

TDA9106

LOW COST DEFLECTION PROCESSOR FOR MULTISYNC MONITORS

PRELIMINARY DATA

HORIZONTAL

- SELF-ADAPTATIVE
- DUAL PLL CONCEPT
- 150kHz MAXIMUM FREQUENCY
- X-RAY PROTECTION INPUT
- I²C CONTROLS: HORIZONTAL DUTY-CYCLE, H-POSITION, FREE RUNNING FREQUENCY, FREQUENCY GENERATOR FOR BURN-IN MODE

VERTICAL

- VERTICAL RAMP GENERATOR
- 50 TO 165Hz AGC LOOP
- GEOMETRY TRACKING WITH V-POS & AMP
- I²C CONTROLS: V-AMP, V-POS, S-CORR, C-CORR

I²C GEOMETRY CORRECTIONS

- VERTICAL PARABOLA GENERATOR (Pincushion, Keystone, Corner Correction, Top/bottom Corner Correction Balance)
- HORIZONTAL DYNAMIC PHASE (Side Pin Balance & Parallelogram)
- HORIZONTAL AND VERTICAL DYNAMIC FO-CUS (Horizontal Focus Amplitude, Horizontal Focus Symmetry)

GENERAL

- SYNC PROCESSOR
- HOR. & VERT. SYNC OUTPUT FOR MCU
- HOR. & VERT. BLANKING OUTPUTS
- 12V SUPPLY VOLTAGE
- 8V REFERENCE VOLTAGE
- HOR. & VERT. LOCK UNLOCK OUTPUTS
- READ/WRITE I²C INTERFACE
- HORIZONTAL MOIRE OR DAC OUTPUT

DESCRIPTION

The TDA9106 is a monolithic integrated circuit assembled in 42 pins shrunk dual in line plastic package. This IC controls all the functions related to the horizontal and vertical deflection in multimodes or multi-frequency computer display monitors.

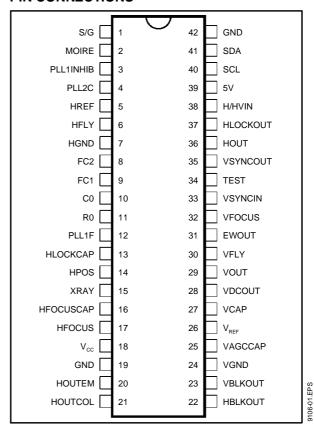
The internal sync processor, combined with the very powerful geometry correction block are making the TDA9106 suitable for very high performance monitors with very few external components.

It is particularly well suited for high-end 15" and 17" monitors.

Combined with ST7275 Microcontroller family, TDA9206 (Video preamplifier) and STV942x (On-Screen Display controller) the TDA9106 allows to built fully I²C bus controlled computer display monitors, thus reducing the number of external components to a minimum value.



PIN CONNECTIONS



November 1997 1/30

PIN CONNECTIONS

1 S/G Sync on green input 2 MOIRE Moire output 3 PLL1 INHIB TTL-Compatible input for PLL1 inhibition 4 PLL2C Second PLL Loop Filter 5 HREF Horizontal Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 6 HFLY Horizontal Flyback Input (positive polarity) 7 HGND Horizontal Section Ground 8 FC2 VCO Low Threshold filtering Capacitor 9 FC1 VCO High Threshold filtering Capacitor 10 C0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Resistor 12 PLL1F First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLOCKCAP First PLL Loop Filter 14 HPOS Horizontal Centering Output (to filter) 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 Vocour Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT Settical Position Reference Voltage Output 32 VFCCUS Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 34 VFCUS Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 35 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 37 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 38 H/HVIN TTL Horizontal Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 39 SV Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL If-C-Clock input 41 SDA If-	Pin	Name	Function
PLL1 INHIB TTL-Compatible input for PLL1 inhibition 4 PLL2C Second PLL Loop Filter 5 HREF Horizontal Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 6 HFLY Horizontal Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 7 HGND Horizontal Section Ground 8 FC2 VCO Low Threshold filtering Capacitor 9 FC1 VCO High Threshold filtering Capacitor 10 C0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 12 PLL1F First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLOCKCAP First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLOCKCAP First PLL Loop Filter 14 HPOS Horizontal Centering Output (to filter) 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 10 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 11 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HBLOCUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 22 HBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sankooth Generator Capacitor 28 Vocour Vertical Position Reference Voltage (to filter) 30 VFLY Vertical First Plack Input (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFCCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used -Test pin 35 VSYNCIN TTL-tompatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 37 HLOCKOUT TTL-tompatible Vertical Sync Input (for unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I ² C-lock input	1	S/G	Sync on green input
4 PLL2C Second PLL Loop Filter 5 HREF Horizontal Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 6 HFLY Horizontal Flyback Input (positive polarity) 7 HGND Horizontal Section Ground 8 FC2 VCO Low Threshold filtering Capacitor 9 FC1 VCO High Threshold filtering Capacitor 10 C0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Resistor 12 PLL1F First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLOCKCAP First PLL Lock/Unlock Time Constant Capacitor 14 HPOS Horizontal Oscillator Resistor 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 18 V _C c Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (see activation table) 22 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 V _{REF} Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Position Reference Voltage (to filter) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT EastWest Pincushino Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFCCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 37 HLOCKOUT TFL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I ^C C-Clock input	2	MOIRE	Moire output
First	3	PLL1 INHIB	TTL-Compatible input for PLL1 inhibition
6 HFLY Horizontal Flyback Input (positive polarity) 7 HGND Horizontal Section Ground 8 FC2 VCO Low Threshold filtering Capacitor 9 FC1 VCO High Threshold filtering Capacitor 10 C0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Resistor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Resistor 12 PLL1F First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLOCKCAP First PLL Lock/Unlock Time Constant Capacitor 14 HPOS Horizontal Centering Output (to filter) 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 18 Vcc Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 V _{REF} Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT EastWest Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFCOUS Vertical Synamic Focus Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 34 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SSL FC-Clock input 41 SDA FC-Data input	4	PLL2C	Second PLL Loop Filter
HGND	5	HREF	Horizontal Section Reference Voltage (to filter)
8 FC2 VCO Low Threshold filtering Capacitor 9 FC1 VCO High Threshold filtering Capacitor 10 C0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Resistor 12 PLL1F First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLOCKCAP First PLL Lock/Unlock Time Constant Capacitor 14 HPOS Horizontal Centering Output (to filter) 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output 18 Vcc Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to Vcc) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 22 HBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 Varie Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Section Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Flysich Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Flysich Reference Voltage Output 30 VFLY Vertical Flysich Reference Voltage Output 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFNCUS Vertical Typack Input (positive polarity) 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	6	HFLY	Horizontal Flyback Input (positive polarity)
9 FC1 VCO High Threshold filtering Capacitor 10 C0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Resistor 12 PLL1F First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLCCKCAP First PLL Lock/Unlock Time Constant Capacitor 14 HPOS Horizontal Centering Output (to filter) 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output 18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Seaton Reference Voltage Output 28 Vbcout Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT EastWest Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5v unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input	7	HGND	Horizontal Section Ground
10 C0 Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor 11 R0 Horizontal Oscillator Resistor 12 PLL1F First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLCCKCAP First PLL Lock/Unlock Time Constant Capacitor 14 HPOS Horizontal Centering Output (to filter) 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output 18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 22 HBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sexion Reference Voltage (to filter) 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output (with Corner corrections if any) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 37 HLCCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (SV unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible (Potical Dynamic Focus Output 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input	8	FC2	VCO Low Threshold filtering Capacitor
11	9	FC1	VCO High Threshold filtering Capacitor
12 PLL1F First PLL Loop Filter 13 HLOCKCAP First PLL Lock/Unlock Time Constant Capacitor 14 HPOS Horizontal Centering Output (to filter) 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output 18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 VOCOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Open Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if Any) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL i²C-Clock input	10	C0	Horizontal Oscillator Capacitor
HLOCKCAP	11	R0	Horizontal Oscillator Resistor
14 HPOS Horizontal Centering Output (to filter) 15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output 18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 V _{REF} Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL-tompatible Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 1°C-Data input	12	PLL1F	First PLL Loop Filter
15 XRAY X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function) 16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output 18 Vcc Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to Vcc) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 22 HBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Position Reference Voltage (to filter) 28 VDCOUT Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	13	HLOCKCAP	First PLL Lock/Unlock Time Constant Capacitor
16 HFOCUSCAP Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor 17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output 18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 V _{REF} Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input	14	HPOS	Horizontal Centering Output (to filter)
17 HFOCUS Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output 18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 V _{REF} Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Section Reference Voltage Output 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TIL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TIL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TIL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input	15	XRAY	X-RAY protection input (with internal latch function)
18 V _{CC} Supply Voltage (12V Typ) 19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 V _{REF} Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I²C-Clock input 41 SDA I²C-Data input	16	HFOCUSCAP	Horizontal Dynamic Focus Oscillator Capacitor
19 GND General Ground (related to V _{CC}) 20 HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) 21 HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector) 22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 VDCOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 40 SCL I²C-Clock input 41 SDA I²C-Data input	17	HFOCUS	Horizontal Dynamic Focus Output
HOUTEM Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter) HOUTCOL Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector) HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) VGND Vertical Section Ground VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator VAGCCAP Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor VOUT Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) TEST Not to be used - Test pin VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) TTL Horizontal Sync Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input SCL I ² C-Clock input I C-Data input	18	Vcc	Supply Voltage (12V Typ)
HOUTCOL	19	GND	General Ground (related to V _{CC})
22 HBLKOUT Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table) 23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 VDCOUT Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 30 VFLY Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37	20	HOUTEM	Horizontal Drive Output (internal transistor emitter)
23 VBLKOUT Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table) 24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 VDCOUT Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 30 VFLY Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Ramp Output (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 <td>21</td> <td>HOUTCOL</td> <td>Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector)</td>	21	HOUTCOL	Horizontal Drive Output (int. trans. open collector)
24 VGND Vertical Section Ground 25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 VREF Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 VDCOUT Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I²C-Clock input	22	HBLKOUT	Horizontal Blanking Output (see activation table)
25 VAGCCAP Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator 26 V _{REF} Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	23	VBLKOUT	Vertical Blanking Output (see activation table)
26 V _{REF} Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter) 27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I²C-Clock input 41 SDA I²C-Data input	24	VGND	Vertical Section Ground
27 VCAP Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor 28 V _{DCOUT} Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output 29 VOUT Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any) 30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	25	VAGCCAP	Memory Capacitor for Automatic Gain Control Loop in Vertical Ramp Generator
28VDCOUTVertical Position Reference Voltage Output29VOUTVertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any)30VFLYVertical Flyback Input (positive polarity)31EWOUTEast/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any)32VFOCUSVertical Dynamic Focus Output33VSYNCINTTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V)34TESTNot to be used - Test pin35VSYNCOUTTTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs)36HOUTTTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement)37HLOCKOUTFirst PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked)38H/HVINTTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input395VSupply Voltage (5V Typ.)40SCLI²C-Clock input41SDAI²C-Data input	26	V _{REF}	Vertical Section Reference Voltage (to filter)
29VOUTVertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any)30VFLYVertical Flyback Input (positive polarity)31EWOUTEast/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any)32VFOCUSVertical Dynamic Focus Output33VSYNCINTTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V)34TESTNot to be used - Test pin35VSYNCOUTTTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs)36HOUTTTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement)37HLOCKOUTFirst PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked)38H/HVINTTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input395VSupply Voltage (5V Typ.)40SCLI²C-Clock input41SDAI²C-Data input	27	VCAP	Vertical Sawtooth Generator Capacitor
30 VFLY Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity) 31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	28	V _{DCOUT}	Vertical Position Reference Voltage Output
31 EWOUT East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any) 32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I²C-Clock input 41 SDA I²C-Data input	29	VOUT	Vertical Ramp Output (with frequency independant amplitude and S or C Corrections if any)
32 VFOCUS Vertical Dynamic Focus Output 33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	30	VFLY	Vertical Flyback Input (positive polarity)
33 VSYNCIN TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V) 34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	31	EWOUT	East/West Pincushion Correction Parabola Output (with Corner corrections if any)
34 TEST Not to be used - Test pin 35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	32	VFOCUS	Vertical Dynamic Focus Output
35 VSYNCOUT TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs) 36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	33	VSYNCIN	TTL-compatible Vertical Sync Input (for separated H&V)
36 HOUT TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement) 37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	34	TEST	Not to be used - Test pin
37 HLOCKOUT First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked) 38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	35	VSYNCOUT	TTL Vertical Sync Output (Extracted VSYNC in case of S/G or TTL Composite HV Inputs)
38 H/HVIN TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input 39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	36	HOUT	TTL Horizontal Sync Output (To be used for frequency measurement)
39 5V Supply Voltage (5V Typ.) 40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	37	HLOCKOUT	First PLL Lock/Unlock Output (5V unlocked - 0V locked)
40 SCL I ² C-Clock input 41 SDA I ² C-Data input	38	H/HVIN	TTL-compatible Horizontal Sync Input
41 SDA I ² C-Data input	39	5V	Supply Voltage (5V Typ.)
·	40	SCL	I ² C-Clock input
42 GND Ground (Related to 5V)	41	SDA	I ² C-Data input
	42	GND	Ground (Related to 5V)

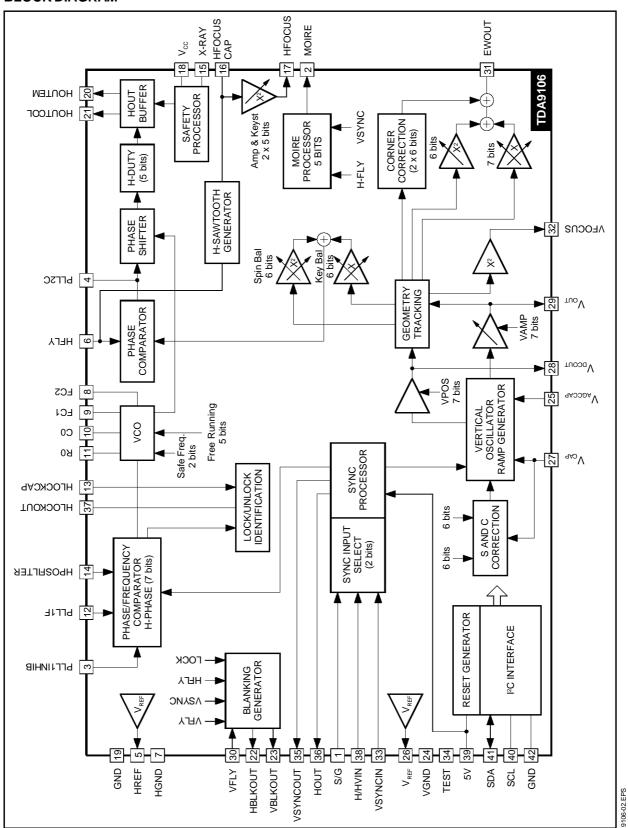
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QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Parameter	Value	Unit
Horizontal Frequency	15 to 150	kHz
Autosynch Frequency (for given R0 and C0)	1 to 4.5	FH
± Horizontal Sync Polarity Input	YES	
Polarity Detection (on both Horizontal and Vertical Sections)	YES	
TTL Composite Synch or Sync on Green	YES	
Lock/Unlock Identification (on both Horizontal 1st PLL and Vertical Section)	YES	
1 ² C Control for H-Position	± 10	%
XRay Protection	YES	
I ² C Horizontal Duty Adjust	30 to 60	%
1 ² C Free Running Adjustment	0.8 to 1.3	F0
Stand-by Function	YES	
Two Polarities H-Drive Outputs	YES	
Supply Voltage Monitoring	YES	
PLL1 Inhibition Possibility	YES	
Blanking Outputs (both Horizontal and Vertical)	YES	
Vertical Frequency	35 to 200	Hz
Vertical Autosync (for 150nF)	50 to 165	Hz
Vertical S-Correction	YES	
Vertical C-Correction	YES	
Vertical Amplitude Adjustment	YES	
Vertical Position Adjustment	YES	
East/West Parabola Output	YES	
Pin Cushion Correction Amplitude Adjustment	YES	
Keystone Adjustment	YES	
Corner and Corner Balance Adjustments	YES	
Internal Dynamic Horizontal Phase Control	YES	
Side Pin Balance Amplitude Adjustment	YES	
Parallelogram Adjustment	YES	
Tracking of Geometric Corrections	YES	
Reference Voltage (both on Horizontal and Vertical)	YES	
Dynamic Focus (both Horizontal and Vertical)	YES	
1 ² C Horizontal Dynamic Focus Amplitude Adjustment	YES	
1 ² C Horizontal Dynamic Focus Keystone Adjustment	YES	
Type of Input Sync Detection (supplied by 5V Digital Supply)	YES	
Horizontal Moiré Output	YES	
I ² C Controlled H-Moiré Amplitude	YES	
Frequency Generator for Burn-in	YES	
Fast I ² C Read/Write	400	kHz

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BLOCK DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
Vcc	Supply Voltage (Pin 18)	13.5	V
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage (Pin 39)	5.7	V
V _{IN}	Max Voltage on Pin 6 Pins 15, 21, 22, 23 Pin 1 Pin 4 Pins 3, 33,34,37,38,40,41 Pin 16 Pins 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 25, 27, 30	1.8 12 3.6 4 5 6	>>>>>>
VESD	ESD susceptibility Human Body Model,100pF Discharge through 1.5k Ω EIAJ Norm,200pF Discharge through 0Ω	2 300	kV V
T _{stg}	Storage Temperature	-40, +150	°C
Tj	Junction Temperature	+150	°C
T _{oper}	Operating Temperature	0, +70	°C

THERMAL DATA

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
R _{th (j-a)}	Junction-ambient Thermal Resistance Max.	65	°C/W

SYNCHRO PROCESSOR Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
HsVR	Horizontal Sync Input Voltage	Pin 38	0		5	V
MinD	Minimum Horizontal Input Pulses Duration	Pin 38	0.7			μs
Mduty	Maximum Horizontal Input Signal Duty Cycle	Pin 38			25	%
VsVR	Vertical Sync Input Voltage	Pin 33	0		5	V
VSW	Minimum Vertical Sync Pulse Width	Pin 33	5			μs
VSmD	Maximum Vertical Sync Input Duty Cycle	Pin 33			15	%
VextM	Maximum Vertical Sync Width on TTL H/Vcomposite or S/G	Pins 1, 38			750	μs

Electrical Characteristics (V_{DD} = 5V, T_{amb} = 25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VSGDC	S/G Clamped DC Level	Pin 1, $I_1 = -1\mu A$		1		V
ISGbias	Internal Diode Bias Current	Pin 1, V ₁ = 1.6V		10		μΑ
VSGTh	Slicing Level (see application design choice)	Pin 1		0.2		V
VINTH	Horizontal and Vertical Input Voltage (Pins 33,38)	Low Level High Level	2.2		0.8	V
RIN	Horizontal and Vertical Pull-Up Resistor	Pins 33,38		200		kΩ
VOut	Output Voltage (Pins 35,36,37)	Low level High Level		0 5		V
TfrOut	Falling and Rising Output CMOS Buffer	Pins 35,36,37 Cout = 20pF		100		ns
VHlock	Horizontal 1st PLL Lock Output Status (Pin 37)	Locked Unlocked		0 5		V
VoutT	Extracted Vsync Integration Time (% of TH) on H/V Composite or S/G	Pin 35, C0 = 820pF	26	35		%

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I²C READ/WRITE

Electrical Characteristics ($V_{DD} = 5V, T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
I ² C PROCESSOR							
Fscl	Maximum Clock Frequency	Pin 40	400			kHz	
Tlow	Low period of the SCL Clock	Pin 40	1.3			μs	
Thigh	High period of the SCL Clock	Pin 40	0.6			μs	
Vinth	SDA and SCL Input Threshold	Pins 40,41		2.2		٧	
VACK	Acknowledge Output Voltage on SDA input with 3mA	Pin 41			0.4	V	

See also I²C Table Control and I2C Sub Address Control

HORIZONTAL SECTION Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VCO		•	•	•		
R _{0(Min.)}	Minimum Oscillator Resistor	Pin 11	6			kΩ
C _{0(Min.)}	Minimum Oscillator Capacitor	Pin 10	390			pF
F _(Max.)	Maximum Oscillator Frequency				150	kHz
OUTPUT S	SECTION					
l6m	Maximum Input Peak Current	Pin 6			2	mA
HOI1 HOI2	Horizontal Drive Output Maximum Current Pin 20 Pin 21	Sourced current Sunk current			20 20	mA mA

Electrical Characteristics (V_{CC} = 12V, T_{amb} = 25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
SUPPLY A	ND REFERENCE VOLTAGES	•	•	•	•	
Vcc	Supply Voltage	Pin 18	10.8	12	13.2	V
V_{DD}	Supply Voltage	Pin 39	4.5	5	5.5	V
Icc	Supply Current	Pin 18		50		mA
I_{DD}	Supply Current	Pin 39		5		mA
V_{REF-H}	Horizontal Reference Voltage	Pin 5, I = 5mA	7.4	8	8.6	V
V_{REF-V}	Vertical Reference Voltage	Pin 5, I = 5mA	7.4	8	8.6	V
I _{REF-H}	Max. Sourced Current on V _{REF-H}	Pin 5			5	mA
I _{REF-V}	Max. Sourced Current on V _{REF-V}	Pin 26			5	mA

HORIZONTAL SECTION (continued)

Electrical Characteristics (V_{CC} = 12V, T_{amb} = 25°C) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
1st PLL SE	CTION					
HpolT	Polarity Integration Delay		0.75			ms
Vvco	VCO Control Voltage (Pin12)	$V_{REF-H} = 8V$ f_0 $f_H(Max.)$		V _{REF-H} / 6 6.2	6	V
Vcog	VCO Gain (Pin 12)	$R_0 = 6.49k\Omega$, $C_0 = 820pF$, $dF/dV = 1/11R_0C_0$		17		kHz/V
Hph	Horizontal Phase Adjustment	% of Horizontal Period		±10		%
Hphmin Hphtyp Hphmax	Horizontal Phase Decoupling Output Minimum Value Typical Value Maximum Value	Sub-Address 01, Pin 14 Byte x1111111 Byte x1000000 Byte x0000000		2.8 3.4 4.0		V V V
f_0	Free Running Frequency	$R_0 = 6.49k\Omega$, $C_0 = 820pF$, $f_0 = 0.97/8R_0C_0$		22.3		kHz
dF0/dT	Free Running Frequency Thermal Drift (No drift on external components)			-150		ppm/C
f ₀ (Min.) f ₀ (Max.)	Free Running Frequency Adjustment Minimum Value Maximum Value	Sub-Address 02 Byte xxx11111 Byte xxx00000		0.8 1.3		F0 F0
CR	PLL1 Capture Range	$\label{eq:continuous} \begin{array}{l} R_0 = 6.49 k\Omega, \; C_0 = 820 pF, \\ from \; f_0 + 0.5 kHz \; to \; 4.5 F_0 \\ f_H(Min.) \\ f_H(Max.) \end{array}$	100		23.5	kHz kHz
PLLinh	PLL1 Inhibition (Pin3)	Typ Threshold = 1.6V PLL ON PLL OFF	2		0.8	V
SFF	Safe Forced Frequency SF1 Byte 11xxxxxx SF2 Byte 10xxxxxx	Sub-Address 02		2F0 3F0		
FC1 FC2	VCO Sawtooth Level High FC1=(4.V _{REF-H})/5 Low FC2=(V _{REF-H})/5	Pin 9 To filter Pin 8 To filter		6.4 1.6		V
2nd PLL SI	ECTION AND HORIZONTAL OUTPUT SECT	ION				
FBth	Flyback Input Threshold Voltage (Pin 6)		0.65	0.75		V
Hjit	Horizontal Jitter (see Pins 8-9 filtering)			TBD		ppm
HDmin HDmax	Horizontal Drive Output Duty-Cycle (Pin 20 or 21) (see Note 1) Low Level High Level (see Note 2)	Sub-Address 00 Byte xxx11111 Byte xxx00000		30 60		% %
XRAYth	X-RAY Protection Input Threshold Voltage	Pin 15		8		V
Vphi2	Internal Clamping Levels on 2nd PLL Loop Filter (Pin 4)	Low Level High Level		1.6 4.0		V
VSCinh	Threshold Voltage To Stop H-Out,V-Out when V_{CC} < VSCinh	Pin 18		7.5		V
IHblk	Maximum Horizontal Blanking Output Current	I ₂₂			10	mA
VHblk	Horizontal Blanking Output Low Level (Blanking ON)	V_{22} with $I_{22} = 10$ mA		0.25	0.5	V
	1					

Notes: 1. Duty Cycle is the ratio of power transistor OFF time to period. Power transistor is OFF when output transistor is OFF.

2. Initial Condition for Safe Operation Start Up (Max. duty cycle).

Horizontal Drive Output
Low Level (Pin 20 to GND)
High Level (Pin 21 to V_{CC}=12V)

HDvd

HDem

 $\begin{array}{l} V_{21}\text{-}V_{20},\; I_{OUT} = 20mA \\ V_{20},\; I_{OUT} = 20mA \end{array}$

V V

1.7

1.1

10

9.5

 $\begin{array}{l} \textbf{HORIZONTAL SECTION} \ (continued) \\ \textbf{Electrical Characteristics} \ (V_{CC} = 12V, T_{amb} = 25^{o}C) \ (continued) \end{array}$

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
HORIZONT	AL DYNAMIC FOCUS SECTION					
HDFst	Horizontal Dynamic Focus Sawtooth Minimum Level Maximum Level	HfocusCap = C_0 = 820pF, f_H = 90kHz, Pin 16		2 4.7		V
HDFdis	Horizontal Dynamic Focus Sawtooth Discharge Width	Driven by Hfly		500		ns
HDFDC	Bottom DC Output Level	$R_{LOAD} = 10k\Omega$, Pin 17		2		V
TDHDF	DC Output Voltage Thermal Drift			200		ppm/C
HDFamp	Horizontal Dynamic Focus Amplitude Min Byte xxx11111 Typ Byte xxx10000 Max Byte xxx00000	Sub-Address 03, Pin 17, f _H = 90kHz, Keystone Typ		1 1.5 3		V _{PP} V _{PP} V _{PP}
HDFKeyst	Horizontal Dynamic Focus Keystone Min A/B Byte xxx11111 Typ Byte xxx10000 Max A/B Byte xxx00000	Sub-Address 04, f _H = 90kHz, Typ Amp B/A A/B A/B		3.5 1.0 3.5		
MOIRE OUT	TPUT					
R _{MOIRE}	Minimum Output Resistor	Pin 2	2			kΩ
V _{MOIRE}	Output Voltage (moire off), Subaddress 0F	Pin 2, R _{MOIRE} = 2kΩ Byte 0xx00000 Byte 0xx10000 Byte 0xx11111		0.2 1.1 2.0		V V V

VERTICAL SECTION Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
OUTPUTS SECTION						
VEWM	Maximum EW Output Voltage	Pin 31			6.5	V
VEWm	Minimum EW Output Voltage	Pin 31	1.8			V
VDFm	Minimum Vertical Dynamic Focus Output Voltage	Pin 32	1.8			V
RLOAD	Minimum Load for less than 1% Vertical Amplitude Drift	Pin 25	65			МΩ

Electrical Characteristics (V_{CC} = 12V, T_{amb} = 25°C)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VERTICAL	RAMP SECTION					•
VRB	Voltage at Ramp Bottom Point	V _{REF-V} =8V, Pin 27		2		V
VRT	Voltage at Ramp Top Point (with Sync) VREF-V	Pin 27		5		V
VRTF	Voltage at Ramp Top Point (without Sync)	Pin 27		VRT- 0.1		V
VSTD	Vertical Sawtooth Discharge Time Duration (Pin 27)	With 150nF Cap		80		μs
VFRF	Vertical Free Running Frequency (see Notes 3 & 4)	C _{OSC (Pin 27)} = 150nF Measured on Pin27,		100		Hz
ASFR	AUTO-SYNC Frequency	C ₂₇ = 150nF ±5% See Note 5	50		165	Hz
RAFD	Ramp Amplitude Drift Versus Frequency at Maximum Vertical Amplitude	C ₂₇ = 150nF 50Hz < f and f < 165Hz		200	TBD	ppm/Hz
Rlin	Ramp Linearity on Pin 27 (see Notes 3 & 4)	2.5 < V ₂₇ and V ₂₇ < 4.5V		0.5		%
Vpos	Vertical Position Adjustment Voltage (Pin28)	Sub Address 06 Byte x0000000 Byte x1000000 Byte x1111111	3.65	3.2 3.5 3.8	3.3	V V V
I _{VPOS}	Max Current on Vertical Position Output	Pin 28		±2		mA
VOR	Vertical Output Voltage (peak-to-peak on Pin 29)	Sub Address 05 Byte x0000000 Byte x1000000 Byte x1111111	3.5	2.25 3 3.75	2.5	V V V
VoutDC	DC Voltage on Vertical Output	See Note 6, Pin 29		3.5		V
VOI	Vertical Output Maximum Current (Pin29)			±5		mA
dVS	Max Vertical S-Correction Amplitude x0xxxxxx inhibits S-CORR x1111111 gives max S-CORR	Subaddress 07 $\Delta V/V_{PP}$ at T/4 $\Delta V/V_{PP}$ at 3T/4		-4 +4		% %
Ccorr	Vertical C-Corr Amplitude x0xxxxxx inhibits C-CORR	SubAddress 08 Byte x1000000 Byte x1100000 Byte x1111111		-3 0 3		% % %
VflyTh	Vertical Flyback Threshold	Pin 30		1		V
Vflylnh	Inhibition of Vertical Flyback Input	See Note 7, Pin 30	7.5			V

Notes: 3. With Register 07 at Byte x0xxxxxx (Vertical S-Correction Control) then the S correction is inhibited, consequently the sawtooth has a linear shape.

4. With Register 08 at Byte x0xxxxxx (Vertical C - Correction Control) then the C correction is inhibited, consequently the sawtooth

With Register Us at Byte XUXXXXXX (Vertical C - Correction Control) then the C correction is inhibited, consequenty the sawtooth has a linear shape.
 It is the frequency range for which the VERTICAL OSCILLATOR will automatically synchronize, using a single capacitor value on Pin 27 and with a constant ramp amplitude.
 VOUTDC = (7/16).VREF-V. Typically 3.5V for Vertical reference voltage typical value (8V).
 When Pin 30 (VREF-V) - 0.5V, Vfly input is inhibited and vertical blanking on vertical blanking output is replaced by vertical sawtooth discharge time.

VERTICAL SECTION (continued)

Electrical Characteristics (V_{CC} = 12V, T_{amb} = 25°C) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
EAST/WEST	FUNCTION				•	
EW _{DC}	DC Output Voltage with Typ Vpos,Keystone, Corner and Corner Balance Inhibited	Pin 31, see Figure 1		2.5		V
$TDEW_DC$	DC Output Voltage Thermal Drift	See Note 8		100		ppm/C
EWpara	Parabola Amplitude with Vamp Max, V-Pos Typ, Keystone, Corner and Corner Balance Inhibited	Subaddress 09 Byte 1x111111 Byte 1x100000 Byte 1x000000		2.6 1.4 0		V V V
EWtrack	Parabola Amplitude Function of V-AMP Control (tracking between V-AMP and E/W) with Typ Vpos, Keystone, Corner and Corner Balance Inhibited, EW Typ Amplitude (see Note 9)	Subaddress 05 Byte 10000000 Byte 11000000 Byte 11111111		0.45 0.8 1.4		V V V
KeyAdj	Keystone Adjustment Capability with Typ Vpos, Corner and Corner Balance Inhibited, EW Inhibited and Vertical Amplitude Max (see Note 9 and Figure 4)	Subaddress 0A Byte 10000000 Byte 11111111		1		V _{PP} V _{PP}
KeyTrack	Intrinsic Keystone Function of V-POS Control (tracking between V-POS and EW) with Corner and Corner Balance Inhibited, EW Max Amplitude and Vertical Amplitude Max (see Note 9) A/B Ratio B/A Ratio	Subaddress 06 Byte x0000000 Byte x1111111		0.5 0.5		
Corner Max	Max Corner Correction Amplitude with Vamp Max, V-POS Typ, EWamp, Keystone and Corner Balance Inhibited (see Note 9)	Subaddress 0B \(\Delta \text{EWout at T/6, 5T/6} \) \(\text{Byte x1111111} \) \(\text{Byte x1000000} \)		+0.2		V
Corner BalMax	Max Corner Balance Correction Amplitude with Vamp Max, V-POS Typ, EWamp, Keystone and Corner Inhibited	Byte 01111111 ΔEWout at T/4 ΔEWout at 3T/4		+0.2 -0.2		V
	Subaddress 0C (see Note 9)	Byte 01000000 ΔEWout at T/4 ΔEWout at 3T/4		-0.2 +0.2		V
NTERNALH	IORIZONTAL DYNAMIC PHASE CONTROL FUNCT	ION				
SPBpara	Side Pin Balance Parabola Amplitude (Figure 2) with Vamp Max, V-POS Typ and Parallelogram Inhibited (see Notes 9 & 10)	Subaddress 0D Byte x1111111 Byte x1000000		+2.8 -2.8		%TH %TH
SPBtrack	Side Pin Balance Parabola Amplitude function of Vamp Control (tracking between Vamp and SPB) with SPB Max, V-POS Typ and Parallelogram Inhibited (see Notes 9 & 10)	Subaddress 05 Byte 10000000 Byte 11000000 Byte 11111111		1.0 1.8 2.8		%TH %TH %TH
ParAdj	Parallelogram Adjustment Capability with Vamp Max, V-POS Typ and SPB Inhibited (see Notes 9, 10 & 11)	Subaddress 0E Byte x1111111 Byte x1000000		+2.8 -2.8		%TH %TH
Partrack	Intrinsic Parallelogram Function of Vpos Control (tracking between V-Pos and DHPC) with Vamp Max, SPB Max and Parallelogram Inhibited (see Notes 9 & 10) A/B Ratio B/A Ratio	Subaddress 06 Byte x0000000 Byte x1111111		0.5 0.5		

Notes: 8. These parameters are not tested on each unit. They are measured during our internal qualification 9. Refers to Notes 3 & 4 from last section.

10.TH is the Horizontal PLL Period Duration.

11.Figure 2 is representing effect of dynamic horizontal phase control.

VERTICAL SECTION (continued)

Electrical Characteristics (V_{CC} = 12V, T_{amb} = 25°C) (continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
VERTICAL D	YNAMIC FOCUS FUNCTION					
VDF _{DC}	DC Output Voltage with V-Pos Typ	See Figure 3		6		V
TDVDF _{DC}	DC Output Voltage Thermal Drift	See Note 12		100		ppm/C
VDFAMP	Parabola Amplitude Function of Vamp (tracking between Vamp and VDF) with V-Pos Typ (see Figure 3) (see Note 13)	Subaddress 05 Byte 10000000 Byte 11000000 Byte 11111111		0.9 1.6 2.5		>>>
VDFKEY	Parabola Assymetry Function of VPos Control (tracking between V-Pos and VDF) with Vamp Max. (see Note 13)	Subaddress 06 Byte x0000000 Byte x1111111		0.5 0.5		

Notes: 12. Parameter not tested on each unit but measured during our internal qualification procedure including batches coming from corners of our process and also temperature characterization
13. S and C corrections are inhibited so the output sawtooth has a linear shape.

Figure 1: E/W Output

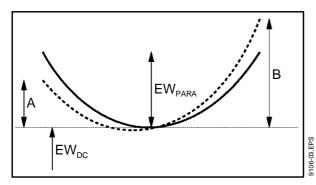


Figure 3: Vertical Dynamic Focus Function

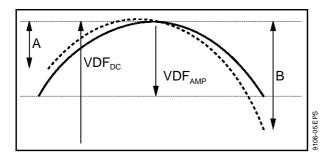


Figure 2: Dynamic Horizontal Phase Control Output

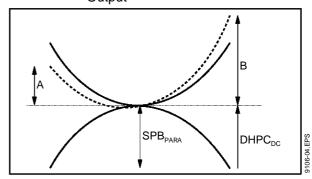
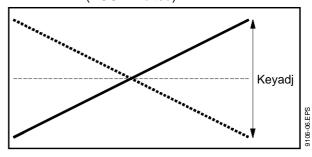


Figure 4: Keystone Effect on E/W Output (PCC Inhibited)



TYPICAL VERTICAL OUTPUT WAVEFORMS

Function	Sub Address	Pin	Byte	Specification Picture Image	
Vertical Size	05	29	10000000	2.25V 3.75V	
Vertical Position DC Control	06	28	x0000000 x1000000 x1111111	3.2V 3.5V 3.8V	<u> </u>
Vertical S Linearity	07	29	x0xxxxxx Inhibited	V_{PP} $\frac{\Delta V}{V_{PP}} = 4\%$	X
Vertical C Linearity	08	29	x1000000 x1111111	V_{pp} $\frac{\Delta V}{V_{pp}} = 3\%$ $\frac{\Delta V}{V_{pp}} = 3\%$	*

GEOMETRY OUTPUT WAVEFORMS

Function	Sub Address	Pin	Byte	Specification	Picture Image
Trapezoid Control	0A	31	EWamp Typ. 10000000	2.75V 2.5V 3.75V 2.5V	
Pin Cushion Control	09	31	Keystone Inhibited 1x000000 1x111111	2.5V OV 2.5V	\sum
Parrallelogram Control	0E	Internal	SPB Inhibited x1000000 x1111111	3.7V 2.8% TH	
Side Pin Balance Control	0D	Internal	Parallelogram Inhibited X10000000 x1111111	3.7V 2.8% TH 2.8% TH	
Vertical Dynamic Focus		32		6V	

GEOMETRY OUTPUT WAVEFORMS (continued)

Function	Sub Address	Pin	Byte	Specification	Picture Image
Comer Control	95	24	EWamp Typ. x1111111	Corner effect without Corner	
Corner Control	0В	31	01000000	Corner	
Corner Balance	0C	31	EWamp Typ. 10000000	Corner	
Control		31	11111111	Corner	

Note: The specification of output voltage is indicated on 3.75V_{PP} vertical sawtooth output condition. The output voltage depends on vertical sawtooth output voltage.

I²C BUS ADDRESS TABLE

Sub Address Definition

Slave Address (8C): Write Mode

	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1
0	Х	Х	Х	х	0	0	0	0
1	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	1
2	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	1	0
3	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	1	1
4	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	0	0
5	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	0	1
6	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	1	0
7	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	1	1
8	Х	Х	Х	х	1	0	0	0
9	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	0	1
Α	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	1	0
В	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	1	1
С	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1	0	0
D	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1	0	1
Е	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1	1	0
F	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1	1	1

Horizontal Drive Selection / Horizontal Duty Cycle
Horizontal Position
Safety Frequency / Free Running Frequency
Synchro Priority / Horizontal Focus Amplitude
Refresh / Horizontal Focus Keystone
Vertical Ramp Amplitude
Vertical Position Adjustment
S Correction
C Correction
E/W Amplitude
E/W Keystone
Cbow Corner
Spin Corner
Side Pin Balance
Parallelogram

Slave Address (8D): Read Mode

	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1
0	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0

Synchro and Polarity Detection

Moire Control Amplitude

$I^2 C \; BUS \; ADDRESS \; TABLE \; (continued)$

Table: Register Map

	D8	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	
WRIT	TE MODE			•	•			•	
	Blk Sel	HDrive			Hor	izontal Duty C	ycle		
00	1, Blk [0]	0, off [1], on		[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
0.4	Xray			Horizor	ntal Phase Adju	ustment			
01	1, reset [0]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
		requency	equency Free Running Freq		Running Frequ	iency			
02	1, on [0], off	1, F0 x 2 [0], F0 x 3		[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
		Priority			Horizo	ntal Focus Am	plitude		
03	0, Vextr [1], Vin	0, S/G [1], H/V		[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
04	Detect				Horizo	ntal Focus Ke	ystone		
04	Refresh [0], off			[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
٥٢	Vramp			Vertical Ra	mp Amplitude	Adjustment			
05	5 0, off [1], on [1]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
06				Vertica	l Position Adju	stment	•	•	
00		[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
07	07 1, on [0]	S Select		1	S Corr		Ι		
		[0]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
08	08	C Select 1, on				C Cor	rection	Γ	Γ
		[0]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
09	EW Sel 0, off			1	East/West	Amplitude	Γ	Γ	
00	[1]		[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
0A	EW Key 0, off			Ea	st/West Keysto	one	Γ	T	
5	[1]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
0B	Test H 1, on	Cbow Sel			Cbow	Corner	.		
UD	[0], off	1, on [0]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
0C	Test V 1, on	Spin Sel 1, on			Spin (Corner			
00	[0], off	[0]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
0D		SPB Sel			Side Pin	Balance			
טט		0, off [1]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
٥٦		Parallelo			Paralle	logram			
0E		0, off [1]	[1]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
0.	Moire					Moire Control			
0F	1, on [0], off			[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	[0]	
REAL	O MODE								
0.5	Hlock	Vlock	Xray		Detection		nchro Detection		
00	0, on [1], no	0, on [1], no	1, on [0], off	H/V pol [1], negative	V pol [1], negative	Vext det [0], no det	H det [0], no det	V det [0], no det	
				1 . 2,	1 . 1/	1 20 1 1 1 1		1 3/ 1 1 1	

[] initial value

OPERATING DESCRIPTION

I - GENERAL CONSIDERATIONS I.1 - Power Supply

The typical values of the power supply voltages V_{CC} and V_{DD} are respectively 12V and 5V. Perfect operation is obtained if V_{CC} and V_{DD} are maintened in the limits: 10.8 to 13.2V and 4.5 to 5.5V.

In order to avoid erratic operation of the circuit during transient phase of V_{CC} switching on, or switching off, the value of V_{CC} is monitored and the outputs of the circuit are inhibited if V_{CC} is less than 7.5V typically.

In the same manner, V_{DD} is monitored and internal set-up is made until V_{DD} reaches 4V (see I^2C Control Table for power on reset).

In order to have a very good power supply rejection, the circuit is internally powered by several internal voltage references (the unique typical value of which is 8V). Two of these voltage references are externally accessible, one for the vertical part and one for the horizontal one. If needed, these voltage references can be used (until load is less than 5mA). Furthermore it is necessary to filter the a.m. voltage references by the use of external capacitor connected to ground, in order to minimize the noise and consequently the "jitter" on vertical and horizontal output signals.

I.2 - I²C Control

TDA9106 belongs to the I²C controlled device family, instead of being controlled by DC voltages on dedicated control pins, each adjustment can be realized through the I²C Interface.

The I²C bus is a serial bus with a clock and a data input. The general function and the bus protocolare specified in the Philips-bus data sheets.

The interface (Data and Clock) is TTL-level compatible. The internal threshold level of the input comparator is 2.2V (when V_{DD} is 5V). Spikes of up to 50ns are filtered by an integrator and maximum clock speed is limited to 400kHz.

The data line (SDA) can be used in a bidirectional way that means in read-mode the IC clocks out a reply information (1 byte) to the micro-processor.

The bus protocol prescribes always a full-byte transmission. The first byte after the start condition is used to transmit the IC-address(7 bits-8C) and the read/write bit (0 write - 1 read).

I.3 - Write Mode

In write mode the second byte sent contains the subaddress of the selected function to adjust (or controls to affect) and the third byte the corresponding data byte. It is possible to send more than one data byte to the IC. If after the third byte no stop or start condition is detected, the circuit increments automatically the momentary subaddress in the subaddress counter by one (auto-increment mode). So it is possible to transmit immediately the next data bytes without sending the IC address or subaddress. It can be useful so as to reinitialize the whole controls very quickly (flash manner). This procedure can be finished by a stop condition.

The circuit has 16 adjustment capabilities: 3 for Horizontal part, 4 for Vertical one, 2 for E/W correction, 2 for original Corner correction, 2 for the Dynamic Horizontal phase control,1 for Moire option and 2 for Horizontal Dynamic Focus.

20 bits are also dedicated to several controls (ON/OFF, Horizontal Safety Frequency, Synchro Priority, Detection Refresh and Xray reset).

I.4 - Read Mode

During read mode the second byte transmits the reply information.

The reply byte contains Horizontal and Vertical Lock/Unlock status, Xray activated or not, the Horizontal and Vertical polarity detection. It also contains Synchro detection status that is useful for μP to assign Sync priority.

A stop condition always stops all activities of the bus decoder and switches the data and the clock line (SDA and SCL) to high impedance.

See I²C Subaddress and control tables.

I.5 - Synchro Processor

The internal Sync Processor allows the TDA9106 to accept any kind of input synchro signals:

- separated Horizontal & Vertical TTL-compatible sync signals,
- composite Horizontal &Vertical TTL-compatible sync signals,
- sync on green or composite video signal.



I.6 - Sync Identification Status

TDA9106 is able to feed back to the MCU (thanks to I²C) the Sync input status (sync identification) so that the MCU can choose Sync priority through I²C.

As extracted Vertical sync pulse is performed when choice already occured and when 12V is supplied, we recommend to use the device as following: (that means that even in Power management mode the IC is able to inform MCU on detected synchro signals due to its 5V supply).

First, refresh Synchro detection by I²C. Then check the status of H/V det and Vdet by I²C read.

Sync priority choice should be:

Table 1: Sync Priority Choice

H/V det	V det	Sync p Subadd	riority ress 03	Comment
		D8	D7	Synchro type
Yes	Yes	1	1	Separated H & V
Yes	No	0	1	Composite TTL H&V
No	No	0	0	Sync on Green

Of course, when choice is done, one can refresh the synchro detections and verify that extracted Vsync is present and that no synchro type change occured.

Synchro processor is also giving synchro polarity information.

I.7 - IC status

The IC can inform the MCU either the 1st Horizontal PLL or Vertical section are locked or not, and if Xray has been activated.

This last status permits to the MCU:

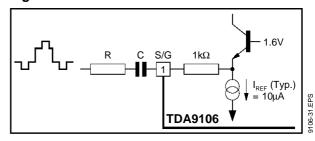
- reset the Xray internal latch decreasing the V_{CC} supply
- directly reset throw the I²C interface.

I.8 - Synchro Inputs

Both H/HVin and Vsyncin inputs are TTL compatible trigger with Hysterisis to avoid erratic detection. It includes pull up resistor to V_{DD}.

Vertical sync extractor is included for composite sync or composite video. Application engineer must adapt resistor R and capacitor C dedicated to its application.

Figure 5



Resistor R is fixed by detection threshold wanted:

R < (VTHRESHOLD / IREF)

Then C is determined by maximum pulse width to detect (in general, vertical sync width):

RC > (max pulse width)

I.9 - Synchro Processor Outputs

Synchro processor delivers on 3 TTL-compatible CMOS outputs the following signals :

- Hout as follow:

Sync Mode	Hout Mode	Hout Polarity	
Separated	Horizontal	Same as Input	
TTL Composite	TTL Composite	Same as Input	
S/G	Composite	Negative	

- Vsyncout is either vertical extracted pulse output or Vsyncin input. It keeps the input polarity.
- Hlockoutis the Horizontal 1st PLL status: 0V when locked. It permits MCU to adjust free running frequency and optimizes the IC performance.

II - HORIZONTAL PART

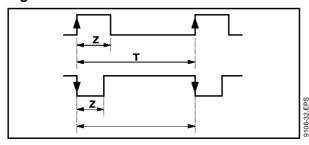
II.1 - Internal Input Conditions

Horizontal part is internally fed by synchro processor with a digital signal. corresponding to horizontal synchro pulses or to TTL composite input.

Concerning the duty cycle of the input signal, the following signals (positive or negative) may be applied to the circuit.

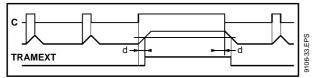
Using internal integration, both signals are recognized on condition that Z/T < 25%. Synchronization occurs on the leading edge of the internal sync signal. The minimum value of Z is $0.7\mu s$.

Figure 6



An other integration is able to extract vertical pulse of composite synchroif duty cycle is more than 25% (typically d = 35%).

Figure 7



The last feature performed is the equalizing pulses removing to avoid parasitic pulses on phase comparator input which is intolerent to wrong or missing pulse.

II.2 - PLL1

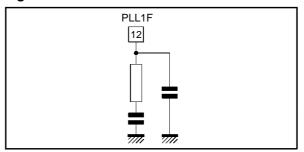
The PLL1 is composed of a phase comparator, an external filter and a voltage controlled oscillator (VCO).

The phase comparator is a "phase frequency" type designed in CMOS technology. This kind of phase detector avoids locking on false frequencies. It is followed by a "charge pump", composed of two current sources sunk and sourced (I = 1mA Typ. when locked, I = 140 μ A when unlocked). This difference between lock/unlock permits a smooth catching of horizontal frequency by PLL1. This effect is reinforced by an internal original slow down

system when PLL1 is locked avoiding Horizontal too fast frequency change.

The dynamic behaviour of the PLL is fixed by an external filter which integrates the current of the charge pump. A "CRC" filter is generally used (see Figure 8).

Figure 8



PLL1 is internally inhibited during extracted vertical sync (if any) to avoid taking in account missing pulses or wrong pulses on phase comparator. The inhibition results from the opening of a switch located between the charge pump and the filter (see Figure 9). For particular synchro type, MCU can drive Pin 3 to high level (TTL compatible input) to inhibit PLL1. It can also be used to avoid PLL1 locking on synchro inputs if a "dangerous" mode is detected by the MCU.

The VCO uses an external RC network. It delivers a linear sawtooth obtained by charge and discharge of the capacitor, by a current proportionnal to the current in the resistor. Typical thresholds of sawtooth are 1.6V and 6.4V. These two levels are accessible to be filtered as on Figure 10 to improve jitter.

The control voltage of the VCO is typically comprised between 1.33V and 6V (see Figure 10). The theorical frequency range of this VCO is in the ratio 1 to 4.5, the effective frequency range has to be smaller 1 to 4.2 due to clamp intervention on filter lowest value. To avoid spread of external components and the circuit itself, it is possible to adjust free running frequency through I²C. This adjustment can be made automatically on the manufacturing line without manual operation by using Hlock/unlock information. The adjustment range is 0.8 to 1.3 F0 (where 1.3 F0 is the free running frequency at power on reset).

The synchro frequency has to be always higher than the free running frequency. As an example for a synchro range from 24kHz to 100kHz, the suggested free running frequency is 23kHz.

Figure 9: PLL1 Block Diagram

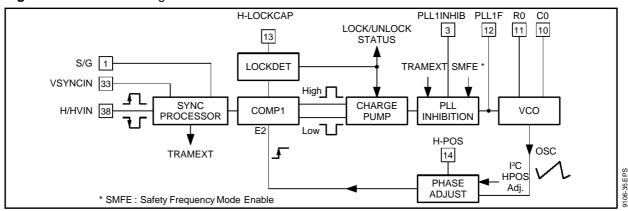
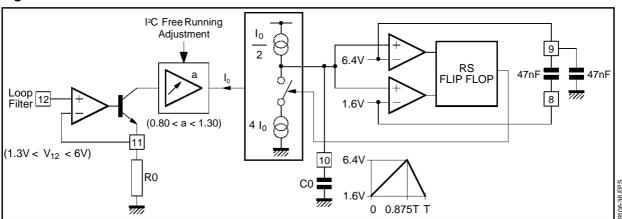


Figure 10: Details of VCO



An other feature is the capability for MCU to force horizontal frequency through I²C to 2xF0 or 3xF0 (for burn in mode or safety requirement).In this case, inhibition switch is opened leaving PLL1 free but voltage on PLL1 filter is forced to 2.66V for 2xF0 or 4.0V for 3xF0.

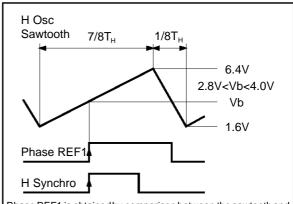
The PLL1 ensures the coincidence between the leading edge of the synchro signal and a phase reference obtained by comparison between the sawtooth of the VCO and an internal DC voltage I^2 C adjustable between 2.8V and 4.0V (corresponding to \pm 10%) (see Figure 11). This voltage has to be filtered on Pin 14 so as to optimize jitter.

The TDA9106 also includes a Lock/Unlock identification block which senses in real time wheither PLL1 is locked on the incoming horizontal sync signal or not. The resulting information is available on Hlockout (see Synchro Processor). The block function is described in Figure 12.

The NOR1 gate is receiving the phase comparator output pulses (which also drive the charge pump). When PLL1 is locked, on point A there is a very small negative pulse (about 100ns) at each hori-

zontal cycle, so after RC filter, there is a high level on Pin 13 which forces Hlockout to low level. Hysterisis comparator detects locking when Pin 13 is reaching 6.5V and unlocking when Pin 13 is decreasing to 6.0V.

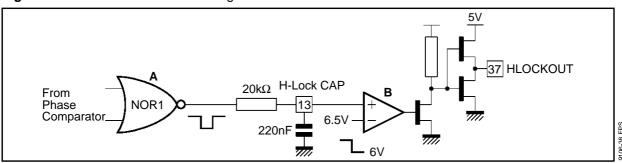
Figure 11: PLL1 Timing Diagram



Phase REF1 is obtained by comparison between the sawtooth and a DC voltage adjustable between 2.8V and 4.0V. The PLL1 ensures the exact coincidence between the signals phase REF and HSYNS. A \pm T/10 phase adjustment is possible.

3-37.EPS

Figure 12: LOCK/UNLOCK Block Diagram



When PLL1 is unlocked, the 100ns negative pulse on A becomes much larger and consequently the average level on Pin 13 decreases. It forces Hlockout to go high.

The Pin 13 status is approximately the following:

- near 0V when there is no H-Sync
- between 0 and 4V with H-Sync frequency different from VCO
- between 4 to 8 V when VCO frequency reaches H-Sync one (but not already in phase)
- near 8V when PLL1 is locked.

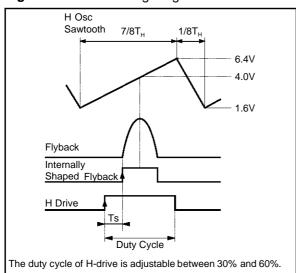
It is important to notice that Pin 13 is not an output pin but is only used for filtering purpose (see Figure 12).

The lock/unlock information is also available throw I²C read.

II.3 - PLL2

The PLL2 ensures a constant position of the shaped flyback signal in comparion with the saw-tooth of the VCO (Figure 13).

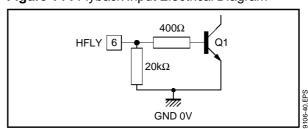
Figure 13: PLL2 Timing Diagram



The phase comparator of PLL2 (phase type comparator) is followed by a charge pump with \pm 0.5mA (typ.) output current.

The flyback input is composed of an NPN transistor. This input must be current driven. The maximum recommanded input current is 2mA (see Figure 14).

Figure 14: Flyback Input Electrical Diagram



The duty cycle is adjustable through I²C from 30% to 60%. For Start Up safe operation, initial duty cycle (after Power on reset) is 60% so as to avoid too long conduction of BU transistor.

Maximum storage time is about 43.75% - (Tfly/2.TH). Typically, Tfly/TH is around 20% that means Ts max is around 33.75%.

II.4 - Output Section

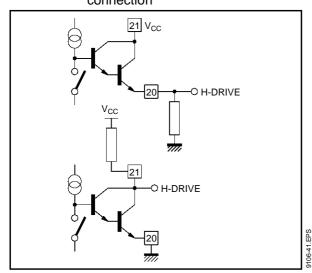
The H-drive signal is transmitted to the output through a shaping block ensuring Ts and I²C adjustable duty cycle. In order to secure scanning power part operation, the output is inhibited in the following circumstances:

- V_{CC} too low
- Xray protection activated
- During horizontal flyback
- I²C bit control (voluntary inhibition by MCU).

The output stage is composed of a NPN Darlington bipolar transistor. Both the collector and the emittor are accessible (see Figure 16).

The output Darlington is in off-state when the power scanning transistor is also in off-state.

Figure 16: Output stage simplified diagram, showing the two possibilities of connection



The maximum output current is 20mA, and the corresponding voltage drop of the output darlington is 1.1V typically.

It is evident that the power scanning transistor cannot be directly driven by the integrated circuit.

An interface has to be designed between the circuit and the power transistor which can be of bipolar or MOS type.

II.5 - X-RAY Protection

The activation of the X-Ray protection is obtained by application of a high level on the X-Ray input (Pin 15 > 8V). The consequencies of X-Ray protection are:

- inhibition of H-Drive output
- activation of horizontal blanking output.
- activation of vertical blanking output.

The reset of this protection is obtained either by V_{CC} switch off or I²C reset by MCU (see Figure 17).

II.6 - Horizontal Dynamic Focus

TDA9106 delivers an horizontal parabola wave form on Pin 17. This parabola is performed from a sawtoothin phase with flyback pulse. This sawtooth is present on Pin 16 where the horizontal focus capacitor is the same as C0 to obtain a controlled amplitude (from 2 to 4.7V typically).

Symmetry (keystone) and amplitude are I²C adjustable (see Figure 18). This signal has to be connected to the CRT focusing grids and mixed with vertical dynamic focus.

Figure 17: Safety Functions Block Diagram

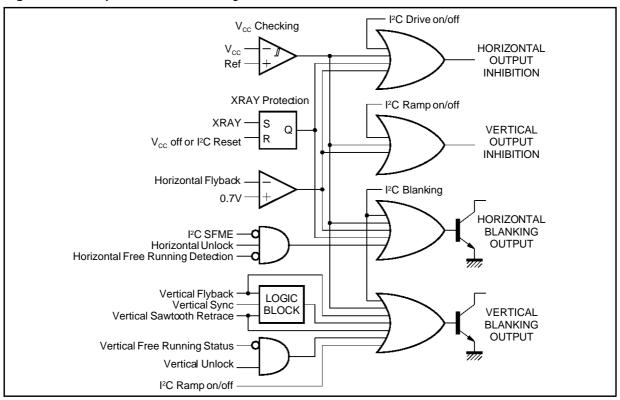
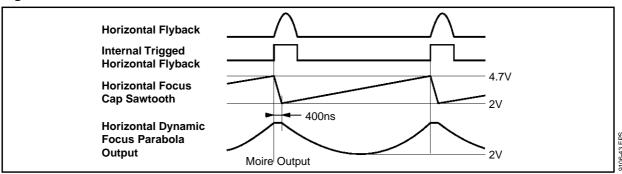


Figure 18



II.7 - Moire Output

The moire output is intented to correct a beat between horizontal video pixel period and actual CRT pixel width.

The moire signal is a combination of Horizontal and Vertical frequency signals.

To achieve a moire cancellation, it has to be connected to any point on the chassis controlling the horizontal position. We recommend to introduce this "Horizontal Controlled Jitter" on the relative ground

of PLL2 capacitor where this "controlled jitter" frequency type will directly affect the horizontal position. The amplitude of the signal is I²C adjustable.

One point to notice is:

- in case H-Moire is not necessary in the application, H-Moire output (Pin 2) can be turned to as a 5 bits digital to analog converter output (0.3V to 2.2V V output voltage),
- in case of no use in application, this pin must be left high impedance(or resistor to ground).

Figure 19: Moire Function Block Diagram

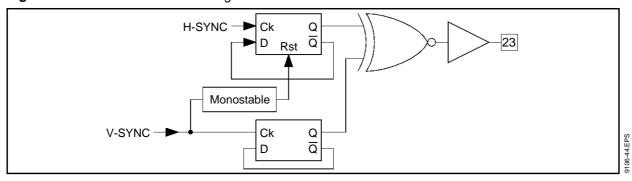
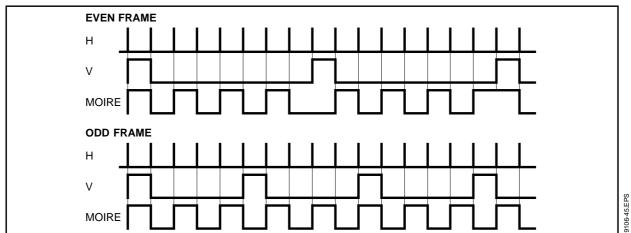


Figure 20: Moire Output Waveform



III - VERTICAL PART

III.1 - Geometric Corrections

The principle is represented in Figure 21.

Starting from the vertical ramp, a parabola shaped current is generated for E/W correction, dynamic horizontal phase control correction, and vertical dynamic Focus correction.

The base of the parabola generator is an analog multiplier the output current of which is equal to:

$$\Delta I = k \cdot (V_{OUT} - V_{DCOUT})^2$$

Where Vout is the vertical output ramp, typically comprised between 2 and 5V, Vdcout is the vertical DC output adjustable in the range $3.2V \ge 3.8V$ in order to generate a dissymetric parabola if required (keystone adjustment).

Corner and Corner Balance corrections may be added to the E/W one. These are respectively 3rd and 2nd order waveforms.

In order to keep a good screen geometry for any end user preferences adjustment we implemented the "geometry tracking".

Due to large output stages voltage range (E/W, FOCUS), the combination of tracking function with maximum vertical amplitude max or min vertical position and maximum gain on the DAC control

may lead to the output stages saturation. This must be avoided by limiting the output voltage by apropriate I²C registers values.

For E/Wpart and Dynamic Horizontal phase control part, a sawtooth shaped differential current in the following form is generated:

$$\Delta I' = k' \cdot (V_{OUT} - V_{DCOUT})^2$$

Then ΔI and $\Delta I'$ are added together and converted into voltage for the E/W part.

Each of the four E/W components or the two Dynamic Horizontal phase control ones may be inhibited by their own I²C select bit.

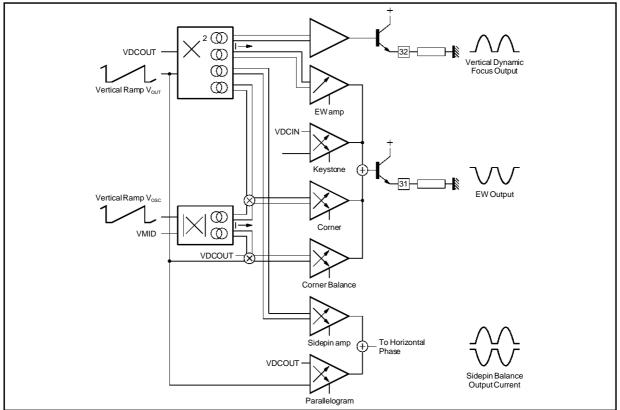
The E/W parabolais available on Pin 31 by the way of an emitter follower which has to be biased by an external resistor (10k Ω). It can be DC coupled with external circuitry.

The output connection of the vertical Dynamic Focus is the same as the E/W one.

This reverse parabola is available on Pin 32.

Dynamic Horizontal phase control current drives internally the H-position, moving the Hfly position on the Horizontal sawtooth in the range \pm 2.8% Th both on SidePin Balance and Parallelogram.

Figure 21: Geometric Corrections Principle



III.2 - EW

EWOUT = 2.5V + K1 (Vout - VDCOUT)² + K2 (VOUT - VDCOUT) + K3 (VOUT - VDCOUT)² |VOSC - VMID| + K4 (VOUT - VDCOUT) |VOSC - VMID|

 V_{OSC} is the ramp Pin 27 and V_{MID} the middle of it, typically 3.5V

K1 is adjustable by EW amplitude I²C register K2 is adjustable by Keystone I²C register K3 is adjustable by Cbow Corner I²C register K4 is adjustable by Spin Corner I²C register

III.3 - Dynamic Horizontal Phase Control

I_{OUT} = K5 (V_{OUT} - V_{DCOUT})² + K6 (V_{OUT} - V_{DCOUT}) K5 is adjustable by SidePin Balance I²C register K6 is adjustable by Parallelogram I²C register

Figure 22: Vertical Part Block Diagram

III.4 - Vertical Dynamic Focus

 $VFOC_{OUT} = 6V - 0.7 (V_{OUT} - V_{DCOUT})^2$

No adjustment is available for this part except by means of tracking.

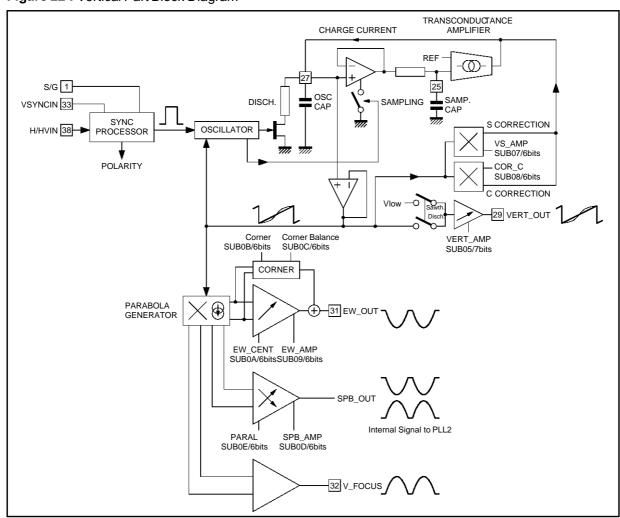
III.5 - Vertical Sawtooth Generator

The vertical part generates a fixed amplitude ramp which can be affected by S and C correction shape. Then, the amplitude of this ramp is adjusted to drive an external power stage (see Figure 22).

The internal reference voltage used for the vertical part is available between Pin 26 and Pin 24. Its typical value is:

$$V_{26} = V_{REF} = 8V$$

The charge of the external capacitor on Pin 27 (VCAP) generates a fixed amplitude ramp between the internal voltages, V_I ($V_I = V_{REF}/4$) and V_H ($V_H = 5/8 \times V_{REF}$).



When the synchronization pulse is not present, an internal current source sets the free running frequency. For an external capacitor, C_{OSC} = 150nF, the typical free running frequency is 106Hz.

Typical free running frequency can be calculated by:

$$f_0 (Hz) = 1.6 e^{-5} \cdot \frac{1}{Cosc}$$

A negative or positive TTL level pulse applied on Pin 33 (VSYNC) as well as a TTL composite sync on Pin 38 or a Sync on Green signal on Pin 1 can synchronise the ramp in the range [fmin , fmax]. This frequency range depends on the external capacitor connected on Pin 27. A capacitor in the range [150nF, 220nF] \pm 5% is recommanded for application in the following range : 50Hz to 120Hz. Typical maximum and minimum frequency, at 25 $^{\circ}$ C and without any correction (S correction or C correction), can be calculated by :

$$f_{(Max.)} = 2.5 \text{ x } f_0 \text{ and } f_{(Min.)} = 0.33 \text{ x } f_0$$

If S or C corrections are applied, these values are slighty affected.

If a synchronization pulse is applied, the internal oscillator is automatically synchronized but the amplitude is no more constant. An internal correction is activated to adjust it in less than a half a second: the highest point of the ramp (Pin 27) is sampled on the sampling capacitor connected on Pin 25 at each clock pulse and a transconductanceamplifier generates the charge current of the capacitor. The ramp amplitude becomes again constant and frequency independant.

The read status register enables to have the vertical Lock-Unlock and the vertical Sync Polarity informations

It is recommanded to use a AGC capacitor with low leakage current. A value lower than 100nA is mandatory.

Good stability of the internal closed loop is reached by a $470nF\pm5\%$ capacitor value on Pin 25 (VAGC).

Pin 30, VFLY is the vertical flyback input used to generate the vertical blanking signal on Pin 23. If Vfly is not used, (V_{REF} - 0.5), at minimum, must be connected to this input.

In such case, the vertical blanking output will be activated by the vertical sync input signal and re-

setted by the end of vertical sawtooth discharging pulse.

III.6 - I²C Control Adjustments

Then, S and C correction shapes can be added to this ramp. This frequency independent S and C corrections are generated internally. Their amplitude are adjustable by their respective I²C register. They can also be inhibited by their Select bit.

At the end, the amplitude of this S and C corrected ramp can be adjusted by the vertical ramp amplitude control register.

The adjusted ramp is available on Pin 29 (V_{OUT}) to drive an external power stage.

The gain of this stage is typically 25% depending on its register value.

The DC value of this ramp is kept constant in the frequency range, for any correction applied on it. its typical value is $V_{MID} = 7/16 \cdot V_{REF}$.

A DC voltage is available on Pin 28 (VDCOUT). It is driven by its own I^2C register (vertical Position). Its value is $V_{DCOUT} = 7/16 \cdot V_{REF} \pm 300$ mV.

So the V_{DCOUT} voltage is correlated with DC value of V_{OUT} . It increases the accuracy when temperature varies.

III.7 - Basic Equations

In first approximation, the amplitude of the ramp on Pin 29 (Vout) is :

 $V_{OUT} - V_{MID} = (V_{OSC} - V_{MID}) \cdot (1 + 0.25 (V_{AMP}))$

with $V_{MID} = 7/16 \cdot V_{REF}$; typically 3.5V, the middle value of the ramp on Pin 27

 $V_{\text{OSC}} = V_{27}$, ramp with fixed amplitude

V_{AMP} is -1 for minimum vertical amplitude register value and +1 for maximum

On Pin 28 (V_{DCOUT}), the voltage (in volts) is calculated by :

$$V_{DCOUT} = V_{MID} + 0.3 \text{ (VPOS)}$$

with VPOS equals -1 for minimum vertical position register value and +1 for maximum

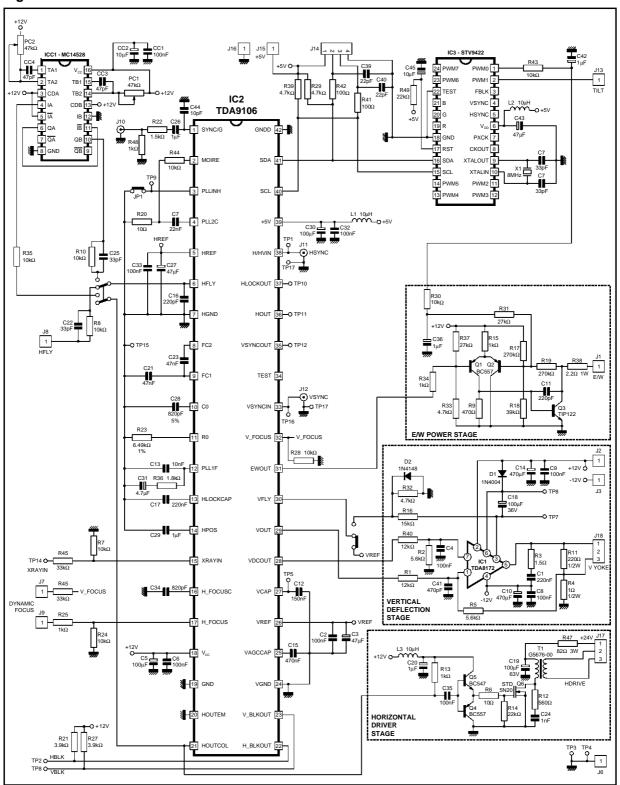
The current available on Pin 27 is:

$$I_{OSC} = \frac{3}{8} \cdot V_{REF} \cdot C_{OSC} \cdot f$$

with Cosc: capacitor connected on Pin 27 f: synchronization frequency

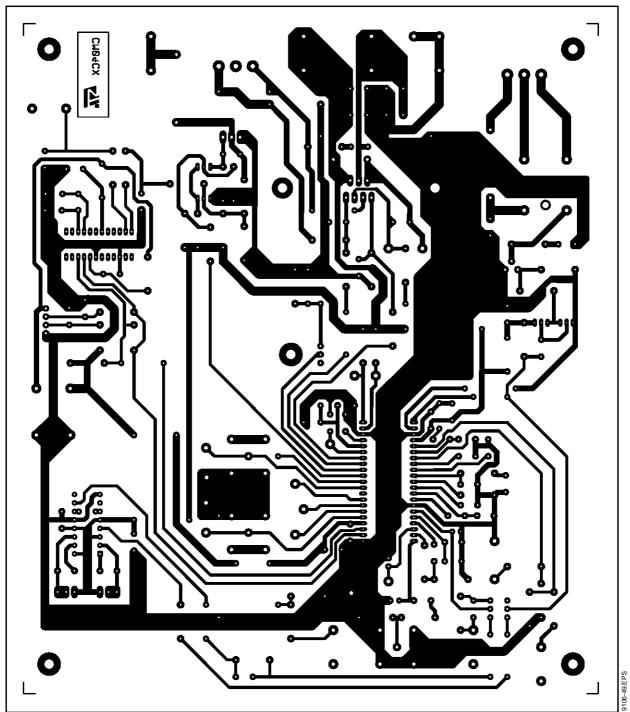
APPLICATION DIAGRAMS

Figure 23: Demonstration Board



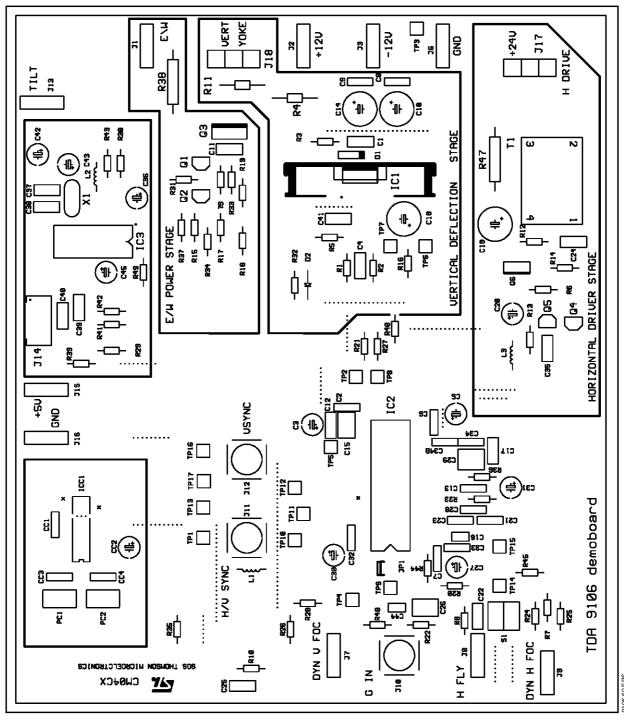
APPLICATION DIAGRAMS (continued)

Figure 24 : PCB Layout



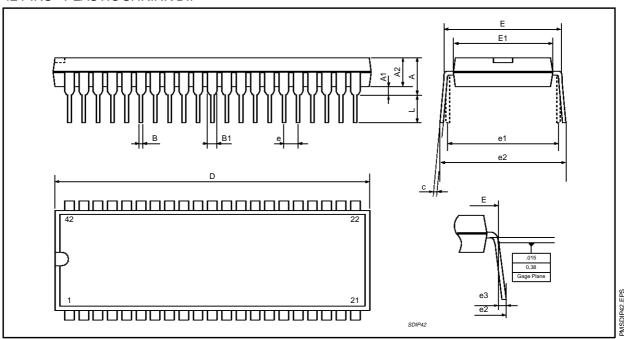
APPLICATION DIAGRAMS (continued)

Figure 25 : Components Layout



PACKAGE MECHANICAL DATA

42 PINS - PLASTIC SHRINK DIP



Dimensions		Millimeters			Inches	
Difficusions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Min.	Тур.	Max.
А			5.08			0.200
A1	0.51			0.020		
A2	3.05	3.81	4.57	0.120	0.150	0.180
В	0.38	0.46	0.56	0.0149	0.0181	0.0220
B1	0.89	1.02	1.14	0.035	0.040	0.045
С	0.23	0.25	0.38	0.0090	0.0098	0.0150
D	36.58	36.83	37.08	1.440	1.450	1.460
E	15.24		16.00	0.60		0.629
E1	12.70	13.72	14.48	0.50	0.540	0.570
е		1.778			0.070	
e1		15.24			0.60	
e2			18.54			0.730
e3			1.52			0.060
L	2.54	3.30	3.56	0.10	0.130	0.060 0.140

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