4-channel video-signal PRE / REC amplifier

BA7274S

The BA7274S PRE / REC amplifier has been designed for use in video cassette recorders. It is compatible with four-head decks, and has four head amplifiers, a chroma output amplifier, and FM output amplifier (with AGC circuit), an envelope detector, a fixed-current drive recording amplifier, a channel switch circuit, and record / playback switch integrated only one monolithic IC.

●Applications
VCRs

●Features
1) Suitable for 4-head decks.
2) Integration of the head-section signal processing circuits (REC and head amplifiers, AGC, and envelope detector) only one IC allows compact deck designs.
3) The head amplifier has low input capacitance and low noise (V_{NIN} = 0.4μV_{rms}), and both the playback and recording systems have a wide frequency range.
4) The REX amplifier employs a fixed-output current system to minimize change in the recording current due to load fluctuation. The maximum recording current output is a large 30mA_{P-P}.
5) Built-in channel and record / playback switches (switched to PB V_{CC} and REC V_{CC}).
6) Peaking amplifier pin provided for external setting of peak value.
7) Compact SDIP 32 pin package.
8) Auto-tracking compatible.

●Absolute maximum ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Limits		Unit
Power supply voltage	V_{CC}	7 (PRE)	13 (PRE)	V
Power dissipation	Pd	1370*		mW
Operating temperature	Topr	– 20 ~ + 70		°C
Storage temperature	Tstg	– 55 ~ + 150		°C

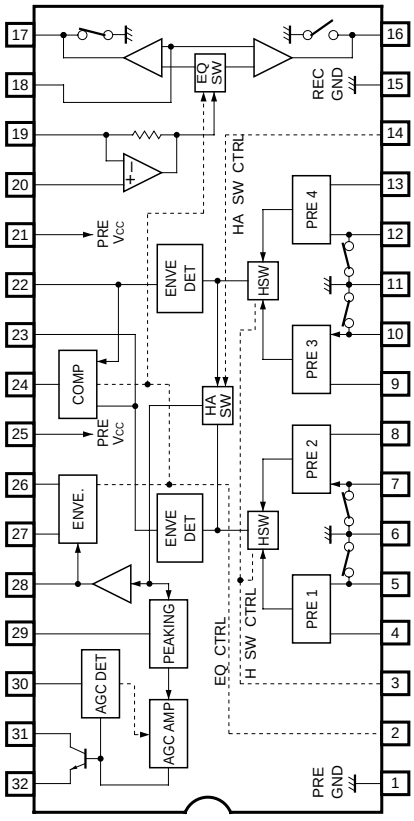
* Reduced by 11.0mW for each increase in Ta of 1°C over 25°C.

●Recommended operating conditions (Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
Operating power supply voltage (playback)	$V_{CC\ (P)}$	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	25pin
Operating power supply voltage (recording)	$V_{CC\ (R)}$	11.5	12	12.5	V	21pin

* The PRE and REC V_{CC} are used for mode switching. If the PRE and REC V_{CC} voltages are applied together, the amplifier systems and head switch will go on simultaneously causing a large current to flow. This must be avoided, so do not make pins 21 and 25 "H" (0.5V or more) together.

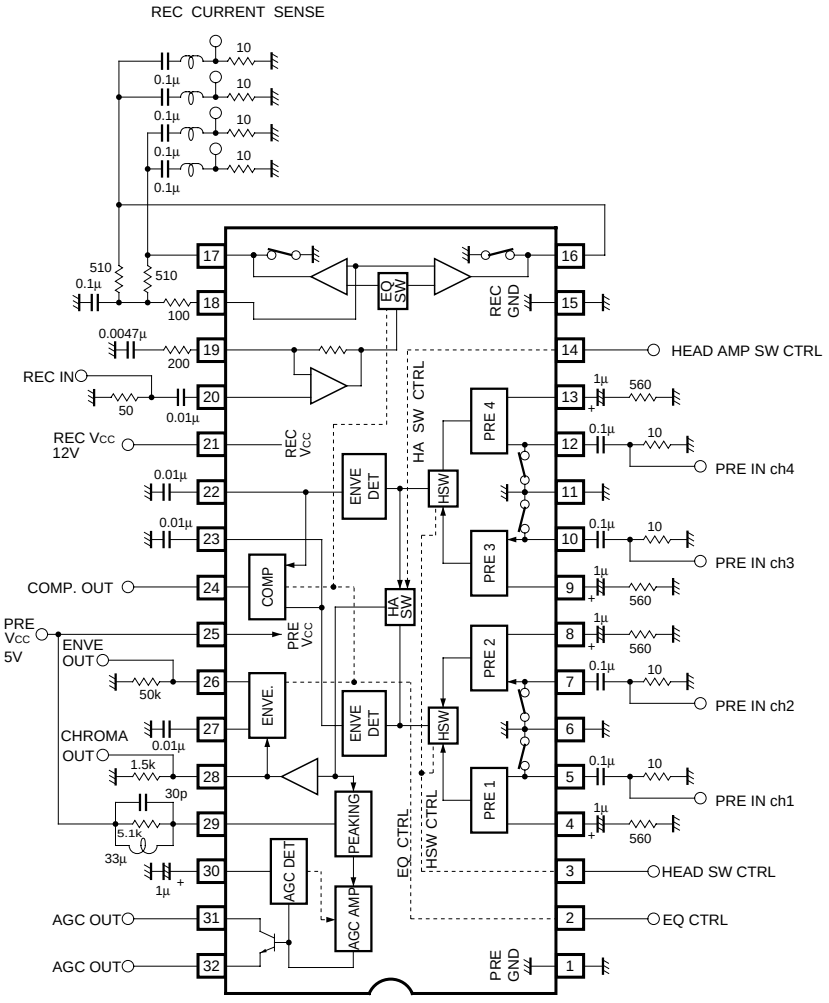
●Block diagram



●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta = 25°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions
⟨Playback system⟩ V_{CC} = 5V						
Supply current	$I_{CC\text{-}P}$	23	34	44	mA	—
Voltage gain (CH1 to CH4)	G_{VP}	49	57	62	dB	V_{IN} = 0.3m$V_{P\text{-}P}$, 100kHz
Maximum chroma output level	V_{OMC}	1.3	1.5	—	$V_{P\text{-}P}$	
AGC output amplitude level	V_{AGC}	130	180	220	m$V_{P\text{-}P}$	
AGC control sensitivity	ΔV_{AGC}	– 1.0	1.0	3.0	dB	V_{IN} = 0.15 ~ 0.6m$V_{P\text{-}P}$, 4MHz
AGC freguency char. (CH1 to CH4)	$Gf_{1 \sim 4}$	– 2.0	2.0	4.0	dB	V_{IN} = 0.3m$V_{P\text{-}P}$, 10MHz / 1MHz
Crosstalk	CT	—	– 40	– 33	dB	4MHz
Input conversion noise (CH1 to CH4)	$V_{N1 \sim 4}$	—	0.4	1.2	μV_{rms}	
Head switching threshold voltage	V_{TH3}	2.0	2.5	3.0	V	High: CH1, 4 Low: CH2, 3
Head amplifier switching threshold voltage	V_{TH4}	2.0	2.5	3.0	V	High: CH3 or 4 Low: 1 or 2
ENVELOPE comparison output amplitude	V_{24}	4.3	—	—	V	High: CH1 or 2 > CH3 or 4 Low: CH3 or 4 > CH1 or 2
COMP (ENVE) switch threshold	V_{THP2}	0.3	1.3	1.8	V	High: STOP Low: ENVE OUT
ENVE detector output level SP	$V_{ENV\text{-}S1}$	1.3	1.6	2.1	V	CHROMA OUT = 0.0$V_{P\text{-}P}$
ENVE detector output level SP	$V_{ENV\text{-}S2}$	2.6	2.9	3.3	V	CHROMA OUT = 0.5$V_{P\text{-}P}$, 4MHz
ENVE detector output level EP	$V_{ENV\text{-}E1}$	1.3	1.6	1.9	V	CHROMA OUT = 0.0$V_{P\text{-}P}$
ENVE detector output level EP	$V_{ENV\text{-}E2}$	3.4	3.7	4.1	V	CHROMA OUT = 0.5$V_{P\text{-}P}$, 4MHz
PRE switch on resistance	$R_{16, 18}$	—	5	10	Ω	
⟨Recording system⟩ V_{CC} = 12V						
Supply current	$I_{CC\text{-}R}$	30	47	65	mA	
Maximum output current	I_L	30	—	—	m$A_{P\text{-}P}$	
Recording current secondary distortion	D_L	—	– 35	– 31	dB	I_L = 30m$A_{P\text{-}P}$, 4MHz
Recording current load characteristics	ΔI_L	—	1	3	mA	I_L = 30mA, 4MHz, 8.2 ~ 15μH
Recording current freguency char.	G_f	– 5	– 3	1.5	dB	I_L = 10mA, 8MHz / 100kHz
EP / SP switching threshold voltage	$V_{THR\,2}$	0.8	1.3	1.8	V	High: EP Low: SP
REC switch ON resistance	$R_{5, 7, 10, 12}$	—	10	15	Ω	

●Measurement circuit



Units: R [Ω]
C [F]
L [L]

Fig. 1

●Application example

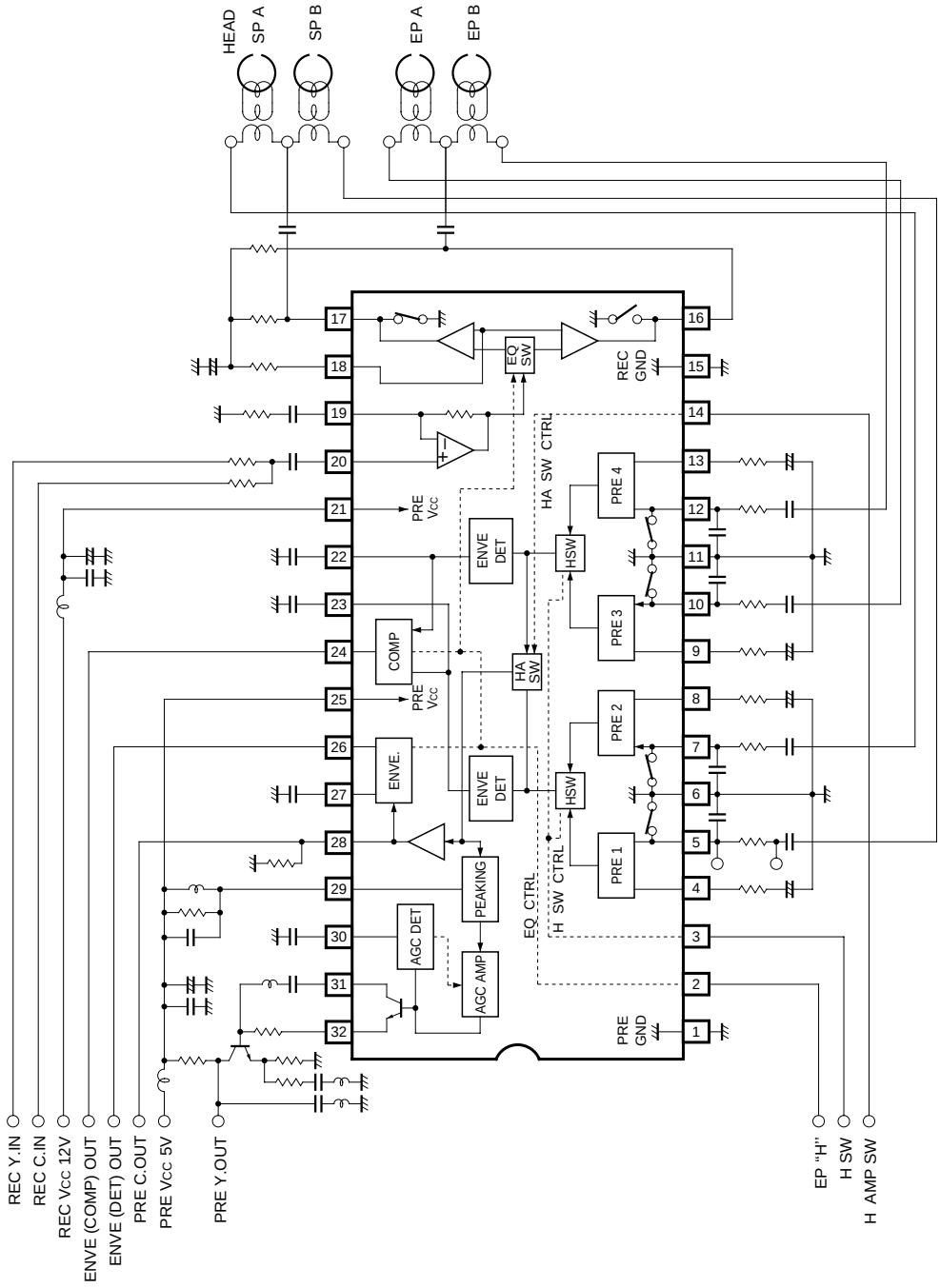


Fig. 2

●Control pin logic

(1) Playback head switching

H. AMP SW 14pin	HEAD SW 3pin	Selected head
L	H	CH1 (PRE AMP pin 5 input)
	L	CH2 (PRE AMP pin 7 input)
H	L	CH3 (PRE AMP pin 10 input)
	H	CH4 (PRE AMP pin 12 input)

(2) EP / SP switching envelope comparator ON / OFF switch (pin 2)

REC V_{CC} 21pin	PRE V_{CC} 25pin	EP / SP 2pin	Mode
H (REC)	L	H	EP (REC AMP pin 16 output)
		L	SP (REC AMP pin 17 output)
L	H (PB)	H	ENVE. detector output pin 26 EP mode ENVE. comparator output pin 24 stopped "H"
		L	ENVE. detector output pin 26 SP mode ENVE. comparator output pin 24 operating, see (3)

(3) Envelope comparator output (pin 24)

COMP. OUT 24pin	Conditions
H	CH1 or CH2 output > CH3 or CH4 output
L	CH1 or CH2 output < CH3 or CH4 output

Note: The correspondence between channels and amplifiers is as follows:

CH	CH1	CH2	CH3	CH4
PRE AMP	PRE AMP 1	PRE AMP 2	PRE AMP 3	PRE AMP 4

●Electrical characteristic curve

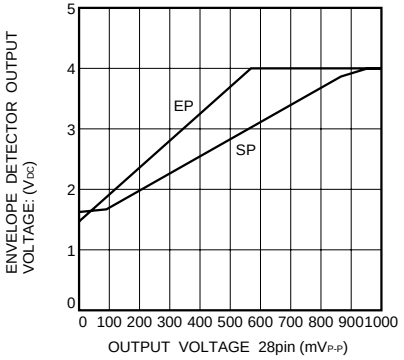
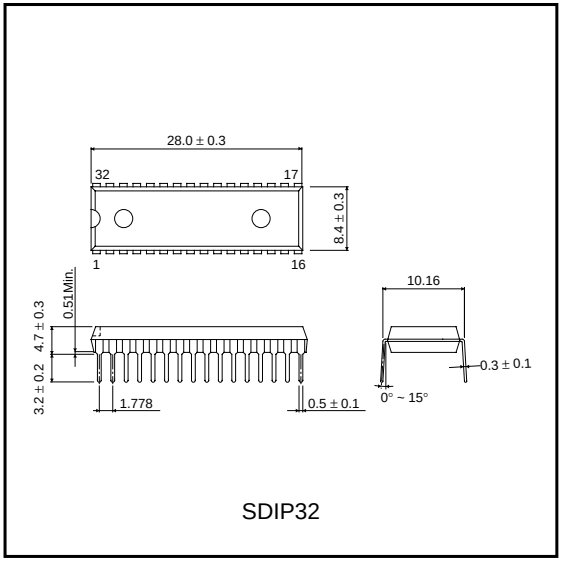


Fig. 1 Playback signal envelope detector characteristics

●External dimensions (Units: mm)



SDIP32