

8K

X24C08

1024 x 8 Bit

Serial E²PROM

TYPICAL FEATURES

- 2.7V to 5.5V Power Supply
- Low Power CMOS

 Active Read Current Less Than 1 mA
 Active Write Current Less Than 3 mA
 Standby Current Less Than 50 μA
- Internally Organized 1024 x 8
- 2 Wire Serial Interface —Bidirectional Data Transfer Protocol
- Sixteen Byte Page Write Mode —Minimizes Total Write Time Per Byte
- Self Timed Write Cycle —Typical Write Cycle Time of 5 ms
- High Reliability

 Endurance: 100,000 Cycles
 Data Retention: 100 Years
- 8 Pin Mini-DIP, 8 Pin SOIC and 14 Pin SOIC Packages

DESCRIPTION

The X24C08 is a CMOS 8,192 bit serial E²PROM, internally organized 1024 x 8. The X24C08 features a serial interface and software protocol allowing operation on a simple two wire bus.

The X24C08 is fabricated with Xicor's advanced CMOS Textured Poly Floating Gate Technology.

The X24C08 utilizes Xicor's proprietary Direct Write[™] cell providing a minimum endurance of 100,000 cycles and a minimum data retention of 100 years.

FUNCTIONAL DIAGRAM



PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Serial Clock (SCL)

The SCL input is used to clock all data into and out of the device.

Serial Data (SDA)

SDA is a bidirectional pin used to transfer data into and out of the device. It is an open drain output and may be wire-ORed with any number of open drain or open collector outputs.

An open drain output requires the use of a pull-up resistor. For selecting typical values, refer to the Pull-Up Resistor selection graph at the end of this data sheet.

Address (A₀, A₁)

 A_0 and A_1 are unused by the X24C08; however, they must be tied to V_{SS} to insure proper device operation.

Address (A₂)

The A₂ input is used to set the appropriate bit of the seven bit slave address. This input can be used static or actively driven. If used statically, it must be tied to V_{SS} or V_{CC} as appropriate. If actively driven, it must be driven to V_{SS} or to V_{CC}.

PIN CONFIGURATION



PIN NAMES

Symbol	Description
A ₀ -A ₂	Address Inputs
SDA	Serial Data
SCL	Serial Clock
TEST	Hold at V _{SS}
V _{SS}	Ground
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage
NC	No Connect

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DEVICE OPERATION

The X24C08 supports a bidirectional bus oriented protocol. The protocol defines any device that sends data onto the bus as a transmitter, and the receiving device as the receiver. The device controlling the transfer is a master and the device being controlled is the slave. The master will always initiate data transfers, and provide the clock for both transmit and receive operations. Therefore, the X24C08 will be considered a slave in all applications.

Clock and Data Conventions

Data states on the SDA line can change only during SCL LOW. SDA state changes during SCL HIGH are reserved for indicating start and stop conditions. Refer to Figures 1 and 2.

Figure 1. Data Validity

Start Condition

All commands are preceded by the start condition, which is a HIGH to LOW transition of SDA when SCL is HIGH. The X24C08 continuously monitors the SDA and SCL lines for the start condition and will not respond to any command until this condition has been met.

Stop Condition

All communications must be terminated by a stop condition, which is a LOW to HIGH transition of SDA when SCL is HIGH. The stop condition is also used by the X24C08 to place the device into the standby power mode after a read sequence. A stop condition can only be issued after the transmitting device has released the bus.



Figure 2. Definition of Start and Stop



Acknowledge

Acknowledge is a software convention used to indicate successful data transfers. The transmitting device will release the bus after transmitting eight bits. During the ninth clock cycle the receiver will pull the SDA line LOW to acknowledge that it received the eight bits of data. Refer to Figure 3.

The X24C08 will respond with an acknowledge after recognition of a start condition and its slave address. If both the device and a write operation have been se-

lected, the X24C08 will respond with an acknowledge after the receipt of each subsequent eight bit word.

In the read mode the X24C08 will transmit eight bits of data, release the SDA line and monitor the line for an acknowledge. If an acknowledge is detected and no stop condition is generated by the master, the X24C08 will continue to transmit data. If an acknowledge is not detected, the X24C08 will terminate further data transmissions. The master must then issue a stop condition to return the X24C08 to the standby power mode and place the device into a known state.



Figure 3. Acknowledge Response From Receiver

DEVICE ADDRESSING

Following a start condition the master must output the address of the slave it is accessing. The most significant four bits of the slave address are the device type identifier (see Figure 4). For the X24C08 this is fixed as 1010[B].

Figure 4. Slave Address



The next bit addresses a particular device. A system could have up to two X24C08 devices on the bus (see Figure 10). The two addresses are defined by the state of the A2 input.

The next two bits of the slave address field are an extension of the array's address and are concatenated with the eight bits of address in the word address field, providing direct access to the whole 1024 x 8 array.

Figure 5. Byte Write

The last bit of the slave address defines the operation to be performed. When set to one a read operation is selected, when set to zero a write operation is selected.

Following the start condition, the X24C08 monitors the SDA bus comparing the slave address being transmitted with its slave address (device type and state of A₂ input.) Upon a correct compare the X24C08 outputs an acknowledge on the SDA line. Depending on the state of the R/ \overline{W} bit, the X24C08 will execute a read or write operation.

WRITE OPERATIONS

Byte Write

For a write operation, the X24C08 requires a second address field. This address field is the word address, comprised of eight bits, providing access to any one of 1024 words in the array. Upon receipt of the word address the X24C08 responds with an acknowledge, and awaits the next eight bits of data, again responding with an acknowledge. The master then terminates the transfer by generating a stop condition, at which time the X24C08 begins the internal write cycle to the nonvolatile memory. While the internal write cycle is in progress the X24C08 inputs are disabled, and the device will not respond to any requests from the master. Refer to Figure 5 for the address, acknowledge and data transfer sequence.



Page Write

The X24C08 is capable of a sixteen byte page write operation. It is initiated in the same manner as the byte write operation, but instead of terminating the write cycle after the first data word is transferred, the master can transmit up to fifteen more words. After the receipt of each word, the X24C08 will respond with an acknowledge.

After the receipt of each word, the four low order address bits are internally incremented by one. The high order six bits of the word address remain constant. If the master should transmit more than sixteen words prior to generating the stop condition, the address counter will "roll over" and the previously written data will be overwritten. As with the byte write operation, all inputs are disabled until completion of the internal write cycle. Refer to Figure 6 for the address, acknowledge and data transfer sequence.

Acknowledge Polling

The disabling of the inputs can be used to take advantage of the typical 5 ms write cycle time. Once the stop condition is issued to indicate the end of the host's write operation the X24C08 initiates the internal write cycle. ACK polling can be initiated immediately. This involves issuing the start condition followed by the slave address for a write operation. If the X24C08 is still busy with the write operation no ACK will be returned. If the X24C08 has completed the write operation an ACK will be returned and the host can then proceed with the next read or write operation. Refer to Flow 1.

Flow 1. ACK Polling Sequence



Figure 6. Page Write



READ OPERATIONS

Read operations are initiated in the same manner as write operations with the exception that the R/W bit of the slave address is set to a one. There are three basic read operations: current address read, random read and sequential read.

It should be noted that the ninth clock cycle of the read operation is not a "don't care." To terminate a read operation, the master must either issue a stop condition during the ninth cycle or hold SDA HIGH during the ninth clock cycle and then issue a stop condition.

Current Address Read

Internally the X24C08 contains an address counter that maintains the address of the last word accessed, incremented by one. Therefore, if the last access (either a read or write) was to address n, the next read operation would access data from address n + 1. Upon receipt of the slave address with R/\overline{W} set to one, the X24C08 issues an acknowledge and transmits the eight bit word.



The read operation is terminated by the master; by not responding with an acknowledge and by issuing a stop condition. Refer to Figure 7 for the sequence of address, acknowledge and data transfer.

Random Read

Random read operations allow the master to access any memory location in a random manner. Prior to issuing the slave address with the R/W bit set to one, the master must first perform a "dummy" write operation. The master issues the start condition, and the slave address followed by the word address it is to read. After the word address acknowledge, the master immediately reissues the start condition and the slave address with the R/W bit set to one. This will be followed by an acknowledge from the X24C08 and then by the eight bit word. The read operation is terminated by the master; by not responding with an acknowledge and by issuing a stop condition. Refer to Figure 8 for the address, acknowledge and data transfer sequence.



Figure 8. Random Read



X24C08

Sequential Read

Sequential reads can be initiated as either a current address read or random access read. The first word is transmitted as with the other read modes; however, the master now responds with an acknowledge, indicating it requires additional data. The X24C08 continues to output data for each acknowledge received. The read operation is terminated by the master; by not responding with an acknowledge and by issuing a stop condition. The data output is sequential, with the data from address n followed by the data from n + 1. The address counter for read operations increments all address bits, allowing the entire memory contents to be serially read during one operation. At the end of the address space (address 1023) the counter "rolls over" to address 0 and the X24C08 continues to output data for each acknowledge received. Refer to Figure 9 for the address, acknowledge and data transfer sequence.

Figure 9. Sequential Read



Figure 10. Typical System Configuration



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Temperature Under Bias–65°C to +135°C
Storage Temperature–65°C to +150°C
Voltage on any Pin with
Respect to V _{SS} –1.0V to +7V
D.C. Output Current5 mA
Lead Temperature
(Soldering, 10 Seconds)300°C

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Temperature	Min.	Max.
Commercial	0°C	70°C
Industrial	-40°C	+85°C
Military	–55°C	+125°C

*COMMENT

Stresses above those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and the functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational sections of this specification is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Supply Voltage	Limits
X24C08	4.5V to 5.5V
X24C08-3.5	3.5V to 5.5V
X24C08-3	3V to 5.5V
X24C08-2.7	2.7V to 5.5V

D.C. OPERATING CHARACTERISTICS (Over recommneded operating conditions, unless otherwise

		Limits			
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I _{CC1}	V _{CC} Supply Current (Read)		1		SCL = $V_{CC} \times 0.1 / V_{CC} \times 0.9$ Levels @ 100
					KHz, SDA = Open,
I _{CC2}	V _{CC} Supply Current (Write)		3	mA	All Other Inputs = GND or $V_{CC} - 0.3V$
I _{SB1} (1)	V _{CC} Standby Current		150	μA	$SCL = SDA = V_{CC} - 0.3V$, All Other
					Inputs = GND or V_{CC} , V_{CC} = 5.5V
I _{SB2} (1)	V _{CC} Standby Current		50	μA	SCL = SDA = $V_{CC} - 0.3V$, All Other
					Inputs = GND or V_{CC} , V_{CC} = 3V
ILI	Input Leakage Current		10	μA	$V_{IN} = GND$ to V_{CC}
ILO	Output Leakage Current		10	μA	$V_{OUT} = GND$ to V_{CC}
V _{IL} (2)	Input Low Voltage	-1.0	V _{CC} x 0.3	V	
V _{IH} (2)	Input High Voltage	V _{CC} x 0.7	$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V	
V _{OL}	Output Low Voltage		0.4	V	I _{OL} = 3 mA

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$\textbf{CAPACITANCE} \hspace{0.2cm} T_{A} = 25^{\circ}C, \hspace{0.2cm} F = 1.0 \\ MHZ, \hspace{0.2cm} V_{CC} = 5 \\ V$

Symbol	Test	Max.	Units	Conditions
C _{I/O} (3)	Input/Output Capacitance (SDA)	8	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0V$
C _{IN} (3)	Input Capacitance (A ₀ , A ₁ , A ₂ , SCL)	6	pF	$V_{IN} = 0V$

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Notes: (1) Must perform a stop command prior to measurement.

(2) V_{IL} min and V_{IH} max. are for reference only and are not 100% tested.

(3) This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

A.C. CONDITIONS OF TEST

Input Pulse Levels	V _{CC} x 0.1 to V _{CC} x 0.9
Input Rise and	
Fall Times	10ns
I/O Timing Levels	V _{CC} x 0.5
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EQUIVALENT A.C. LOAD CIRCUIT



A.C. CHARACTERISTICS LIMITS (Over recommended operating conditions, unless otherwise specified.) Read & Write Cycle Limits

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Units
t _{SCL}	SCL Clock Frequency	0	100	KHz
tl	Noise Suppression Time Constant at SCL, SDA Inputs		100	ns
t _{AA}	SCL Low to SDA Data Out Valid	0.3	3.5	μs
t _{BUF}	Time the Bus Must Be Free Before a New Transmission Can Start	4.7		μs
t _{HD:STA}	Start Condition Hold Time	4.0		μs
t _{LOW}	Clock Low Period	4.7		μs
t _{HIGH}	Clock High Period	4.0		μs
t _{SU:STA}	Start Condition Setup Time	4.7		μs
t _{HD:DAT}	Data In Hold Time	0		μs
t _{SU:DAT}	Data In Setup Time	250		ns
t _R	SDA and SCL Rise Time		1	μs
t _F	SDA and SCL Fall Time		300	ns
t _{SU:STO}	Stop Condition Setup Time	4.7		μs
t _{DH}	Data Out Hold Time	300		ns
POWER-UP T	IMING	·	•	3842 PGM T06

POWER-UP TIMING

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
t _{PUR} ⁽⁴⁾	Power-Up to Read Operation	1	ms
t _{PUW} ⁽⁴⁾	Power-Up to Write Operation	5	ms
			3842 PGM T07

Bus Timing



Note: (4) t_{PUR} and t_{PUW} are the delays required from the time V_{CC} is stable until the specified operation can be initiated. These parameters are periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

WRITE CYCLE LIMITS

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Typ. ⁽⁵⁾	Max.	Units
t _{WR} (6)	Write Cycle Time		5	10	ms
					3842 PGM T08

The write cycle time is the time from a valid stop condition of a write sequence to the end of the internal erase/program cycle. During the write cycle, the X24C08 bus interface circuits are disabled, SDA is allowed to remain high, and the device does not respond to its slave address.

Write Cycle Timing



Notes: (5) Typical values are for $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ and nominal supply voltage (5V).

(6) t_{WR} is the minimum cycle time from the system perspective when polling techniques are not used. It is the maximum time the device requires to perform the internal write operation.

Guidelines for Calculating Typical Values of Bus Pull-Up Resistors



SYMBOL TABLE OUTPUTS WAVEFORM INPUTS Will be Must be steady steady May change from Low to Will change from Low to High High May change from High to Will change from High to Low Low Changing: State Not Don't Care: Changes Allowed Known Center Line N/A is High Impedance

NOTES

PACKAGING INFORMATION

8-LEAD PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE GULL WING PACKAGE TYPE S



NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESIS IN MILLIMETERS)

3926 FHD F22

PACKAGING INFORMATION





NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESES IN MILLIMETERS)

3926 FHD F01

PACKAGING INFORMATION

14-LEAD PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE GULL WING PACKAGE TYPE S



NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS IN INCHES (IN PARENTHESES IN MILLIMETERS)

3926 FHD F10

ORDERING INFORMATION



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In situations where semiconductor component failure may endanger life, system designers using this product should design the system with appropriate error detection and correction, redundancy and back-up features to prevent such an occurence.

Xicor's products are not authorized for use in critical components in life support devices or systems.

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