

Video signal switcher

BA7605N

The BA7605N is a switching IC developed for use in VCRs. It has two two-channel analog multiplexers with a large dynamic range, and wide operating frequency range. The switch has sync-tip clamped inputs and is ideal for switching video signals.

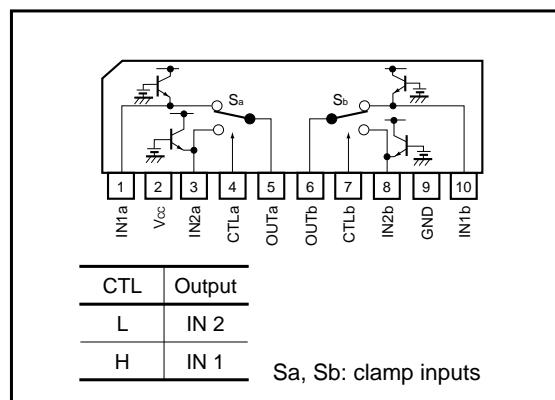
● Applications

Video cassette recorders and televisions

● Features

- 1) Two 2-input / 1-output switches.
- 2) Sync-tip clamped inputs.
- 3) 5V power supply.
- 4) Low power consumption (42mW Typ.).
- 5) Excellent frequency characteristics (10MHz, 0dB Typ.).
- 6) Wide dynamic range (2.9V_{P-P} Typ.).
- 7) Fast switching speed (50ns Typ.).

● Block diagram

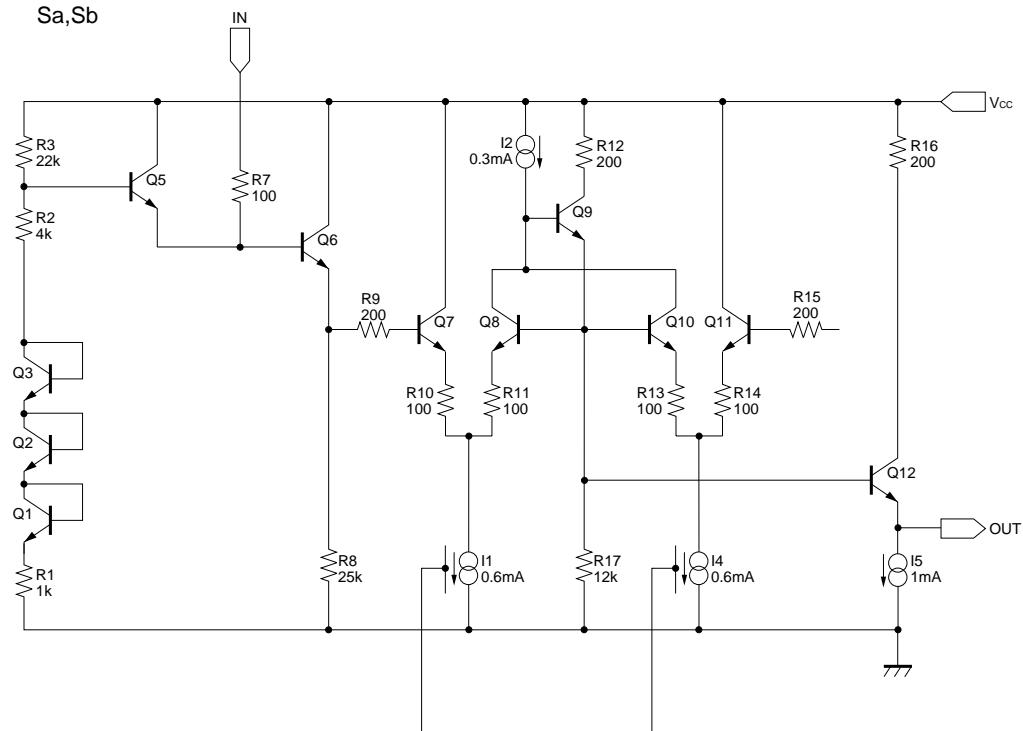


● Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

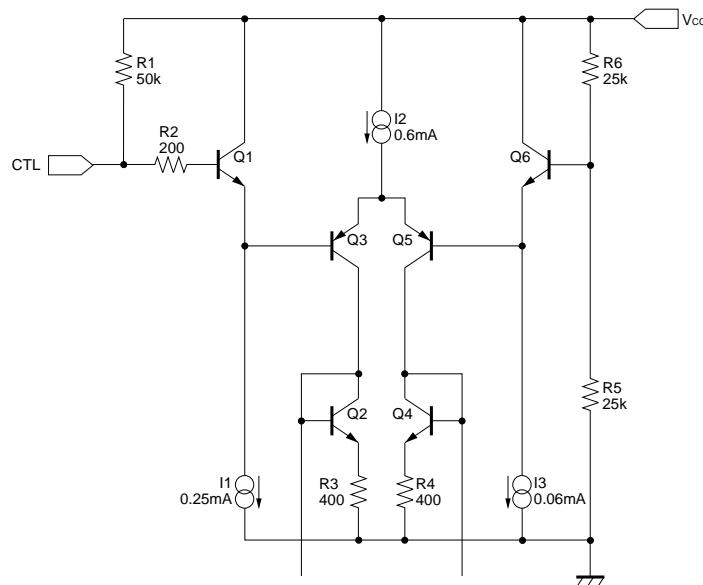
Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Power supply voltage	V _{cc}	9	V
Power dissipation	P _d	500*	mW
Operating temperature	T _{opr}	- 40 ~ + 85	°C
Storage temperature	T _{stg}	- 55 ~ + 125	°C

* Reduced by 5.0mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

● Equivalent circuits



CTL



● Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Operating voltage	V_{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	—
Supply current	I_{CC}	—	8.4	10.0	mA	—
Maximum output level	V_{OM}	2.6	2.9	—	V_{P-P}	$f = 1\text{kHz}$, THD = 0.5%
Voltage gain	G_V	- 0.5	0	0.5	dB	$f = 1\text{MHz}$, $V_{IN} = 1\text{V}_{P-P}$
Interchannel crosstalk	C_T	—	- 65	—	dB	$f = 4.43\text{MHz}$, $V_{IN} = 1\text{V}_{P-P}$
Frequency characteristics	G_f	- 3	0	1	dB	10MHz / 1MHz, $V_{IN} = 1\text{V}_{P-P}$
CTL pin switch level	V_{TH}	2.0	2.5	3.0	V	—

Note: Refer to the measurement circuit given in Fig. 1.

● Reference data

Pin DC voltages (reference values)

Units: Vdc

Pin No.	DC voltage	Pin No.	DC voltage
1	2.05	6	0.65
2	5.00	7	4.91
3	2.05	8	2.05
4	4.91	9	0
5	0.65	10	2.05

Electrical characteristics

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Sync tip clamp level	0.49	0.65	0.80	Vdc
Input impedance (with clamp)	—	1.7M	—	Ω
Output impedance	—	30	—	Ω

The input coupling capacitor values should be $0.1\mu\text{F}$ to $1\mu\text{F}$.

● Measurement circuit

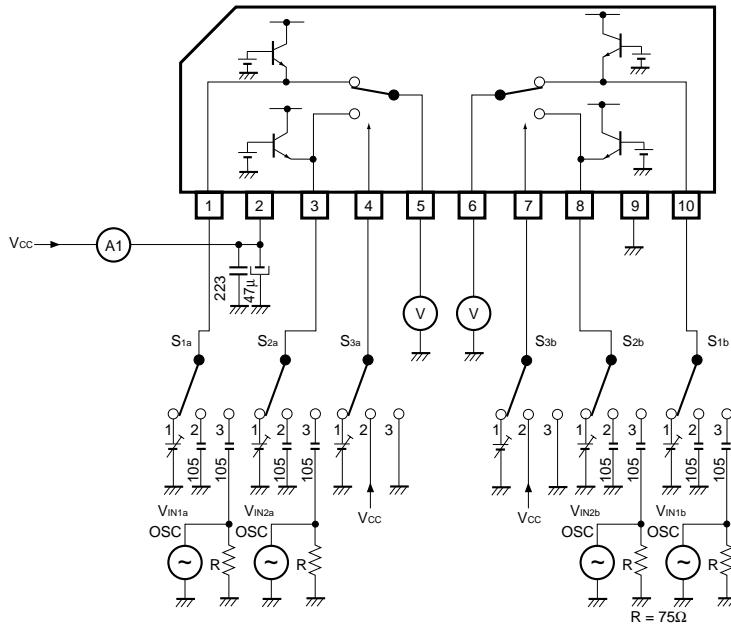


Fig.1

● Measurement conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Switch settings						Measurement method
			S _{1a}	S _{2a}	S _{3a}	S _{1b}	S _{2b}	S _{3b}	
Current dissipation		I _{CC}	2	2	2	2	2	2	Ammeter
Maximum output level	I _{N1a}	V _{om}	3	2	2	2	2	2	Note 1
	I _{N2a}	V _{om}	2	3	3	2	2	2	
	I _{N1b}	V _{om}	2	2	2	3	2	2	
	I _{N2b}	V _{om}	2	2	2	2	3	3	
Voltage gain	I _{N1a}	G _v	3	2	2	2	2	2	Note 2
	I _{N2a}	G _v	2	3	3	2	2	2	
	I _{N1b}	G _v	2	2	2	3	2	2	
	I _{N2b}	G _v	2	2	2	2	3	3	
Inter-channel crosstalk	I _{N1a}	C _T	2	3	2	2	2	2	Note 3
	I _{N2a}	C _T	3	2	3	2	2	2	
	I _{N1b}	C _T	2	2	2	2	3	2	
	I _{N2b}	C _T	2	2	2	3	2	3	
Frequency characteristic	I _{N1a}	G _f	3	2	2	2	2	2	Note 4
	I _{N2a}	G _f	2	3	3	2	2	2	
	I _{N1b}	G _f	2	2	2	3	2	2	
	I _{N2b}	G _f	2	2	2	2	3	3	
CTL pin switching level	CTL _a	V _{TH}	3	2	1	2	2	2	Note 5
	CTL _b	V _{TH}	2	2	2	3	2	1	

Note 1: Connect a distortion meter to the output, and input a $f = 1\text{kHz}$ sine wave. Adjust the output level until the output distortion is 0.5%. This output voltage at this time is the maximum output level V_{om} (V_{P-P}).

Note 2: Input a 1V_{P-P}, 1MHz sine wave. The voltage gain is given by $G_v = 20 \log(V_{out} / V_{in})$.

Note 3: Input a 1V_{P-P}, 4.43MHz sine wave. The interchannel crosstalk is given by $C_T = 20 \log(V_{out} / V_{in})$.

Note 4: Input 1V_{P-P}, 1MHz and 10MHz sine waves.

The frequency characteristic is given by $G_f = 20 \log(V_{out}(f=10\text{MHz}) / V_{out}(f=1\text{MHz}))$.

Note 5: Input a 1V_{P-P}, 1MHz sine wave. Reduce the CTL pin voltage from V_{cc}.

The CTL pin switching level (V_{TH}) is the CTL pin voltage at which the V_{out} level drops below 20mV_{P-P}.

● External dimensions (Units: mm)

