Thick Film Hybrid IC.



Features

- The STK4201II series (STK4231II) and STK4201V series (high-grade type) are pin-compatible in the output range of 60W to 100W. Once the PCB pattern is designed, you can easily satisfy the requirements for new sets simply by changing the IC.
- · Built-in muting circuit to cut off various kinds of pop noise
- · Greatly reduced heat sink due to case temperature 125°C guaranteed
- · Excellent cost performance

Maximum Ratings at Ta = 25°C Maximum Supply Voltage Thermal Resistance Junction Temperature Operating Case Temperature Storage Temperature Available Time for Load Shorted	V _{CC} max θj-c Tj T _C Tstg t _s	$V_{CC} = \pm 51.0 V, R_L = 8\Omega,$ f=50Hz, Po=100W	± 75 1.1 150 125 - 30 to + 125 1	unit V °C/W °C °C °C S	
Recommended Operating Condition		unit			

recommended operating condition			unit
Recommended Operating Voltage	v_{cc}	± 51.0	v
Load Resistance	R_L	8	Ω

Operating Characteristics at $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$, $V_{CC} = \pm 51.0V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, $Rg = 600\Omega$, VG = 40dB,

	R _L : nor	n-inductive load	min	typ	max	unit
Quiescent Current	Icco	$V_{CC} = \pm 60 \vec{V}$	20	40	100	mA
Output Power	Po	THD = 0.4%, f = 20Hz to 20kHz	100		200	W
Total Harmonic Distortion	THD	Po = 1.0W, f = 1kHz	100		0.3	%
Frequency Response	f	$P_0 = 1.0W, \pm \frac{0}{3} dB$	2	0 to 5(Hz
Input Resistance	r _i	Po=1.0W, f=1kHz		55		kΩ
Output Noise Voltage	V _{NO}	$V_{CC} = \pm 60 V, Rg = 10 k\Omega$			1.2 n	nVrms
Midpoint Voltage	V_N	$V_{CC} = \pm 60V$	-70	0	+70	\mathbf{mV}
Muting Voltage	V _M		-2	- 5	-10	v

Package Dimensions 4086 (unit: mm)



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- Note) · For power supply at the time of test, use a constant-voltage power supply unless otherwise specified.
 - For measurement of the available time for load shorted and output noise voltage, use the specified transformer power supply shown right.
 - The output noise voltage is represented by the peak value on rms scale (VTVM) of average value indicating type. For AC power supply, use an AC stabilized power supply (50Hz) to eliminate the effect of flicker noise in AC primary line.

Equivalent Circuit



Specified Transformer Power Supply (Equivalent to MG-200)

Unit (resistance: Ω , capacitance: F)



Sample Application Circuit: 100W min 2-channel AF power amp





Sample Printed Circuit Pattern for Application Circuit (Cu-foiled side)





Continued from preceding page.

- R15: Resistor for ripple filter
 - · (Limiting resistor for predriver TR at the time of load short)
- R14: Used to ensure plus/minus balance at the time of clip.
- R18, R19: Resistor for ripple filter
 - \cdot When muting TR11 is turned ON, current flows from ground to $-V_{CC}$ through TR11. It is recommended to use $1k\Omega (1W) + 1k\Omega (1W)$ allowing for the power that may be dissipated on that occasion.
- R24, R25: Oscillation blocking resistors
- R16, R17: Output limiting resistors
- R22, R23 : [For high-frequency oscillation blocking

L1, L2:

Sample Application Circuit (protection circuit and muting circuit)



Thermal Design

The IC power dissipation of the STK4231II at the IC-operated mode is 137W max. at load resistance 8Ω (simultaneous drive of 2 channels) for continuous sine wave as shown in Fig.1.



In an actual application where a music signal is used, it is impractical to estimate the power dissipation based on the continuous signal as shown above, because too large a heat sink must be used. It is reasonable to estimate the power dissipation as 1/10 Po max. (EIAJ).

That is, Pd = 86W at 8Ω

Thermal resistance θ c-a of a heat sink for this IC power dissipation (Pd) is fixed under conditions 1 and 2 shown below.

Assuming that the power dissipation is shared equally among the four power transistors (2 channels \times 2), thermal resistance θ j-c is 1.1°C/W and

$$Pd \times (\theta c \cdot a + 1.1/4) + Ta \leq 150^{\circ}C \cdots (3)$$

Thermal resistance θ_{c-a} of a heat sink must satisfy inequalities (1) and (3). Fig.2 shows the relation between Pd and θ_{c-a} given from (1) and (3) with Ta as a parameter.





[Example] The thermal resistance of a heat sink is obtained when the ambient temperature specified for a stereo amplifier is 50°C.

Assuming $V_{CC} = \pm 51.0V$, $R_L = 8\Omega$, $R_L = 8\Omega$: Pd = 86W at 1/10 Po max. The thermal resistance of a heat sink is obtained from Fig.2. $R_L = 8\Omega$: $\theta c a = 0.87^{\circ}C/W$ Tj when a heat sink is used is obtained from (3). $R_L = 8\Omega$: Tj = 148.5°C

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