8**∏** 4Y

- EPIC™ (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) Submicron Process
- ESD Protection Exceeds 2000 V Per MIL-STD-883, Method 3015; Exceeds 200 V Using Machine Model (C = 200 pF, R = 0)
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 250 mA Per JEDEC Standard JESD-17
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce)
  < 0.8 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- Typical V<sub>OHV</sub> (Output V<sub>OH</sub> Undershoot)
  2 V at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C
- Inputs Accept Voltages to 5.5 V
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline (D), Shrink Small-Outline (DB), and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (PW) Packages

#### D, DB, OR PW PACKAGE (TOP VIEW) 14 V<sub>CC</sub> 1A 1Y 13 6A 2 2A 🛭 12∏ 6Y 3 2Y [ 11 5A ЗА 10 5Y 9 **1** 4A 3Y 6

**GND** 

#### description

This hex inverter is designed for 2.7-V to 3.6-V  $V_{CC}$  operation. The SN74LVCU04A contains six independent inverters with unbuffered outputs, and performs the Boolean function  $Y = \overline{A}$ .

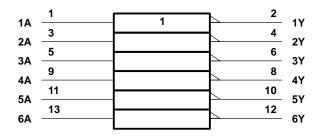
Inputs can be driven from either 3.3-V or 5-V devices. This feature allows the use of these devices as translators in a mixed 3.3-V/5-V system environment.

The SN74LVCU04A is characterized for operation from -40°C to 85°C.

# FUNCTION TABLE (each inverter)

INPUT A	OUTPUT Y
Н	L
L	Н

### logic symbol†



<sup>†</sup> This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.



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#### logic diagram, each inverter (positive logic)



### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>	0.5 V to 6.5 V
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (see Note 1)	
Output voltage range, VO (see Notes 1 and 2)	0.5 V to V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 V
Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ )	
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$ )	±50 mA
Continuous output current, $I_O$ ( $V_O = 0$ to $V_{CC}$ )	
Continuous current through V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	
Package thermal impedance, $\theta_{JA}$ (see Note 3): D package	
DB package	
PW package	
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	–65°C to 150°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
  - 2. The value of V<sub>CC</sub> is provided in the recommended operating conditions table.
  - 3. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with EIA/JEDEC Std JESD51.

### recommended operating conditions (see Note 4)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
Voc	Cumhuushara	Operating	2	3.6	V
VCC	Supply voltage	Data retention only	1.5		V
	V <sub>IH</sub> High-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V	2.16		
$\vee_{IH}$		V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V			V
	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.6 V	2.88			
VIL	Low-level input voltage	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V		0.65	V
٧ <sub>I</sub>	Input voltage	•	0	5.5	V
٧o	Output voltage		0	Vcc	V
1	High level code of compart	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		-12	A
IOH	High-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		-24	mA
I <sub>OL</sub> Low-level	Lavidaval autorit aurorat	V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		12	mA
	Low-level output current	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3 V		24	
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	•	0	10	ns/V
T <sub>A</sub>	Operating free-air temperature		-40	85	°C
NOTE 4	Unused inpute must be held high or low to prevent them	- francis (land's m	•		•

NOTE 4: Unused inputs must be held high or low to prevent them from floating.



# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST Co	ONDITIONS	VCC	MIN	TYP†	MAX	UNIT
	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu\text{A}$		2.7 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			
Va.,	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA		2.7 V	2.2			V
Voн			3 V	2.4			
	I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA	: –24 mA		2.2			
	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.16 V	2.7 V			0.2	V
Vo		V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.88 V	3.6 V			0.2	
VOL	I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA,	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.16 V	2.7 V			0.4	
	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA},$	V <sub>IH</sub> = 2.4 V	3 V			0.55	
lį	$V_I = 5.5 \text{ V or GND}$		3.6 V			±5	μΑ
Icc	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND,	IO = 0	3.6 V			10	μΑ
ΔlCC	One input at V <sub>CC</sub> – 0.6 V,	Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND	2.7 V to 3.6 V			500	μΑ
C <sub>i</sub>	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND		3.3 V		5		pF

 $<sup>\</sup>dagger$  All typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C.

# switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range, $C_L$ = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

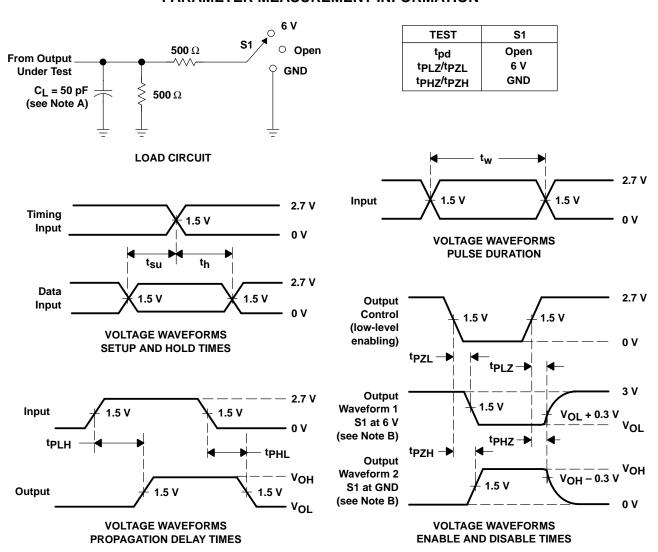
PARAMETER	R FROM TO (OUTPUT)	V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V ± 0.3 V		V <sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V		UNIT	
		(6611 61)	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
<sup>t</sup> pd	А	Υ	1	3.8		4.7	ns
t <sub>sk(o)</sub> ‡				1			ns

<sup>‡</sup> Skew between any two outputs of the same package switching in the same direction. This parameter is warranted but not production tested.

## operating characteristics, $V_{CC}$ = 3.3 V, $T_A$ = 25°C

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	UNIT
C <sub>pd</sub>	Power dissipation capacitance per inverter	$C_L = 50 pF$ ,	f = 10 MHz	5	pF

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. C<sub>I</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \,\Omega$ ,  $t_f \leq 2.5 \,$ ns,  $t_f \leq 2.5 \,$ ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E. tpLZ and tpHZ are the same as tdis.
- F. tpzL and tpzH are the same as ten.
- G. tpLH and tpHL are the same as tpd.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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