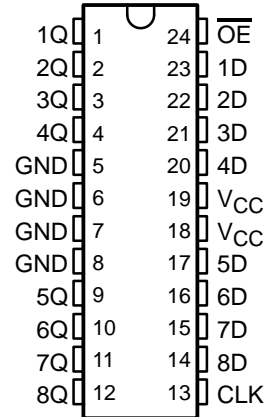


# 74AC11478 OCTAL DUAL-RANK D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

SCAS182 – APRIL 1989 – REVISED APRIL 1993

- Specifically Designed for Data Synchronization Applications
- 3-State Outputs Drive Bus Lines Directly
- Flow-Through Architecture Optimizes PCB Layout
- Center-Pin  $V_{CC}$  and GND Pin Configurations Minimize High-Speed Switching Noise
- **EPIC™** (Enhanced-Performance Implanted CMOS) 1- $\mu$ m Process
- Package Options Include Plastic Small-Outline Packages and Standard Plastic 300-mil DIPs

DW OR NT PACKAGE  
(TOP VIEW)



## description

The 74AC11478 is an 8-bit dual-rank synchronizer circuit designed specifically for data synchronization applications in which the normal setup and hold time specifications are frequently violated.

Synchronization of two digital signals operating at different frequencies is a common system problem. This problem is typically solved by synchronizing one of the signals to the local clock through a flip-flop. This solution, however, causes the setup and hold time specifications associated with the flip-flop to be violated. When the setup or hold time of a flip-flop is violated, the output response is uncertain. A flip-flop is metastable if its output hangs up in the region between  $V_{IL}$  and  $V_{IH}$ . The metastable condition lasts until the flip-flop recovers into one of its two stable states. With conventional flip-flops, this recovery time can be longer than the specified maximum propagation delay.

The problem of metastability is typically solved by adding an additional layer of synchronization. This dual-rank approach is employed in the 74AC11478. The probability of the second stage entering the metastable state is exponentially reduced by this dual-rank architecture. The 74AC11478 provides a one-chip solution for system designers in asynchronous applications.

The 74AC11478 is characterized for operation from  $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $85^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

FUNCTION TABLE

INPUTS			OUTPUT
OE	CLK <sup>†</sup>	D	Q
H	X	X	Z
L	↑	L	L
L	↑	H	H
L	L	X	Q <sub>0</sub>

<sup>†</sup> Data presented at the D inputs requires two clock cycles to appear at the Q outputs.

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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



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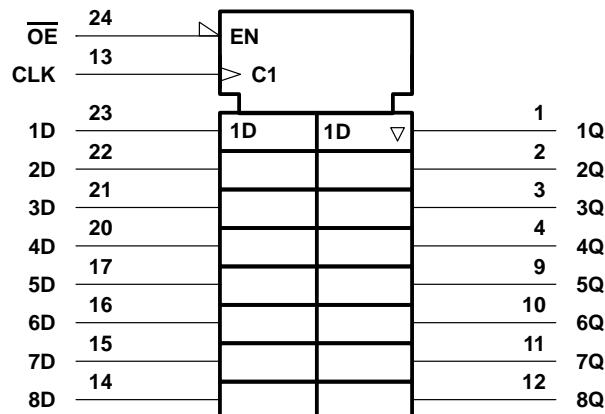
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# 74AC11478

## OCTAL DUAL-RANK D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS

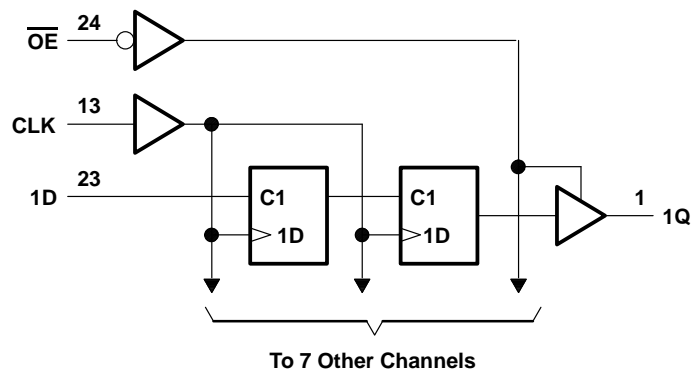
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### logic symbol†



† This symbol is in accordance with ANSI/IEEE Std 91-1984 and IEC Publication 617-12.

### logic diagram (positive logic)



### absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)‡

Supply voltage range, $V_{CC}$	–0.5 V to 7 V
Input voltage range, $V_I$ (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
Output voltage range, $V_O$ (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to $V_{CC} + 0.5$ V
Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ or $V_I > V_{CC}$ )	$\pm 20$ mA
Output clamp current, $I_{OK}$ ( $V_O < 0$ or $V_O > V_{CC}$ )	$\pm 50$ mA
Continuous output current, $I_O$ ( $V_O = 0$ to $V_{CC}$ )	$\pm 50$ mA
Continuous current through $V_{CC}$ or GND pins	$\pm 200$ mA
Storage temperature range	–65°C to 150°C

‡ Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

**recommended operating conditions (see Note 2)**

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
$V_{CC}$	Supply voltage	3	5	5.5	V
$V_{IH}$	High-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$	2.1		V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$	3.15		
		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$	3.85		
$V_{IL}$	Low-level input voltage	$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$		0.9	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$		1.35	
		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$		1.65	
$V_I$	Input voltage	0		$V_{CC}$	V
$V_O$	Output voltage	0		$V_{CC}$	V
$I_{OH}$	High-level output current	$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$		–4	mA
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$		–24	
		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$		–24	
$I_{OL}$	Low-level output current	$V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$		12	mA
		$V_{CC} = 4.5\text{ V}$		24	
		$V_{CC} = 5.5\text{ V}$		24	
$\Delta t/\Delta v$	Input transition rise or fall rate	0		10	ns/V
$T_A$	Operating free-air temperature	–40		85	°C

NOTE 2: Unused or floating inputs must be held high or low.

**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$V_{CC}$	TA = 25°C			MIN	MAX	UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX			
$V_{OH}$	$I_{OH} = -50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	3 V	2.9			2.9		V
		4.5 V	4.4			4.4		
		5.5 V	5.4			5.4		
	$I_{OH} = -4\text{ mA}$	3 V	2.58			2.48		
		4.5 V	3.94			3.8		
		5.5 V	4.94			4.8		
	$I_{OH} = -75\text{ mA}^\dagger$	5.5 V				3.85		
$V_{OL}$	$I_{OL} = 50\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	3 V			0.1		0.1	V
		4.5 V			0.1		0.1	
		5.5 V			0.1		0.1	
	$I_{OL} = 12\text{ mA}$	3 V			0.36		0.44	
		4.5 V			0.36		0.44	
		5.5 V			0.36		0.44	
	$I_{OL} = 75\text{ mA}^\dagger$	5.5 V					1.65	
$I_I$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5 V			$\pm 0.1$		$\pm 1$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{OZ}$	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	5.5 V			$\pm 0.5$		$\pm 5$	$\mu\text{A}$
$I_{CC}$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND, $I_O = 0$	5.5 V			8		80	$\mu\text{A}$
$C_i$	$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	5 V		4.5				pF
$C_o$	$V_O = V_{CC}$ or GND	5 V		10				pF

$^\dagger$  Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed 10 ms.

**74AC11478**  
**OCTAL DUAL-RANK D-TYPE FLIP-FLOP**  
**WITH 3-STATE OUTPUTS**

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**timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)**

		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		MIN	MAX	UNIT
		MIN	MAX			
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency	55		55		MHz
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time, data before CLK↑	3		3		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time, data after CLK↑	1.5		1.5		ns
t <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration, CLK high or low	9		9		ns

**timing requirements over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)**

		T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C		MIN	MAX	UNIT
		MIN	MAX			
f <sub>clock</sub>	Clock frequency	83		83		MHz
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time, data before CLK↑	2.5		2.5		ns
t <sub>h</sub>	Hold time, data after CLK↑	1.5		1.5		ns
t <sub>w</sub>	Pulse duration, CLK high or low	6		6		ns

**switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 3.3\text{ V} \pm 0.3\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)**

PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			MIN	MAX	UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX			
f <sub>max</sub>			55			55		MHz
t <sub>PLH</sub>	CLK	Q	3.8	10.5	13.3	3.8	15	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			5.5	13.2	16.8	5.5	18.4	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OE	Q	3.7	10.8	13.9	3.7	16	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>			5.4	14.7	19.2	5.4	22.5	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OE	Q	3.9	7.1	9.3	3.9	10.1	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>			4	6.9	8.9	4	9.6	

**switching characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V} \pm 0.5\text{ V}$  (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)**

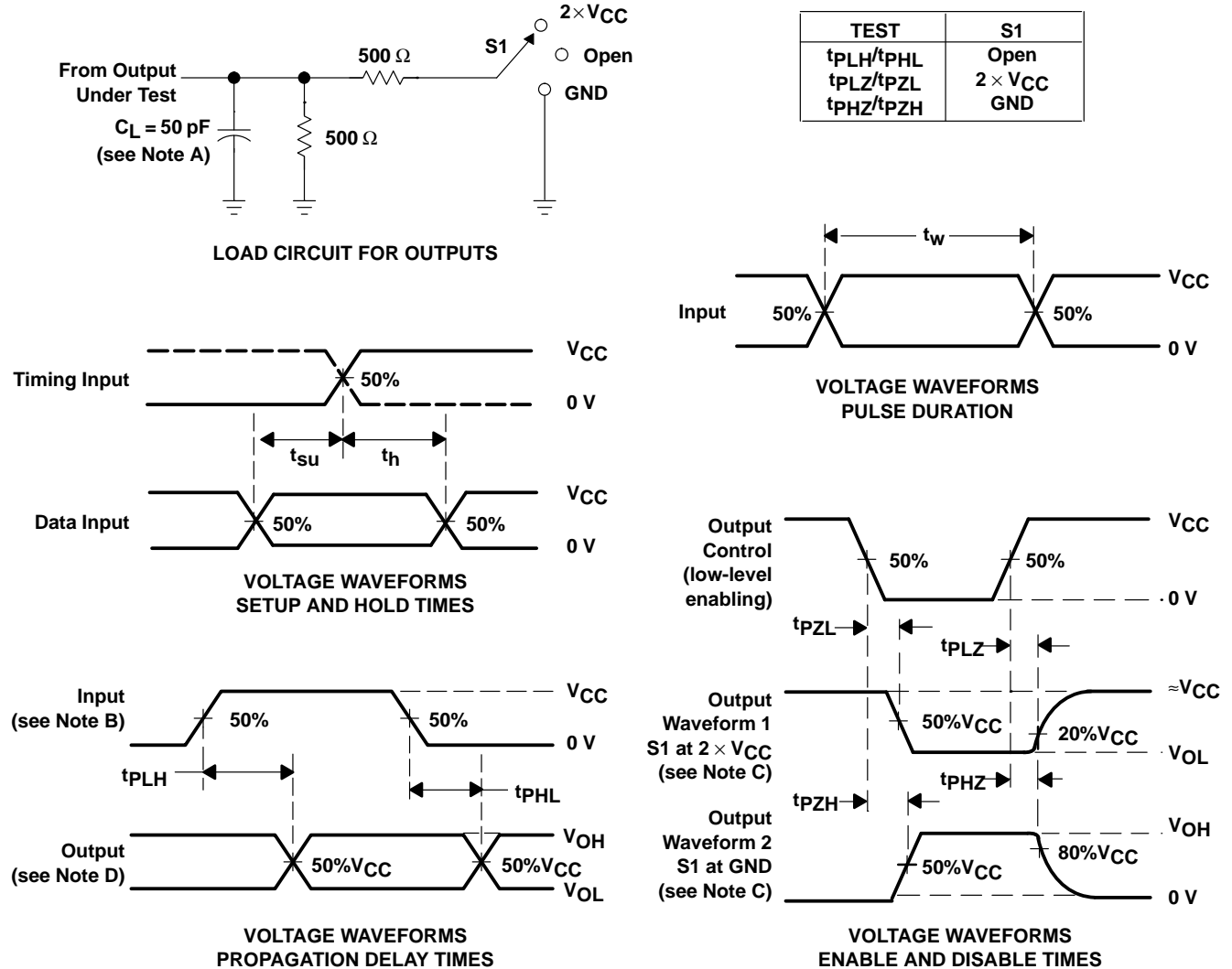
PARAMETER	FROM (INPUT)	TO (OUTPUT)	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C			MIN	MAX	UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX			
f <sub>max</sub>			83			83		MHz
t <sub>PLH</sub>	CLK	Q	2.9	6.1	8.9	2.9	10	ns
t <sub>PHL</sub>			4.3	7.9	11.2	4.3	12.3	
t <sub>PZH</sub>	OE	Q	2.9	6.4	9.6	2.9	10.8	ns
t <sub>PZL</sub>			4.1	8.1	12.3	4.1	14.0	
t <sub>PHZ</sub>	OE	Q	3.2	5.7	8	3.2	8.6	ns
t <sub>PLZ</sub>			3.5	5.4	7.4	3.5	8	

**operating characteristics,  $V_{CC} = 5\text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	UNIT
$C_{\text{pd}}$	Power dissipation capacitance per flip-flop	Outputs enabled	$C_L = 50\text{ pF}$ , $f = 1\text{ MHz}$	46	pF
		Outputs disabled		33	



## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



- NOTES: A.  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.  
 B. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \leq 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 3 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f \leq 3 \text{ ns}$ . For testing pulse duration:  $t_r = t_f = 1 \text{ to } 3 \text{ ns}$ . Pulse polarity can be either high-to-low-to-high or low-to-high-to-low.  
 C. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.  
 D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.

**Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms**

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