

# 8-Bit Serial or Parallel-Input/ Serial-Output Shift Register with 3-State Output

## High-Performance Silicon-Gate CMOS

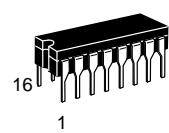
The MC54/74HC589 is similar in function to the HC597, which is not a 3-state device. The device inputs are compatible with standard CMOS outputs, with pullup resistors, they are compatible with LSTTL outputs.

This device consists of an 8-bit storage latch which feeds parallel data to an 8-bit shift register. Data can also be loaded serially (see Function Table). The shift register output,  $Q_H$ , is a three-state output, allowing this device to be used in bus-oriented systems.

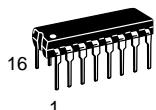
The HC589 directly interfaces with the Motorola SPI serial data port on CMOS MPUs and MCUs.

- Output Drive Capability: 15 LSTTL Loads
- Outputs Directly Interface to CMOS, NMOS, and TTL
- Operating Voltage Range: 2 to 6 V
- Low Input Current: 1  $\mu$ A
- High Noise Immunity Characteristic of CMOS Devices
- In Compliance with the Requirements Defined by JEDEC Standard No. 7A
- Chip Complexity: 526 FETs or 131.5 Equivalent Gates

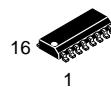
## MC54/74HC589



J SUFFIX  
CERAMIC PACKAGE  
CASE 620-10



N SUFFIX  
PLASTIC PACKAGE  
CASE 648-08

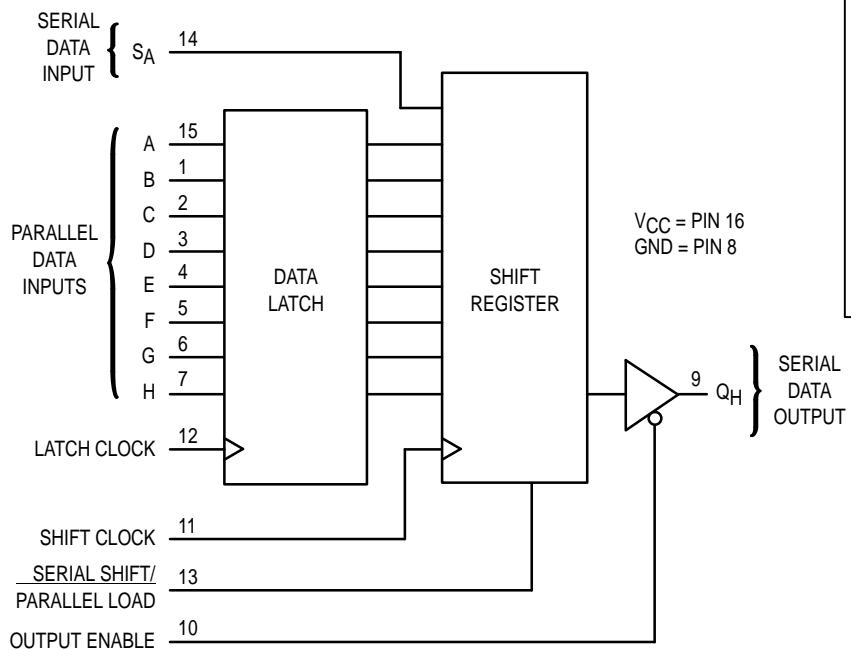


D SUFFIX  
SOIC PACKAGE  
CASE 751B-05

### ORDERING INFORMATION

MC54HCXXXJ	Ceramic
MC74HCXXXN	Plastic
MC74HCXXXD	SOIC

### LOGIC DIAGRAM



### PIN ASSIGNMENT

B	1 •	16	V <sub>CC</sub>
C	2	15	A
D	3	14	$S_A$ SERIAL SHIFT/ PARALLEL LOAD
E	4	13	PARALLEL LOAD
F	5	12	LATCH CLOCK
G	6	11	SHIFT CLOCK
H	7	10	OUTPUT ENABLE
GND	8	9	$Q_H$



## MAXIMUM RATINGS\*

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)	– 0.5 to + 7.0	V
V <sub>in</sub>	DC Input Voltage (Referenced to GND)	– 1.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 1.5	V
V <sub>out</sub>	DC Output Voltage (Referenced to GND)	– 0.5 to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5	V
I <sub>in</sub>	DC Input Current, per Pin	± 20	mA
I <sub>out</sub>	DC Output Current, per Pin	± 35	mA
I <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Current, V <sub>CC</sub> and GND Pins	± 75	mA
P <sub>D</sub>	Power Dissipation in Still Air, Plastic or Ceramic DIP† SOIC Package†	750 500	mW
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature	– 65 to + 150	°C
T <sub>L</sub>	Lead Temperature, 1 mm from Case for 10 Seconds (Plastic DIP or SOIC Package) (Ceramic DIP)	260 300	°C

This device contains protection circuitry to guard against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, precautions must be taken to avoid applications of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high-impedance circuit. For proper operation, V<sub>in</sub> and V<sub>out</sub> should be constrained to the range GND ≤ (V<sub>in</sub> or V<sub>out</sub>) ≤ V<sub>CC</sub>. Unused inputs must always be tied to an appropriate logic voltage level (e.g., either GND or V<sub>CC</sub>). Unused outputs must be left open.

\* Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which damage to the device may occur.

Functional operation should be restricted to the Recommended Operating Conditions.

†Derating — Plastic DIP: –10 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

Ceramic DIP: –10 mW/°C from 100° to 125°C

SOIC Package: –7 mW/°C from 65° to 125°C

For high frequency or heavy load considerations, see Chapter 2 of the Motorola High-Speed CMOS Data Book (DL129/D).

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	
V <sub>CC</sub>	DC Supply Voltage (Referenced to GND)	2.0	6.0	V	
V <sub>in</sub> , V <sub>out</sub>	DC Input Voltage, Output Voltage (Referenced to GND)	0	V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating Temperature, All Package Types	– 55	+ 125	°C	
t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	Input Rise and Fall Time (Figure 1)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.0 V V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V V <sub>CC</sub> = 6.0 V	0 0 0	1000 500 400	ns

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Voltages Referenced to GND)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	V <sub>CC</sub> V	Guaranteed Limit			Unit
				– 55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	
V <sub>IH</sub>	Minimum High-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>out</sub> = 0.1 V or V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1 V  I <sub>out</sub>   ≤ 20 μA	2.0 4.5 6.0	1.5 3.15 4.2	1.5 3.15 4.2	1.5 3.15 4.2	V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum Low-Level Input Voltage	V <sub>out</sub> = 0.1 V or V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.1 V  I <sub>out</sub>   ≤ 20 μA	2.0 4.5 6.0	0.3 0.9 1.2	0.3 0.9 1.2	0.3 0.9 1.2	V
V <sub>OH</sub>	Minimum High-Level Output Voltage	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>  I <sub>out</sub>   ≤ 20 μA	2.0 4.5 6.0	1.9 4.4 5.9	1.9 4.4 5.9	1.9 4.4 5.9	V
		V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>  I <sub>out</sub>   ≤ 6.0 mA  I <sub>out</sub>   ≤ 7.8 mA	4.5 6.0	3.98 5.48	3.84 5.34	3.70 5.20	
V <sub>OL</sub>	Maximum Low-Level Output Voltage	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub>  I <sub>out</sub>   ≤ 20 μA	2.0 4.5 6.0	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1	0.1 0.1 0.1	V
		V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>  I <sub>out</sub>   ≤ 6.0 mA  I <sub>out</sub>   ≤ 7.8 mA	4.5 6.0	0.26 0.26	0.33 0.33	0.40 0.40	
I <sub>in</sub>	Maximum Input Leakage Current	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	6.0	± 0.1	± 1.0	± 1.0	μA
I <sub>OZ</sub>	Maximum Three-State Leakage Current	Output in High-Impedance State V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>IL</sub> or V <sub>IH</sub> V <sub>out</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	6.0	± 0.5	± 5.0	± 10	μA
I <sub>CC</sub>	Maximum Quiescent Supply Current (per Package)	V <sub>in</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND I <sub>out</sub> = 0 μA	6.0	8	80	160	μA

NOTE: Information on typical parametric values can be found in Chapter 2 of the Motorola High-Speed CMOS Data Book (DL129/D).

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ , Input  $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$ )

Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC}$ V	Guaranteed Limit			Unit
			-55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	
$f_{max}$	Maximum Clock Frequency (50% Duty Cycle) (Figures 2 and 8)	2.0 4.5 6.0	6.0 30 35	4.8 24 28	4.0 20 24	MHz
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Latch Clock to $Q_H$ (Figures 1 and 8)	2.0 4.5 6.0	210 42 36	265 53 45	315 63 54	ns
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Shift Clock to $Q_H$ (Figures 2 and 8)	2.0 4.5 6.0	175 35 30	220 44 37	265 53 45	ns
$t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Serial Shift/Parallel Load to $Q_H$ (Figures 4 and 8)	2.0 4.5 6.0	175 35 30	220 44 37	265 53 45	ns
$t_{PLZ}, t_{PHZ}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Output Enable to $Q_H$ (Figures 3 and 9)	2.0 4.5 6.0	150 30 26	190 38 33	225 45 38	ns
$t_{PZL}, t_{PZH}$	Maximum Propagation Delay, Output Enable to $Q_H$ (Figures 3 and 9)	2.0 4.5 6.0	150 30 26	190 38 33	225 45 38	ns
$t_{TLH}, t_{THL}$	Maximum Output Transition Time, Any Output (Figures 1 and 8)	2.0 4.5 6.0	60 12 10	75 15 13	90 18 15	ns
$C_{in}$	Maximum Input Capacitance	—	10	10	10	pF
$C_{out}$	Maximum Three-State Output Capacitance (Output in High-Impedance State)	—	15	15	15	pF

## NOTES:

1. For propagation delays with loads other than 50 pF, see Chapter 2 of the Motorola High-Speed CMOS Data Book (DL129/D).
2. Information on typical parametric values can be found in Chapter 2 of the Motorola High-Speed CMOS Data Book (DL129/D).

CPD	Power Dissipation Capacitance (Per Package)*	Typical @ 25°C, $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$		pF
		50	50	

\* Used to determine the no-load dynamic power consumption:  $P_D = CPD V_{CC}^2 f + I_{CC} V_{CC}$ . For load considerations, see Chapter 2 of the Motorola High-Speed CMOS Data Book (DL129/D).

**TIMING REQUIREMENTS** (Input  $t_r = t_f = 6$  ns)

Symbol	Parameter	$V_{CC}$ V	Guaranteed Limit			Unit
			-55 to 25°C	≤ 85°C	≤ 125°C	
$t_{SU}$	Minimum Setup Time, A–H to Latch Clock (Figure 5)	2.0 4.5 6.0	100 20 17	125 25 21	150 30 26	ns
$t_{SU}$	Minimum Setup Time, Serial Data Input $S_A$ to Shift Clock (Figure 6)	2.0 4.5 6.0	100 20 17	125 25 21	150 30 26	ns
$t_{SU}$	Minimum Setup Time, Serial Shift/Parallel Load to Shift Clock (Figure 7)	2.0 4.5 6.0	100 20 17	125 25 21	150 30 26	ns
$t_h$	Minimum Hold Time, Latch Clock to A–H (Figure 5)	2.0 4.5 6.0	25 5 5	30 6 6	40 8 7	ns
$t_h$	Minimum Hold Time, Shift Clock to Serial Data Input $S_A$ (Figure 6)	2.0 4.5 6.0	5 5 5	5 5 5	5 5 5	ns
$t_w$	Minimum Pulse Width, Shift Clock (Figure 2)	2.0 4.5 6.0	80 16 14	100 20 17	120 24 20	ns
$t_w$	Minimum Pulse Width, Latch Clock (Figure 1)	2.0 4.5 6.0	80 16 14	100 20 17	120 24 20	ns
$t_w$	Minimum Pulse Width, Serial Shift/Parallel Load (Figure 4)	2.0 4.5 6.0	80 16 14	100 20 17	120 24 20	ns
$t_r, t_f$	Maximum Input Rise and Fall Times (Figure 1)	2.0 4.5 6.0	1000 500 400	1000 500 400	1000 500 400	ns

NOTE: Information on typical parametric values can be found in Chapter 2 of the Motorola High-Speed CMOS Data Book (DL129/D).

**FUNCTION TABLE**

Operation	Inputs						Resulting Function		
	Output Enable	Serial Shift/ Parallel Load	Latch Clock	Shift Clock	Serial Input $S_A$	Parallel Inputs A–H	Data Latch Contents	Shift Register Contents	Output $Q_H$
Force output into high impedance state	H	X	X	X	X	X	X	X	Z
Load parallel data into data latch	L	H	/	L, H, \	X	a–h	a–h	U	U
Transfer latch contents to shift register	L	L	L, H, \	X	X	X	U	$LR_N \rightarrow SR_N$	$LR_H$
Contents of input latch and shift register are unchanged	L	H	L, H, \	L, H, \	X	X	U	U	U
Load parallel data into data latch and shift register	L	L	/	X	X	a–h	a–h	a–h	h
Shift serial data into shift register	L	H	X	/	D	X	*	$SR_A = D$ , $SR_N \rightarrow SR_{N+1}$	$SR_G \rightarrow SR_H$
Load parallel data in data latch and shift serial data into shift register	L	H	/	/	D	a–h	a–h	$SR_A = D$ , $SR_N \rightarrow SR_{N+1}$	$SR_G \rightarrow SR_H$

LR = latch register contents

SR = shift register contents

a–h = data at parallel data inputs A–H

D = data (L, H) at serial data input  $S_A$

U = remains unchanged

X = don't care

Z = high impedance

\* = depends on Latch Clock input

## SWITCHING WAVEFORMS

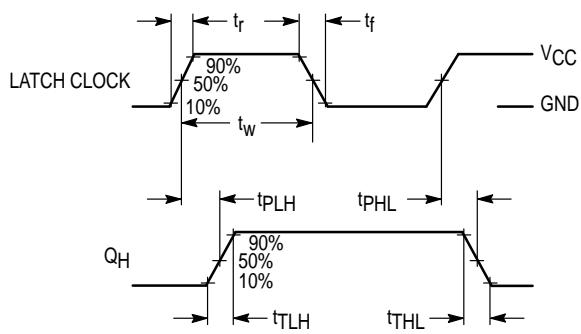


Figure 1. (Serial Shift/Parallel Load = L)

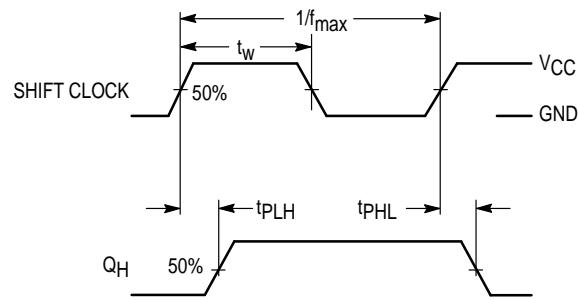


Figure 2. (Serial Shift/Parallel Load = H)

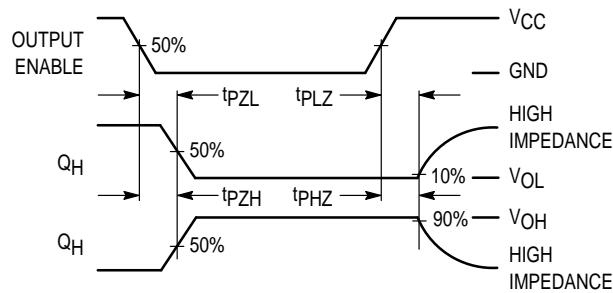


Figure 3.

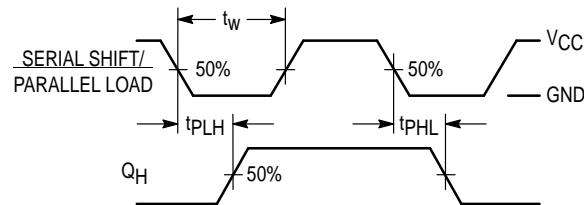


Figure 4.

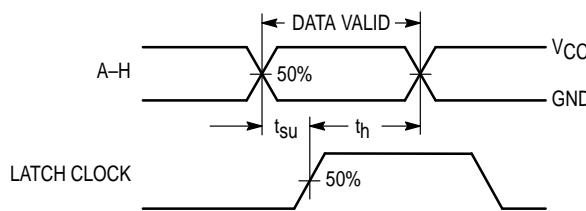


Figure 5.

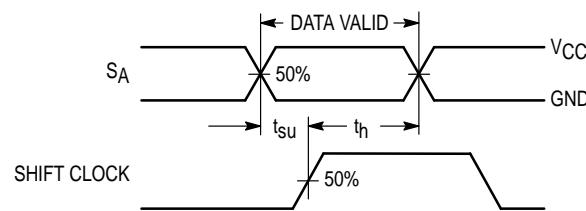


Figure 6.

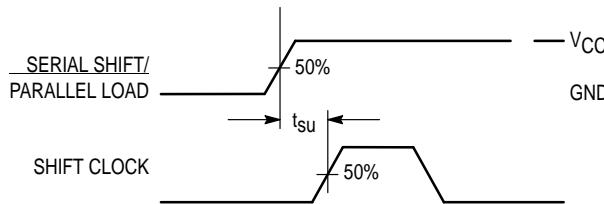
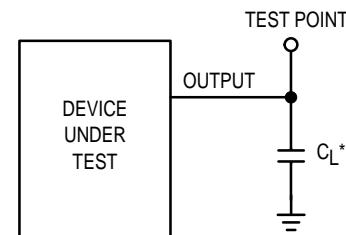
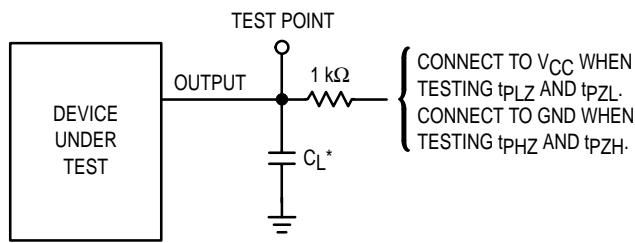


Figure 7.



\* Includes all probe and jig capacitance

Figure 8. Test Circuit

**TEST CIRCUIT**

\* Includes all probe and jig capacitance

**Figure 9.**

**PIN DESCRIPTIONS****DATA INPUTS****A, B, C, D, E, F, G, H (Pins 15, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7)**

Parallel data inputs. Data on these inputs are stored in the data latch on the rising edge of the Latch Clock input.

**S<sub>A</sub> (Pin 14)**

Serial data input. Data on this input is shifted into the shift register on the rising edge of the Shift Clock input if Serial Shift/Parallel Load is high. Data on this input is ignored when Serial Shift/Parallel Load is low.

**CONTROL INPUTS****Serial Shift/Parallel Load (Pin 13)**

Shift register mode control. When a high level is applied to this pin, the shift register is allowed to serially shift data. When a low level is applied to this pin, the shift register accepts parallel data from the data latch.

**Shift Clock (Pin 11)**

Serial shift clock. A low-to-high transition on this input shifts data on the serial data input into the shift register and data in stage H is shifted out Q<sub>H</sub>, being replaced by the data previously stored in stage G.

**Latch Clock (Pin 12)**

Data latch clock. A low-to-high transition on this input loads the parallel data on inputs A–H into the data latch.

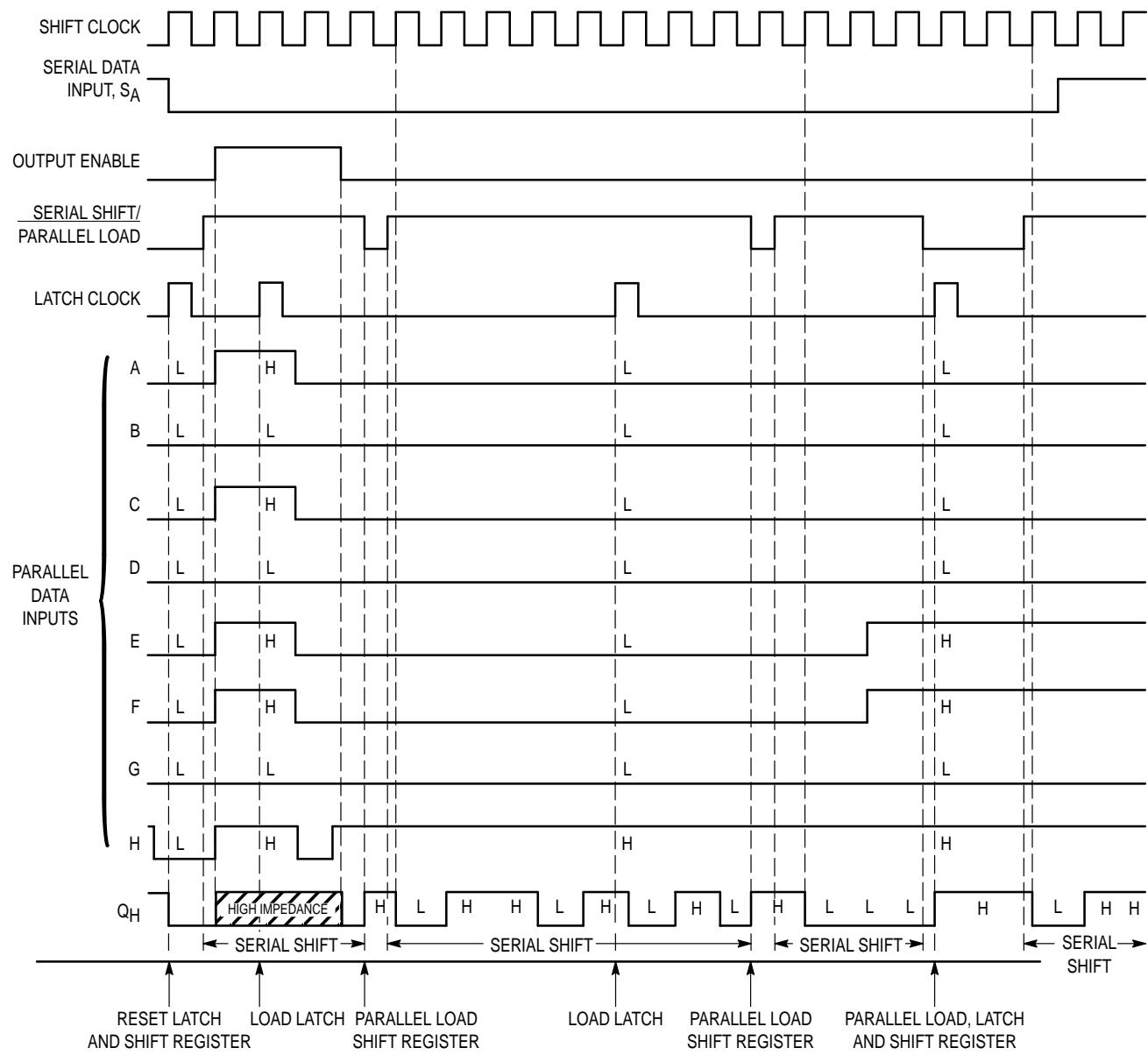
**Output Enable (Pin 10)**

Active-low output enable A high level applied to this pin forces the Q<sub>H</sub> output into the high impedance state. A low level enables the output. This control does not affect the state of the input latch or the shift register.

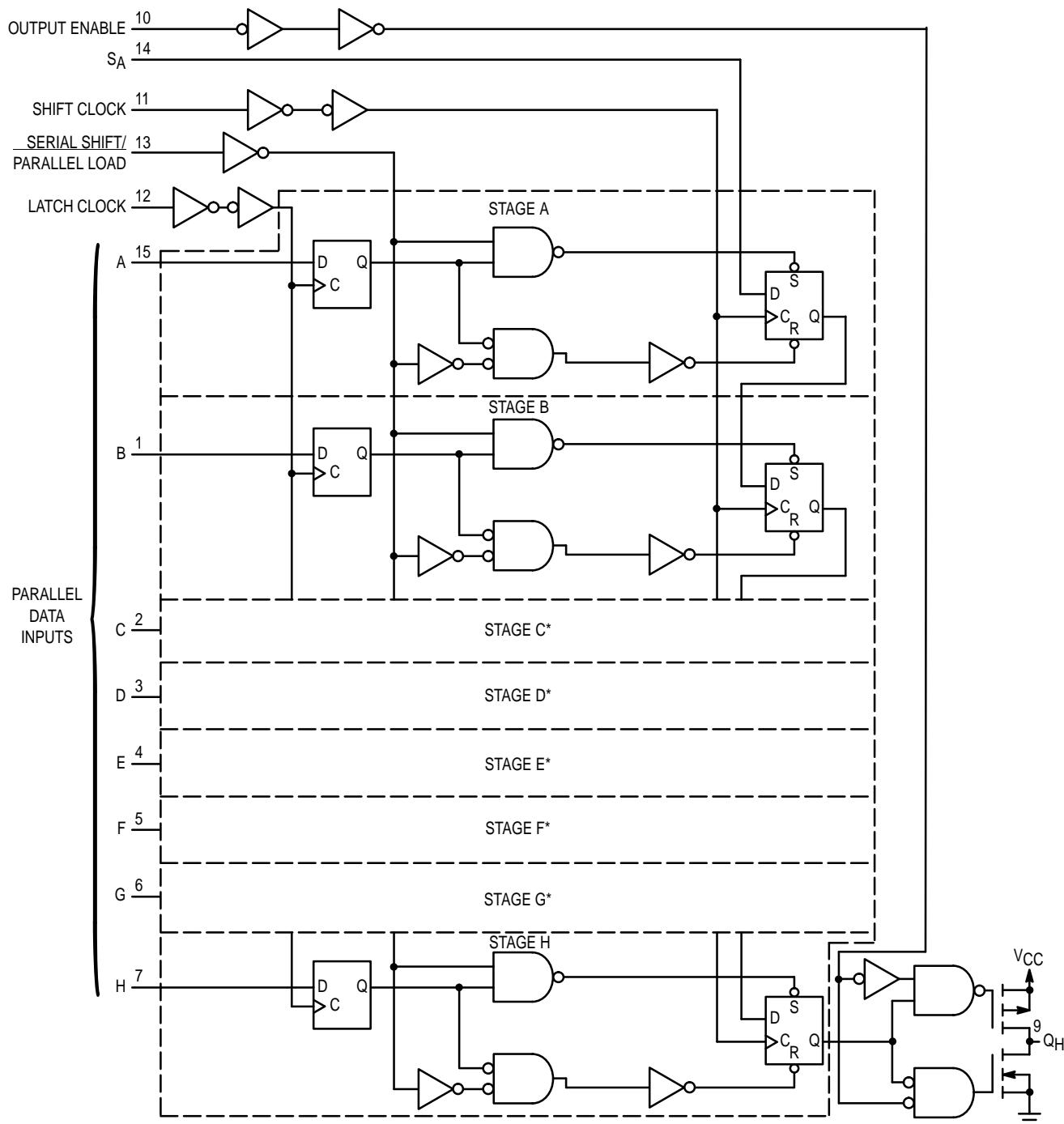
**OUTPUT****Q<sub>H</sub> (Pin 9)**

Serial data output. This pin is the output from the last stage of the shift register. This is a 3-state output.

## TIMING DIAGRAM

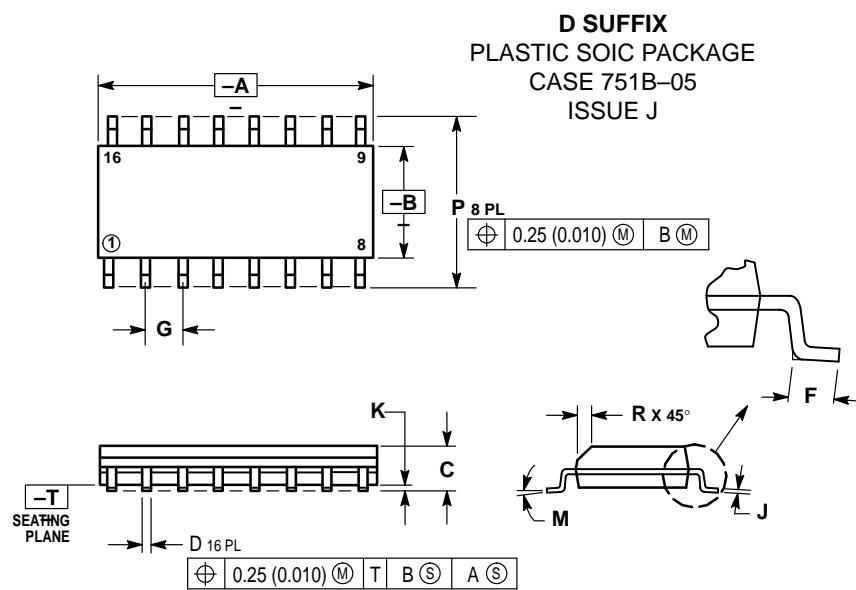
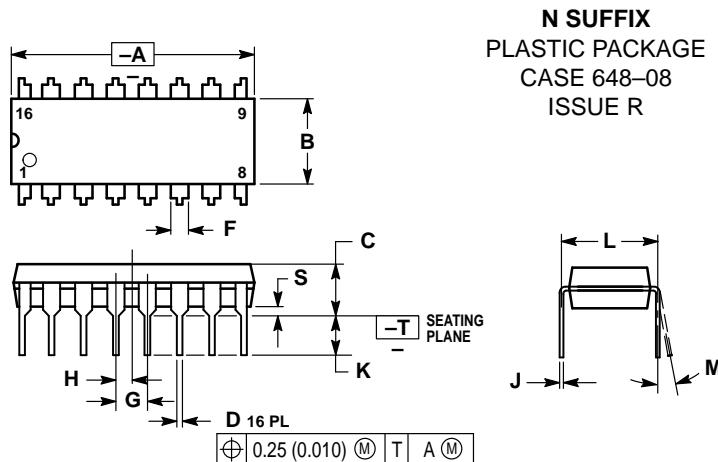
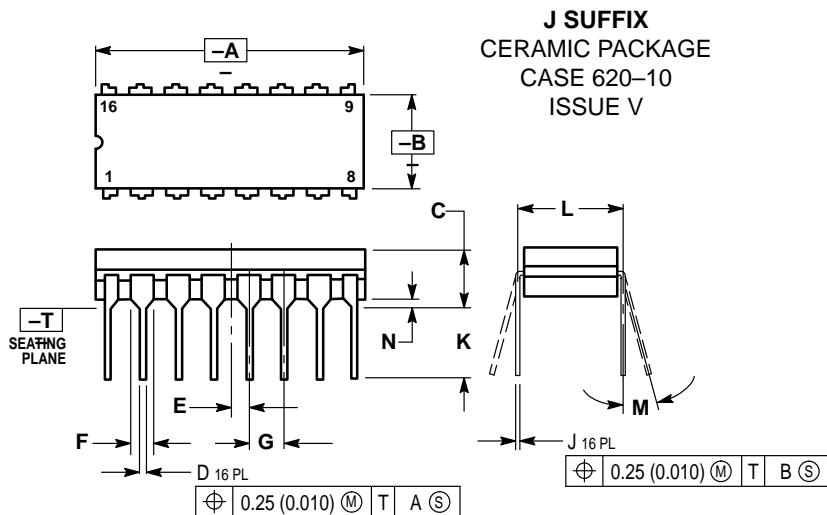


## LOGIC DETAIL



\*NOTE: Stages C thru G (not shown in detail) are identical to stages A and B above.

## OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



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CODELINE

MC54/74HC589/D

