## Product Preview **Analog Multiplexer / Demultiplexer High–Performance Silicon–Gate CMOS**

The MC74LVXT4051 utilizes silicon-gate CMOS technology to achieve fast propagation delays, low ON resistances, and low OFF leakage currents. This analog multiplexer/demultiplexer controls analog voltages that may vary across the complete power supply range (from V<sub>CC</sub> to V<sub>EE</sub>).

The LVXT4051 is similar in pinout to the LVX8051, HC4051A and the metal-gate MC14051B. The Channel-Select inputs determine which one of the Analog Inputs/Outputs is to be connected, by means of an analog switch, to the Common Output/Input. When the Enable pin is HIGH, all analog switches are turned off.

The LVXT control inputs are compatible with TTL levels.

The control pin input structures provide protection when voltages between 0 V and 5.5 V are applied, regardless of the supply voltage.

This device has been designed so that the ON resistance (Ron) is more linear over input voltage than Ron of metal-gate CMOS analog switches, and High-Speed CMOS analog switches.

- Fast Switching and Propagation Speeds
- Low Crosstalk Between Switches
- TTL–Compatible Inputs:  $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}; V_{IH} = 2.0 \text{ V}$
- Analog Power Supply Range  $(V_{CC} GND) = 2.0$  to 6.0 V
- Digital (Control) Power Supply Range  $(V_{CC} GND) = 2.0$  to 6.0 V
- Improved Linearity and Lower ON Resistance than Metal-Gate, HSL, or VHC Counterparts
- Low Noise
- Latchup Performance Exceeds 300 mA
- ESD Performance: HBM > 2000 V; Machine Model > 200 V
- Designed to Operate on a Single Supply with  $V_{EE} = GND$ , or Using Split Supplies up to  $\pm 3.3$  V



## **ON Semiconductor**

http://onsemi.com

#### MARKING DIAGRAMS

LVXT

4051







#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Package	Shipping
MC74LVXT4051D	SOIC-16	48 Units/Rail
MC74LVXT4051DR2	SOIC-16	2500 Units/Reel
MC74LVXT4051DT	TSSOP-16	96 Units/Rail
MC74LVXT4051DTR2	TSSOP-16	2500 Units/Reel
MC74LVXT4051M	SOIC EIAJ–16	48 Units/Rail
MC74LVXT4051MEL	SOIC EIAJ–16	2000 Units/Reel

This document contains information on a product under development. ON Semiconductor reserves the right to change or discontinue this product without notice.

#### PIN CONNECTION AND MARKING DIAGRAM (Top View)



#### FUNCTION TABLE

Control Inputs				
		Select	t	
Enable	С	В	Α	ON Channels
L	L	L	L	X0
L	L	L	Н	X1
L	L	Н	L	X2
L	L	Н	Н	X3
L	н	L	L	X4
L	н	L	Н	X5
L	н	Н	L	X6
L L	н	Н	Н	Х7
Н	X	Х	Х	NONE

X = Don't Care

LOGIC DIAGRAM Single–Pole, 8–Position Plus Common Off



#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS\***

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>EE</sub>	Negative DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)	- 7.0 to + 5.0	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND) (Referenced to V <sub>EE</sub> )	- 0.5 to + 7.0 - 0.5 to + 7.0	V
V <sub>IS</sub>	Analog Input Voltage	-0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
V <sub>in</sub>	Digital Input Voltage (Referenced to GND)	– 0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I	DC Current, Into or Out of Any Pin	± 20	mA
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation in Still Air, SOIC Package† TSSOP Package†	500 450	mW
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature Range	– 65 to + 150	°C
ΤL	Lead Temperature, 1 mm from Case for 10 Seconds	260	°C

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high–impedance circuit. For proper operation,  $V_{in}$  and  $V_{out}$  should be constrained to the range GND  $\leq (V_{in} \text{ or } V_{out}) \leq V_{CC}$ .

Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either GND or  $V_{CC}$ ). Unused outputs must be left open.

\*Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

†Derating — SOIC Package: – 7 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

TSSOP Package: – 6.1 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

#### **RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS**

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	
$V_{EE}$	Negative DC Supply Voltage	(Referenced to GND)	-6.0	GND	V
V <sub>CC</sub>	Positive DC Supply Voltage	(Referenced to GND) (Referenced to V <sub>EE</sub> )	2.0 2.0	6.0 6.6	V
V <sub>IS</sub>	Analog Input Voltage		V <sub>EE</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>in</sub>	Digital Input Voltage (Referenced to GND)		0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V
V <sub>IO</sub> *	Static or Dynamic Voltage Across Switch			1.2	V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature Range, All Package Types		- 55	+125	°C
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Input Rise/Fall Time (Channel Select or Enable Inputs)				ns/V
		$V_{CC} = 3.3 V \pm 0.3 V$ $V_{CC} = 5.0 V \pm 0.5 V$	0 0	100 20	

\*For voltage drops across switch greater than 1.2 V (switch on), excessive V<sub>CC</sub> current may be drawn; i.e., the current out of the switch may contain both V<sub>CC</sub> and switch input components. The reliability of the device will be unaffected unless the Maximum Ratings are exceeded.

The  $\theta_{JA}$  of the package is equal to 1/Derating. Higher junction temperatures may affect the expected lifetime of the device per the table and figure below.

#### DEVICE JUNCTION TEMPERATURE VERSUS TIME TO 0.1% BOND FAILURES

Junction Temperature °C	Time, Hours	Time, Years
80	1,032,200	117.8
90	419,300	47.9
100	178,700	20.4
110	79,600	9.4
120	37,000	4.2
130	17,800	2.0
140	8,900	1.0



Failure Rate vs. Time Junction Temperature

## DC CHARACTERISTICS — Digital Section (Voltages Referenced to GND)

			Vcc	Guaranteed Limit			
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	V	–55 to 25°C	≤85°C	≤125°C	Unit
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum High–Level Input Voltage, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs	R <sub>on</sub> = Per Spec	3.0 4.5 5.5	1.4 2.0 2.0	1.4 2.0 2.0	1.4 2.0 2.0	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum Low–Level Input Voltage, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs	R <sub>on</sub> = Per Spec	3.0 4.5 5.5	0.53 0.80 0.80	0.53 0.80 0.80	0.53 0.80 0.80	V
l <sub>in</sub>	Maximum Input Leakage Current, Channel-Select or Enable Inputs	$V_{in} = V_{CC}$ or GND,	5.5	± 0.1	± 1.0	± 1.0	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	Channel Select, Enable and $V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{in}$ = 0 V	5.5	4	40	160	μA
I <sub>CCT</sub>	Quiescent Supply Current	Channel Select, Enable $V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ or GND; $V_{in}$ = 3.4 V	5.5	1.35	1.50	1.65	mA

#### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Analog Section

					Guaranteed Limit			
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> V	V <sub>EE</sub> V	– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	Unit
R <sub>on</sub>	Maximum "ON" Resistance	$V_{in} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	3.0	0	20	25	30	Ω
011		$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ to $V_{EE}$	4.5	0	10	15	20	
		$ I_S  \le 10.0 \text{ mA}$ (Figures 1, 2)	5.5	0	7.0	10	15	
			3.3	-3.3	4.0	10	15	
		$V_{in} = V_{II}$ or $V_{IH}$	3.0	0	20	25	30	1
		$V_{IS} = V_{CC}$ or $V_{FF}$ (Endpoints)	4.5	0	10	15	20	
		$ I_{S}  \le 10.0 \text{ mA}$ (Figures 1, 2)	5.5	0	7.0	10	15	
			3.3	-3.3	4.0	10	15	
$\Delta R_{on}$	Maximum Difference in "ON"	$V_{in} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	3.0	0	5	5	5	Ω
	Resistance Between Any	$V_{IS} = 1/2 (V_{CC} - V_{EE})$	4.5	0	1	1.2	1.5	
	Two Channels in the Same	$ I_{\rm S}  \le 10.0  {\rm mA}$	5.5	0	1	1.2	1.5	
	Package		3.3	-3.3	1	1.2	1.5	
I <sub>off</sub>	Maximum Off–Channel	$V_{in} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH};$	5.5	0	1	10	1000	nA
	Leakage Current, Any One Channel	V <sub>IO</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; Switch Off (Figure 3)	3.3	-3.3	1	10	1000	
	Maximum Off–Channel	$V_{in} = V_{II}$ or $V_{IH}$ ;	5.5	0	1	10	1000	1
	Leakage Current, Common Channel	$V_{IO} = V_{CC}$ or GND; Switch Off (Figure 4)	3.3	-3.3	1	10	1000	
l <sub>on</sub>	Maximum On–Channel	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub> ;	5.5	0	1	10	1000	nA
- Off	Leakage Current,	Switch-to-Switch =	3.3	-3.3	1	10	1000	
	Channel-to-Channel	V <sub>CC</sub> or GND; (Figure 5)						
t <sub>BBM</sub>	Minimum Break-Before-	$V_{in} = V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$	3.0	0.0	1	TBD	TBD	ns
	Make Time§	$V_{IS} = 1/2 (V_{CC} - V_{EE})$	4.5	0.0	0.2	TBD	TBD	
	(Figure 12)	$R_{L} = 300 \Omega, C_{L} = 35 pF$	5.5	0.0	0.2	TBD	TBD	
			3.3	-3.3	0.2	TBD	TBD	

\* Limits not tested. Determined by design and verified by qualification.

## AC CHARACTERISTICS (CL = 50 pF, Input $t_{f} = t_{f} = 3 \text{ ns}$ )

		v <sub>cc</sub>	VEE	Guaranteed Limit			
Symbol	Parameter	V	V	–55 to 25°C	≤85°C	≤125°C	Uni
t <sub>PLH</sub> ,	Maximum Propagation Delay, Channel–Select to Analog	2.0	0	30	35	40	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	Output (Figure 9)	3.0	0	20	25	30	
		4.5	0	15	18	22	
		5.5	0	15	18	20	
		3.3	-3.3	10	12	15	
t <sub>PLH</sub> ,	Maximum Propagation Delay, Analog Input to Analog Output	2.0	0	1.0	1.0	2.0	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>	(Figure 10)	3.0	0	1.0	1.0	2.0	
		4.5	0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
		5.5	0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
		3.3	-3.3	1.0	1.0	1.0	
t <sub>PLZ</sub> ,	Maximum Propagation Delay, Enable to Analog Output	2.0	0	30	35	40	ns
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	(Figure 11)	3.0	0	20	25	30	
		4.5	0	15	18	22	
		5.5	0	15	18	20	
		3.3	-3.3	10	12	15	
t <sub>PZL</sub> ,	Maximum Propagation Delay, Enable to Analog Output	2.0	0	20	25	30	ns
t <sub>PZH</sub>	(Figure 11)	3.0	0	12	14	15	
		4.5	0	8.0	10	12	
		5.5	0	8.0	10	12	
		3.3	-3.3	5.0	8.0	10	
C <sub>in</sub>	Maximum Input Capacitance, Channel–Select or Enable Inputs			10	10	10	pF
C <sub>I/O</sub>	Maximum Capacitance Analog I/O			35	35	35	pF
	(All Switches Off) Common O/I			130	130	130	
	Feedthrough			1.0	1.0	1.0	
C <sub>PD</sub>			Тур	oical @ 25°C, V	/ <sub>CC</sub> = 5.0 V, \	/ <sub>EE</sub> = 0V	pF
	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Figure 17)*	-			45		

#### ADDITIONAL APPLICATION CHARACTERISTICS (GND = 0 V)

			v <sub>cc</sub>	V <sub>EE</sub>	Limit*	
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	v	v	25°C	Unit
BW	Maximum On–Channel Bandwidth or Minimum Frequency Response (Figure 6)	$V_{IS} = \frac{1}{2} (V_{CC} - V_{EE}),$ Ref & Test Attn = 10 dB Source Amplitude = 0 dB	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 -3.3	80 80 80 80	MHz
V <sub>ISO</sub>	Off–Channel Feedthrough Isolation (Figure 7)	$V_{IS} = \frac{1}{2} (V_{CC} - V_{EE}),$ Adjust Network Analyzer output to 10 dBm on each output from the power splitter	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 -3.3	-93 -93 -93 -93	dB
V <sub>ISOC</sub>	Common–Channel Feedthrough Isolation (Figure 8)	$V_{IS} = \frac{1}{2} (V_{CC} - V_{EE}),$ Adjust Network Analyzer output to 10 dBm on each output from the power splitter	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 -3.3	-93 -93 -93 -93	dB
V <sub>ONL</sub>	Maximum Feedthrough On Loss (Figure 11)	$\label{eq:VIS} \begin{split} V_{IS} &= \frac{1}{2} \; (V_{CC} - V_{EE}), \\ \text{Adjust Network Analyzer output to} \\ 10 \; \text{dBm on each output from the power} \\ & \text{splitter} \end{split}$	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 -3.3	-2 -2 -2 -2	dB
Q	Feedthrough Noise. Channel–Select Input to Common I/O (Figure 9)	$\begin{split} V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{CC}} \text{ to } V_{\text{EE}}, \ \textbf{f}_{\text{IS}} = 1 \text{ MHz}, \\ t_{\text{r}} = t_{\text{f}} = 3 \text{ ns} \\ \textbf{R}_{\text{IS}} = 600 \ \Omega, \ \textbf{C}_{\text{L}} = 50 \text{ pF} \end{split}$	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 -3.3	25 40 50 60	mV <sub>PP</sub>
	Feedthrough Noise. Channel–Select Input to Common I/O (Figure 9)	$V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ to } V_{EE}, f_{IS} = 1 \text{ MHz},$ $t_r = t_f = 3 \text{ ns}$ $R_{IS} = 10 \Omega, C_L = 10 \text{ pF}$	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 -3.3	35 40 50 60	
Q	Feedthrough Noise.† Enable Input to Common I/O (Figure 10)	$\begin{split} V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{CC}} \text{ to } V_{\text{EE}}, \ f_{\text{IS}} = 1 \text{ MHz}, \\ t_{\text{r}} = t_{\text{f}} = 3 \text{ ns} \\ R_{\text{IS}} = 0 \ \Omega, \ C_{\text{L}} = 1000 \text{ pF}, \\ Q = C_{\text{L}} * \Delta V_{\text{OUT}} \end{split}$	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 -3.3	TBD 3.0 3.0 TBD	рС
	Feedthrough Noise. Channel–Select Input to Common I/O (Figure 9)	$\begin{split} V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{CC}} \text{ to } V_{\text{EE}}, \ &f_{\text{IS}} = 1 \text{ MHz}, \\ &t_{\text{r}} = t_{\text{f}} = 3 \text{ ns} \\ &\text{R}_{\text{IS}} = 0 \ \Omega, \ &C_{\text{L}} = 1000 \text{ pF}, \\ &Q = C_{\text{L}} * \Delta V_{\text{OUT}} \end{split}$	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 –3.3	TBD TBD TBD TBD	
V <sub>AOUT</sub>	Maximum Shift in Output Voltage of Enabled Analog Channel due to injected Current on a Disabled Channel (Figure 16)	$ \begin{split} I_{IN} & \ddagger \leq 1 \text{ mA}, \text{ R}_{S} \leq 3.9 \text{ K}\Omega \\ I_{IN} & \ddagger \leq 10 \text{ mA}, \text{ R}_{S} \leq 3.9 \text{ K}\Omega \\ I_{IN} & \ddagger \leq 1 \text{ mA}, \text{ R}_{S} \leq 20 \text{ K}\Omega \\ I_{IN} & \ddagger \leq 10 \text{ mA}, \text{ R}_{S} \leq 20 \text{ K}\Omega \end{split} $	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	0.0 0.0 0.0 0.0	TBD TBD TBD TBD	mV
THD	Total Harmonic Distortion THD = THD <sub>MEASURED</sub> – THD <sub>SOURCE</sub> (Figure 18)	$\label{eq:fIS} \begin{array}{l} f_{IS} = 1 \text{ MHz}, \ R_L = 10 \ \text{K}\Omega, \ C_L = 50 \ \text{pF}, \\ V_{IS} = 2.5 \ \text{V}_{PP} \ \text{sine wave} \\ V_{IS} = 4.0 \ \text{V}_{PP} \ \text{sine wave} \\ V_{IS} = 5.0 \ \text{V}_{PP} \ \text{sine wave} \\ V_{IS} = 6.0 \ \text{V}_{PP} \ \text{sine wave} \end{array}$	3.0 4.5 5.5 3.3	0.0 0.0 0.0 –3.3	0.10 0.08 0.05 0.05	%

\*Limits not tested. Determined by design and verified by qualification.

+Note: Some manufacturers may refer to this specification as Charge Injection.  $\downarrow$ Note: I<sub>IN</sub> = Total current injected into all disabled channels.



Figure 1a. Typical On Resistance,  $V_{CC}$  = 3.0 V,  $V_{EE}$  = 0V



Figure 1b. Typical On Resistance,  $V_{CC} = 4.5 V$ ,  $V_{EE} = 0V$ 

Figure 1c. Typical On Resistance, V<sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V<sub>EE</sub> = 0V



Figure 2. On Resistance Test Set–Up



Figure 3. Maximum Off Channel Leakage Current, Any One Channel, Test Set–Up



Figure 4. Maximum Off Channel Leakage Current, Common Channel, Test Set–Up



Figure 5. Maximum On Channel Leakage Current, Channel to Channel, Test Set–Up







#### Figure 7. Maximum Off Channel Feedthrough Isolation,Test Set–Up

#### Figure 8. Maximum Common–Channel Feedthrough Isolation Test Set–Up



\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance.



#### Figure 9. Feedthrough Noise, Channel Select to Common Out, Test Set–Up

#### Figure 10. Feedthrough Noise, Enable to Common Out, Test Set–Up









Figure 12b. Break–Before–Make Time



# Figure 13a. Propagation Delays, Channel Select to Analog Out



\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance

#### Figure 13b. Propagation Delay, Test Set–Up Channel Select to Analog Out



# Figure 14a. Propagation Delays, Analog In to Analog Out







\*Includes all probe and jig capacitance

#### Figure 14b. Propagation Delay, Test Set–Up Analog In to Analog Out







Figure 16. Maximum Shift in Output Voltage of Enabled Analog Channel due to Injected Current on a Disabled Channel Test Set–Up









Figure 17. Power Dissipation Capacitance, Test Set–Up

#### **APPLICATIONS INFORMATION**

The Channel Select and Enable control pins should be at  $V_{CC}$  or GND logic levels.  $V_{CC}$  being recognized as a logic high and GND being recognized as a logic low. In this example:

$$V_{CC} = +5V = logic high$$
  
GND = 0V = logic low

The maximum analog voltage swing is determined by the supply voltages  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{EE}$ . The positive peak analog voltage should not exceed  $V_{CC}$ . Similarly, the negative peak analog voltage should not go below  $V_{EE}$ . In this example, the difference between  $V_{CC}$  and  $V_{EE}$  is five volts. Therefore, using the configuration of Figure 15, a maximum analog signal of five volts peak–to–peak can be controlled. Unused analog inputs/outputs may be left floating (i.e., not connected). However, tying unused analog inputs and outputs to  $V_{CC}$  or

GND through a low value resistor helps minimize crosstalk and feedthrough noise that may be picked up by an unused switch.

Although used here, balanced supplies are not a requirement. The only constraints on the power supplies are that:

$$\begin{split} V_{EE} &- GND = 0 \text{ to } -6 \text{ volts} \\ V_{CC} &- GND = 2 \text{ to } 6 \text{ volts} \\ V_{CC} &- V_{EE} = 2 \text{ to } 6 \text{ volts} \\ \text{and } V_{EE} \leq GND \end{split}$$

When voltage transients above  $V_{CC}$  and/or below  $V_{EE}$  are anticipated on the analog channels, external Germanium or Schottky diodes ( $D_x$ ) are recommended as shown in Figure 16. These diodes should be able to absorb the maximum anticipated current surges during clipping.



Figure 19b. Application Example



Figure 20. External Germanium or Schottky Clipping Diodes



#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC-16 **D SUFFIX** CASE 751B-05 **ISSUE J** 



- NOTES: 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER. 2
- DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. 3.
- 4. MAXIMUM MOLD PROTRUSION 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
- DIMENSION D DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR 5. PROTRUSION OLICIA TO MOLECULE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.127 (0.005) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE D DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION.

	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES	
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	9.80	10.00	0.386	0.393	
В	3.80	4.00	0.150	0.157	
С	1.35	1.75	0.054	0.068	
D	0.35	0.49	0.014	0.019	
F	0.40	1.25	0.016	0.049	
G	1.2	7 BSC	0.050 BSC		
J	0.19	0.25	0.008	0.009	
K	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.009	
М	0°	<b>7</b> °	0°	7°	
Р	5.80	6.20	0.229	0.244	
R	0.25	0.50	0.010	0.019	

TSSOP-16 **DT SUFFIX** CASE 948F-01 **ISSUE O** 



G

D

- NOTES: 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- 2.
- DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.
- DIMENSION B DOES NOT INCLUDE INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION. INTERLEAD FLASH OR PROTRUSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 4.
- PHOTHOSION SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.25 (0.010) PER SIDE. DIMENSION K DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE K DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR DEFERENCE ONLY. 5.
- 6.
- DIMENSION A AND B ARE TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE -W-. 7.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.200	
В	4.30	4.50	0.169	0.177	
C		1.20		0.047	
D	0.05	0.15	0.002	0.006	
F	0.50	0.75	0.020	0.030	
G	0.65	BSC	0.026 BSC		
Н	0.18	0.28	0.007	0.011	
J	0.09	0.20	0.004	0.008	
J1	0.09	0.16	0.004	0.006	
K	0.19	0.30	0.007	0.012	
K1	0.19	0.25	0.007	0.010	
L	6.40		0.252		
Μ	0 °	8°	0°	8°	

#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOIC EIAJ-16 M SUFFIX CASE 966-01 ISSUE O









NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI 1. Y14.5M, 1982.
- 2 DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS AND ARE
- MEASURED AT THE PARTING LINE. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 0.006) PER SIDE. . TERMINAL NUMBERS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- 5. THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION (b) DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE 5 DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08 (0.003) TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LOWER RADIUS OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSIONS AND ADJACENT LEAD TO BE 0.46 ( 0.018).

	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α		2.05		0.081	
A <sub>1</sub>	0.05	0.20	0.002	0.008	
b	0.35	0.50	0.014	0.020	
C	0.18	0.27	0.007	0.011	
D	9.90	10.50	0.390	0.413	
E	5.10	5.45	0.201	0.215	
е	1.27	BSC	0.050	BSC	
H <sub>E</sub>	7.40	8.20	0.291	0.323	
L	0.50	0.85	0.020	0.033	
LE	1.10	1.50	0.043	0.059	
М	0 °	10 °	0 °	10 °	
Q <sub>1</sub>	0.70	0.90	0.028	0.035	
Z		0.78		0.031	

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