# Advance Information

# Analog Multiplexer/ Demultiplexer with Address Latch

# **High-Performance Silicon-Gate CMOS**

The MC74VHCT4351 utilizes silicon—gate CMOS technology to achieve fast propagation delays, low ON resistances, and low OFF leakage currents. This analog multiplexer/demultiplexer controls analog voltages that may vary across the complete power supply range (from  $V_{CC}$  to GND).

The Channel–Select inputs determine which one of the Analog Inputs/ Outputs is to be connected, by means of an analog switch, to the Common Output/Input. The data at the Channel–Select inputs may be latched by using the active–low Latch Enable pin. When Latch Enable is high, the latch is transparent. When either Enable 1 (active low) or Enable 2 (active high) is inactive, all analog switches are turned off.

The device input is compatible with TTL–type input thresholds and the output has a full 5V CMOS level output swing. The input protection circuitry on this device allows overvoltage tolerance on the input, allowing the device to be used as a logic–level translator from 3.0V CMOS logic to 5.0V CMOS Logic, or from 1.8V CMOS logic to 3.0V CMOS Logic while operating at the higher–voltage power supply.

The MC74VHCT4351 Enable and Channel Select input structures provide protection when voltages of up to 7V are applied, regardless of the supply voltage. This allows the MC74VHC1T4351 to be used to interface 5V circuits to 3V circuits.

This device has been designed so that the ON resistance ( $R_{On}$ ) is more linear over input voltage than  $R_{On}$  of metal–gate CMOS analog switches.

For multiplexers/demultiplexers without latches, see the VHC4051, VHC4052, and VHC4053.

- · Fast Switching and Propagation Speeds
- · Low Crosstalk Between Switches
- Diode Protection on All Inputs/Outputs
- Analog Power Supply Range (VCC VEE) = 2.0 to 12 V
- Digital (Control) Power Supply Range (V<sub>CC</sub> GND) = 2.0 to 6.0 V
- Improved Linearity and Lower ON Resistance than Metal–Gate Types
- Low Noise
- In Compliance with the Requirements Defined by JEDEC Standard No. 7A

## MC74VHCT4351



#### **DW SUFFIX** 20-LEAD SOIC WIDE PACKAGE CASE 751D-04



**DT SUFFIX** 20-LEAD TSSOP PACKAGE CASE 948E-02

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

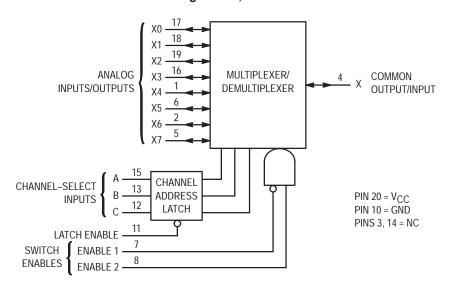
MC74VHCXXXXDW SOIC Wide MC74VHCXXXXDT TSSOP

#### **PIN ASSIGNMENT** MC74VHC4351 20 VCC 19 T X2 Х6 П NC I 18 X1 17 X0 ΧП х7 🛭 16 X3 15 🛮 A Х5 П ENABLE 1 14 NC ENABLE 2 13 B 12 🛭 C NC [ 11 LATCH GND [ NC = NO CONNECTION

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.



# LOGIC DIAGRAM MC74VHC4351 Single-Pole, 8-Position Plus Common Off and Address Latch



# FUNCTION TABLE MC74VHCT4351

	Cont	rol In	puts		ON
Ena	able		Select	t	Channel
1	2	С	В	Α	(LE = H)*
L	Н	L	L	L	X0
L	Н	L	L	Н	X1
L	Н	L	Н	L	X2
L	Н	L	Н	Н	X3
L	Н	Н	L	L	X4
L	Н	Н	L	Н	X5
L	Н	Н	Н	L	X6
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	X7
Н	X	Χ	X	X	None
X	L	Χ	Χ	Χ	None

X = don't care

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
VCC	Positive DC Supply Voltage (Ref. to GND)	- 0.5 to + 7.0	V
V <sub>IS</sub>	Analog Input Voltage	$-0.5$ to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
V <sub>in</sub>	DC Input Voltage (Ref. to GND)	$-0.5$ to $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
I	DC Current Into or Out of Any Pin	± 25	mA
PD	Power Dissipation in Still Air SOIC or TSSOP†	750 500	mW
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature	- 65 to + 150	°C
TL	Lead Temperature, 1 mm from Case for 10 Seconds	260	°C

<sup>\*</sup> Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high–impedance circuit. For proper operation,  $V_{\text{in}}$  and  $V_{\text{out}}$  should be constrained to the ranges indicated in the Recommended Operating Conditions.

Unused digital input pins must be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either GND or V<sub>CC</sub>). Unused Analog I/O pins may be left open or terminated. See Applications Information.

<sup>\*</sup>When Latch Enable is low, the Channel Selection is latched and the Channel Address Latch does not change states.

<sup>†</sup>Derating — SOIC Package: – 7 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C TSSOP Package: – 6.1 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Unit
VCC	Positive DC Supply Voltage (Ref. to	GND)	2.0	6.0	V
VIS	Analog Input Voltage			Vcc	V
V <sub>in</sub>	Digital Input Voltage (Ref. to GND)			Vcc	V
V <sub>IO</sub> *	Static or Dynamic Voltage Across Switch			1.2	V
TA	Operating Temperature, All Package Types			+ 125	°C
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	0.3 V 0.5 V	0	100 20	ns

 $<sup>^{\</sup>star}$  For voltage drops across the switch greater than 100 mV (switch on), excessive V<sub>CC</sub> current may be drawn; i.e., the current out of the switch may contain both V<sub>CC</sub> and switch input components. The reliability of the device will be unaffected unless the Maximum Ratings are exceeded.

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Digital Section (Voltages Referenced to GND)

				Guaranteed Limit			
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	v <sub>CC</sub>	– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	Unit
VIH	Minimum High–Level Input Voltage, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs	R <sub>on</sub> = Per Spec	3.0 4.5 6.0	1.2 2.0 2.0	1.2 2.0 2.0	1.2 2.0 2.0	V
VIL	Maximum Low–Level Input Voltage, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs	R <sub>on</sub> = Per Spec	3.0 4.5 6.0	0.53 0.8 0.8	0.53 0.8 0.8	0.53 0.8 0.8	V
l <sub>in</sub>	Maximum Input Leakage Current, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	6.0	± 0.1	± 1.0	± 1.0	μА
Icc	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	Channel Select = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND Enables = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND V <sub>IS</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND V <sub>IO</sub> = 0 V	6.0	4	40	160	μА

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Analog Section

	Parameter	Test Conditions		Gu			
Symbol			V <sub>CC</sub>	– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	Unit
R <sub>on</sub>	Maximum "ON" Resistance	$V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } V_{\text{IH}}$ $V_{\text{IS}} = V_{\text{CC}} \text{ to GND}$ $I_{\text{S}} \leq 2.0 \text{ mA (Figures 1, 2)}$	3.0 4.5 6.0	25 18 15	30 23 20	35 28 25	Ω
		$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } V_{\text{IH}}$ $V_{\text{IS}} = V_{\text{CC}} \text{ or GND (Endpoints)}$ $I_{\text{S}} \le 2.0 \text{ mA (Figures 1, 2)}$	3.0 4.5 6.0	20 15 10	25 20 15	30 25 20	
ΔR <sub>on</sub>	Maximum Difference in "ON" Resistance Between Any Two Channels in the Same Package	$V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } V_{\text{IH}}$ $V_{\text{IS}} = 1/2 (V_{\text{CC}} - \text{GND})$ $I_{\text{S}} \le 2.0 \text{ mA}$	3.0 4.5 6.0	15 8.0 4.0	20 12 7.0	25 15 10	Ω
l <sub>off</sub>	Maximum Off–Channel Leakage Current, Any One Channel	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub> V <sub>IO</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> – GND Switch Off (Figure 3)	6.0	0.1	0.5	1.0	μА
	Maximum Off–Channel Leakage Current, Common Channel	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub> V <sub>IO</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> - GND Switch Off (Figure 4)	6.0	0.2	2.0	4.0	
I <sub>on</sub>	Maximum On–Channel Leakage Current, Channel to Channel	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub> Switch to Switch = V <sub>CC</sub> – GND (Figure 5)	6.0	0.2	2.0	4.0	μА

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### AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ , Input $t_f = t_f = 3 \text{ ns}$ )

				Guaranteed Limit			
Symbol	Parame	ter	V <sub>CC</sub>	– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	Uni
t <sub>PLH</sub> , t <sub>PHL</sub>	Maximum Propagation Delay, Channe (Figure 9)	el-Select to Analog Output	2.0 3.0	30 20	35 25	40 30	ns
1111			4.5 6.0	15 15	18 18	22 20	
tPLH, tPHL	Maximum Propagation Delay, Analog Input to Analog Output (Figure 10)		2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	4.0 3.0 1.0 1.0	6.0 5.0 2.0 2.0	8.0 6.0 2.0 2.0	ns
tpLH, tpHL	Maximum Propagation Delay, Latch Enable to Analog Output (Figure 12)		2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	30 20 15 15	35 25 18 18	40 30 22 20	ns
tPLZ, tPHZ	Maximum Propagation Delay, Enable 1 or 2 to Analog Output (Figure 11)		2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	30 20 15 15	35 25 18 18	40 30 22 20	ns
<sup>t</sup> PZL <sup>,</sup> <sup>t</sup> PZH	Maximum Propagation Delay, Enable 1 or 2 to Analog Output (Figure 11)		2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	20 12 8.0 8.0	25 14 10 10	30 15 12 12	ns
C <sub>in</sub>	Maximum Input Capacitance		_	10	10	10	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Maximum Capacitance Analog I/O	Enable 1 = V <sub>IH</sub> , Enable 2 = V <sub>IL</sub>	_	35	35	35	pF
	Common O/I			130	130	130	
	Feedthrough		_	1.0	1.0	1.0	
C <sub>PD</sub>	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Per Package) (Figure 13.)*			Typical @ 25°C, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V			pF
					45		

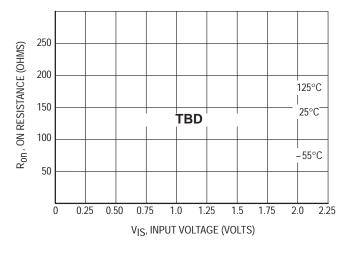
#### **TIMING REQUIREMENTS** (Input $t_f = t_f = 3 \text{ ns}$ )

			Gu	Guaranteed Limit		
Symbol	Parameter	V <sub>CC</sub>	– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	Unit
t <sub>su</sub>	Minimum Setup Time, Channel–Select to Latch Enable (Figure 12)	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	50 25 15 10	75 35 20 15	100 45 25 20	ns
th	Minimum Hold Time, Latch Enable to Channel Select (Figure 12)	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	0 0 0	0 0 0	0 0 0	ns
t <sub>W</sub>	Minimum Pulse Width, Latch Enable (Figure 12)	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	30 18 12 10	40 23 15 12	50 30 18 15	ns
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Maximum Input Rise and Fall Times, Channel–Select, Latch Enable, and Enables 1 and 2	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	500 300 90 90	500 300 90 90	500 300 90 90	ns

## ADDITIONAL APPLICATION CHARACTERISTICS (GND = 0.0 V)

				Limit*	
Symbol	Parameter	Test Condition	V <sub>CC</sub>	25°C 74VHCT	Unit
BW	Maximum On–Channel Bandwidth or Minimum Frequency Response (Figure 6)	$f_{in}$ = 1 MHz Sine Wave Adjust $f_{in}$ Voltage to Obtain 0 dBm at VOS Increase $f_{in}$ Frequency Until dB Meter Reads – 3 dB $R_L$ = 50 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 10 pF	3.0 4.50 6.00	80 80 80	MHz
_	Off-Channel Feedthrough Isolation (Figure 7)	$f_{in} \equiv$ Sine Wave Adjust $f_{in}$ Voltage to Obtain 0 dBm at V <sub>IS</sub> $f_{in}$ = 10 kHz, $R_L$ = 600 $\Omega$ , $C_L$ = 50 pF	3.0 4.50 6.00	- 50 - 50 - 50	dB
		$f_{in} = 1.0 \text{ MHz}, R_L = 50 \Omega, C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$	3.0 4.50 6.00	- 40 - 40 - 40	
_	Feedthrough Noise, Channel Select Input to Common O/I (Figure 8)	$V_{in} \leq 1$ MHz Square Wave $(t_{\Gamma} = t_{f} = 3 \text{ ns})$ Adjust R <sub>L</sub> at Setup so that I <sub>S</sub> = 0 A Enable = GND $R_{L} = 600 \ \Omega, \ C_{L} = 50 \ pF$	3.0 4.50 6.00	25 105 135	mVpp
		$R_L$ = 10 kΩ, $C_L$ = 10 pF	3.0 4.50 6.00	35 145 190	
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion (Figure 14)	$\begin{aligned} f_{\text{in}} &= 1 \text{ kHz},  R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega,  C_L = 50 \text{ pF} \\ \text{THD} &= \text{THD}_{\text{Measured}} - \text{THD}_{\text{Source}} \\ \text{V}_{\text{IS}} &= 2.0 \text{ Vpp sine wave} \\ \text{V}_{\text{IS}} &= 4.0 \text{ Vpp sine wave} \\ \text{V}_{\text{IS}} &= 5.5 \text{ Vpp sine wave} \end{aligned}$	3.0 4.50 6.00	0.10 0.08 0.05	%

<sup>\*</sup> Limits not tested. Determined by design and verified by qualification.



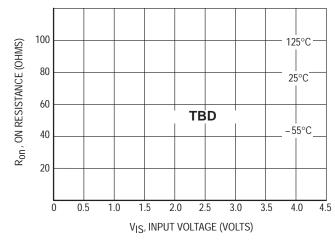
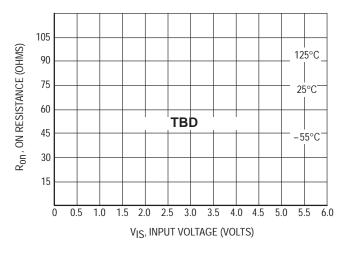


Figure 1a. Typical On Resistance, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V

Figure 1b. Typical On Resistance,  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ 



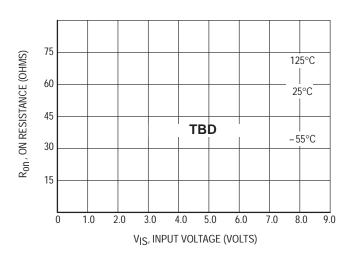


Figure 1c. Typical On Resistance, V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V

Figure 1d. Typical On Resistance, V<sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V

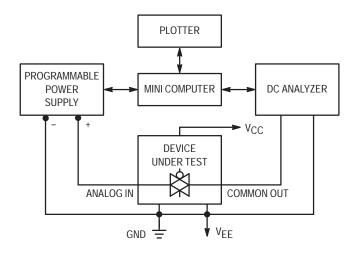


Figure 2. On Resistance Test Set-Up

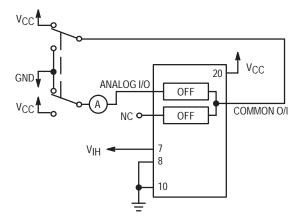


Figure 3. Maximum Off Channel Leakage Current, Any One Channel, Test Set-Up

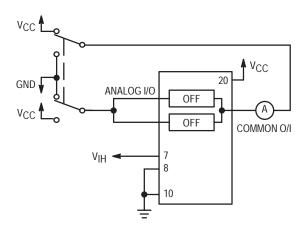


Figure 4. Maximum Off Channel Leakage Current, Common Channel, Test Set-Up

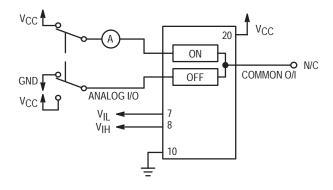
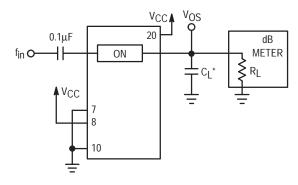
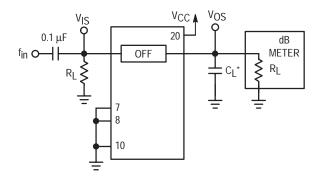


Figure 5. Maximum On Channel Leakage Current, Channel to Channel, Test Set-Up



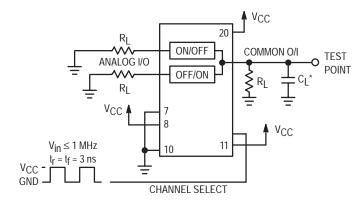
\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 6. Maximum On Channel Bandwidth, Test Set-Up



\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 7. Off Channel Feedthrough Isolation, Test Set-Up



\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance.

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Figure 8. Feedthrough Noise, Channel Select to Common Out, Test Set-Up

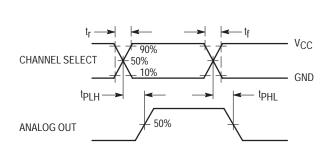
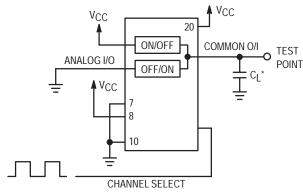


Figure 9a. Propagation Delays, Channel Select to Analog Out



\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 9b. Propagation Delay, Test Set-Up Channel Select to Analog Out

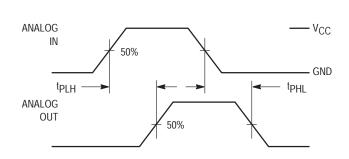
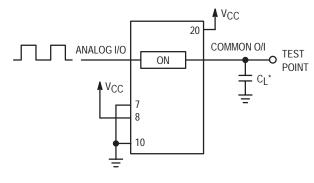


Figure 10a. Propagation Delays, Analog In to Analog Out



\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 10b. Propagation Delay, Test Set-Up
Analog In to Analog Out

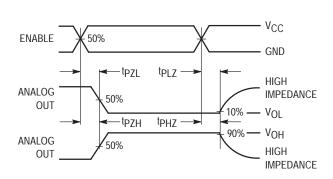


Figure 11a. Propagation Delay, Enable 1 or 2 to Analog Out

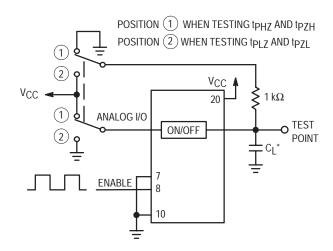
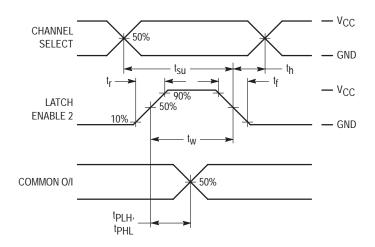
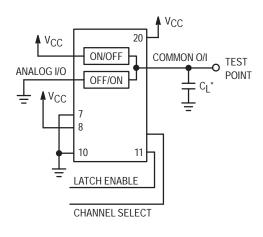


Figure 11b. Propagation Delay, Test Set-Up Enable to Analog Out







\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 12b. Propagation Delay, Test Set-Up Latch Enable to Analog Out

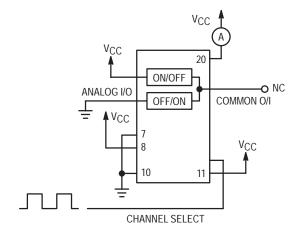
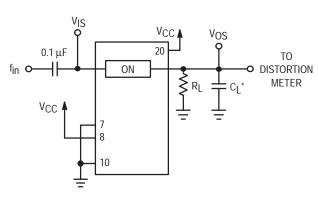


Figure 13. Power Dissipation Capacitance, Test Set-Up



\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 14a. Total Harmonic Distortion, Test Set-Up

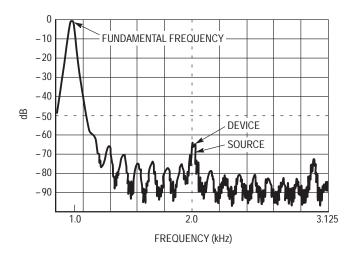


Figure 14b. Plot, Harmonic Distortion

#### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

The Channel Select and Enable control pins should be at  $V_{CC}$  or GND logic levels.  $V_{CC}$  being recognized as a logic high and GND being recognized as a logic low. In this example:

$$V_{CC} = +5 V = logic high$$
  
 $GND = 0 V = logic low$ 

The maximum analog voltage swings are determined by the supply voltages V<sub>CC</sub> and GND. The positive peak analog voltage should not exceed V<sub>CC</sub>. Similarly, the negative peak analog voltage should not go below GND. In this example, the difference between V<sub>CC</sub> and GND is five volts. Therefore, using the configuration in Figure 15, a maximum analog sig-

nal of five volts peak-to-peak can be controlled. Unused analog inputs/outputs may be left floating (i.e., not connected). However, tying unused analog inputs and outputs to VCC or GND through a low value resistor helps minimize crosstalk and feedthrough noise that may be picked up by an unused switch.

Although used here, balanced supplies are not a requirement. The only constraints on the power supplies are that:

$$V_{CC}$$
 – GND = 2 to 6 volts

When voltage transients above  $V_{CC}$  and/or below GND are anticipated on the analog channels, external Germanium or Schottky diodes  $(D_X)$  are recommended as shown in Figure 16. These diodes should be able to absorb the maximum anticipated current surges during clipping.

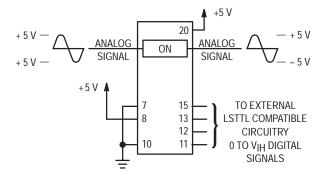


Figure 15. Application Example

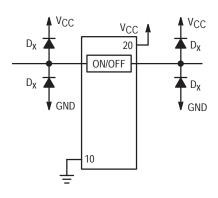
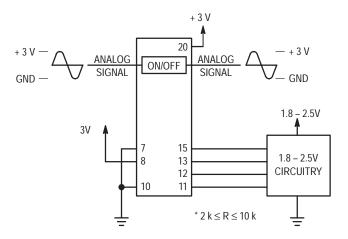
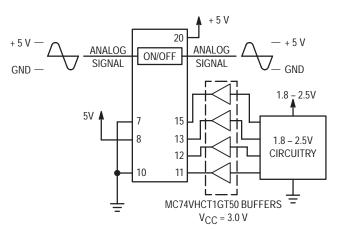


Figure 16. External Germanium or Schottky Clipping Diodes



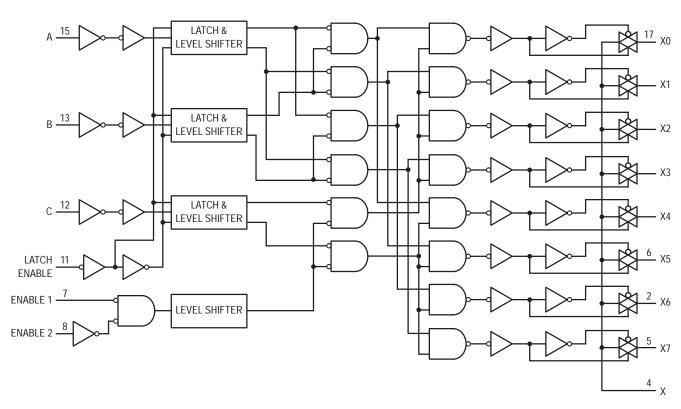
a. Low Voltage Logic Level Shifting Control



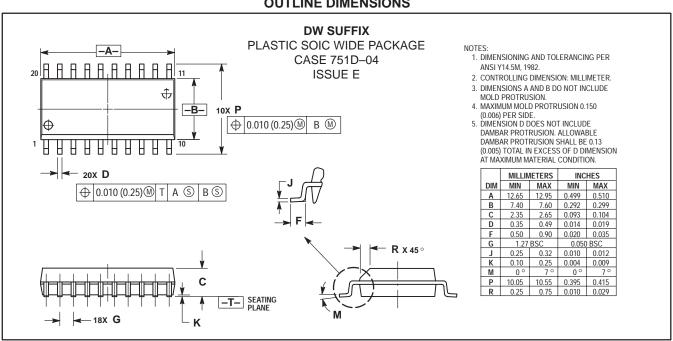
b. 2-Stage Logic Level Shifting Control

Figure 17. Interfacing to Low Voltage CMOS Outputs

#### **FUNCTION DIAGRAM VHC4351**

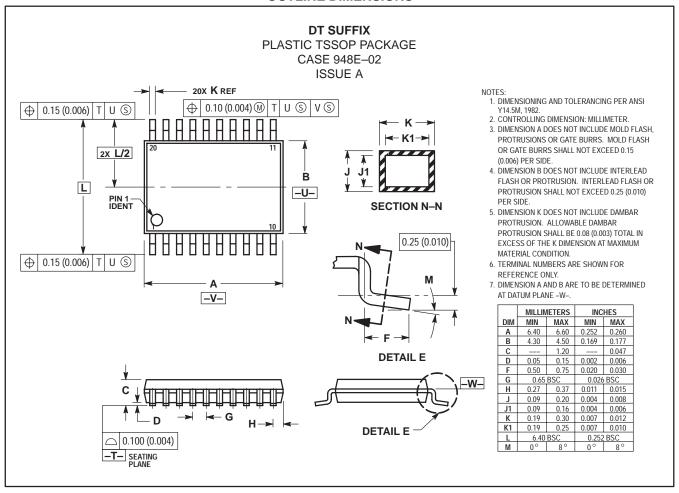


#### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



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#### **OUTLINE DIMENSIONS**



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