

Advance Information
**Low-Voltage 1.65/2.5/3.3V
16-Bit Transceiver
With 3.6V-Tolerant Inputs and
Outputs (3-State, Non-Inverting)**

The MC74VCX16245 is an advanced performance, non-inverting 16-bit transceiver. It is designed for very high-speed, very low-power operation in 1.65V, 2.5V or 3.3V systems.

When operating at 2.5V (or 1.65V) the part is designed to tolerate voltages it may encounter on either inputs or outputs when interfacing to 3.3V busses. It is guaranteed to be over-voltage tolerant to 3.6V.

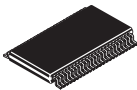
The VCX16245 is designed with byte control. It can be operated as two separate octals, or with the controls tied together, as a 16-bit wide function. The Transmit/Receive ($T/\overline{R}n$) inputs determine the direction of data flow through the bi-directional transceiver. Transmit (active-HIGH) enables data from A ports to B ports; Receive (active-LOW) enables data from B to A ports. The Output Enable inputs (\overline{OEn}), when HIGH, disable both A and B ports by placing them in a HIGH Z condition.

- Designed for Low Voltage Operation: $V_{CC} = 1.65\text{--}3.6\text{V}$
- 3.6V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs
- High Speed Operation: 2.5ns max for 3.0 to 3.6V
3.0ns max for 2.3 to 2.7V
6.0ns max for 1.65 to 1.95V
- Static Drive: $\pm 24\text{mA}$ Drive at 3.0V
 $\pm 18\text{mA}$ Drive at 2.3V
 $\pm 6\text{mA}$ Drive at 1.65V
- Supports Live Insertion and Withdrawal
- I_{OFF} Specification Guarantees High Impedance When $V_{CC} = 0\text{V}$
- Near Zero Static Supply Current in All Three Logic States (20 μA) Substantially Reduces System Power Requirements
- Latchup Performance Exceeds $\pm 300\text{mA}$ @ 125°C
- ESD Performance: Human Body Model >2000V; Machine Model >200V

MC74VCX16245

VCX

**LOW-VOLTAGE 1.65/2.5/3.3V
16-BIT TRANSCEIVER**



DT SUFFIX
48-LEAD PLASTIC TSSOP PACKAGE
CASE 1201-01

PIN NAMES

Pins	Function
\overline{OEn}	Output Enable Inputs
$T/\overline{R}n$	Transmit/Receive Inputs
A0–A15	Side A Inputs or 3-State Outputs
B0–B15	Side B Inputs or 3-State Outputs

This document contains information on a new product. Specifications and information herein are subject to change without notice.



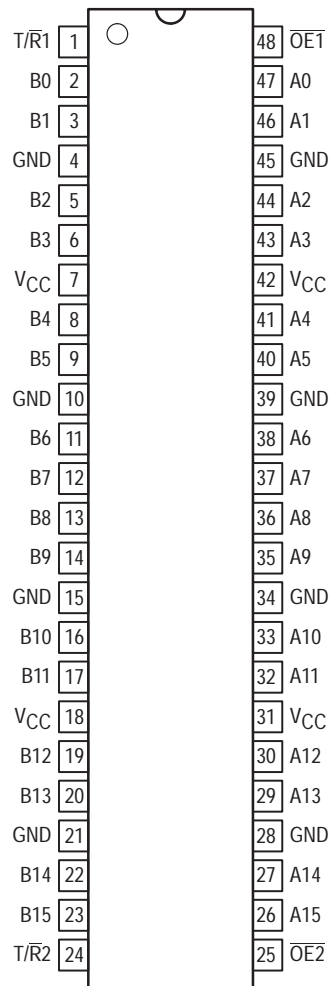


Figure 1. 48-Lead Pinout
(Top View)

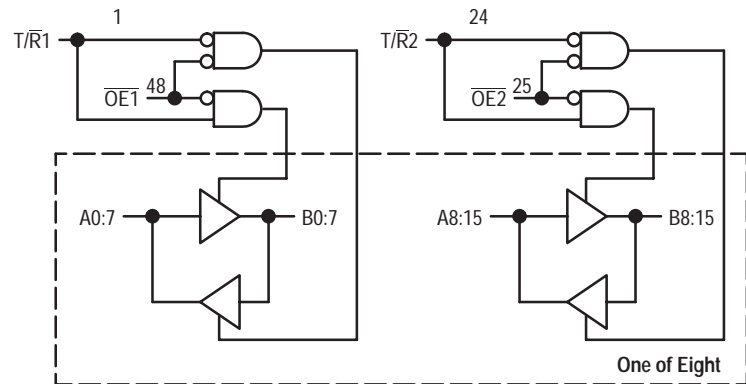


Figure 2. Logic Diagram

Inputs		Outputs	Inputs		Outputs
OE1	T/R1		OE2	T/R2	
L	L	Bus B0:7 Data to Bus A0:7	L	L	Bus B8:15 Data to Bus A8:15
L	H	Bus A0:7 Data to Bus B0:7	L	H	Bus A8:15 Data to Bus B8:15
H	X	High Z State on A0:7, B0:7	H	X	High Z State on A8:15, B8:15

H = High Voltage Level; L = Low Voltage Level; X = High or Low Voltage Level and Transitions Are Acceptable

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Condition	Unit
V_{CC}	DC Supply Voltage	-0.5 to $+4.6$		V
V_I	DC Input Voltage	$-0.5 \leq V_I \leq +4.6$		V
V_O	DC Output Voltage	$-0.5 \leq V_O \leq +4.6$	Output in 3-State	V
		$-0.5 \leq V_O \leq V_{CC} + 0.5$	Note 1.; Outputs Active	V
I_{IK}	DC Input Diode Current	-50	$V_I < GND$	mA
I_{OK}	DC Output Diode Current	-50	$V_O < GND$	mA
		$+50$	$V_O > V_{CC}$	mA
I_O	DC Output Source/Sink Current	± 50		mA
I_{CC}	DC Supply Current Per Supply Pin	± 100		mA
I_{GND}	DC Ground Current Per Ground Pin	± 100		mA
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range	-65 to $+150$		$^{\circ}C$

* Absolute maximum continuous ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur. Exposure to these conditions or conditions beyond those indicated may adversely affect device reliability. Functional operation under absolute-maximum-rated conditions is not implied.

1. I_O absolute maximum rating must be observed.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit
V _{CC}	Supply Voltage <div>Operating Data Retention Only</div>	1.65 1.2	3.6 3.6	V
V _I	Input Voltage	−0.3	3.6	V
V _O	Output Voltage <div>(Active State) (3-State)</div>	0 0	V _{CC} 3.6	V
I _{OH}	HIGH Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 3.0V – 3.6V		−24	mA
I _{OL}	LOW Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 3.0V – 3.6V		24	mA
I _{OH}	HIGH Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 2.3V – 2.7V		−18	mA
I _{OL}	LOW Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 2.3V – 2.7V		18	mA
I _{OH}	HIGH Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 1.65 – 1.95V		−6	mA
I _{OL}	LOW Level Output Current, V _{CC} = 1.65 – 1.95V		6	mA
T _A	Operating Free–Air Temperature	−40	+85	°C
Δt/ΔV	Input Transition Rise or Fall Rate, V _{IN} from 0.8V to 2.0V, V _{CC} = 3.0V	0	10	ns/V

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$)

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$		Unit
			Min	Max	
V_{IH}	HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$	2.0		V
V_{IL}	LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 2.)	$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$		0.8	V
V_{OH}	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$; $I_{OH} = -100\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V$; $I_{OH} = -12\text{mA}$	2.2		
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$; $I_{OH} = -18\text{mA}$	2.4		
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$; $I_{OH} = -24\text{mA}$	2.2		
V_{OL}	LOW Level Output Voltage	$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$; $I_{OL} = 100\mu\text{A}$		0.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V$; $I_{OL} = 12\text{mA}$		0.4	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$; $I_{OL} = 18\text{mA}$		0.4	
		$V_{CC} = 3.0V$; $I_{OL} = 24\text{mA}$		0.55	
I_I	Input Leakage Current	$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$; $0V \leq V_I \leq 3.6V$		± 5.0	μA
I_{OZ}	3-State Output Current	$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$; $0V \leq V_O \leq 3.6V$; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		± 10	μA
I_{OFF}	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 0V$; $0V \leq (V_I, V_O) \leq 3.6V$		10	μA
I_{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$; $V_I = \text{GND}$ or V_{CC}		20	μA
		$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$; $V_{CC} \leq (V_I, V_O) \leq 3.6V$		± 20	μA
ΔI_{CC}	Increase in I_{CC} per Input	$2.7V < V_{CC} \leq 3.6V$; $V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6V$		750	μA

2. These values of V_I are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$)

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$		Unit
			Min	Max	
V_{IH}	HIGH Level Input Voltage (Note 3.)	$2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$	1.6		V
V_{IL}	LOW Level Input Voltage (Note 3.)	$2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$		0.7	V
V_{OH}	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$; $I_{OH} = -100\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V$; $I_{OH} = -6\text{mA}$	2.0		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V$; $I_{OH} = -12\text{mA}$	1.8		
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V$; $I_{OH} = -18\text{mA}$	1.7		
V_{OL}	LOW Level Output Voltage	$2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$; $I_{OL} = 100\mu\text{A}$		0.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V$; $I_{OL} = 12\text{mA}$		0.4	
		$V_{CC} = 2.3V$; $I_{OL} = 18\text{mA}$		0.6	
I_I	Input Leakage Current	$2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$; $0V \leq V_I \leq 3.6V$		± 5.0	μA
I_{OZ}	3-State Output Current	$2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$; $0V \leq V_O \leq 3.6V$; $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL}		± 10	μA
I_{OFF}	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 0V$; $0V \leq (V_I, V_O) \leq 3.6V$		10	μA
I_{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	$2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$; $V_I = \text{GND}$ or V_{CC}		20	μA
		$2.3V \leq V_{CC} \leq 2.7V$; $V_{CC} \leq (V_I, V_O) \leq 3.6V$		± 20	μA

3. These values of V_I are used to test DC electrical characteristics only.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($1.65\text{V} \leq V_{CC} < 1.95\text{V}$)

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	$T_A = -40^\circ\text{C to } +85^\circ\text{C}$		Unit
			Min	Max	
V_{IH}	HIGH Level Input Voltage	$1.65\text{V} \leq V_{CC} < 1.95\text{V}$	$0.7 \times V_{CC}$		V
V_{IL}	LOW Level Input Voltage	$1.65\text{V} \leq V_{CC} < 1.95\text{V}$		$0.2 \times V_{CC}$	V
V_{OH}	HIGH Level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95\text{V}; I_{OH} = -100\mu\text{A}$	$V_{CC} - 0.2$		V
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{V}; I_{OH} = -6\text{mA}$	1.25		
V_{OL}	LOW Level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95\text{V}; I_{OL} = 100\mu\text{A}$		0.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 1.65\text{V}; I_{OL} = 6\text{mA}$		0.3	
I_I	Input Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95\text{V}; 0 \leq V_I \leq 3.6\text{V}$		± 5.0	μA
I_{OZ}	3-State Output Current	$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95\text{V}; 0 \leq V_O \leq 3.6\text{V}; V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$		± 10	μA
I_{OFF}	Power-Off Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = 0\text{V}; 0\text{V} \leq (V_I, V_O) \leq 3.6\text{V}$		10	μA
I_{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95\text{V}; V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } \text{GND}$		20	μA
		$V_{CC} = 1.65 - 1.95\text{V}; V_{CC} \leq (V_I, V_O) \leq 3.6\text{V}$		± 20	

AC CHARACTERISTICS (Note 4.; $t_R = t_F = 2.0\text{ns}$; $C_L = 30\text{pF}$; $R_L = 500\Omega$)

Symbol	Parameter	Waveform	Limits					Unit
			T _A = −40°C to +85°C					
			V _{CC} = 3.0V to 3.6V		V _{CC} = 2.3V to 2.7V		V _{CC} = 1.65 to 1.95V	
			Min	Max	Min	Max	Max	
t _{PLH} t _{PHL}	Propagation Delay Input to Output	1	0.8 0.8	2.5 2.5	1.0 1.0	3.0 3.0	6.0 6.0	ns
t _{PZH} t _{PZL}	Output Enable Time to High and Low Level	2	0.8 0.8	3.8 3.8	1.0 1.0	4.9 4.9	9.3 9.3	ns
t _{PHZ} t _{PLZ}	Output Disable Time From High and Low Level	2	0.8 0.8	3.7 3.7	1.0 1.0	4.2 4.2	7.6 7.6	ns
t _{OSHL} t _{OSLH}	Output-to-Output Skew (Note 5.)			0.5 0.5		0.5 0.5	0.75 0.75	ns

4. These AC parameters are preliminary and may be modified prior to release. For $C_L = 50\text{pF}$, add approximately 300ps to the AC maximum specification.

5. Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t_{OSHL}) or LOW-to-HIGH (t_{OSLH}); parameter guaranteed by design.

DYNAMIC SWITCHING CHARACTERISTICS

Symbol	Characteristic	Condition	$T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$	Unit
			Typ	
V _{OLP}	Dynamic LOW Peak Voltage (Note 6.)	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	0.25	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	0.6	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	0.8	
V _{OLV}	Dynamic LOW Valley Voltage (Note 6.)	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	-0.25	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	-0.6	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	-0.8	
V _{OHV}	Dynamic HIGH Valley Voltage (Note 7.)	$V_{CC} = 1.8\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	1.5	V
		$V_{CC} = 2.5\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	1.9	
		$V_{CC} = 3.3\text{V}, C_L = 30\text{pF}, V_{IH} = V_{CC}, V_{IL} = 0\text{V}$	2.2	

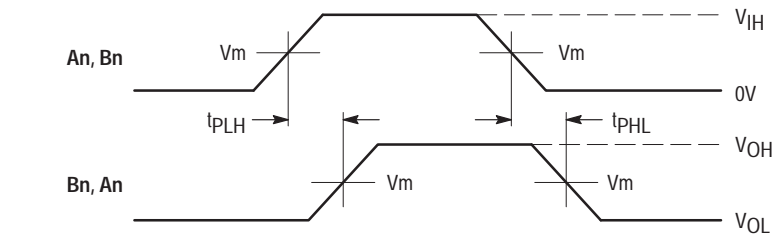
6. Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the LOW state.

7. Number of outputs defined as "n". Measured with "n-1" outputs switching from HIGH-to-LOW or LOW-to-HIGH. The remaining output is measured in the HIGH state.

CAPACITIVE CHARACTERISTICS

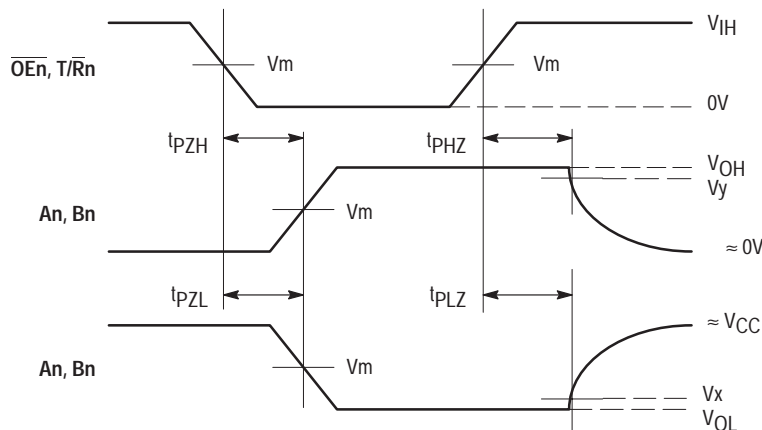
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Typical	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	Note 8.	6	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance	Note 8.	7	pF
CPD	Power Dissipation Capacitance	Note 8., 10MHz	20	pF

8. $V_{CC} = 1.8, 2.5$ or 3.3V ; $V_I = 0\text{V}$ or V_{CC} .



WAVEFORM 1 - PROPAGATION DELAYS

$t_R = t_F = 2.0\text{ns}$, 10% to 90%; $f = 1\text{MHz}$; $t_W = 500\text{ns}$

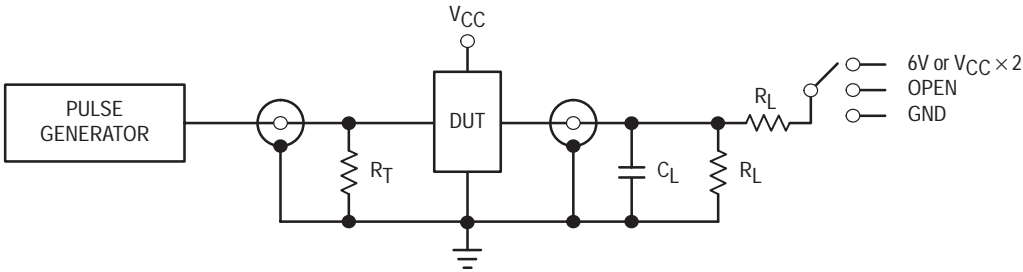


WAVEFORM 2 - OUTPUT ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES

$t_R = t_F = 2.0\text{ns}$, 10% to 90%; $f = 1\text{MHz}$; $t_W = 500\text{ns}$

Figure 3. AC Waveforms

Symbol	V _{CC}		
	3.3V ±0.3V	2.5V ±0.2V	1.8V ±0.15V
V _{IH}	2.7V	V _{CC}	V _{CC}
V _m	1.5V	V _{CC} /2	V _{CC} /2
V _x	V _{OL} + 0.3V	V _{OL} + 0.15V	V _{OL} + 0.15V
V _y	V _{OH} – 0.3V	V _{OH} – 0.15V	V _{OH} – 0.15V



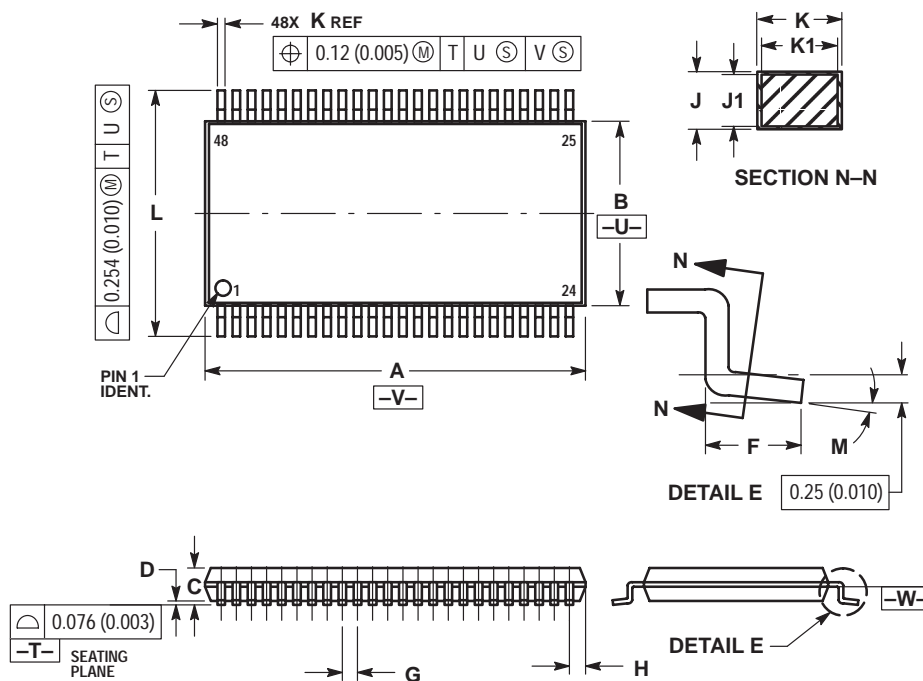
TEST	SWITCH
t _{PLH} , t _{PHL}	Open
t _{PZL} , t _{PLZ}	6V at V _{CC} = 3.3 ±0.3V; V _{CC} × 2 at V _{CC} = 2.5 ±0.2V; 1.8V ±0.15V
t _{PZH} , t _{PHZ}	GND

C_L = 30pF or equivalent (Includes jig and probe capacitance)
R_L = 500Ω or equivalent
R_T = Z_{OUT} of pulse generator (typically 50Ω)

Figure 4. Test Circuit

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS


DT SUFFIX
PLASTIC TSSOP PACKAGE
CASE 1201-01
ISSUE A



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
3. DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
4. DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE K DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.
5. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
6. DIMENSIONS A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-.

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	12.40	12.60	0.488	0.496
B	6.00	6.20	0.236	0.244
C	—	1.10	—	0.043
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006
F	0.50	0.75	0.020	0.030
G	0.50 BSC	—	0.0197 BSC	—
H	0.37	—	0.015	—
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006
K	0.17	0.27	0.007	0.011
K1	0.17	0.23	0.007	0.009
L	7.95	8.25	0.313	0.325
M	0°	8°	0°	8°

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