

# Standard 78M series, 3-terminal regulator

## BA178M○○T/FP series

The BA178○○T and BA178M○○FP Series are 3-pin, fixed positive output voltage regulators. These regulators are used to provide a stabilized output voltage from a fluctuating DC input voltage. There are 11 fixed output voltages, as follows : 5V, 6V, 7V, 8V, 9V, 10V, 12V, 15V, 18V, 20V, and 24V. The maximum current capacity is 0.5A for each of the above voltages.

### ● Applications

Constant voltage power supply

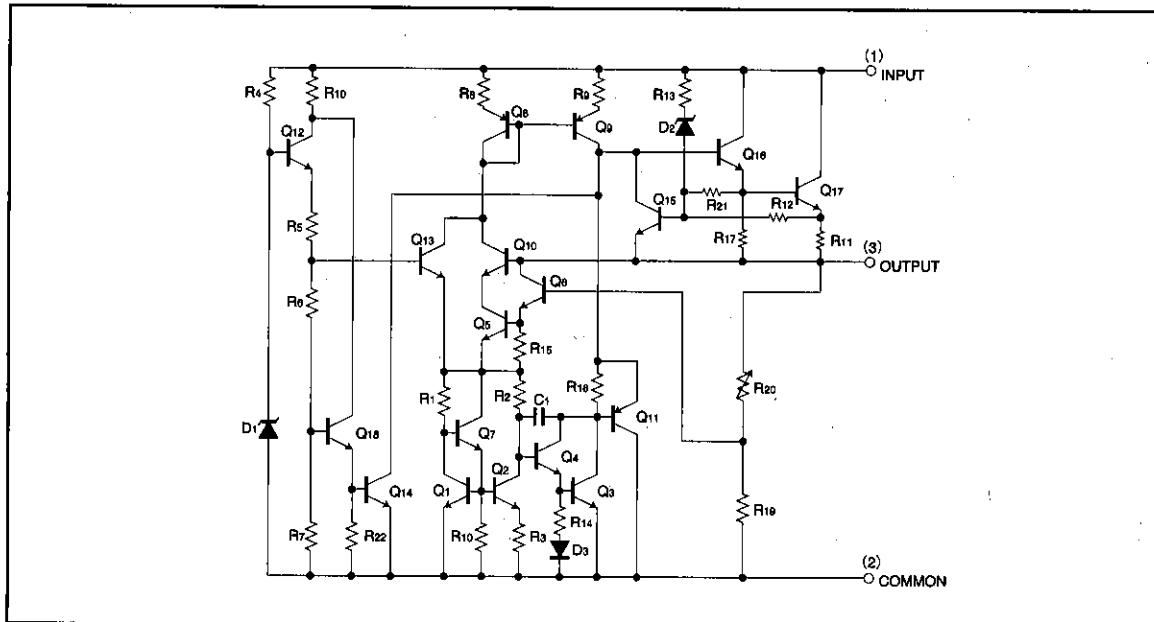
### ● Features

- 1) Built-in overcurrent protection circuit and thermal cutoff circuit.
- 2) Excellent ripple rejection.
- 3) Available in TO-220FP and TO-252-3 packages, to meet wide range of applications.
- 4) Compatible with other manufacturers' regulators.
- 5) Richly diverse lineup. (5V, 6V, 7V, 8V, 9V, 10V, 12V, 15V, 18V, 20V, 24V)

### ● Product codes

Output Voltage (V)	Product No.	Output Voltage (V)	Product No.
5	BA178M05T / FP	12	BA178M12T / FP
6	BA178M06T / FP	15	BA178M15T / FP
7	BA178M07T / FP	18	BA178M18T / FP
8	BA178M08T / FP	20	BA178M20T / FP
9	BA178M09T / FP	24	BA178M24T / FP
10	BA178M10T / FP	—	—

## ● Internal circuit configuration diagram



Standard 78M Series 3-Terminal Regulators

General-Purpose Series Regulators

## &lt;&lt;Common specifications for BA178M○○T/FP series&gt;&gt;

● Absolute maximum ratings ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Limits	Unit
Input voltage	$V_{in}$	35	V
Power dissipation	$P_d$	2.0*	W
TO220FP	TO252 - 3	1.0*	
Operating temperature	$T_{opr}$	-40~85	°C
Storage temperature	$T_{stg}$	-55~150	°C

\* Reduce by 16 mW/°C (TO220FP) or 8 mW/°C (TO252-3) if  $T_a \geq 25^\circ\text{C}$  (without heat sink).● Recommended operating conditions ( $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ )

BA178M05T/FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	$V_{in}$	7.5	—	20	V
Output current	$I_o$	—	—	0.5	A

BA178M07T/FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	$V_{in}$	9.5	—	22	V
Output current	$I_o$	—	—	0.5	A

BA178M06T/FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	$V_{in}$	8.5	—	21	V
Output current	$I_o$	—	—	0.5	A

BA178M08T/FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	$V_{in}$	10.5	—	23	V
Output current	$I_o$	—	—	0.5	A

## ●Recommended operating conditions

## BA178M09T/FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	V <sub>in</sub>	11.5	—	24	V
Output current	I <sub>o</sub>	—	—	0.5	A

## BA178M12T/FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	V <sub>in</sub>	15	—	27	V
Output current	I <sub>o</sub>	—	—	0.5	A

## BA178M18T/FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	V <sub>in</sub>	21	—	33	V
Output current	I <sub>o</sub>	—	—	0.5	A

## BA178M24T/FP

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Input voltage	V <sub>in</sub>	27	—	33	V
Output current	I <sub>o</sub>	—	—	0.5	A

## ◀ BA178M05T/FP individual specifications

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted, Ta=25°C, V<sub>in</sub>=10V, I<sub>o</sub>=350mA)

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	V <sub>o1</sub>	4.8	5.0	5.2	V	I <sub>o</sub> =350mA	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	V <sub>o2</sub>	4.75	—	5.25	V	V <sub>in</sub> =7.5~20V, I <sub>o</sub> =5~350mA	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg.I <sub>1</sub>	—	3	100	mV	V <sub>in</sub> =7~25V, I <sub>o</sub> =200mA	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg.I <sub>2</sub>	—	1	50	mV	V <sub>in</sub> =8~12V, I <sub>o</sub> =200mA	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	62	78	—	dB	θ <sub>in</sub> =1V <sub>rms</sub> , f=120Hz, I <sub>o</sub> =100mA	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg.L <sub>1</sub>	—	20	100	mV	I <sub>o</sub> =5~500mA	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg.L <sub>2</sub>	—	10	50	mV	I <sub>o</sub> =5~200mA	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	T <sub>co</sub>	—	-1.0	—	mV/°C	I <sub>o</sub> =5mA, T <sub>j</sub> =0~125°C	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	V <sub>n</sub>	—	40	—	μV	f=10Hz~100kHz	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	V <sub>d</sub>	—	2.0	—	V	I <sub>o</sub> =500mA	Fig.8
Bias current	I <sub>b</sub>	—	4.5	6.0	mA	I <sub>o</sub> =0mA	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	I <sub>b1</sub>	—	—	0.5	mA	I <sub>o</sub> =5~350mA	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	I <sub>b2</sub>	—	—	0.8	mA	V <sub>in</sub> =8~25V, I <sub>o</sub> =200mA	Fig.9
Peak output current	I <sub>o-P</sub>	—	875	—	mA	T <sub>j</sub> =25°C	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	I <sub>os</sub>	—	0.4	—	A	V <sub>in</sub> =25V	Fig.10

⟨BA178M06T/FP individual specifications⟩

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ ,  $V_{in}=11V$ ,  $I_o=350mA$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	5.75	6.0	6.25	V	$I_o=350mA$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	5.7	—	6.3	V	$V_{in}=8.5\sim21V$ , $I_o=5\sim350mA$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg. $I_1$	—	3	100	mV	$V_{in}=8\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg. $I_2$	—	1	50	mV	$V_{in}=9\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	60	74	—	dB	$\theta_{in}=1V_{rms}$ , $f=120Hz$ , $I_o=100mA$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg. $L_1$	—	20	120	mV	$I_o=5\sim500mA$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg. $L_2$	—	10	60	mV	$I_o=5\sim200mA$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{cvo}$	—	-0.5	—	mV/C	$I_o=5mA$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ C$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	60	—	$\mu V$	$f=10Hz\sim100kHz$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500mA$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0mA$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350mA$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=9\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-P}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ C$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.4	—	A	$V_{in}=25V$	Fig.10

⟨BA178M07T/FP individual specifications⟩

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ ,  $V_{in}=13V$ ,  $I_o=350mA$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	6.7	7.0	7.3	V	$I_o=350mA$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	6.65	—	7.35	V	$V_{in}=9.5\sim22V$ , $I_o=5\sim350mA$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg. $I_1$	—	4	100	mV	$V_{in}=9\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg. $I_2$	—	1	50	mV	$V_{in}=10\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	57	71	—	dB	$\theta_{in}=1V_{rms}$ , $f=120Hz$ , $I_o=100mA$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg. $L_1$	—	20	140	mV	$I_o=5\sim500mA$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg. $L_2$	—	10	70	mV	$I_o=5\sim200mA$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{cvo}$	—	-0.5	—	mV/C	$I_o=5mA$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ C$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	70	—	$\mu V$	$f=10Hz\sim100kHz$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500mA$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0mA$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350mA$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=10\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-P}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ C$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.4	—	A	$V_{in}=25V$	Fig.10

Standard 78M Series 3-Terminal Regulators

General-Purpose Series Regulators

(BA178M08T/FP individual specifications)

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ ,  $V_{in}=14V$ ,  $I_o=350mA$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	7.7	8.0	8.3	V	$I_o=350mA$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	7.6	—	8.4	V	$V_{in}=10.5\sim23V$ , $I_o=5\sim350mA$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	$Reg.I_1$	—	4	100	mV	$V_{in}=10.5\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	$Reg.I_2$	—	1	50	mV	$V_{in}=11\sim12V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	56	69	—	dB	$\theta_{in}=1V_{rms}$ , $f=120Hz$ , $I_o=100mA$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	$Reg.L_1$	—	20	160	mV	$I_o=5\sim500mA$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	$Reg.L_2$	—	10	80	mV	$I_o=5\sim200mA$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{vvo}$	—	-0.5	—	mV/°C	$I_o=5mA$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ C$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	80	—	μV	$f=10Hz\sim100kHz$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500mA$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0mA$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350mA$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=10.5\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-P}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ C$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.4	—	A	$V_{in}=25V$	Fig.10

(BA178M09T/FP individual specifications)

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ C$ ,  $V_{in}=16V$ ,  $I_o=350mA$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	8.6	9.0	9.4	V	$I_o=350mA$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	8.55	—	9.45	V	$V_{in}=11.5\sim24V$ , $I_o=5\sim350mA$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	$Reg.I_1$	—	4	100	mV	$V_{in}=11.5\sim26V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	$Reg.I_2$	—	2	50	mV	$V_{in}=12\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	56	67	—	dB	$\theta_{in}=1V_{rms}$ , $f=120Hz$ , $I_o=100mA$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	$Reg.L_1$	—	20	180	mV	$I_o=5\sim500mA$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	$Reg.L_2$	—	10	90	mV	$I_o=5\sim200mA$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{vvo}$	—	-0.5	—	mV/°C	$I_o=5mA$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ C$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	90	—	μV	$f=10Hz\sim100kHz$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500mA$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0mA$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350mA$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=12\sim25V$ , $I_o=200mA$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-P}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ C$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.17	—	A	$V_{in}=30V$	Fig.10

(BA178M10T/FP individual specifications)

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{in}=16\text{V}$ ,  $I_o=350\text{mA}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	9.6	10.0	10.4	V	$I_o=350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	9.5	—	10.5	V	$V_{in}=12.5\sim25\text{V}$ , $I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg. $I_1$	—	5	100	mV	$V_{in}=12.5\sim28\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg. $I_2$	—	2	50	mV	$V_{in}=14\sim26\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	56	66	—	dB	$e_{in}=1\text{V}_{rms}$ , $f=120\text{Hz}$ , $I_o=100\text{mA}$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg. $L_1$	—	20	200	mV	$I_o=5\sim500\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg. $L_2$	—	10	100	mV	$I_o=5\sim200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{vvo}$	—	-0.5	—	mV/°C	$I_o=5\text{mA}$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	100	—	μV	$f=10\text{Hz}\sim100\text{kHz}$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500\text{mA}$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=13\sim25\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-P}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.17	—	A	$V_{in}=30\text{V}$	Fig.10

(BA178M12T/FP individual specifications)

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{in}=19\text{V}$ ,  $I_o=350\text{mA}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	11.5	12.0	12.5	V	$I_o=350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	11.4	—	12.6	V	$V_{in}=15\sim27\text{V}$ , $I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg. $I_1$	—	5	100	mV	$V_{in}=14.5\sim30\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg. $I_2$	—	3	50	mV	$V_{in}=16\sim30\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	55	63	—	dB	$e_{in}=1\text{V}_{rms}$ , $f=120\text{Hz}$ , $I_o=100\text{mA}$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg. $L_1$	—	20	240	mV	$I_o=5\sim500\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg. $L_2$	—	10	120	mV	$I_o=5\sim200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{vvo}$	—	-0.5	—	mV/°C	$I_o=5\text{mA}$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	110	—	μV	$f=10\text{Hz}\sim100\text{kHz}$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500\text{mA}$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=14.5\sim30\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-P}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.17	—	A	$V_{in}=30\text{V}$	Fig.10

⟨BA178M15T/FP individual specifications⟩

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{in}=23\text{V}$ ,  $I_o=350\text{mA}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	14.4	15.0	15.6	V	$I_o=350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	14.25	—	15.75	V	$V_{in}=17.5\sim30\text{V}$ , $I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg. $I_1$	—	6	100	mV	$V_{in}=17.5\sim30\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg. $I_2$	—	3	50	mV	$V_{in}=20\sim30\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	54	60	—	dB	$\theta_{in}=1\text{V}_{rms}$ , $f=120\text{Hz}$ , $I_o=100\text{mA}$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg. $L_1$	—	20	300	mV	$I_o=5\sim500\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg. $L_2$	—	10	150	mV	$I_o=5\sim200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{vvo}$	—	-0.6	—	mV/°C	$I_o=5\text{mA}$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	130	—	μV	$f=10\text{Hz}\sim100\text{kHz}$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500\text{mA}$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=17.5\sim30\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-p}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.17	—	A	$V_{in}=30\text{V}$	Fig.10

⟨BA178M18T/FP individual specifications⟩

●Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{in}=27\text{V}$ ,  $I_o=350\text{mA}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	17.3	18.0	18.7	V	$I_o=350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	17.1	—	18.9	V	$V_{in}=21\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg. $I_1$	—	7	100	mV	$V_{in}=21\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg. $I_2$	—	3	50	mV	$V_{in}=24\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	53	58	—	dB	$\theta_{in}=1\text{V}_{rms}$ , $f=120\text{Hz}$ , $I_o=100\text{mA}$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg. $L_1$	—	20	360	mV	$I_o=5\sim500\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg. $L_2$	—	10	180	mV	$I_o=5\sim200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{vvo}$	—	-0.6	—	mV/°C	$I_o=5\text{mA}$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	140	—	μV	$f=10\text{Hz}\sim100\text{kHz}$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500\text{mA}$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=21\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-p}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.17	—	A	$V_{in}=30\text{V}$	Fig.10

⟨BA178M20T/FP individual specifications⟩

● Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{in}=29\text{V}$ ,  $I_o=350\text{mA}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	19.2	20.0	20.8	V	$I_o=350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	19.0	—	21.0	V	$V_{in}=23\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg. $I_1$	—	8	100	mV	$V_{in}=23\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg. $I_2$	—	4	50	mV	$V_{in}=24\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	53	58	—	dB	$\theta_{in}=1\text{V}_{rms}$ , $f=120\text{Hz}$ , $I_o=100\text{mA}$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg. $L_1$	—	20	400	mV	$I_o=5\sim500\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg. $L_2$	—	10	200	mV	$I_o=5\sim200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{vvo}$	—	-0.7	—	mV/°C	$I_o=5\text{mA}$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	150	—	μV	$f=10\text{Hz}\sim100\text{kHz}$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500\text{mA}$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.5	6.0	mA	$I_o=0\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=23\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-P}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.17	—	A	$V_{in}=30\text{V}$	Fig.10

⟨BA178M24T/FP individual specifications⟩

● Electrical characteristics (unless otherwise noted,  $T_a=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{in}=33\text{V}$ ,  $I_o=350\text{mA}$ )

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Conditions	Measurement Circuit
Output voltage 1	$V_{o1}$	23.0	24.0	25.0	V	$I_o=350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Output voltage 2	$V_{o2}$	22.8	—	25.2	V	$V_{in}=27\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 1	Reg. $I_1$	—	10	100	mV	$V_{in}=27\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Line regulation 2	Reg. $I_2$	—	5	50	mV	$V_{in}=28\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Ripple rejection	R.R.	50	55	—	dB	$\theta_{in}=1\text{V}_{rms}$ , $f=120\text{Hz}$ , $I_o=100\text{mA}$	Fig.6
Load regulation 1	Reg. $L_1$	—	20	480	mV	$I_o=5\sim500\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Load regulation 2	Reg. $L_2$	—	10	240	mV	$I_o=5\sim200\text{mA}$	Fig.5
Temperature coefficient of output voltage	$T_{vvo}$	—	-0.7	—	mV/°C	$I_o=5\text{mA}$ , $T_j=0\sim125^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Output noise voltage	$V_n$	—	170	—	μV	$f=10\text{Hz}\sim100\text{kHz}$	Fig.7
Dropout voltage	$V_d$	—	2.0	—	V	$I_o=500\text{mA}$	Fig.8
Bias current	$I_b$	—	4.8	6.0	mA	$I_o=0\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 1	$I_{b1}$	—	—	0.5	mA	$I_o=5\sim350\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Bias current change 2	$I_{b2}$	—	—	0.8	mA	$V_{in}=27\sim33\text{V}$ , $I_o=200\text{mA}$	Fig.9
Peak output current	$I_{o-P}$	—	875	—	mA	$T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	Fig.5
Short-circuit output current	$I_{os}$	—	0.17	—	A	$V_{in}=30\text{V}$	Fig.10

## ●Electrical characteristic curves

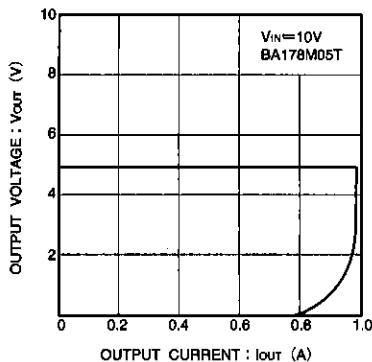


Fig. 1 Current limit characteristic

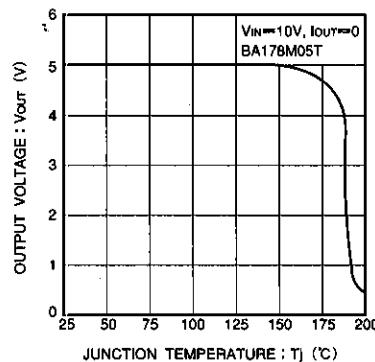


Fig. 2 Thermal cutoff circuit characteristic

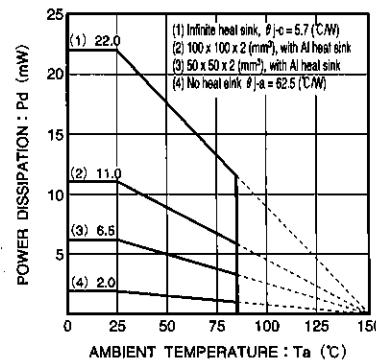


Fig. 3 Ta - power consumption characteristic (TO220FP)

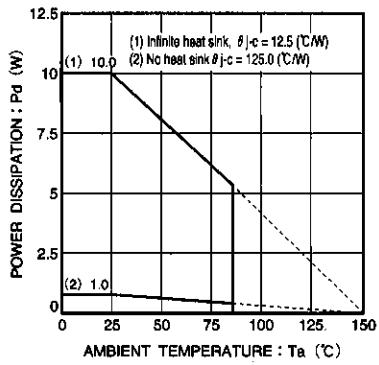


Fig. 4 Ta - power consumption characteristic (TO252-3)

## ●Measurement circuits

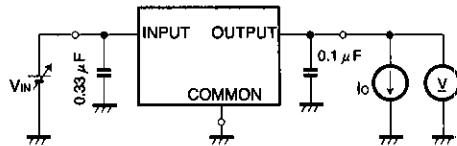


Fig. 5 Measurement circuit for output voltage, line regulation, load regulation, temperature coefficient of output voltage

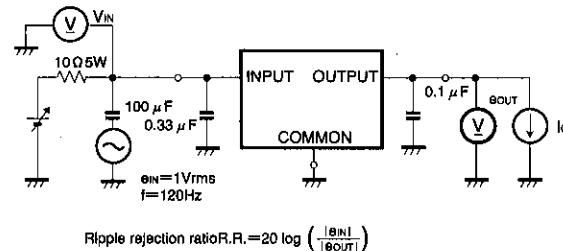


Fig. 6 Measurement circuit for ripple rejection

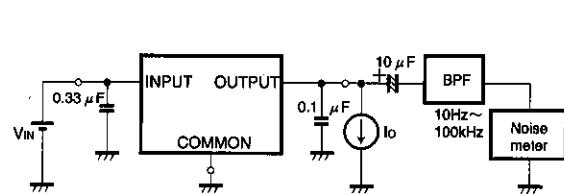


Fig. 7 Measurement circuit for output noise voltage

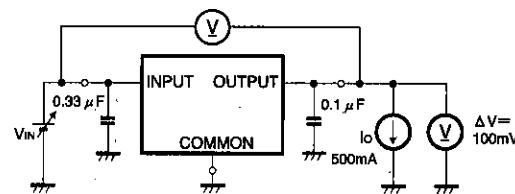


Fig. 8 Measurement circuit for dropout voltage

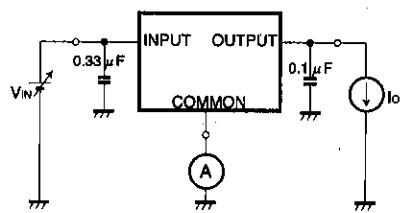


Fig. 9 Measurement circuit for bias current and bias current change

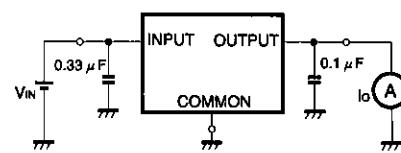


Fig. 10 Measurement circuit for short-circuit output current

**●Precautions for use**

1. Although the circuit examples included in this handbook are highly recommendable for general use, you should be thoroughly familiar with circuit characteristics as they relate to your own use conditions. If you intend to change the number of external circuits, leave an ample margin, taking into account discrepancies in both static and dynamic characteristics of external parts and Rohm ICs. In addition, please be advised that Rohm cannot provide complete assurance regarding patent rights.

**2. Operating power supply voltage**

When operating within the normal voltage range and within the ambient operating temperature range, most circuit functions are guaranteed. The rated values cannot be guaranteed for the electrical characteristics, but there are no sudden changes of the characteristics within these ranges.

**3. Power dissipation Pd**

Heat attenuation characteristics are noted on a separate page and can be used as a guide in judging power dissipation.

If these ICs are used in such a way that the allowable power dissipation level is exceeded, an increase in the chip temperature could cause a reduction in the current capability or could otherwise adversely affect the performance of the IC. Make sure a sufficient margin is allowed so that the allowable power dissipation value is not exceeded.

**4. Preventing oscillation in output and using bypass capacitors**

Always use a capacitor between the output pins and the GND to prevent fluctuation in the output and to

prevent oscillation between the output pins and the GN of the application's input ( $V_{IN}$   $\mu$ F should be used.) Changes in the temperature and other factors can cause the capacitance of the capacitor to change, and this can cause oscillation. To prevent this, we recommend using a tantalum capacitor which has minimal changes in nominal capacitance.

Also, we recommend adding a bypass capacitor of about 0.33  $\mu$ F between the input pin and the GND, as close to the pin as possible.

**5. Thermal overload circuit**

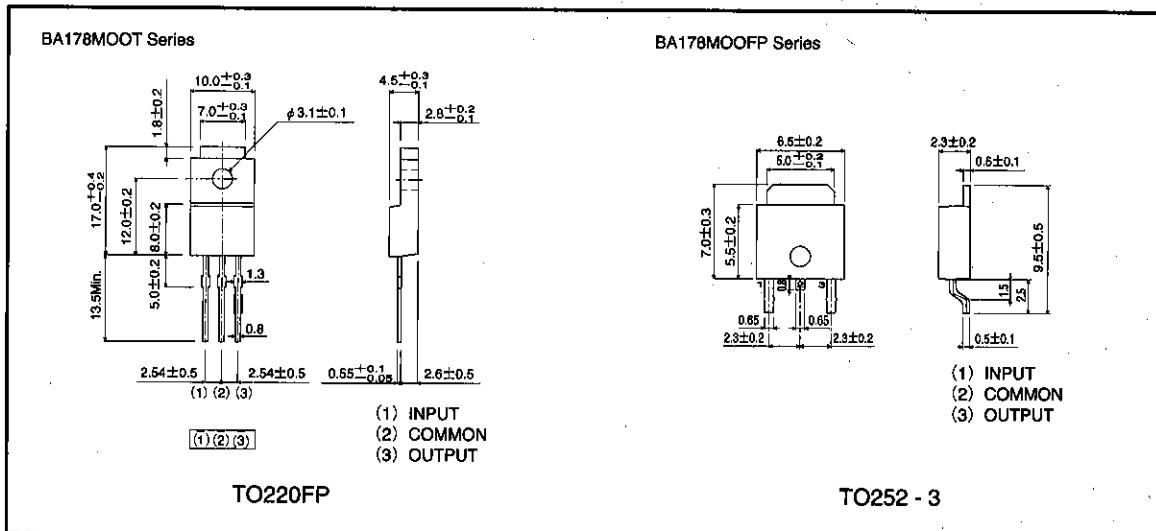
A built-in thermal overload circuit prevents damage from overheating. When the thermal circuit is activated, the various outputs are in the OFF state. When the temperature drops back to a constant level, the circuit is restored.

6. Internal circuits could be damaged if there are modes in which the electric potential of the application's input ( $V_{IN}$ ) and GND are the opposite of the electric potential of the various outputs. Use of a diode or other such bypass path is recommended.

7. Although the manufacture of this product includes rigorous quality assurance procedures, it may be damaged if absolute maximum ratings for voltage or operating temperature are exceeded. When damage has occurred, special modes (such as short circuit mode or open circuit mode) cannot be specified. If it is possible that such special modes may be needed, please consider using a fuse or some other mechanical safety measure.

8. When used within a strong magnetic field, be aware that there is a slight possibility of malfunction.

## ●External dimensions (Units: mm)



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