Advance Information

Analog Multiplexer/ Demultiplexer

High-Performance Silicon-Gate CMOS

The MC74VHCT4053 utilizes silicon—gate CMOS technology to achieve fast propagation delays, low ON resistances, and low OFF leakage currents. This analog multiplexer/demultiplexer controls analog voltages that may vary across the complete power supply range (from V_{CC} to GND).

The VHCT4053 is identical in pinout to the high–speed HC4053A, and the metal–gate MC14053B. The Channel–Select inputs determine which one of the Analog Inputs/Outputs is to be connected by means of an analog switch to the Common Output/Input. When the Enable pin is HIGH, all analog switches are turned off.

The Channel–Select and Enable inputs are compatible with TTL–type input thresholds. The input protection circuitry on this device allows overvoltage tolerance on the input, allowing the device to be used as a logic–level translator from 3.0V CMOS logic to 5.0V CMOS Logic or from 1.8V CMOS logic to 3.0V CMOS Logic while operating at the higher–voltage power supply.

The MC74VHCT4053 input structure provides protection when voltages up to 7V are applied, regardless of the supply voltage. This allows the MC74VHCT4053 to be used to interface 5V circuits to 3V circuits.

This device has been designed so that the ON resistance (R_{ON}) is more linear over input voltage than R_{ON} of metal–gate CMOS analog switches.

For a multiplexer/demultiplexer with channel-select latches, see VHC4351.

- · Fast Switching and Propagation Speeds
- Low Crosstalk Between Switches
- Diode Protection on All Inputs/Outputs
- Analog Power Supply Range (V_{CC} GND) = 2.0 to 6.0 V
- Digital (Control) Power Supply Range (V_{CC} GND) = 2.0 to 6.0 V
- Improved Linearity and Lower ON Resistance Than Metal–Gate Counterparts
- Low Noise
- In Compliance With the Requirements of JEDEC Standard No. 7A

MC74VHCT4053



D SUFFIX

16-LEAD SOIC PACKAGE CASE 751B-05



DT SUFFIX

16-LEAD TSSOP PACKAGE CASE 948F-01

ORDERING INFORMATION

MC74VHCTXXXXD SOIC MC74VHCTXXXXDT TSSOP

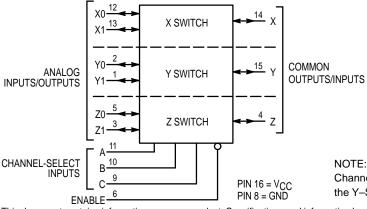
FUNCTION TABLE - MC74VHCT4053

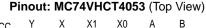
Control Inputs						
Enable	C	Selec B	t A	ON	Chanr	solo
Ellable	L C		Α	ON	Cham	ieis
L	L	L	L	Z0	Y0	X0
L	L	L	Н	Z0	Y0	X1
L	L	Н	L	Z0	Y1	X0
L	L	Н	Н	Z0	Y1	X1
L	Н	L	L	Z1	Y0	X0
L	Н	L	Н	Z1	Y0	X1
L	Н	Η	L	Z1	Y1	X0
L	Н	Н	Н	Z1	Y1	X1
Н	Х	Χ	Χ		NONE	

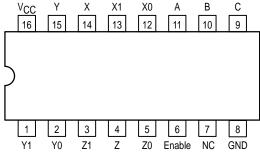
X = Don't Care

LOGIC DIAGRAM MC74VHCT4053

Triple Single-Pole, Double-Position Plus Common Off







NOTE: This device allows independent control of each switch. Channel–Select Input A controls the X–Switch, Input B controls the Y–Switch and Input C controls the Z–Switch

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.

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MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
VCC	Positive DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)	- 0.5 to + 7.0	V
VIS	Analog Input Voltage	-0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{in}	Digital Input Voltage (Referenced to GND)	- 0.5 to V _{CC} + 0.5	V
I	DC Current, Into or Out of Any Pin	-20	mA
PD	Power Dissipation in Still Air, SOIC Package† TSSOP Package†	500 450	mW
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature Range	- 65 to + 150	°C
TL	Lead Temperature, 1 mm from Case for 10 Seconds	260	°C

^{*} Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
VCC	Positive DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)	2.0	6.0	V
VIS	Analog Input Voltage	0.0	Vcc	V
V _{in}	Digital Input Voltage (Referenced to GND)	GND	Vcc	V
V _{IO} *	Static or Dynamic Voltage Across Switch		100	mV
T _A	Operating Temperature Range, All Package Types	- 55	+ 125	°C
t _r , t _f	Input Rise/Fall Time (Channel Select or Enable Inputs)			ns/V
	$V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V} \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$	0 0	100 20	

^{*} For voltage drops across switch greater than 100 mV (switch on), excessive V_{CC} current may be drawn; i.e., the current out of the switch may contain both V_{CC} and switch input components. The reliability of the device will be unaffected unless the Maximum Ratings are exceeded.

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high–impedance circuit. For proper operation, V_{in} and V_{out} should be constrained to the range GND \leq (V_{in} or V_{out}) \leq V_{CC} . Unused inputs must always be

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either GND or V_{CC}). Unused outputs must be left open.

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[†]Derating — SOIC Package: – 7 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C TSSOP Package: – 6.1 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

DC CHARACTERISTICS — Digital Section (Voltages Referenced to GND)

			VCC	Guaranteed Limit			
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	V	–55 to 25°C	≤85°C	≤125°C	Unit
VIH	Minimum High–Level Input Voltage, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs	R _{on} = Per Spec	3.0 4.5 6.0	1.2 2.0 2.0	1.2 2.0 2.0	1.2 2.0 2.0	V
V _{IL}	Maximum Low–Level Input Voltage, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs	R _{on} = Per Spec	3.0 4.5 6.0	0.53 0.8 0.8	0.53 0.8 0.8	0.53 0.8 0.8	V
l _{in}	Maximum Input Leakage Current, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs	$V_{in} = V_{CC}$ or GND,	6.0	± 0.1	± 1.0	± 1.0	μА
ICC	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	Channel Select, Enable and $V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{IO} = 0$ V	6.0	4	40	160	μА

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Analog Section

				Guaranteed Limit			
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	V _{CC}	– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	Unit
R _{on}	Maximum "ON" Resistance	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } V_{\text{IH}}$ $V_{\text{IS}} = V_{\text{CC}} \text{ to GND}$ $I_{\text{S}} \le 2.0 \text{ mA (Figures 1, 2)}$	3.0 4.5 6.0	25 18 15	30 23 20	35 28 25	Ω
		$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } V_{\text{IH}}$ $V_{\text{IS}} = V_{\text{CC}} \text{ or GND (Endpoints)}$ $I_{\text{S}} \leq 2.0 \text{ mA (Figures 1, 2)}$	3.0 4.5 6.0	20 15 10	25 20 15	30 25 20	
ΔR _{on}	Maximum Difference in "ON" Resistance Between Any Two Channels in the Same Package	$V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{IL}} \text{ or } V_{\text{IH}}$ $V_{\text{IS}} = 1/2 (V_{\text{CC}} - \text{GND})$ $I_{\text{S}} \leq 2.0 \text{ mA}$	3.0 4.5 6.0	15 8.0 4.0	20 12 7.0	25 15 10	Ω
l _{off}	Maximum Off-Channel Leakage Current, Any One Channel	V _{in} = V _{IL} or V _{IH} ; V _{IO} = V _{CC} or GND; Switch Off (Figure 3)	6.0	0.1	0.5	1.0	μА
	Maximum Off–Channel Leakage Current, Common Channel	V _{in} = V _{IL} or V _{IH} ; V _{IO} = V _{CC} or GND; Switch Off (Figure 4)	6.0	0.1	1.0	2.0	
I _{on}	Maximum On–Channel Leakage Current, Channel–to–Channel	V _{in} = V _{IL} or V _{IH} ; Switch-to-Switch = V _{CC} or GND; (Figure 5)	6.0	0.1	1.0	2.0	μА

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AC CHARACTERISTICS (CL = 50 pF, Input t_f = t_f = 3 ns)

		VCC	Gua	aranteed Lim	nit	
Symbol	Parameter	V	–55 to 25°C	≤85°C	≤125°C	Unit
^t PLH [,] ^t PHL	Maximum Propagation Delay, Channel–Select to Analog Output (Figure 9)	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	30 20 15 15	35 25 18 18	40 30 22 20	ns
^t PLH [,] ^t PHL	Maximum Propagation Delay, Analog Input to Analog Output (Figure 10)	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	4.0 3.0 1.0 1.0	6.0 5.0 2.0 2.0	8.0 6.0 2.0 2.0	ns
tPLZ, tPHZ	Maximum Propagation Delay, Enable to Analog Output (Figure 11)	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	30 20 15 15	35 25 18 18	40 30 22 20	ns
^t PZL [,] ^t PZH	Maximum Propagation Delay, Enable to Analog Output (Figure 11)	2.0 3.0 4.5 6.0	20 12 8.0 8.0	25 14 10 10	30 15 12 12	ns
C _{in}	Maximum Input Capacitance, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs		10	10	10	pF
C _{I/O}	Maximum Capacitance Analog I/O		35	35	35	pF
	(All Switches Off) Common O/I		50	50	50	
	Feedthrough		1.0	1.0	1.0	
		1				

C _{PD}		Typical @ 25°C, V _{CC} = 5.0 V	pF
	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Figure 13)*	45	

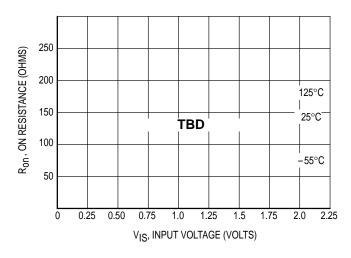
^{*} Used to determine the no–load dynamic power consumption: $P_D = C_{PD} V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$.

ADDITIONAL APPLICATION CHARACTERISTICS (GND = 0 V)

			vcc	Limit*	
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	V	25°C	Unit
BW	Maximum On–Channel Bandwidth or Minimum Frequency Response (Figure 6)	f_{in} = 1MHz Sine Wave; Adjust f_{in} Voltage to Obtain 0dBm at V _{OS} ; Increase f_{in} Frequency Until dB Meter Reads –3dB; R_L = 50 Ω , C_L = 10pF	3.0 4.50 6.00	120 120 120	MHz
_	Off–Channel Feedthrough Isolation (Figure 7)	f_{in} = Sine Wave; Adjust f_{in} Voltage to Obtain 0dBm at VIS f_{in} = 10kHz, R_L = 600 Ω , C_L = 50pF	3.0 4.50 6.00	-50 -50 -50	dB
		f _{in} = 1.0MHz, R _L = 50Ω, C _L = 10pF	3.0 4.50 6.00	-40 -40 -40	
_	Feedthrough Noise. Channel–Select Input to Common I/O (Figure 8)	$V_{in} \le 1 \text{MHz Square Wave } (t_{\Gamma} = t_{f} = 3 \text{ns}); \text{ Adjust R}_{L} \text{ at Setup so that I}_{S} = 0 \text{A}; \\ \text{Enable} = \text{GND} \qquad \qquad \text{R}_{L} = 600 \Omega, \text{ C}_{L} = 50 \text{pF}$	3.0 4.50 6.00	25 105 135	mV _{PP}
		$R_L = 10k\Omega$, $C_L = 10pF$	3.0 4.50 6.00	35 145 190	
_	Crosstalk Between Any Two Switches (Figure 12)	f_{in} = Sine Wave; Adjust f_{in} Voltage to Obtain 0dBm at VIS f_{in} = 10kHz, R_L = 600 Ω , C_L = 50pF	3.0 4.50 6.00	–50 –50 –50	dB
		f_{in} = 1.0MHz, R_L = 50 Ω , C_L = 10pF	3.0 4.50 6.00	-60 -60 -60	
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion (Figure 14)	f_{in} = 1kHz, R _L = 10k Ω , C _L = 50pF THD = THD _{measured} - THD _{source} V _{IS} = 2.0Vpp sine wave V _{IS} = 4.0Vpp sine wave V _{IS} = 5.5Vpp sine wave	3.0 4.50 6.00	0.10 0.08 0.05	%

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^{*} Limits not tested. Determined by design and verified by qualification.





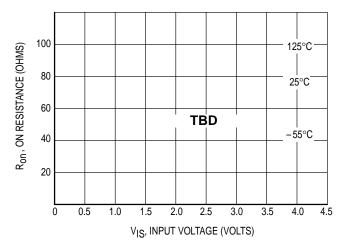
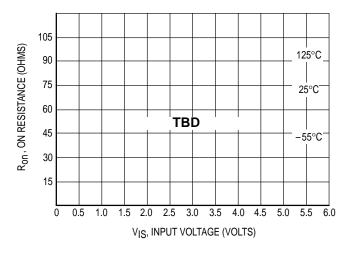


Figure 1b. Typical On Resistance, V_{CC} = 3.0 V



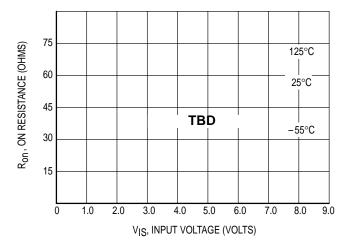


Figure 1c. Typical On Resistance, V_{CC} = 4.5 V

Figure 1d. Typical On Resistance, V_{CC} = 6.0 V

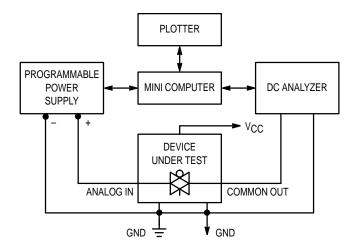


Figure 2. On Resistance Test Set-Up

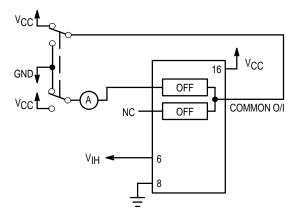


Figure 3. Maximum Off Channel Leakage Current, Any One Channel, Test Set-Up

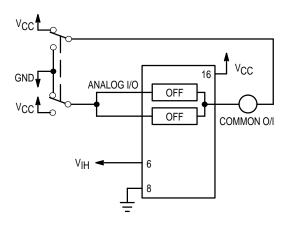


Figure 4. Maximum Off Channel Leakage Current, Common Channel, Test Set-Up

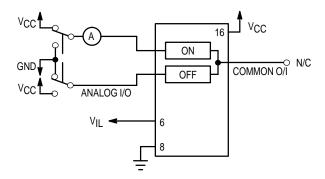


Figure 5. Maximum On Channel Leakage Current, Channel to Channel, Test Set-Up

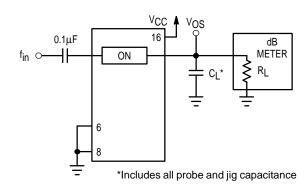


Figure 6. Maximum On Channel Bandwidth, Test Set-Up

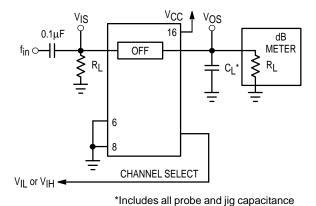
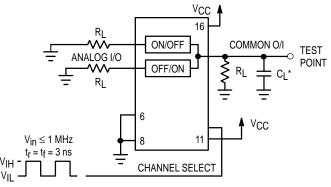


Figure 7. Off Channel Feedthrough Isolation, Test Set-Up



*Includes all probe and jig capacitance

Figure 8. Feedthrough Noise, Channel Select to Common Out, Test Set-Up

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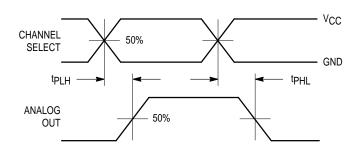
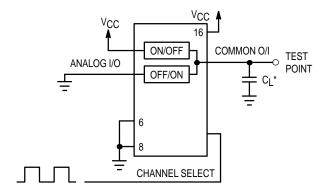


Figure 9a. Propagation Delays, Channel Select to Analog Out



*Includes all probe and jig capacitance

VCC

Figure 9b. Propagation Delay, Test Set-Up Channel Select to Analog Out

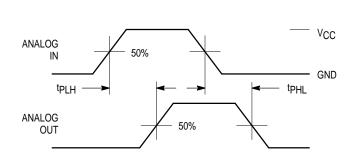


Figure 10a. Propagation Delays, Analog In to Analog Out

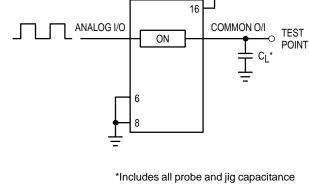


Figure 10b. Propagation Delay, Test Set-Up
Analog In to Analog Out

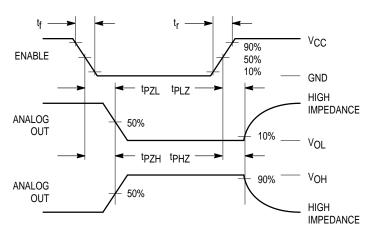


Figure 11a. Propagation Delays, Enable to Analog Out

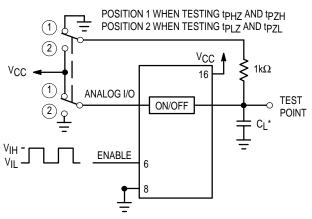


Figure 11b. Propagation Delay, Test Set-Up Enable to Analog Out

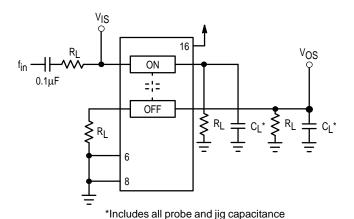


Figure 12. Crosstalk Between Any Two Switches, Test Set-Up

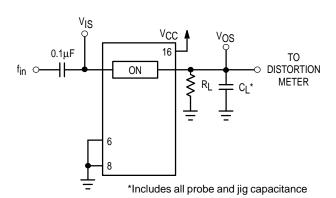


Figure 14a. Total Harmonic Distortion, Test Set-Up

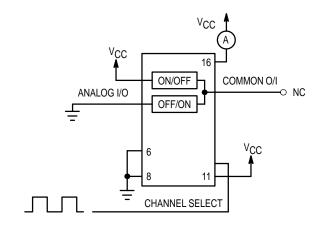


Figure 13. Power Dissipation Capacitance, Test Set-Up

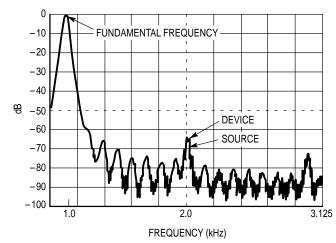


Figure 14b. Plot, Harmonic Distortion

APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

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The Channel Select and Enable control pins should be at VCC or GND logic levels. VCC being recognized as a logic high and GND being recognized as a logic low. In this example:

$$V_{CC} = +5V = logic high$$

 $GND = 0V = logic low$

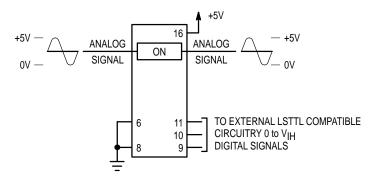
The maximum analog voltage swing is determined by the supply voltages V_{CC} . The positive peak analog voltage should not exceed V_{CC} . Similarly, the negative peak analog voltage should not go below GND. In this example, the difference between V_{CC} and GND is five volts. Therefore, using the configuration of Figure 15, a maximum analog signal of five volts peak–to–peak can be controlled. Unused analog

inputs/outputs may be left floating (i.e., not connected). However, tying unused analog inputs and outputs to VCC or GND through a low value resistor helps minimize crosstalk and feedthrough noise that may be picked up by an unused switch.

Although used here, balanced supplies are not a requirement. The only constraints on the power supplies are that:

$$V_{CC}$$
 - GND = 2 to 6 volts

When voltage transients above V_{CC} and/or below GND are anticipated on the analog channels, external Germanium or Schottky diodes (D_X) are recommended as shown in Figure 16. These diodes should be able to absorb the maximum anticipated current surges during clipping.



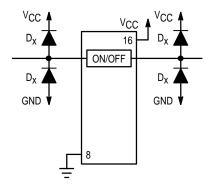
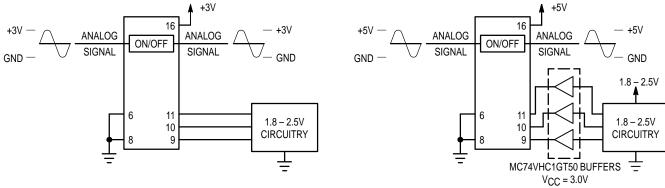


Figure 15. Application Example

Figure 16. External Germanium or Schottky Clipping Diodes



a. Low Voltage Logic Level Shifting Control

b. 2-Stage Logic Level Shifting Control

Figure 17. Interfacing Low Voltage CMOS Inputs

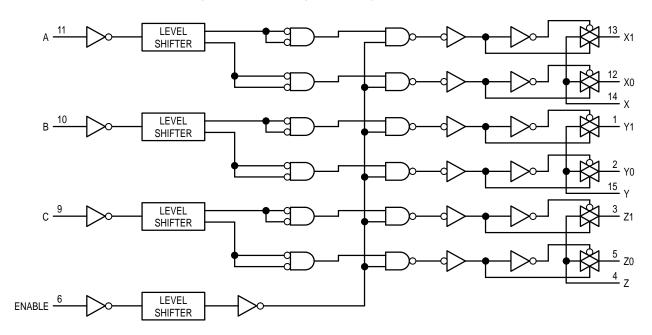
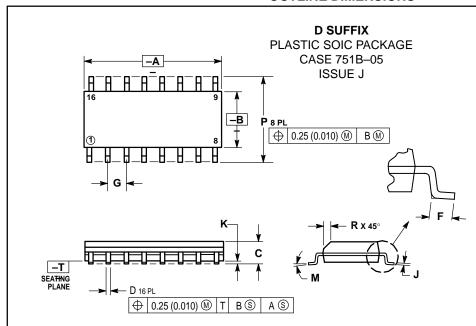


Figure 18. Function Diagram, VHCT4053

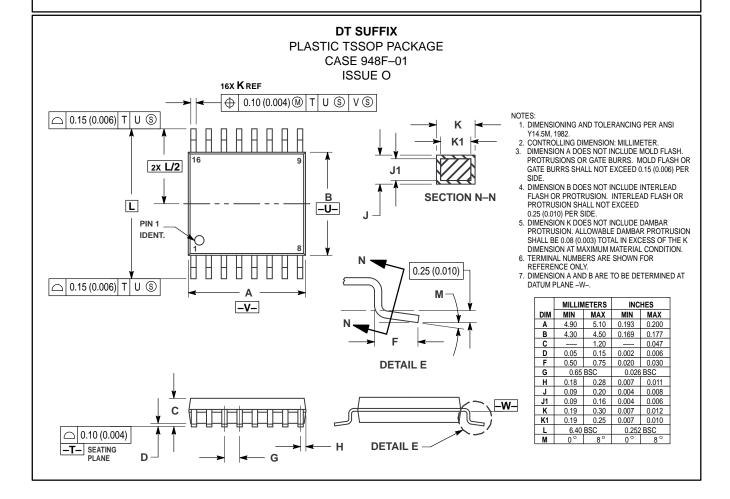
OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
 DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE
- MOLD PROTRUSION.
 MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) 4
- PER SIDE.
 DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR
 PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL
 IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

	MILLIM	IETERS	INC	HES
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
Α	9.80	10.00	0.386	0.393
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157
С	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049
G	1.2	7 BSC	0.050) BSC
J	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.009
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009
M	0°	7°	0°	7°
Р	5.80	6.20	0.229	0.244
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019



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