

SN54ABT620, SN74ABT620 OCTAL BUS TRANSCEIVERS WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

SCBS113C – FEBRUARY 1991 – REVISED JANUARY 1997

- State-of-the-Art *EPIC-II*[™] BiCMOS Design Significantly Reduces Power Dissipation
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per JEDEC Standard JESD-17
- Typical V_{OLP} (Output Ground Bounce) < 1 V at $V_{CC} = 5$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- High-Drive Outputs (–32-mA I_{OH} , 64-mA I_{OL})
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (DW) and Shrink Small-Outline (DB Packages, Ceramic Chip Carriers (FK), and Plastic (N) and Ceramic (J) DIPs

description

These octal bus transceivers provide for asynchronous communication between data buses. The control-function implementation allows for maximum flexibility in timing. The 'ABT620 provide inverted data at the outputs.

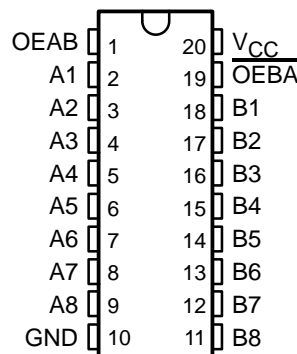
These devices allow data transmission from the A bus to the B bus or from the B bus to the A bus, depending on the logic levels at the output-enable (OEAB and $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$) inputs.

The output-enable inputs can be used to disable the device so that the buses are effectively isolated. The dual-enable configuration gives the transceivers the capability of storing data by simultaneously enabling OEAB and $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$. When both OEAB and $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ are enabled and all other data sources to the two sets of bus lines are at high impedance, both sets of bus lines (16 total) remain at their last states. In this way, each output reinforces its input in this configuration.

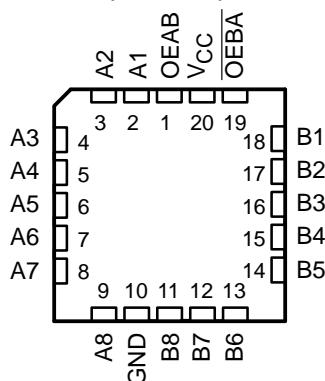
To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, $\overline{\text{OEBA}}$ should be tied to V_{CC} through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver. OEAB should be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

The SN54ABT620 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of -55°C to 125°C . The SN74ABT620 is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C .

SN54ABT620 . . . J PACKAGE
SN74ABT620 . . . DB, DW, OR N PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



SN54ABT620 . . . FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



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**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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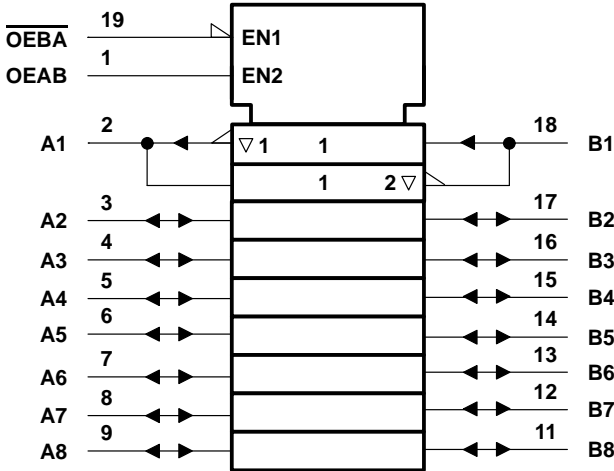
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FUNCTION TABLE

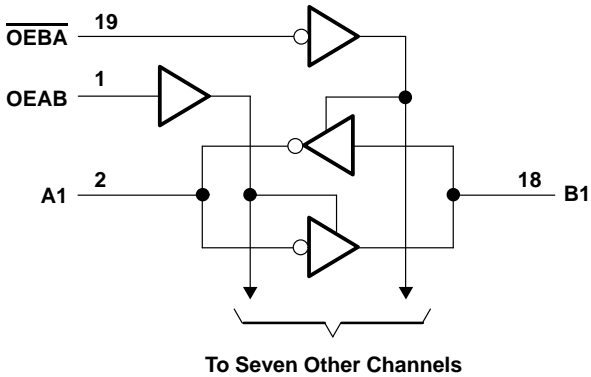
INPUTS		OPERATION
OEBA	OEAB	
L	L	\overline{B} data to A bus
L	H	\overline{B} data to A bus, A data to B bus
H	L	Isolation
H	H	\overline{A} data to B bus

logic symbol†



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

logic diagram (positive logic)



absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)‡

Supply voltage range, V_{CC}	–0.5 V to 7 V
Input voltage range, V_I (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or power-off state, V_O	–0.5 V to 5.5 V
Current into any output in the low state, I_O : SN54ABT620	96 mA
SN74ABT620	128 mA
Input clamp current, I_{IK} ($V_I < 0$)	–18 mA
Output clamp current, I_{OK} ($V_O < 0$)	–50 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ_{JA} (see Note 2): DB package	115°C/W
DW package	97°C/W
N package	67°C/W
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C

‡ Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
2. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with EIA/JEDEC Std JESD51, except for through-hole packages, which use a trace length of zero.

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recommended operating conditions (see Note 3)

			SN54ABT620		SN74ABT620		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V _{CC}	Supply voltage		4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	V
V _{IH}	High-level input voltage		2		2		V
V _{IL}	Low-level input voltage			0.8		0.8	V
V _I	Input voltage		0	V _{CC}	0	V _{CC}	V
I _{OH}	High-level output current			–24		–32	mA
I _{OL}	Low-level output current			48		64	mA
Δt/Δv	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled		5		5	ns/V
T _A	Operating free-air temperature		–55	125	–40	85	°C

NOTE 3: Unused pins (input or I/O) must be held high or low to prevent them from floating.

electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	T _A = 25°C			SN54ABT620		SN74ABT620		UNIT
			MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
V _{IK}		V _{CC} = 4.5 V, I _I = –18 mA			–1.2		–1.2		–1.2	V
V _{OH}		V _{CC} = 4.5 V, I _{OH} = –3 mA	2.5			2.5		2.5		V
		V _{CC} = 5 V, I _{OH} = –3 mA	3			3		3		
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V, I _{OH} = –24 mA	2			2				
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V, I _{OH} = –32 mA	2*					2		
V _{OL}		V _{CC} = 4.5 V, I _{OL} = 48 mA			0.55		0.55			V
		V _{CC} = 4.5 V, I _{OL} = 64 mA			0.55*				0.55	
V _{hys}				100						mV
I _I	Control inputs	V _{CC} = 5.5 V, V _I = V _{CC} or GND			±1		±1		±1	μA
	A or B ports				±100		±100		±100	
I _{OZH} ‡		V _{CC} = 5.5 V, V _O = 2.7 V			50		50		50	μA
I _{OZL} ‡		V _{CC} = 5.5 V, V _O = 0.5 V			–50		–50		–50	μA
I _{off}		V _{CC} = 0, V _I or V _O ≤ 4.5 V			±100				±100	μA
I _{CEX}		V _{CC} = 5.5 V, V _O = 5.5 V, Outputs high			50		50		50	μA
I _O §		V _{CC} = 5.5 V, V _O = 2.5 V	–50	–100	–180	–50	–180	–50	–180	mA
I _{CC}	A or B ports	V _{CC} = 5.5 V, I _O = 0, V _I = V _{CC} or GND, Outputs high		5	250		250		250	μA
		Outputs low		24	30		30		30	mA
		Outputs disabled		0.5	250		250		250	μA
ΔI _{CC} ¶	Data inputs	V _{CC} = 5.5 V, One input at 3.4 V, Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND			1.5		1.5		1.5	mA
					0.05		0.05		0.05	
	Control inputs	V _{CC} = 5.5 V, One input at 3.4 V, Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND			1.5		1.5		1.5	
C _i	Control inputs	V _I = 2.5 V or 0.5 V			4					pF
C _{io}	A or B ports	V _O = 2.5 V or 0.5 V			7					pF

* On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter does not apply.

† All typical values are at V_{CC} = 5 V.

‡ The parameters I_{OZH} and I_{OZL} include the input leakage current.

§ Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.

¶ This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than V_{CC} or GND.

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switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, $C_L = 50$ pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

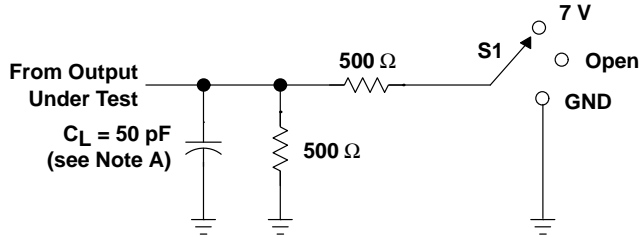
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	$V_{CC} = 5$ V, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$		SN54ABT620		SN74ABT620		UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
t_{PLH}	A or B	B or A	1	4.1	1		1	4.8	ns
t_{PHL}			1	4.3	1		1	4.8	
t_{PZH}	\overline{OEBA}	A	1.3	4.6	1.3		1.3	5.5	ns
t_{PZL}			1	6.1	1		1	7.1	
t_{PHZ}	\overline{OEBA}	A	2	6.3	2		2	7	ns
t_{PLZ}			1.4	5.4	1.4		1.4	5.8	
t_{PZH}	OEAB	B	1.6	6.2	1.6		1.6	6.8	ns
t_{PZL}			2	5.9	2		2	6.4	
t_{PHZ}	OEAB	B	1.2	5.6	1.2		1.2	6.5	ns
t_{PLZ}			1.1	4.7	1.1		1.1	5.6	

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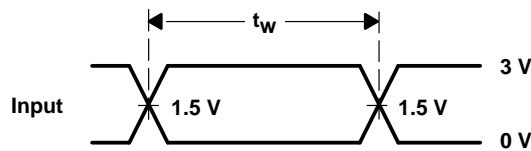
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PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

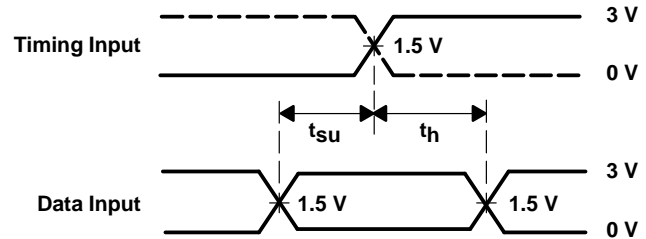


LOAD CIRCUIT

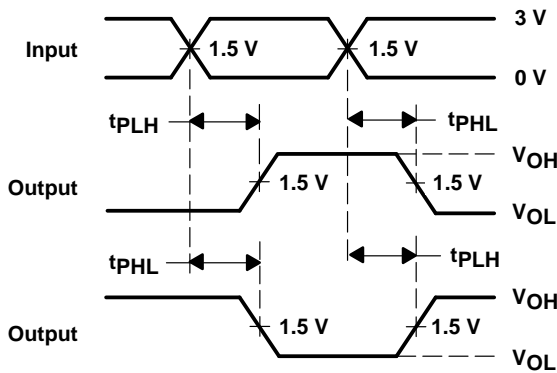
TEST	S1
t_{PLH}/t_{PHL}	Open
t_{PLZ}/t_{PZL}	7 V
t_{PHZ}/t_{PZH}	Open



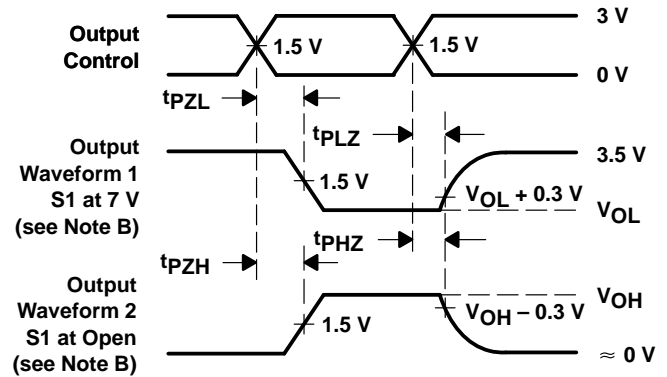
VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PULSE DURATION



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
SETUP AND HOLD TIMES



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
PROPAGATION DELAY TIMES
INVERTING AND NONINVERTING OUTPUTS



VOLTAGE WAVEFORMS
ENABLE AND DISABLE TIMES
LOW- AND HIGH-LEVEL ENABLING

- NOTES: A. C_L includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$, $Z_O = 50 \Omega$, $t_r \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$, $t_f \leq 2.5 \text{ ns}$.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

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