CLOCKED FIRST-IN, FIRST-OUT MEMORY

SCAS200B - JÁNUARY 1991 - REVISED JULY 1995

- Free-Running Read and Write Clocks Can Be Asynchronous or Coincident
- Read and Write Operations Synchronized to Independent System Clocks
- Input-Ready Flag Synchronized to Write Clock
- Output-Ready Flag Synchronized to Read Clock
- 2048 Words by 9 Bits
- Low-Power Advanced CMOS Technology
- Programmable Almost-Full/Almost-Empty Flag

- Input-Ready, Output-Ready, and Half-Full Flags
- Cascadable in Word Width and/or Word Depth
- Fast Access Times of 12 ns With a 50-pF Load
- Data Rates From 0 to 67 MHz
- 3-State Outputs
- Available in 44-Pin PLCC (FN),
 Space-Saving 64-Pin Thin Quad Flat (PM),
 and Reduced-Height 64-Pin Thin Quad Flat (PAG) Packages

description

The SN74ACT7807 is a 2048-word by 9-bit FIFO with high speed and fast access times. It processes data at rates up to 67 MHz and access times of 12 ns in a bit-parallel format. Data outputs are noninverting with respect to the data inputs. Expansion is easily accomplished in both word width and word depth.

The write-clock (WRTCLK) and read-clock (RDCLK) inputs should be free running and can be asynchronous or coincident. Data is written to memory on the rising edge of WRTCLK when the write-enable (WRTEN1/DP9, WRTEN2) inputs are high and the input-ready (IR) flag output is high. Data is read from memory on the rising edge of RDCLK when the read-enable (RDEN1, RDEN2) and output-enable (OE) inputs are high and the output-ready (OR) flag output is high. The first word written to memory is clocked through to the output buffer regardless of the levels on RDEN1, RDEN2, and OE. The OR flag indicates that valid data is present on the output buffer.

The FIFO can be reset asynchronous to WRTCLK and RDCLK. RESET must be asserted while at least four WRTCLK and four RDCLK cycles occur to clear the synchronizing registers. Resetting the FIFO initializes the IR, OR, and HF flags low and the AF/AE flag high. The FIFO must be reset upon power up.

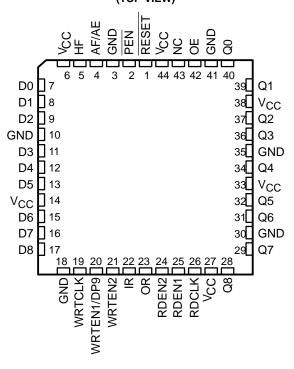
The SN74ACT7807 is characterized for operation from 0°C to 70°C.



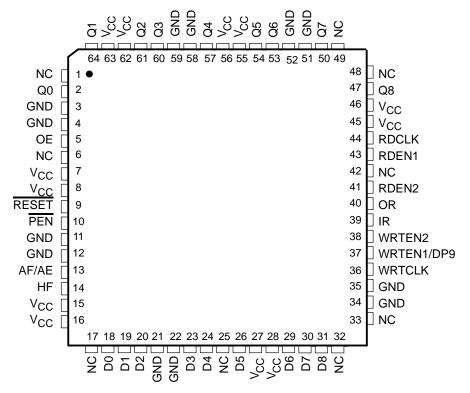
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FN PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



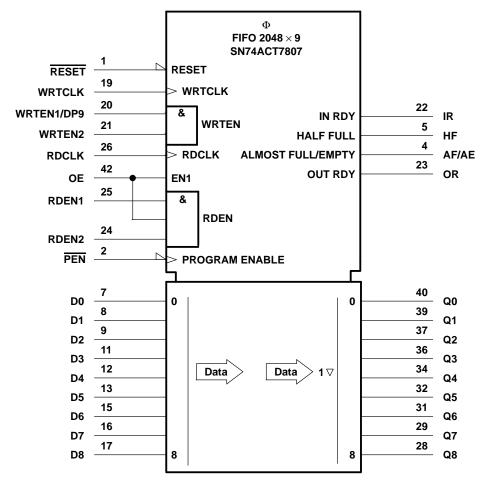
PAG OR PM PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



NC - No internal connection



logic symbol†

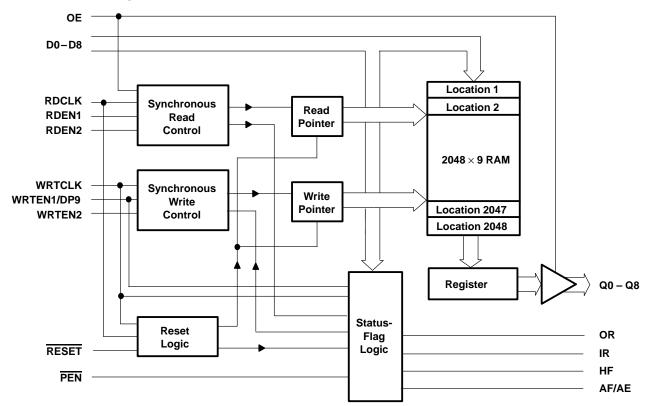


[†] This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12. Pin numbers shown are for the FN package.



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functional block diagram





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Terminal Functions

TERMINAL NAME	I/O	DESCRIPTION
AF/AE	0	Almost-full/almost-empty flag. Depth offset values can be programmed for AF/AE or the default value of 256 can be used for both the almost-empty offset (X) and the almost-full offset (Y). AF/AE is high when memory contains X or less words or (2048 – Y) or more words. AF/AE is high after reset.
D0-D8		Nine-bit data input port
HF	0	Half-full flag. HF is high when the FIFO memory contains 1024 or more words. HF is low after reset.
IR	0	Input-ready flag. IR is synchronized to the low-to-high transition of WRTCLK. When IR is low, the FIFO is full and writes are disabled. IR is low during reset and goes high on the second low-to-high transition of WRTCLK after reset.
OE	ı	Output enable. When OE, RDEN1, RDEN2 and OR are high, data is read from the FIFO on a low-to-high transition of RDCLK. When OE is low, reads are disabled and the data outputs are in the high-impedance state.
OR	0	Output-ready flag. OR is synchronized to the low-to-high transition of RDCLK. When OR is low, the FIFO is empty and reads are disabled. Ready data is present on Q0 – Q17 when OR is high. OR is low during reset and goes high on the third low-to-high transition of RDCLK after the first word is loaded to empty memory.
PEN	1	Program enable. After reset and before the first word is written to the FIFO, the binary value on D0-D8 and DP9 is latched as an AF/AE offset value when PEN is low and WRTCLK is high.
Q0-Q8	0	Nine-bit data output port. After the first valid write to empty memory, the first word is output on Q0-Q8 on the third rising edge of RDCLK. OR is also asserted high at this time to indicate ready data. When OR is low, the last word read from the FIFO is present on Q0-Q8.
RDCLK	1	Read clock. RDCLK is a continuous clock and can be asynchronous or coincident to WRTCLK. A low-to-high transition of RDCLK reads data from memory when RDEN1, RDEN2, OE, and OR are high. OR is synchronous to the low-to-high transition or RDCLK.
RDEN1, RDEN2	ı	Read enables. When RDEN1, RDEN2, OE, and OR are high, data is read from the FIFO on the low-to-high transition of RDCLK.
RESET	1	Reset. To reset the FIFO, four low-to-high transitions of RDCLK and four low-to-high transitions of WRTCLK must occur while RESET is low. This sets HF, IR, and OR low and AF/AE high.
WRTCLK	I	Write clock. WRTCLK is a continuous clock and can be asynchronous or coincident to RDCLK. A low-to-high transition of WRTCLK writes data to memory when WRTEN1/DP9, WRTEN2, and IR are high. IR is synchronous to the low-to-high transition of WRTCLK.
WRTEN1/DP9	I	Write enable/data pin 9. When WRTEN1/DP9, WRTEN2, and IR are high, data is written to the FIFO on a low-to-high transition of WRTCLK. When programming an AF/AE offset value, WRTEN1/DP9 is used as the most significant data bit.
WRTEN2	I	Write enable. When WRTEN1/DP9, WRTEN2, and IR are high, data is written to the FIFO on a low-to-high transition of WRTCLK.



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offset values for AF/AE

The almost-full/almost-empty flag has two programmable limits: the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y). They can be programmed after the FIFO is reset and before the first word is written to memory. If the offsets are not programmed, the default values of X = Y = 256 are used. The AF/AE flag is high when the FIFO contains X or less words or (2048 - Y) or more words.

Program enable (\overline{PEN}) should be held high throughout the reset cycle. \overline{PEN} can be brought low only when IR is high and WRTCLK is low. On the following low-to-high transition of WRTCLK, the binary value on D0–D8 and WRTEN1/DP9 is stored as the almost-empty offset value (X) and the almost-full offset value (Y). Holding \overline{PEN} low for another low-to-high transition of WRTCLK reprograms Y to the binary value on D0–D8 and WRTEN1/DP9 at the time of the second WRTCLK low-to-high transition. While the offsets are programmed, data is not written to the FIFO memory regardless of the state of the write enables (WRTEN1/DP9, WRTEN2). A maximum value of 1023 can be programmed for either X or Y (see Figure 1). To use the default values of X = Y = 256, \overline{PEN} must be held high.

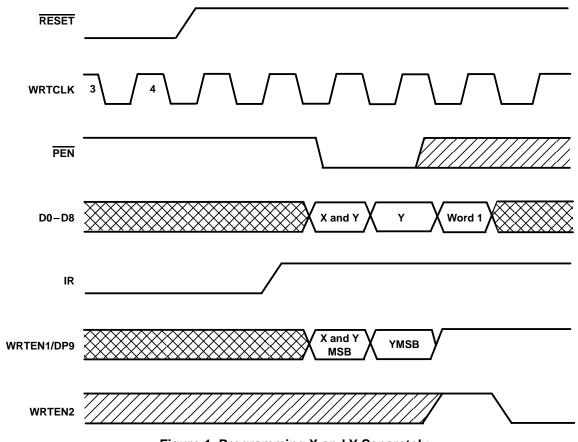


Figure 1. Programming X and Y Separately



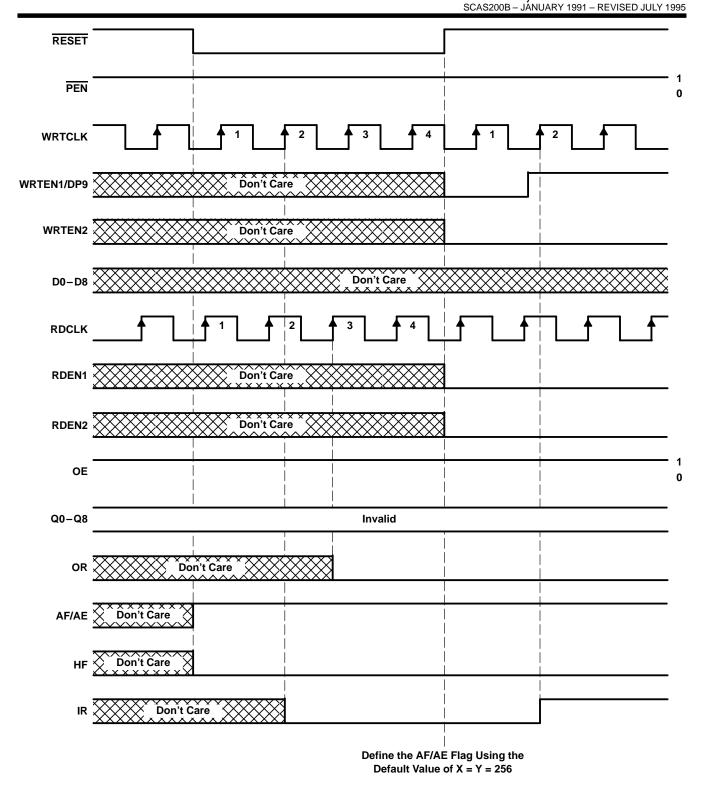


Figure 2. Reset Cycle



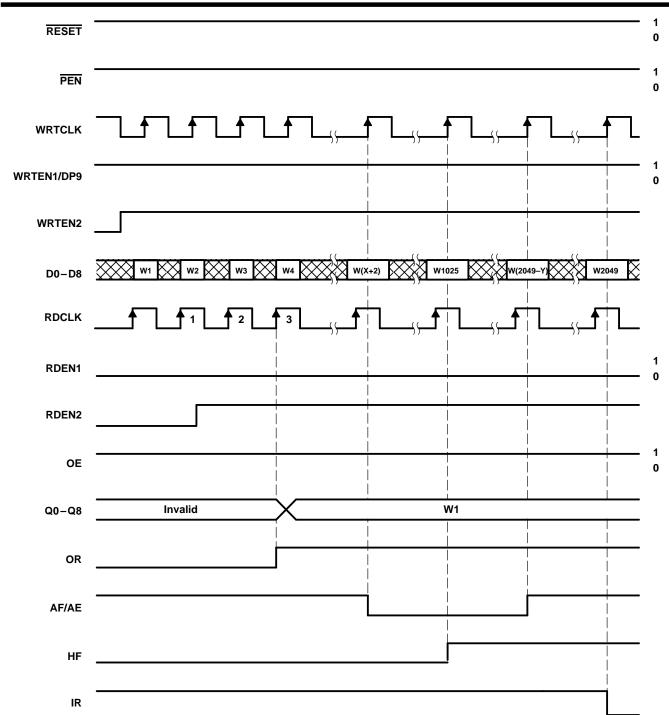


Figure 3. Write Cycle



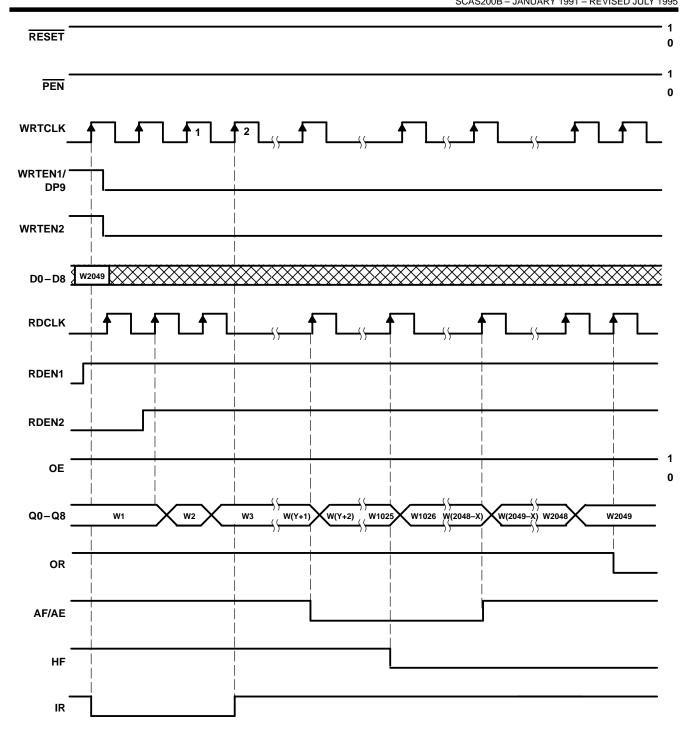


Figure 4. Read Cycle



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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V _{CC}	0.5 V to 7 V
nput voltage, V _I	7 V
Voltage applied to a disabled 3-state output	5.5 V
Operating free-air temperature range, TA	0°C to 70°C
Storage temperature range, Teta	-65°C to 150°C

recommended operating conditions

			'ACT78	307-15	'ACT7807-20		'ACT78	307-25	'ACT7807-40		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNIT
VCC	Supply voltage		4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	V
V_{IH}	High-level input voltage		2		2		2		2		V
VIL	Low-level input voltage			0.8		0.8		0.8		0.8	V
loh	High-level output current	Q outputs, flags		-8		-8		-8		-8	mA
la.	Low-level output current	Q outputs		16		16		16		16	mA
IOL	Low-level output current	Flags		8		8		8		8	IIIA
fclock	Clock frequency			67		50		40		25	MHz
		WRTCLK high or low	6		8		9		13		
t_W	Pulse duration	RDCLK high or low	6		8		9		13		ns
		PEN low	6		9		9		13		
		D0-D8 before WRTCLK↑	4		5		5		5		
t _{su} S		WRTEN1, WRTEN2 before WRTCLK↑	4		5		5		5		
	Setup time	OE, RDEN1, RDEN2 before RDCLK↑	5		6		6		6.5		ns
		Reset: RESET low before first WRTCLK↑ and RDCLK↑‡	7		8		8		8		
		PEN before WRTCLK↑	4		5		5		5		
		D0-D8 after WRTCLK↑	0		0		0		0		
		WRTEN1, WRTEN2 after WRTCLK↑	0		0		0		0		
		OE, RDEN1, RDEN2 after RDCLK↑	0		0		0		0		
th	Hold time	Reset: RESET low after fourth WRTCLK↑ and RDCLK↑‡	5		5		5		5		ns
		PEN high after WRTCLK↓	0		0		0		0		
		PEN low after WRTCLK↑	3		3		3		3		
TA	Operating free-air tempera	ature	0	70	0	70	0	70	0	70	°C

[‡] To permit the clock pulse to be utilized for reset purposes



[†] Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP [†]	MAX	UNIT
Vон		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	I _{OH} = -8 mA	2.4			V
V-01	Flags	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}$			0.5	V
V _{OL} Q outputs		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	$I_{OL} = 16 \text{ mA}$			0.5	V
lį		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	VI =VCC or 0			±5	μΑ
loz		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	VO = VCC or 0			±5	μΑ
ICC		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$V_{I} = V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{ V or } 0$			400	μΑ
A1 +	WRTEN1/DP9	V00 - 5 5 V	One input at 3.4 V, Other inputs at V _{CC} or GND			2	mA
∆I _{CC} ‡	Other inputs	V _{CC} = 5.5 V,	One input at 3.4 v, Other inputs at VCC of GND		-	1	ША
Ci		V _I = 0,	f = 1 MHz		4	·	pF
Co		V _O = 0,	f = 1 MHz		8	·	pF

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature, C_L = 50 pF (unless otherwise noted) (see Figures 9 and 10)

PARAMETER	FROM	то	′Α(CT7807-1	15	'ACT7807-20		'ACT7807-25		'ACT7807-40		UNIT
PARAMETER	(INPUT)	(OUTPUT)	MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
f _{max}	WRTCLK or RDCLK		67			50		40		25		MHz
^t pd	RDCLK↑	Any Q	3	9	12	3	13	3	18	3	25	ns
t _{pd} §	NDCLN1	Ally Q		8								115
^t pd	WRTCLK↑	IR	1		9	1	12	1	14	1	16	ns
^t pd	RDCLK↑	OR	1		9	2	12	2	14	2	16	ns
4 .	WRTCLK↑	Λ Γ /Λ Γ	2		16	2	20	2	25	2	30	
^t pd	RDCLK↑	AF/AE	2		17	2	20	2	25	2	30	ns
^t PLH	WRTCLK↑	HF	2		19	2	21	2	23	2	25	
^t PHL	RDCLK↑	ПГ	2		16	2	18	2	20	2	22	ns
^t PLH	DECET I	AF/AE	1		12	1	18	1	22	1	24	
t _{PHL}	RESET low	HF	2		12	2	18	2	22	2	24	ns
t _{en}	OE	Any O	2		10	2	13	2	15	2	18	no
^t dis	OE	Any Q	1		11	1	13	1	15	1	18	ns

[†] All typical values are at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$.

operating characteristics, $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TYP	UNIT	
C _{pd}	Power dissipation capacitance per FIFO channel	Outputs enabled	$C_L = 50 \text{ pF, } f = 5 \text{ MHz}$	91	pF

[‡] This is the supply current for each input that is at one of the specified TTL voltage levels rather 0 V or VCC.

[§] This parameter is measured with $C_L = 30 \text{ pF}$ (see Figure 5).

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

PROPAGATION DELAY TIME

LOAD CAPACITANCE

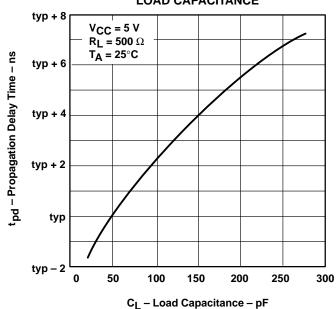


Figure 5



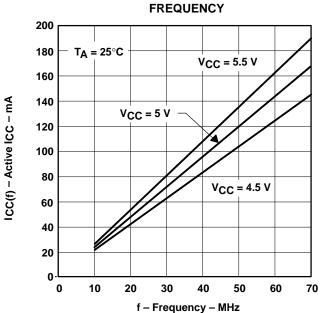


Figure 6



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

calculating power dissipation

With $I_{CC(f)}$ taken from Figure 6, the maximum power dissipation (P_T) of the SN74ACT7807 can be calculated by:

$$P_{T} = V_{CC} \times [I_{CC(f)} + (N \times \Delta I_{CC} \times dc)] + \Sigma (C_{L} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{o})$$

A more accurate power calculation based on device use and average number of data outputs switching can be found by:

$$P_{T} = V_{CC} \times [I_{CC(I)} + (N \times \Delta I_{CC} \times dc)] + \Sigma (C_{pd} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{i}) + \Sigma (C_{L} \times V_{CC}^{2} \times f_{o})$$

where:

 $I_{CC(I)}$ = idle I_{CC} maximum (see Figure 7)

N = number of inputs driven by a TTL device

 Δ I_{CC} = increase in supply current

dc = duty cycle of inputs at a TTL high level of 3.4 V

C_{pd} = power dissipation capacitance

 C_L^i = output capacitive load f_i = data input frequency f_0 = data output frequency

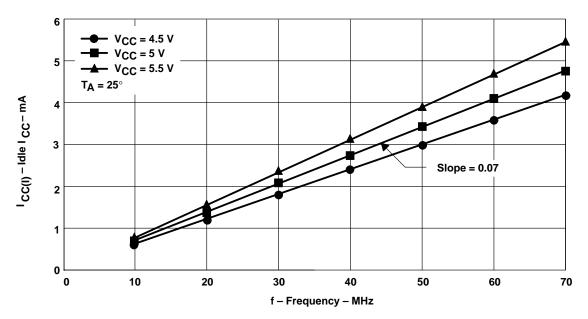


Figure 7. SN74ACT7807 Idle I_{CC} With WRTCLK Switching, Other Inputs at 0 or V_{CC} – 0.2 V and Outputs Disconnected



APPLICATION INFORMATION

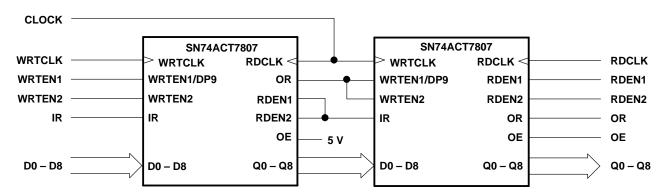


Figure 8. Word-Depth Expansion: 4096 Words by 9 Bits

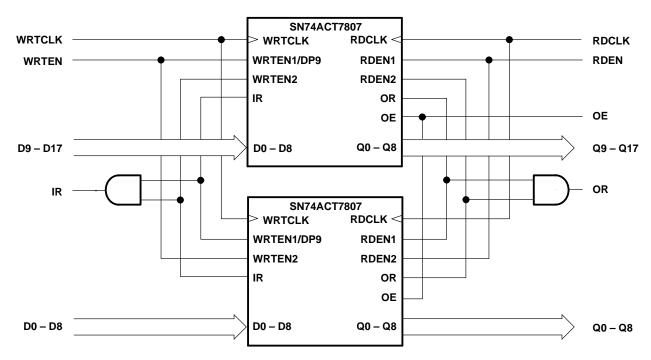


Figure 9. Word-Width Expansion: 2048 Words by 18 Bits



PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

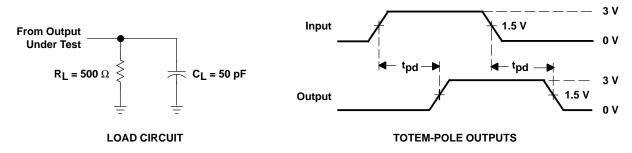
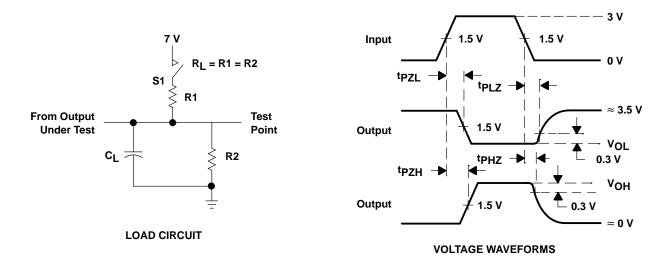


Figure 10. Standard CMOS Outputs (IR, OR, HF, AF/AE)



PARAMETER		R1, R2	c _L †	S 1
	^t PZH	500 Ω	50 pF	Open
t _{en}	tPZL	300 12	30 pr	Closed
.	^t PHZ	500 Ω	50 pF	Open
^t dis	tPLZ	300 22	50 pr	Closed
t _{pd}		500 Ω	50 pF	Open

[†] Includes probe and test fixture capacitance

Figure 11. 3-State Outputs (Any Q)

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