{RWM} Max. Working Peak Reverse Voltage (V)		

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameters	203CMQ	Units	Conditions
$I_{F(AV)}$ Max. Average Forward Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 5 (Per Device)	100 200	A	50% duty cycle @ $T_C = 110^\circ\text{C}$, rectangular wave form
I_{FSM} Max. Peak One Cycle Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 7	16,000 2,100	A	5 μs Sine or 3 μs Rect. pulse 10ms Sine or 6ms Rect. pulse Following any rated load condition and with rated V_{RRM} applied
E_{AS} Non-Repetitive Avalanche Energy (Per Leg)	15	mJ	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_{AS} = 1\text{ Amps}$, $L = 30\text{ mH}$
I_{AR} Repetitive Avalanche Current (Per Leg)	1	A	Current decaying linearly to zero in 1 μsec Frequency limited by T_J max. $V_A = 1.5 \times V_R$ typical

Electrical Specifications

Parameters	203CMQ	Units	Conditions
V_{FM} Max. Forward Voltage Drop (Per Leg) * See Fig. 1 (1)	0.86	V	@ 100A $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
	1.03	V	@ 200A
	0.70	V	@ 100A $T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
	0.84	V	@ 200A
I_{RM} Max. Reverse Leakage Current (Per Leg) * See Fig. 2 (1)	3	mA	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $V_R = \text{rated } V_R$
	40	mA	$T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{F(TO)}$ Threshold Voltage	0.50	V	$T_J = T_J \text{ max.}$
r_t Forward Slope Resistance	1.08	m Ω	
C_T Max. Junction Capacitance (Per Leg)	2,650	pF	$V_R = 5V_{DC}$, (test signal range 100Khz to 1Mhz) 25°C
L_S Typical Series Inductance (Per Leg)	7.0	nH	From top of terminal hole to mounting plane
dv/dt Max. Voltage Rate of Change (Rated V_R)	10,000	V/ μs	

Thermal-Mechanical Specifications

(1) Pulse Width < 300 μs , Duty Cycle < 2%

Parameters	203CMQ	Units	Conditions
T_J Max. Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
T_{stg} Max. Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 175	$^\circ\text{C}$	
R_{thJC} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Leg)	0.70	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	DC operation * See Fig. 4
R_{thJC} Max. Thermal Resistance Junction to Case (Per Package)	0.35	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	DC operation
R_{thCS} Typical Thermal Resistance, Case to Heatsink	0.10	$^\circ\text{C/W}$	Mounting surface, smooth and greased
wt Approximate Weight	79(2.80)	g(oz.)	
T Mounting Torque	Min.	40(35)	Kg-cm (lbf-in)
	Max.	58(50)	
	Typ.	17(15)	
	Min.	58(50)	
Terminal Torque	Max.	86(75)	
Case Style	TO-244AB Isolated		Modified JEDEC

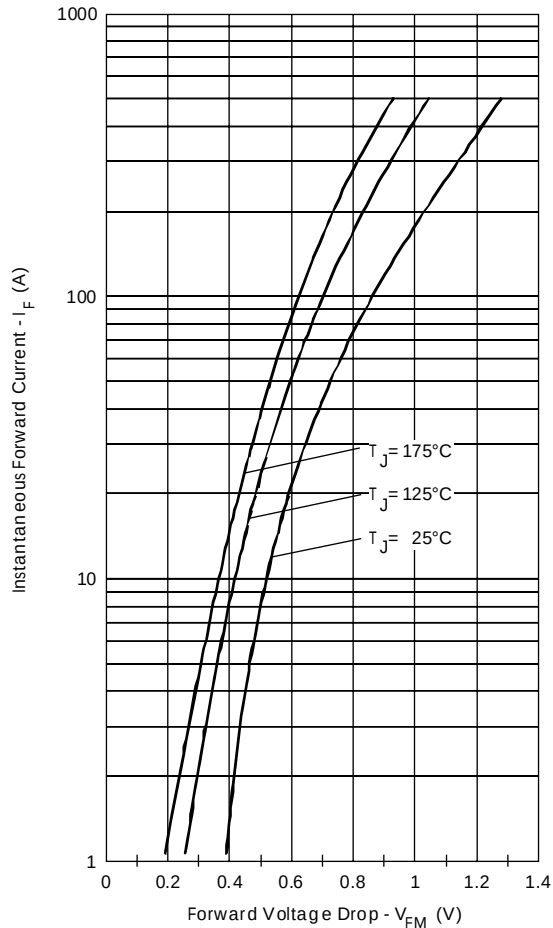


Fig. 1 - Max. Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics (Per Leg)

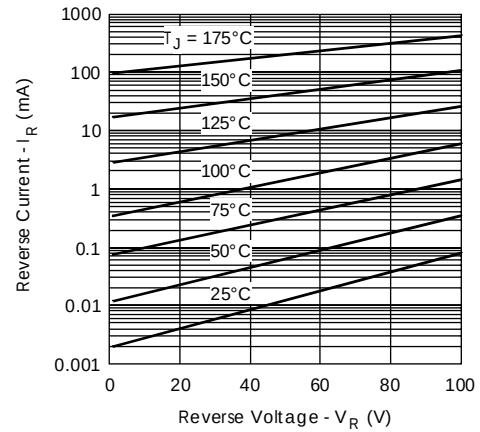


Fig. 2 - Typical Values Of Reverse Current Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

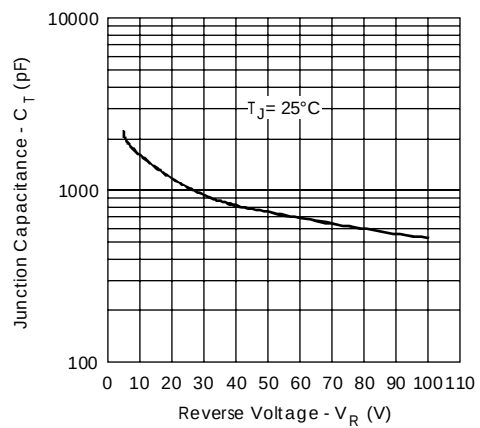


Fig. 3 - Typical Junction Capacitance Vs. Reverse Voltage (Per Leg)

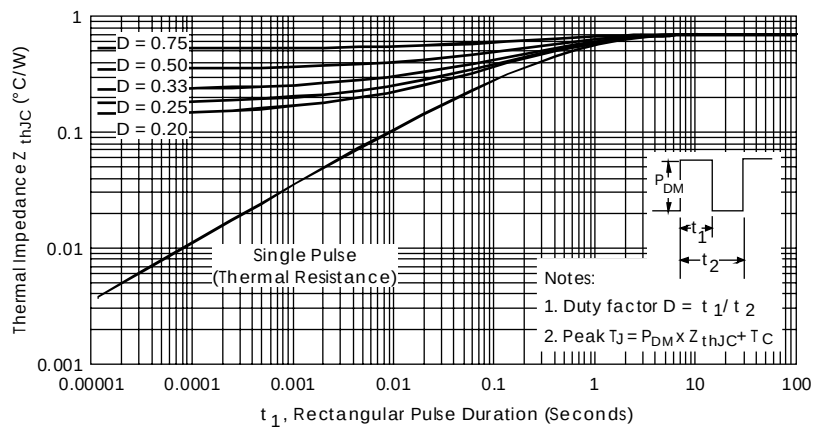


Fig. 4 - Max. Thermal Impedance Z_{thJC} Characteristics (Per Leg)

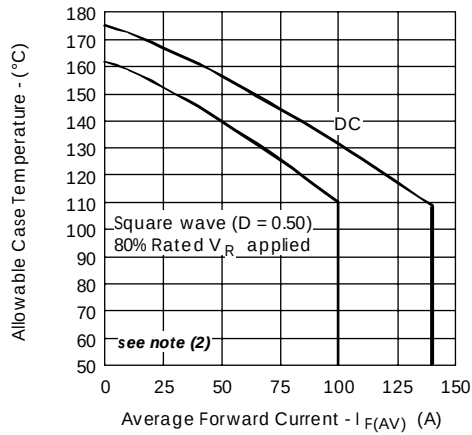


Fig. 5 - Max. Allowable Case Temperature Vs. Average Forward Current (Per Leg)

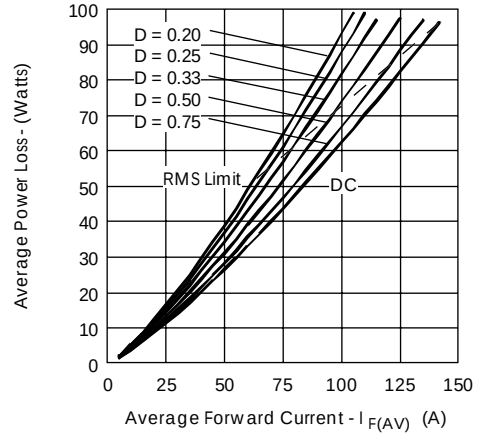


Fig. 6 - Forward Power Loss Characteristics (Per Leg)

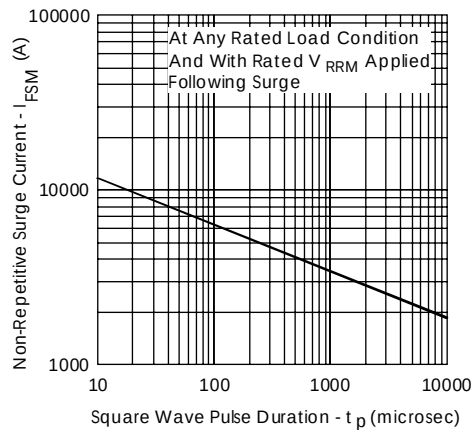


Fig. 7 - Max. Non-Repetitive Surge Current (Per Leg)

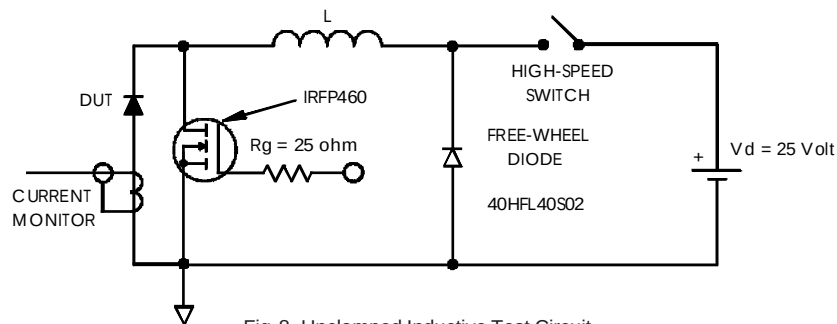


Fig. 8 - Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

(2) Formula used: $T_C = T_J - (P_d + P_{d_{REV}}) \times R_{thJC}$;

P_d = Forward Power Loss = $I_{F(AV)} \times V_{FM}$ @ ($I_{F(AV)} / D$) (see Fig. 6);

$P_{d_{REV}}$ = Inverse Power Loss = $V_{R1} \times I_R (1 - D)$; I_R @ $V_{R1} = 80\%$ rated V_R