CMOS LSI

SANYO

No. 3673

LC7232-8291

1-Chip PLL + Controller

# **Preliminary**

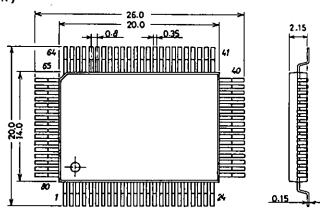
## **OVERVIEW**

The LC7232-8291 is a single-chip microcontroller that is best suited for car electronics tuning applications. It includes the internal PLL (Phase Locked Loop) circuitry that can be used all over the world, LCD driver circuitry, remote control function and anti-theft (or thief proof) function.

#### **FEATURES**

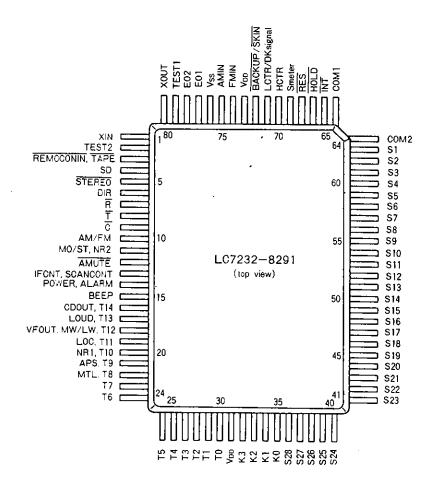
- 1) On-chipped infrared remote control receiver circuit: Transmitter IC = LC7461M (remote non-wired control and wired control)
- 2) On-chipped ANTI-THEFT function
- 3) Preset Memory function: 36 channels (Max.) = (FM1 + FM2 + FM3 + VF + MW (MW1) + LM (MW2)) x 6 (with the last channel storage)
- 4) Auto Preset Memory function: Based on the intensities of electric fields
- 5) Radio monitor function
- 6) CD function (Keys, IN and OUT)
- 7) Tape function: DIRECTION display on/off by the FF and REW input signals
- 8) Abundant tape DOUBLE FUNCTION KEY selections: Independent 2 keys added
- 9) On-chipped DKcount function
- 10) Preset Memory write modes: 2
- 11) Tape character display function
- 12) Power Key
- 13) Diode matrix selections: 30
- 14) World-wide version

# Package Dimensions 3044B (unit: mm)



SANYO: QIP80A

# **PINOUT**



#### Frequencies

Area	Band	Frequency range	Fref.	STEP	iF	IF count			Diode	matrix		
) A168	Dano	(FM:MHz AM:kHz)	(kHz)	(kHz)	FM(MHz) AM(kHz)	tolerance (kHz)	B2	B1	BO	LW2	r	SHIFT
	FM a	87.5 — 107.9	50	200	10.7	±10						
	MW a	530 -1720	10	10	450	± 3	0	0	0	0	0	0
	FM a	87.5-107.9	50	200	10.7	±10						
	MW b	530 — 1620	10	10	450	± 3	0	0	0	0	0	1
	FM a MW c	87.5 — 107.9	50	200	10.7	± 10						_
	FM a	531 1620	9	9	450	± 3	0	0	0	0	1	0
	MW d	87.5 — 107.9 531 — 1719	50	200 9	10.7 450	± 10 ± 3	0	0	0	0	1	1
U.S.A	FM b	87.5-108.0	50	100	10.7	± 10				<del>                                     </del>	<u>'</u>	<del></del>
	MW a	530 -1720	10	10	450	± 3	0	0	0	1	0	0
	FM b	87.5—108.0	50	100	10.7	± 10						
	.MW b	530 — 1620	10	10	450	± 3	0	0	0	1	0	1
	FM b	87.5 <del></del> 108.0	50	100	10.7	±10						
	MW c	531 — 1620	9	9	450	± 3	0	0	0	1	1	0
	FM b MW d	87.5 — 108.0	50	100	10.7	± 10	_ \			١.		
	FM c	531 1719 87.5 108.0	9 25	50	450 10.7	± 3	0	0	0	1	1	1
	MW e	87.5 — 108.0 522 — 1620	9	9	450 / 459	±10 ±3	0	0	1	n	n	0/1
	LW a	153 — 281	1 1	1(9)	1	±0.6	0		'	<u>0</u>	<u>0</u>	0/1
	FM c	87.5-108.0	25	50	10.7	±10		<b></b>		<del></del>	ļ <u>.</u>	
	MW c	531 —1620	9	9	450 / 459	± 3	0	1	0	0	0	0/1
	LW a	153 — 281	1	1(9)	1	±0.6				0	1	
	FM d	87.5—108.0	12.5	25	10.7	±10					_	
	MW e	522 — 1620 153 — 281	9	9 1(9)	450 / 459 1	± 3 ±0.6	0	1	1	0	0	0/1
	FM d	87.5-108.0	12.5	25	10.7	±10				-	1	
	MW c	531 -1620	9	9	450 / 459	± 3	1	0	0	0	0	0/1
EUROPE	LW a	153 — 281	1	1(9)	1	±0.6	, i			0	1	
LUNOFE	FM c	87.5-108.0	25	50	10.7	±10						····-
	MW e	522 — 1620	9	9	450 / 459	± 3	0	0	1	0	0	0/1
	LW b	146 - 290	1 1	1(9)	†	±0.6		ļ <u>.</u>		1	0	
	FM c MW c	87.5—108.0	25	50 9	10.7	± 10 ± 3	٨	١.		_	_	0/1
	LW b	531 —1620 146 —290	9	1(9)	450 / 459 †	±0.6	0	1	0	<u>0</u>	0	0/1
	FM d	87.5108.0	12.5	25	10.7	±10				<u>'</u>	-	
	MW e	522 —1620	9	9	450 / 459	± 3	0	1	1	0	0	0/1
	LW b	146 — 290	1	1(9)	1	±0.6				1	0	
	FM d	87.5 — 108.0	12.5	25	10.7	± 10						
	MW c	531 —1620	9	9	450 / 459	± 3	1	0	0	0	<u>0</u>	0/1
<del></del>	FM e	146 — 290 76.0 — 90.0	50	1(9)	<u>†</u> —10.7	±0.6				1	0	
JAPAN	MW f	76.0 — 90.0 522 — 1629	9	100	450	± 10 ± 3	1	0	1	0	0	0
SAUDI-	FM b	87.5108.0	50	100	-10.7	± 10	<u> </u>	<del></del>	<u>'</u>			<del></del>
ALABIA	MW g	531 —1602	9	9	450	± 3	1	0	1	0	0	1
SOUTH-	FM f	87.5108.0	50	100	-10.7	±10				i		
AFRICA	MW g	531 —1602	9	9	450	± 3	1	0	1	0	1	0
EAST-	FM g	64.0 - 108.0	25	50	10.7	±10					_	
EUROPE	MW h	522 — 1620	9	9	450	± 3	. 1	0	1	1 1	0	0

- In the Europe area, the diode matrix 'SHIFT' is used to select the desired IF frequency.
   The (9)s of the STEP are the STEP values that will be effective with the IFcount inactive in the Auto Tuning mode.

# Major Specifications

# Absolute Maximum Ratings/Ta = 25°C, Vss = 0V

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Rating	Unit
Supply Voltage	V <sub>DD</sub> max		-0.3to+6.5	V
Input Voltage	VIN(1)	HOLD, INT, RES, Smeter, BACKUP	-0.3to+13	V
	VIN(2)	Input other than VIN(1)	-0.3toVDD+0.3	V
Output Voltage	Vout(1)	Ř, Ť, Ĉ, AM/FM	-0.3to+15	V
	Vout(2)	Output other than VOUT(1)	-0.3toVDD+0.3	V
Output Current	lour(1)	R, T, C, AM/FM, T8 to T11	0 to 5	mΑ
	Iour(2)	T12to14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, MO/ST S1toS28	0 to 3	mA
	IouT(3)	TOtoT7	0 to 1	mA
Allowable Power Dissipation	Pd max	Ta=-40to+85℃	400	mW
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	Topr		—40 to+85	r
Ambient Storage temperature Range	Tstg		-40 to +125	С

# Recommended Operating Conditions/Ta =-40 $^{\circ}$ C to +85 $^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>DD</sub> = 3.5V to 5.5V

D	0	Onndiking	Sta	andard valu	ies	Hoit
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	VDD(1)	CPU, PLL operation	4.5		5.5	V
	VDD (2)	CPU operation	3.5		5.5	V
	V <sub>DD</sub> (3)	Memory hold	1.3		5.5	V
High-level Input	ViH(1)	REMOCONIN, SD, STEREO, DIR	0.7Vpp		8.0	V
Voltage	ViH(2)	RES, INT, HOLD	0.8Vpp		8.0	V
	ViH(3)	BACKUP	2.5		8.0	V
	VIH(4)	K0toK3	0.6Vpp		VDD	V
	ViH(5)	T12toT14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT AMUTE, MO/ST	0.7Vod		Voo	V
	VIH(6)	LCTR	0.8Vpp		Voo	V
Low-level input	VIL(1)	REMOCONIN, SD, STEREO, DIR	0		0.3VDD	V
Voltage	VIL(2)	RES, INT	0		0.2Vpp	V
	Vı∟(3)	BACKUP	0		1.3	V
	VIL (4)	K0toK3	0		0.2Vpp	V
	Vı∟(5)	T12toT14, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT AMUTE, MO/ST	0		0.3VDD	V
	V <sub>IL</sub> (6)	LCTR	0.		0.2Vpb	V
	V <sub>I</sub> ∟(7)	HOLD	0		0.4Vpp	V
Input Frequency	fin(1)	XIN VIN(1) VDD(1)	4.0	4.5	5.0	MHz
	fin(2)	FMIN VIN(2) VDD(1)	10		130	MHz
	fin(3)	AMIN(MW, LW) VIN(3) VDD(1)	0.5		10	MHz
	f <sub>IN</sub> (4)	HCTR(FMIF, AMIF) VIN(4) VDD(1)	0.4		12.	MHz
	fin(5)	LCTR AMIF: VIN(3) VDD(1) DKsig: VIH(6) VIL(6) VDD(1)	1		500K	Hz.
Input Amplitude	VIN(1)	XIN	0.50		1.5	Vrms
	VIN(2)	FMIN	0.10		1.5	Vrms
	VIN(3) ·	AMIN	0.15		1.5	Vrms
	VIN(4)	HCTR	0.10		1.5	Vrms
Input Voltage Range	VIN(5)	Smeter	0		VDD	V

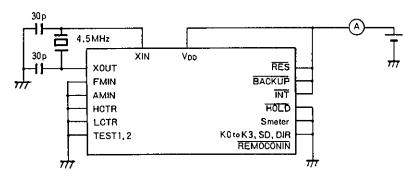
# Electrical characteristics (in line with the recommended operating conditions)

Parameter	Cumbal	0 4141		St	andard valu	Jes	
Farameter	Symbol	Conditio	ons	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
Hysteresis Voltage	Vн	RES, INT		0.1Vpb			V
Reject Pulse Width	PREJ	BACKUP				50	μsec
Power-down Detect Voltage	VDET			2.7	3.0	3.3	V
"H"-level Input Current	lıн(1)	INT, HOLD, RES, Smel SD, REMOCONIN, STI				3.0	μΑ
	tı∺(2)	T12 to T14, BEEP, POW MO/ST, AMUTE Outs				3.0	μΑ
	lı∺(3)	XIN	VI=V00=5.0V	2.0	5.0	15	μA
	1⊬(4)	FMIN, AMIN, HCTR, L	.CTR V1=VDD=5.0V	4.0	10	30	μΑ
•	1 <sub>IH</sub> (4)	K0toK3	V1=VDD=5.0V		50		μΑ
"L"-level input	I <sub>IL</sub> (1)	V <sub>I</sub> =V <sub>SS</sub>				3.0	μA
Current	I <sub>IL</sub> (2)	Vı=Vss				3.0	μА
	Iı∟(3)	V1=VSS		2.0	5.0	15	μA
	111_(4)	Vi=Vss		4.0	10	30	μΑ
Input Floating Voltage	ViF	K0toK3		İ		0.05Vpp	V
Pull-down Resistor	RPD	K0toK3		75	100	200	kΩ
"H"-level Output-off	IOFFH(1)	EO1, EO2	Vo=VDD		0.01	10	nΑ
Leakage Current	IOFFH(2)	T0 to T14, BEEP, POW MO/ST, AMUTE, S25				3.0	μΑ
	IOFFH(3)	R, T, C, AM/FM	Vo=13V			5.0	μΑ
"L"-level Output-off	IOFFL(1)	EO1, EO2	Vo=Vss		0.01	10	nA
Leakage Current	IOFFL(2)	T0toT14, BEEP, POW MO/ST, AMUTE.	ER, IFCNT, Vo=Vss			3.0	μΑ
"H"-Level Output	Vон(1)	T0toT7	Io= 1 mA	VDD-2.0	Vpp-1.0	VDD-0.5	٧
Voltage	Von(2)	T12toT14, BEEP, POW MO/ST, AMUTTE, S2	25 to \$28	VDD-1.0			٧
			10=1 mA				
	Vон(3)	EO1, EO2	I <sub>O</sub> =500μA	VDD-1.0			V
	Von(4)	XOUT	Io=200μA	Vpp-1.0			٧
	Vон(5)	S1 to S28	I <sub>O</sub> =-0.1mA	VDD-1.0			V
	Vон(6)	T8 to T11	lo≕5mA	VDD-1.0		1	V
	Von(7)	COM1, COM2	Io=20µA	VDD-0.7	Vop-0.5	V <sub>DD</sub> -0.35	V
"L"-level Output Voltage	Vol.(1)	T0toT7	lo=1 mA	0.5	1.0	2.0	V
10,1290	Vol(2)	T12toT14, BEEP, POW MO/ST, AMUTE, S25				1.0	V
	Vol (3)	EO1, EO2	Io=500#A			1.0	V
,	VOL(4)	XOUT	10=200µA		<del></del>	1.0	V
	Vol(5)	S1to S28	10=0.1mA		· · ·	1.0	V
	VOL(6)	T8toT11	Io= 5 mA			1.0	V
	VOL(7)	COM1, COM2	Io=20μ A			1.0	V
	Vol. (8)	R, T, C, AM/FM	10= 5 mA	0.75 (150Ω)		2.0 (400Ω)	V

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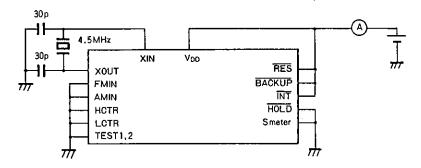
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Sta	Standard values				
rarameter	Зушоот	Conditions	Min	Тур	Max	Unit		
Output Intermediate- level Voltage	VM	COM1, COM2 VDD = 5 V, 10=20 µA	2.0	2.5	3.0	V		
AD Conversion Error	E <sub>VV</sub>	Smeter V <sub>DD</sub> (1)	-1/2		+1/2	LSB		
Supply Current	1 <sub>DD</sub> (1)	Voo(1), fin=130 MHz		15	20	mΑ		
	100(2)	VDD(2) PLL stop (in the HOLD mode. See Fig. 1.)		0.7		mΑ		
	IDD(3)	V <sub>DD</sub> = 5.5V. OSC stop. Ta = 25 °C. (in the BACK UP mode. See Fig. 2.)			5	μΑ		
		VDD = 2.5V. OSC stop. Ta = 25 °C. (in the BACK UP mode. See Fig. 2.)			1	μΑ		



Note: TO to T4, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT,  $\overline{AMUTE}$ , MO/ST, AM/FM,  $\overline{R}$ ,  $\overline{T}$ ,  $\overline{C}$ , S1 to S28, COM1 and COM2 = 'Open'

Fig. 1  $I_{\mbox{\scriptsize DD}}$  (2) measurement circuit in the HOLD mode



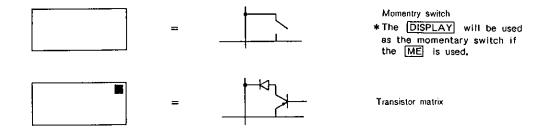
Note: T0 to T4, BEEP, POWER, IFCNT, AMUTE, MO/ST, AM/FM, R, T, C, S1 to S28, COM1 and COM2 = 'Open'

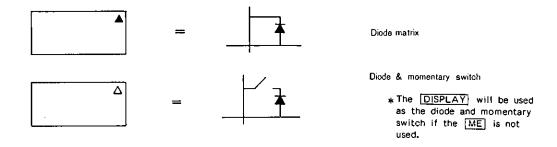
Fig. 2 IDD (3) measurement circuit in the BACK UP mode

Unit (capacitance: F)

# Key and Diode Matrix

IN		K 1	V 0	K 2
OUT	K0	K1	K2	K3
Т0	LOUD	M1 .	M2	M3
T1	MO/ST -	M 4	M5	M6
	1010731	APS	NR	MTL
Т2	VF	DOWN	UP	SCAN UP
Т3	BAND	SEEK DOWN	SEEK UP	CD
	.00	НА	MA	PS
T 4	LOC -	APS	NR	AMEM
Т5	*△ DISPLAY	RMON	POWER	· ME
Т6	TAPE	CDIN	FF	REW
Т7	CLOCK	CD SELECT	SKIN	DKIN
T8 (MTL)	80	B1	B2	IFSHIFT A
T3 (APS)	FMB0	FMB1	LW1	LW2
T10 (NR1)	NR C	MEMORY TYPE	POWER SW	PRIORITY
T11 (LOC/NR2)	IF COUNT()	IF COUNT1	COLON	VF AUTORETUNE
T12 (VFOUT)	DOUBLE FUNCTION ()	DOUBLE FUNCTION 1	DOUBLE FUNCTION 2	VF SELECT
T13 (LOUD)	REMOCON	DK COUNT	ANTI THEFT	POWER OFF CLOCK ON
T14 (CDOUT)	TAPE IND	FKEY0	FKEY1	DIR DISPLAY





# Pin Description

Pin No.	Name	1/0	Assignment	Active logic	Functional description	Unused pin handling
1	XIN	1	_	-	Connected with 4.5kHz X'tal(Crystal) oscillator	
2	TEST2	T	_	_	Grounded to the common ground.	
3	PG3	1	REMOCONIN TAPE	L	Connected to the INT pin (active low) and used for the LC7461M signal input. If the REMOCON is not used, this pin can be used for Tape input. The TRMRX TAPE transistor is not required.	Direct con- nection with the VDD
4	PG2	Ī	SD	Η	This signal is an input signal used in the auto tuning mode to indicate that the desired channel frequency has been received.	
5	PG1	l	STEREO	L	The RADIO mode will be activated 500ms later after the HOLD pin becomes inactive ('H'). The 'ST' will be turned on if the HOLD pin (active L) becomes active only in the FM and VF modes. The display will be activated 500ms later after the HOLD pin changes to 'H' from 'L'.	Direct con- nection with the VDD
6	PG0	1	DIR	H/L	This is used to indicate the 'direction' during TAPE mode. If this pin level is 'H' with the DIMRX 'TAPE IND' = 0, the '>' will be turned on. If that level is 'L', the '<' will be turned on.	Direct con- nection with the VSS or the VDD
7	PH3	0	R	· L	Radio source select. This pin has the OD (Open Drain) type output circuit, which requires a pull-up resistor addition.	open
8	PH2	0	Ŧ	L	Tape source select. This pin has the OD (Open Drain) type output circuit, which requires a pull-up resistor addition.	open
9	PH1	0	C	L	CD source select. This pin has the OD (Open Drain) type output circuit, which requires a pull-up resistor addition.	open
10	PH0	0	AM/FM	H/L	Output signal used for selecting the FM or AM band; L-level output = FM. H-level output = AM,	open
11	PF3	0	MO/ST	Н	Controls the ST display in the RADIO FM mode (including the VF and RADIO monitor). If this output is 'L', the ST display circuit is activated. If it is 'H', its display will be turned off. This output level will be 'L' if the HOLD pin (active low) becomes active (clock selected), and the AM or CD mode is activated. Controls the 'DNR' display and the 'C' (preset CH digit display	open
			NR2	H	character) display with the DIMRX 'NR'= '1' (DNR-C selection) in the TAPE mode; 'H' output = display ON, 'L' output = display OFF. This output signal becomes effective with HOLD pin = 'H' and at the power on,	
12	PF2	0	AMUTE	L	Audio mute control output. This pln will be 'H' if the HOLD pin becomes active (clock selected).	open
13	PF1	0	IFCNT SCANCONT	H	ON-OFF control signal for IFcount buffer. This signal will be 'H' only when the SD signal becomes active in the Auto Search mode. In other cases, the pin level will remain Low.  Diode matrix scan outputs. This signal will be 'H' only when the HOLD pin becomes inactive ('H'). In other cases, the pin level will remain Low.	open
			POWER	Н	This output will be 'H' at the power on (when the POWER key is pressed with the DIMRX 'POWER SW' = 1).	open
14	PF0	0	ALARM	Н	This signal will become effective when the SKIN signal remains inactive ('H' level) for about 30 seconds in the VF mode. The SKIN signal level is checked every about 25ms. If this output signal becomes active, the 'auto up search' operation will be started and at the same time the SKIN = 'L' will be repeatedly checked. For more details, refer to the timing section. This signal is effective if the DIMRX 'POWER SW' is 0,	
15	PE3	0	BEEP	Н	This signal will become active for about 50ms if the valid key is pressed.	open
16	PE2	0	CDOUT	Н	CD power source select output.	open
	_		T14	H	Diode scan out	
17	PE1	0	LOUD	H	Controls the 'LOUD' display: 'H' for the 'LOUD' display ON. 'L' for the 'LOUD' display OFF. This signal will be effective only at the power on with the HOLD pin = 'H' (inactive).	open
		<u></u>	T13	Н	Diode scan out	

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Pin No.	Name	1/0	Assignment	Active logic	Functional description	Unused pin handling
	*		VFOUT	Н	VF control output	open
18	PE0	0	MW/LW	L/H	MW or LW select control out MW:'L' LW:'H'	
			T12	Н	diode scan out	
19	PD3	0	LOC	н	This signal will be active only when the SEEK or the SCAN operation is being carried out with the 'LOC' display ON in the RADIO mode. If the 'LOC' display is inactivated, this signal will be 'L'. Note that the output signal is effective at the power on with the HOLD = 'H'.	open ·
			T11	Н	diode scan out	
20	PD2	0	NR1	Н	This signal will be active only when the 'NR' and the preset CH digit display 'B' are turned on in the TAPE mode. If they are inactivated, this signal will be 'L'. Note that the output signal is effective only at the power on with the $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$ = 'H'.	open
			T10	Н	diode scan out	
21	PD1	0	APS	Н	This signal will be active only when the 'APS' is turned on in the TAPE mode. If that display is turned off, this signal will be 'L'.	open
			Т9	H	diode scan out	
22	PD0	0	MTL	Н	This signal will be active only when the 'MTL' is turned on in the TAPE mode. If that display is turned off, this signal will be 'L'.	open
	,		Т8	Н	diode scan out	
23	PC3	0	Τ7	Н	diode scan out	open
24	PC2	0	Т6	Н	key scan out	open
25	PC1	0	Т5	Н	key scan out	open
26	PC0	0	T 4	Н	key scan out	open
27	PB3	0	Т3	Н	key scan out	open
28	РВ2	0	Т2	н	key scan out	open
29	PB1	0	Τ1	Н	key scan out	open
30	PB0	0	Т0	Н	key scan out	open
31	VDD		_		+5V supply voltage input	open
32	PA3	1	K3	H	key, diode scan in	open
33	PA2	ı	K2	Н	key, diode scan in	open
34	PA1	1	K1	Н	key, diode scan in	open
35	PA0	1	K0	Н	key, diode scan in	open

Pin No.	Name	1/0	сомі	COM2	Unused pin handling
36	S28	0	ST	LOC	open
37	S27	0	DNR	MTL	open
38	S26	0	APS	LOUD	open
39	S25	0	AM	PM	open
40	S24	0	1 a	RMON	open
41	S23	0	<b>1</b> d	1 c	open
42	S22	0	1 e	1 g	open
43	S21	0	1 f	1 b	open
44	S20	0	2 a	5	open
45	S19	0	2 d	2 c	open
46	\$18	0	2 e	2 g	open
47	\$17	0	2 f	2 b	open
48	S16	0	3 a	dp	open
49	S15	0	3 d	3 C	open
50	S14	0	3 e	3 g ·	open
51	S13	0	3 f	3 b	open
52	S12	0	4 a	colon	open
53	S11	0	4 d	4 c	open
54	S10	0	4 e	4 g	open
55	S 9	0	4 f	4 b	open
56	S 8	0	5 a	SK	open
57	S7	0	5 d	5 c	open
58	S 6	0	5 e	5 g	open
59	S 5	0	ST	5 b	open
60	S4	0	LW(MW2)	VF	open
61	<b>S</b> 3	0	FM3	MW(MW1)	open
62	S2.	0	FM1	FM2	open
63	S1	0	V	٥	open
64	COM2	0	COMMON	driver	open
65	COM1	0	COMMON	driver	open

Pin No.	Name	1/0	Assignment	Active logic	Functional Description	Unused pin handling
66	ĪNĪ	Ι	REMOCONIN	L	REMOTE CONTROL signal input. This pin requires a pull-up resistor to be externally added.	Direct connection with the VDD pin
67	HOLÖ	_	HOLD	L	POWER ON/OFF detect input. This pin is preceded by the POWER SW in its closed circuit. If the pin changes from 'H' to 'L', the chip enters the following operational states:  - With clock: The oscillation does not stop and the clock count continues. (HOLD mode, IDD = 0.7mA (typical))  - Without clock: The oscillation stops and the power save mode will be started. (BACKUP mode, IDD = 5uA (Max.))	}
68	RES	Ī	_	L	Direct connection to the VDD	Direct connection with the VDO pin
69	ADI	l	S meter		S meter signal input: The input signal should be within the range between OV and 3.2V. If the input signal exceeds the upper limit (3.2V), it should reach the chip pin via a resistor divider. This pin should be connected to the VDD pin if the chip stores signals sequentially (SD timings) from M1.	Direct connection with the VDD pin.
70	HCTR	ı	HCTR	_	FMIF and AMIF inputs. The Input signals should reach the chip pin through the AC coupling and be greater than 100mV (rms). For more information, refer to the DIMRX 'IFCOUNTO, and 1' section. tolerance: FM $\pm 10 \text{kHz}$ MW $\pm 3 \text{ kHz}$ LW $\pm 0.6 \text{kHz}$	Direct connection with the VSS pin.
			LCTR	_	AMIF input. The input signal should reach the chip pin through the AC coupling and be greater than 100mV (rms). For more information, refer to the DIMRX 'IFCOUNTO, and 1' section. tolerance: MW $\pm$ 3 kHz LW $\pm0.6$ kHz	Direct connection with the VSS pin.
71	LCTR	ı	DKsignal	_	DK signal 125Hz COUNT input. The LCTR frequency measurement is started every second. If an input signal is measured for 384ms three times in a row and its frequency is within the range between 115Hz and 135Hz (125Hz $\pm$ 10Hz) at each time, the input signal will be handled as the DK input.	
					3 sec(last time)  1 sec(first time)  LOTR  384ms  count	
					The DK input amplitude should be within the ranges: $V_{IH}$ =0.8 $V_{DD}$ to $V_{DD}$ , $V_{IL}$ =0 to 0.2 $V_{DD}$ .	
72	SNS	1	SKIN	L	In the application without the ANTI-THEFT function, this pin is used as the SKIN (active low). If the pin level is 'L', the SK display is turned on. This input pin has the same function as the TRMRX input 'SKIN'. This pin can also be used as the BACKUP pin (active low) as discussed below.	Direct connection with the VDD pin.
16	3113	<b>'</b>	BACKUP	L	This pin is used to detect a MEMO line disconnection. The drower type and the ANTI-THEFT (or thief-proof) TYPE set products use this pin.	
73	Voo		_	-	+5 supply voltage input pin	-
74	FMIN	ı	_		FM local OSC input. The input signal should reach the chip pin through the AC coupling and be greater than 100mV (rms).	Direct connection with the Vss pin.
75	AMIN	١	_	_	AM local OSC input. The input signal should reach the chip pin through the AC coupling and be greater than 100mV (rms).	Direct connection with the VSS pin.
76	Vss		_		Grounded to the common ground.	
77	EO1	0	_	_	Phase comparator output. To be connected to the LPF (Low Pass Filter). Same as the EO2 pin.	open
78	EO2	0		_	Phase comparator output. To be connected to the LPF (Low Pass Filter). Same as the E01 pin.	open
79	TEST1	1			Connected to the common ground.	_
80	XOUT	0		-	Connected to the 4.5MHz X'tal (crystal) oscillator.	

# Diode Matrix (DIMRX) Select

0: without diode, 1: with diode

diode matrix	on	1									
name	/off						Descript				
CLOCK	0	with the	: USA, J	FF' (HOLT APAN, S	5 pin = 'L'). AUDI-ALAΒIA,				e clock operation mode		
		Does no	t select the	e clock fur	-EUROPF	nt dis	sipation (In	n) will be 5uA (	Max.) after the chip		
00 00 00	1	enters t	he BACKU	P operatio	n mode with the	AC	C = 'OFF' (	HOLD pin = 'L'	)		
CD SELECT	0				ction: CDIN inhi				If be set to 'L'.  when the CDIN changes		
	1 1	to L									
B0 B1 B2 IFSHIFT LW1 LW2	_	See the	frequency	table.							
FMB0	FMB1	FMB0	T		FM prese	t cha	nnels				
FMB1	0	0	FM1 F	M2. FM:			s)				
	0	1	FM1, F		(12 ch	annel	s)	•••••			
	1	0	FM1 (6 channels)								
	1	1	Not assi	gned		- · · · · ·	·····				
	0	Does no	t select th	e DNR C	: With the NR	ey, t	he display o	changes in the o	rder of 'off' and then		
NR C	1	1	NR B. The 'DNR' display is also turned on.  Selects the DNR C: With the NR key, the display changes in the order of 'off', NR								
		NR C.		/ on	off		NR B	NR C			
			Digit 1			_			-		
		ļ	display	data	off		"DNR"	L "DNR"	Display digit 1 indicates each		
			Pins	NR1	L		Н	L	mode.		
				NR2	L.			Н	]		
MEMORY	0	Allows n	nemory upo	late withou ME key is	ut the ME key: not used.	Any c	of IMII to IME	keys needs to b	e pressed for more than		
TYPE	1	after the	eLME/key is	pressed.					ssed within 5 seconds		
POWER SW	0								wer source connection'.		
	1	Controls connect	the power	ON/OFF	with the POWE	R ke	y: See sect	ion 11, Example	e power source		
PRIORITY	0	1	isplay is g	•							
	1	Frequen   priority			isplays are giver	1			ase where the clock (DIMRX 'CLOCK'='0').		
	IFCOU	JT1 IF	COUNT()	count mode	HCTR pin	L	CTR pin	_	note		
IFCOUNT 0	0		0	selected	FMIF	Α	MIF				
IFCOUNT 1	1		0	Not selected	grounded	(D	K signal)	LW: In the with STEP	SEEK mode * = 9kHz.		
COLON	0	Turns o	n the cold	n display	in the clock mo	de:					
	1	1			display : ON-O						
VF	0	Activat	es the aut o <u>ntinues 30</u>	o retune seconds	mode: The auto in the VF mode	retun The	e mode wil ALARM o	l be started if utput is still ef	the SKIN (active low) fective. tarted even if the SKIN		
AUTORETUNE	1	(active	t activate low) = 'H'	continues	etune mode: The 30 seconds in th	e auto ne VF	mode. The	de will not be s ALARM outpu	tarted even if the SKIN t is not effective.		
VF SELECT	0	Does no	t select t	he VF mo	de. 						
	1	Selects	the VF m	ode.							
REMOCON	0	<del> </del>			e control function	n.					
	1		the Remo			:	nd to to				
DK COUNT	0	the DIM	RX VF SE	LECT = 1					effective only with		
	1	DKIN is	used for Do	input.	ACOUNT IS CAFFIE	out	inside the U	oiscriminator	IC while the TRMRX		

 $<sup>\</sup>star$  The SEEK operation jumps to the 9-kHz step mode from the manual mode.

diode matrix name	on /off				Functiona	l Descri	ption				
ANTI	0	Selects the	ANTI-THE	EFT funct	ion.						
THEFT	1	Does not se	elect the A	ANTI-THE	FT function.						
POWER OFF	0	Inactivates	the clock	display d	uring off-power.				7.4.		
CLOCK ON	1	Activates t	he clock o	lisplay du	ring off-power.						
DIR	0	Enables the	TAPE dir	ection in	dication.						
DISPLAY	1	Disables the	e TAPE di	rection in	ndication.						
TAPE IND . This allows the indicated four	0	The four ch such as	The four characters								
characters to be displayed on the 7-segment panel, irrespective of clock mode	1	The 7-segment display is turned off in the order as shown below. The segment blanking starts from the segment marked by the upper-pointed arrow. The blanking speed from one segment to the next segment is 0.5sec. One of the 7 segments is always turned off while the operation continues in accordance with the directions indicated by the arrows.									
selection.		0.5sec, FF	Display mode selection: In the FORWARD operation mode, PLAY = 0.5sec, FF = 125ms (with the TRMRX 'FF' = 'L'). In the REVERSE operation mode, REW = 125ms (with the TRMRX 'FF' = 'L').								
		0.5sec, FF	= 125ms (w	ith the Ti	REVERSE operati RMRX 'FF' = 'L'). (with the TRMF	In the FOI	RWARD	† <b>=</b>	!	ļ	
DOUBLE FUNCTION()	The DOUBLE FUNCTION keys available in the RADIO and TAPE modes are shown in the table below, keys M4, M5 and M6 have their own purposes.  The '-' In the table indicates that no DOUBLE FUNCTION is not assigned.										
FUNCTION 1 FUNCTION 2		FUNCTION	12 FUN	CTION I	FUNCTION0	M 4	M5	M6			
10,10110112	ļ	0		0	0	APS	NR	MTL			
•		0		0	1						
		0		1	0		APS	MTL			
		0		1	1	_	_	MTL			
		1		0	0		_	APS			
		1		0	11		_	NR			
l		1		1	0		NR	MTL			
		11		1	11	_	APS	NR			
FKEY 0 FKEY 1		node.			used for APS, NF unctions are effe						
-	the RAD	node.									
-	the RAD	010 mode.	The HA	and MA f	unctions are effe						
	the RAD	FKEY1	FKEY0	and MA f	unctions are effe						
-	the RAD	FKEY1	FKEY0	HA	MA						

# Transistor Matrix (TRMRX) Input

'H' and 'L': Transistor base polarities

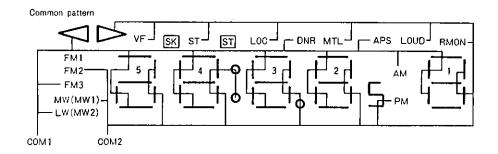
	Active logic		Functional Description	າ			
TAPE	L	Selects the TAPE mode.					
	Н	Selects any other mode than the T	APE mode.				
CDIN	L	Selects the CD mode. The CD is given the highest priority. The prioritization is: RADIO mode <tape <="" cd="" mode="" mode.<="" td=""></tape>					
	Н	Selects any other mode than the C	D mode.				
FF/REW	_	Controls the DIRECTION indication as shown below.	in the TAPE mode with t	he DMRX 'DIR DISPLAY' = 0,			
			FORWARD	REVERSE			
		PLAY (序序, REW="H")	<b>&gt;</b>	•			
	į	REW (FF="H", REW="L")	2 Hz flash	2 Hz flash			
·		FF (FF=="L", REW="H")	2 Hz flash	2 Hz flash			
SKIN	L	If this signal becomes active in the FM mode with the DIMRX 'VF SELECT' = 1, the SK display is turned on. This has nothing to do with the VF mode ON/OFF state.  When the VF key is pressed, the SKIN = 'L' is searched immediately. If the SKIN signal is active about 250ms later after the SD signal is detected, that channel will be selected. The auto retune operation will be started if the SKIN remains 'H' 30 seconcs (this signal is checked every 25ms). In this mode, the SKIN signal (active low) of M1-M6 is checked. If no SKIN signal is found, the next SKIN = 'L' will be searched for.					
DKIN	L	If this signal becomes active three to DIMRX 'DK COUNT' =1, the RADIO This applies to the Europe specific The DK check will start in 3 section.	mode will be selected allowing the control only.	ng the ARI broaccast to be received.			

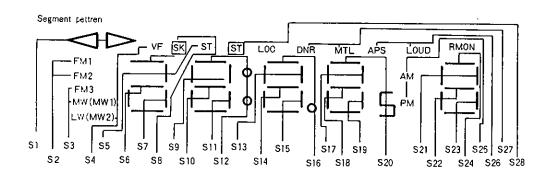
# Source Select Port

0 = "L" 1 = "H"

\ (F		Mode	out pin	Ř	Ť	<u>C</u>	AM FM	VF/ML	CDOUT
VF									
off	Normal		RADIO	0	1	1	1/0	0	0
	-		TAPE	1	0	1	1/0	0	0
			CD	1	1	0	1/0	0	1
•	DIA	SK mode	RADIO	0	1	1	j	1	0
on	DK		TAPE	1	0	1	3	1	0
	standby		CD	1	1	0	ן ז	1	1
		PS	RADIO	0	1	1	ĵ	1	0
		SCAN	TAPE	0	1	1	) j	1	0
			CD	0	1 .	1	)	1	1
		SK mode	RADIO	0	1	1	)	1	0
		Radio	TAPE	0	1 1	1	9	1	0
		monitor	CD	0	1	1	0	1	1
	DK mode		RADIO	0	1	1	9	1	0
			TAPE	0	1	1	0	1 ;	0
			CD	0	1 1	1	o i	1	1

# LCD Display Pattern





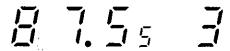
	COM1	COM2		COM1	COM2
S1	⊲	⊳	S15	3 d	3 c
S2	FM1	FM2	S16	3 a	dp
S3	FM3	MW(MW1)	S17	2 f	2 b
S4	LW(MW2)	VF	S18	2 e	2 g
S <sub>5</sub>	ST	5 b	S19	2 d	2 c
S 6	5 e	5 g	S20	2 a	5
S7	5 d	5 c	S21	1 f	1 b
S8	5 a	SK	S22	1 e	1 g
S 9	4 f	4 b	S23	1 d	1 c
S10	4 e	4 g	S24	1 a	RMON
S11	4 d	4 c	S25	AM	PM
S12	4 a	colon	S26	APS	LOUD
S13	3 f	3 b	S27	DNR	MTL
S14	3 e	3 g	S28	ST	LOC

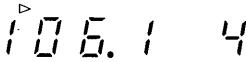
Sanyo standard panel LCD-8162JP

Display	Examples
Display	LAdillDICS

RADIO mode: FM frequency display

VF mode: DK on FM frequency display





RADIO mode: AM frequency display





TAPE mode: 12-hour clock display

TAPE mode: TAPE display and NR B

TAPE mode: 24-hour clock display and NR B







TAPE mode: TAPE run display and NR C

CD mode: CD display; DIMRX 'CLOCK' = 1





ANTI THEFT mode: factory mode entry indication and blinking

ANTI THEFT mode: P.C. code registration and





ANTITHEFT mode: personal code entry indication and blinking

RADIO mode: 'P' blinks when the ME key is pressed.







#### Key Description

- (1) M1 to M6 and ME
- (a) RADIO mode

These keys are used to carry out 'preset memory' write and read operations.

- Slow type (DIMRX 'MEMORY TYPE' = 0)
- If any of M1 to M6 keys is turned off within a 1.5 seconds, the memory data that corresponds to that key will be read. If it is pressed continuously for more than 1.5 seconds, the frequency currently displayed will be written to the memory.
- ME key type (DIMRX 'MEMORY TYPE' = 1)

If the  $\overline{\text{ME}}$  key is pressed, the P character (indicating the preset channel) will be flashing at a cycle of 2Hz. This means that data can be written to the preset memory. If any key of  $\overline{\text{M1}}$  to  $\overline{\text{M6}}$  is pressed in this situation within 5 seconds, the frequency currently displayed will be written.

If any other key is pressed or the HOLD (active low) signal becomes active within the 5 seconds, the write status will be released.

#### (b) TAPE mode

In the TAPE mode, keys M4 to M6 can be used as the TAPE keys.

Through the DIMRX selection, the following DOUBLE FUNCTION keys becomes available. Each key (M4 through M6) has their own function. The DOUBLE FUNCTIONs marked by the '-' are not supported.

FUNCTION2	FUNCTION1	FUNCTION()	M 4	M 5	M 6
0	0	0	APS	NR	MTL
0	0	1	_	_	-
0	1	0	_	APS	MTL
0	1	1	_	_	MTL
1	0	0	_		APS
1	0	1	_		NR
1	1	0	_	NR	MTL
1	1	1		APS	NR

- (c) VF mode
  - During the TAPE and RADIO operation under the VF mode, keys  $\boxed{\text{M1}}$  through  $\boxed{\text{M6}}$  can be used for tuning.
- (d) Clock update with the ME key (DIMRX 'MEMORY TYPE' =1)

The clock update can be performed by pressing the HA and MA (or the M1 and M2) while holding down the ME kev.

This function is effective only when the HOLD (active low) becomes inactive (or at the POWER on).

(2) <u>HA</u> and <u>M1</u>

These keys are used to update the 'HOUR' value. However, note that they only allow the value to increase. If they are pressed once, the value will be incremented by 1 (one hour). If they are pressed continuously for more than 500ms, the value will increase at a speed of 4 (hours) per second. These keys do not affect the minute and second data display. If the ME key is used, these keys should be pressed synchronously with it. If it is not used, they should be pressed synchronously with the DISPLAY key. This function is effective only when the clock display is active.

In the TAPE mode, the [HA] key can be assigned to the [APS] or the [MTL].

(3) MA and M2

These keys are used to update the 'minute' value. However, note that they only allow the value to increase. If they are pressed once, the value will be incremented by 1. If they are pressed continuously for more than 500ms, the value can be increased at a speed of 8 (minutes) per second. In this case, the 'second' value is reset to 0. There will be no carry from the minute data. If the ME key is used, they should be pressed synchronously with it. If the ME key is not used, they should be used together with the DISPLAY key. This function is effective only when the clock display is active.

In the TAPE mode, the MA key can be assigned to the NR.

Keys HA and MA can have the following functions through the DIMRX 'FKEY0,1' manipulation.

FKEY1	FKEY0	НА	MA
0	Ô		_
0	1	APS	NR
1	0	MTL	NR
1	1	APS	

#### (4) UP and DOWN

These keys are used for manual tuning. If they are pressed once, the current frequency value can be decreased (DOWN) or increased (UP) one step. If they are pressed continuously for more than 500ms, the value will change at a step of about 70ms. The system will enter a wait state of about 500ms when the frequency value has reached a band edge.

In the VF mode, they can be used as the SEEK UP, DOWN keys.

These functions are effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER on.

## (5) SEEK UP and SEEK DOWN

These keys are used for automatic station searching. If the desired station is searched, its frequency is held. If the <u>SCAN</u> key is pressed during the seek operation, the SCAN mode will be activated. This means that if the <u>SEEK UP</u> key is pressed during the SEEK DOWN operation, the scan operation in the UPward direction is started. If the SEEK DOWN key is pressed during the SEEK UP operation, the scan operation in the DOWNward direction will started as well.

If these keys are pressed twice in a row, the SEARCH mode will be released. The system will enter a wait state of about 500ms when the search operation has reached a band edge. The search speed is 50ms/step for FM, or 70ms/step for AM.

These functions are effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER on.

#### (6) SCAN

This key is used for automatic station searching. If the desired station is searched, its frequency is held for 5 seconds (AMUTE (active low) = 'H'). If the key is pressed again during this 5-second period, the frequency is officially held. If no action is taken during that 5-second period, the system will continue the search operation. If the SEEK DOWN key is pressed during the scan operation, the seek operation in the DOWNward direction will be started. If this key is pressed twice in a row, the SCAN mode will be released. The system will enter a wait state of about 500ms if the search operation has reached a band edge. The search speed is 50ms/step for FM, or 70ms/step for AM.

This key is effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER on.

#### (7) BAND

This key is used to select the desired frequency band. The current band value will be changed every time when this key is pressed.

This key is effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER on.

# (8) VF

This key is used to activate the VF mode for FM band. It can be used in any band under the RADiO mode. When this key is pressed, the 'VF' display will be turned on and the VFOUT output will change to 'H'. In this situation, the SD signal will be checked 300ms later. In addition, the  $\overline{SKIN}$  signal (active low) will be checked 250ms (750ms if bands are changed) later. If the SKIN signal is active, the frequency is held. If it is inactive ('H'), the system will start auto search operation for the SK station, and then keep a frequency at the moment when the  $\overline{SKIN}$  signal (active low) becomes active.

The SK display in the Europe and FM modes is turned on when the  $\overline{\text{SKIN}}$  signal (active low) becomes active. It has nothing to do with the VF function.

key	Display	Output status	
VF	VE	ON	Н
	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	OFF	L

The VF and SEEK keys perform the following functions according to the VF modes and SKIN signal (active low) levels:

(VF mode)	SKIN	If VF is pressed.	If SEEK is pressed.	If the same SEEK key is pressed during a seek operation.	If the VF key is pressed during a seek operation.
off	Н	The VF mode is activated and the SK station search is then started.	The normal station search is started.	The current search operation stops immediately.	The VF mode is activated and the SK station search is then started.
off	L	The VF mode is activated.	Same as above	Same as above	Same as above
on	H/L	The VF mode is inactivated.	The SK station search is started.	The SEEK operation continues.	The VF mode is Inactivated and the previous state is restored.

• If the VF key is pressed in the TAPE or CD mode (with the VF mode not activated), the following operations can be performed according to the SKIN and DKIN (active low each) signal levels:

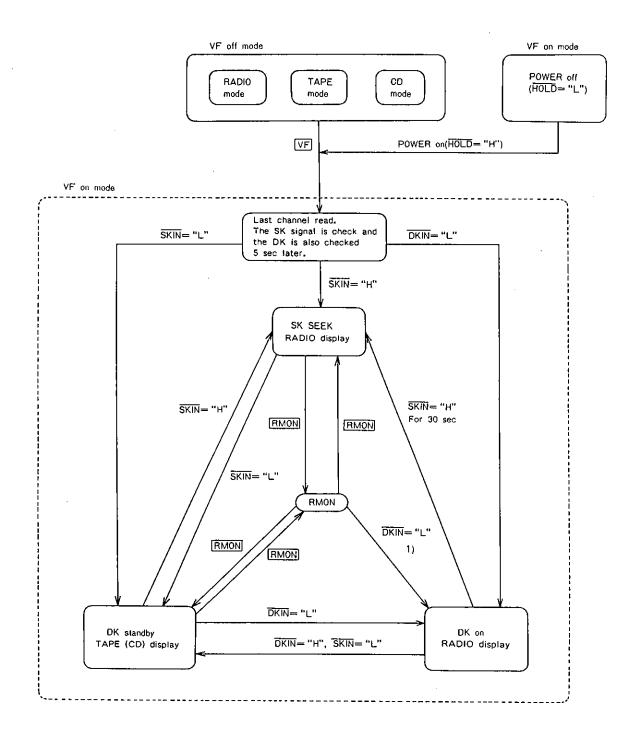
	टाराज	DISIAL	If the VF key is pressed in the TAPE or the CD					
	SKIN	DKIN	mode (VF mode OFF to ON)	mode	R	Ŧ	C	AM/FM
	Н	H	The frequency is displayed and the SKIN signal SEEK UP operation is started. If the SKIN = 'L' is detected, the display mode is changed to the TAPE	TAPE mode	Н	L	Н	L
	or the	or the CD mode display. The system goes to (3) if it detects the DKIN = 'L'.	CD mode	Н	H	L	L	
(2)		Н	The system continues the TAPE or the CD mode display. It goes to (3) if it detects the DKIN = 'L'. The system starts the retuning operation and then checks the SKIN signal (active low) of M1-M6	TAPE mode	Н	L	H	Ļ
	<u>.</u>	П	if the SKIN signal becomes inactive 30 seconds (checked every 25 seconds) with the DIMRX 'VF AUTORETUNE' = 0. If no SKIN signal is detected, the system starts the SEEK UP operation.	CD mode	Н	Н	Ĺ	L

	SKIN	DKIN	Operations		Ŧ	C	AM/FM
(3)	L	L	The system enters the frequency display mode and then starts the ARI broadcast.	L	H	Н	L

If the VF key is pressed (VF mode OFF to VF mode ON) in the RADIO MONITOR mode, the RADIO MONITOR mode is released and operation (1) or (2) will be then started.

- The SKIN signal (active low) is checked for 3 seconds at the POWER on (or when the HOLD signal (active low) changes to 'H' from 'L'). If it remains 'H' during the 3-second period, the retuning operation is started. In this case, the SKIN signal (active low) of M1-M6 will be checked. If it is not detected, the SEEK UP operation will be started.
- The above operations can be performed only if the HOLD signal (active low) is active or at the POWER on.
- The VF mode can be released by pressing the VF or the BAND key. However, the BAND key is not effective in the TAPE mode (TAPE signal (active low) = 'L'), CD mode and RADIO MONITOR mode.

The state diagram for the VF mode is shown below.



Notes: 1) The RADIO MONITOR is released.

2) indicates a key.

If the VF mode is changed to ON from OFF during the RADIO MONITOR mode, the monitor mode will be released.

#### (9) PS/AMEM

This key is used to perform two different functions. If it is pressed for less than 2 seconds, the PS (Preset Scan) mode will be started. If it is pressed for more than 2 seconds, the AMEM (Auto store MEMory) mode will be started.

This key is effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes active or at the POWER on.

#### (a) PS (Preset Scan) operation

If this key is pressed, the channel number currently display will be incremented sequentially. If no channel number is displayed currently, the increment will start from channel number 1. If the desired station is encountered, the AMUTE (active low) becomes inactive for five seconds. The LOC/DX is set to the DX unconditionally. The channel number display blinks at a cycle of 1Hz during the PS operation. If this key is pressed twice in a row, the PS mode will be released.

The PS mode can be released by pressing any one of the following keys:

PS/AMEM, SEEK UP, SEEK DOWN, SCAN, UP, DOWN, M1 to M6, POWER, BAND and VF.

In addition, the PS mode can be released when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes active, and TAPE or CD mode is started.

The Preset Scan direction is determined by the DIMRX 'FMB0, FMB1, B0- B2', as shown below:



#### (b) AMEM operation

#### FM mode

Channels are stored to M1 to M6 in this order according to the intensities of electric field (ADI pin input).

[FM1, FM2 and FM3 selection mode] (DIMRX 'FMB0, 1' = 0,0)

- : If the FM1 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM1 to the M6 of the FM3. → 18 channels
- : If the FM2 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM2 to the M6 of the FM3. → 12 channels
- : If the FM3 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the m1 of the FM3 to the M6 of the FM3. -> 6 channels

[FM1 and FM2 selection mode] (DIMRX 'FMB0,1 = 1,0)

- : If the FM1 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM1 to the M6 of the FM2. → 12 channels
- : If the FM2 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM2 to the M6 of the FM2, → 6 channels

[FM1 only selection mode] (DIMRX 'FMB0,1 = 0, 1)

: If the FM1 band is selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the FM1 to the M6 of the FM1.

→ 6 channels

[VF selection mode] (DIMRX 'VF SELECT' = 1)

- : If the VF band is selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the VF to the M6 of the VF. → 6 channels
- MW and LW modes

Place the system in the LOCAL mode by setting the LOC pin level to 'H'. Then, start the channel storage from M1. If some of the M1 to M6 are not used for channel storage, change the LOC pin level to 'L' to activate the DX mode and then store channels to the remaining memories.

None-LW mode (MW1 and MW2)

If the MW1 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the MW1 to the M6 of the MW2.  $\rightarrow$  12 channels

If the MW2 band is first selected, channel storage starts from the M1 of the MW2 to the M6 of the MW2,  $\rightarrow$  6 channels

During the auto store operation under any band mode, the '8' will be flashed at a cycle of 1Hz. If the entire channel storage area is not used up, the remaining preset channel area is left as is. In this case, channel '1' is read and then displayed.

The one of the following keys can be used to release the AMEM operation.

PS/AMEM, POWER, BAND, VF, and CD

In addition, this operation mode will be released when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes active, and TAPE or CD mode is started.

# (10) CD

This key is used to start the CD mode. In this mode, the 'CD' display is turned on and the CDOUT output goes high.

key	Display	Output status	
	ı= _ı	Display ON	Н
[60]	60	Display OFF	L

When this key is pressed with the  $\overline{HOLD}$  signal (active low) = 'H', the CD mode is activated immediately. The CD mode will be released when the  $\overline{HOLD}$  signal changes from 'H', to 'L' and then to 'H' again, or when the POWER is turned on, turned off and then turned on again.

This key function is effective when the  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON.

However, this function is not effective when the CDIN signal (active low) becomes active.

#### (11) LOC

This key is used in the RADIO mode. If this key is pressed, the 'LOC' display is turned on. In this situation, if the SEEK or the SCAN key is pressed, the LOC output goes high and the local search operation is then started. The LOC output goes low when the seek or the scan operation is released.

key	Display	y status	'Normal' output status	'Search' output status
LOC	LOC	Display ON	Н	Н
LUCI	200	Display OFF	L	L

This key function is effective when the  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON.

#### (12) LOUD

If this key is pressed once, the 'LOUD' display is turned on and the LOUD output goes high. If it is pressed again, the 'LOUD' display is turned off and the LOUD output goes low.

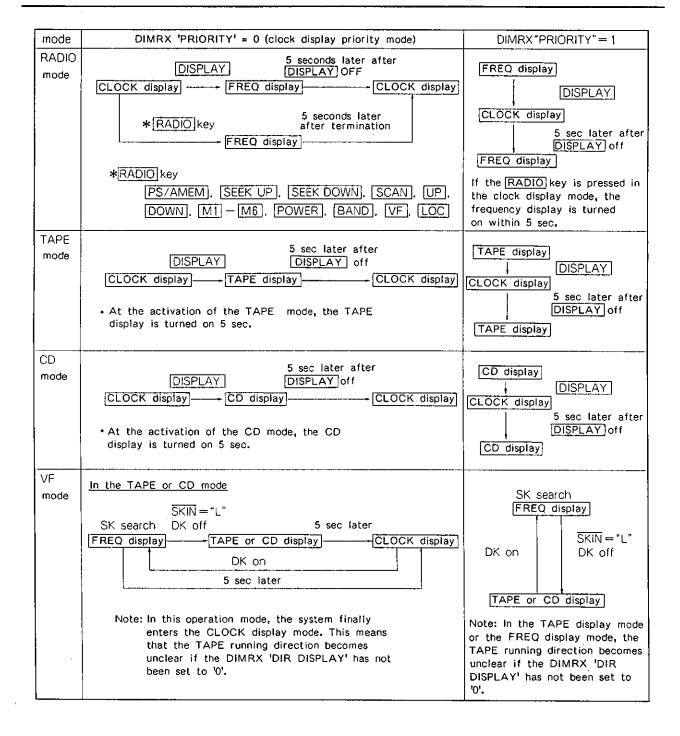
key	Displa	Output status	
LOUD	LOUD	Display ON	Н
		Display OFF	L

This key function is effective when the  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON.

# (13) DISPLAY

This key is used in the clock mode (DIMRX 'CLOCK' = 0) to change the display information (clock and frequency, clock and TAPE display, and clock and CD display). This key can be used in every operation mode when the HOLD signal (active low) or at the POWER ON.

If the  $\overline{\text{ME}}$  is not used (DIMRX 'MEMORY TYPE' = 0), this key can be used together with the  $\overline{\text{HA}}$  or the  $\overline{\text{MA}}$  key to change the clock data. This function is effective when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON/OFF.



#### (14) RMON

This key is used to activate the RADIO MONITOR mode temporarily. If the key is pressed in the TAPE or the CD operational mode, the 'RMON' display blinks at a cycle of 1Hz. During this blink mode, RADIO frequencies can be received. If this key is pressed again, the RADIO MONITOR mode will be released and the previous operational mode is restored.

kev	Disolo	Display status		Output status			
Ney	Display status		R	T	C		
RMON	BMON	Display ON	L	Н	Н		
	RMON	Display OFF	**	**	**		

\*\*: Indicate the statuses that are prior to the activation of the RADIO MONITOR mode.

This key is effective in the DK wait (standby) state under the VF operational mode. If the VF key is pressed (VF mode OFF to VF mode ON) in the RADIO MONITOR mode, the RADIO MONITOR mode is released and operation (1) or (2) will be then started.

	SKIN	DKIN	If the VF key is pressed in the TAPE or the CD mode (VF mode OFF to ON)	mode	R	Ŧ	C	AM/FM
Ф Н	Ш	Н	The frequency is displayed and the SKIN signal SEEK UP operation is started. If the SKIN = 'L' is detected, the display	TAPE mode	Н	L	Н	L
	П		D mode	H	I	L	L	
<b>(</b>	② L	н	The system continues the TAPE or the CD mode display. It goes to (3) if it detects the DKIN = 'L'. The system starts the retuning operation and then checks the SKIN signal (active low) of M1-M6 if the	APE mode	н	L	Н	L
				CD mode	Н	Н	L	L
	SKIN	DKIN	Operations	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Ŕ	Ŧ	Ĉ	AM/FM
(ĝ)	L	L	The system enters the frequency display and then starts the	ARI broadcast.	L	Н	Н	L

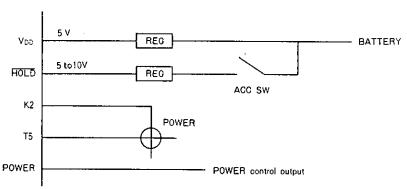
This function is effective only when the HOLD signal (active low) becomes inactive or at the POWER ON.

#### (15) POWER (DIMRX 'POWER SW' = 1)

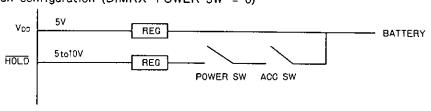
This key is used control the power supply with a key of the key matrix. If this key is pressed, the POWER pin level goes high. In this situation, if the TAPE in is pressed, the TAPE mode will be activated while the CD mode will be active if the CD on (CDIN signal (active low) = 'L') is pressed.

#### Power Supply Connection Examples

POWER key configuration (DIMRX 'POWER SW' = 1)



External POWER switch configuration (DIMRX 'POWER SW' = 0)



#### Remote Control Function (by the LC7461M-8103 application)

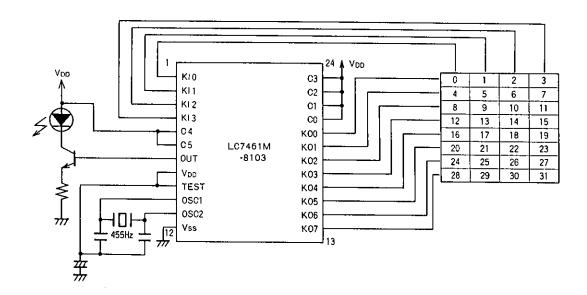
The remote control keys can be used to perform all the functions of the main unit keys.

	KO 0	KO 1	KO 2	KO 3	KO 4	KO 5	KO 6	KO 7
K1 ()	0 LOUD	4 MO/ST	8 VF	12 BAND	16 LOC	20 DISPLAY	24! —	28: —
KI 1	1 M1	5 M4/MTL	9 DOWN	13 SEEK DN	17 APS	21 RMON	25 ADJ *	29 —
KI 2	2 M2	6 4	10 UP	14 SEEK UP	18 NR	22 POWER	26 HA *	30 -
KI 3	3 M3	7 M6/APS	11 SCAN UP	15 CD	19 PS/AMEM	23 ME	27 MA *	31 –

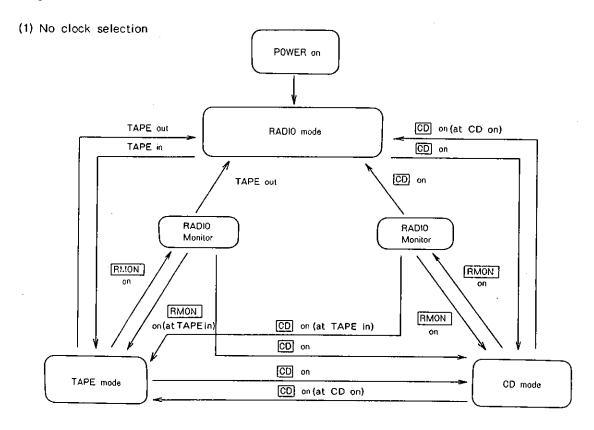
'-': not assigned.

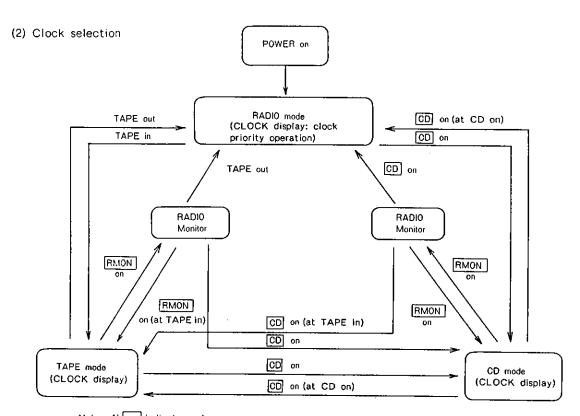
In the remote control mode, the ME key cannot be used with the M1-M6 keys at the same time. To write data to the system storage, press the ME key first and then press any of M1 through M6 keys.

\* Keys ADJ, HA and MA are provided for exclusive use under the remote control mode. Keys APS and NR (17 and 18) perform only the APS and NR functions of the main unit keys HA/APS and MA/NR, respectively. If the ADJ key is pressed, the clock update mode will be activated and the display data will be flashing. If the key is pressed again, the clock update mode will be released. These remote control keys are not effective under the ANTI THEFT operation mode.



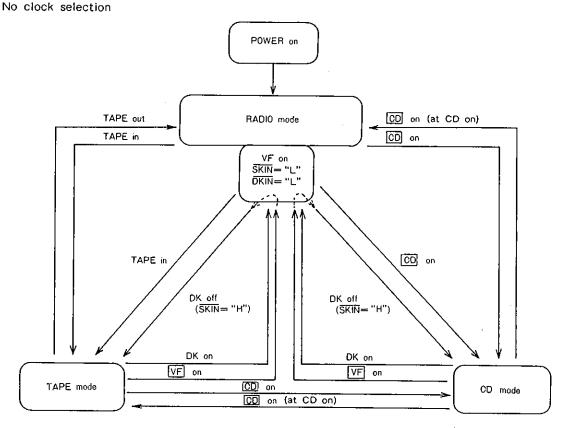
# State Diagram



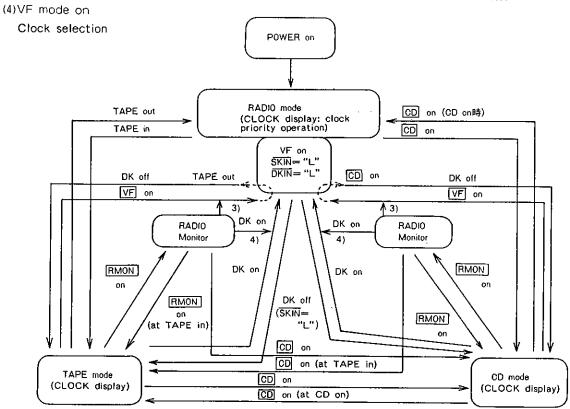


Notes: 1) indicates a key.
2) The 'CD on' is equivalent to the situation where the CDIN signal (active low) becomes active.

(3) VF mode on



Note: RADIO monitor omitted

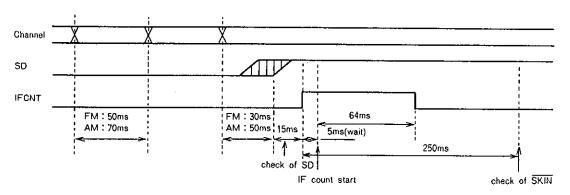


- Notes: 1) indicates a key.

  2) The 'CD on' is equivalent to the situation where the CDIN signal (active low) becomes active.
  - 3) If the VF key is turned on with VF = off during the RADIO MONITOR operation, the RADIO MONITOR mode will be released and the VF mode will be then activated.
  - 4) If the 'DK on' is detected during the RADIO MONITOR operation, the RADIO MONITOR mode will be released and the SK broadcasting will be then started.

#### Timings

# (1) SEEK, SCAN

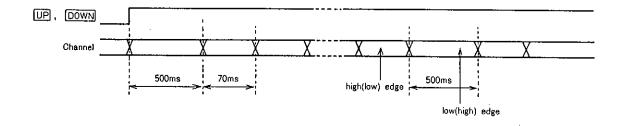


Notes: 1. IF count tolerance

FM	10.7MHz ± 10KHz
MW	450KHz ± 3K <b>H</b> z
LW	450KHz ± 0.6KHz

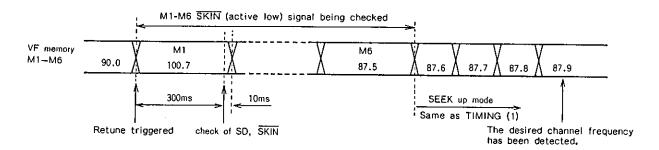
The SD is checked for 10ms in the IFcount mode. Otherwise, it is checked for 15ms.

#### (2) Manual UP and DOWN (applies to the FM and AM modes)

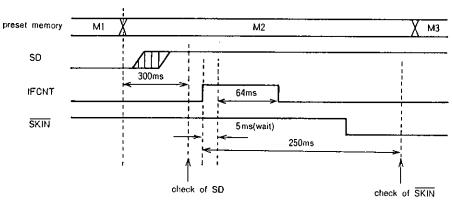


## (3) VF auto retune

The retune operation will be started at the following timings if the  $\overline{SKIN}$  signal (active low) remains inactive ('H') for more than 30 seconds under the VF mode.



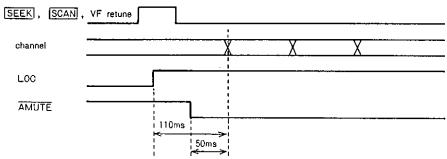
Note 1: The VF preset memory search operation is performed at the following timings:



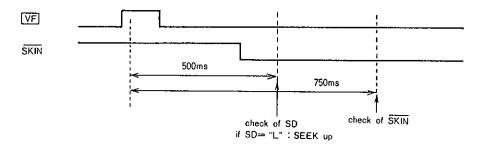
Note 2: If no SD is detected in the VF preset memory, the normal VF SEEK UP operation is started. In this case, it is carried out at the same timing as TIMING (1).

## (4) LOC pin control

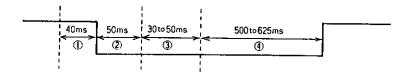
The SEEK, SCAN, AMEM and VF auto retune operations are performed as shown below during the 'LOC' display.



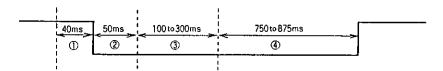
(5) SKIN signal (active low) check time at the VF mode change from OFF to ON



- (6) Audio Mute (AMUTE: active low)
  - (1) Key chattering reject time period (40ms)
  - (2) Audio mute leading time and BEEP out (50ms)
  - (3) PLL data and Display change processing (30ms to 50ms)
  - (4) Audio mute trailing time
    - (a) BAND, M1 to M6, VF on → off

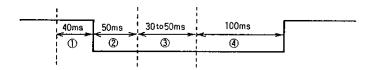


(b) VF OFF to VF ON (The case where the  $\overline{\text{TAPE}}$  (active low) = 'L',  $\overline{\text{CDIN}}$  = (active low) 'L', CD on is detected with DK signal inactive is not included)

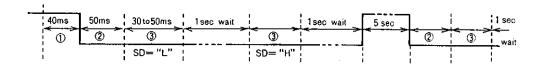


Note) Period (3) includes the check of the SKIN signal (active low).

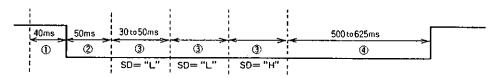
## (c) UP, DOWN



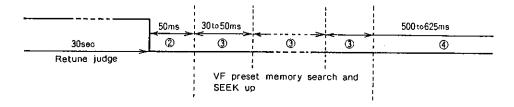
#### (d) PS (preset scan)



# (e) AMEM, SEEK, SCAN

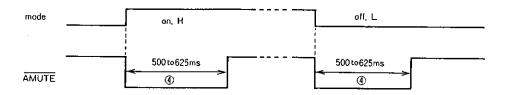


# (f) VF auto retune

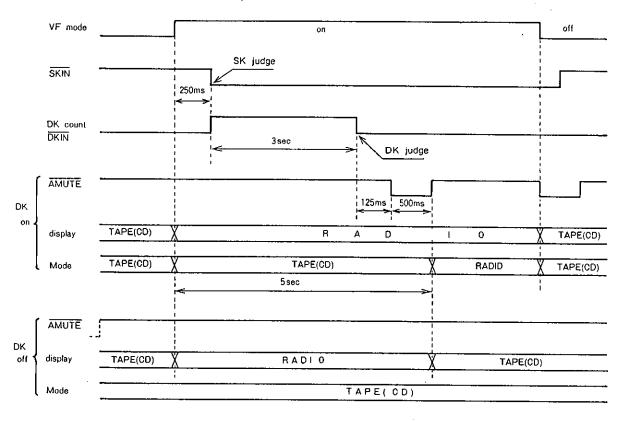


Note: The AMUTE signal (active low) is not output in the case where the DK signal is not detected but the TAPE signal (active low) or the CDIN signal (active low) becomes active, or the CD on is detected. This applies to (a) to (f). Note that the AMUTE signal is output at the BAND selection of (a).

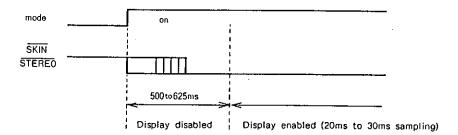
- (7) Mode change
  - (a) The modes are changed in the following cases:
    - RADIO on
    - RADIO monitor on/off
    - TAPE in/out
    - CD on/off
    - CDIN = 'H' → 'L' → 'H'



(b) VF off  $\rightarrow$  on (TAPE and CD in)

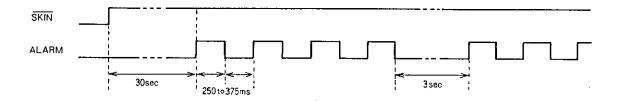


(8) Timings for SK display with the SKIN signal (active low) and ST display with the STEREO signal (active low) under the FM RADIO mode or the VF mode, and Timing for TAPE running direction display with the DIR signal.



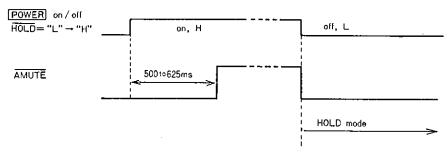
#### (9) ALARM output (VF mode)

The ALARM signal is output when the  $\overline{SKIN}$  signal (active low) remains inactive continuously for 30 seconds. At the same time, the SEEK UP operation will be started.(DIMRX 'VF AUTORETUNE' = 0)



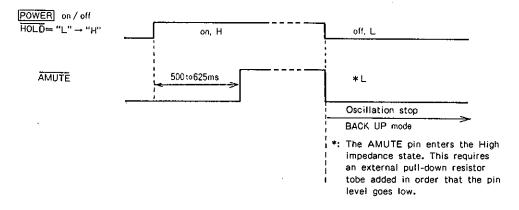
#### (10) HOLD mode

The HOLD mode means a status where only the clock block is in the active state. This mode is activated when the  $\overline{\text{HOLD}}$  signal (active low) changes from 'H' to 'L'. In this mode, the input to the FMIN, AMIN, HCTR, LCTR and ADI pins is inhibited.



#### (11) BACK UP mode

The BACK UP mode means a status where the 4.5MHz X'tal oscillation circuitry is in the inactive state and the POWER SAVE mode is activated. This mode is activated when the HOLD signal (active low) changes from 'H' to 'L'. In this mode, the input to the FMIN, AMIN, HCTR, LCTR and ADI pins is inhibited.



#### Initial Status

RADIO mode	TAPE mode	POWER on, HOLD = "H"		
band ····FM1 (low band edge)      MO/ST···· mono      VF ····off      LOC ····DX(off)	• NR B, NR Coff • APSoff • MTLoff	CD off LOUDoff RADIO monitoroff		

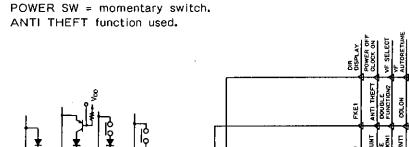
#### Tracking Point Frequency

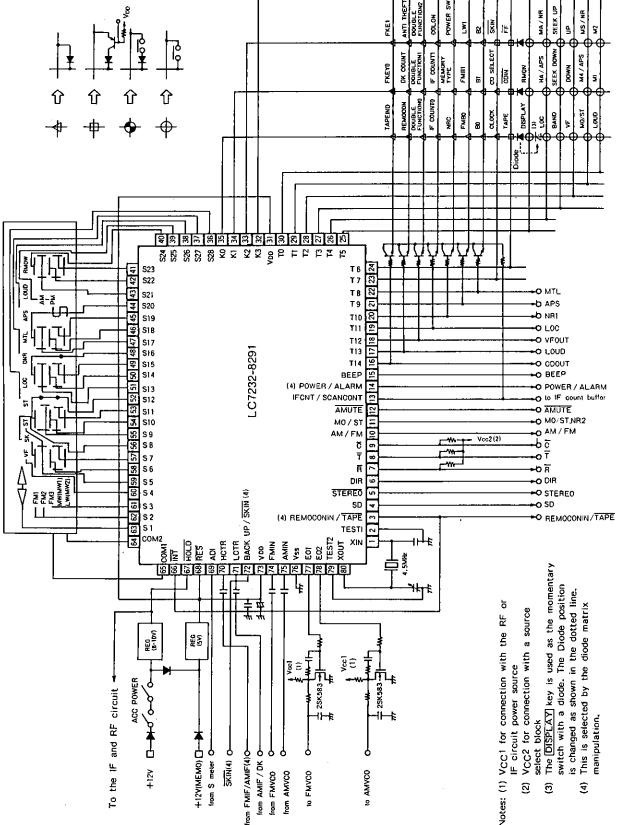
Area	Band	M 1	M2	M3	M4	M5	M6	last channel
USA	FM a, b	87.5	90.1	98.1	106.1	107.9	87.5	87.5
	MW a	530	600	1000	1400	1720	530	530
	MW b	530	600	1000	1400	1620	530	530
	MW c	531	603	999	1404	1620	531	531
	MW d	531	603	999	1404	1719	531	531
	FM c, d	87.5	90.0	98.0	106.0	108.0	87.5	87.5
	MW c	531	603	999	1404	1620	531	531
EURÓPE	MW e	522	603	999	1404	1620	522	522
	LW a	153	160	200	260	281	153	153
	LW b	146	160	200	260	290	146	146
JAPAN	FM e	76.0	78.6	83.0	86.6	90.0	76.0	76.0
	MW f	522	603	999	1404	1629	522	522
S.	FM b	87.5	90.1	98.1	106.1	107.9	87.5	87.5
ALABIA	MW g	531	603	999	1404	1602	531	531
SOUTH	FM f	87.5	90.1	98.1	106.1	107.9	87.5	87.5
AFRICA	MW g	531	603	999	1404	1602	531	531
EAST	FM g	64.0	74.0	84.0	94.0	104.0	64.0	64.0
EUROPE	MW h	522	603	999	1404	1620	522	522

The low band edges are loaded into the FM2, FM3 and MW2.

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#### Example application circuit 1:





#### Example application circuit 2:

POWER SW = momentary switch.
ANTI THEFT function used.

