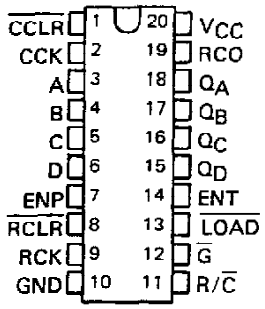
SN54LS690, SN54LS691, SN54LS693, SN74LS690, SN74LS691, SN74LS693
SYNCHRONOUS COUNTERS WITH OUTPUT REGISTERS AND MULTIPLEXED 3-STATE OUTPUTS

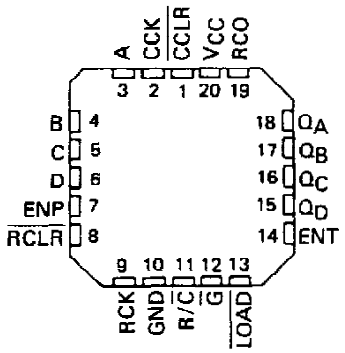
SDLS198 — D2423, JANUARY 1981—REVISED MARCH 1988

- 4-Bit Counters/Registers
- Multiplexed Outputs for Counter or Latched Data
- 3-State Outputs Drive Bus Lines Directly
- 'LS690 . . .Decade Counter, Direct Clear
  'LS691 . . . Binary Counter, Direct Clear
  'LS693 . . . Binary Counter, Synchronous Clear

SN54LS690, SN54LS691, SN54LS693 . . . J PACKAGE
SN74LS690, SN74LS691, SN74LS693 . . . DW OR N PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



SN54LS690, SN54LS691, SN54LS693 . . . FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



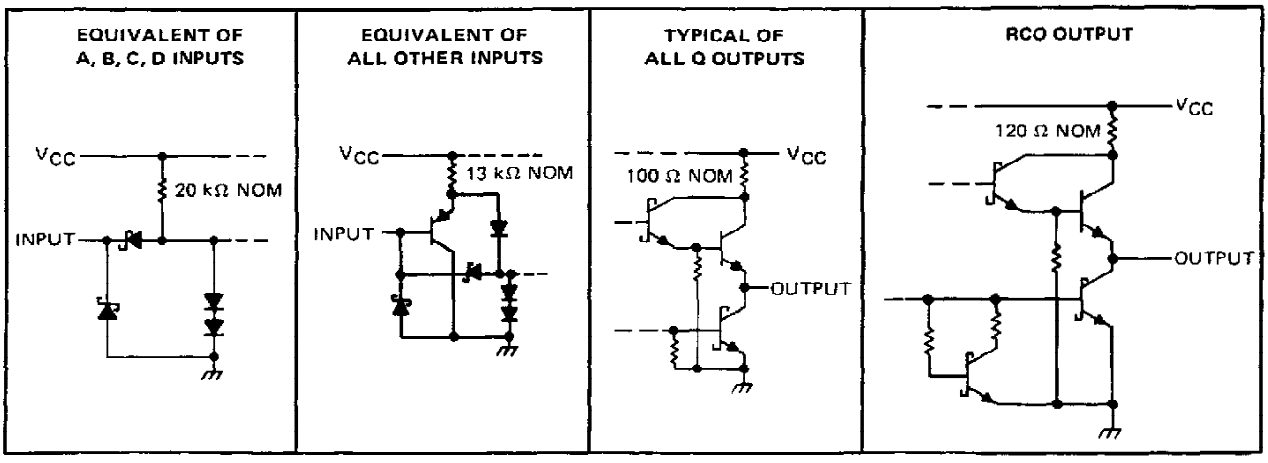
description

These low-power Schottky LSI devices incorporate synchronous counters, four-bit D-type registers, and quadruple two-line to one-line multiplexers with three-state outputs in a single 20-pin package. The counters can be programmed from the data inputs and have enable P inputs and enable T inputs and a ripple-carry output for easy expansion. The register/counter select input, R/$\overline{C}$, selects the counter when low or the register when high for the three-state outputs, Q_A, Q_B, Q_C, and Q_D. These outputs are rated at 12 and 24 milliamperes (54LS/74LS) for good bus-driving performance.

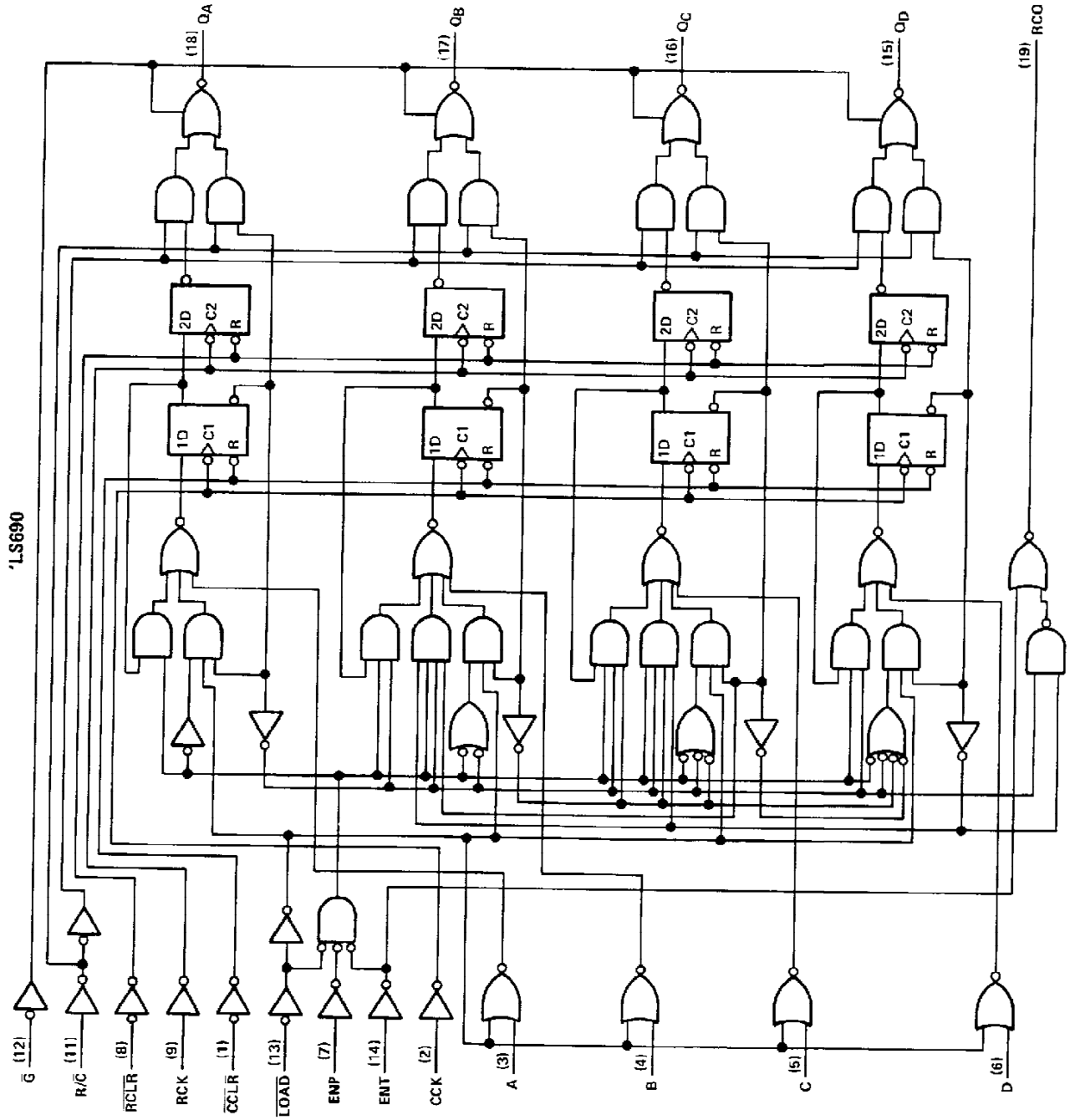
Individual clock and clear inputs are provided for both the counter and the register. Both clock inputs are positive-edge triggered: The clear line is active low and is asynchronous on the 'LS690 and 'LS691, synchronous on the 'LS693. Loading of the counter is accomplished when $\overline{LOAD}$ is taken low and a positive-transition occurs on the counter clock CCK.

Expansion is easily accomplished by connecting RCO of the first stage to ENT of the second state, etc. All ENP inputs can be tied common and used as master enable or disable control.

schematics of inputs and outputs

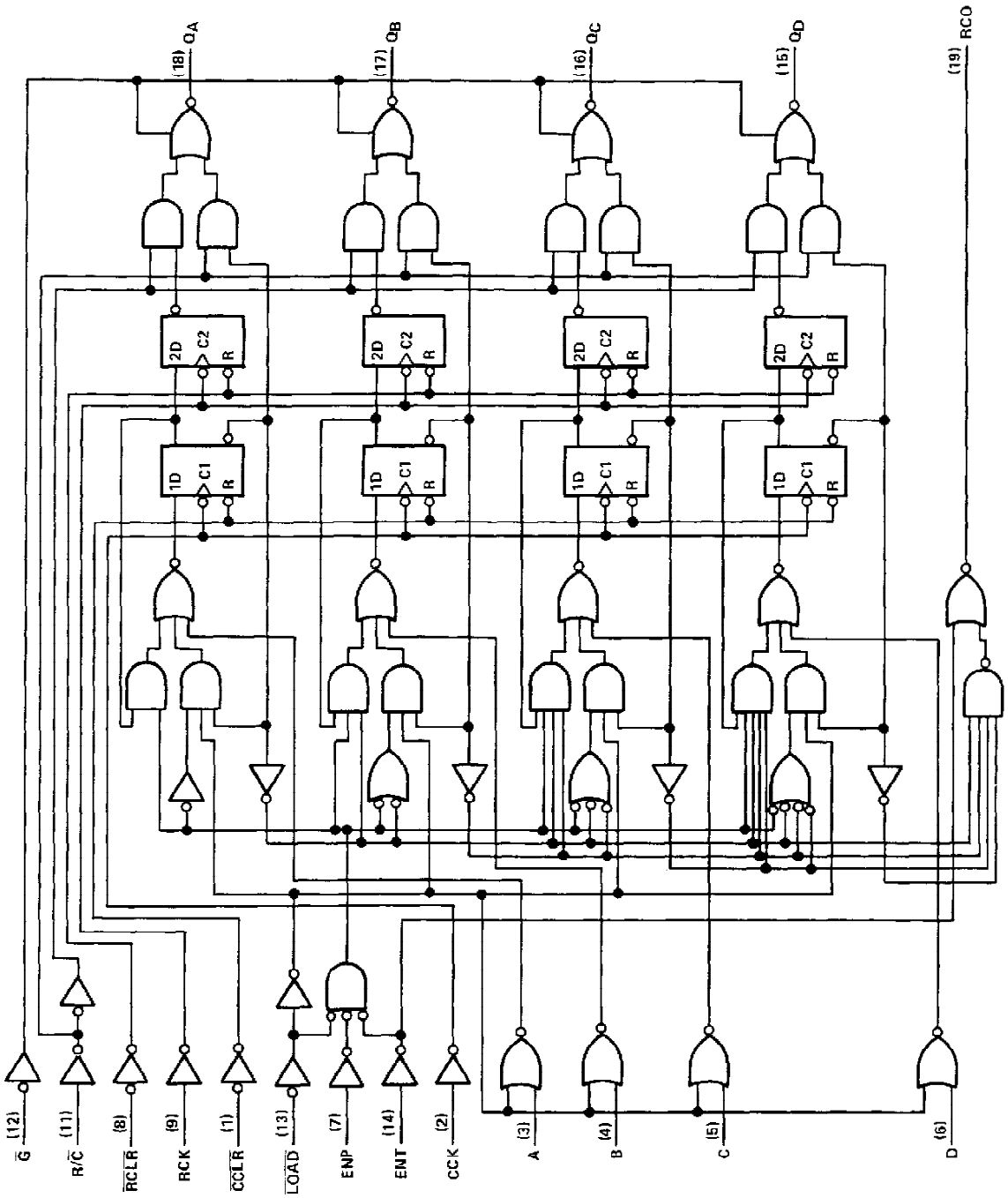


logic diagrams (positive logic)



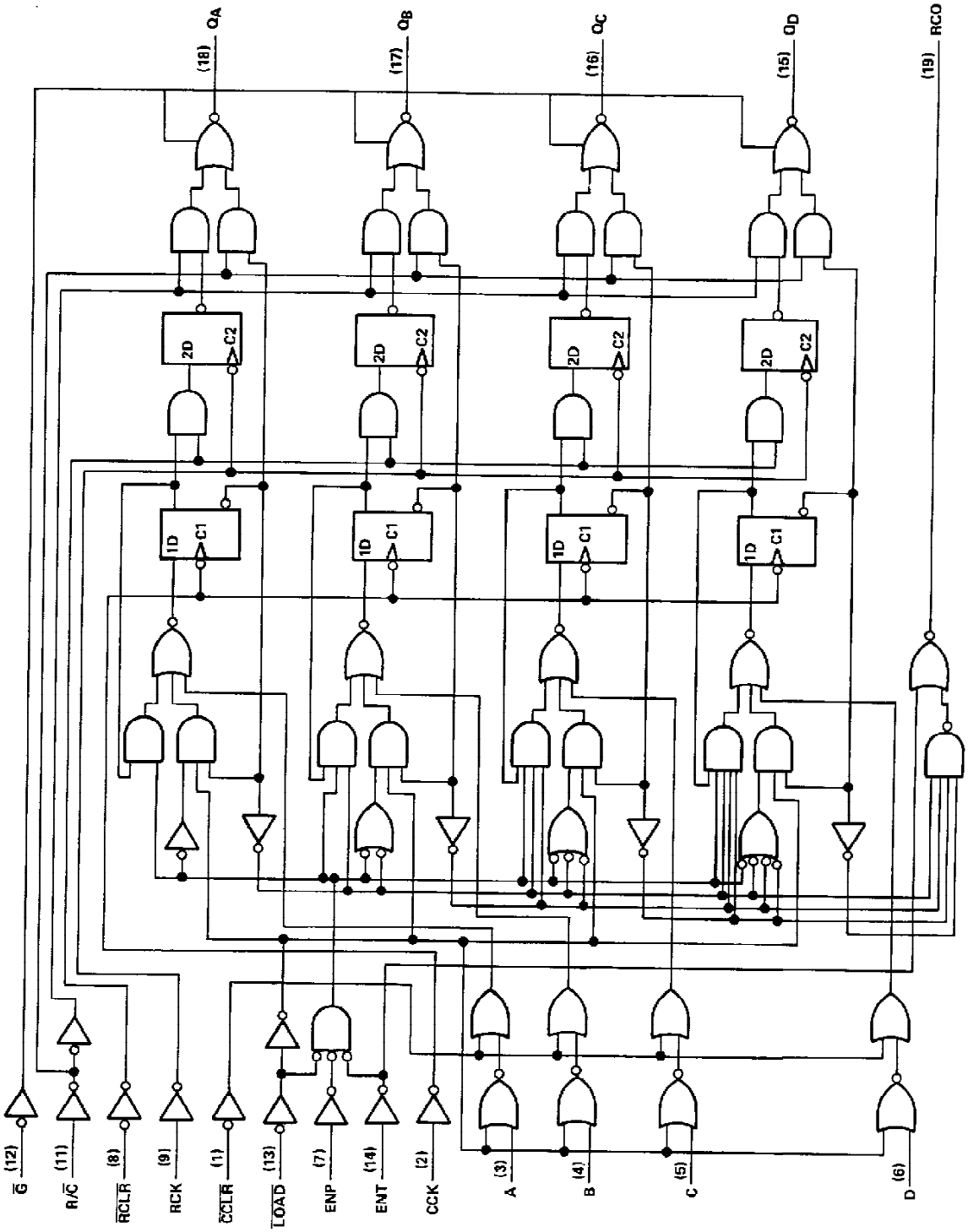
logic diagrams (positive logic) (continued)

'LS691



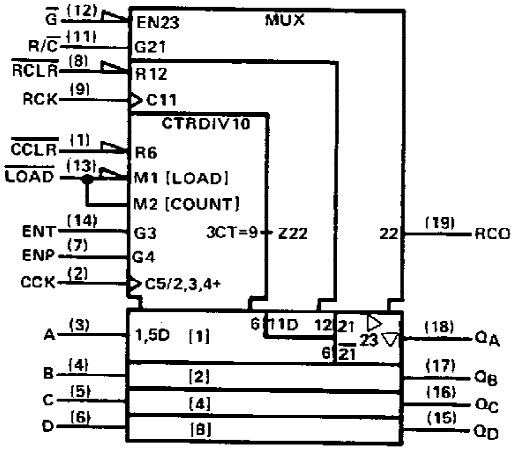
logic diagrams (positive logic) (continued)

'LS693

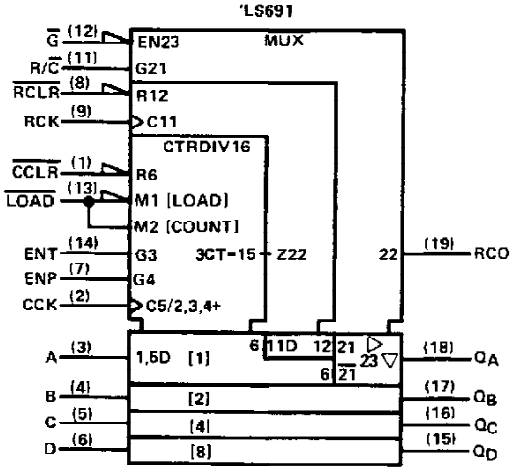


logic symbols†

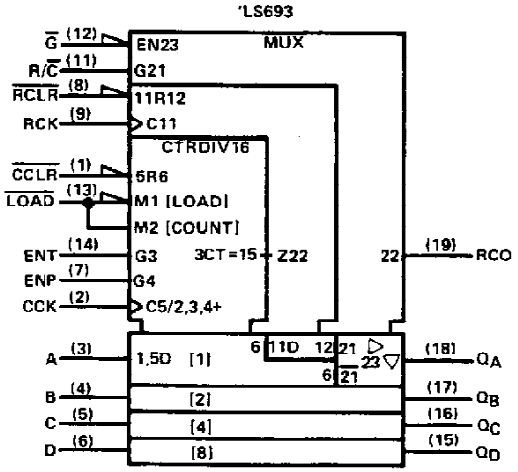
'LS690



'LS691



'LS693



†These symbols are in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std. 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage, V_{CC} (See Note 1) . . . . . 7 V
Input voltage . . . . . 7 V
Off-state output voltage . . . . . 5.5 V
Operating free-air temperature range: SN54LS690, SN54LS691, SN54LS693 . . . . . −55°C to 125°C
SN74LS690, SN74LS691, SN74LS693 . . . . . 0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range . . . . . −65°C to 150°C

NOTE 1: Voltage values are with respect to network ground terminal.

recommended operating conditions

				SN54LS'			SN74LS'			UNIT
				MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX	
V_{CC}	Supply voltage			4.5	5	5.5	4.75	5	5.25	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage			2			2			V
V_{IL}	Low-level input voltage					0.7			0.8	V
I_{OH}	High-level output current		Q			−1			−2.6	mA
			RCO			−0.4			−0.4	mA
I_{OL}	Low-level output current		Q			12			24	mA
			RCO			4			8	mA
f_{clock}	Clock frequency		CCK	0		20	0		20	MHz
			RCK	0		20	0		20	MHz
t_w	Pulse duration		CCK high or low	25			25			ns
			RCK high or low	25			25			
		'LS690, 'LS691	$\overline{RCLR}$ low	20			20			
			$\overline{CCLR}$ low	20			20			
t_{su}	Setup time before CCK ↑		A thru D	30			30			ns
			$\overline{ENP}$ or $\overline{ENT}$	30			30			
			$\overline{LOAD}$ ↓	30			30			
		'LS693	$\overline{CCLR}$ ↓	40			40			
		'LS690, 'LS691	$\overline{CCLR}$ ↑ inactive	25			25			
t_{su}	Setup time before RCK ↑		CCK ↑ (see Note 2)	30			30			ns
		'LS690, 'LS691	$\overline{RCLR}$ ↑ inactive	25			25			
		'LS693	RCLR ↓	20			20			
t_h	Hold time	Any input from CCK ↑ or RCK ↑		0			0			ns
T_A	Operating free-air temperature			−55		125	0		70	°C

NOTE 2: This set up time ensures the register will see stable data from the counter outputs. The clocks may be tied together in which case the register state will be one clock pulse behind the counter.

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS†		SN54LS'			SN74LS'			UNIT
				MIN	TYP‡	MAX	MIN	TYP‡	MAX	
V_{IK}		V_{CC} = MIN, I_I = −18 mA				−1.5			−1.5	V
V_{OH}	Any Q	V_{CC} = MIN, V_{IH} = 2 V, V_{IL} = MAX	I_{OH} = −1 mA	2.4	3.1					V
	Any Q		I_{OH} = −2.6 mA				2.4	3.1		
	RCO		I_{OH} = −0.4 mA	2.5	3.2		2.7	3.2		
V_{OL}	Any Q	V_{CC} = MIN, V_{IH} = 2 V, V_{IL} = MAX	I_{OL} = 12 mA		0.25	0.4		0.25	0.4	V
	Any Q		I_{OL} = 24 mA					0.35	0.5	
	RCO		I_{OL} = 4 mA		0.25	0.4		0.25	0.4	
	RCO		I_{OL} = 8 mA					0.35	0.5	
I_{OZH}	Any Q	V_{CC} = MAX, V_{IH} = 2 V, V_{IL} = MAX, V_O = 2.7 V				20			20	μA
I_{OZL}	Any Q	V_{CC} = MAX, V_{IH} = 2 V, V_{IL} = MAX, V_O = 0.4 V				−20			−20	μA
I_I		V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 7 V				0.1			0.1	mA
I_{IH}		V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 2.7 V				20			20	μA
I_{IL}	A thru D	V_{CC} = MAX, V_I = 0.4 V				−0.4			−0.4	mA
	All others					−0.2			−0.2	
I_{OS}§	Any Q	V_{CC} = MAX, V_O = 0 V		−30		−130	−30		−130	mA
	RCO			−20		−100	−20		−100	
I_{CCH}		V_{CC} = MAX, All outputs open	See Note 3		46	65		46	65	mA
I_{CCL}			See Note 4		48	70		48	70	
I_{CCZ}			See Note 5		48	70		48	70	

† For conditions shown as MIN or MAX, use the appropriate value specified under recommended operating conditions.
‡ All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C.
§ Not more than one output should be shorted at a time and duration of short-circuit should not exceed one second.
NOTES: 3. I_{CCH} is measured after two 4.5 V to 0-V to 4.5-V pulses have been applied to CCK and RCK while $\overline{G}$ is grounded and all other inputs are at 4.5 V.
4. I_{CCL} is measured after two 0-V to 4.5-V to 0-V pulses have been applied to CCK and RCK while all other inputs are grounded.
5. I_{CCZ} is measured after two 0-V to 4.5-V to 0-V pulses have been applied to CCK and RCK while $\overline{G}$ is at 4.5 V and all other inputs are grounded.

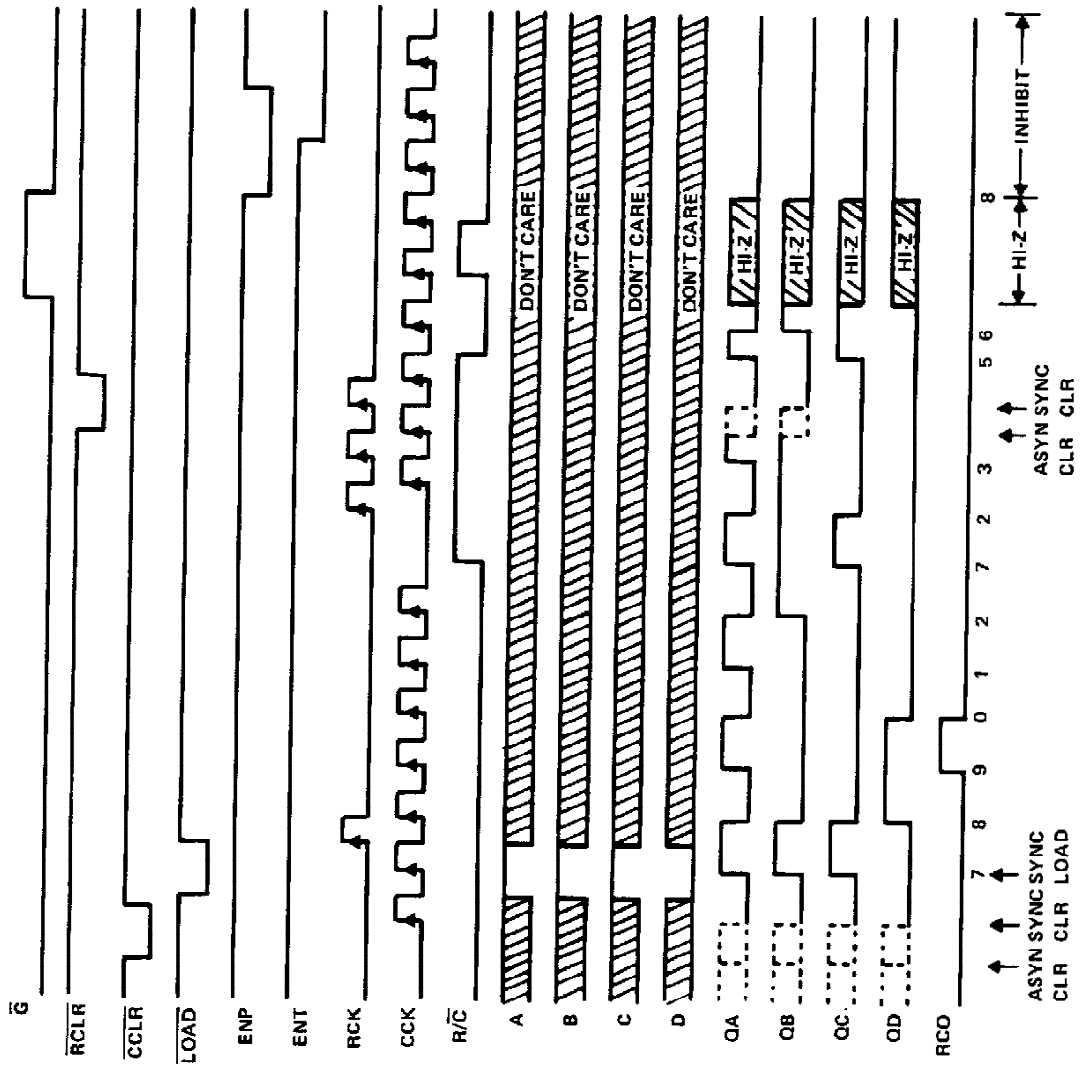
switching characteristics, V_{CC} = 5 V, T_A = 25°C (see note 6)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	TEST CONDITIONS	'LS690, 'LS691			'LS693			UNIT
				MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
t_{PLH}	CCK↑	RCO	R_L = 2 kΩ, C_L = 15 pF		23	40		23	40	ns
t_{PHL}					23	40		23	40	
t_{PLH}	ENT	RCO			13	20		13	20	ns
t_{PHL}					13	20		13	20	
t_{PLH}	CCK↑	Q	R_L = 667 Ω, C_L = 45 pF		12	20		12	20	ns
t_{PHL}					17	25		17	25	
t_{PLH}	RCK↑	Q			12	20		12	20	ns
t_{PHL}					17	25		17	25	
t_{PHL}	$\overline{CCLR}$↓	Q			23	40				ns
t_{PHL}	$\overline{RCLR}$↓	Q			20	30				ns
t_{PLH}	R/$\overline{C}$	Q			16	25		16	25	ns
t_{PHL}					16	25		16	25	
t_{PZH}	$\overline{G}$↓	Q			19	30		19	30	ns
t_{PZL}					19	30		19	30	
t_{PHZ}	$\overline{G}$↑	Q	R_L = 667 Ω, C_L = 5 pF		17	30		17	30	ns
t_{PLZ}					17	30		17	30	

NOTE 6: Load circuits and voltage waveforms are shown in Section 1.

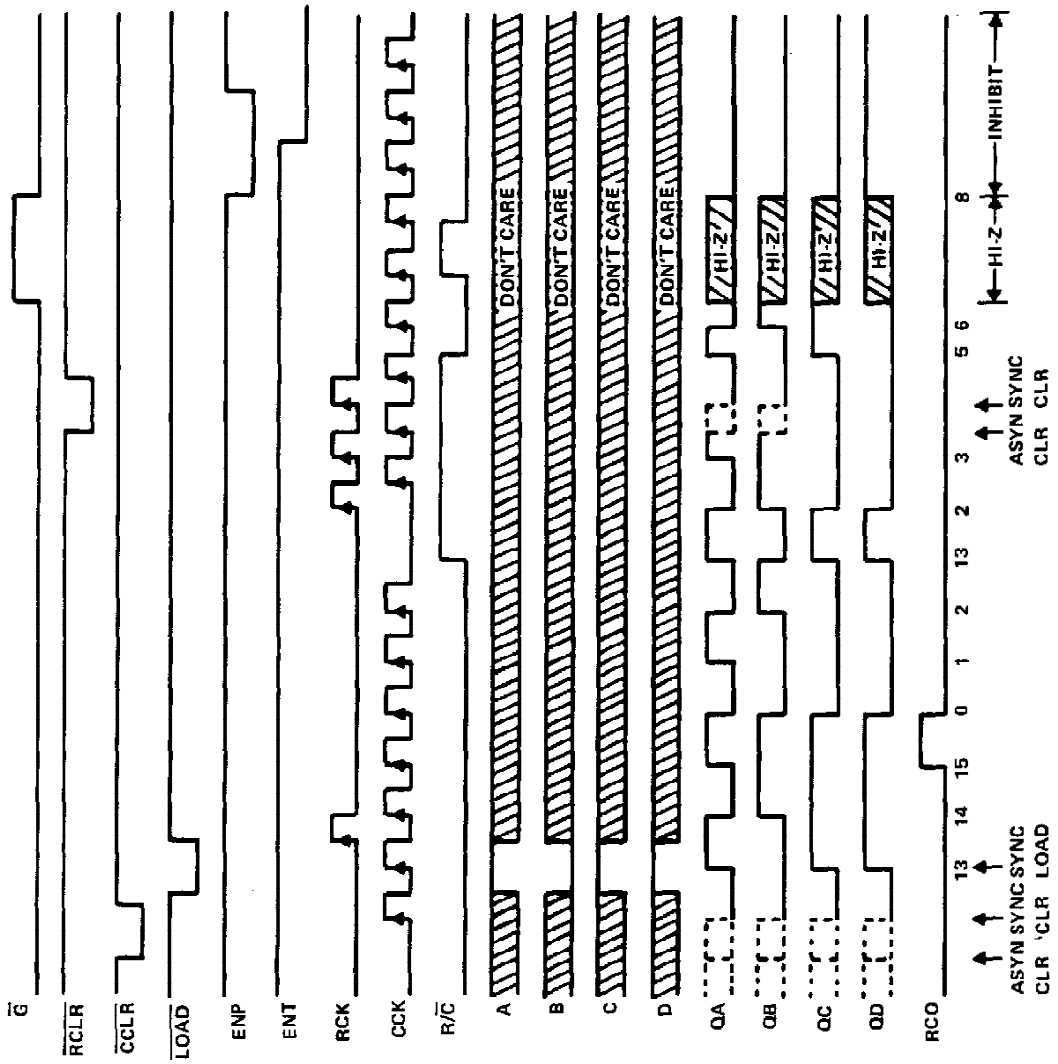
typical operating sequences

'LS690 DECADE COUNTER, Asynchronous Clear



typical operating sequences (continued)

'LS691 BINARY COUNTER, Asynchronous Clear
'LS693 BINARY COUNTER, Synchronous Clear



IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments (TI) reserves the right to make changes to its products or to discontinue any semiconductor product or service without notice, and advises its customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that the information being relied on is current.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products and related software to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

Certain applications using semiconductor products may involve potential risks of death, personal injury, or severe property or environmental damage ("Critical Applications").

TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, INTENDED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT APPLICATIONS, DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS.

Inclusion of TI products in such applications is understood to be fully at the risk of the customer. Use of TI products in such applications requires the written approval of an appropriate TI officer. Questions concerning potential risk applications should be directed to TI through a local SC sales office.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards should be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance, customer product design, software performance, or infringement of patents or services described herein. Nor does TI warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used.