TOSHIBA TA8252H

TOSHIBA BIPOLAR LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUIT SILICON MONOLITHIC

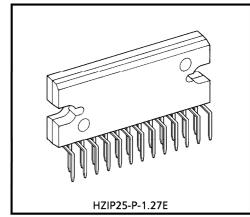
# T A 8 2 5 2 H

## MAX POWER 37 W BTL×4CH AUDIO POWER IC

The TA8252H is 4ch BTL audio power amplifier for car audio application.

This IC can generate more high power : POUTMAX = 37 W as it is included the pure complementary PNP and NPN transistor output stage.

It is designed low distortion ratio for 4ch BTL audio power amplifier, built-in Stand-by Function, Muting Function, Clip detector, and diagnosis circuit. Additionally, the AUX. amplifier is built-in, it can make the beep signal etc. output to 2 channels (OUT1 and 4). It contains various kind of protectors for car audio use.



Weight: 9.8 g (Typ.)

#### **FEATURES**

High power

 $: P_{OUT}MAX(1) = 37 W (Typ.)$ 

 $(V_{CC} = 14.4 \text{ V}, \text{ f} = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{ EIAJ Max.}, \text{ R}_{L} = 4 \Omega)$ 

:  $P_{OUT}MAX(2) = 35 W (Typ.)$ 

 $(V_{CC} = 13.7 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{ EIAJ Max.}, R_L = 4 \Omega)$ 

 $: P_{OUT}(1) = 24 W (Typ.)$ 

 $(V_{CC} = 14.4 \text{ V}, \text{ f} = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{ THD} = 10\%, \text{ R}_{L} = 4 \Omega)$ 

:  $P_{OUT}(2) = 21 W (Typ.)$ 

 $(V_{CC} = 13.2 \text{ V}, \text{ f} = 1 \text{ kHz}, \text{ THD} = 10\%, \text{ R}_{L} = 4 \Omega)$ 

Built-in clip detector & diagnosis circuit. (Pin®)

Low distortion ratio : THD = 0.02% (Typ.)

 $(V_{CC} = 13.2 \text{ V}, f = 1 \text{ kHz}, P_{OUT} = 5 \text{ W}, R_L = 4 \Omega)$ 

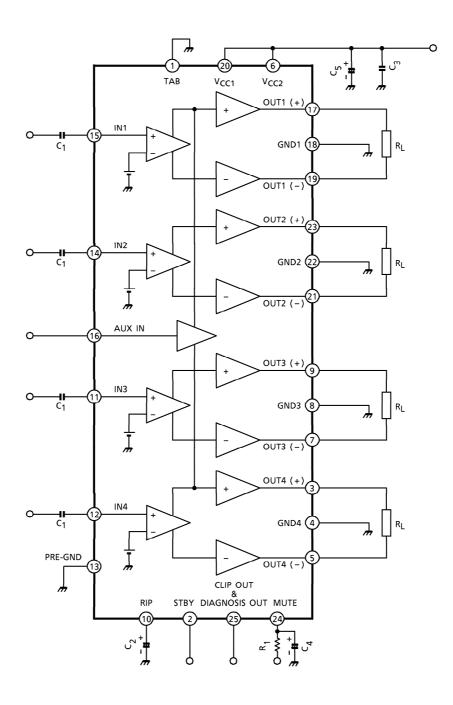
 $: V_{NO} = 0.10 \text{ mV}_{rms} \text{ (Typ.)}$ Low noise

(V<sub>CC</sub> = 13.2 V,  $R_g$  = 0  $\Omega$ ,  $G_V$  = 26 dB, BW = 20~20 kHz)

- Built-in stand-by switch function (Pin②)
- Built-in muting function (Pin24)
- Built-in AUX. amplifier from single input (Pin<sup>®</sup>) to 2 channels output; OUT1 and 4
- Built-in various protection circuit
  - : Thermal shut down, over voltage, out to GND, out to V<sub>CC</sub>, out to out short
- Operating supply voltage : V<sub>CC (opr)</sub> = 9~18 V

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## **BLOCK DIAGRAM**



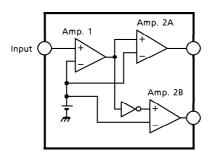
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#### **CAUTION AND APPLICATION METHOD**

(Description is made only on the single channel.)

1. Voltage gain adjustment

This IC has no NF (negative feedback) terminals. Therefore, the voltage gain can't adjusted, but it makes the device a space and total costs saver.



(Fig.1) Block diagram

The voltage gain of Amp. 1 :  $G_{V1} = 0 dB$ The voltage gain of Amp. 2A, B :  $G_{V2} = 20 dB$ The voltage gain of BLT Connection :  $G_{V(BTL)} = 6 dB$ 

Therefore, the total voltage gain is decided by expression below.

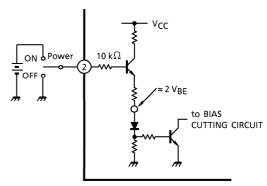
$$G_V = G_{V1} + G_{V2} + G_{V(BTL)} = 0 + 20 + 6 = 26 dB$$

#### 2. Stand-by SW function (pin2)

By means of controlling pin (Stand-by terminal) to High and Low, the power supply can be set to ON and OFF. The threshold voltage of pin is set at about  $3V_{BE}$  (Typ.), and the Power Supply current is about 2  $\mu$ A (Typ.) at the stand-by state.

Control Voltage of pin②: V(SB)

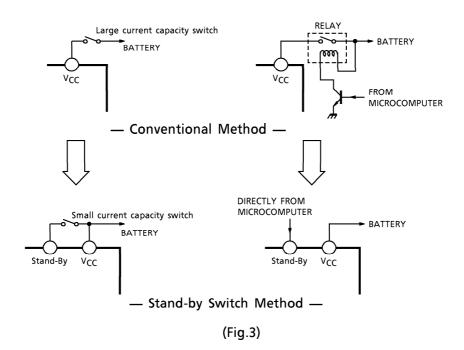
STAND-BY	POWER	V (SB) (V)
ON	OFF	0~1.5
OFF	ON	3~6



(Fig.2) With pin② set to High, Power is turned ON

#### Adjustage of Stand-by SW

- (1) Since V<sub>CC</sub> can directly be controlled to ON or OFF by the microcomputer, the switching relay can be omitted.
- (2) Since the control current is microscopic, the switching relay of small current capacity is satisfactory for switching



### 3. Muting function (pin24)

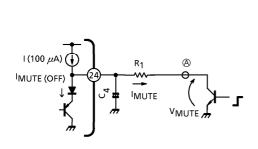
By means of controlling pin $\mathfrak B$  less than 0.5 V, it can make the audio muting condition. The muting time constant is decided by  $R_1$  and  $C_4$  and these parts is related the pop noise at

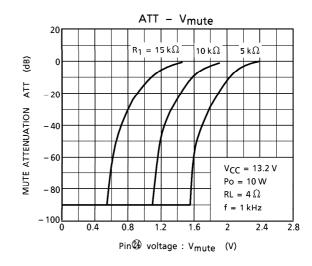
power ON/OFF.

The series resistance; R1 must be set up less than 15 k $\Omega$ , we recommend 10 k $\Omega$ .

The muting function have to be controlled by a transistor, FET and  $\mu$ -COM port which has I<sub>MUTE</sub> > 250  $\mu$ A ability.

Terminal @ must not be pulled up and it shall be controlled by OPEN/LOW.





(Fig.4) Muting Function

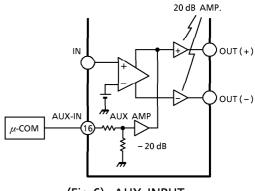
(Fig.5) Mute Attenuation – V<sub>mute</sub> (V)

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#### 4. AUX. Input (pin<sup>16</sup>)

The pin1 is for input terminal of AUX. amplifier. The total gain is 0dB by using of AUX. amplifier. Therefore, the  $\mu$ -COM can directly drive the AUX. amplifier.

BEEP sound or voice synthesizer signal can be input to pin 6 directly.



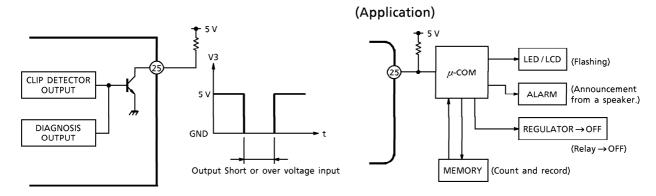
## (Fig.6) AUX INPUT

## 5. DIAGNOSIS OUTPUT (pin®)

The diagnosis output terminal of pin® has open collector output structure on chip as shown in Fig.7.

In unusual case that output terminal of Power Amp. is condition of output to  $V_{CC}$  or output to GND short and over voltage input mode, it is possible to protect all the system of apparatus as well as power IC protection.

In case of being unused this function, use this IC as open-connection on pin<sup>®</sup>.



pin (3): Open Collector Output (Active Low)

(Fig.7) (Fig.8)

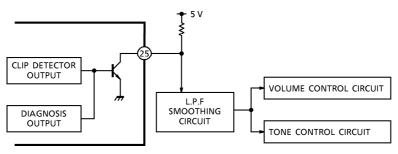
#### 6. Output Clip Detection Function (pin(35))

The output clip detection terminal of pin® has the open collector output structure on chip as shown in Fig.9. In case that the output waveform is clipping, the clip detection circuit is operated and NPN Tr. is turned on.

It is possible to improve the audio quality with controlling the volume, tone control circuit through L.P.F. smoothing circuit as shown in Fig.9.

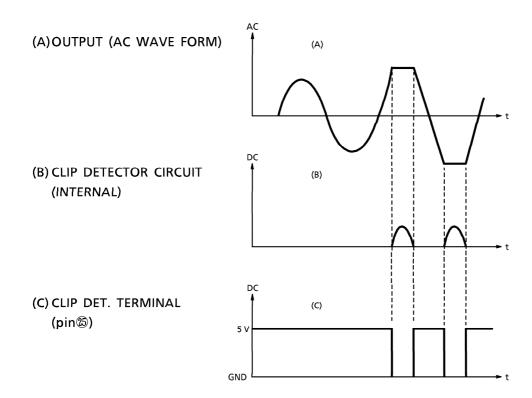
In case of being unused this function, use this IC as open connection on pin.

#### (Application)



pin : Open Collector Output (Active Low)

(Fig.9)



#### 7. Cross talk

The cross talk characteristics of the IC is not good between OUT1 and 2, OUT3 and 4. So we recommend to use by below method.

OUT1, 2	L-ch (or R-ch)
OUT3, 4	R-ch (or L-ch)

And, please refer to below table in case of applying the AUX. IN because it is out to OUT1 and 4.

ex) In case of the Signal from AUX. IN to front speakers.

OUT1	Front	L-ch (or R-ch)	AUX. OUT	
OUT2	Rear	L-CII (OI K-CII)	_	
OUT3	Rear	Pich (or Lich)	_	
OUT4	Front	R-ch (or L-ch)	AUX. OUT	

## **MAXIMUM RATING** (Ta = $25^{\circ}$ C)

CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	RATING	UNIT
Peak Supply Voltage (0.2 s)	V <sub>CC</sub> (surge)	50	V
DC Supply Voltage	VCC (DC)	25	V
Operating Supply Voltage	V <sub>CC (opr)</sub>	18	V
Output Current (peak)	l <sub>o (peak)</sub>	9	Α
Power Dissipation	P <sub>D</sub> (*)	250	W
Operating Temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	<b>- 40∼85</b>	°C
Storage Temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	<b>- 55∼150</b>	°C

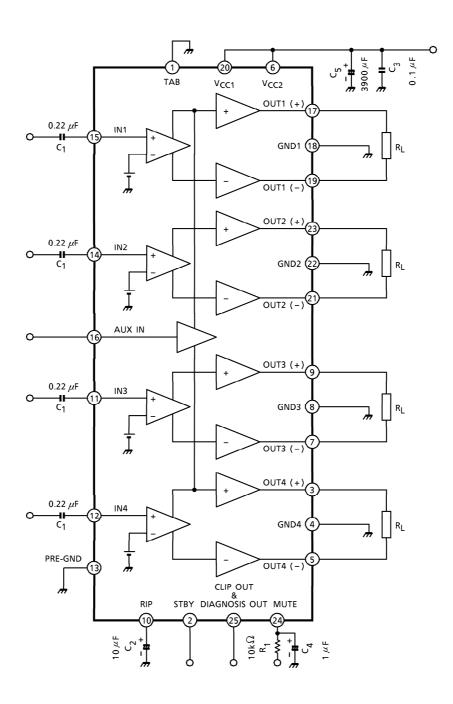
(\*) : Package thermal resistance  $\theta_{j-T} = 0.5^{\circ}\text{C/W}$  (Typ.) (Ta = 25°C, with infinite heat sink)

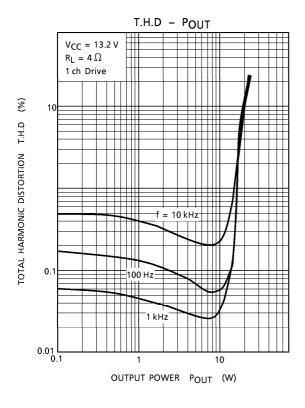
## **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (Unless otherwise specified $V_{CC} = 13.2 \text{ V}$ , f = 1 kHz, $R_L = 4 \Omega$ , $Ta = 25 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ )

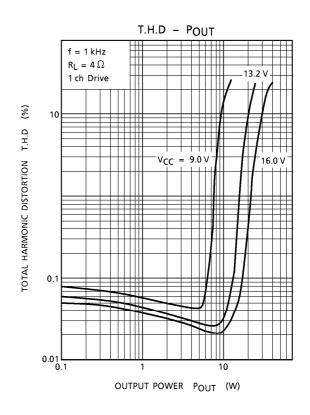
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERIS	iies (omessom	CIVVIS	e specified v(C = 13.2 v, 1 =	i Kiiz,	\\_	42, IG.	- 23 C)
CHARACTERISTIC	SYMBOL	TEST CIR- CUIT	CONDITION	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
Quiescent Current	lcco	_	$V_{IN} = 0$	_	200	400	mA
Output Power	POUT MAX (1)		$V_{CC} = 14.4 \text{ V}, \text{ MAX power}$	_	37	_	· w
	P <sub>OUT</sub> MAX (2)	_	$V_{CC} = 13.7 \text{ V, MAX power}$	_	35	_	
	POUT (1)		$V_{CC} = 14.4 \text{ V, THD} = 10\%$	_	24	_	
	POUT (2)		THD = 10%	19	21	_	
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	_	P <sub>OUT</sub> = 3 W	_	0.02	0.2	%
Voltage Gain	GV	_	$V_{OUT} = 0.775 V_{rms} (0 dBm)$	24	26	28	dB
Voltage Gain Ratio	⊿G <sub>V</sub>		$V_{OUT} = 0.775 V_{rms} (0 dBm)$	- 1.0	0	1.0	dB
Output Noise Voltage	V <sub>NO (1)</sub>	_	$R_g = 0 \Omega$ , DIN45405	_	0.12	_	mV <sub>rms</sub>
	V <sub>NO</sub> (2)	_	$R_g = 0 \Omega$ , BW = 20 Hz~20 kHz	_	0.10	0.35	mV <sub>rms</sub>
Ripple Rejection Ratio	R.R.	_	$f_{rip} = 100 \text{ Hz}, R_g = 620 \Omega$ $V_{rip} = 0.775 V_{rms} (0 \text{ dBm})$	40	50	_	dB
Cross Talk	C.T.	_	$R_g = 620 \Omega$ , $V_{OUT} = 0.775 V_{rms}$ (0 dBm)	_	65	_	dB
Output Offset Voltage	VOFFSET	l		- 100	0	+ 100	mV
Input Resistance	R <sub>IN</sub>	l		-	90	_	kΩ
Stand-by Current	ISB	l	Stand-by condition	-	2	10	$\mu$ A
Stand-by Control Voltage	V <sub>SB</sub> H	1	Power : on	3.0	_	6.0	V
	V <sub>SB</sub> L	1	Power : off	0	_	1.5	_
Mute Control Voltage (*)	V <sub>M</sub> H	_	Mute: off		OPEN		v
	V <sub>M</sub> L		Mute : on, $R_1 = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	0	_	0.5	
Mute Attenuation	ATT M	1	Mute: on, V <sub>OUT</sub> = 7.75 Vrms (20 dBm) at Mute: off.	80	90	_	dB

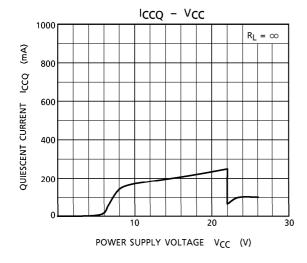
(\*) : Muting function have to be controlled by open and Low Logic, which Logic is a transistor, FET and  $\mu$ -COM port of I<sub>MUTE</sub> > 250  $\mu$ A ability. This means that the Mute control terminal : pin<sup>2</sup> must not be pulled-up.

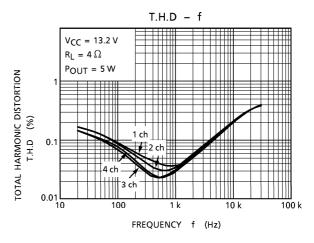
## **TEST CIRCUIT**

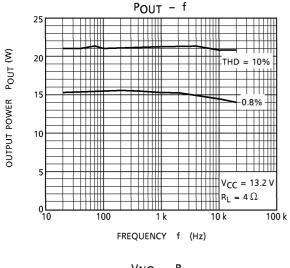


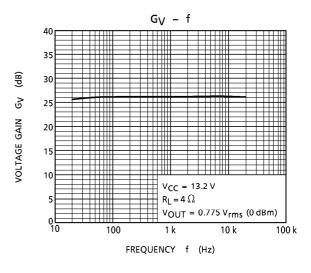


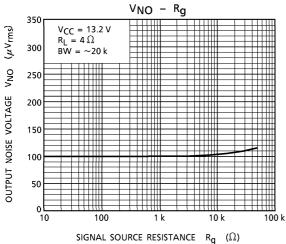


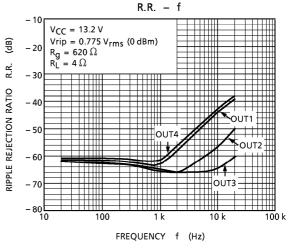


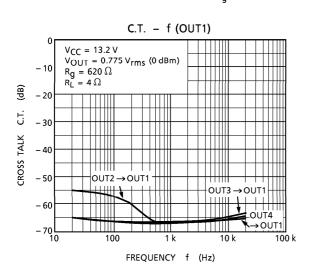


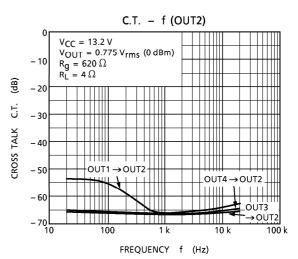


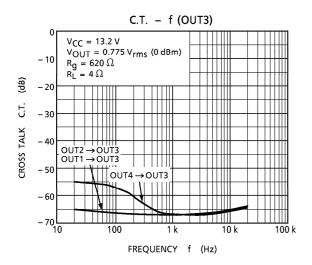


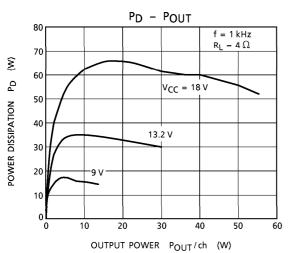


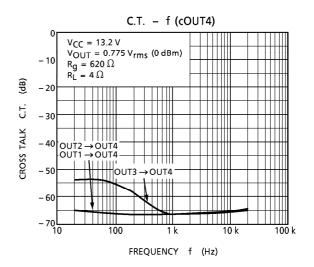


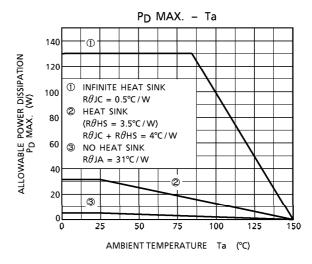








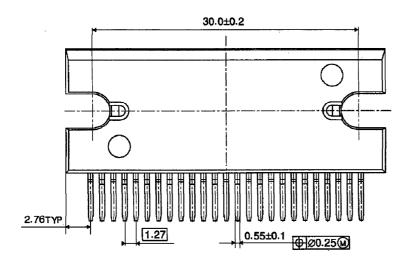


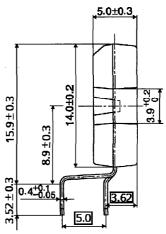


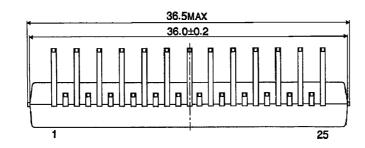
## **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS**

HZIP25-P-1.27E

UNIT: mm







Weight: 9.8 g (Typ.)