

**LA7256**

## High-Fidelity Audio Signal Record/Playback Processing Circuit for VCR Products

### Overview

The LA7256 provides the record and playback amplification functions required for high-fidelity audio signal processing in VCR systems. The record system supports S-VHS and over-recording, and also supports the provision of an adjustment-free record current by using a constant-current regulated output scheme incorporating an AGC circuit. The playback system consists of a high-gain preamplifier with a small DC offset, and includes a built-in EP gain increasing function.

### Functions

- Preamplifier (two channels)
- RF switching between CH1 and CH2
- Record AGC amplifier (for over-recording and S-VHS)
- Constant-current regulated output record amplifier
- Buffer amplifier that can be used in both record and playback

### Features

- Minimal number of required external components
- The playback amplifier output DC offset is small.
- Built-in EP mode gain emphasis
- Record AGC that handles three modes (for an adjustment-free record current)
- Built-in buffer amplifier that can be used to construct an active filter.

### Specifications

#### Maximum Ratings at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

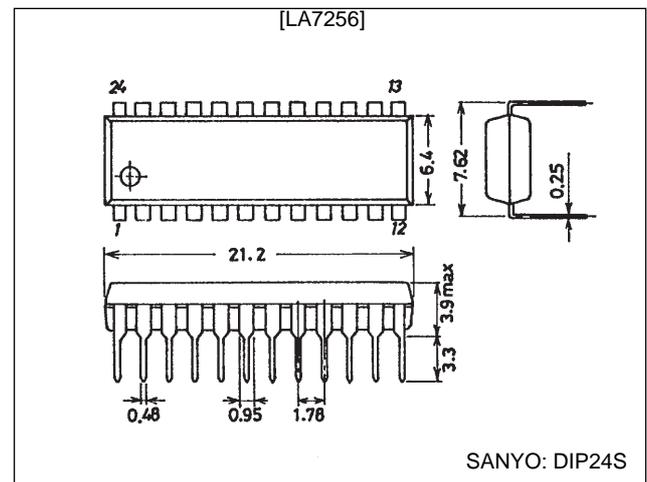
Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Maximum supply voltage	$V_{CC \text{ max}}$		7.0	V
Allowable power dissipation	$P_d \text{ max}$	$T_a \leq 65^\circ\text{C}$	700	mW
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$		-10 to +65	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$		-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$

#### Operating Conditions at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Ratings	Unit
Recommended supply voltage	$V_{CC}$		5.0	V
Operating supply voltage range	$V_{CC \text{ op}}$		4.5 to 5.5	V

### Package Dimensions

unit: mm

**3067-DIP24S**

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### Operating Characteristics at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ , in the specified test circuit

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
[Playback Mode]						
Circuit current	$I_{CCP}$	No input: the pin 14 influx current	13	18	23	mA
Voltage gain, CH1	$G_{VP1}$	Pin 20 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ , pin 1 = low: measure the pin 3 output.	72.5	75.5	78.5	dB
Voltage gain, CH2	$G_{VP2}$	Pin 17 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ , pin 1 = high: measure the pin 3 output.	72.5	75.5	78.5	dB
Voltage gain difference	$\Delta G_{VP}$	$G_{VP1} - G_{VP2}$	-2	0	2	dB
EP gain emphasis	$\Delta G_{EP}$	Pin 20 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ , pin 1 = low: the ratio of the pin 3 outputs when pin 2 is high/low	1.7	2.4	3.1	dB
Frequency characteristics, CH1	$f_{P1}$	Pin 20 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , pin 1 = low: the difference in the levels on pin 3 when $f = 2.2\text{ MHz}$ and $1.0\text{ MHz}$	-3.0	-1.0	0	dB
Frequency characteristics, CH2	$f_{P2}$	Pin 17 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ , pin 1 = high: the difference in the levels on pin 3 when $f = 2.2\text{ MHz}$ and $1.0\text{ MHz}$	-3.0	-1.0	0	dB
Crosstalk CH1 to CH2	$CT_{1 \rightarrow 2}$	Pin 17 input = 0, pin 20 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ : the difference in the pin 3 output levels when pin 1 goes from low to high		-40	-35	dB
Crosstalk CH2 to CH1	$CT_{2 \rightarrow 1}$	Pin 20 input = 0, pin 17 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ : the difference in the pin 3 output levels when pin 1 goes from high to low		-40	-35	dB
Equivalent input noise voltage CH1	$V_{NP1}$	With pin 20 grounded through $0.01\ \mu\text{F}$ and $1\ \Omega$ , pin 1 = low: the pin 3 noise in input equivalent*1		0.8	1.0	$\mu\text{Vrms}$
Equivalent input noise voltage CH2	$V_{NP2}$	With pin 17 grounded through $0.01\ \mu\text{F}$ and $1\ \Omega$ , pin 1 = high: the pin 3 noise in input equivalent*1		0.8	1.0	$\mu\text{Vrms}$
Second harmonic distortion CH1	$2\text{THD}_1$	Pin 20 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ , pin 1 = low: the second harmonic in the pin 3 output		-50	-40	dB
Second harmonic distortion CH2	$2\text{THD}_2$	Pin 17 input = 100 $\mu\text{Vp-p}$ , $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ , pin 1 = high: the second harmonic in the pin 3 output		-50	-40	dB
Maximum output voltage CH1	$V_{OMP1}$	With the pin 20 input varying, $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ , pin 1 = low: when the pin 3 third harmonic distortion is -30 dB	2.0			Vp-p
Maximum output voltage CH2	$V_{OMP2}$	With the pin 17 input varying, $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ , pin 1 = high: when the pin 3 third harmonic distortion is -30 dB	2.0			Vp-p
Output DC offset 1	$\Delta V_{ODC1}$	Pin 17 and 20 inputs = 0, pin 1 = low, pin 2 = low (SP): the difference in the pin 3 DC level when pin 1 goes from low to high	-30	0	+30	mV
Output DC offset 2	$\Delta V_{ODC2}$	Pin 17 and 20 inputs = 0, pin 1 = low, pin 2 = high (EP): the difference in the pin 3 DC level when pin 1 goes from low to high	-50	0	+50	mV
Head switching: CH1 hold voltage	$V_{HS1}$	The pin 1 DC voltage required to operate CH1	0		1.0	V
Head switching: CH2 hold voltage	$V_{HS2}$	The pin 1 DC voltage required to operate CH2	3.0		$V_{CC}$	V
Playback mode switch on resistance	$R_{SW}$	Calculate from the voltage difference on pin 16 when the pin 16 influx current is 1 mA and 2 mA.		4.0	6.0	$\Omega$
SP hold voltage	$V_{2SP}$	The pin 2 voltage required to hold SP mode	0		1.0	V
EP hold voltage	$V_{2EP}$	The pin 2 voltage required to hold EP mode	3.0		$V_{CC}$	V
PB hold voltage	$V_{5L}$	The pin 5 voltage required to hold PB mode	0		1.0	V
[Record Mode]						
Circuit current	$I_{CCR}$	No signal, the pin 14 influx current	45	63	81	mA
Output current	$I_{OR}$	Pin 9 input = 180 mVp-p, $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ : measure the pin 16 output	48	53	58	mA <sub>p-p</sub>
AGC control characteristics 1	$\Delta V_{AGC1}$	Pin 9 input = 90 and 180 mVp-p, $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ : the ratio of the pin 16 output levels	-0.5	-0.2		dB
AGC control characteristics 2	$\Delta V_{AGC2}$	Pin 9 input = 360 and 180 mVp-p, $f = 1.5\text{ MHz}$ : the ratio of the pin 16 output levels		0.2	0.5	dB
Cross modulation distortion 0.4 MHz component	$\text{CMD}_{04}$	For a pin 9 input*2, the 0.4 MHz spurious signal in the pin 16 output current			-40	dB
Cross modulation distortion 0.9 MHz component	$\text{CMD}_{09}$	For a pin 9 input*2, the 0.9 MHz spurious signal in the pin 16 output current			-40	dB

Note: 1. Measure the input noise voltage after passing the pin 3 output (playback FM output) through a 1.1 MHz low-pass filter.  
 2. 1.3 MHz (70 mVp-p) + 1.7 MHz (180 mVp-p)

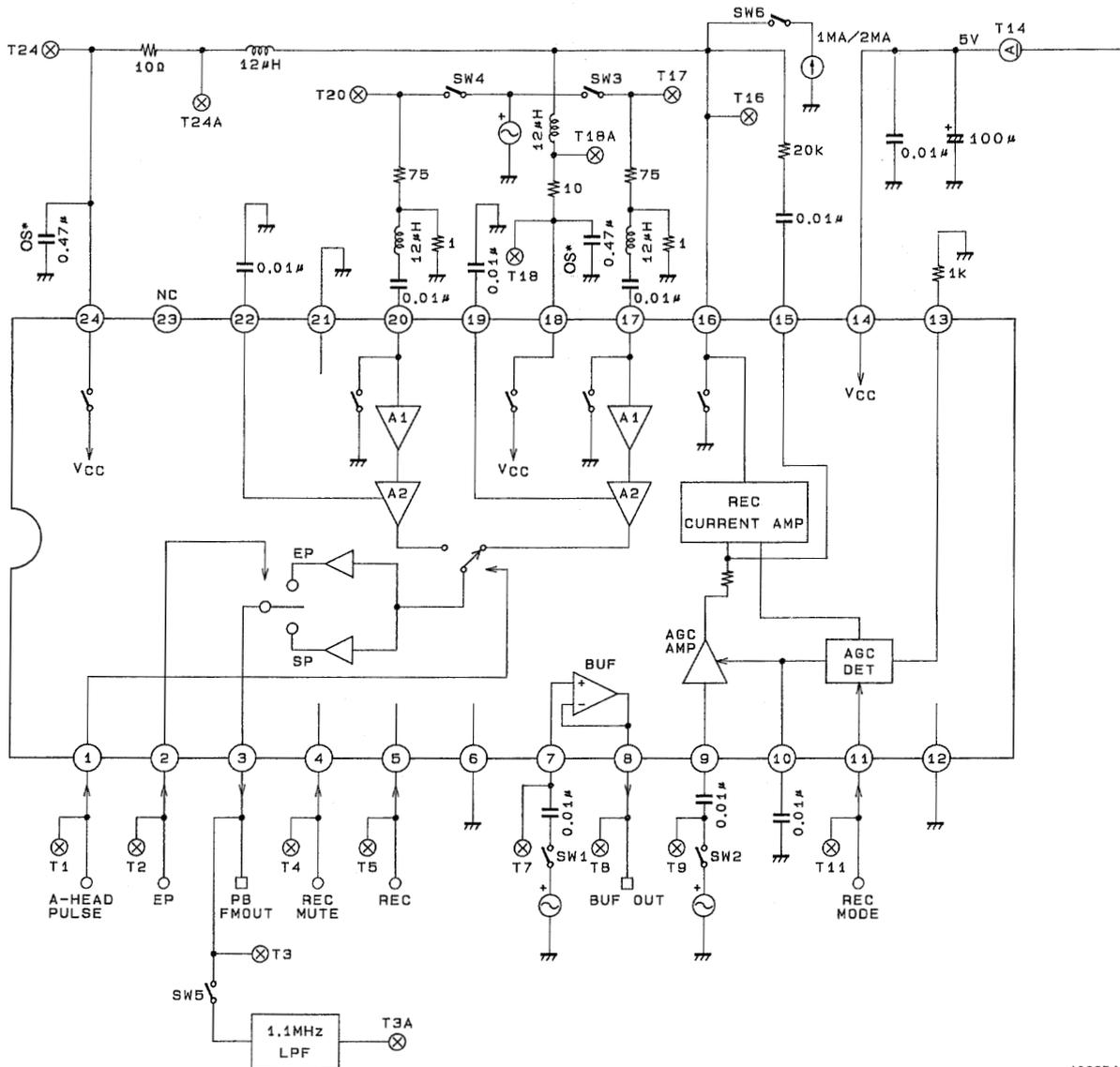
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Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	min	typ	max	Unit
Over-record hold voltage	$V_{11M}$	The pin 11 DC voltage for over-record mode	1.5		3.0	V
Over-record current ratio	$I_{O-OV}$	Pin 9 input = 180 mVp-p, $f = 1.5$ MHz, pin 11 = middle level: measure the pin 16 output current	1.7	2.2	2.7	dB
S-VHS hold voltage	$V_{11H}$	The pin 11 DC voltage for S-VHS mode	3.5		$V_{CC}$	V
S-VHS current ratio	$I_{O-SV}$	Pin 9 input = 180 mVp-p, $f = 1.5$ MHz, pin 11 = high: measure the pin 16 output current	-2.0	-2.6	-3.2	dB
Record mute hold voltage 1	$V_{4L}$	The pin 4 DC voltage when record muting is off	0		1.0	V
Record mute hold voltage 2	$V_{4H}$	The pin 4 DC voltage when record muting is on	3.0		$V_{CC}$	V
Mute attenuation	$I_{OR}, M_U$	Pin 9 input = 180 mVp-p, $f = 1.5$ MHz, pin 4 = high: measure the pin 16 output current			-40	dB
Record hold voltage	$V_{5H}$	The pin 5 voltage required to hold record mode	3.0		$V_{CC}$	V
[Built-in Buffer]						
Buffer I/O DC offset	$\Delta V_{BUF}$		-10		10	mV
Buffer frequency characteristics	$f_{BUF}$	Pin 9 input = 180 mVp-p, $f = 1/10$ MHz	-1		1	dB

## Test Circuit Diagram

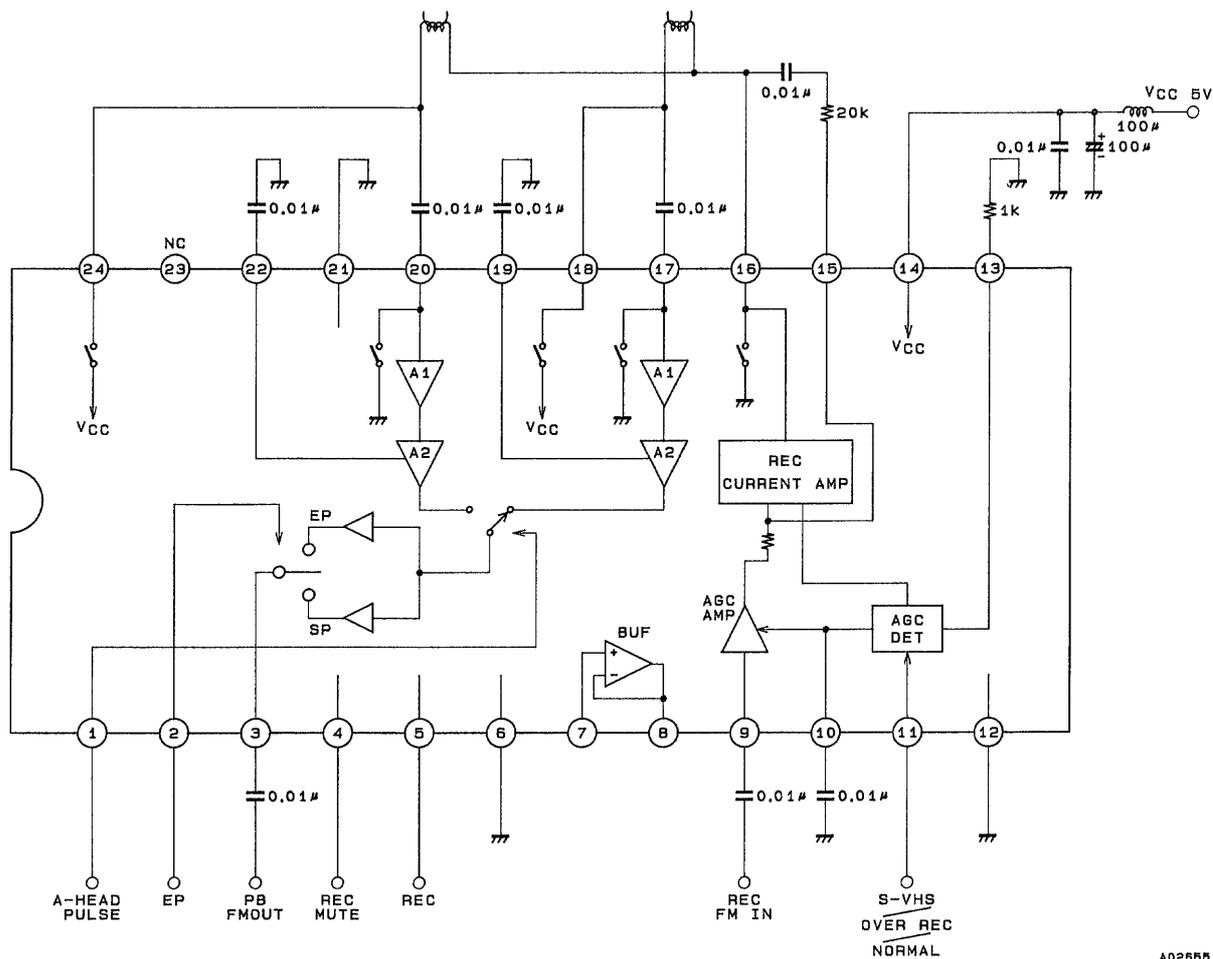


A02654

Unit (resistance:  $\Omega$ , capacitance: F)  
\*: Organic Semiconductor

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Application Circuit Block Diagram



A02655

Unit (resistance: Ω, capacitance: F)

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### Pin Functions

Pin No.	Symbol	Pin internal equivalent circuit	Function
1	A-HEAD PULSE	<p style="text-align: right;">A02656</p>	Low: 0 to 1.0 V → CH1 High: 3.0 to V <sub>CC</sub> → CH2
2	ES/SP	<p style="text-align: right;">A02657</p>	Low: 0 to 1.0 V → SP High: 3.0 to V <sub>CC</sub> → EP
3	PB-FM OUT	<p style="text-align: right;">A02658</p>	
4	REC MUTE	<p style="text-align: right;">A02659</p>	Low: 0 to 1.0 V → Mute off High: 3.0 to V <sub>CC</sub> → Mute on
5	REC	<p style="text-align: right;">A02660</p>	Low: 0 to 1.0 V → PB High: 3.0 to V <sub>CC</sub> → REC
6	GND		Ground for the playback output stage and record circuits

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Pin No.	Symbol	Pin internal equivalent circuit	Function
7	BUFF IN	<p style="text-align: right;">A02661</p>	
8	BUFF OUT	<p style="text-align: right;">A02662</p>	DC voltage = $1/2 V_{CC}$
9	REC FM IN	<p style="text-align: right;">A02663</p>	Record amplifier input
10	AGC FILT	<p style="text-align: right;">A02664</p>	Detects the record amplifier AGC detector output
11	REC MODE	<p style="text-align: right;">A02665</p>	Low: 0 to 1.0 V → Normal Middle: 1.5 to 3.0 V → Over-record High: 3.5 V to $V_{CC}$ → S-VHS
12	REC OUT GND		Ground for the record output circuits

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Pin No.	Symbol	Pin internal equivalent circuit	Function
13	REC-CURR-ADJ	<p>A02666</p>	Converts the record output current output to a voltage.
14	V <sub>CC</sub>		
15	REC BIAS	<p>A02667</p>	Input block for the record current amplifier
16	REC OUT	<p>A02668</p>	Switch for record current output and playback mode on On in PB mode
17	CH2-IN	<p>A02669</p>	Playback amplifier CH2 input
18	PSW2	<p>A02670</p>	CH2 head current supply

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Pin No.	Symbol	Pin internal equivalent circuit	Function
19	FILT2	<p>A02671</p>	Generates the playback amplifier CH2 DC bias.
20	CH1-IN	<p>A02672</p>	Playback amplifier CH1 input
21	PB GND		Ground for the playback amplifier
22	FILT1	<p>A02673</p>	Generates the playback amplifier CH1 DC bias.
23	NC		
24	PSW1	<p>A02674</p>	Record amplifier CH2 head current supply

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