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20 🛛 V<sub>CC</sub>

19 20E

18 1Y1

17 🛛 2A4

16**1**1Y2

15 2A3

14**1**1Y3

13 2A2

12 1Y4

11 🛛 2A1

DB, DW, OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

1 OE

1A1 2

2Y4 🛛 3

1A2 🛛 4

2Y3 5

1A3 6

2Y2 17

1A4 **1**8

2Y1 9

GND 10

- *EPIC*<sup>™</sup> (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce) < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$
- Typical V<sub>OHV</sub> (Output V<sub>OH</sub> Undershoot)
  > 2 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- Supports Mixed-Mode Signal Operation on All Ports (5-V Input/Output Voltage With 3.3-V V<sub>CC</sub>)
- Power Off Disables Inputs/Outputs, Permitting Live Insertion
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JESD 17
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (DW), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages

## description

This octal buffer/driver is designed for 2.7-V to 3.6-V  $V_{CC}$  operation.

The SN74LVC240A is designed specifically to improve the performance and density of 3-state memory address drivers, clock drivers, and bus-oriented receivers and transmitters.

This device is organized as two 4-bit buffers/drivers with separate output-enable ( $\overline{OE}$ ) inputs. When  $\overline{OE}$  is low, the device passes data from the A inputs to the Y outputs. When  $\overline{OE}$  is high, the outputs are in the high-impedance state.

Inputs can be driven from either 3.3-V or 5-V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3-V/5-V system environment.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to V<sub>CC</sub> through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.

The SN74LVC240A is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

(each buffer)						
INPUTS OUTPL						
OE	Α	Y				
L	Н	L				
L	L	н				
н	Х	z				



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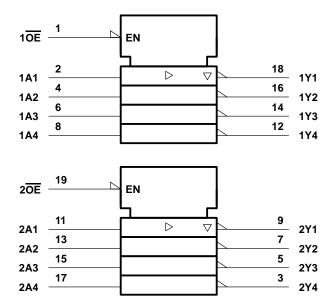
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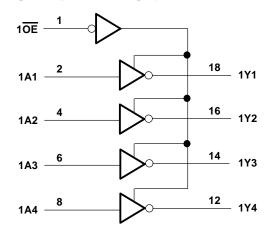
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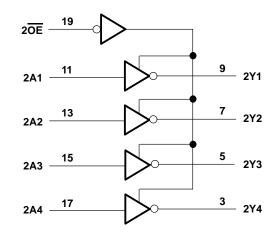
## logic symbol<sup>†</sup>



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

## logic diagram (positive logic)







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#### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)<sup>†</sup>

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$ Input voltage range, $V_I$ (see Note 1) Voltage range applied to any output in the high-impedance or power-off state, $V_O$	
(see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 6.5 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state, $V_{O}$	
(see Notes 1 and 2)	$\dots$ –0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Input clamp current, I <sub>IK</sub> (V <sub>I</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$ )	±50 mA
Continuous output current, $I_O (V_O = 0 \text{ to } V_{CC})$ (see Note 2)	±50 mA
Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	±100 mA
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3): DB package	
DW package	
PW package	128°C/W
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stg</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

2. The value of V<sub>CC</sub> is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.

3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51.

## recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
Vaa	Operating	Operating	2	3.6	V
Vcc	Supply voltage	Data retention only	1.5		v
VIH	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 2.7 V \text{ to } 3.6 V$	2		V
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC}$ = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.8	V
VI	Input voltage		0	5.5	V
٧ <sub>0</sub>	Output voltage	High or low state	0	VCC	V
	Output voltage	3 state	0	5.5	
1	High-level output current	put current $\frac{V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}}{V_{CC} = 3 \text{ V}}$		-12	mA
ЮН	High-level output current			-24	ША
IOL	$V_{CC} = 2.7 V$		12	mA	
	Low-level output current	$V_{CC} = 3 V$	24		ША
$\Delta t / \Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate		0	6	ns/V
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C

NOTE 4: Unused inputs must be held high or low to prevent them from floating.



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#### electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CC	ONDITIONS	Vcc	MIN	түр†	MAX	UNIT	
	$I_{OH} = -100 \ \mu A$ $I_{OH} = -12 \ m A$		2.7 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			V	
Mari			2.7 V	2.2				
VOH			3 V	2.4				
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$		2.2				
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.7 V to 3.6 V			0.2			
VOL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA		2.7 V			0.4	V	
	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$		3 V			0.55		
l	V <sub>I</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V		3.6 V			±5	μA	
l <sub>off</sub>	$V_{I} \text{ or } V_{O} = 5.5 \text{ V}$		0			±10	μΑ	
I <sub>OZ</sub>	V <sub>O</sub> = 0 to 5.5 V		3.6 V			±10	μA	
laa	$V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$		0.014			10	A	
ICC	$3.6 V \le V_I \le 5.5 V^{\ddagger}$	IO = 0	3.6 V	10		μA		
ΔICC	One input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V,	Other inputs at $V_{CC}$ or GND	2.7 V to 3.6 V			500	μA	
Ci	$V_I = V_{CC} \text{ or } GND$		3.3 V		4		pF	
Co	$V_{O} = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V		5.5		pF	

<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ . <sup>‡</sup> This applies in the disabled state only.

# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$ (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	ТО (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		UNIT
	(INFOT)		MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<sup>t</sup> pd	А	Y	1.3	6.5		7.5	ns
ten	OE	Y	1.1	8		9	ns
<sup>t</sup> dis	OE	Y	1.4	7		8	ns
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> §				1			ns

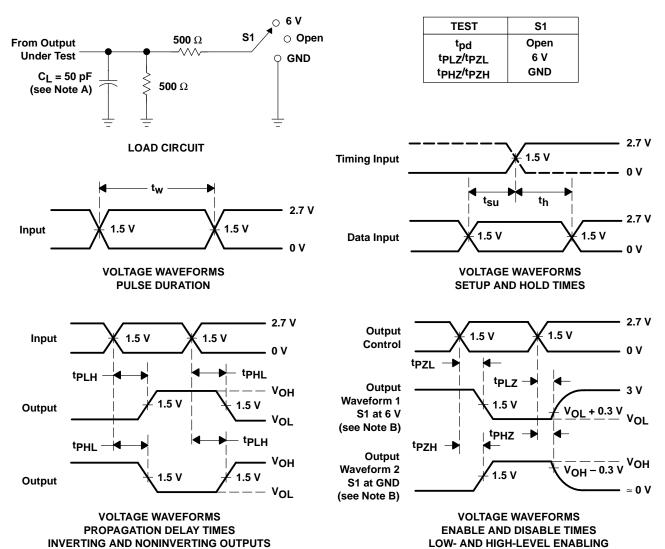
§ Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction. This parameter is warranted but not production tested.

## operating characteristics, V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C

PARAMETER			TEST C	ONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT
C <sub>pd</sub> Power dissipation capacitance per buffer/driver	Outputs enabled	$C_{L} = 0,$ f = 10 MHz	32	~~		
	Outputs disabled			3	pF	



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#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

- NOTES: A. C<sub>1</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
  - B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control.
    Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
  - C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz, Z<sub>Q</sub> = 50  $\Omega$ , t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns, t<sub>f</sub>  $\leq$  2.5 ns.
  - D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
  - E.  $t_{PLZ}$  and  $t_{PHZ}$  are the same as  $t_{dis}$ .
  - F.  $t_{PZL}$  and  $t_{PZH}$  are the same as  $t_{en}$ .
  - G. tPLH and tPHL are the same as tpd.

#### Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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