

DATA SHEET

TDF8704
8-bit high-speed analog-to-digital
converter

Product specification
Supersedes data of April 1993
File under Integrated Circuits, IC02

June 1994

Philips Semiconductors



PHILIPS

8-bit high-speed analog-to-digital converter**TDF8704****FEATURES**

- 8-bit resolution
- Sampling rate up to 50 MHz
- Extended temperature range (-40 to +85 °C)
- High signal-to-noise ratio over a large analog input frequency range (7.4 effective bits at 4.43 MHz full-scale input and at $f_{clk} = 50$ MHz)
- Binary 3-state TTL outputs
- Overflow/underflow 3-state TTL output
- TTL compatible digital inputs
- Low-level AC clock input signal allowed
- Stable internal reference voltage regulator included
- Power dissipation only 380 mW (typical)
- Low analog input capacitance, no buffer amplifier required
- No sample-and-hold circuit required.

APPLICATIONS

- General purpose high-speed analog-to-digital conversion for extended temperature applications
- Automotive
- RF, satellite and GPS (Global Positioning System)
- Medical
- General industrial
- Digital video (VCR, TV and satellite).

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The TDF8704T is an 8-bit high-speed analog-to-digital converter (ADC) for general industrial applications. It converts the analog input signal into 8-bit binary-coded digital words at a maximum sampling rate of 50 MHz. All digital inputs and outputs are TTL compatible, although a low-level AC clock input signal is allowed.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{CCA}	analog supply voltage		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
V_{CCD}	digital supply voltage		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
V_{CCO}	output stages supply voltage		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
I_{CCA}	analog supply current		–	37	46	mA
I_{CCD}	digital supply current		–	23	35	mA
I_{CCO}	output stages supply current		–	16	21	mA
ILE	DC integral linear error		–	±0.4	±1	LSB
DLE	DC differential linearity error		–	±0.2	±0.5	LSB
AILE	AC integral linearity error	note 1	–	–	±2	LSB
$f_{clk(max)}$	maximum clock frequency		50	–	–	MHz
P_{tot}	total power dissipation		–	380	535	mW

Note

1. Full-scale sine wave ($f_i = 4.43$ MHz; $f_{clk} = 50$ MHz).

ORDERING INFORMATION

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE				SAMPLING FREQUENCY
	PINS	PIN POSITION	MATERIAL	CODE	
TDF8704T/2	24	SO24L	plastic	SOT137-1	20 MHz
TDF8704T/4	24	SO24L	plastic	SOT137-1	40 MHz
TDF8704T/5	24	SO24L	plastic	SOT137-1	50 MHz

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BLOCK DIAGRAM

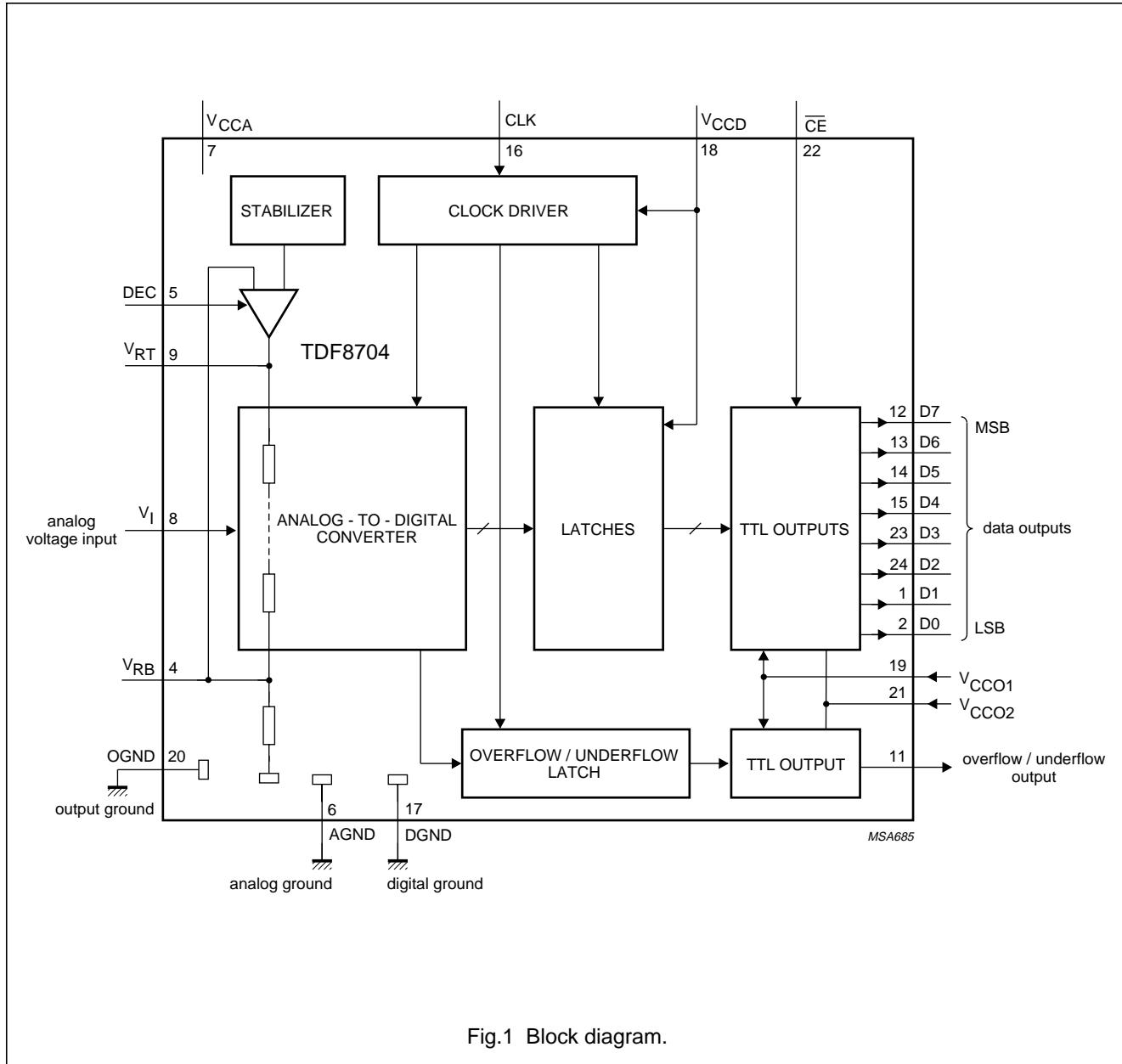


Fig.1 Block diagram.

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PINNING

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
D1	1	data output; bit 1
D0	2	data output; bit 0 (LSB)
n.c.	3	not connected
V _{RB}	4	reference voltage BOTTOM (decoupling)
DEC	5	decoupling input (internal stabilization loop decoupling)
AGND	6	analog ground
V _{CCA}	7	analog supply voltage (+5 V)
V _I	8	analog input voltage
V _{RT}	9	reference voltage TOP (decoupling)
n.c.	10	not connected
O/UF	11	overflow/underflow data output
D7	12	data output; bit 7 (MSB)
D6	13	data output; bit 6
D5	14	data output; bit 5
D4	15	data output; bit 4
CLK	16	clock input
DGND	17	digital ground
V _{CCD}	18	digital supply voltage (+5 V)
V _{CCO1}	19	supply voltage for output stages 1 (+5 V)
OGND	20	output ground
V _{CCO2}	21	supply voltage for output stages 2 (+5 V)
CE	22	chip enable input (TTL level input, active LOW)
D3	23	data output; bit 3
D2	24	data output; bit 2

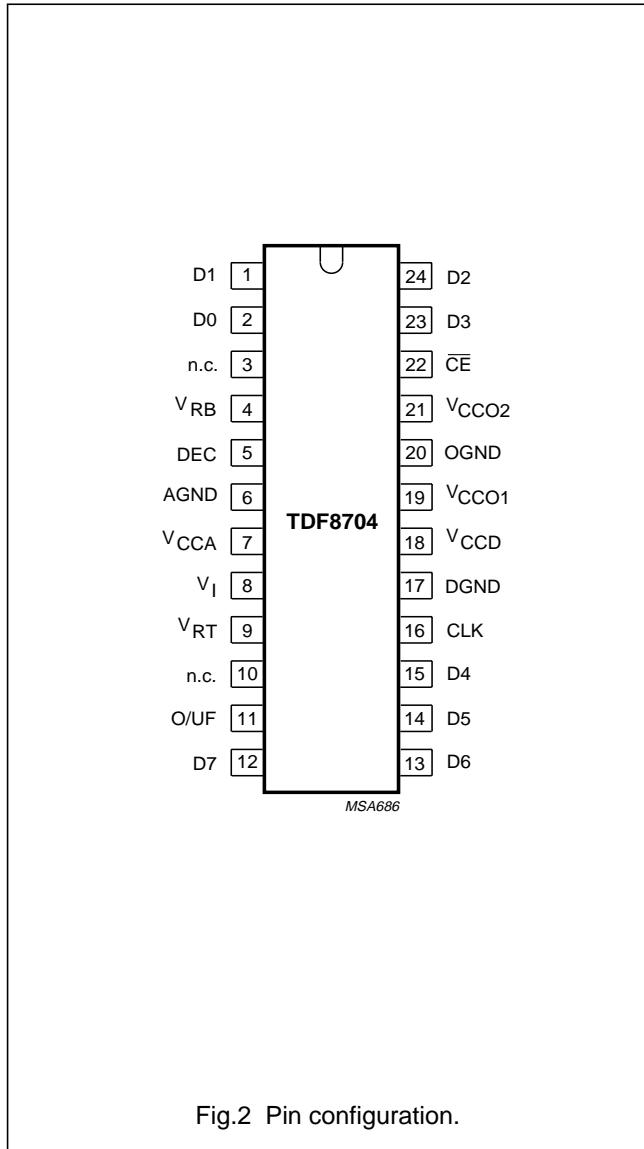


Fig.2 Pin configuration.

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LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
V_{CCA}	analog supply voltage		-0.3	+7.0	V
V_{CCD}	digital supply voltage		-0.3	+7.0	V
V_{CCO}	output stages supply voltage		-0.3	+7.0	V
ΔV_{CC}	supply voltage differences between V_{CCA} and V_{CCD}		-1.0	+1.0	V
ΔV_{CC}	supply voltage differences between V_{CCO} and V_{CCD}		-1.0	+1.0	V
ΔV_{CC}	supply voltage differences between V_{CCA} and V_{CCO}		-1.0	+1.0	V
V_I	input voltage	referenced to AGND	-0.3	+7.0	V
$V_{clk(p-p)}$	AC input voltage for switching (peak-to-peak value)	referenced to DGND	-	V_{CCD}	V
I_O	output current		-	10	mA
T_{stg}	storage temperature		-55	+150	°C
T_{amb}	operating ambient temperature		-40	+85	°C
T_j	junction temperature		-	+150	°C

HANDLING

Inputs and outputs are protected against electrostatic discharges in normal handling. However, to be totally safe, it is desirable to take normal precautions appropriate to handling integrated circuits.

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{th\ j-a}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient in free air	75	K/W

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CHARACTERISTICS (see Tables 1 and 2)

$V_{CCA} = V_7 \text{ to } V_6 = 4.75 \text{ to } 5.25 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCD} = V_{18} \text{ to } V_{17} = 4.75 \text{ to } 5.25 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCO} = V_{19}$ and $V_{21} \text{ to } V_{20} = 4.75 \text{ to } 5.25 \text{ V}$; AGND and DGND shorted together; $V_{CCA} \text{ to } V_{CCD} = -0.25 \text{ to } +0.25 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCO} \text{ to } V_{CCD} = -0.25 \text{ to } +0.25 \text{ V}$; $V_{CCA} \text{ to } V_{CCD} = -0.25 \text{ to } +0.25 \text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = -40 \text{ to } +85^\circ\text{C}$; typical readings taken at $V_{CCA} = V_{CCD} = 5 \text{ V}$ and $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Supply						
V_{CCA}	analog supply voltage		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
V_{CCD}	digital supply voltage		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
V_{CCO}	output stages supply voltage		4.75	5.0	5.25	V
I_{CCA}	analog supply current		–	37	46	mA
I_{CCD}	digital supply current		–	23	35	mA
I_{CCO}	output stages supply current	all outputs LOW	–	16	21	mA
Inputs						
CLOCK INPUT CLK (REFERENCED TO DGND)						
V_{IL}	LOW level input voltage		0	–	0.8	V
V_{IH}	HIGH level input voltage		2.0	–	V_{CCD}	V
I_{IL}	LOW level input current	$V_{clk} = 0.4 \text{ V}$	-400	–	–	μA
I_{IH}	HIGH level input current	$V_{clk} = 2.7 \text{ V}$	–	–	100	μA
		$V_{clk} = V_{CCD}$	–	–	300	μA
Z_I	input impedance	$f_{clk} = 50 \text{ MHz}$	–	2	–	$\text{k}\Omega$
C_I	input capacitance	$f_{clk} = 50 \text{ MHz}$	–	4.5	–	pF
V_I (ANALOG INPUT VOLTAGE REFERENCED TO AGDN; SEE FIGS 3 AND 4 AND TABLE 1)						
$V_{I(B)}$	input voltage (BOTTOM)		1.21	1.25	1.29	V
$V_{I(0)}$	input voltage	output code = 0	1.42	1.48	1.51	V
$V_{os(B)}$	offset voltage (BOTTOM)	$V_{I(0)}$ to $V_{I(B)}$	210	225	240	V
$V_{I(T)}$	input voltage (TOP)		3.37	3.46	3.58	V
$V_{I(255)}$	input voltage	output code = 255	3.14	3.22	3.30	V
$V_{os(T)}$	offset voltage (TOP)	$V_{I(T)}$ to $V_{I(255)}$	225	240	255	V
$V_{I(p-p)}$	input voltage amplitude (peak-to-peak value)		1.69	1.74	1.79	V
I_L	load current on V_{RT} and V_{RB}		-300	–	+300	μA
I_{IL}	LOW level input current	$V_I = 1.25 \text{ V}$	–	0	–	μA
I_{IH}	HIGH level input current	$V_I = 3.46 \text{ V}$	40	150	400	μA
Z_I	input impedance	$f_i = 4.43 \text{ MHz}$	–	10	–	$\text{k}\Omega$
C_I	input capacitance	$f_i = 4.43 \text{ MHz}$	–	14	–	pF

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SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
INPUT \overline{CE} (REFERENCED TO DGND) SEE TABLE 2						
V_{IL}	LOW level input voltage		0	–	0.8	V
V_{IH}	HIGH level input voltage		2.0	–	V_{CCD}	V
I_{IL}	LOW level input current	$V_{IL} = 0.4$ V	–400	–	–	μ A
I_{IH}	HIGH level input current	$V_{IH} = 2.7$ V	–	–	20	μ A
Reference resistance						
R_{ref}	reference resistance	V_{RT} to V_{RB}	–	200	–	Ω
Outputs						
DIGITAL OUTPUTS D7 TO D0 (REFERENCED TO DGND)						
V_{OL}	LOW level output voltage	$I_O = 1$ mA; $T_{amb} = 0$ to $+85$ °C	0	–	0.4	V
		$I_O = 1$ mA; $T_{amb} = 0$ to -40 °C	–	–	0.6	V
V_{OH}	HIGH level output voltage	$I_O = -0.4$ mA	2.7	–	V_{CCD}	V
I_{OZ}	output current in 3-state mode	0.4 V < V_O < V_{CCD}	–20	–	+20	μ A
Switching characteristics						
CLOCK INPUT CLK (NOTE 1; SEE FIG.15)						
$f_{clk(max)}$	maximum clock frequency TDF8704T/2 TDF8704T/4 TDF8704T/5		20	–	–	MHz
			40	–	–	MHz
			50	–	–	MHz
t_{CPH}	clock pulse width HIGH		7	–	–	ns
t_{CPL}	clock pulse width LOW		7	–	–	ns
Analog signal processing						
LINEARITY						
ILE	DC integral linearity error		–	± 0.4	± 1.0	LSB
DLE	DC differential linearity error		–	± 0.2	± 0.5	LSB
$AILE$	AC integral linearity error	note 2	–	–	± 2.0	LSB
BANDWIDTH ($f_{clk} = 40$ MHz)						
B	–0.5 dB analog bandwidth (note 3)	full-scale sine wave	–	12	–	MHz
		75% full-scale sine wave	–	16	–	MHz
t_{STLH}	analog input settling time LOW-to-HIGH	full-scale square wave; Fig.8; note 4	–	2.5	3.5	ns
t_{STHL}	analog input settling time HIGH-to-LOW	full-scale square wave; Fig.8; note 4	–	3.0	4.0	ns

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SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
HARMONICS ($f_{clk} = 40$ MHz)						
h_1	fundamental harmonics (full scale)	$f_i = 4.43$ MHz	—	—	0	dB
h_{all}	harmonics (full scale); all components	$f_i = 4.43$ MHz	—	—64	—60	dB
	second harmonics		—	—58	—55	dB
	third harmonics		—	—	—	dB
THD	total harmonic distortion	$f_i = 4.43$ MHz	—	—56	—	dB
SIGNAL-TO-NOISE RATIO						
S/N	signal-to-noise ratio	without harmonics; $f_{clk} = 40$ MHz; $f_i = 4.43$ MHz	46	48	—	dB
EFFECTIVE BITS; NOTE 5; SEE FIGS 9, 10 AND 11						
EB	effective bits TDF8704T/2	$f_{clk} = 20$ MHz	—	7.8	—	bits
		$f_i = 1.25$ MHz	—	7.6	—	bits
		$f_i = 4.43$ MHz	—	—	—	bits
	effective bits TDF8704T/4	$f_{clk} = 40$ MHz	—	7.5	—	bits
		$f_i = 4.43$ MHz	—	7.3	—	bits
		$f_i = 7.5$ MHz	—	7.0	—	bits
		$f_i = 10$ MHz	—	—	—	bits
	effective bits TDF8704T/5	$f_{clk} = 50$ MHz	—	7.4	—	bits
		$f_i = 4.43$ MHz	—	7.2	—	bits
		$f_i = 7.5$ MHz	—	6.9	—	bits
TWO-TONE (NOTE 6)						
TTIR	two-tone intermodulation rejection	$f_{clk} = 40$ MHz	—	—56	—	dB
BIT ERROR RATE						
BER	bit error rate	$f_{clk} = 40$ MHz; $f_i = 4.43$ MHz; $V_i = \pm 16$ LSB at code 128	—	10^{-11}	—	times/ samples
DIFFERENTIAL GAIN (NOTE 7)						
G_{diff}	differential gain	$f_{clk} = 20$ MHz; $f_i = 4.43$ MHz	—	0.6	—	%
DIFFERENTIAL PHASE (NOTE 7)						
Φ_{diff}	differential phase	$f_{clk} = 40$ MHz; $f_i = 4.43$ MHz	—	0.8	—	deg

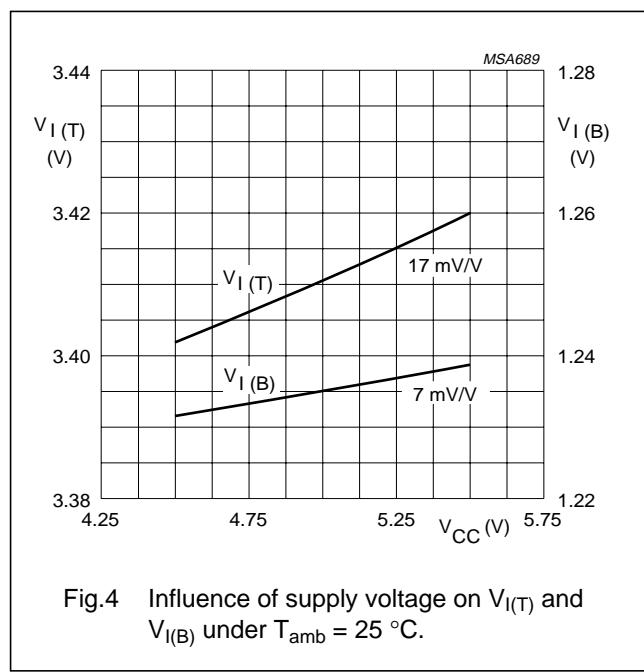
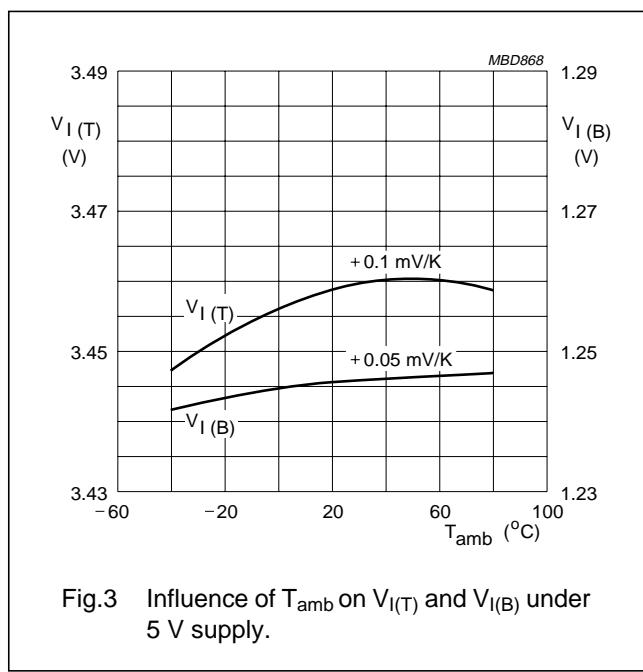
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SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Timing (note 8; see Figs 5 and 7; $f_{clk} = 50$ MHz)						
t_{ds}	sampling delay time		—	—	2	ns
t_h	output hold time		5	—	—	ns
t_d	output delay time		—	12	15	ns
3-state output delay times (see Figs 6 and 7)						
t_{dZH}	enable HIGH		—	6	10	ns
t_{dZL}	enable LOW		—	12	16	ns
t_{dHZ}	disable HIGH		—	50	54	ns
t_{dLZ}	disable LOW		—	10	14	ns

Notes

1. In addition to a good layout of the digital and analog ground, it is recommended that the rise and fall times of the clock must be less than 1 ns.
2. Full-scale sine wave ($f_i = 4.43$ MHz; $f_{clk} = 50$ MHz).
3. Determined by beat frequency method on a reconstructed sine wave signal for no missing codes and no glitches.
4. The analog input settling time is the minimum time required for the input signal to be stabilized after a sharp full-scale input (square-wave signal) in order to sample the signal and obtain correct output data.
5. Effective bits are obtained via a Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) treatment taking 4K acquisition points per period. The calculation takes into account all harmonics and noise up to half of the clock frequency (NYQUIST frequency). Conversion to signal-to-noise ratio: $S/N = EB \times 6.02 + 1.76$ dB.
6. Intermodulation measured relative to either tone with analog input frequencies of 4.43 MHz and 4.53 MHz. The two input signals have the same amplitude and the total amplitude of both signals provides full scale to the converter.
7. Measurement taken using video analyser VM700A.
8. Output data acquisition: the output data is available after the maximum delay time of t_d .



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Table 1 Output coding and input voltage (typical values; referenced to AGND).

STEP	$V_{I(p-p)}$	O/UF	BINARY OUTPUT BITS							
			D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0
Underflow	<1.48	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	1.48	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
.
.
254	.	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
255	3.46	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Overflow	>3.46	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

Table 2 Mode selection.

\overline{CE}	D7 TO D0	O/UF
1	high impedance	high impedance
0	active; binary	active

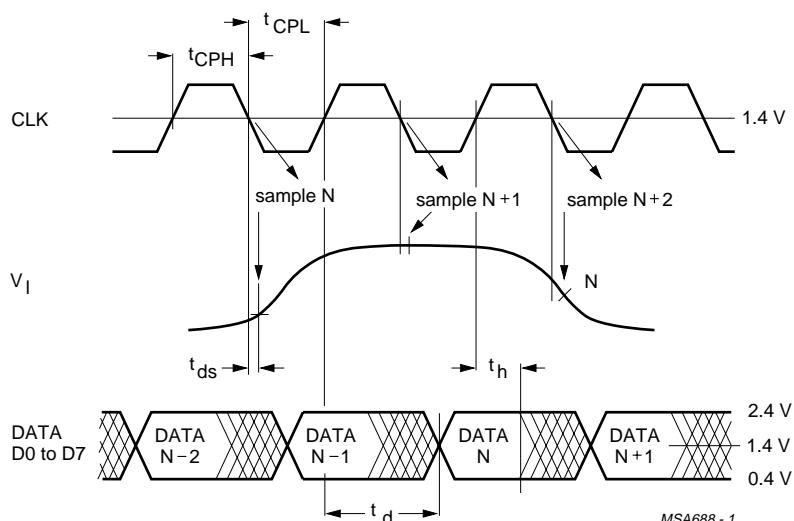


Fig.5 Timing diagram for data output.

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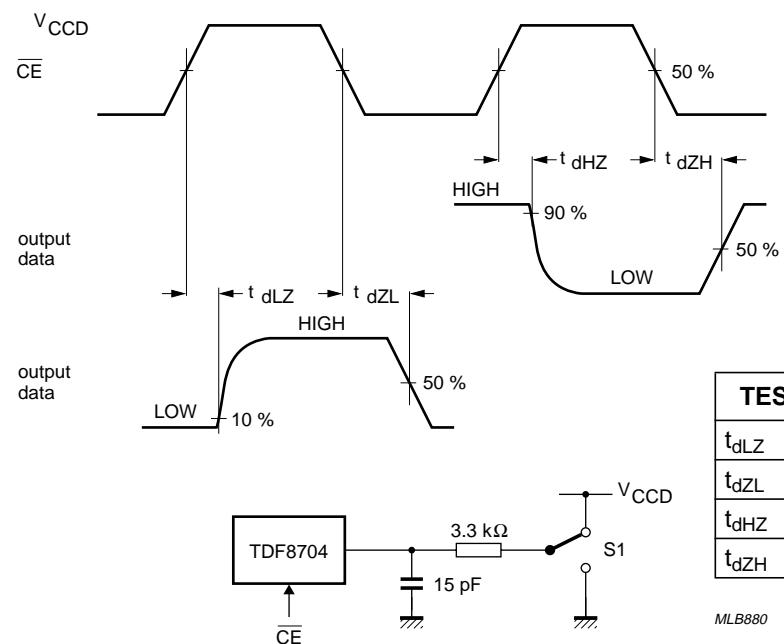
 $f_{\overline{CE}} = 100 \text{ kHz}$.

Fig.6 Timing diagram and test conditions of 3-state output delay time.

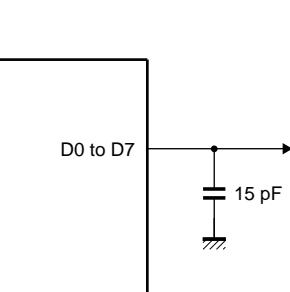


Fig.7 Load circuit for timing measurement.

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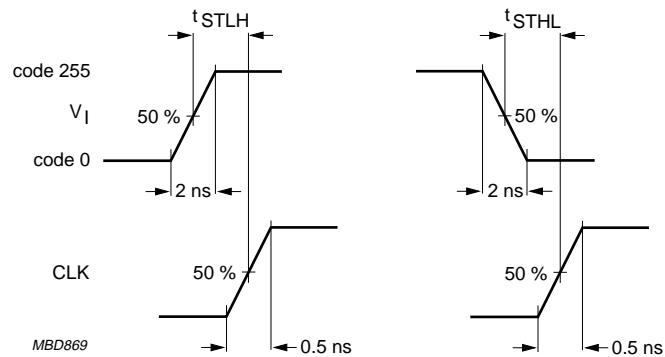
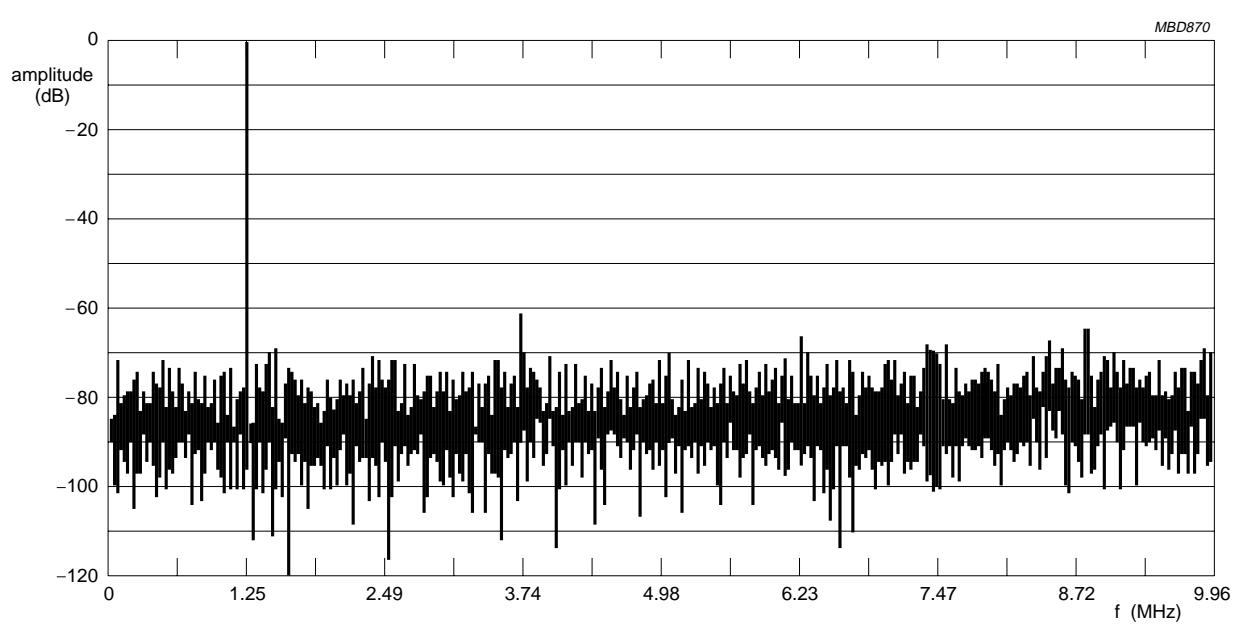


Fig.8 Analog input settling-time diagram.



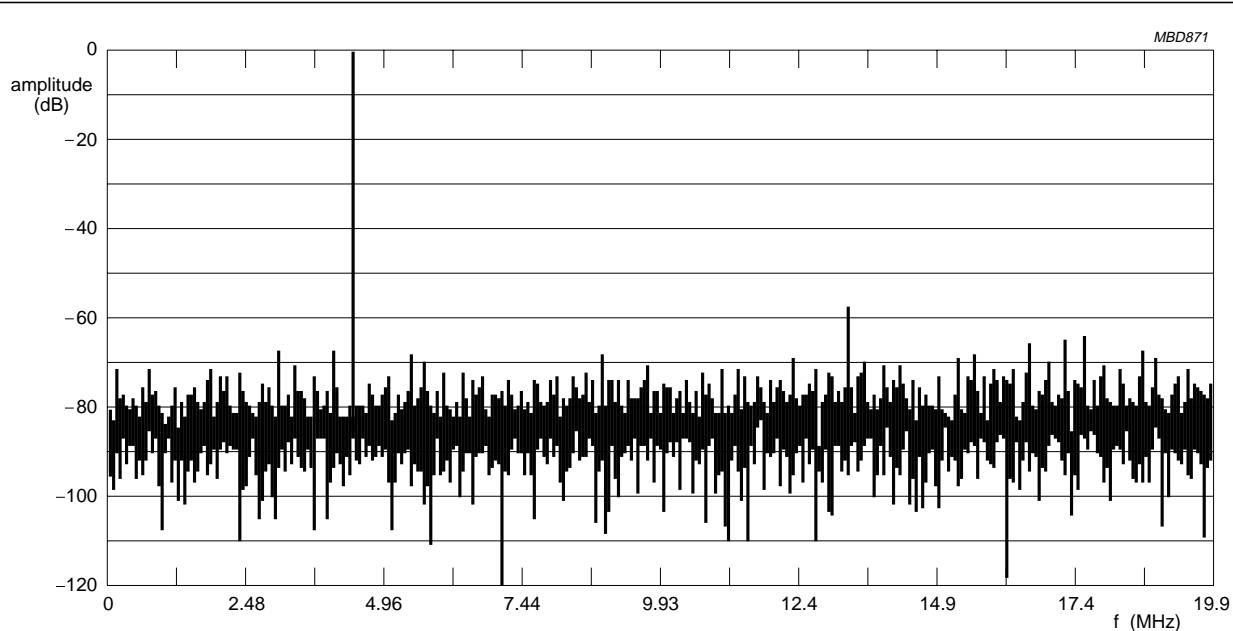
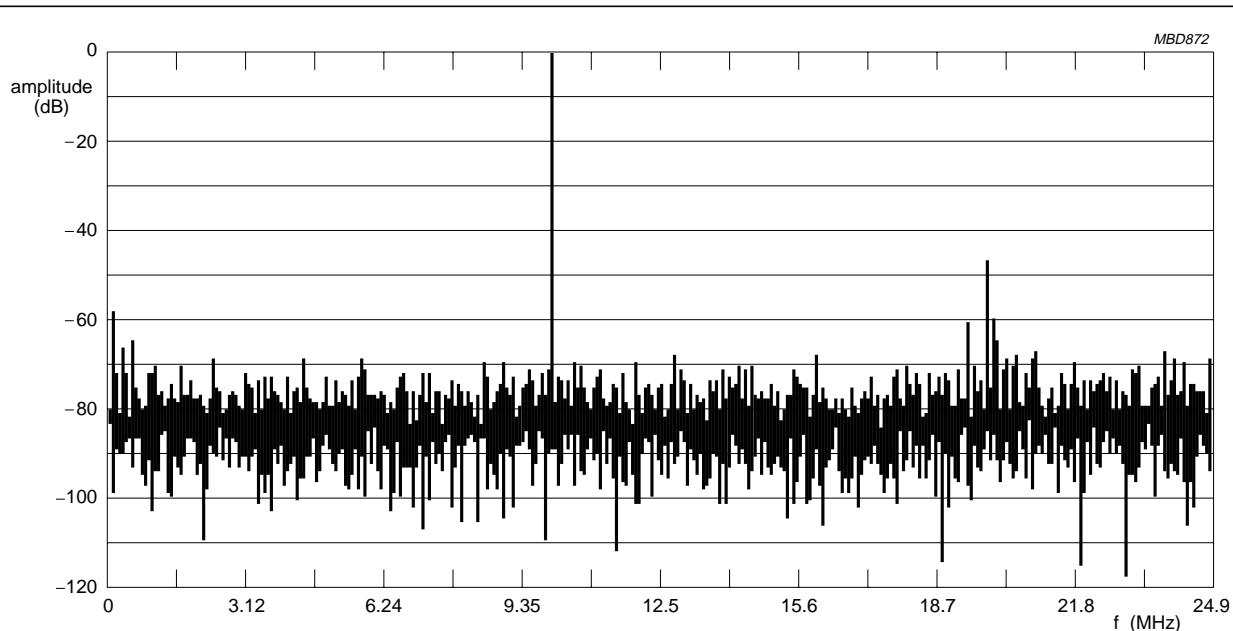
Effective bits: 7.89; THD = -61.05 dB.

Harmonic levels (dB): 2nd = -84.07; 3rd = -62.50; 4th = -92.01; 5th = -66.56; 6th = -101.15.

Fig.9 Fast Fourier Transform ($f_{\text{clk}} = 20 \text{ MHz}$; $f_i = 1.25 \text{ MHz}$).

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Fig.10 Fast Fourier Transform ($f_{\text{clk}} = 40 \text{ MHz}$; $f_i = 4.43 \text{ MHz}$).Fig.11 Fast Fourier Transform ($f_{\text{clk}} = 50 \text{ MHz}$; $f_i = 10 \text{ MHz}$).

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INTERNAL PIN CONFIGURATIONS

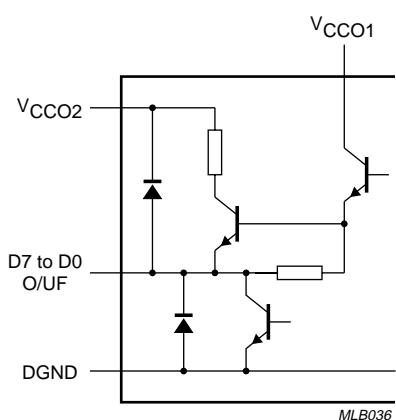


Fig.12 TTL data and overflow/underflow outputs.

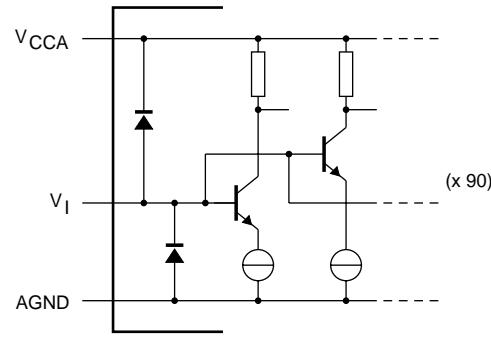


Fig.13 Analog inputs.

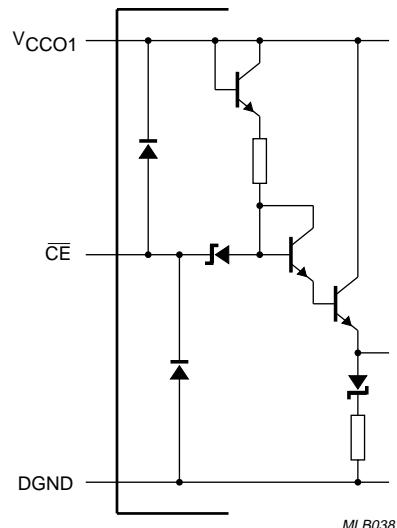


Fig.14 CE (3-state) input.

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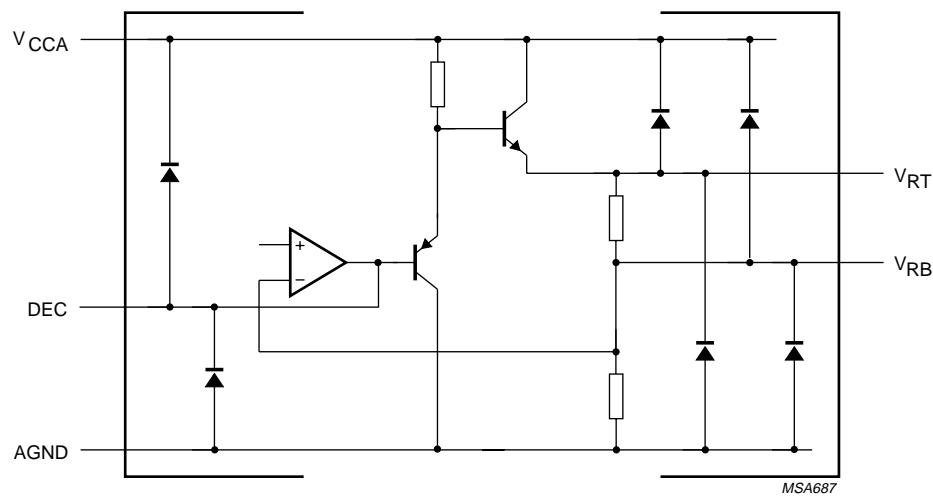
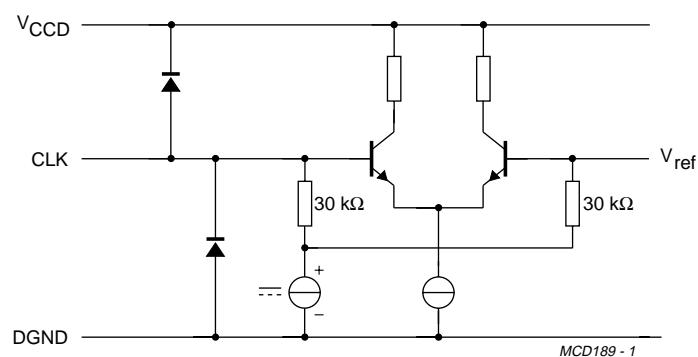
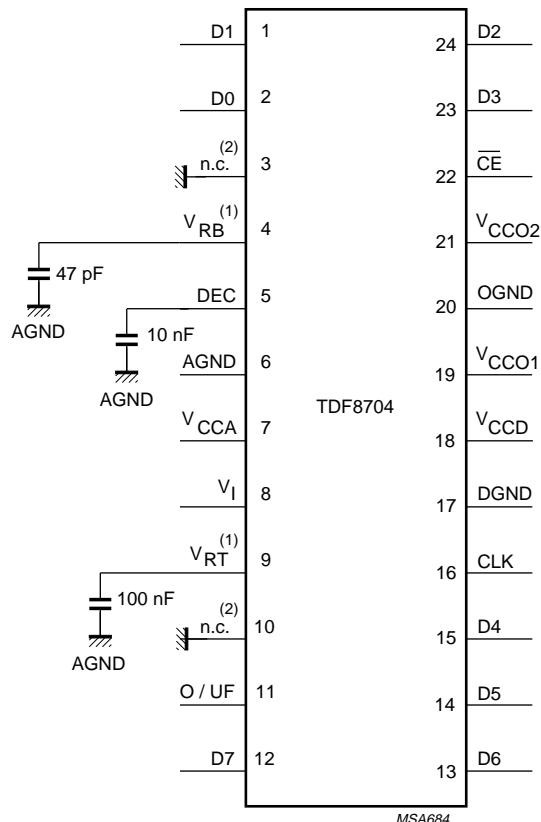
Fig.15 V_{RB} , V_{RT} and DEC .

Fig.16 CLK input.

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APPLICATION INFORMATION



The analog and digital supplies should be separated and decoupled.

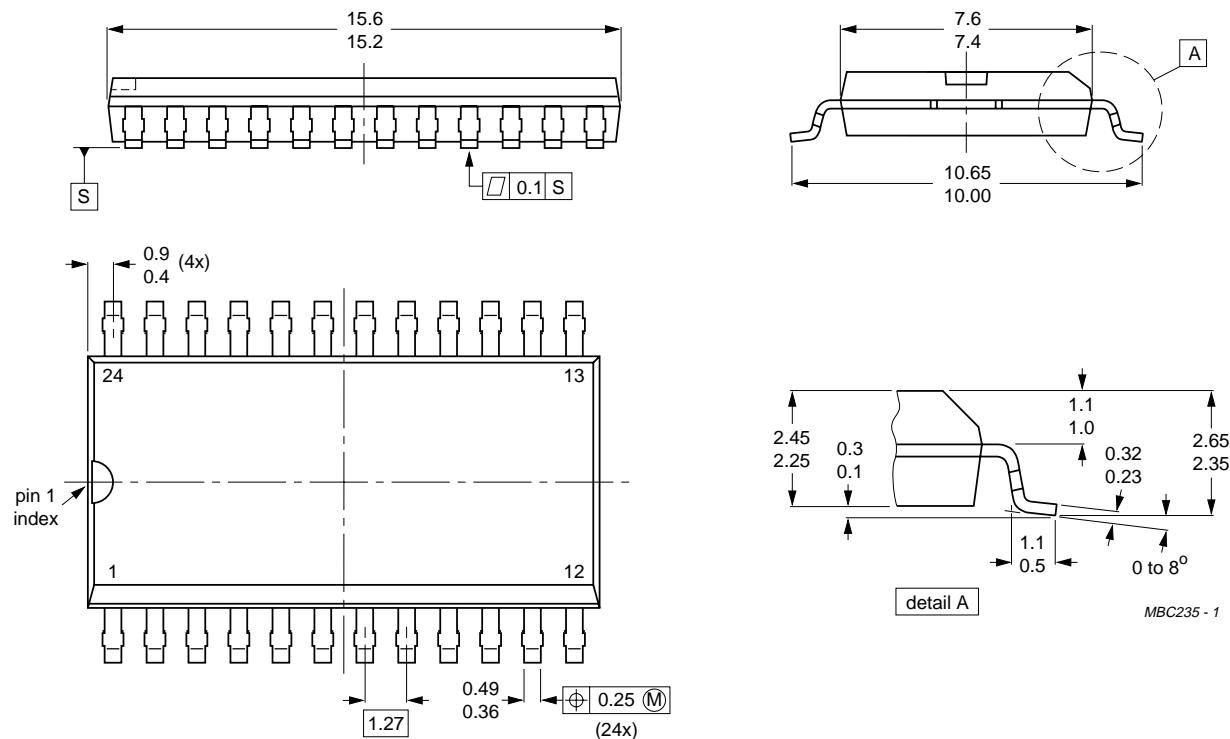
- (1) V_{RB} and V_{RT} are decoupling pins for the internal reference ladder; do not draw current from these pins in order to achieve good linearity.
- (2) Pins 3 and 10 should be connected to DGND in order to prevent noise influence.

Fig.17 Application diagram.

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PACKAGE OUTLINE



Dimensions in mm.

Fig.18 Plastic small outline package; 24 leads; large body; SOT137-1.

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SOLDERING

Plastic small-outline packages

BY WAVE

During placement and before soldering, the component must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. After curing the adhesive, the component can be soldered. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing.

Maximum permissible solder temperature is 260 °C, and maximum duration of package immersion in solder bath is 10 s, if allowed to cool to less than 150 °C within 6 s. Typical dwell time is 4 s at 250 °C.

A modified wave soldering technique is recommended using two solder waves (dual-wave), in which a turbulent wave with high upward pressure is followed by a smooth laminar wave. Using a mildly-activated flux eliminates the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

BY SOLDER PASTE REFLOW

Reflow soldering requires the solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be

applied to the substrate by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before device placement.

Several techniques exist for reflowing; for example, thermal conduction by heated belt, infrared, and vapour-phase reflow. Dwell times vary between 50 and 300 s according to method. Typical reflow temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C.

Preheating is necessary to dry the paste and evaporate the binding agent. Preheating duration: 45 min at 45 °C.

REPAIRING SOLDERED JOINTS (BY HAND-HELD SOLDERING IRON OR PULSE-HEATED SOLDER TOOL)

Fix the component by first soldering two, diagonally opposite, end pins. Apply the heating tool to the flat part of the pin only. Contact time must be limited to 10 s at up to 300 °C. When using proper tools, all other pins can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 s at between 270 and 320 °C. (Pulse-heated soldering is not recommended for SO packages.)

For pulse-heated solder tool (resistance) soldering of VSO packages, solder is applied to the substrate by dipping or by an extra thick tin/lead plating before package placement.

DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
Application information	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	

LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

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NOTES

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